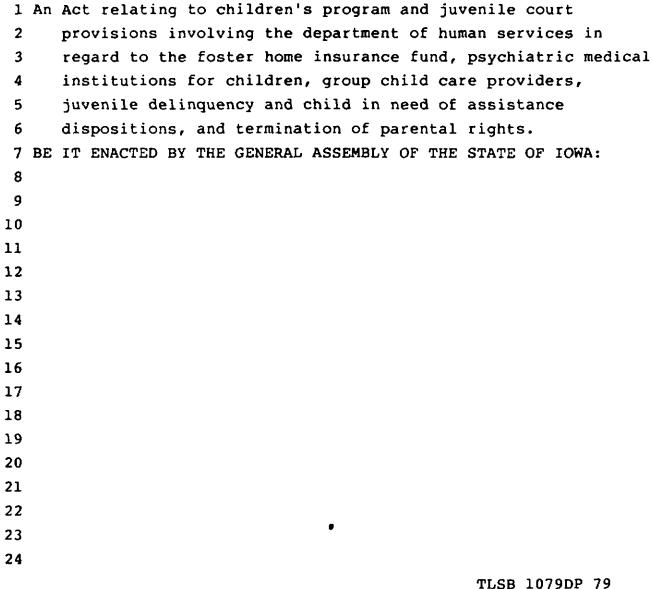
Tinsman Venstra Hammond Holveck

Unma Resources

Succeeded By SENATE/HOUSE FILE SE/HE 458 BY (PROPOSED DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES BILL)

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House	, Date
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays
	A	pproved			

A BILL FOR



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DIVISION I

FOSTER HOME INSURANCE FUND

3 Section 1. Section 237.13, subsection 1, paragraph b, Code 4 2001, is amended to read as follows:

5 b. A guardian appointed on a voluntary petition <u>pursuant</u> 6 <u>to section 232.178, or a voluntary petition</u> of a ward pursuant 7 to section 633.557, or a conservator appointed on a voluntary 8 petition of a ward pursuant to section 633.572, provided the 9 ward has an income that does not exceed one hundred fifty 10 percent of the current federal office of management and budget 11 poverty guidelines and who does not have resources in excess 12 of the criteria for resources under the federal supplemental 13 security income program. However, the ward's ownership of one 14 residence and one vehicle shall not be considered in 15 determining resources.

16 Sec. 2. Section 237.13, subsection 5, Code 2001, is 17 amended to read as follows:

5. Except as provided in this section, the fund shall pay, 18 19 on behalf of a quardian or conservator, the reasonable and 20 necessary legal costs incurred in defending against a suit 21 filed by a ward or the ward's representative and the damages 22 awarded as a result of the suit, so long as it is determined 23 that the guardian or conservator acted in good faith in the 24 performance of their the guardian's or conservator's duties. 25 A payment shall not be made if there is evidence of 26 intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law by 27 the guardian or conservator, including, but not limited to, 28 failure to carry out the applicable responsibilities required 29 under chapter 232 and sections 633.633 through 633.635 and 30 633.641 through 633.650. 31 DIVISION II

32 PSYCHIATRIC MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS FOR CHILDREN
33 Sec. 3. Section 135H.10, subsection 2, Code 2001, is
34 amended by striking the subsection.
35 DIVISION III

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GROUP CHILD CARE PROVIDERS

2 Sec. 4. Section 237A.3, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code 3 2001, is amended to read as follows:

4 b. Except as provided in subsection 3, a group child care 5 home shall not provide child care to more than eleven children 6 at any one time. If there are more than six children present 7 for a period of two hours or more, the group child care home 8 must have at least one responsible individual who is at least 9 fourteen years of age present to assist the group child care 10 provider in accordance with either of the following 11 conditions:

(1) If the responsible individual is a joint holder of the
certificate of registration, not more than four of the
children present shall be tess-than-twenty-four-months-of-age
and-not-more-than-ten-of-the-children-present-shalt-be-twentyfour-months-of-age-or-older-but-not-attending-school-in
kindergarten-or-a-higher-grade-tevel infants. The total
number of children present at any one time who are younger
than school age, including infants, shall not exceed eleven.
(2) If the responsible individual is not a joint holder of
the certificate of registration, but is at least fourteen
years of age, not more than four of the children shall be tess
than-twenty-four-months-of-age infants and each child in
excess of six children shall be attending-school-in

25 kindergarten-or-a-higher-grade-level school age.

DIVISION IV JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS

28 Sec. 5. Section 232.21, subsection 4, Code 2001, is 29 amended to read as follows:

30 4. A child placed in a shelter care facility under this 31 section shall not be held for a period in excess of forty-32 eight hours without an oral or written court order authorizing 33 the shelter care. When the action is authorized by an oral 34 court order, the court shall enter a written order before the 35 end of the next day confirming the oral order and indicating

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1 the reasons for the order. A child placed in shelter care 2 pursuant to section 232.19, subsection 1, paragraph "c" shall 3 not be held in excess of seventy-two hours in any event. If 4 deemed appropriate by the court, an order authorizing shelter 5 care placement may include a determination that continuation 6 of the child in the child's home is contrary to the child's 7 welfare and that reasonable efforts as defined in section 8 232.57 have been made. The inclusion of such a determination 9 shall not under any circumstances be deemed a prerequisite for 10 entering an order pursuant to this section. However, the 11 inclusion of such a finding, supported by the record, may 12 assist the department in obtaining federal funding for the 13 child's placement. Sec. 6. Section 232.22, Code 2001, is amended by adding 14 15 the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 1A. If deemed appropriate by the court, 16 17 an order for placement of a child in detention may include a 18 determination that continuation of the child in the child's 19 home is contrary to the child's welfare and that reasonable The 20 efforts as defined in section 232.57 have been made. 21 inclusion of such a determination shall not under any 22 circumstances be deemed a prerequisite for entering an order 23 pursuant to this section. However, the inclusion of such a 24 determination, supported by the record, may assist the 25 department in obtaining federal funding for the child's 26 placement. Sec. 7. Section 232.52, subsection 6, unnumbered paragraph 27 28 1, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: When the court orders the transfer of legal custody of a 29 30 child pursuant to subsection 2, paragraphs paragraph "d", "e", 31 or "f", the order shall state that reasonable efforts as 32 defined in section 232.57 have been made to-prevent-or 33 eliminate-the-need-for-removal-of-the-child-from-the-child's 34 home. If deemed appropriate by the court, the order may 35 include a determination that continuation of the child in the

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1 child's home is contrary to the child's welfare. The

2 inclusion of such a determination shall not under any

3 circumstances be deemed a prerequisite for entering an order

4 <u>pursuant to this section.</u> However, the inclusion of such a 5 determination, supported by the record, may be used to assist

6 the department in obtaining federal funding for the child's

7 placement.

8 Sec. 8. Section 232.53, subsection 4, Code 2001, is 9 amended to read as follows:

4. <u>a.</u> Any person supervising but not having custody of
11 the child pursuant to such an order shall file a written
12 report with the court at least every six months concerning the
13 status and progress of the child.

14 <u>b.</u> Any agency, facility, institution, or person to whom 15 custody of the child has been transferred pursuant to such 16 order shall file a written report with the court at least 17 every six months concerning the status and progress of the 18 child.

<u>c. Any report prepared pursuant to this subsection shall</u>
 <u>be included in the record considered by the court in a</u>
 <u>permanency hearing conducted pursuant to section 232.58.</u>

22 Sec. 9. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 232.57 REASONABLE EFFORTS DEFINED. 23 1. For the purposes of this division, unless the context 24 otherwise requires, "reasonable efforts" means the efforts 25 made to prevent permanent removal of a child from the child's 26 home and to encourage reunification of the child with the 27 child's parents and family. If a court order includes a 28 determination that continuation of the child in the child's 29 home is not appropriate or not possible, reasonable efforts 30 may include the efforts made in a timely manner to finalize a 31 permanency plan for the child.

32 2. If the court determines aggravated circumstances exist, 33 with written findings of fact based upon evidence in the 34 record, the court may waive the requirement for making 35 reasonable efforts. The existence of aggravated circumstances

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1 is indicated by any of the following:

2 a. The parent has abandoned the child.

b. The court finds the circumstances described in section
4 232.116, subsection 1, paragraph "h", are applicable to the
5 child.

6 c. The parent's parental rights have been terminated under 7 section 232.116 with respect to another child who is a member 8 of the same family, and there is clear and convincing evidence 9 to show that the offer or receipt of services would not be 10 likely within a reasonable period of time to correct the 11 conditions which led to the child's removal.

12 d. The parent has been convicted of the murder of another 13 child of the parent.

14 e. The parent has been convicted of the voluntary15 manslaughter of another child of the parent.

16 f. The parent has been convicted of aiding or abetting, 17 attempting, conspiring in, or soliciting the commission of the 18 murder or voluntary manslaughter of another child of the 19 parent.

20 g. The parent has been convicted of a felony assault which 21 resulted in serious bodily injury of the child or of another 22 child of the parent.

3. Any order entered under this division may include24 findings regarding reasonable efforts.

25 Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 232.58 PERMANENCY HEARINGS. 1. If an order entered pursuant to this division for an 26 27 out-of-home placement of a child includes a determination that 28 continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to 29 the child's welfare, the court shall review the child's 30 continued placement by holding a permanency hearing or 31 hearings in accordance with this section. The initial 32 permanency hearing shall be the earlier of the following: For an order for which the court has not waived 33 a. 34 reasonable efforts requirements, the permanency hearing shall 35 be held within twelve months of the date the child was removed

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1 from the home.

2 ь. For an order in a case in which aggravated 3 circumstances exist for which the court has waived reasonable 4 efforts requirements, the permanency hearing shall be held 5 within thirty days of the date the requirements were waived. Reasonable notice shall be provided of a permanency 6 2. 7 hearing for an out-of-home placement in which the court order 8 has included a determination that continuation of the child in 9 the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare. A 10 permanency hearing shall be conducted in substantial 11 conformance with the provisions of section 232.99. During the 12 hearing, the court shall consider the child's need for a 13 secure and permanent placement in light of any case permanency 14 plan or evidence submitted to the court. Upon completion of 15 the hearing, the court shall enter written findings 16 identifying a primary permanency goal for the child. If a 17 case permanency plan is in effect at the time of the hearing, 18 the court shall also make a determination as to whether 19 reasonable progress is being made in achieving the permanency 20 goal and in complying with the other provisions of that case 21 permanency plan.

22 3. After a permanency hearing, the court shall do one of 23 the following:

a. Enter an order pursuant to section 232.52 to return the25 child to the child's home.

b. Enter an order pursuant to section 232.52 to continue
the out-of-home placement of the child for an additional six
months at which time the court shall hold a hearing to
consider modification of its permanency order. An order
entered under this paragraph shall enumerate the specific
factors, conditions, or expected behavioral changes which
comprise the basis for the determination that the need for
removal of the child from the child's home will no longer
exist at the end of the additional six-month period.
c. Direct the county attorney or the attorney for the

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1 child to institute proceedings to terminate the parent-child 2 relationship.

3 d. Enter an order, pursuant to findings based upon the
4 existence of the evidence required by subsection 4, to do one
5 of the following:

6 (1) Transfer guardianship and custody of the child to a 7 suitable person.

8 (2) Transfer sole custody of the child from one parent to 9 another parent.

10 (3) Transfer custody of the child to a suitable person for 11 the purpose of long-term care.

12 (4) If the department has documented to the court's 13 satisfaction a compelling reason for determining that an order 14 under the other subparagraphs of this paragraph "d" would not 15 be in the child's best interest, order another planned 16 permanent living arrangement for the child.

4. Prior to entering a permanency order pursuant to
18 subsection 3, paragraph "d", clear and convincing evidence
19 must exist showing that all of the following apply:
a. A termination of the parent-child relationship would
21 not be in the best interest of the child.

b. Services were offered to the child's family to correct
the situation which led to the child's removal from the home.
c. The child cannot be returned to the child's home.

5. Any permanency order may provide restrictions upon the
contact between the child and the child's parent or parents,
consistent with the best interest of the child.

6. Subsequent to the entry of a permanency order pursuant to this section, the child shall not be returned to the care, custody, or control of the child's parent or parents, over a formal objection filed by the child's attorney or guardian ad litem, unless the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that returning the child to such custody would be in the best interest of the child.

35 7. Following an initial permanency hearing and the entry

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1 of a permanency order which places a child in the custody or 2 guardianship of another person or agency, the court shall 3 retain jurisdiction and annually review the order to ascertain 4 whether the best interest of the child is being served. When 5 the order places the child in the custody of the department 6 for the purpose of a planned permanent living arrangement, the 7 review shall be in a hearing that shall not be waived or 8 continued beyond twelve months after the initial permanency 9 hearing or the last permanency review hearing. Any 10 modification shall be accomplished through a hearing procedure 11 following reasonable notice. During the hearing, all relevant 12 and material evidence shall be admitted and procedural due 13 process shall be provided to all parties. 14 DIVISION V

15 CHILD IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE PROCEEDINGS
16 Sec. 11. Section 232.78, subsection 7, Code 2001, is
17 amended to read as follows:

18 7. Any order entered under this section authorizing 19 temporary removal of a child shall must include both of the 20 following:

21 A statement-that-the-temporary-removal-is-the-result-of a. 22 a determination made by the court that continuation of the 23 child remaining in the child's home would be contrary to the 24 welfare of the child,-and-that-reasonable-efforts-have-been 25 made-to-prevent-or-eliminate-the-need-for-removal-of-the-child Such a determination must be made on a 26 from-the-child_s-home. 27 case-by-case basis. The grounds for the court's determination 28 must be explicitly documented and stated in the order. 29 However, preserving the safety of the child must be the 30 court's paramount consideration. If imminent danger to the 31 child's life or health exists at the time of the court's 32 consideration, the determination shall not be a prerequisite 33 to the removal of the child.

