4/28/97 W. d mean 4/28/97 amane/Do Bass W/ 4/28/97 amane/Do Bass W/ H.

# REPRINTED

APR 2 8 1997 **APPROPRIATIONS** 

HOUSE FILE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS ΒY

			(SUCC	CESSOR TO	HSB	211)	
	(p. 1674) House, Date <u>4</u>	1.81		Senate,	564)		0 0 -
Passed	House, Date 4	128197					9-97
Vote:	Ayes <u>98</u> Na	ys <u>0</u>	Vote:	Ayes _	+9_1	Nays _	_/
	Approved	Ma	4261	1997		• • •	

# A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to the criminal and civil justice system by providing for the imposition of a civil penalty for certain 2 motor vehicle license convictions, for the appropriation and 3 distribution of the penalties collected, and for the 4 imposition and payment of fees for probation and parole, and 5 concerning inmate employment in private industry. 6 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

1 Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321.218A CIVIL PENALTY --2 DISPOSITION -- REINSTATEMENT.

н.г. <u>134</u>

S.F.

3 When the department receives a record of a person's 4 conviction for a violation of section 321.218, the department 5 shall assess the person a civil penalty of two hundred 6 dollars. The money collected by the department under this 7 section shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who 8 shall deposit the money in the general fund of the state. A 9 temporary restricted license shall not be issued or a motor 10 vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege reinstated 11 until the civil penalty has been paid.

REPRINTED

12 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321.561A CIVIL PENALTY --13 DISPOSITION -- REINSTATEMENT.

14 When the department receives a record of a person's 15 conviction for a violation of section 321.561, the department 16 shall assess the person a civil penalty of two hundred 17 dollars. The money collected by the department under this 18 section shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who 19 shall deposit the money in the general fund of the state. A 20 temporary restricted license shall not be issued or a motor 21 vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege reinstated 22 until the civil penalty has been paid.

23 Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321A.32A CIVIL PENALTY --24 DISPOSITION -- REINSTATEMENT.

When the department receives a record of a person's conviction for a violation of section 321A.32, subsection 1, the department shall assess the person a civil penalty of two hundred dollars. The money collected by the department under this section shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who shall deposit the money in the general fund of the state. A temporary restricted license shall not be issued or a motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege reinstated a until the civil penalty has been paid.

34 Sec. 4. Section 904.108, subsection 7, Code 1997, is 35 amended to read as follows:

-1-

1 7. The director may charge an inmate a correctional fee 2 for custodial expenses incurred or which may be incurred while 3 the inmate is in the custody of the department. The custodial 4 expenses may include, but are not limited to, board and room, 5 medical and dental fees, education costs, clothing costs, and 6 the costs of supervision, services, and treatment to the 7 inmate. The correctional fee shall not exceed the actual cost 8 of keeping the inmate in custody. The correctional fees shall 9 be-assessed-as-court-costs-and-any-correctional-fees collected 10 pursuant to this subsection shall be credited to-the-generat 11 fund-of-the-state---The-correctional-fees-shall-be-collected 12 as-other-court-costs-pursuant-to-section-602-8107 as a 13 reimbursement to the appropriate correctional institution. 14 This subsection does not limit the right of the director to 15 obtain any other remedy authorized by law.

S.F.

н.г. <u>734</u>

16 Sec. 5. Section 904.809, Code 1997, is amended by adding 17 the following new subsection:

18 <u>NEW SUBSECTION.</u> 5. An inmate of a correctional 19 institution employed pursuant to this section shall surrender 20 to the department of corrections the inmate's total earnings 21 less deductions for federal, state, and local taxes, and any 22 other payroll deductions required by law. The department of 23 corrections shall deduct twenty percent of the balance to be 24 credited to the inmate's general account. The department 25 shall then deduct from the earnings remaining as follows: 26 a. The department shall first deduct the following amounts 27 in the following order of priority.

(1) An amount the inmate may be legally obligated to pay of for the support of the inmate's dependents, the amount of which shall be paid to the dependents through the department of human services located in the county or city in which the dependents reside.

33 (2) Restitution as ordered by the court pursuant to34 chapter 910.

35 (3) Five percent of the balance to the victim compensation

-2-

s.f. \_\_\_\_\_ H.f. <u>734</u>

1 fund created in section 912.14.

2 (4) An amount the inmate is legally obligated to pay for3 any other financial obligation.

4 (5) An amount determined to be the cost to the department
5 of corrections for providing for the incarceration of the
6 inmate.

7 b. Of the balance remaining after deductions and payments 8 required pursuant to paragraph "a", the department shall 9 deposit in the Iowa state industries revolving fund created in 10 section 904.813, an amount equal to the costs incurred by the 11 fund related to the inmate's employment pursuant to this 12 section. Any balance remaining after the deductions and 13 payments required by this subsection shall be credited to the 14 inmate's general account.

15 Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 905.14 FEES FOR PROBATION AND 16 PAROLE.

17 1. A person placed on probation or parole and subject to 18 supervision by a district department shall be required to pay 19 an enrollment fee to the district department to offset the 20 costs of supervision. The fee shall be based on the offense 21 class of the most serious offense for which the person has 22 received probation or parole, including deferred judgments or 23 deferred sentences, and shall be as follows:

24 a. For a felony, one hundred fifty dollars.

25 b. For an aggravated misdemeanor, one hundred twenty-five 26 dollars.

27 c. For a serious or simple misdemeanor, one hundred28 dollars.

29 2. The fees established pursuant to this section shall not 30 be waived by the sentencing court. Each district department 31 shall retain fees collected for administrative and program 32 services.

33 3. The department of corrections may adopt rules for the 34 administration of this section. If adopted, the rules shall 35 include a provision for waiving the collection of fees for

-3-

1 persons determined to be unable to pay.

2 Sec. 7. Section 906.15, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1997, 3 is amended to read as follows:

s.f. \_\_\_\_\_ H.f. 734

Unless sooner discharged, a person released on parole shall 4 5 be discharged when the person's term of parole equals the 6 period of imprisonment specified in the person's sentence, 7 less all time served in confinement. If the fees required to 8 be paid under section 905.14 are not waived by the judicial 9 district department of correctional services and are not paid 10 in full, a record of the amount unpaid shall be perfected and 11 constitute a lien in the same manner as a judgment for an 12 unpaid fine which has been filed with the clerk becomes a lien 13 under section 909.6. Discharge from parole may be granted 14 prior to such that time, when an early discharge is 15 appropriate. The board shall periodically review all paroles, 16 and when the board determines that any a person on parole is 17 able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a law-abiding 18 citizen without further supervision, the board shall discharge 19 the person from parole. A parole officer shall periodically 20 review all paroles assigned to the parole officer, and when 21 the parole officer determines that any person assigned to the 22 officer is able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a 23 law-abiding citizen without further supervision, the officer 24 may discharge the person from parole after notification and 25 approval of the district director and notification of the 26 board of parole. In any event, discharge from parole shall 27 terminate the person's sentence. However, a person convicted 28 of a violation of section 709.3, 709.4 or 709.8 committed on 29 or with a child shall not be discharged from parole until the 30 person's term of parole equals the period of imprisonment 31 specified in the person's sentence, less all time served in 32 confinement.

Sec. 8. Section 907.3, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 33 34 1, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows: 35

With the consent of the defendant, the court may defer

-4-

S.F. \_\_\_\_\_ H.F. \_734

1 judgment and may place the defendant on probation upon such 2 conditions as it may require. Upon a showing that the 3 defendant is not cooperating with the program of probation or 4 is not responding to it, the court may withdraw the defendant 5 from the program, pronounce judgment, and impose any sentence 6 authorized by law. Before taking such action, the court shall 7 give the defendant an opportunity to be heard on any matter 8 relevant to the proposed action. Upon fulfillment of the 9 conditions of probation and the payment of fees imposed and 10 not waived by the judicial district department of correctional 11 services under section 905.14, the defendant shall be 12 discharged without entry of judgment. Upon violation of the 13 conditions of probation, the court may proceed as provided in 14 chapter 908.

15 Sec. 9. Section 907.3, subsection 3, Code 1997, is amended 16 to read as follows:

3. By record entry at the time of or after sentencing, the 17 18 court may suspend the sentence and place the defendant on 19 probation upon such terms and conditions as it may require 20 including commitment to an alternate jail facility or a 21 community correctional residential treatment facility for a 22 specific number of days to be followed by a term of probation 23 as specified in section 907.7, or commitment of the defendant 24 to the judicial district department of correctional services 25 for supervision or services under section 901B.1 at the level 26 of sanctions which the district department determines to be 27 appropriate and the payment of fees imposed under section 28 905.14. A person so committed who has probation revoked shall 29 be given credit for such time served. However, the court 30 shall not suspend the minimum term of two days imposed 31 pursuant to section 708.2A, subsection 6, paragraph "a", or a 32 sentence imposed under section 708.2A, subsection 6, paragraph 33 "b", and the court shall not suspend a sentence imposed 34 pursuant to section 236.8 or 236.14 for contempt. 35 Sec. 10. Section 907.7, unnumbered paragraphs 1 and 2,

-5-



1 Code 1997, are amended to read as follows:

The length of the probation shall be for such a term as the 2 3 court may fix but not to exceed five years if the offense is a 4 felony or not to exceed two years if the offense is a 5 misdemeanor. If the fees required to be paid under section 6 905.14 are not waived by the judicial district department of 7 correctional services and are not paid in full, a record of 8 the amount unpaid shall be perfected and constitute a lien in 9 the same manner as a judgment for an unpaid fine which has 10 been filed with the clerk becomes a lien under section 909.6. The length of the probation shall not be less than one year 11 12 if the offense is a misdemeanor and shall not be less than two 13 years if the offense is a felony. However, the court may 14 subsequently reduce the length of the probation if the court 15 determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled 16 and the fees imposed under section 905.14 have been paid to or 17 waived by the judicial district department of correctional 18 services. The purposes of probation are to provide maximum 19 opportunity for the rehabilitation of the defendant and to 20 protect the community from further offenses by the defendant 21 and others.

