SENATE FILE 12 BY MCKEAN

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	
Approved						

A BILL FOR 1 An Act establishing a uniform standard for determination of death. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 144D.1 SHORT TITLE.
- 2 This chapter may be cited as the "Uniform Determination of
- 3 Death Act".
- 4 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 144D.2 DEFINITIONS.
- 5 For purposes of this chapter, except as otherwise provided:
- 6 l. "Accepted medical standards" means the standard of care
- 7 for medical practice.
- 8 2. "Attending physician" means the physician selected by
- 9 or assigned to the individual whose death is at issue, and who
- 10 has primary responsibility for the treatment and care of that
- ll individual.
- 12 3. "Physician" means a physician, surgeon, or osteopathic
- 13 physician or surgeon, licensed or authorized to practice under
- 14 the laws of any state.
- 15 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 144D.3 LEGAL CRITERIA FOR
- 16 DETERMINING DEATH.
- 17 l. Death occurs when an individual has sustained at least
- 18 one of the following conditions:
- 19 a. Irreversible cessation of circulatory and respiratory
- 20 functions.
- 21 b. Irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire
- 22 brain, including the brain stem.
- 23 2. Use of the criteria specified in subsection 1 above
- 24 shall not prohibit the use of other medically recognized
- 25 criteria for determining death, as long as such a
- 26 determination is made in accordance with accepted medical
- 27 standards.
- 28 3. Time of death shall be calculated at the moment of
- 29 cessation of the body functions that were used in determining
- 30 death.
- 31 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 144D.4 RESPONSIBILITY AND
- 32 IMMUNITIES.
- 33 1. A determination of death made under this chapter must
- 34 be made in accordance with accepted medical standards by the
- 35 attending physician, or, if none, the physician who certifies

1 the death.

- 2 2. A physician who makes a good faith determination of
- 3 death according to this chapter shall not be liable for
- 4 damages in any civil action or subject to prosecution in any
- 5 criminal proceeding for making such a determination. Any
- 6 person, institution, or facility that relies in good faith on
- 7 such a determination of death shall not be liable for damages
- 8 in any civil action or subject to prosecution in any criminal
- 9 proceeding for any action taken in reliance upon such a
- 10 determination.
- 11 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 144D.5 APPLICATION AND
- 12 CONSTRUCTION.
- 13 1. Section 144D.3 shall be utilized for all legal purposes
- 14 where determination of death is an issue.
- 15 2. This chapter shall be applied and construed to
- 16 effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with
- 17 respect to the subject of this chapter among the states
- 18 enacting the uniform determination of death Act.
- 19 Sec. 6. Section 702.8, Code 1999, is amended by striking
- 20 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 21 702.8 DEATH.
- 22 "Death" means the condition determined according to the
- 23 provisions of chapter 144D. Time of death is calculated
- 24 according to the provisions of chapter 144D.
- 25 EXPLANATION
- 26 This bill adopts the criteria for determining death that
- 27 are set forth in the "Uniform Declaration of Death Act"
- 28 (Uniform Act), drafted by the national conference of
- 29 commissioners on uniform state laws. In addition, the bill
- 30 contains other provisions to make the content and structure of
- 31 the Uniform Act consistent with sections of the Iowa Code that
- 32 will rely upon this chapter.
- 33 The Uniform Act codifies the traditional common law concept
- 34 of death, which includes cessation of heart and lung
- 35 functions. In addition, the Uniform Act provides for an

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1 alternative means of determining death, according to the
2 cessation of all brain activity, including activity in the
3 brain stem.

Iowa has utilized such alternative criteria for determining 5 death under its criminal statutes, but has not addressed the 6 legal criteria for determining when death has occurred beyond 7 circumstances with criminal implications. This bill strikes 8 that criminal law definition and, in an expansion of the 9 Uniform Act provisions, expressly makes the legal criteria for 10 determining death set forth in Code section 144D.3 applicable 11 to all situations where determination of death is at issue. 12 This bill also utilizes such criteria in determining the time 13 of death, thereby continuing to address this issue as provided 14 in the criminal law definition of death in Code section 702.8. The bill also provides that these criteria are not 16 exclusive in determining death, allowing for the exercise of 17 medical discretion, in recognition of the fact that other 18 medical criteria may be appropriately used now, or also in the 19 future as medical knowledge and technology continue to 20 advance. This provision goes beyond the Uniform Act, but 21 recognizes medical standards of care which set forth 22 additional criteria for consideration in determining death. 23 Subsection 2 of Code section 144D.3 also is similar to the law

23 Subsection 2 of Code section 144D.3 also is similar to the law
24 of other states that utilize the brain death criteria of the
25 Uniform Act.
26 Further, this bill defines certain terms, provides who may

Further, this bill defines certain terms, provides who may make a determination of death under this statute, and furnishes immunities for those persons acting in reliance upon this statute. These provisions are not within the Uniform Act, but are similar to provisions which have been added to the Uniform Act by other states, and are similar to provisions in other Iowa statutes, such as the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act for organ donation and the Life-sustaining Procedures Act.