34 b. A statement informing the child's parent that the 35 consequences of a permanent removal may include termination of

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1 the parent's rights with respect to the child.

2 Sec. 12. Section 232.79, subsection 4, Code 2001, is 3 amended by adding the following new paragraph:

4 <u>NEW PARAGRAPH</u>. c. If deemed appropriate by the court, 5 upon being informed that there has been an emergency removal 6 or keeping of a child without a court order, the court may 7 enter an order in accordance with section 232.78.

8 Sec. 13. Section 232.95, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 9 2001, is amended to read as follows:

10 a. Remove the child from home and place the child in a 11 shelter care facility or in the custody of a suitable person 12 or agency pending a final order of disposition if the court 13 finds that substantial evidence exists to believe that removal 14 is necessary to avoid imminent risk to the child's life or 15 health.

16 (1) If removal is ordered, the order-shall court must, in 17 addition, contain-a-statement-that-removal-from-the-home-is 18 the-result-of make a determination that continuation of the 19 child in the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of 20 the child, and that reasonable efforts, as defined in section 21 232.102, have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for 22 removal of the child from the child's home.

(2) The court's determination reqarding continuation of the child in the child's home, and reqarding reasonable efforts, including those made to prevent removal and those made to finalize any permanency plan in effect, as well as any determination by the court that reasonable efforts are not required, must be made on a case-by-case basis. The grounds for each determination must be explicitly documented and stated in the court order. However, preserving the safety of the child must be the court's paramount consideration. If imminent danger to the child's life or health exists at the time of the court's consideration, the determinations otherwise required under this paragraph "a" shall not be a prerequisite for an order for removal of the child.

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1 (3) The order shall also include a statement informing the 2 child's parent that the consequences of a permanent removal 3 may include termination of the parent's rights with respect to 4 the child.

5 Sec. 14. Section 232.96, subsection 10, paragraph a, Code 6 2001, is amended to read as follows:

a. A statement-that-the-temporary-removal-is-the-result-of 7 8 a determination that continuation of the child remaining in 9 the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of the 10 child, and that reasonable efforts, as defined in section 11 232.102, have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for 12 removal of the child from the child's home. The court's 13 determination regarding continuation of the child in the 14 child's home, and regarding reasonable efforts, including 15 those made to prevent removal and those made to finalize any 16 permanency plan in effect, as well as any determination by the 17 court that reasonable efforts are not required, must be made 18 on a case-by-case basis. The grounds for each determination 19 must be explicitly documented and stated in the court order. 20 However, preserving the safety of the child is the paramount 21 consideration. If imminent danger to the child's life or 22 health exists at the time of the court's consideration, the 23 determinations otherwise required under this paragraph shall 24 not be a prerequisite for an order for temporary removal of 25 the child. 26 Sec. 15. Section 232.102, subsection 5, paragraph b, 27 unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 2001, is amended to read as

28 follows:

29 The-order-shally-in-additiony-contain-a-statement-that 30 removal-from-the-home-is-the-result-of-a-determination-that In 31 order to transfer custody of the child under this subsection, 32 the court must make a determination that continuation of the 33 child in the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of 34 the child, and shall identify the reasonable efforts that have 35 been made. The court's determination regarding continuation S.F. _____ H.F. ____

1 of the child in the child's home, and regarding reasonable 2 efforts, including those made to prevent removal and those 3 made to finalize any permanency plan in effect, as well as any 4 determination by the court that reasonable efforts are not 5 required, must be made on a case-by-case basis. The grounds 6 for each determination must be explicitly documented and 7 stated in the court order. However, preserving the safety of 8 the child is the paramount consideration. If imminent danger 9 to the child's life or health exists at the time of the 10 court's consideration, the determinations otherwise required 11 under this paragraph shall not be a prerequisite for an order 12 for removal of the child. Section 232.102, subsection 10, paragraph a, 13 Sec. 16. 14 unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2001, is amended to read as 15 follows: 16 As used in this section division, "reasonable efforts" 17 means the efforts made to preserve and unify a family prior to 18 the out-of-home placement of a child in foster care or to 19 eliminate the need for removal of the child or make it 20 possible for the child to safely return to the family's home. 21 If returning the child to the family's home is not appropriate 22 or not possible, reasonable efforts shall include the efforts 23 made in a timely manner to finalize a permanency plan for the 24 child. A child's health and safety shall be the paramount 25 concern in making reasonable efforts. Reasonable efforts may 26 include intensive family preservation services or family-27 centered services, if the child's safety in the home can be 28 maintained during the time the services are provided. In 29 determining whether reasonable efforts have been made, the 30 court shall consider both of the following: Sec. 17. Section 232.103, subsection 3, Code 2001, is 31 32 amended to read as follows:

33 3. A hearing shall be held on a motion to terminate or 34 modify a dispositional order except that a hearing on a motion 35 to terminate an order may be waived upon agreement by all

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1 parties. Reasonable notice of the hearing shall be given in 2 the-same-manner-as-for-adjudicatory-hearings-in-cases-of 3 juvenile-delinguency-as-provided-in-section-232.37 to the 4 parties. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with 5 the provisions of section 232.50.

6 Sec. 18. Section 232.104, subsection 1, paragraph c, Code 7 2001, is amended to read as follows:

8 c. Reasonable notice of a permanency hearing in-a-case-of 9 juvenile-delinquency shall be provided pursuant-to-section 10 232.37 to the parties. A permanency hearing shall be 11 conducted in substantial conformance with the provisions of 12 section 232.99. During the hearing, the court shall consider 13 the child's need for a secure and permanent placement in light 14 of any permanency plan or evidence submitted to the court. 15 Upon completion of the hearing, the court shall enter written 16 findings and make a determination identifying a primary 17 permanency goal for the child. If a permanency plan is in 18 effect at the time of the hearing, the court shall also make a 19 determination as to whether reasonable progress is being made 20 in achieving the permanency goal and <u>complying with the</u> other 21 provisions of that permanency plan.

Sec. 19. Section 232.104, subsection 2, paragraph d, subparagraph (4), Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: (4) Order-long-term-foster-care-placement-for-the-child-in a-licensed-foster-care-home-or-facility. If the department has documented to the court's satisfaction a compelling reason for determining that an order under the other subparagraphs of this paragraph "d" would not be in the child's best interest, order another planned permanent living arrangement for the child.

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TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS

33 Sec. 20. Section 232.111, subsection 2, paragraph a,
34 subparagraph (1), Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:
35 (1) The child has been placed in foster care for fifteen

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1 months or-more of the most recent twenty-two-month period. 2 The petition shall be filed by the end of the child's 3 fifteenth month of foster care placement. 4 DIVISION VII NOTICE PROVISIONS 5 6 Sec. 21. Section 232.45, subsection 3, Code 2001, is 7 amended to read as follows: 8 3. A <u>Reasonable</u> notice that states the time, place, and 9 purpose of the waiver hearing shall be issued-and-served-in 10 the-same-manner-as provided to the persons required to be 11 provided notice for adjudicatory hearings as-provided-in under 12 section 232.37. Summons, subpoenas, and other process may be 13 issued and served in the same manner as for adjudicatory 14 hearings as provided in section 232.37. Sec. 22. Section 232.54, subsection 8, unnumbered 15 16 paragraph 2, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: 17 Notice requirements of this section shall be satisfied in 18 the-same-manner-as-for by providing reasonable notice to the 19 persons required to be provided notice for adjudicatory 20 hearings as-provided-in under section 232.37, except that 21 notice shall be waived regarding a person who was notified of 22 the adjudicatory hearing and who failed to appear. At a 23 hearing under this section all relevant and material evidence 24 shall be admitted. Sec. 23. Section 232.88, Code 2001, is amended to read as 25 26 follows: 27 232.88 SUMMONS, NOTICE, SUBPOENAS, AND SERVICE. After a petition has been filed the court shall issue and 28 29 serve summons, notice, subpoenas, and other process in the 30 same manner as for adjudicatory hearings in cases of juvenile 31 delinquency as provided in section 232.37. In-addition 32 Reasonable notice shall be provided to the persons required to 33 be provided notice under section 232.37, except that notice 34 shall be waived regarding a person who was notified of the 35 adjudicatory hearing and who failed to appear. In addition,

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1 <u>reasonable</u> notice for any hearing under this division shall be 2 provided to the agency, facility, institution, or person, 3 including a foster parent, relative, or an other individual 4 providing preadoptive care, with whom a child has been placed. 5 EXPLANATION

6 This bill relates to children's provisions involving the 7 department of human services in regard to the foster home 8 insurance fund, psychiatric medical institutions for children, 9 group child care providers, juvenile delinquency and child in 10 need of assistance dispositions, and termination of parental 11 rights.

12 Division I of the bill relates to the foster home insurance 13 fund. Code section 237.13 is amended to add coverage under 14 the fund for guardians appointed on a voluntary petition filed 15 under Code chapter 232, the juvenile justice code.

Division II of the bill relates to psychiatric medical institutions for children (PMICs) under Code chapter 135H. B The bill strikes a provision allowing moneys appropriated to 19 the department of human services for foster care to be used to 20 pay the costs of a child whose foster care placement is to a 21 PMIC. The stricken language also provides for recovery of 22 moneys used in this manner.

Division III of the bill relates to group child care providers under Code section 237A.3. The bill replaces language regarding children who are less than 24 months of age with the term "infant", a defined term with the same meaning. In addition, the bill strikes language applying a separate cap on the number of preschool children who may receive care from joint group child care provider. Under the bill, such a provider would be limited to caring for up to 11 children at one time with not more than four of infant age.

32 Division IV of the bill relates to juvenile delinquency 33 provisions under Code chapter 232, the juvenile justice code.

34 Code section 232.21, relating to placement of a child in 35 shelter care, is amended to provide that a written court order S.F. H.F.

1 for the placement may include the determination that the child 2 remaining in the child's home would be contrary to the child's 3 welfare and that reasonable efforts to prevent the permanent 4 removal of the child, as defined later in the bill in new Code 5 section 232.57, have been made. The inclusion of such a 6 finding is not to be deemed a prerequisite for entry of the 7 order for shelter care placement; however, the inclusion of 8 the finding may assist the department of human services in 9 obtaining federal funding for the placement. $i \in \mathbb{N}$

Similar language is inserted as a new subsection in Code section 232.22, relating to placement of a child in detention. Code section 232.52, relating to the disposition of a child found to have committed a delinquent act, is amended to include a similar provision in orders providing for transfer for legal custody of a child to an adult relative, child placing agency or other private agency, department of human revices for foster care or state training school placement, supervised treatment program.

20 Code section 232.53, relating to the duration of 21 depositional orders under Code section 232.52, is amended in 22 regard to the filing of written reports by persons supervising 23 the children who are subject to the orders. The bill provides 24 that the reports are to be made part of the record considered 25 by the court in any delinquency permanency hearing.

New Code section 232.57 provides a definition of the term reasonable efforts" that is applicable to all juvenile delinquency proceedings and other provisions of the juvenile delinquency division of the bill.

New Code section 232.58 lays out a process for permanency hearings for the review of those out-of-home placements of a child in which the order included the finding that the child remaining in the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare.

35 Division V of the bill relates to child in need of

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1 assistance (CINA) provisions under Code chapter 232, the 2 juvenile justice code.

3 Code section 232.78, relating to temporary removal of a 4 child from the child's home pursuant to an ex parte court 5 order, is amended. The bill strikes a prerequisite that 6 reasonable efforts must have been made to prevent or eliminate 7 the need for removal of the child. Under the bill, the court 8 must still determine that the child remaining in the child's 9 home would be contrary to the child's welfare. In addition, 10 the court must make this determination on a case-by-case basis 11 and explicitly document in the order the grounds for making 12 the determination.

13 Code section 232.79, relating to emergency removal of a 14 child without a court order, is amended. Under current law, 15 the court must be informed of such an emergency removal. The 16 bill provides that upon being informed, the court may order 17 temporary removal of the child in accordance with Code section 18 232.78.