S.F. \_\_\_\_\_ H.F. 734

22 Sec. 11. Section 907.9, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1997, 23 is amended to read as follows:

At any time that the court determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled and the fees imposed under section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district department of correctional services, the court may order the discharge of a person from probation. At any time that a probation officer determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled and the fees imposed under section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district department of correctional services, the officer may order the discharge of a person from probation after approval of the district director, and notification of the sentencing court and county attorney who prosecuted the case. The

-6-

s.f. \_\_\_\_\_ H.f. \_\_\_\_\_

1 sentencing judge, unless the judge is no longer serving or is 2 otherwise unable to, may order a hearing on its own motion, or 3 shall order a hearing upon the request of the county attorney, 4 for review of such discharge. If the sentencing judge is no 5 longer serving or unable to order such hearing, the chief 6 judge of the district or the chief judge's designee shall 7 order any hearing pursuant to this section. Following the 8 hearing, the court shall approve or rescind such discharge. 9 If a hearing is not ordered within thirty days after 10 notification by the probation officer, the person shall be 11 discharged and the probation officer shall notify the state 12 court administrator of such discharge. At the expiration of 13 the period of probation, in cases where the court fixes the 14 term of probation and if the fees imposed under section 905.14 15 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district 16 department of correctional services, the court shall order the 17 discharge of the person from probation, and the court shall 18 forward to the governor a recommendation for or against 19 restoration of citizenship rights to that person. A person 20 who has been discharged from probation shall no longer be held 21 to answer for the person's offense. Upon discharge from 22 probation, if judgment has been deferred under section 907.3, 23 the court's criminal record with reference to the deferred 24 judgment shall be expunded. The record maintained by the 25 state court administrator as required by section 907.4 shall 26 not be expunded. The court's record shall not be expunded in 27 any other circumstances.

28 Sec. 12. MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE REINSTATEMENT PENALTY --29 APPROPRIATION AND DISTRIBUTION.

30 1. Notwithstanding the deposit provisions of sections 31 321.218A, 321.561A, and 321A.32A, moneys collected during the 32 fiscal year beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1998, 33 by the state department of transportation pursuant to those 34 sections are appropriated to the department of human services 35 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June

-7-

1 30, 1998, and shall be allocated as follows:

a. The first \$1,000,000 shall be used for the
3 establishment, improvement, operation, and maintenance of
4 county or multicounty juvenile detention homes. Funds
5 allocated in this paragraph shall be prorated among eligible
6 detention homes.

b. Moneys in excess of \$1,000,000 shall be allocated to 8 the judicial department for distribution to the judicial 9 districts as determined by the state court administrator to be 10 used by the judicial districts pursuant to recommendations of 11 the planning group for court-ordered services for juveniles 12 provided in each judicial district which were established 13 pursuant to 1991 Iowa Acts, chapter 267, section 119. Moneys 14 allocated and distributed pursuant to this paragraph shall be 15 used for the improvement, expansion, construction, and 16 operation of runaway assessment facilities, runaway assessment 17 services, and juvenile delinquency prevention and intervention 18 services.

19 2. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys appropriated in 20 this section which remain unobligated or unexpended at the 21 close of the fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund 22 of the state but shall remain available only for the purposes 23 designated in this section in the succeeding fiscal year. 24 EXPLANATION

The bill imposes a \$200 civil penalty on a person who has been convicted of certain offenses involved with operating a rotor vehicle without proper authority. The bill requires that moneys collected by the state department of transportation pursuant to this penalty be deposited in the general fund of the state. The bill further provides, however, that the moneys shall not be deposited in the general fund but shall be appropriated, during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1997, to the department of human services. The bill specifies that the first \$1,000,000 collected shall be used for county or multicounty juvenile detention homes.

-8-

s.f. \_\_\_\_\_ H.f. \_\_\_\_\_\_

1 Moneys collected beyond \$1,000,000 shall be allocated to the 2 judicial department to be used in the judicial districts for 3 runaway assessment facilities and services and juvenile 4 delinguency prevention and intervention services.

5 The bill provides that a correctional fee assessed an 6 inmate for custodial expenses incurred shall be credited to 7 the appropriate correctional institution and deletes the 8 current provision providing that it shall be assessed as court 9 costs and credited to the general fund of the state.

10 The bill also establishes a supervision fee to be assessed 11 a person placed on probation or parole and who is subject to 12 supervision by a judicial district department of correctional 13 services. The fees collected shall be credited to the 14 judicial district department of correctional services. The 15 bill requires that the department of corrections adopt a rule 16 providing for waiver of the fee for persons unable to pay. 17 The bill also establishes that the fees be paid or waived 18 prior to probation and provides that any amounts unpaid 19 constitute a lien in the same manner as an unpaid fine becomes 20 a lien under Code section 909.6.

21 The bill also establishes a procedure for allocating moneys
22 received by an inmate while employed in private industry and
23 specifies the allocation of any moneys received.

24						
25						
26						
27						
28					a Alina Maria	
29						
30						
31						
32						
33						
34 25						
35						

LSB 1378HV 77 ec/jj/8

-9-



## HOUSE FILE 734 FISCAL NOTE

The estimate for House File 734 is hereby submitted as a fiscal note pursuant to Joint Rule 17 and as a correctional impact statement pursuant to Section 2.56, <u>Code of Iowa</u>. Data used in developing this fiscal note and correctional impact statement are available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

House File 734, as amended by the Senate Ways and Means Committee, creates a civil penalty for reinstatement of drivers licenses, the funding mechanism for the Pay-For-Stay Program for prisons and community-based corrections, and creates Prison Recycling Funds at each institution.

#### ASSUMPTIONS

- 1. The Department of Transportation reports that in FY 1996 there were approximately 35,000 driver licenses revoked, suspended, or barred under Chapters 321 and 321A, <u>Code of Iowa</u>. Approximately 50.0% of the offenders assessed a \$200 penalty for alcohol related driving offenses pay the penalty. The same collection rate will be applied to this civil penalty.
- 2. Of the 17,500 who pay the penalty, 1,600 will be age 19 and under and 15,900 will be age 20 and over. Those 19 and under will pay a \$50 penalty, and those age 20 and over will pay the \$200 penalty.
- 3. The prisons will collect \$5.00 per month from inmates employed in prison jobs as a result of the Pay-for-Stay Program.
- 4. The Department of Corrections projects that prisons will receive 35.0% of the take-home pay of the inmates employed by private sector companies. Inmate jobs will pay \$5.00 per hour. Inmates will work a total of 292,000 hours in private sector jobs in FY 1998.
- 5. The Department of Corrections projects that the probation and parole enrollment fees will generate \$469,000 for the Community-Based Corrections District Departments.

#### FISCAL IMPACT

The driver license reinstatement civil penalty will generate \$3.3 million annually. The first \$1.0 million will be used for the establishment, improvement, operation, and maintenance of county or multicounty juvenile detention homes. The remaining funds will be used for court-ordered services for juveniles.

The Pay-for-Stay Program is projected to generate \$469,000 for the Community-Based Corrections District Departments and \$813,000 for the prisons in FY 1998.

Creation of the Prison Recycling Funds will be an administrative procedure and will not have a significant fiscal impact.



SENATE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 30, 1997

-2-

PAGE 2 , FISCAL NOTE, HOUSE FILE 734

# SOURCE

Department of Transportation Department of Corrections

# (LSB 1378HV.2, MDF)

FILED APRIL 29, 1997

BY DENNIS PROUTY, FISCAL DIRECTOR

# HOUSE FILE 734 FISCAL NOTE

The estimate for House File 734 is hereby submitted as a fiscal note pursuant to Joint Rule 17 and as a correctional impact statement pursuant to Section 2.56, Code of Iowa. Data used in developing this fiscal note and correctional impact statement are available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

House File 734 creates a \$200 civil penalty for reinstatement of drivers licenses and the funding mechanism for the Pay-For-Stay Program for prisons and community-based corrections.

# ASSUMPTIONS

- The Department of Transportation reports there were approximately 10,000 1. driver license reinstatements in FY 1994 and 9,000 in FY 1996. It is assumed there will be 9,500 reinstatements annually.
- 2. The prisons will collect \$5.00 per month from inmates employed in prison jobs as a result of the Pay-for-Stay Program.
- The Department of Corrections projects that prisons will receive 35.0% of 3. the take-home pay of the inmates employed by private sector companies. Inmate jobs will pay \$5.00 per hour. Inmates will work a total of 292,000 hours in private sector jobs in FY 1998.
- 4. The Department of Corrections projects that the probation and parole enrollment fees will generate \$469,000 for the Community-Based Corrections District Departments.

# FISCAL IMPACT

The driver license reinstatement civil penalty will generate \$1.9 million annually. The first \$1.0 million will be used for the establishment, improvement, operation, and maintenance of county or multicounty juvenile The remaining \$900,000 will be used for court-ordered detention homes. services for juveniles.

The Pay-for-Stay Program is projected to generate \$469,000 for the Community-Based Corrections District Departments and \$813,000 for the prisons in FY 1998.

