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FILED FEB 17 1958

BUSINESS & LABOR

SENATE FILE **2230** BY DEARDEN, FRAISE, VILSACK, HORN, GETTINGS, PALMER, and GRONSTAL

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date	_
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	_
	Ag	oproved			_	

A BILL FOR

An Act to provide for payment of prevailing wage rates on public
 construction projects and to provide enforcement through the
 labor commissioner and providing penalties.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 90.1 PREVAILING WAGE RATE ACT.
 This chapter shall be known as the "Prevailing Wage Rate
 Act".

4 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 90.2 DEFINITIONS.

5 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 6 requires:

7 1. "Contract for a public improvement" means a contract 8 for the construction, alteration, repair, or remodeling, 9 including painting and decorating, of a public building or 10 structure or other public improvement of any type located in 11 whole or in part in a city over twenty thousand in population 12 or located in whole or in part in an unincorporated area of a 13 county over twenty thousand in population and to which a 14 governmental body is a party, but does not mean a contract for 15 the construction, alteration, or repair of a farm-to-market 16 road, as defined in section 306.3, to which a governmental 17 body is a party.

18 2. "Contracting party" means contractor or subcontractor 19 party to a contract for a public improvement.

3. "Governmental body" means the state of Iowa, an agency21 or department of the state, or the state board of regents.

4. "Prevailing wage rates" means wage rates for mechanics and skilled and unskilled laborers, who perform work pursuant to a contract for a public improvement, as determined by the labor commissioner under section 90.6.

26 5. "Wages" or "wage rates" means all of the following:27 a. The basic hourly rate of pay.

28 b. The amount of all of the following:

(1) The rate of contribution irrevocably made by a
30 contractor or subcontractor to a trustee or to a third person
31 pursuant to a fund, plan, or program.

32 (2) The rate of costs to the contractor or subcontractor 33 which may be reasonably anticipated in providing benefits to 34 laborers and mechanics pursuant to an enforceable commitment 35 to carry out a financially responsible plan or program which

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1 was communicated in writing to the laborers and mechanics 2 affected, for medical or hospital care, pensions on retirement 3 or death, compensation for injuries or illness resulting from 4 occupational activity, or insurance to provide any of the 5 foregoing, for unemployment benefits, life insurance, 6 disability and sickness insurance or accident insurance, for 7 vacation and holiday pay, for defraying costs of 8 apprenticeship or other similar programs, or for other bona 9 fide fringe benefits, but only where the contractor or 10 subcontractor is not required by other federal, state, or 11 local law to provide such benefits.

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12 Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 90.3 SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONTRACT.
13 All specifications for a contract for a public improvement
14 in excess of two thousand dollars and a contract for a public
15 improvement in excess of two thousand dollars shall contain
16 provisions that do all of the following:

17 1. Require the contracting party to pay the mechanics and 18 laborers it employs to perform work on the project under the 19 contract for a public improvement not less than the prevailing 20 wage rates.

21 2. Require the contracting party to pay its mechanics and 22 laborers no less frequently than once a week and without 23 subsequent deduction or rebate on any account, the full 24 amounts accrued at the time of payment, computed at wage rates 25 not less than the prevailing wage rates, regardless of any 26 contractual relationship alleged to exist between the 27 contracting party and its mechanics and laborers.

3. Require the contracting party to post the prevailing wage rates in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site of work under the contract for a public improvement. 4. Require the contracting party to maintain records of the wages paid to its mechanics and laborers employed to perform work under the contract in such form as may be determined necessary by the labor commissioner.

5. Permit the governmental body to inspect the records

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1 required to be maintained by the contracting party under this
2 section at all reasonable times and places upon demand by the
3 governmental body.

6. a. Permit the governmental body to withhold from the 5 contracting party so much of accrued payments under the 6 contract as the governmental body deems necessary to pay the 7 mechanics and laborers employed by the contracting party to 8 perform work under the contract the difference between the 9 prevailing wage rates and the wages paid to them by the 10 contracting party.

b. Allow the governmental body, upon not less than seven days written notice to the contracting party, to terminate the sontract, in the event the governmental body determines the event the governmental body determines the determines the sontracting party has failed or is failing to perform any of bits duties under this section, and permit the governmental body to institute an action in the district court for damages reasonably related to the termination of the contract. <u>Sec. 4. NEW SECTION.</u> 90.4 GOVERNMENTAL BODY POWERS AND DUTIES.