19 Code section 232.95, relating to hearings concerning 20 temporary removal of a child, is amended. Under the bill, if 21 the court determines that a child's removal from the home is 22 to be continued, the court must still determine that the child 23 remaining in the child's home would be contrary to the child's 24 welfare and that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent 25 or eliminate the need for the removal. In addition, the court 26 must make this determination on a case-by-case basis and 27 explicitly document in the order the grounds for making the 28 determination. The bill provides that preserving the child's 29 safety is the paramount consideration and if there is imminent 30 danger to the child's life or health at the time of the 31 court's consideration, the court may continue the removal 32 order without making the otherwise required determinations. 33 Code section 232.96, relating to CINA adjudicatory

34 hearings, is amended in regard to entry of an order for 35 temporary removal of a child made when the court has not

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1 previously entered such order. If such an order is entered, 2 current law requires the court to include a statement that the 3 child remaining in the child's home is contrary to the child's 4 welfare and that reasonable efforts have been made. The bill 5 makes this language consistent with the bill's other 6 provisions regarding determinations required of a court order 7 for removal of a child from the child's home.

8 Code section 232.102, relating to transfer of legal custody 9 of a child and placement, is amended. Under current law, 10 custody of a child should not be transferred unless the child 11 cannot be protected from physical abuse without the transfer 12 or cannot be protected from some harm which would justify 13 adjudication of the child as a CINA. The bill adds to those 14 requirements the same set of requirements to make 15 determinations as is added to Code section 232.95.

16 The Code section 232.102 definition of "reasonable efforts" 17 is made applicable to the entire child in need of assistance 18 division of Code chapter 232.

19 Code section 232.103, relating to termination,
20 modification, vacation, and substitution of dispositional
21 orders, is amended in regard to notice of hearings. Under
22 current law, notice must be provided by personal service
23 unless the court orders it to be provided by certified mail.
24 The bill provides instead that reasonable notice of this type
25 of hearing is to be provided to the parties.

Code section 232.104, relating to permanency hearings under the CINA division, is amended. First, the bill strikes a reference to permanency hearings for juvenile delinquency to conform with the permanency hearing provisions included in the obill for juvenile delinquency. In addition, the notice of the permanency hearings is to be reasonable rather than by personal service or certified mail. Second, current law authorizing the court to order long-term foster care placement in a home or facility as an option is modified. In lieu of long-term foster care placement, the court may order a

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1 "planned permanent living arrangement" for the child, provided 2 the department of human services has documented to the court's 3 satisfaction a compelling reason that none of these other 4 options is in the child's best interest: transfer to the 5 custody of another suitable person, transfer custody from one 6 parent to another parent, or transfer custody to a suitable 7 person for the purpose of long-term care.

8 Division VI of the bill amends Code section 232.111, 9 relating to a directive for the county attorney to petition 10 for termination of parental rights. Under current law, unless 11 certain conditions exist, the county attorney must file a 12 petition if a child has been placed in foster care for 15 13 months or more of the most recent 22-month period. The bill 14 provides that the petition must be filed by the end of the 15 15th month.

Division VII of the bill relates to notice provisions for various hearings under the juvenile justice code. The bill amends Code section 232.88 to includes a relative with whom a phild is placed in the list of those who receive notice of a child in need of assistance judicial proceeding concerning the child. For hearings that are held following an adjudicatory hearing, the bill provides that reasonable notice must be provided to the persons who were required to be notified of the original adjudicatory hearing, except those who were notified and failed to appear.

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LSB 1079DP 79 jp/pj/5



THOMAS J. VILSACK, GOVERNOR SALLY J. PEDERSON, LT. GOVERNOR DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVIC JESSIE K RASMUSSEN, DIRECT

January 31, 2001

TO: Members of the General Assembly

FROM: Karla Fultz McHenry/Kate Walton

The lowa Department of Human Services (DHS) is proposing legislation relating to:

Division 1. This proposal is designed to improve permanency for children in foster care. It would extend foster home insurance coverage to persons who are appointed by the Juvenile Court to serve as guardian for a child in foster care. The lack of insurance coverage is a disincentive to foster parents to assume guardianship of an older child who would otherwise grow up in foster care. While the Governor's budget request does not include state funds for subsidized guardianship, we are applying for a waiver to use federal funds for guardianship. If we get federal approval for a waiver, this change would enable more children to achieve permanency through guardianship. We do not expect this change to have a fiscal impact.

Division II. This proposal would incorporate Federal Medicaid requirements governing "client participation" in psychiatric medical institutions for children (PMIC's).

Division III. This Division would clarify the number of infants and preschool age children that a registered "group-joint" child care home can care for. It does not change the statutory maximum of 11 children. It would also allow counties to request to participate in the four-level child care home registration pilot.

Division IV. The changes in this Division would incorporate requirements under Title IV-E that were issued by the federal Department of Health and Human Services last year. This Division would apply to youth that are adjudicated delinquent.

Division V. The changes in this Division would also incorporate requirements under Title IV-E that were issued by the federal Department of Health and Human Services last year. The changes in this Division would apply to children who are adjudicated as "child in need of assistance". Division VI. The change in this Division would also incorporate requirements under Title IV-E that were issued by the federal Department of Health and Human Services last year. The change in this Division would apply to the time frame for the state to file a termination of parental rights. 1124

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Division VII. The change in this Division would require the Juvenile Court to provide notice to a relative with whom a child is placed. This notice is also required under regulations issued by the federal Department of Health

For additional information regarding this proposal, or other questions, please contact Karla McHenry, Legislative Liaison, at 281-4848 or e-mail at kmchenr@dhs. state. ia.us.

FILED MAR 15 '01 SENATE FILE <u>458</u> BY COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES

(SUCCESSOR TO SSB 1124)

jp/pj/5

Passed Senate, Date 3/3/ Passed House, Date $\frac{4-17-01}{1}$ Vote: Ayes $\frac{78}{12}$ Nays 0Vote: Ayes <u>49</u> Nays Tupound 5/1/01 Vote 97-0 (P. 1697) (p. 1377) Vate 47-0 5/16/01 A BILL FOR

Substitute for HF 456 4-17-01 (P 1197)

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H-1441

An Act relating to children's program and juvenile court
 provisions involving the department of human services in
 regard to the foster home insurance fund, group child care
 providers, juvenile delinquency and child in need of
 assistance dispositions, and termination of parental rights.
 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

SENATE FILE 458

-	
9	1 Amend Senate File 458, passed by the Senate, as
10	2 follows:
	3 1. Page 5, line 17, by inserting after the word
11	4 "determines" the following: "by clear and convincing
12	5 evidence that".
	6 2. Page 12, by inserting after line 15 the
13	7 following:
14	8 "Sec Section 232.102, subsection 12,
	9 unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2001, is amended to read
15	10 as follows:
16	11 If the court determines by clear and convincing
	12 evidence that aggravated circumstances exist, with
17	13 written findings of fact based upon evidence in the
18	14 record, the court may waive the requirement for making
19	15 reasonable efforts. The existence of aggravated
19	16 circumstances is indicated by any of the following:"
20	17 3. By renumbering as necessary.
2 1	By KREIMAN of Davis
21	H-1441 FILED APRIL 5, 2001
22	adopted
23	a donted 417-01 (P. 1198)
2J ~-	
	TLSB 1079SV 79

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1 DIVISION I 2 FOSTER HOME INSURANCE FUND 3 Section 1. Section 237.13, subsection 1, paragraph b, Code 4 2001, is amended to read as follows: 5 b. A guardian appointed on a voluntary petition pursuant 6 to section 232.178, or a voluntary petition of a ward pursuant 7 to section 633.557, or a conservator appointed on a voluntary 8 petition of a ward pursuant to section 633.572, provided the 9 ward has an income that does not exceed one hundred fifty 10 percent of the current federal office of management and budget 11 poverty guidelines and who does not have resources in excess 12 of the criteria for resources under the federal supplemental 13 security income program. However, the ward's ownership of one 14 residence and one vehicle shall not be considered in 15 determining resources. Sec. 2. Section 237.13, subsection 5, Code 2001, is 16 17 amended to read as follows: Except as provided in this section, the fund shall pay, 18 5. 19 on behalf of a guardian or conservator, the reasonable and 20 necessary legal costs incurred in defending against a suit 21 filed by a ward or the ward's representative and the damages 22 awarded as a result of the suit, so long as it is determined 23 that the guardian or conservator acted in good faith in the 24 performance of their the guardian's or conservator's duties. 25 A payment shall not be made if there is evidence of 26 intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law by 27 the guardian or conservator, including, but not limited to, 28 failure to carry out the applicable responsibilities required 29 under chapter 232 and sections 633.633 through 633.635 and 30 633.641 through 633.650. 31 DIVISION II 32 CHILD CARE PROVIDERS 33 Sec. 3. Section 237A.3, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code 34 2001, is amended to read as follows: b. Except as provided in subsection 3, a group child care 35

1 home shall not provide child care to more than eleven children 2 at any one time. If there are more than six children present 3 for a period of two hours or more, the group child care home 4 must have at least one responsible individual who is at least 5 fourteen years of age present to assist the group child care 6 provider in accordance with either of the following 7 conditions:

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8 (1) If the responsible individual is a joint holder of the 9 certificate of registration, not more than four of the 10 children present shall be less-than-twenty-four-months-of-age 11 and-not-more-than-ten-of-the-children-present-shall-be-twenty-12 four-months-of-age-or-older-but-not-attending-school-in 13 kindergarten-or-a-higher-grade-level infants. The total 14 number of children present at any one time who are younger 15 than school age, including infants, shall not exceed eleven.

16 (2) If the responsible individual is not a joint holder of 17 the certificate of registration, but is at least fourteen 18 years of age, not more than four of the children shall be **less** 19 than-twenty-four-months-of-age <u>infants</u> and each child in 20 excess of six children shall be attending-school-in 21 kindergarten-or-a-higher-grade-level school age.

22 Sec. 4. Section 237A.3A, subsection 1, Code 2001, is 23 amended to read as follows:

1. PILOT PROJECT. The department shall implement a pilot project applying the provisions of this section to registered family or group child care homes located in one county of this rate. The provisions of this section shall not apply to unregistered family child care homes located in the pilot project county. The county selected for the pilot project shall be a rural county where there is interest among child care providers and consumers in implementing the pilot project. During the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1999, the department shall implement the pilot project in one county in reach of the department's regions where there is interest in implementing the pilot project. In addition, the department

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1 may implement the pilot project in one other county in each of 2 the department's regions where there is interest in 3 implementing the pilot project. Commencing with the fiscal 4 year beginning July 1, 2001, the department may implement the 5 pilot project in other counties where there is an interest in 6 implementing the pilot project. If a definition in section 7 237A.1, a provision in section 237A.3, or an administrative 8 rule adopted under this chapter is in conflict with this 9 section, this section and the rules adopted to implement this 10 section shall apply to the pilot project. DIVISION III 11 JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS 12 Sec. 5. Section 232.21, subsection 4, Code 2001, is 13 14 amended to read as follows: 4. A child placed in a shelter care facility under this 15 16 section shall not be held for a period in excess of forty-17 eight hours without an oral or written court order authorizing 18 the shelter care. When the action is authorized by an oral 19 court order, the court shall enter a written order before the 20 end of the next day confirming the oral order and indicating 21 the reasons for the order. A child placed in shelter care 22 pursuant to section 232.19, subsection 1, paragraph "c", shall 23 not be held in excess of seventy-two hours in any event. If 24 deemed appropriate by the court, an order authorizing shelter 25 care placement may include a determination that continuation 26 of the child in the child's home is contrary to the child's 27 welfare and that reasonable efforts as defined in section 28 232.57 have been made. The inclusion of such a determination 29 shall not under any circumstances be deemed a prerequisite for 30 entering an order pursuant to this section. However, the 31 inclusion of such a finding, supported by the record, may 32 assist the department in obtaining federal funding for the 33 child's placement. Section 232.22, Code 2001, is amended by adding Sec. 6. 34 35 the following new subsection:

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NEW SUBSECTION. 1A. If deemed appropriate by the court, an order for placement of a child in detention may include a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare and that reasonable sefforts as defined in section 232.57 have been made. The inclusion of such a determination shall not under any circumstances be deemed a prerequisite for entering an order spursuant to this section. However, the inclusion of such a determination, supported by the record, may assist the department in obtaining federal funding for the child's lplacement.

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Sec. 7. Section 232.52, subsection 6, unnumbered paragraph 12 13 1, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: When the court orders the transfer of legal custody of a 14 15 child pursuant to subsection 2, paragraphs paragraph "d", "e", 16 or "f", the order shall state that reasonable efforts as 17 defined in section 232.57 have been made to-prevent-or 18 eliminate-the-need-for-removal-of-the-child-from-the-child's 19 home. If deemed appropriate by the court, the order may 20 include a determination that continuation of the child in the 21 child's home is contrary to the child's welfare. The 22 inclusion of such a determination shall not under any 23 circumstances be deemed a prerequisite for entering an order 24 pursuant to this section. However, the inclusion of such a 25 determination, supported by the record, may be used to assist 26 the department in obtaining federal funding for the child's 27 placement.

28 Sec. 8. Section 232.53, subsection 4, Code 2001, is 29 amended to read as follows:

4. <u>a.</u> Any person supervising but not having custody of
31 the child pursuant to such an order shall file a written
32 report with the court at least every six months concerning the
33 status and progress of the child.

34 <u>b.</u> Any agency, facility, institution, or person to whom 35 custody of the child has been transferred pursuant to such

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1 order shall file a written report with the court at least 2 every six months concerning the status and progress of the 3 child.