## SOURCE

Department of Transportation Department of Corrections

(LSB 1378hv, MDF)

FILED APRIL 28, 1997

BY DENNIS PROUTY, FISCAL DIRECTOR







### HOUSE FILE 734

H-1966 1 Amend House File 734 as follows: 2 1. Page 1, by striking lines 3 through 4 and 3 inserting the following: "When the department 4 suspends, revokes, or bars a person's motor vehicle 5 license or nonresident operating privilege under this 6 chapter, the department". 7 2. Page 1, by striking lines 12 through 22. Page 1, by striking lines 25 through 26 and 8 3. 9 inserting the following: "When the department 10 suspends, revokes, or bars a person's motor vehicle 11 license or nonresident operating privilege under this 12 chapter,". 13 4. Page 2, by striking lines 31 through 32 and 14 inserting the following: "of human services 15 collection services center." 16 5. Page 7, line 31, by striking the figure ", 17 321.561A,". 18 6. Page 8, by striking line 8 and inserting the 19 following: "the judicial". 7. Title page, line 3, by striking the word 20 21 "convictions" and inserting the following: 22 "suspensions, revocations, or bars". 23 8. By renumbering as necessary. By COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS MILLAGE of Scott, Chairperson H-1966 FILED APRIL 28, 1997 ADOPTED (P.1674) HOUSE FILE 734 H-1967 1 Amend House File 734 as follows:

 Amend House File 734 as follows:
 1. Page 4, by striking lines 2 through 32.
 3. Page 6, by striking lines 5 through 10 and
 4 inserting the following: "misdemeanor."
 5. By renumbering as necessary. By KREIMAN of Davis

SUKUP of Franklin

H-1967 FILED APRIL 28, 1997 ADQPTED



( p. 1674)



4.29-97 Emand / Do Para W/53853

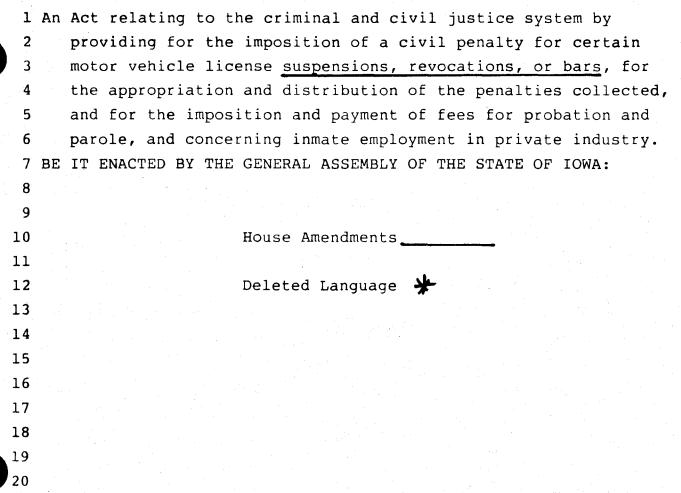


BY COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS

(SUCCESSOR TO HSB 211)

(As Amended and Passed by the House, April 28, 1997)

A BILL FOR



HF 734 ec/pk/25 1 Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321.218A CIVIL PENALTY --2 DISPOSITION -- REINSTATEMENT.

3 When the department suspends, revokes, or bars a person's 4 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege under 5 this chapter, the department shall assess the person a civil 6 penalty of two hundred dollars. The money collected by the 7 department under this section shall be transmitted to the 8 treasurer of state who shall deposit the money in the general 9 fund of the state. A temporary restricted license shall not 10 be issued or a motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 11 privilege reinstated until the civil penalty has been paid. 12 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321A.32A CIVIL PENALTY --

13 DISPOSITION -- REINSTATEMENT.

s.f. H.f. 734

When the department suspends, revokes, or bars a person's motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege under this chapter, the department shall assess the person a civil penalty of two hundred dollars. The money collected by the department under this section shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who shall deposit the money in the general fund of the state. A temporary restricted license shall not be issued or a motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege reinstated until the civil penalty has been paid. Sec. 3. Section 904.108, subsection 7, Code 1997, is

24 amended to read as follows:

7. The director may charge an inmate a correctional fee for custodial expenses incurred or which may be incurred while the inmate is in the custody of the department. The custodial expenses may include, but are not limited to, board and room, medical and dental fees, education costs, clothing costs, and the costs of supervision, services, and treatment to the inmate. The correctional fee shall not exceed the actual cost of keeping the inmate in custody. The correctional fees shall be-assessed-as-court-costs-and-any-correctional-fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be credited to-the-general fund-of-the-state---The-correctional-fees-shall-be-collected

-1-

1 as-other-court-costs-pursuant-to-section-602-0107 as a

2 reimbursement to the appropriate correctional institution.
3 This subsection does not limit the right of the director to
4 obtain any other remedy authorized by law.

s.f. \_\_\_\_\_ H.f. 734

5 Sec. 4. Section 904.809, Code 1997, is amended by adding 6 the following new subsection:

7 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 5. An inmate of a correctional 8 institution employed pursuant to this section shall surrender 9 to the department of corrections the inmate's total earnings 10 less deductions for federal, state, and local taxes, and any 11 other payroll deductions required by law. The department of 12 corrections shall deduct twenty percent of the balance to be 13 credited to the inmate's general account. The department 14 shall then deduct from the earnings remaining as follows: 15 a. The department shall first deduct the following amounts 16 in the following order of priority.

17 (1) An amount the inmate may be legally obligated to pay 18 for the support of the inmate's dependents, the amount of 19 which shall be paid to the dependents through the department 20 of human services collection services center.

21 (2) Restitution as ordered by the court pursuant to 22 chapter 910.

23 (3) Five percent of the balance to the victim compensation24 fund created in section 912.14.

25 (4) An amount the inmate is legally obligated to pay for 26 any other financial obligation.

27 (5) An amount determined to be the cost to the department
28 of corrections for providing for the incarceration of the
29 inmate.

30 b. Of the balance remaining after deductions and payments 31 required pursuant to paragraph "a", the department shall 32 deposit in the Iowa state industries revolving fund created in 33 section 904.813, an amount equal to the costs incurred by the 34 fund related to the inmate's employment pursuant to this 35 section. Any balance remaining after the deductions and

-2-

s.f. H.f. <u>734</u>

1 payments required by this subsection shall be credited to the 2 inmate's general account.

3 Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 905.14 FEES FOR PROBATION AND 4 PAROLE.

5 1. A person placed on probation or parole and subject to 6 supervision by a district department shall be required to pay 7 an enrollment fee to the district department to offset the 8 costs of supervision. The fee shall be based on the offense 9 class of the most serious offense for which the person has 10 received probation or parole, including deferred judgments or 11 deferred sentences, and shall be as follows:

12 a. For a felony, one hundred fifty dollars.

13 b. For an aggravated misdemeanor, one hundred twenty-five 14 dollars.

15 c. For a serious or simple misdemeanor, one hundred 16 dollars.

17 2. The fees established pursuant to this section shall not 18 be waived by the sentencing court. Each district department 19 shall retain fees collected for administrative and program 20 services.

3. The department of corrections may adopt rules for the administration of this section. If adopted, the rules shall include a provision for waiving the collection of fees for persons determined to be unable to pay.

25 Sec. 6. Section 907.3, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 26 1, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

With the consent of the defendant, the court may defer indgment and may place the defendant on probation upon such conditions as it may require. Upon a showing that the defendant is not cooperating with the program of probation or is not responding to it, the court may withdraw the defendant from the program, pronounce judgment, and impose any sentence authorized by law. Before taking such action, the court shall give the defendant an opportunity to be heard on any matter s relevant to the proposed action. Upon fulfillment of the

s.f. \_\_\_\_\_\_ H.f. <u>734</u>

1 conditions of probation and the payment of fees imposed and 2 not waived by the judicial district department of correctional 3 services under section 905.14, the defendant shall be 4 discharged without entry of judgment. Upon violation of the 5 conditions of probation, the court may proceed as provided in 6 chapter 908.

7 Sec. 7. Section 907.3, subsection 3, Code 1997, is amended 8 to read as follows:

By record entry at the time of or after sentencing, the 9 3. 10 court may suspend the sentence and place the defendant on 11 probation upon such terms and conditions as it may require 12 including commitment to an alternate jail facility or a 13 community correctional residential treatment facility for a 14 specific number of days to be followed by a term of probation 15 as specified in section 907.7, or commitment of the defendant 16 to the judicial district department of correctional services 17 for supervision or services under section 901B.1 at the level 18 of sanctions which the district department determines to be 19 appropriate and the payment of fees imposed under section 20 905.14. A person so committed who has probation revoked shall 21 be given credit for such time served. However, the court 22 shall not suspend the minimum term of two days imposed 23 pursuant to section 708.2A, subsection 6, paragraph "a", or a 24 sentence imposed under section 708.2A, subsection 6, paragraph 25 "b", and the court shall not suspend a sentence imposed 26 pursuant to section 236.8 or 236.14 for contempt.

27 Sec. 8. Section 907.7, unnumbered paragraphs 1 and 2, Code 28 1997, are amended to read as follows:

The length of the probation shall be for such a term as the 30 court may fix but not to exceed five years if the offense is a 31 felony or not to exceed two years if the offense is a 32 misdemeanor.

33 The length of the probation shall not be less than one year 34 if the offense is a misdemeanor and shall not be less than two 35 years if the offense is a felony. However, the court may

-4-

S.F. \_\_\_\_\_ H.F. \_\_\_\_\_\_

1 subsequently reduce the length of the probation if the court 2 determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled 3 and the fees imposed under section 905.14 have been paid to or 4 waived by the judicial district department of correctional 5 services. The purposes of probation are to provide maximum 6 opportunity for the rehabilitation of the defendant and to 7 protect the community from further offenses by the defendant 8 and others.