20 1. In addition to any other duties imposed by law 21 concerning the letting of a bid for, entering into, and 22 performing a contract for a public improvement, a governmental 23 body shall do all of the following:

a. Ascertain the prevailing wage rates for any contract25 for a public improvement.

b. Comply with the provisions of section 90.3 in the
letting of bids for a contract for a public improvement.
c. Refrain from entering into a contract for a public
improvement which fails to contain the provisions set out in
section 90.3.

31 d. Take all actions reasonably necessary to ensure the 32 contracting party is in compliance with the terms and 33 conditions of a contract for a public improvement, including 34 inspecting the records maintained by the contracting party 35 pursuant to a contract under section 90.3 and pursuant to

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1 section 90.5 and investigating complaints by any person that 2 the contracting party is not in compliance with the terms and 3 conditions of the contract for a public improvement.

e. Refrain from entering into a contract for a public
5 improvement with a contracting party which has been found to
6 be in violation of a contract for a public improvement as
7 determined by the labor commissioner.

8 f. Report to the labor commissioner, in such form and 9 manner as the labor commissioner determines, a violation of 10 the provisions of this chapter by any contracting party which 11 is a party to a contract for a public improvement with the 12 governmental body.

13 2. A governmental body may do either of the following:
14 a. Require the contracting party to post a bond as deemed
15 necessary by the governmental body to provide for the payment
16 of the prevailing wage rates.

b. Take any action to enforce the terms and provisions ofa contract for a public improvement.

90.5 DUTIES OF CONTRACTING PARTY. Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 19 20 1. A contracting party shall do all of the following: 21 a. At the time of submitting a bid for a contract for a 22 public improvement, state to the governmental body the 23 identity of all other persons, partnerships, corporations or 24 other entities to which it is subcontracting any portion of 25 the work to be performed under a contract for a public 26 improvement. No work under a contract for a public 27 improvement shall be performed by any persons, partnerships, 28 corporations, or other entities other than those stated to the 29 governmental body in the contracting party's bid proposal, 30 except in the event of exigent circumstances which require the 31 substitution of a subcontractor, and which substitution has 32 been approved in writing by the governmental body and by the 33 labor commissioner.

34 b. Comply with the terms of the contract for a public 35 improvement required by section 90.3.

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1 c. Maintain and provide to the governmental body records 2 showing payment of the prevailing wage rates to its mechanics 3 and skilled and unskilled laborers under the contract for a 4 public improvement in such form and manner as the labor 5 commissioner shall determine.

6 2. A contracting party shall not attempt, either directly
7 or indirectly, to avoid the requirements of this chapter.
8 Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 90.6 LABOR COMMISSIONER DUTIES.
9 The labor commissioner shall have the following duties and
10 powers:

11 1. The labor commissioner shall adopt rules, at least 12 annually, which establish the wage rates for mechanics and 13 laborers of the type customarily employed to perform work 14 under a contract for a public improvement, which prevail in 15 each county and in each city over twenty thousand in 16 population in the state among workers performing work similar 17 in character to that performed on projects under contracts for 18 a public improvement. The wage rates so determined for each 19 county and city by the labor commissioner shall be the 20 prevailing wage rates for work to be performed by a 21 contracting party under a contract for a public improvement 22 within that county or city.

2. In determining and establishing the prevailing wage 23 24 rates for each county and city, the labor commissioner shall 25 consider prevailing wage rate data established by the United 26 States secretary of labor pursuant to 40 U.S.C. §§ 276a to 27 276a-7, wage rates for mechanics and skilled and unskilled 28 laborers for work performed within the county or city provided 29 for in bona fide collective bargaining agreements, and any 30 other reliable and relevant information concerning wages. If 31 the labor commissioner reasonably deems it necessary, the 32 labor commissioner may conduct surveys within the county or 33 city to acquire information regarding wages paid. 34 3. The labor commissioner shall publish annually all 35 prevailing wage rates determined and established pursuant to

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1 rules adopted under subsection 1.