4 <u>c. Any report prepared pursuant to this subsection shall</u>
5 <u>be included in the record considered by the court in a</u>
6 permanency hearing conducted pursuant to section 232.58.

7 Sec. 9. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 232.57 REASONABLE EFFORTS DEFINED. 8 1. For the purposes of this division, unless the context 9 otherwise requires, "reasonable efforts" means the efforts 10 made to prevent permanent removal of a child from the child's 11 home and to encourage reunification of the child with the 12 child's parents and family. If a court order includes a 13 determination that continuation of the child in the child's 14 home is not appropriate or not possible, reasonable efforts 15 may include the efforts made in a timely manner to finalize a 16 permanency plan for the child.

17 2. If the court determines aggravated circumstances exist, 18 with written findings of fact based upon evidence in the 19 record, the court may waive the requirement for making 20 reasonable efforts. The existence of aggravated circumstances 21 is indicated by any of the following:

22 a. The parent has abandoned the child.

b. The court finds the circumstances described in section
24 232.116, subsection 1, paragraph "h", are applicable to the
25 child.

26 c. The parent's parental rights have been terminated under 27 section 232.116 with respect to another child who is a member 28 of the same family, and there is clear and convincing evidence 29 to show that the offer or receipt of services would not be 30 likely within a reasonable period of time to correct the 31 conditions which led to the child's removal.

32 d. The parent has been convicted of the murder of another33 child of the parent.

34 e. The parent has been convicted of the voluntary35 manslaughter of another child of the parent.

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1 f. The parent has been convicted of aiding or abetting, 2 attempting, conspiring in, or soliciting the commission of the 3 murder or voluntary manslaughter of another child of the 4 parent.

5 g. The parent has been convicted of a felony assault which 6 resulted in serious bodily injury of the child or of another 7 child of the parent.

8 3. Any order entered under this division may include 9 findings regarding reasonable efforts.

10 Sec. 10. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 232.58 PERMANENCY HEARINGS. 11 1. If an order entered pursuant to this division for an 12 out-of-home placement of a child includes a determination that 13 continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to 14 the child's welfare, the court shall review the child's 15 continued placement by holding a permanency hearing or 16 hearings in accordance with this section. The initial 17 permanency hearing shall be the earlier of the following:

a. For an order for which the court has not waived
reasonable efforts requirements, the permanency hearing shall
be held within twelve months of the date the child was removed
from the home.

22 b. For an order in a case in which aggravated 23 circumstances exist for which the court has waived reasonable 24 efforts requirements, the permanency hearing shall be held 25 within thirty days of the date the requirements were waived. Reasonable notice shall be provided of a permanency 26 2. 27 hearing for an out-of-home placement in which the court order 28 has included a determination that continuation of the child in 29 the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare. А 30 permanency hearing shall be conducted in substantial 31 conformance with the provisions of section 232.99. During the 32 hearing, the court shall consider the child's need for a 33 secure and permanent placement in light of any case permanency 34 plan or evidence submitted to the court. Upon completion of 35 the hearing, the court shall enter written findings

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1 identifying a primary permanency goal for the child. If a
2 case permanency plan is in effect at the time of the hearing,
3 the court shall also make a determination as to whether
4 reasonable progress is being made in achieving the permanency
5 goal and in complying with the other provisions of that case
6 permanency plan.

7 3. After a permanency hearing, the court shall do one of 8 the following:

9 a. Enter an order pursuant to section 232.52 to return the 10 child to the child's home.

b. Enter an order pursuant to section 232.52 to continue the out-of-home placement of the child for an additional six months at which time the court shall hold a hearing to consider modification of its permanency order. An order sentered under this paragraph shall enumerate the specific factors, conditions, or expected behavioral changes which comprise the basis for the determination that the need for removal of the child from the child's home will no longer sentered the end of the additional six-month period.

20 c. Direct the county attorney or the attorney for the 21 child to institute proceedings to terminate the parent-child 22 relationship.

d. Enter an order, pursuant to findings based upon the
24 existence of the evidence required by subsection 4, to do one
25 of the following:

26 (1) Transfer guardianship and custody of the child to a 27 suitable person.

28 (2) Transfer sole custody of the child from one parent to 29 another parent.

30 (3) Transfer custody of the child to a suitable person for 31 the purpose of long-term care.

32 (4) If the department has documented to the court's 33 satisfaction a compelling reason for determining that an order 34 under the other subparagraphs of this paragraph "d" would not 35 be in the child's best interest, order another planned

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1 permanent living arrangement for the child.

4. Prior to entering a permanency order pursuant to
3 subsection 3, paragraph "d", clear and convincing evidence
4 must exist showing that all of the following apply:

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5 a. A termination of the parent-child relationship would 6 not be in the best interest of the child.

b. Services were offered to the child's family to correct8 the situation which led to the child's removal from the home.

9 c. The child cannot be returned to the child's home. 10 5. Any permanency order may provide restrictions upon the 11 contact between the child and the child's parent or parents, 12 consistent with the best interest of the child.

6. Subsequent to the entry of a permanency order pursuant to this section, the child shall not be returned to the care, to custody, or control of the child's parent or parents, over a formal objection filed by the child's attorney or guardian ad litem, unless the court finds by a preponderance of the sevidence that returning the child to such custody would be in the best interest of the child.

7. Following an initial permanency hearing and the entry 20 21 of a permanency order which places a child in the custody or 22 guardianship of another person or agency, the court shall 23 retain jurisdiction and annually review the order to ascertain 24 whether the best interest of the child is being served. When 25 the order places the child in the custody of the department 26 for the purpose of a planned permanent living arrangement, the 27 review shall be in a hearing that shall not be waived or 28 continued beyond twelve months after the initial permanency 29 hearing or the last permanency review hearing. Any 30 modification shall be accomplished through a hearing procedure 31 following reasonable notice. During the hearing, all relevant 32 and material evidence shall be admitted and procedural due 33 process shall be provided to all parties.

DIVISION IV

CHILD IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE PROCEEDINGS

34

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1 Sec. 11. Section 232.78, subsection 7, Code 2001, is 2 amended to read as follows:

3 7. Any order entered under this section authorizing
4 temporary removal of a child shall must include both of the
5 following:

a. A statement-that-the-temporary-removal-is-the-result-of
a determination made by the court that continuation of the
b child remaining in the child's home would be contrary to the
welfare of the child; and-that-reasonable-efforts-have-been
made-to-prevent-or-eliminate-the-need-for-removal-of-the-child
from-the-child's-home. Such a determination must be made on a
case-by-case basis. The grounds for the court's determination
must be explicitly documented and stated in the order.
However, preserving the safety of the child must be the
court's paramount consideration. If imminent danger to the
child's life or health exists at the time of the court's
to the removal of the child.

b. A statement informing the child's parent that the consequences of a permanent removal may include termination of 21 the parent's rights with respect to the child.

22 Sec. 12. Section 232.79, subsection 4, Code 2001, is 23 amended by adding the following new paragraph:

NEW PARAGRAPH. c. If deemed appropriate by the court, being informed that there has been an emergency removal or keeping of a child without a court order, the court may enter an order in accordance with section 232.78.

28 Sec. 13. Section 232.95, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 29 2001, is amended to read as follows:

30 a. Remove the child from home and place the child in a 31 shelter care facility or in the custody of a suitable person 32 or agency pending a final order of disposition if the court 33 finds that substantial evidence exists to believe that removal 34 is necessary to avoid imminent risk to the child's life or 35 health.

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(1) If removal is ordered, the order-shall court must, in 1 2 addition, contain-a-statement-that-removal-from-the-home-is 3 the-result-of make a determination that continuation of the 4 child in the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of 5 the child, and that reasonable efforts, as defined in section 6 232.102, have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for 7 removal of the child from the child's home. (2) The court's determination regarding continuation of 8 9 the child in the child's home, and regarding reasonable 10 efforts, including those made to prevent removal and those 11 made to finalize any permanency plan in effect, as well as any 12 determination by the court that reasonable efforts are not 13 required, must be made on a case-by-case basis. The grounds 14 for each determination must be explicitly documented and 15 stated in the court order. However, preserving the safety of 16 the child must be the court's paramount consideration. If 17 imminent danger to the child's life or health exists at the 18 time of the court's consideration, the determinations 19 otherwise required under this paragraph "a" shall not be a 20 prerequisite for an order for removal of the child. 21 (3) The order shall also include a statement informing the 22 child's parent that the consequences of a permanent removal 23 may include termination of the parent's rights with respect to 24 the child. Sec. 14. Section 232.96, subsection 10, paragraph a, Code 25 26 2001, is amended to read as follows: a. A statement-that-the-temporary-removal-is-the-result-of 27 28 a determination that continuation of the child remaining in 29 the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of the 30 child, and that reasonable efforts, as defined in section 31 232.102, have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for 32 removal of the child from the child's home. The court's 33 determination regarding continuation of the child in the 34 child's home, and regarding reasonable efforts, including 35 those made to prevent removal and those made to finalize any

1 permanency plan in effect, as well as any determination by the 2 court that reasonable efforts are not required, must be made 3 on a case-by-case basis. The grounds for each determination 4 must be explicitly documented and stated in the court order. 5 However, preserving the safety of the child is the paramount 6 consideration. If imminent danger to the child's life or 7 health exists at the time of the court's consideration, the 8 determinations otherwise required under this paragraph shall 9 not be a prerequisite for an order for temporary removal of 10 the child. 11 Sec. 15. Section 232.102, subsection 5, paragraph b, 12 unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 2001, is amended to read as 13 follows: 14 The-order-shall;-in-addition;-contain-a-statement-that 15 removal-from-the-home-is-the-result-of-a-determination-that In 16 order to transfer custody of the child under this subsection, 17 the court must make a determination that continuation of the 18 child in the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of 19 the child, and shall identify the reasonable efforts that have 20 been made. The court's determination regarding continuation 21 of the child in the child's home, and regarding reasonable 22 efforts, including those made to prevent removal and those 23 made to finalize any permanency plan in effect, as well as any 24 determination by the court that reasonable efforts are not 25 required, must be made on a case-by-case basis. The grounds 26 for each determination must be explicitly documented and 27 stated in the court order. However, preserving the safety of 28 the child is the paramount consideration. If imminent danger 29 to the child's life or health exists at the time of the 30 court's consideration, the determinations otherwise required 31 under this paragraph shall not be a prerequisite for an order 32 for removal of the child. Sec. 16. Section 232.102, subsection 10, paragraph a, 33 34 unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2001, is amended to read as

35 follows:

As used in this section division, "reasonable efforts" 1 2 means the efforts made to preserve and unify a family prior to 3 the out-of-home placement of a child in foster care or to 4 eliminate the need for removal of the child or make it 5 possible for the child to safely return to the family's home. 6 If returning the child to the family's home is not appropriate 7 or not possible, reasonable efforts shall include the efforts 8 made in a timely manner to finalize a permanency plan for the 9 child. A child's health and safety shall be the paramount 10 concern in making reasonable efforts. Reasonable efforts may 11 include intensive family preservation services or family-12 centered services, if the child's safety in the home can be 13 maintained during the time the services are provided. In 14 determining whether reasonable efforts have been made, the 15 court shall consider both of the following:

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16 Sec. 17. Section 232.103, subsection 3, Code 2001, is 17 amended to read as follows:

18 3. A hearing shall be held on a motion to terminate or 19 modify a dispositional order except that a hearing on a motion 20 to terminate an order may be waived upon agreement by all 21 parties. Reasonable notice of the hearing shall be given in 22 the-same-manner-as-for-adjudicatory-hearings-in-cases-of 23 juvenile-delinquency-as-provided-in-section-232.37 to the 24 parties. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with 25 the provisions of section 232.50.

26 Sec. 18. Section 232.104, subsection 1, paragraph c, Code 27 2001, is amended to read as follows:

c. Reasonable notice of a permanency hearing in-a-case-of juvenile-delinquency shall be provided pursuant-to-section 30 232.37 to the parties. A permanency hearing shall be 31 conducted in substantial conformance with the provisions of 32 section 232.99. During the hearing, the court shall consider 33 the child's need for a secure and permanent placement in light 34 of any permanency plan or evidence submitted to the court. 35 Upon completion of the hearing, the court shall enter written

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1 findings and make a determination identifying a primary 2 permanency goal for the child. If a permanency plan is in 3 effect at the time of the hearing, the court shall also make a 4 determination as to whether reasonable progress is being made 5 in achieving the permanency goal and complying with the other 6 provisions of that permanency plan. 7 Sec. 19. Section 232.104, subsection 2, paragraph d, 8 subparagraph (4), Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: 9 (4) Order-long-term-foster-care-placement-for-the-child-in 10 a-licensed-foster-care-home-or-facility- If the department 11 has documented to the court's satisfaction a compelling reason 12 for determining that an order under the other subparagraphs of 13 this paragraph "d" would not be in the child's best interest, 14 order another planned permanent living arrangement for the 15 child. 16 DIVISION V 17 TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS Sec. 20. Section 232.111, subsection 2, paragraph a, 18 19 subparagraph (1), Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: 20 (1) The child has been placed in foster care for fifteen 21 months or-more of the most recent twenty-two-month period. 22 The petition shall be filed by the end of the child's 23 fifteenth month of foster care placement. 24 DIVISION VI 25 NOTICE PROVISIONS Sec. 21. Section 232.45, subsection 3, Code 2001, is 26 27 amended to read as follows: A Reasonable notice that states the time, place, and 28 3. 29 purpose of the waiver hearing shall be issued-and-served-in 30 the-same-manner-as provided to the persons required to be 31 provided notice for adjudicatory hearings as-provided-in under 32 section 232.37. Summons, subpoenas, and other process may be 33 issued and served in the same manner as for adjudicatory 34 hearings as provided in section 232.37. 35 Sec. 22. Section 232.54, subsection 8, unnumbered

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1 paragraph 2, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: 2 Notice requirements of this section shall be satisfied in 3 the-same-manner-as-for by providing reasonable notice to the 4 persons required to be provided notice for adjudicatory 5 hearings as-provided-in under section 232.37, except that 6 notice shall be waived regarding a person who was notified of 7 the adjudicatory hearing and who failed to appear. At a 8 hearing under this section all relevant and material evidence 9 shall be admitted.