9 Sec. 9. Section 907.9, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1997, 10 is amended to read as follows:

11 At any time that the court determines that the purposes of 12 probation have been fulfilled and the fees imposed under 13 section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial 14 district department of correctional services, the court may 15 order the discharge of a person from probation. At any time 16 that a probation officer determines that the purposes of 17 probation have been fulfilled and the fees imposed under 18 section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial 19 district department of correctional services, the officer may 20 order the discharge of a person from probation after approval 21 of the district director, and notification of the sentencing 22 court and county attorney who prosecuted the case. The 23 sentencing judge, unless the judge is no longer serving or is 24 otherwise unable to, may order a hearing on its own motion, or 25 shall order a hearing upon the request of the county attorney, 26 for review of such discharge. If the sentencing judge is no 27 longer serving or unable to order such hearing, the chief 28 judge of the district or the chief judge's designee shall 29 order any hearing pursuant to this section. Following the 30 hearing, the court shall approve or rescind such discharge. 31 If a hearing is not ordered within thirty days after 32 notification by the probation officer, the person shall be 33 discharged and the probation officer shall notify the state 34 court administrator of such discharge. At the expiration of 35 the period of probation, in cases where the court fixes the

-5-

s.f. \_\_\_\_\_ H.f. 734

1 term of probation and if the fees imposed under section 905.14 2 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district 3 department of correctional services, the court shall order the 4 discharge of the person from probation, and the court shall 5 forward to the governor a recommendation for or against 6 restoration of citizenship rights to that person. A person 7 who has been discharged from probation shall no longer be held 8 to answer for the person's offense. Upon discharge from 9 probation, if judgment has been deferred under section 907.3, 10 the court's criminal record with reference to the deferred 11 judgment shall be expunged. The record maintained by the 12 state court administrator as required by section 907.4 shall 13 not be expunged. The court's record shall not be expunged in 14 any other circumstances.

15 Sec. 10. MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE REINSTATEMENT PENALTY --16 APPROPRIATION AND DISTRIBUTION.

17 1. Notwithstanding the deposit provisions of sections 18 321.218A and 321A.32A, moneys collected during the fiscal year 19 beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1998, by the state 20 department of transportation pursuant to those sections are 21 appropriated to the department of human services for the 22 fiscal year beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1998, 23 and shall be allocated as follows:

a. The first \$1,000,000 shall be used for the
establishment, improvement, operation, and maintenance of
county or multicounty juvenile detention homes. Funds
allocated in this paragraph shall be prorated among eligible
detention homes.

b. Moneys in excess of \$1,000,000 shall be allocated to the judicial districts as determined by the state court administrator to be used by the judicial districts pursuant to recommendations of the planning group for court-ordered services for juveniles provided in each judicial district which were established pursuant to 1991 Iowa Acts, chapter 5267, section 119. Moneys allocated and distributed pursuant

-6-

н.г. <u>734</u> S.F.

_	
	to this paragraph shall be used for the improvement,
2	expansion, construction, and operation of runaway assessment
3	facilities, runaway assessment services, and juvenile
4	delinquency prevention and intervention services.
5	
	this section which remain unobligated or unexpended at the
	close of the fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund
	of the state but shall remain available only for the purposes
. 9	designated in this section in the succeeding fiscal year.
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
-	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
20	
	이 같은 것은 것을 가지 않는 것을 가지 않는 것을 하는 것
30	
31	
32	
33	
34	
35	

HF 734 ec/pk/25

SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE FILE 734						
H-1991						
1 Amend House File 734, as amended, passed, and						
2 reprinted by the House, as follows:						
3 1. Page 1, line 4, by inserting after the word						
4 "privilege" the following: "for a conviction".						
5 2. Page 1, line 6, by inserting after the word						
6 "dollars." the following: "However, for persons age	2					
7 nineteen or under, the civil penalty assessed shall	ho					
8 fifty dollars."	be					
9 3. Page 1, line 17, by inserting after the word						
10 "dollars." the following: "However, for persons age	; 					
11 nineteen or under, the civil penalty assessed shall	be					
12 fifty dollars."						
13 4. Page 2, by inserting after line 4 the						
14 following:	-					
15 "Sec Section 904.112, Code 1997, is amende	2a					
16 to read as follows:						
17 904.112 INSTITUTIONAL RECEIPTS.						
18 All-institutional Institutional receipts of the						
19 department of corrections shall be deposited in the						
20 general fund of the state except for-reimbursements	as					
21 follows:						
22 1. Reimbursement for services provided to anothe	er					
23 institution or state agency, rentals charged to						
24 employees or other persons for room, apartment, or						
25 housing, and charges for meals.						
26 <u>2. Receipts which are specifically required to b</u>	<u>e</u>					
27 otherwise expended or deposited under this chapter.	-					
28 Sec Section 904.311A, Code 1997, is amende	d					
29 to read as follows:						
30 904.311A PRISON RECYCLING FUND.						
31 The-Iowa-prison A recycling fund for each prison						
32 institution is created and-established as a separate						
33 and distinct fund in the state treasury. All moneys	•					
34 remitted to the department for the recycling						
35 operations in-each-fiscal-year-commencing-with-the						
36 fiscal-year-beginning-July-17-19947 of a prison	_					
37 institution shall be deposited in the fund establish						
38 for that institution. Notwithstanding section 12C.7						
39 subsection 2, interest or earnings on moneys deposit						
40 in the each fund shall be credited to the that fund.						
41 Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys in the each fun	ıd					
42 shall not revert to the general fund of the state at						
43 the close of a fiscal year but shall remain in the						
44 that fund and be used as directed in this section in						
45 the succeeding fiscal year. The treasurer of state						
46 shall act as custodian of the each fund and disburse	2					
47 moneys from the each fund as directed by the						
48 department for the purpose of payment of operating						
49 expenses for recycling."						
50 5. Page 6, line 16, by striking the word						
H-1991 -1-						

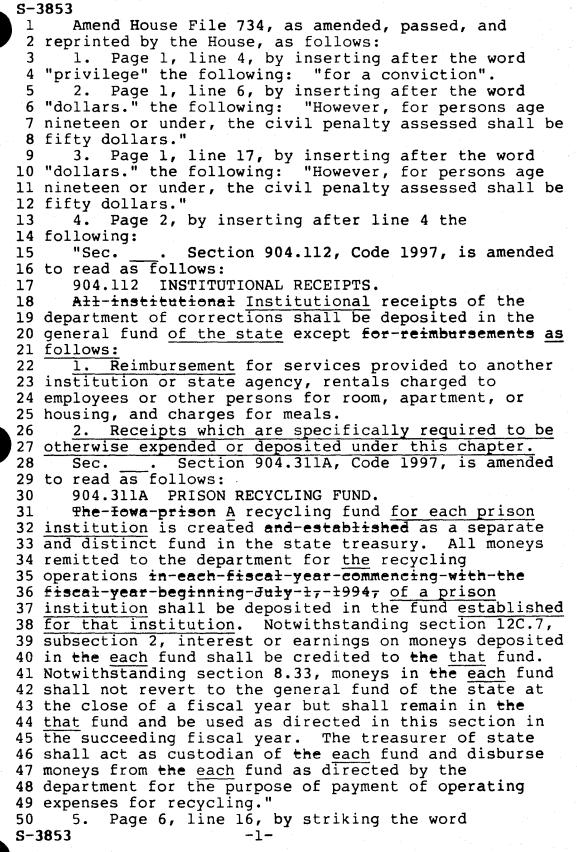
H-1991

2 Page 1 "APPROPRIATION" and inserting the following: 2 "DEPOSIT". 6. Page 6, line 21, by striking the words 3 4 "appropriated to" and inserting the following: 5 "deposited with". 7. Title page, line 4, by striking the word 6 7 "appropriation" and inserting the following: 8 "deposit". 8. Title page, line 4, by striking the words "the 9 10 penalties" and inserting the following: "penalties 11 and fees". 9. By renumbering as necessary. 12 RECEIVED FROM THE SENATE H-1991 FILED APRIL 29, 1997

CONCURRED (P.1756)

APRIL 30, 1997

### HOUSE FILE 734



HENTE 20' 1331

Page 45

S-3853 Page 2 1 "APPROPRIATION" and inserting the following: 2 "DEPOSIT". 6. Page 6, line 21, by striking the words 3 4 "appropriated to" and inserting the following: 5 "deposited with". 7. Title page, line 4, by striking the word 6 7 "appropriation" and inserting the following: 8 "deposit". Title page, line 4, by striking the words "the 9 8. 10 penalties" and inserting the following: "penalties 11 and fees". 12 9. By renumbering as necessary. By COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS JOANN DOUGLAS, Chairperson

S-3853 FILED APRIL 29, 1997 ADOPTED

(P. 1564)



Lamberti, Ch Teig Doderer

	HSB	211
	WAYS AND	MEANS
	OF C -	u dy
SENATE/HOUS	SE FILE 💆	
BY (PROPOS	SED GOVERNOR	'S BILL)

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	
	Ag	pproved			_	

# A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to the criminal and civil justice system, by 2 providing for imposition and payment of fees for probation and 3 parole, the collection and disposition of criminal court 4 fines, penalties, surcharges, costs, and fees, increasing 5 certain scheduled fines and imposing a scheduled fine for 6 certain gambling violations, imposing a civil penalty for 7 certain motor vehicle license revocations, imposing a 8 surcharge on criminal fines and forfeitures, concerning inmate 9 employment in private industry, and providing for the 10 appropriation and disposition of the proceeds from the license 11 revocation civil penalty, from certain scheduled fines, and 12 from the surcharge for jails, courthouse security, and juvenile detention and runaway assessment facilities. 13 14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

> TLSB 1378XL 77 ec/jj/8

S.F. H.F.

Section 1. Section 99D.11, subsection 7, Code 1997, is
amended to read as follows:

3 7. A person under the age of twenty-one years shall not
4 make or attempt to make a pari-mutuel wager. <u>A person who</u>
5 violates this subsection commits a scheduled violation under
6 section 805.8, subsection 13.