4. Upon request by a governmental body the labor
3 commissioner shall determine the prevailing wage rates
4 applicable to work to be performed pursuant to a contract for
5 a public improvement. The labor commissioner shall provide by
6 rule an expedited procedure for resolution of disputes
7 concerning the applicable prevailing wage rate for work to be
8 performed pursuant to a contract for a public improvement.
9 Such a dispute shall not be a contested case under chapter
10 17A.

11 5. The labor commissioner shall by rule provide that if 12 work pursuant to a contract for a public improvement is to be 13 performed in more than a single county or a single city, the 14 highest prevailing wage rates applicable shall apply to all 15 work performed pursuant to the contract for a public 16 improvement.

6. The labor commissioner shall adopt rules providing for 17 18 the maintenance of wage records and the reports required by 19 section 90.3, subsection 4, and section 90.5, subsection 1, 20 paragraph "c". At a minimum, the records required by section 21 90.3, subsection 4, shall contain the name, address, and 22 social security number of each mechanic and laborer, the 23 number of hours worked each day, and the gross wages paid each 24 day. At a minimum, the reports required by section 90.5, 25 subsection 1, paragraph "c", to be submitted to the 26 governmental body shall contain the same information as 27 contained in the records required under section 90.3, 28 subsection 4, and shall be submitted at least once a week. 29 The reports submitted to the governmental body as required by 30 section 90.5, subsection 1, paragraph "c", shall be public 31 records under chapter 22, and shall not be exempt under 32 chapter 22.

33 7. The labor commissioner may enter upon the premises of 34 any work site where work is being performed pursuant to a 35 contract for a public improvement at any reasonable time and

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1 may interview any mechanic or skilled or unskilled laborer for 2 the purposes of determining whether the contracting party is 3 complying with the provisions of this chapter. No worker 4 shall be discharged or otherwise disciplined or discriminated 5 against by the contracting party for providing information to 6 the labor commissioner in such an interview. Any worker 7 discharged, disciplined, or otherwise discriminated against by 8 the contracting party for providing information to the labor 9 commissioner in such an interview shall have a right of action 10 for reinstatement, back pay, and such other equitable relief 11 as may be appropriate in the district court.

8. The labor commissioner shall maintain and publish, at
 least semiannually, a listing of all contracting parties which
 have been found by a governmental body, the labor
 commissioner, or a court to have violated this chapter.
 9. The labor commissioner shall adopt, pursuant to chapter
 17 17A, rules and regulations necessary to perform duties or
 exercise powers under this chapter.

19 Sec. 7. NEW SECTION. 90.7 REMEDIES.

In addition to any remedies otherwise available under law, the following remedies for violation of any provisions of this chapter shall be available:

1. A mechanic or laborer, who performed work pursuant to a contract for a public improvement but to whom the contracting party failed to pay the applicable prevailing wage rates, may maintain an action in the district court to recover the difference between the applicable prevailing wage rates and the wages the worker received from the contracting party. The provisions of chapter 91A shall apply to the action. However, the labor commissioner may institute an action for the collection of unpaid wages on behalf of all employees affected by the actions of the same contracting party on the same applied by the actions of the same contracting party on the same from any of the affected employees. The fact that the same contract the payment of wages less

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1 than the applicable prevailing wage rate does not relieve the 2 contracting party from liability.

2. The labor commissioner may maintain an action in 4 district court against a contracting party for a knowing and 5 intentional failure to pay the prevailing wage rates. The 6 district court shall provide for a penalty against the 7 contracting party of five hundred dollars per day for each day 8 it finds the contracting party has failed to pay the required 9 prevailing wage rates.

10 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 90.8 PENALTY.

11 Violation of any provisions of this chapter by a 12 contracting party or its representative or by a representative 13 or employee of a governmental body is a serious misdemeanor. 90.9 FEDERAL FUND PROJECTS. 14 NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to any 15 16 contract for a public improvement which is funded in whole or 17 in part by federal funds and to which the provisions of 40 18 U.S.C. §§ 276a to 276a-7 apply to all portions of the work to 19 be performed under the contract for a public improvement. EXPLANATION 20

This bill incorporates the substantive portions of the federal Davis-Bacon Act, commonly known as the prevailing wage law, into the Code.

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