10 Sec. 23. Section 232.88, Code 2001, is amended to read as 11 follows:

12 232.88 SUMMONS, NOTICE, SUBPOENAS, AND SERVICE.

After a petition has been filed the court shall issue and 13 14 serve summons, notice, subpoenas, and other process in the 15 same manner as for adjudicatory hearings in cases of juvenile 16 delinguency as provided in section 232.37. In-addition 17 Reasonable notice shall be provided to the persons required to 18 be provided notice under section 232.37, except that notice 19 shall be waived regarding a person who was notified of the 20 adjudicatory hearing and who failed to appear. In addition, 21 reasonable notice for any hearing under this division shall be 22 provided to the agency, facility, institution, or person, 23 including a foster parent, relative, or an other individual 24 providing preadoptive care, with whom a child has been placed. EXPLANATION 25

This bill relates to children's provisions involving the department of human services in regard to the foster home insurance fund, psychiatric medical institutions for children, group child care providers, juvenile delinquency and child in need of assistance dispositions, and termination of parental l rights.

32 Division I of the bill relates to the foster home insurance 33 fund. Code section 237.13 is amended to add coverage under 34 the fund for guardians appointed on a voluntary petition filed 35 under Code chapter 232, the juvenile justice code. s.f. <u>458</u> н.f.

1 Division II of the bill relates to child care providers 2 under Code section 237A.3. The bill replaces language 3 regarding children who are less than 24 months of age with the 4 term "infant", a defined term with the same meaning. In 5 addition, the bill strikes language applying a separate cap on 6 the number of preschool children who may receive care from a 7 joint group child care provider. Under the bill, such a 8 provider would be limited to caring for up to 11 children at 9 one time with not more than four of infant age.

In addition, under current law in Code section 237A.3A, the department is operating a pilot project that combines registered family child care homes and group child care homes and group child care homes and group child care homes registered child care home classification with four levels. The pilot project is currently operating in up to two counties in each of the department's five regions. The bill authorizes the department to implement the pilot project in other counties where there is an interest.

Division III of the bill relates to juvenile delinquency provisions under Code chapter 232, the juvenile justice code. Code section 232.21, relating to placement of a child in shelter care, is amended to provide that a written court order for the placement may include the determination that the child remaining in the child's home would be contrary to the child's welfare and that reasonable efforts to prevent the permanent removal of the child, as defined later in the bill in new Code section 232.57, have been made. The inclusion of such a finding is not to be deemed a prerequisite for entry of the noder for shelter care placement; however, the inclusion of the finding may assist the department of human services in obtaining federal funding for the placement.

31 Similar language is inserted as a new subsection in Code 32 section 232.22, relating to placement of a child in detention. 33 Code section 232.52, relating to the disposition of a child 34 found to have committed a delinquent act, is amended to 35 include a similar provision in orders providing for transfer

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s.f. **458** H.f.

1 of legal custody of a child to an adult relative, child 2 placing agency or other private agency, department of human 3 services for foster care or state training school placement, 4 or juvenile court officer for placements involving a community 5 supervised treatment program.

6 Code section 232.53, relating to the duration of 7 depositional orders under Code section 232.52, is amended in 8 regard to the filing of written reports by persons supervising 9 the children who are subject to the orders. The bill provides 10 that the reports are to be made part of the record considered 11 by the court in any delinquency permanency hearing.

New Code section 232.57 provides a definition of the term reasonable efforts" that is applicable to all juvenile delinquency proceedings and other provisions of the juvenile belinquency division of the bill.

New Code section 232.58 lays out a process for permanency hearings for the review of those out-of-home placements of a l8 child in which the order included the finding that the child l9 remaining in the child's home is contrary to the child's 20 welfare.

21 Division IV of the bill relates to child in need of 22 assistance (CINA) provisions under Code chapter 232, the 23 juvenile justice code.

Code section 232.78, relating to temporary removal of a child from the child's home pursuant to an exparte court order, is amended. The bill strikes a prerequisite that reasonable efforts must have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child. Under the bill, the court must still determine that the child remaining in the child's ohome would be contrary to the child's welfare. In addition, the court must make this determination on a case-by-case basis and explicitly document in the order the grounds for making the determination.

34 Code section 232.79, relating to emergency removal of a 35 child without a court order, is amended. Under current law, S.F. 458 H.F.

1 the court must be informed of such an emergency removal. The 2 bill provides that upon being informed, the court may order 3 temporary removal of the child in accordance with Code section 4 232.78.

Code section 232.95, relating to hearings concerning 5 6 temporary removal of a child, is amended. Under the bill, if 7 the court determines that a child's removal from the home is 8 to be continued, the court must still determine that the child 9 remaining in the child's home would be contrary to the child's 10 welfare and that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent ll or eliminate the need for the removal. In addition, the court 12 must make this determination on a case-by-case basis and 13 explicitly document in the order the grounds for making the 14 determination. The bill provides that preserving the child's 15 safety is the paramount consideration and if there is imminent 16 danger to the child's life or health at the time of the 17 court's consideration, the court may continue the removal 18 order without making the otherwise required determinations. Code section 232.96, relating to CINA adjudicatory 19 20 hearings, is amended in regard to entry of an order for 21 temporary removal of a child made when the court has not 22 previously entered such order. If such an order is entered, 23 current law requires the court to include a statement that the 24 child remaining in the child's home is contrary to the child's 25 welfare and that reasonable efforts have been made. The bill 26 makes this language consistent with the bill's other 27 provisions regarding determinations required of a court order

29 Code section 232.102, relating to transfer of legal custody 30 of a child and placement, is amended. Under current law, 31 custody of a child should not be transferred unless the child 32 cannot be protected from physical abuse without the transfer 33 or cannot be protected from some harm which would justify 34 adjudication of the child as a CINA. The bill adds to those 35 requirements the same set of requirements to make

28 for removal of a child from the child's home.

-17-

1 determinations as is added to Code section 232.95.

2 The Code section 232.102 definition of "reasonable efforts" 3 is made applicable to the entire child in need of assistance 4 division of Code chapter 232.

5 Code section 232.103, relating to termination, 6 modification, vacation, and substitution of dispositional 7 orders, is amended in regard to notice of hearings. Under 8 current law, notice must be provided by personal service 9 unless the court orders it to be provided by certified mail. 10 The bill provides instead that reasonable notice of this type 11 of hearing is to be provided to the parties.

Code section 232.104, relating to permanency hearings under 12 13 the CINA division, is amended. First, the bill strikes a 14 reference to permanency hearings for juvenile delinguency to 15 conform with the permanency hearing provisions included in the 16 bill for juvenile delinguency. In addition, the notice of the 17 permanency hearings is to be reasonable rather than by 18 personal service or certified mail. Second, current law 19 authorizing the court to order long-term foster care placement 20 in a home or facility as an option is modified. In lieu of 21 long-term foster care placement, the court may order a 22 "planned permanent living arrangement" for the child, provided 23 the department of human services has documented to the court's 24 satisfaction a compelling reason that none of these other 25 options is in the child's best interest: transfer to the 26 custody of another suitable person, transfer custody from one 27 parent to another parent, or transfer custody to a suitable 28 person for the purpose of long-term care.

Division V of the bill amends Code section 232.111, orelating to a directive for the county attorney to petition for termination of parental rights. Under current law, unless certain conditions exist, the county attorney must file a petition if a child has been placed in foster care for 15 at months or more of the most recent 22-month period. The bill provides that the petition must be filed by the end of the HOUSE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 12, 2001

SENATE FILE 458

H-1484 Amend Senate File 458, as passed by the Senate, as 1 2 follows: 3 1. Page 14, by inserting after line 24 the 4 following: 5 "DIVISION 6 PSYCHIATRIC MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS FOR CHILDREN 7 Sec. . Section 135H.10, Code 2001, is amended 8 by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 4. Unless expressly authorized in 9 10 statute, the department of human services shall not 11 include services provided by psychiatric medical 12 institutions for children in any managed care 13 contract." 14 2. Title page, line 5, by inserting after the 15 word "dispositions," the following: "psychiatric 16 medical institutions for children,". 17 3. By renumbering as necessary. By DE BOEF of Mahaska FOEGE of Linn HEATON of Henry H-1484 FILED APRIL 11, 2001 adated 4-17-01 (P.1200) SENATE FILE 458 H-1485 Amend Senate File 458, as passed by the Senate, as 1 2 follows: 1. Page 14, by inserting after line 24 the 3 4 following: 5 "DIVISION PSYCHIATRIC MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS FOR CHILDREN 6 Sec. . Section 135H.10, Code 2001, is amended 7 8 by adding the following new subsection: 9 NEW SUBSECTION. 3. a. The department of human 10 services and any other state agency shall not require 11 a psychiatric medical institution for children to 12 collect client payments or otherwise enforce client 13 financial participation for the services provided by 14 the psychiatric institution. 15 b. The first two thousand dollars in income earned 16 by a child residing at a psychiatric medical 17 institution for children shall be disregarded in 18 determining the child's financial eligibility or 19 amount of client financial responsibility for services 20 at the psychiatric institution." 21 2. Title page, line 5, by inserting after the 22 word "dispositions," the following: "psychiatric 23 medical institutions for children,". 24 By renumbering as necessary. 3. By DE BOEF of Mahaska

N/D 4/17/01 (P. 1200)

By DE BOEF of Mahaska FOEGE of Linn Page 12

SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE AMENDMENT TO SENATE FILE 458

H-1754

1 Amend the House amendment, S-3377, to Senate File 2 458, as passed by the Senate, as follows: 1. Page 2, by striking lines 42 through 49, and 3 4 inserting the following: 5 "Sec. . CLIENT FINANCIAL PARTICIPATION. The 6 department of human services shall work with private 7 providers of psychiatric medical institution for 8 children (PMIC) services to eliminate or substantially 9 reduce the requirement that PMIC providers must 10 collect client financial participation in the cost of 11 services and during fiscal year 2001-2002 shall submit 12 to the governor and general assembly proposals to 13 achieve this purpose." 14 Page 3, by striking lines 2 through 6, and 15 inserting the following: "NEW SUBSECTION. 3. Except for those psychiatric 16 17 medical institutions for children which are 18 specialized to provide substance abuse treatment, 19 unless expressly authorized in statute, the department 20 of human services shall not include services provided 21 by psychiatric medical institutions for children in 22 any managed care contract."" 23 3. By renumbering as necessary.

RECEIVED FROM THE SENATE

H-1754 FILED APRIL 30, 2001

Houce Concurred 3/1/01 (\$ 1697)

APRIL 11, 2001

H-	1	4	7	4	

SENATE FILE 458

1 Amend Senate File 458, as passed by the Senate, as 2 follows:

3 1. Page 13, by inserting after line 15 the 4 following:

5 "Sec. 100. REHABILITATIVE TREATMENT SERVICES STAFF 6 REQUIREMENTS.

7 1. Subject to federal requirements, the department 8 of human services shall act to change the staff 9 gualification requirements for rehabilitative 10 treatment services provided under the medical 11 assistance program that are applicable to those staff 12 providing therapy and counseling services, and 13 psychosocial evaluation and behavioral management 14 services for children in therapeutic foster care. 15 Under the change, such staff who have graduated from 16 an accredited four-year college, institute, or 17 university with a bachelor's degree in social work in 18 a program that is accredited by the council on social 19 work education shall not be required to have full-time 20 experience in social work or experience in the 21 delivery of human services in a public or private 22 area.

23 If necessary to implement the change required 2. 24 by this section, the department shall submit a plan 25 amendment or otherwise request authorization from the 26 United States health care financing administration. 27 In addition, as necessary to quickly implement the 28 change, the department may adopt emergency rules under 29 section 17A.4, subsection 2, and section 17A.5, 30 subsection 2, paragraph "b", to implement the 31 provisions of this section and the rules shall be 32 effective immediately upon filing unless a later date 33 is specified in the rules. Any rules adopted in 34 accordance with this section shall also be published 35 as a notice of intended action as provided in section 36 17A.4.

37 Sec. ____. EFFECTIVE DATE. Section 100, of this 38 division of this Act, relating to rehabilitative 39 treatment services staff requirements, being deemed of 40 immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment." 41 2. Title page, line 5, by inserting after the 42 word "rights" the following: ", and providing an 43 effective date".