7 Sec. 2. Section 99E.18, Code 1997, is amended by adding 8 the following new subsection:

9 <u>NEW SUBSECTION.</u> 5. A person under the age of twenty-one 10 years shall not purchase, or attempt to purchase, a ticket or 11 share. A person who violates this subsection commits a 12 scheduled violation under section 805.8, subsection 13. 13 Sec. 3. Section 99F.9, subsection 5, Code 1997, is amended 14 to read as follows:

15 5. A person under the age of twenty-one years shall not 16 attempt to make or make a wager on an excursion gambling boat 17 or in a racetrack enclosure and shall not be allowed in the 18 area of the excursion gambling boat or racetrack enclosure 19 where gambling is being conducted. A person who violates this 20 subsection with respect to a wager commits a scheduled 21 violation under section 805.8, subsection 13. However, a 22 person eighteen years of age or older may be employed to work 23 in a gambling area.

24 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321.218A CIVIL PENALTY --25 DISPOSITION -- REINSTATEMENT.

When the department revokes a person's motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege under this chapter, hundred dollars. The money collected by the department under this section shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who shall deposit one-half of the money in the victim compensation fund established in section 912.14 and one-half of the money shall be deposited in the general fund of the the state. A temporary restricted license shall not be issued or a motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege

-1-

H.F.

1 reinstated until the civil penalty has been paid.

2 Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321A.32A CIVIL PENALTY --3 DISPOSITION -- REINSTATEMENT.

When the department revokes a person's motor vehicle 5 license or nonresident operating privilege under this chapter, 6 the department shall assess the person a civil penalty of two 7 hundred dollars. The money collected by the department under 8 this section shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state 9 who shall deposit one-half of the money in the victim 10 compensation fund established in section 912.14 and one-half 11 of the money shall be deposited in the general fund of the 12 state. A temporary restricted license shall not be issued or 13 a motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege 14 reinstated until the civil penalty has been paid. 15 Sec. 6. Section 331.302, subsection 2, Code 1997, is 16 amended to read as follows:

17 2. A county shall not provide a penalty in excess of a one 18 hundred dollar fine or in excess of thirty days imprisonment 19 for the violation of an ordinance. The criminal penalty 20 surcharge required by section 911.2 and the jail, courthouse 21 security, and juvenile detention and runaway assessment 22 facility surcharge required by section 911A.2 shall be added 23 to a county fine and is are not a part of the county's 24 penalty.

25 Sec. 7. Section 364.3, subsection 2, Code 1997, is amended 26 to read as follows:

27 2. A city shall not provide a penalty in excess of a one 28 hundred dollar fine or in excess of thirty days imprisonment 29 for the violation of an ordinance. An amount equal to ten 30 percent of all fines collected by cities shall be deposited in 31 the account established in section 602.8108. However, one 32 hundred percent of all fines collected by a city pursuant to 33 section 321.236, subsection 1, shall be retained by the city. 34 The criminal penalty surcharge required by section 911.2 and 35 the jail, courthouse security, and juvenile detention and

1

1 runaway assessment facility surcharge required by section 2 911A.2 shall be added to a city fine and is are not a part of 3 the city's penalty. Sec. 8. Section 602.8106, subsection 4, Code 1997, is 4 5 amended to read as follows: 4. The clerk of the district court shall submit all other 6 7 fines, fees, costs, and forfeited bail received from a 8 magistrate to the state court administrator, except as 9 provided in subsection 5 and section 602.8108, subsection 1A. Sec. 9. Section 602.8106, Code 1997, is amended by adding 10 11 the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 5. The clerk of the district court shall 12 13 remit all fines, fees, and costs collected for the scheduled 14 violations enumerated in this subsection to the treasurer of 15 the county in which the case was prosecuted, which moneys 16 shall be deposited in the county general fund and used as 17 provided in section 911A.3. The scheduled violations subject 18 to this subsection are violations of section 123.47A, for 19 which a fine is imposed as provided in section 805.8, 20 subsection 10, paragraph "a", violations of section 453A.2, 21 subsection 2, for which a fine is imposed as provided in 22 section 805.8, subsection 11, and violations of section 23 99D.11, subsection 7, section 99E.18, subsection 5, or section 24 99F.9, subsection 5, for which a fine is imposed as provided 25 in section 805.8, subsection 13. Sec. 10. Section 602.8107, subsection 2, paragraph b, Code 26 27 1997, is amended to read as follows:

b. Fines or penalties and criminal-penalty surcharges.
Sec. 11. Section 602.8107, subsection 3, Code 1997, is
amended to read as follows:

31 3. A fine, penalty, court cost, fee, or surcharge is 32 deemed delinquent if it is not paid within-six-months-after on 33 the date it is assessed ordered to be paid. An-amount-which 34 was-ordered-by-the-court-to-be-paid-on-a-date-fixed-in-the 35 future-pursuant-to-section-909-3-is-deemed-delinquent-if-it-is

-3-



1 not-received-by-the-clerk-within-six-months-after-the-fixed 2 future-date-set-out-in-the-court-order.--If However, if an 3 amount was ordered to be paid by installments, and an 4 installment is not received within-thirty-days-after on the 5 date it is due, the entire amount of the judgment is deemed 6 delinquent.

7 Sec. 12. Section 602.8107, subsection 4, unnumbered 8 paragraph 1, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

All fines, penalties, court costs, fees, surcharges, and 9 10 restitution for court-appointed attorney fees or for expenses 11 of a public defender which are remain delinguent for six 12 months may be collected by the county attorney or the county 13 attorney's designee. In addition, the county attorney or the 14 county attorney's designee may collect such amounts as soon as 15 they become delinquent if authorized by the department of 16 revenue and finance. Thirty-five percent of the amounts 17 collected by the county attorney or the person procured or 18 designated by the county attorney shall be deposited in the 19 general fund of the county if the county attorney has filed 20 the notice required in section 331.756, subsection 5, unless 21 the county attorney has discontinued collection efforts on a 22 particular delinquent amount. The remainder shall be paid to 23 the clerk for distribution under section 602.8108. 24

Sec. 13. Section 602.8107, subsection 4, unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows: This subsection does not apply to amounts collected for victim restitution, the victim compensation fund, criminal penalty surcharge, scheduled violations as provided in section 602.8106, subsection 5, the jail, courthouse security, and juvenile detention and runaway assessment facility surcharge, al or amounts collected as a result of procedures initiated under subsection 5 or under section 421.17, subsection 25. Sec. 14. Section 602.8108, Code 1997, is amended by adding 4 the following new subsection:

35 NEW SUBSECTION. 1A. In all criminal cases in which the

-4-

1 state is a plaintiff, the clerk of the district court shall 2 remit fifteen percent of all fines, penalties, surcharges, 3 court costs, fees, time-payment fees, interest, court-4 appointed attorney fees, and public defender expenses to the 5 treasurer of the county in which the case was prosecuted, 6 which moneys shall be deposited in the county general fund and 7 used as provided in section 911A.3. The remainder of the 8 revenue collected by the clerk shall be submitted to the state 9 court administrator. Criminal surcharge moneys submitted to 10 the state court administrator under this subsection shall be 11 allocated as provided in subsection 3, paragraph "b". 12 Sec. 15. Section 602.8108, subsection 3, Code 1997, is 13 amended to read as follows:

14 3. When In cases where the state is not a plaintiff, when 15 a court assesses a criminal surcharge under section 911.2, the 16 amounts collected shall be distributed as follows:

17 a. The clerk of the district court shall submit to the 18 state court administrator, not later than the fifteenth day of 19 each month, ninety-five percent of the surcharge collected 20 during the preceding calendar month. The clerk shall remit 21 the remainder to the county treasurer of the county that was 22 the plaintiff in the action or to the city that was the 23 plaintiff in the action.

b. Of the amount received from the clerk, the state court
administrator shall allocate eighteen percent to be deposited
in the fund established in section 912.14 and eighty-two
percent to be deposited in the general fund of the state.

c. Notwithstanding provisions of this subsection to the contrary, all moneys collected from the drug abuse resistance deducation surcharge provided in section 911.2 shall be remitted to the treasurer of state for deposit in the general fund of the state and the amount deposited is appropriated to the Iowa law enforcement academy for use by the drug abuse resistance education program.

35 Sec. 16. Section 805.8, subsection 1, Code 1997, is



-5-



2

1 amended to read as follows:

3 of sections of the Code specified in this section are 4 scheduled violations, and the scheduled fine for each of those 5 violations is as provided in this section, whether the 6 violation is of state law or of a county or city ordinance. 7 The criminal penalty surcharge required by section 911.2 and 8 the jail, courthouse security, and juvenile detention and 9 runaway assessment facility surcharge required by section 10 911A.2 shall be added to the scheduled fine. Sec. 17. Section 805.8, subsection 10, paragraph a, Code 11 12 1997, is amended to read as follows: a. For violations of section 123.47A7-which-constitute 13 14 first-offenses-as-provided-in-that-section, by persons age 15 eighteen, nineteen, or twenty the scheduled fine is fifteen 16 one hundred dollars. Sec. 18. Section 805.8, subsection 11, unnumbered 17 18 paragraph 1, is amended to read as follows: 19 For violations of section 142B.6 or, the scheduled fine is 20 twenty-five dollars. For violations of section 453A.2, 21 subsection 2, the scheduled fine is twenty-five one hundred 22 dollars, -and. A fine imposed under this paragraph is a civil 23 penalty, and the criminal penalty surcharge under section 24 911.2 and the jail, courthouse security, and juvenile 25 detention and runaway assessment facility surcharge under 26 section 911A.2 shall not be added to the penalty, and the 27 court costs pursuant to section 805.9, subsection 6, shall not 28 be imposed. If the civil penalty assessed for a violation of 29 section 142B.6 is not paid in a timely manner, a citation 30 shall be issued for the violation in the manner provided in 31 section 804.1. However, a person under age eighteen shall not 32 be detained in a secure facility for failure to pay the civil 33 penalty. The complainant shall not be charged a filing fee. 34 Sec. 19. Section 805.8, Code 1997, is amended by adding

1. APPLICATION. Except as otherwise indicated, violations

35 the following new subsection:

-6-

S.F. H.F.