44 3. By renumbering as necessary. By HEATON of Henry BF

FOEGE of Linn JOHNSON of Osceola HOUSER of Pottawattamie H-1474 FILED APRIL 10, 2001

adapter

4.17-01 (P.1199) BRUNKHORST of Bremer HOVERSTEN of Woodbury ARNOLD of Lucas BROERS of Cerro Gordo

H-1485 FILED APRIL 11, 2001

APRIL 12, 2001

Page 12

SENATE FILE 458 H-1484 Amend Senate File 458, as passed by the Senate, as 1 2 follows: 3 1. Page 14, by inserting after line 24 the 4 following: 5 "DIVISION 6 PSYCHIATRIC MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS FOR CHILDREN 7 Sec. ____. Section 135H.10, Code 2001, is amended 8 by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 4. Unless expressly authorized in 9 10 statute, the department of human services shall not 11 include services provided by psychiatric medical 12 institutions for children in any managed care 13 contract." 2. Title page, line 5, by inserting after the 14 15 word "dispositions," the following: "psychiatric 16 medical institutions for children,". 17 3. By renumbering as necessary. By DE BOEF of Mahaska FOEGE of Linn HEATON of Henry **H-1484** FILED APRIL 11, 2001 adated 4-17-01 (P. 1200) SENATE FILE 458 **H-1485** 1 Amend Senate File 458, as passed by the Senate, as 2 follows: 3 1. Page 14, by inserting after line 24 the 4 following: 5 "DIVISION 6 PSYCHIATRIC MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS FOR CHILDREN 7 Sec. . Section 135H.10, Code 2001, is amended 8 by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 3. a. 9 The department of human 10 services and any other state agency shall not require 11 a psychiatric medical institution for children to 12 collect client payments or otherwise enforce client 13 financial participation for the services provided by 14 the psychiatric institution. 15 b. The first two thousand dollars in income earned 16 by a child residing at a psychiatric medical 17 institution for children shall be disregarded in 18 determining the child's financial eligibility or 19 amount of client financial responsibility for services 20 at the psychiatric institution." Title page, line 5, by inserting after the 21 2. 22 word "dispositions," the following: "psychiatric 23 medical institutions for children,". 24 3. By renumbering as necessary. By DE BOEF of Mahaska N/D 4/17/01 (8.1200) FOEGE of Linn HEATON of Henry

SENATE FILE 458 FISCAL NOTE

A fiscal note for **Senate File 458** is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

Senate File 458 relates to the child welfare system and services provided by the Department of Human Services and related Judicial Branch action.

Division I adds foster care insurance coverage for homes in the future providing subsidized guardianship. During FY 2000, the Subsidized Guardianship Program was delayed in the implementation process. If the Program would be reinitiated, the estimated additional insurance premium cost is \$1,300.

Division II relates to child care. The Bill redefines "infant," specifies the number of children served at one time by a Joint Group Child Care Provider be 11, with no more than 4 within the "infant" age category. The Bill also allows expansion of a pilot project relating to registered family or group child care homes. There is no fiscal impact related to Division II.

Divisions III through VI relate to various provisions of the Juvenile Justice Code.

Division III provisions:

- 1. Permitting court orders regarding placement of a child in shelter care to include a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare and that "reasonable efforts" have been made to prevent permanent removal of a child from the child's home and to encourage reunification of the child with the child's parents and family.
- 2. Permitting court orders regarding placement of a child in detention to include the same determination and same "reasonable efforts" as in the provision for shelter care placement.
- 3. Permitting court orders regarding the transfer of legal custody of a child to include the same determination and same "reasonable efforts" as in the provision for shelter care placement.
- 4. Specifying that the currently required six-month report regarding the status and progress of a child under a dispositional court order be included in the permanency hearing record.
- 5. Requires the court to hold a permanency hearing when an order relating to juvenile delinquency for an out-of-home placement includes a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare. Reasonable notice is required. The Bill specifies options for the court to choose from regarding the placement or custody of the child. Annual reviews of the court order are required under certain conditions. Current law specifies that if permanency is needed for delinquent youth, a petition can be filed under Child in Need of Assistance (CINA) provisions. Except for the permanency hearing, the court is permitted to make the determination regarding the use of

PAGE 2 , FISCAL NOTE, SENATE FILE 458

-2-

"reasonable efforts." It is not possible to estimate the number of permanency hearings which may take place due to Division III of the Bill, which relate to juvenile delinquency. This may also result in additional costs to the Indigent Defense Program within the Department of Inspections and Appeals for representation of indigent parents in the permanency hearing.

Division IV of the Bill relates to Child in Need of Assistance (CINA) provisions, including:

- 1. Reflecting federal language regarding a case-by-case determination by the court for the removal of a child from a child's home.
- 2. Permits a court to enter an order for temporary custody in an emergency removal of a child.
- 3. Federal language regarding case-by-case determination by the court for temporary removal of a child from a child's home unless the child's life or health is in imminent danger.
- 4. Federal language regarding case-by-case determination by the court for Child in Need of Assistance adjudicatory hearings.
- 5. Federal language regarding case-by-case determination of the transfer of legal custody of a child.
- 6. Striking requirements regarding the method of notice by the court for orders such as termination and modification of dispositional orders to eliminate a certified mail requirement.
- 7. Amends juvenile delinquency permanency hearing provisions for Child in Need of Assistance cases, method of notice by the court regarding the hearing, and changes to the existing long-term planned living arrangement for a child.
- 8. Most of the language changes are to reflect wording required by federal law, The National Adoption and Safe Families Act. The method of notice for certain court orders may provide a minimal savings to the court. Other changes are expected to have a minimal cost impact.

Division V requires a county attorney to file a termination of parental rights petition by the fifteenth month of foster care placement instead of the twenty-second month. This may result in additional children being adopted instead of remaining in foster care. The financial assistance to the foster care parent or to the adoptive parent is similar, therefore, the financial impact is negligible. The initial year of the change regarding the compaction of months for which a termination of parental rights may be filed by a county attorney may result in additional costs to the counties. After the first year of implementation, the process may reflect time frames that are similar to those under current law, except in counties experiencing greater numbers of long-term temporary placements. Contested termination of parental rights petitions typically involve three to five days of judge time at \$390 per day, as well as a court reporter and a court attendant for an additional \$300 per day. Uncontested termination of parental rights petitions usually involve one-half day of judge and staff time.

Division VI relates to the provisions of notice for various Juvenile Justice Code hearings. The financial impact is negligible. APRIL 11, 2001

Page 13

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PAGE 3 , FISCAL NOTE, SENATE FILE 458

FISCAL IMPACT

The impact of SF 458 is expected to be minimal. However, costs may be dependent upon the number of permanency hearings for juvenile delinquency hearings which may result in expenditures to the juvenile court system. Information to develop a reliable estimate is not available. Federal funds under Title IV-E may be available to offset a portion of these expenditures. For FY 2001, SF 2435 (FY 2001 Human Services Appropriations Act) specifies that Title IV-E funds received as a result of the improvements made in the claiming process for federal Title IV-E funds by the Judicial Branch are to be used for court-ordered services relating to foster care.

-3-

Changes resulting from the foster care insurance provisions and the day care provisions do not result in a financial impact.

SOURCES

Department of Human Services Judicial Branch County Attorneys Association

(LSB 1079sv, SLL)

FILED APRIL 10, 2001

BY DENNIS PROUTY, FISCAL DIRECTOR

SENATE FILE 458 FISCAL NOTE

A fiscal note for **Amendment H-1485 to SF 458** is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

Amendment H-1485 to SF 458 prohibits the Department of Human Services or any other State agency from requiring a Psychiatric Medical Institution for Children (PMIC) to collect client payments or force client financial participation for the costs related to care and services for a child. The Amendment also disregards \$2,000 in earned income for determining Medical Assistance (Medicaid) eligibility.

ASSMPTIONS

- 1. There is no impact regarding the Psychiatric Medical Institutions for Children (PMIC) not collecting client payments.
- 2. Federal law requires income available to a client of a Psychiatric Medical Institution for Children (PMIC) to be used in the calculation to determine eligibility for Medicaid. With the specified exemption of the Amendment, federal financial participation (federal matching funds) would not be available for the \$2,000 of income being exempted from the calculation. Without the federal match, State funds would increase to replace the federal match.
- 3. The average loss of federal funds would be \$640 per client admission.
- 4. The average number of admissions to Psychiatric Medical Institutions for Children (PMICS) per year which result in Medicaid eligibility at some time during the stay is 474.

FISCAL IMPACT

Amendment H-1485 to SF 458 would result in additional State General Fund expenditures of \$303,000 annually, based upon FY 2001 admission and cost data.

SOURCE

Department of Human Services

(LSB 1079SV.2, SLL)

FILED APRIL 16, 2001

BY DENNIS PROUTY, FISCAL DIRECTOR

HOUSE AMENDMENT TO SENATE FILE 458

S-3377 Amend Senate File 458, passed by the Senate, as 1 2 follows: Page 5, line 17, by inserting after the word 3 1. 4 "determines" the following: "by clear and convincing 5 evidence that". 6 2. Page 8, by inserting after line 35, the 7 following: . Section 232.73, unnumbered paragraph 2, "Sec. 8 9 Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: As used in this section and section in sections 10 11 232.77 and 232.78, "medically relevant test" means a 12 test that produces reliable results of exposure to 13 cocaine, heroin, amphetamine, methamphetamine, or 14 other illegal drugs, or combinations or derivatives 15 thereof of the illegal drugs, including a drug urine 16 screen test. . Section 232.78, subsection 1, paragraph 17 Sec. 18 b, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: b. It appears that the child's immediate removal 19 20 is necessary to avoid imminent danger to the child's 21 life or health. The circumstances or conditions 22 indicating the presence of such imminent danger shall 23 include but are not limited to any of the following: The refusal or failure of the person 24 (1) 25 responsible for the care of the child to comply with 26 the request of a peace officer, juvenile court 27 officer, or child protection worker for such person to 28 obtain and provide to the requester the results of a 29 physical or mental examination of the child. The 30 request for a physical examination of the child may 31 specify the performance of a medically relevant test. The refusal or failure of the person 32 (2) 33 responsible for the care of the child or a person 34 present in the person's home to comply with a request 35 of a peace officer, juvenile court officer, or child 36 protection worker for such a person to submit to and 37 provide to the requester the results of a medically 38 relevant test of the person." 3. Page 12, by inserting after line 15 the 39 40 following: "Sec. . Section 232.102, subsection 12, 41 42 unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2001, is amended to read 43 as follows: If the court determines by clear and convincing 44 45 evidence that aggravated circumstances exist, with 46 written findings of fact based upon evidence in the 47 record, the court may waive the requirement for making 48 reasonable efforts. The existence of aggravated 49 circumstances is indicated by any of the following:" 50 4. Page 13, by inserting after line 15 the S-3377 -1-

EJECT

S-3377

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Page 2

1 following:

2 "Sec. 100. REHABILITATIVE TREATMENT SERVICES STAFF 3 REQUIREMENTS.

4 1. Subject to federal requirements, the department 5 of human services shall act to change the staff 6 qualification requirements for rehabilitative 7 treatment services provided under the medical 8 assistance program that 'are applicable to those staff. 9 providing therapy and counseling services, and 10 psychosocial evaluation and behavioral management 11 services for children in therapeutic foster care. 12 Under the change, such staff who have graduated from 13 an accredited four-year college, institute, or 14 university with a bachelor's degree in social work in 15 a program that is accredited by the council on social 16 work education shall not be required to have full-time 17 experience in social work or experience in the 18 delivery of human services in a public or private 19 area.

20 2. If necessary to implement the change required 21 by this section, the department shall submit a plan. 22 amendment or otherwise request authorization from the 23 United States health care financing administration. 24 In addition, as necessary to quickly implement the 25 change, the department may adopt emergency rules under 26 section 17A.4, subsection 2, and section 17A.5, 27 subsection 2, paragraph "b", to implement the 28 provisions of this section and the rules shall be 29 effective immediately upon filing unless a later date 30 is specified in the rules. Any fules adopted in 32 31 accordance with this section shall also be published 32 as a notice of intended action as provided in section 33 17A.4.

34 Sec. EFFECTIVE DATE. Section 100, of this 35 division of this Act, relating to rehabilitative 36 treatment services staff requirements, being deemed of 37 immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment." 38 5. Page 14, by inserting after line 24 the 39 following:

"DIVISION

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41 PSYCHIATRIC MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS FOR CHILDREN 42 Sec. Section 135H.10, Code 2001, is amended 43 by adding the following new subsection;

NEW SUBSECTION. 3. The department of human services and any other state agency shall not require. A a psychiatric medical institution for children to a collect client payments or otherwise enforce client financial participation for the mervices provided by a the psychiatric institution.

50 Sec. _____ Section 135H.10, Code 2001, is amended **s-3377** -2APRIL 18, 2001

S-3377 Page 3 1 by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 4. Unless expressly authorized in 2 3 statute, the department of human services shall not 4 include services provided by psychiatric medical 5 institutions for children in any managed care 6 contract." 7 6. Title page, line 5, by inserting after the 8 word "dispositions," the following: "psychiatric 9 medical institutions for children,". 10 7. Title page, line 5, by inserting after the 11 word "rights" the following: ", and providing an 12 effective date". 8. By renumbering, relettering, or redesignating 13 14 and correcting internal references as necessary. Senate Concurred 4/27/01 RECEIVED FROM THE HOUSE (F: 1377) S-3377 FILED APRIL 17, 2001

SENATE FILE 458

s-3534

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1 Amend the House amendment, S-3377, to Senate File 2 458, as passed by the Senate, as follows:

3 1. Page 2, by striking lines 42 through 49, and 4 inserting the following:

5 "Sec. ____. CLIENT FINANCIAL PARTICIPATION. The 6 department of human services shall work with private 7 providers of psychiatric medical institution for 8 children (PMIC) services to eliminate or substantially 9 reduce the requirement that PMIC providers must 10 collect client financial participation in the cost of 11 services and during fiscal year 2001-2002 shall submit 12 to the governor and general assembly proposals to 13 achieve this purpose."

14 2. Page 3, by striking lines 2 through 6, and 15 inserting the following:

"NEW SUBSECTION. 3. Except for those psychiatric 16 17 medical institutions for children which are 18 specialized to provide substance abuse treatment, 19 unless expressly authorized in statute, the department 20 of human services shall not include services provided 21 by psychiatric medical institutions for children in 22 any managed care contract."" 23

3. By renumbering as necessary.

By MERLIN E. BARTZ

adapted #17/0 (R1377) S-3534 FILED APRIL 26, 2001

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SENATE FILE 458						
H-1557						
1	Amend Senate File 458, as passed by the Senate, as					
	follows:					
	 Page 14, by inserting after line 24 the 					
	following:					
5	"DIVISION					
6						
7						
8	by adding the following new subsection:					
9	NEW SUBSECTION. 3. The department of human					
	services and any other state agency shall not require					
	a psychiatric medical institution for children to					
	collect client payments or otherwise enforce client					
	financial participation for the services provided by					
	the psychiatric institution."					
	2. Title page, line 5, by inserting after the					
	word "dispositions," the following: "psychiatric					
	17 medical institutions for children,".					
18	3. By renumbering as necessary.					
	By DE BOEF of Mahaska					
	FOEGE of Linn					
	HEATON of Henry					
	1557 FILED APRIL 17, 2001					
	adopted					
	4-17-01					
(p1201)						
	(10219)					
	(

SENATE FILE 458

H-1559

Amend Senate File 458, as passed by the Senate, as 1 2 follows: 1. Page 8, by inserting after line 35, the 3 4 following: 5 "Sec. Section 232.73, unnumbered paragraph 2, 6 Code 2001, is amended to read as follows: 7 As used in this section and section in sections 8 232.77 and 232.78, "medically relevant test" means a 9 test that produces reliable results of exposure to 10 cocaine, heroin, amphetamine, methamphetamine, or 11 other illegal drugs, or combinations or derivatives 12 thereof of the illegal drugs, including a drug urine 13 screen test. . Section 232.78, subsection 1, paragraph 14 Sec. 15 b, Code $\overline{2001}$, is amended to read as follows: 16 b. It appears that the child's immediate removal 17 is necessary to avoid imminent danger to the child's 18 life or health. The circumstances or conditions 19 indicating the presence of such imminent danger shall 20 include but are not limited to any of the following: (1) The refusal or failure of the person 21 22 responsible for the care of the child to comply with 23 the request of a peace officer, juvenile court 24 officer, or child protection worker for such person to 25 obtain and provide to the requester the results of a 26 physical or mental examination of the child. The 27 request for a physical examination of the child may 28 specify the performance of a medically relevant test. (2) The refusal or failure of the person 29 30 responsible for the care of the child or a person 31 present in the person's home to comply with a request 32 of a peace officer, juvenile court officer, or child 33 protection worker for such a person to submit to and 34 provide to the requester the results of a medically 35 relevant test of the person." 36 2. By renumbering as necessary.

> By SHOULTZ of Black Hawk BODDICKER of Cedar

H-1559 FILED APRIL 17, 2001 a dopted 4-17-01 (P. 1198)

SENATE FILE 458

AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILDREN'S PROGRAM AND JUVENILE COURT PROVISIONS INVOLVING THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES IN REGARD TO THE POSTER HOME INSURANCE FUND, GROUP CHILD CARE PROVIDERS, JUVENILE DELINQUENCY AND CHILD IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE DISPOSITIONS, PSYCHIATRIC MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS FOR CHILDREN, AND TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS, AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IONA:

DIVISION I

FOSTER HOME INSURANCE FUND

Section 1. Section 237.13, subsection 1, paragraph b, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

b. A guardian appointed on a voluntary petition <u>pursuant</u> to section 232,178, or a voluntary petition of a ward pursuant to section 633,557, or a conservator appointed on a voluntary petition of a ward pursuant to section 633.572, provided the ward has an income that does not exceed one hundred fifty percent of the current federal office of management and budget poverty guidelines and who does not have resources in excess of the criteria for resources under the federal supplemental security income program. However, the ward's ownership of one residence and one vehicle shall not be considered in determining resources.

Sec. 2. Section 237.13, subsection 5, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

5. Except as provided in this section, the fund shall pay, on behalf of a guardian or conservator, the reasonable and necessary legal costs incurred in defending against a suit filed by a ward or the ward's representative and the damages awarded as a result of the suit, so long as it is determined that the guardian or conservator acted in good faith in the performance of their the guardian's or conservator's duties. A payment shall not be made if there is evidence of intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law by the guardian or conservator, including, but not limited to, failure to carry out the <u>applicable</u> responsibilities required under <u>chapter 232 and</u> sections 633.633 through 633.635 and 633.641 through 633.650.

DIVISION II

CHILD CARE PROVIDERS

Sec. 3. Section 237A.3, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

b. Except as provided in subsection 3, a group child care home shall not provide child care to more than eleven children at any one time. If there are more than six children present for a period of two hours or more, the group child care home must have at least one responsible individual who is at least fourteen years of age present to assist the group child care provider in accordance with either of the following conditions:

(1) If the responsible individual is a joint holder of the certificate of registration, not more than four of the children present shall be less-than-twenty-four-months-of-age and-not-more-than-ten-of-the-children-present-shall-be-twenty-four-months-of-age-or-elder-but-not-attending-school-in kindergarten-or-a-higher-grade-level infants. The total number of children present at any one time who are younger than school age, including infants, shall not exceed eleven.

(2) If the responsible individual is not a joint holder of the certificate of registration, but is at least fourteen years of age, not more than four of the children shall be tess than-twenty-four-months-of-age infants and each child in excess of six children shall be attending-school-in kindergarten-or-a-higher-grade-tevel school age.

Sec. 4. Section 237A.3A, subsection 1, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

Senate File 458, p. 3

1. PILOT PROJECT. The department shall implement a pilot project applying the provisions of this section to registered family or group child care homes located in one county of this state. The provisions of this section shall not apply to unregistered family child care homes located in the pilot project county. The county selected for the pilot project shall be a rural county where there is interest among child care providers and consumers in implementing the pilot project. During the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1999, the department shall implement the pilot project in one county in each of the department's regions where there is interest in implementing the pilot project. In addition, the department may implement the pilot project in one other county in each of the department's regions where there is interest in implementing the pilot project. Commencing with the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2001, the department may implement the pilot project in other counties where there is an interest in implementing the pilot project. If a definition in section 237A.1, a provision in section 237A.3, or an administrative rule adopted under this chapter is in conflict with this section, this section and the rules adopted to implement this section shall apply to the pilot project.

DIVISION III JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PROCEEDINGS

Sec. 5. Section 232.21, subsection 4, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

4. A child placed in a shelter care facility under this section shall not be held for a period in excess of fortyeight hours without an oral or written court order authorizing the shelter care. When the action is authorized by an oral court order, the court shall enter a written order before the end of the next day confirming the oral order and indicating the reasons for the order. A child placed in shelter care pursuant to section 232.19, subsection 1, paragraph "d", shall not be held in excess of seventy-two hours in any event. If deemed appropriate by the court, an order authorizing shelter care placement may include a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare and that reasonable efforts as defined in section 232.57 have been made. The inclusion of such a determination shall not under any circumstances be deemed a prerequisite for entering an order pursuant to this section. However, the inclusion of such a finding, supported by the record, may assist the department in obtaining federal funding for the child's placement.

Sec. 6. Section 232.22, Code 2001, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

<u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 1A. If deemed appropriate by the court, an order for placement of a child in detention may include a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare and that reasonable efforts as defined in section 232.57 have been made. The inclusion of such a determination shall not under any circumstances be deemed a prerequisite for entering an order pursuant to this section. However, the inclusion of such a determination, supported by the record, may assist the department in obtaining federal funding for the child's placement.

Sec. 7. Section 232.52, subsection 6, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

When the court orders the transfer of legal custody of a child pursuant to subsection 2, paragraphs <u>paragraph</u> "d", "e", or "f", the order shall state that reasonable efforts <u>as</u> <u>defined in section 232.57</u> have been made to-prevent-or elisinate-the-need-for-removal-of-the-child-from-the-child-s home. If <u>deemed appropriate by the court</u>, the order may <u>include a determination that continuation of the child in the</u> <u>child's home is contrary to the child's welfare. The</u> <u>inclusion of such a determination ghall not under any</u> <u>gircumstances be deemed a prerequisite for entering an order</u> <u>pursuant to this section. However, the inclusion of such a</u> <u>determination</u>, supported by the record, may be used to assist the department in obtaining federal funding for the child's placement.

sec. 8. Section 232.53, subsection 4, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

4. <u>a.</u> Any person supervising but not having custody of the child pursuant to such an order shall file a written report with the court at least every six months concerning the status and progress of the child.

<u>b.</u> Any agency, facility, institution, or person to whom custody of the child has been transferred pursuant to such order shall file a written report with the court at least every six months concerning the status and progress of the child.

c. Any report prepared pursuant to this subsection shall be included in the record considered by the court in a permanency hearing conducted pursuant to section 232.58.

Sec. 9. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 232.57 REASONABLE EFFORTS DEFINED. 1. For the purposes of this division, unless the context otherwise requires, "reasonable efforts" means the efforts made to prevent permanent removal of a child from the child's home and to encourage reunification of the child with the child's parents and family. If a court order includes a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home is not appropriate or not possible, reasonable efforts may include the efforts made in a timely manner to finalize a permanency plan for the child.

2. If the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that aggravated circumstances exist, with written findings of fact based upon evidence in the record, the court may waive the requirement for making reasonable efforts. The existence of aggravated circumstances is indicated by any of the following:

a. The parent has abandoned the child.

b. The court finds the circumstances described in section 232.116, subsection 1, paragraph "h", are applicable to the child. c. The parent's parental rights have been terminated under section 232.116 with respect to another child who is a member of the same family, and there is clear and convincing evidence to show that the offer or receipt of services would not be likely within a reasonable period of time to correct the conditions which led to the child's removal.

d. The parent has been convicted of the murder of another child of the parent.

e. The parent has been convicted of the voluntary manshaughter of another child of the parent.

f. The parent has been convicted of aiding or abetting, attempting, conspiring in, or soliciting the commission of the murder or voluntary manslaughter of another child of the parent.

g. The parent has been convicted of a felony assault which resulted in serious bodily injury of the child or of another child of the parent.

3. Any order entered under this division may include findings regarding reasonable efforts.

Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 232.58 PERMANENCY HEARINGS.

1. If an order entered pursuant to this division for an out-of-home placement of a child includes a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare, the court shall review the child's continued placement by holding a permanency hearing or hearings in accordance with this section. The initial permanency hearing shall be the earlier of the following:

a. For an order for which the court has not waived reasonable efforts requirements, the permanency hearing shall be held within twelve months of the date the child was removed from the home.

b. For an order in a case in which aggravated circumstances exist for which the court has waived reasonable efforts requirements, the permanency hearing shall be held within thirty days of the date the requirements were waived.

Reasonable notice shall be provided of a permanency hearing for an out-of-home placement in which the court order has included a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home is contrary to the child's welfare. A permanency hearing shall be conducted in substantial conformance with the provisions of section 232.99. During the hearing, the court shall consider the child's need for a secure and permanent placement in light of any case permanency plan or evidence submitted to the court. Upon completion of the hearing, the court shall enter written findings identifying a primary permanency goal for the child. If a case permanency plan is in effect at the time of the hearing, the court shall also make a determination as to whether reasonable progress is being made in achieving the permanency goal and in complying with the other provisions of that case permanency plan.

3. After a permanency hearing, the court shall do one of the following:

a. Enter an order pursuant to section 232.52 to return the child to the child's home.

b. Enter an order pursuant to section 232.52 to continue the out-of-home placement of the child for an additional six months at which time the court shall hold a hearing to consider modification of its permanency order. An order entered under this paragraph shall enumerate the specific factors, conditions, or expected behavioral changes which comprise the basis for the determination that the need for removal of the child from the child's home will no longer exist at the end of the additional six-month period.

c. Direct the county attorney or the attorney for the child to institute proceedings to terminate the parent-child relationship.

d. Enter an order, pursuant to findings based upon the existence of the evidence required by subsection 4, to do one of the following:

(1) Transfer guardianship and custody of the child to a

suitable person.
(2) Transfer sole custody of the child from one parent to
another parent.