NEW SUBSECTION. 13. GAMBLING VIOLATIONS. For violations of legal age for gambling or pari-mutuel wagering under section 99D.11, subsection 7, section 99E.18, subsection 5, or section 99F.9, subsection 5, the scheduled fine is one hundred dollars. Failure to pay the fine by a person under the age of eighteen shall not result in the person being detained in a recure facility.

8 Sec. 20. Section 902.9, unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 1997,9 is amended to read as follows:

10 The criminal penalty surcharge required by section 911.2 11 and the jail, courthouse security, and juvenile detention and 12 runaway assessment facility surcharge required by section 13 911A.2 shall be added to a fine imposed on a class "C" or 14 class "D" felon, as provided by that-section those sections, 15 and is are not a part of or subject to the maximums set in 16 this section.

17 Sec. 21. Section 903.1, subsection 4, Code 1997, is 18 amended to read as follows:

19 4. The criminal penalty surcharge required by section 20 911.2 and the jail, courthouse security, and juvenile 21 detention and runaway assessment facility surcharge required 22 by section 911A.2 shall be added to a fine imposed on a 23 misdemeanant, and is are not a part of or subject to the 24 maximums set in this section.

25 Sec. 22. Section 904.108, subsection 7, Code 1997, is 26 amended to read as follows:

7. The director may charge an inmate a correctional fee for custodial expenses incurred or which may be incurred while the inmate is in the custody of the department. The custodial expenses may include, but are not limited to, board and room, medical and dental fees, education costs, clothing costs, and the costs of supervision, services, and treatment to the inmate. The correctional fee shall not exceed the actual cost of keeping the inmate in custody. The correctional fees shall be-assessed-as-court-costs-and-any-correctional-fees collected

-7-

1 pursuant to this subsection shall be credited to-the-general 2 fund-of-the-state.--The-correctional-fees-shall-be-collected

2 fand of the State, the correctional feed shart so correction

3 as-other-court-costs-pursuant-to-section-602:8107 as a

4 reimbursement to the appropriate correctional institution.

5 This subsection does not limit the right of the director to 6 obtain any other remedy authorized by law.

7 Sec. 23. Section 904.809, Code 1997, is amended by adding 8 the following new subsection:

9 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 5. An inmate of a correctional 10 institution employed pursuant to this section shall surrender 11 to the department of corrections the inmate's total earnings 12 less payroll deductions required by law. The department of 13 corrections shall then deduct from the earnings as follows: 14 a. The department shall first deduct the following amounts 15 in the following order of priority.

16 (1) An amount the inmate may be legally obligated to pay 17 for the support of the inmate's dependents, the amount of 18 which shall be paid to the dependents through the department 19 of human services located in the county or city in which the 20 dependents reside.

21 (2) Restitution as ordered by the court pursuant to22 chapter 910.

(3) An amount determined to be the cost to the department
of corrections for providing food, lodging, and clothing for
the inmate while employed pursuant to this section.

(4) Any other financial obligations which are acknowledged
27 by the inmate or any unsatisfied judgment against the inmate.
28 b. Of the balance remaining after deductions and payments
29 required pursuant to paragraph "a", the department or
30 corrections shall credit, if applicable, twenty percent of the
31 balance to the inmate's restitution plan, five percent of the
32 balance to the victim compensation fund created in section
33 912.14, five percent of the balance for the support of the
34 inmate's family, five percent of the balance to the inmate

S.F. \_

H.F.

-8-

S.F. H.F.

1 inmate's general account.

c. Of the balance remaining after deductions and payments 3 required pursuant to paragraphs "a" and "b", the department 4 shall deposit in the Iowa state industries revolving fund 5 created in section 904.813, an amount equal to the costs 6 incurred by the fund related to the inmate's employment 7 pursuant to this section. Any balance remaining after the 8 deductions and payments required by this subsection shall be 9 credited to the inmate's general account.

10 Sec. 24. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 905.14 FEES FOR PROBATION AND 11 PAROLE.

12 1. A person placed on probation or parole and subject to 13 supervision by a district department shall be required to pay 14 a monthly fee of five dollars to the district department to 15 offset the costs of supervision. Fees shall be paid one month 16 following the commencement of supervision and at one-month 17 intervals thereafter while the person is subject to 18 supervision. Each district department shall retain the fees 19 collected for administrative and program services.

20 2. The department of corrections shall adopt rules for the 21 administration of this section. The rules shall include a 22 provision waiving fees for persons determined to be indigent. 23 The fee required by this section does not apply to persons 24 otherwise paying a fee for services received from a district 25 department.

26 Sec. 25. Section 906.15, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 27 1997, is amended to read as follows:

28 Unless sooner discharged, a person released on parole shall 29 be discharged when the person's term of parole equals the 30 period of imprisonment specified in the person's sentence, 31 less all time served in confinement. If the fees required to 32 be paid under section 905.14 are not waived by the judicial 33 district department of correctional services and are not paid 34 in full, a record of the amount unpaid shall be perfected and 35 constitute a lien in the same manner as a judgment for an

-9-

1 unpaid fine which has been filed with the clerk becomes a lien 2 under section 909.6. Discharge from parole may be granted 3 prior to such that time, when an early discharge is 4 appropriate. The board shall periodically review all paroles, 5 and when the board determines that any a person on parole is 6 able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a law-abiding 7 citizen without further supervision, the board shall discharge 8 the person from parole. A parole officer shall periodically 9 review all paroles assigned to the parole officer, and when 10 the parole officer determines that any person assigned to the 11 officer is able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a 12 law-abiding citizen without further supervision, the officer 13 may discharge the person from parole after notification and 14 approval of the district director and notification of the 15 board of parole. In any event, discharge from parole shall 16 terminate the person's sentence. However, a person convicted 17 of a violation of section 709.3, 709.4 or 709.8 committed on 18 or with a child shall not be discharged from parole until the 19 person's term of parole equals the period of imprisonment 20 specified in the person's sentence, less all time served in 21 confinement.

22 Sec. 26. Section 907.3, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 23 1, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

With the consent of the defendant, the court may defer 24 25 judgment and may place the defendant on probation upon such 26 conditions as it may require. Upon a showing that the 27 defendant is not cooperating with the program of probation or 28 is not responding to it, the court may withdraw the defendant 29 from the program, pronounce judgment, and impose any sentence 30 authorized by law. Before taking such action, the court shall 31 give the defendant an opportunity to be heard on any matter 32 relevant to the proposed action. Upon fulfillment of the 33 conditions of probation and the payment of fees imposed and 34 not waived by the judicial district department of correctional 35 services under section 905.14, the defendant shall be

S.F. H.F.

-10-

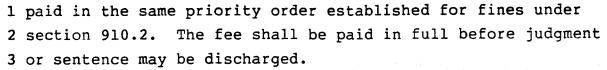
1 discharged without entry of judgment. Upon violation of the 2 conditions of probation, the court may proceed as provided in 3 chapter 908.

4 Sec. 27. Section 907.3, subsection 3, Code 1997, is 5 amended to read as follows:

3. By record entry at the time of or after sentencing, the 6 7 court may suspend the sentence and place the defendant on 8 probation upon such terms and conditions as it may require 9 including commitment to an alternate jail facility or a 10 community correctional residential treatment facility for a 11 specific number of days to be followed by a term of probation 12 as specified in section 907.7, or commitment of the defendant 13 to the judicial district department of correctional services 14 for supervision or services under section 901B.1 at the level 15 of sanctions which the district department determines to be 16 appropriate and the payment of fees imposed under section 17 905.14. A person so committed who has probation revoked shall 18 be given credit for such time served. However, the court 19 shall not suspend the minimum term of two days imposed 20 pursuant to section 708.2A, subsection 6, paragraph "a", or a 21 sentence imposed under section 708.2A, subsection 6, paragraph 22 "b", and the court shall not suspend a sentence imposed 23 pursuant to section 236.8 or 236.14 for contempt. 24 Sec. 28. NEW SECTION. 907.5A DEFERRED JUDGMENT OR 25 SENTENCE -- ADMINISTRATIVE FEE.

1. In addition to any other conditions that the court or the judicial district department of correctional services may may an administrative as a condition of deferring judgment or sentence, the court shall also require that the person pay an administrative fee in an amount that is within the range established for fines for the offense for which judgment or sentence was deferred.

33 2. The fee shall be included in any plan for restitution
34 which may be established for the person by the court of the
35 judicial district department of correctional services, and



3. If a person violates the conditions of the deferred
5 judgment or sentence and the judgment or sentence is imposed,
6 the person shall continue to be held responsible for payment
7 of the fee in addition to any other penalties which may be
8 imposed.

9 Sec. 29. Section 907.7, unnumbered paragraphs 1 and 2,10 Code 1997, are amended to read as follows:

11 The length of the probation shall be for such <u>a</u> term as the 12 court may fix but not to exceed five years if the offense is a 13 felony or not to exceed two years if the offense is a 14 misdemeanor. If the fees required to be paid under section 15 <u>905.14 are not waived by the judicial district department of</u> 16 <u>correctional services and are not paid in full, a record of</u> 17 <u>the amount unpaid shall be perfected and constitute a lien in</u> 18 <u>the same manner as a judgment for an unpaid fine which has</u> 19 been filed with the clerk becomes a lien under section 909.6.

The length of the probation shall not be less than one year if the offense is a misdemeanor and shall not be less than two years if the offense is a felony. However, the court may subsequently reduce the length of the probation if the court determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled and the fees imposed under section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district department of correctional services. The purposes of probation are to provide maximum opportunity for the rehabilitation of the defendant and to

29 protect the community from further offenses by the defendant 30 and others.

31 Sec. 30. Section 907.9, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1997, 32 is amended to read as follows:

At any time that the court determines that the purposes of 34 probation have been fulfilled <u>and the fees imposed under</u> 35 section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial

-12-

S.F. H.F.