(3) Transfer custody of the child to a suitable person for the purpose of long-term care.

(4) If the department has documented to the court's satisfaction a compelling reason for determining that an order under the other subparagraphs of this paragraph "d" would not be in the child's best interest, order another planned permanent living arrangement for the child.

 Prior to entering a permanency order pursuant to subsection 3, paragraph "d", clear and convincing evidence must exist showing that all of the following apply:

a. A termination of the parent-child relationship would not be in the best interest of the child.

b. Services were offered to the child's family to correct the situation which led to the child's removal from the home.

c. The child cannot be returned to the child's home.

5. Any permanency order may provide restrictions upon the contact between the child and the child's parent or parents, consistent with the best interest of the child.

6. Subsequent to the entry of a permanency order pursuant to this section, the child shall not be returned to the care, custody, or control of the child's parent or parents, over a formal objection filed by the child's attorney or guardian ad litem, unless the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that returning the child to such custody would be in the best interest of the child.

7. Following an initial permanency hearing and the entry of a permanency order which places a child in the custody or guardianship of another person or agency, the court shall retain jurisdiction and annually review the order to ascertain whether the best interest of the child is being served. When the order places the child in the custody of the department for the purpose of a planned permanent living arrangement, the

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review shall be in a hearing that shall not be waived or continued beyond twelve months after the initial permanency hearing or the last permanency review hearing. Any modification shall be accomplished through a hearing procedure following reasonable notice. During the hearing, all relevant and material evidence shall be admitted and procedural due process shall be provided to all parties.

DIVISION IV

CHILD IN NEED OF ASSISTANCE PROCEEDINGS

Sec. 11. Section 232.73, unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

As used in this section and section in sections 232.77 and 232.78, "medically relevant test" means a test that produces reliable results of exposure to cocaine, heroin, amphetamine, methamphetamine, or other illegal drugs, or combinations or derivatives thereof of the illegal drugs, including a drug urine screen test.

Sec. 12. Section 232.78, subsection 1, paragraph b, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

b. It appears that the child's immediate removal is necessary to avoid imminent danger to the child's life or health. <u>The circumstances or conditions indicating the</u> <u>presence of such imminent danger shall include but are not</u> <u>limited to any of the following:</u>

(1) The refusal or failure of the person responsible for the care of the child to comply with the request of a peace officer, juvenile court officer, or child protection worker for such person to obtain and provide to the requester the results of a physical or mental examination of the child. The request for a physical examination of the child may specify the performance of a medically relevant test.

(2) The refusal or failure of the person responsible for the care of the child or a person present in the person's home to comply with a request of a peace officer, juvenile court officer, or child protection worker for such a person to submit to and provide to the requester the results of a medically relevant test of the person. Sec. 13. Section 232.78, subsection 7, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

 Any order entered under this section authorising temporary removal of a child shall <u>must</u> include both of the following:

a. A statement-that-the-temporary-removal-is-the-result-of a determination made by the court that continuation of the child remaining in the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of the childy-and-that-reasonable-efforts-have-been made-to-prevent-or-eliminate-the-need-for-removal-of-the-child from-the-child's-home. Such a determination must be made on a case-by-case basis. The grounds for the court's determination must be explicitly documented and stated in the order. However, preserving the safety of the child must be the court's paramount consideration. If imminent danger to the child's life or health exists at the time of the court's consideration, the determination shall not be a prerequisite to the removal of the child.

b. A statement informing the child's parent that the consequences of a permanent removal may include termination of the parent's rights with respect to the child.

Sec. 14. Section 232.79, subsection 4, Code 2001, is amended by adding the following new paragraph:

<u>NEW PARAGRAPH</u>. c. If deemed appropriate by the court, upon being informed that there has been an emergency removal or keeping of a child without a court order, the court may enter an order in accordance with section 232.78.

Sec. 15. Section 232.95, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

a. Remove the child from home and place the child in a shelter care facility or in the custody of a suitable person or agency pending a final order of disposition if the court finds that substantial evidence exists to believe that removal is necessary to avoid imminent risk to the child's life or health.

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(1) If removal is ordered, the order-shall court must, in addition, contain-a-statement-that-removal-from-the-home-is the-result-of make a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of the child, and that reasonable efforts, as defined in section 232.102, have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home.

(2) The court's determination regarding continuation of the child in the child's home, and regarding reasonable efforts, including those made to prevent removal and those made to finalise any permanency plan in effect, as well as any determination by the court that reasonable efforts are not required, must be made on a case-by-case basis. The grounds for each determination must be explicitly documented and stated in the court order. However, preserving the safety of the child must be the court's paramount consideration. If imminent danger to the child's life or health exists at the time of the court's consideration, the determinations otherwise required under this paragraph "a" shall not be a prerequisite for an order for removal of the child.

(3) The order shall also include a statement informing the child's parent that the consequences of a permanent removal may include termination of the parent's rights with respect to the child.

Sec. 16. Section 232.96, subsection 10, paragraph a, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

a. A statement-that-the-temporary-removal-is-the-result-of a determination that <u>continuation of</u> the child remaining in the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of the child, and that reasonable efforts, as defined in section 232.102, have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home. <u>The court's</u> <u>determination regarding continuation of the child in the</u> <u>child's home, and regarding reasonable efforts, including</u> <u>those made to prevent removal and those made to finalize any</u> <u>permanency plan in effect, as well as any determination by the</u> court that reasonable efforts are not required, must be made on a case-by-case basis. The grounds for each determination must be explicitly documented and stated in the court order. However, preserving the safety of the child is the paramount consideration. If imminent danger to the child's life or health exists at the time of the court's consideration, the determinations otherwise required under this paragraph shall not be a prerequisite for an order for temporary removal of the child.

Sec. 17. Section 232.102, subsection 5, paragraph b, unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

The-order-shally-in-additiony-contain-a-statement-that removel-from-the-home-is-the-result-of-e-determination-that In order to transfer custody of the child under this subsection, the court must make a determination that continuation of the child in the child's home would be contrary to the welfare of the child, and shall identify the reasonable efforts that have been made. The court's determination regarding continuation of the child in the child's home, and regarding reasonable efforts, including those made to prevent removal and those sade to finalize any permanency plan in effect, as well as any determination by the court that reasonable efforts are not required, must be made on a case-by-case basis. The grounds for each determination must be explicitly documented and stated in the court order. However, preserving the safety of the child is the paramount consideration. If imminent danger to the child's life or health exists at the time of the court's consideration, the determinations otherwise required under this paragraph shall not be a prerequisite for an order for removal of the child,

Sec. 18. Section 232.102, subsection 10, paragraph a, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

As used in this section <u>division</u>, "reasonable efforts" means the efforts made to preserve and unify a family prior to

the out-of-home placement of a child in foster care or to eliminate the need for removal of the child or make it possible for the child to safely return to the family's home. If returning the child to the family's home is not appropriate or not possible, reasonable efforts shall include the efforts made in a timely manner to finalize a permanency plan for the child. A child's health and safety shall be the paramount concern in making reasonable efforts. Reasonable efforts may include intensive family preservation services or familycentered services, if the child's safety in the home can be maintained during the time the services are provided. In determining whether reasonable efforts have been made, the court shall consider both of the following:

Sec. 19. Section 232.102, subsection 12, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

If the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that aggravated circumstances exist, with written findings of fact based upon evidence in the record, the court may waive the requirement for making reasonable efforts. The existence of aggravated circumstances is indicated by any of the following:

Sec. 20. Section 232.103, subsection 3, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

3. A hearing shall be held on a motion to terminate or modify a dispositional order except that a hearing on a motion to terminate an order may be waived upon agreement by all parties. Reasonable notice of the hearing shall be given in the-same-manner-as-for-adjudicatory-hearings-in-cases-of juvenile-delinquency-as-provided-in-section-232x37 to the parties. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 232.50.

Sec. 21. Section 232.104, subsection 1, paragraph c, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

C. Reasonable notice of a permanency hearing in-a-case-of juvenile-delinquency shall be provided pursuent-to-section 292+37 to the parties. A permanency hearing shall be conducted in substantial conformance with the provisions of section 232.99. During the hearing, the court shall consider the child's need for a secure and permanent placement in light of any permanency plan or evidence submitted to the court. Upon completion of the hearing, the court shall enter written findings and make a determination identifying a primary permanency goal for the child. If a permanency plan is in effect at the time of the hearing, the court shall also make a determination as to whether reasonable progress is being made in achieving the permanency goal and <u>complying with the</u> other provisions of that permanency plan.

Sec. 22. Section 232.104, subsection 2, paragraph d, subparagraph (4), Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

(4) Order-long-term-foster-care-placement-for-the-child-in a-licensed-foster-care-home-or-facility. If the department has documented to the court's satisfaction a compelling reason for determining that an order under the other subparagraphs of this paragraph "d" would not be in the child's best interest, order another planned permanent living arrangement for the child.

Sec. 23. REHABILITATIVE TREATMENT SERVICES STAFF REQUIREMENTS.

1. Subject to federal requirements, the department of human services shall act to change the staff qualification requirements for rehabilitative treatment services provided under the medical assistance program that are applicable to those staff providing therapy and counseling services, and psychosocial evaluation and behavioral management services for children in therapeutic foster care. Under the change, such staff who have graduated from an accredited four-year college, institute, or university with a bachelor's degree in social work in a program that is accredited by the council on social work education shall not be required to have full-time experience in social work or experience in the delivery of human services in a public or private area.

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2. If necessary to implement the change required by this section, the department shall submit a plan amendment or otherwise request authorization from the United States health care financing administration. In addition, as necessary to quickly implement the change, the department may adopt emergency rules under section 17A.4, subsection 2, and section 17A.5, aubsection 2, paragraph "b", to implement the provisions of this section and the rules shall be effective immediately upon filing unless a later date is specified in the rules. Any rules adopted in accordance with this section shall also be published as a notice of intended action as provided in section 17A.4.

Sec. 24. EFFECTIVE DATE. Section 23, of this division of this Act, relating to rehabilitative treatment services staff requirements, being deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.

DIVISION V

TERMINATION OF PARENTAL RIGHTS

Sec. 25. Section 232.111, subsection 2, paragraph a, subparagraph (1), Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

(1) The child has been placed in foster care for fifteen months or-more of the most recent twenty-two-month period. The petition shall be filed by the end of the child's fifteenth month of foster care placement.

DIVISION VI NOTICE PROVISIONS

Sec. 26. Section 232.45, subsection 3, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

3. A <u>Reasonable</u> notice that states the time, place, and purpose of the waiver hearing shall be issued-and-served-in the-same-manner-as provided to the persons required to be provided notice for adjudicatory hearings as-provided-in under section 232.37. Summons, subpoenas, and other process may be issued and served in the same manner as for adjudicatory hearings as provided in section 232.37. Sec. 27. Section 232.54, subsection 8, unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

Notice requirements of this section shall be satisfied in the-same-manner-as-for by providing reasonable notice to the persons required to be provided notice for adjudicatory hearings as-provided in under section 232.37, except that notice shall be waived regarding a person who was notified of the adjudicatory hearing and who failed to appear. At a hearing under this section all relevant and material evidence shall be admitted.

Sec. 28. Section 232.88, Code 2001, is amended to read as follows:

232.88 SUMMONS, NOTICE, SUBPOENAS, AND SERVICE.

After a petition has been filed the court shall issue and serve summons, noticey subpoenas, and other process in the same manner as for adjudicatory hearings in cases of juvenile delinquency as provided in section 232.37. In-addition <u>Reasonable notice shall be provided</u> to the persons required to be provided notice under section 232.37, <u>except that notice</u> <u>shall be waived regarding a person who was notified of the</u> <u>adjudicatory hearing and who failed to appear. In addition,</u> <u>reasonable</u> notice for any hearing under this division shall be provided to the agency, facility, institution, or person, including a foster parent, <u>relative</u>, or an <u>other</u> individual providing preadoptive care, with whom a child has been placed. DIVISION VII

PSYCHIATRIC MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS FOR CHILDREN

Sec. 29. CLIENT FINANCIAL PARTICIPATION. The department of human services shall work with private providers of psychiatric medical institution for children (PMIC) services to eliminate or substantially reduce the requirement that PMIC providers must collect client financial participation in the cost of services and during fiscal year 2001-2002 shall submit to the governor and general assembly proposals to achieve this purpose.

Sec. 30. Section 135H.10, Code 2001, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 3. Except for those psychiatric medical institutions for children which are specialized to provide substance abuse treatment, unless expressly authorized in statute, the department of human services shall not include services provided by psychiatric medical institutions for children in any managed care contract.

> MARY E. KRAMER President of the Senate

BRENT SIEGRIST Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that this bill originated in the Senate and is known as Senate File 458, Seventy-ninth General Assembly.

Approved _ 5/16/01 , 2001

MICHAEL E. MARSHALL Secretary of the Senate

THOMAS J. VILSACK Governor

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