1 district department of correctional services, the court may 2 order the discharge of a person from probation. At any time 3 that a probation officer determines that the purposes of 4 probation have been fulfilled and the fees imposed under 5 section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial 6 district department of correctional services, the officer may 7 order the discharge of a person from probation after approval 8 of the district director, and notification of the sentencing 9 court and county attorney who prosecuted the case. The 10 sentencing judge, unless the judge is no longer serving or is 11 otherwise unable to, may order a hearing on its own motion, or 12 shall order a hearing upon the request of the county attorney, 13 for review of such discharge. If the sentencing judge is no 14 longer serving or unable to order such hearing, the chief 15 judge of the district or the chief judge's designee shall 16 order any hearing pursuant to this section. Following the 17 hearing, the court shall approve or rescind such discharge. 18 If a hearing is not ordered within thirty days after 19 notification by the probation officer, the person shall be 20 discharged and the probation officer shall notify the state 21 court administrator of such discharge. At the expiration of 22 the period of probation, in cases where the court fixes the 23 term of probation and if the fees imposed under section 905.14 24 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district 25 department of correctional services, the court shall order the 26 discharge of the person from probation, and the court shall 27 forward to the governor a recommendation for or against 28 restoration of citizenship rights to that person. A person 29 who has been discharged from probation shall no longer be held 30 to answer for the person's offense. Upon discharge from 31 probation, if judgment has been deferred under section 907.3, 32 the court's criminal record with reference to the deferred 33 judgment shall be expunged. The record maintained by the 34 state court administrator as required by section 907.4 shall 35 not be expunded. The court's record shall not be expunded in

-13-

S.F. H.F.

1 any other circumstances.

2 Sec. 31. Section 909.8, Code 1997, is amended to read as 3 follows:

4 909.8 PAYMENT AND COLLECTION PROVISIONS APPLY TO ERIMINAL 5 PENALTY-SURCHARGE SURCHARGES.

6 The provisions of this chapter governing the payment and 7 collection of a fine, except section 909.3A, also apply to the 8 payment and collection of a criminal penalty surcharge imposed 9 pursuant to chapter 911 and the jail, courthouse security, and 10 juvenile detention and runaway assessment facility surcharge 11 imposed pursuant to chapter 911A.

12 Sec. 32. Section 909.10, subsection 1, Code 1997, is 13 amended to read as follows:

14 1. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise 15 requires, "delinquent amounts" means a fine, court-imposed 16 court costs in a criminal proceeding, or criminal <u>penalty</u> 17 surcharge imposed pursuant to section 911.2, <u>or jail</u>, 18 <u>courthouse security</u>, and juvenile detention and runaway 19 <u>assessment facility surcharge imposed pursuant to section</u> 20 <u>911A.2</u>, which remains unpaid after two years from the date 21 that the fine, court costs, or surcharge was imposed, and 22 which is not collected by the county attorney pursuant to 23 section 602.8107. However, if the fine may be paid in 24 installments pursuant to section 909.3, the fine is not a 25 delinquent amount unless the installment remains unpaid after 26 two years from the date the installment was due.

Sec. 33. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 911A.1 JAIL, COURTHOUSE SECURITY,
28 AND JUVENILE DETENTION AND RUNAWAY ASSESSMENT FACILITY
29 SURCHARGE ESTABLISHED.

30 A jail, courthouse security, and juvenile detention and 31 runaway assessment facility surcharge shall be levied against 32 certain law violators as provided in section 911A.2. The 33 surcharge shall be used as provided in section 911A.3.

Sec. 34. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 911A.2 SURCHARGE.

When a court imposes a fine or forfeiture for a violation

-14-

34

35

1 of a state law, or of a city or county ordinance except an 2 ordinance regulating the parking of motor vehicles, the court 3 shall assess an additional penalty in the form of a surcharge 4 equal to ten dollars. In the event of multiple offenses, the 5 surcharge shall be based upon the total number of offenses. 6 When a fine or forfeiture is suspended in whole or in part, 7 the surcharge shall not be reduced.

8 The surcharge is subject to the provisions of chapter 909 9 governing the payment and collection of fines, as provided in 10 section 909.8.

11 Sec. 35. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 911A.3 DISPOSITION OF SURCHARGE. 12 1. When a court assesses a surcharge under section 911A.2, 13 notwithstanding any other provision of the Code to the 14 contrary, proceeds from the surcharge shall be appropriated 15 and transferred to the treasurer of the county in which the 16 citation was issued to be deposited in the county general fund 17 and used only for courthouse security, the improvement, 18 expansion, or construction of a jail, juvenile detention 19 facility, or runaway assessment facility, and for up to fifty 20 percent of the costs for the maintenance and operation of a 21 juvenile detention facility.

22 2. At any time and for the purposes specified in
23 subsection 1, a county may transfer proceeds received and
24 deposited pursuant to this section to a contiguous county or a
25 county that has a relationship with the transferring county
26 concerning the use of a jail or juvenile detention facility in
27 the recipient county.

28

# EXPLANATION

The bill provides that a correctional fee assessed an inmate for custodial expenses incurred shall be credited to the appropriate correctional institution and deletes the current provision providing that it shall be assessed as court costs and credited to the general fund of the state. The bill also establishes a \$5 monthly supervision fee to

35 be assessed a person placed on probation or parole and who is

-15-



1 subject to supervision by a judicial district department of 2 correctional services. The fees collected shall be credited 3 to the judicial district department of correctional services. 4 The bill requires that the department of corrections adopt a 5 rule providing for waiver of the fee for indigents. The bill 6 also establishes that the fees be paid or waived prior to 7 probation and provides that any amounts unpaid constitute a 8 lien in the same manner as an unpaid fine becomes a lien under 9 Code section 909.6.

10 This bill provides that criminal fines, court costs, fees, 11 and surcharges are considered delinquent if they are not paid 12 on the date they are ordered to be paid. Current law provides 13 that the payment is delinquent if it remains unpaid after six 14 months. The bill provides that county attorneys may pursue 15 collection of these delinquent fines and fees after the fine 16 or fee has been delinquent for six months or sooner, if the 17 department of revenue and finance so allows.

The bill also provides that 15 percent of all fines, 19 penalties, surcharges, court costs, fees, interest, and 20 expenses recovered in criminal cases in which the state is a 21 plaintiff shall be remitted to the county where the case was 22 prosecuted to be used in the same manner as the \$10 surcharge 23 otherwise established by this bill with the remainder being 24 remitted to the state court administrator for deposit in the ' 25 general fund. Criminal surcharge moneys would still be split 26 between the victim compensation fund and the state general 27 fund. Current law provides that all these fines and fees are 28 remitted to the state court administrator for deposit in the 29 state general fund.

30 The bill imposes a \$200 civil penalty when motor vehicle 31 licenses are revoked for violations of chapter 321 or 321A 32 (financial responsibility). Proceeds from the civil penalty 33 are to be split equally between the crime victim compensation 34 fund and the state general fund.

35

The bill establishes, as a condition of receipt of a

-16-

S.F. H.F.

1 deferred judgment or sentence, that the person pay an 2 administrative fee in an amount that is within the range 3 established for fines for the particular offense. If the 4 person has a plan of restitution, established by the court or 5 the judicial department of correctional services, the fee is 6 to be included with the plan for restitution and paid in the 7 same priority order established for fines. The fee must be 8 paid in full before judgment or sentence may be discharged. 9 If the person violates the conditions of the deferred judgment 10 or sentence and the judgment or sentence is imposed, the 11 person must continue paying the fee.

12 The bill also provides for the assessment of a \$10 13 surcharge on criminal fines and forfeitures imposed for the 14 violation of state law or city or county ordinance. The \$10 15 surcharge would be transferred to the county in which the 16 citation was issued for use in providing courthouse security, 17 financing the improvement, expansion, or construction of 18 county jail, juvenile detention facilities, and runaway 19 assessment facilities, and for up to 50 percent of the 20 operational and maintenance costs of a juvenile detention 21 facility. The bill provides that the surcharge proceeds shall 22 be deposited in the county general fund. The bill also 23 provides that the county may transfer, at any time, the funds 24 to a contiguous county or a county in which it has a 25 relationship concerning the use of its jail or juvenile 26 detention facility for the purposes authorized by this bill. 27 The surcharge is not considered part of a county penalty for 28 purposes of the maximum amount authorized counties for 29 penalties.

30 The bill also makes changes concerning scheduled 31 violations. The bill increases the scheduled fines for 32 violations of certain alcoholic beverage provisions by persons 33 under 21 and for violations of certain tobacco provisions by 34 persons under 18 from \$25 to \$100, and establishes a \$100 35 scheduled fine for certain gambling violations by persons

-17-

1 under 21. The bill provides that any fines collected shall be 2 used by the county in the same manner as the \$10 surcharge 3 established by this bill.

4 The bill also establishes a procedure for allocating moneys
5 received by an inmate while employed in private industry and
6 specifies the allocation of any moneys received.

> > LSB 1378XL 77 ec/jj/8.1

### HOUSE FILE 734

### AN ACT

RELATING TO THE CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JUSTICE SYSTEM BY PROVIDING FOR THE IMPOSITION OF A CIVIL PENALTY FOR CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE SUSPENSIONS, REVOCATIONS, OR BARS, FOR THE DEPOSIT AND DISTRIBUTION OF PENALTIES AND FEES COLLECTED, AND FOR THE IMPOSITION AND PAYMENT OF FEES FOR PROBATION AND PAROLE, AND CONCERNING INMATE EMPLOYMENT IN PRIVATE INDUSTRY. -

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321.218A CIVIL PENALTY --DISPOSITION -- REINSTATEMENT.

When the department suspends, revokes, or bars a person's motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege for **a** conviction under this chapter, the department shall assess the person a civil penalty of two hundred dollars. However, for persons age nineteen or under, the civil penalty assessed shall be fifty dollars. The money collected by the department under this section shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who shall deposit the money in the general fund of the state. A temporary restricted license shall not be issued or a motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege reinstated until the civil penalty has been paid.

Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321A.32A CIVIL PENALTY --DISPOSITION -- REINSTATEMENT.

When the department suspends, revokes, or bars a person's motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege under this chapter, the department shall assess the person a civil penalty of two hundred dollars. However, for persons age nineteen or under, the civil penalty assessed shall be fifty dollars. The money collected by the department under this section shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who shall deposit the money in the general fund of the state. A temporary restricted license shall not be issued or a motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege reinstated until the civil penalty has been paid.

Sec. 3. Section 904.108, subsection 7, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

7. The director may charge an inmate a correctional fee for custodial expenses incurred or which may be incurred while the inmate is in the custody of the department. The custodial expenses may include, but are not limited to, board and room, medical and dental fees, education costs, clothing costs, and the costs of supervision, services, and treatment to the inmate. The correctional fee shall not exceed the actual cost of keeping the inmate in custody. The correctional fees shall be-assessed-as-court-costs-and-any-correctional-fees collected pursuant to this subsection shall be credited to-the-general fund-of-the-state.--The-correctional-fees-shall-be-collected as-other-court-costs-pursuant-to-section-602.6107 <u>as a</u> <u>reimbursement to the appropriate correctional institution</u>. This subsection does not limit the right of the director to obtain any other remedy authorized by law.

Sec. 4. Section 904.112, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

904.112 INSTITUTIONAL RECEIPTS.

All-institutional Institutional receipts of the department of corrections shall be deposited in the general fund of the state except for-reimbursements as follows:

1. Reimbursement for services provided to another institution or state agency, rentals charged to employees or other persons for room, apartment, or housing, and charges for meals.

2. Receipts which are specifically required to be otherwise expended or deposited under this chapter.

Sec. 5. Section 904.311A, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

904.311A PRISON RECYCLING FUND.

The-Fowa-prison <u>A</u> recycling fund <u>for each prison</u> <u>institution</u> is created and-established as a separate and distinct fund in the state treasury. All moneys remitted to HF 734

#### House File 734, p. 3

the department for the recycling operations in-each-fiscal year-commencing-with-the-fiscal-year-beginning-July-17-19947 of a prison institution shall be deposited in the fund established for that institution. Notwithstanding section 12C.7, subsection 2, interest or earnings on moneys deposited in the each fund shall be credited to the that fund. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys in the each fund shall not revert to the general fund of the state at the close of a fiscal year but shall remain in the that fund and be used as directed in this section in the succeeding fiscal year. The treasurer of state shall act as custodian of the <u>each</u> fund and disburse moneys from the <u>each</u> fund as directed by the department for the purpose of payment of operating expenses for recycling.

Sec. 6. Section 904.809, Code 1997, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

<u>NEW SUBSECTION.</u> 5. An inmate of a correctional institution employed pursuant to this section shall surrender to the department of corrections the inmate's total earnings less deductions for federal, state, and local taxes, and any other payroll deductions required by law. The department of corrections shall deduct twenty percent of the balance to be credited to the inmate's general account. The department shall then deduct from the earnings remaining as follows:

a. The department shall first deduct the following amounts in the following order of priority.

(1) An amount the inmate may be legally obligated to pay for the support of the inmate's dependents, the amount of which shall be paid to the dependents through the department of human services collection services center.

(2) Restitution as ordered by the court pursuant to chapter 910.

(3) Five percent of the balance to the victim compensation fund created in section 912.14.

(4) An amount the inmate is legally obligated to pay for any other financial obligation. (5) An amount determined to be the cost to the department of corrections for providing for the incarceration of the inmate.

b. Of the balance remaining after deductions and payments required pursuant to paragraph "a", the department shall deposit in the Iowa state industries revolving fund created in section 904.813, an amount equal to the costs incurred by the fund related to the inmate's employment pursuant to this section. Any balance remaining after the deductions and payments required by this subsection shall be credited to the inmate's general account.

Sec. 7. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 905.14 FEES FOR PROBATION AND PAROLE.

1. A person placed on probation or parole and subject to supervision by a district department shall be required to pay an enrollment fee to the district department to offset the costs of supervision. The fee shall be based on the offense class of the most serious offense for which the person has received probation or parole, including deferred judgments or deferred sentences, and shall be as follows:

a. For a felony, one hundred fifty dollars.

b. For an aggravated misdemeanor, one hundred twenty-five dollars.

c. For a serious or simple misdemeanor, one hundred dollars.

2. The fees established pursuant to this section shall not be waived by the sentencing court. Each district department shall retain fees collected for administrative and program services.

3. The department of corrections may adopt rules for the administration of this section. If adopted, the rules shall include a provision for waiving the collection of fees for persons determined to be unable to pay.

Sec. 8. Section 907.3, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

With the consent of the defendant, the court may defer judgment and may place the defendant on probation upon such HF 734

#### House File 734, p. 5

conditions as it may require. Upon a showing that the defendant is not cooperating with the program of probation or is not responding to it, the court may withdraw the defendant from the program, pronounce judgment, and impose any sentence authorized by law. Before taking such action, the court shall give the defendant an opportunity to be heard on any matter relevant to the proposed action. Upon fulfillment of the conditions of probation and the payment of fees imposed and not waived by the judicial district department of correctional services under section 905.14, the defendant shall be discharged without entry of judgment. Upon violation of the conditions of probation, the court may proceed as provided in chapter 908.

Sec. 9. Section 907.3, subsection 3, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

3. By record entry at the time of or after sentencing, the court may suspend the sentence and place the defendant on probation upon such terms and conditions as it may require including commitment to an alternate jail facility or a community correctional residential treatment facility for a specific number of days to be followed by a term of probation as specified in section 907.7, or commitment of the defendant to the judicial district department of correctional services for supervision or services under section 901B.1 at the level of sanctions which the district department determines to be appropriate and the payment of fees imposed under section 905.14. A person so committed who has probation revoked shall be given credit for such time served. However, the court shall not suspend the minimum term of two days imposed pursuant to section 708.2A, subsection 6, paragraph "a", or a sentence imposed under section 708.2A, subsection 6, paragraph "b", and the court shall not suspend a sentence imposed pursuant to section 236.8 or 236.14 for contempt.

Sec. 10. Section 907.7, unnumbered paragraphs 1 and 2, Code 1997, are amended to read as follows:

The length of the probation shall be for such a term as the court may fix but not to exceed five years if the offense is a

felony or not to exceed two years if the offense is a misdemeanor.

The length of the probation shall not be less than one year if the offense is a misdemeanor and shall not be less than two years if the offense is a felony. However, the court may subsequently reduce the length of the probation if the court determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled and the fees imposed under section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district department of correctional services. The purposes of probation are to provide maximum opportunity for the rehabilitation of the defendant and to protect the community from further offenses by the defendant and others.

Sec. 11. Section 907.9, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

At any time that the court determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled and the fees imposed under section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district department of correctional services, the court may order the discharge of a person from probation. At any time that a probation officer determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled and the fees imposed under section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district department of correctional services, the officer may order the discharge of a person from probation after approval of the district director, and notification of the sentencing court and county attorney who prosecuted the case. The sentencing judge, unless the judge is no longer serving or is otherwise unable to, may order a hearing on its own motion, or shall order a hearing upon the request of the county attorney, for review of such discharge. If the sentencing judge is no longer serving or unable to order such hearing, the chief judge of the district or the chief judge's designee shall order any hearing pursuant to this section. Following the hearing, the court shall approve or rescind such discharge. If a hearing is not ordered within thirty days after notification by the probation officer, the person shall be

House File 734, p. 7

discharged and the probation officer shall notify the state court administrator of such discharge. At the expiration of the period of probation, in cases where the court fixes the term of probation and if the fees imposed under section 905.14 have been paid to or waived by the judicial district department of correctional services, the court shall order the discharge of the person from probation, and the court shall forward to the governor a recommendation for or against restoration of citizenship rights to that person. A person who has been discharged from probation shall no longer be held to answer for the person's offense. Upon discharge from probation, if judgment has been deferred under section 907.3, the court's criminal record with reference to the deferred judgment shall be expunded. The record maintained by the state court administrator as required by section 907.4 shall not be expunded. The court's record shall not be expunded in any other circumstances.

Sec. 12. MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE REINSTATEMENT PENALTY -- DEPOSIT AND DISTRIBUTION.

1. Notwithstanding the deposit provisions of sections 321.218A and 321A.32A, moneys collected during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1998, by the state department of transportation pursuant to those sections are deposited with the department of human services for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1998, and shall be allocated as follows:

a. The first \$1,000,000 shall be used for the establishment, improvement, operation, and maintenance of county or multicounty juvenile detention homes. Funds allocated in this paragraph shall be prorated among eligible detention homes.

b. Moneys in excess of \$1,000,000 shall be allocated to the judicial districts as determined by the state court administrator to be used by the judicial districts pursuant to recommendations of the planning group for court-ordered services for juveniles provided in each judicial district which were established pursuant to 1991 Iowa Acts, chapter 267, section 119. Moneys allocated and distributed pursuant to this paragraph shall be used for the improvement, expansion, construction, and operation of runaway assessment facilities, runaway assessment services, and juvenile delinquency prevention and intervention services.

2. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys appropriated in this section which remain unobligated or unexpended at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund of the state but shall remain available only for the purposes designated in this section in the succeeding fiscal year.

> RON J. CORBETT Speaker of the House

MARY E. KRAMER President of the Senate

I hereby certify that this bill originated in the House and is known as House File 734, Seventy-seventh General Assembly.

, 1997 Approved

ELIZABETH ISAACSON Chief Clerk of the House

TERRY E. BRANSTAD Governor