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FEB 1 3 1998

EDUCATION

HOUSE FILE 2269 RANTS

Passed House (p. 469)

Date 3/4/98

Passed Senate, Date 4/15/98 Vote: Ayes 98 Nays 0 Vote: Ayes 49 Nays 0 

### A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to permissible physical contact between school

employees and students.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

5

### HOUSE FILE 2269

H-8171

Amend House File 2269 as follows:

1. Page 1, line 24, by inserting after the word

3 "contact" the following: "is reasonable and".

By KREIMAN of Davis

H-8171 FILED MARCH 3, 1998

Withdraw 3/4/98 /p.469)

### HOUSE FILE 2269

H-8178

Amend House File 2269 as follows:

2 l. Page 1, line 24, by inserting after the word
3 "contact" the following: "is reasonable under the

4 circumstances and".

By RANTS of Woodbury

H-8178 FILED MARCH 3, 1998 adapted 3/4/98 (p. 469)

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- 1 Section 1. Section 280.21, Code 1997, is amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 280.21 CORPORAL PUNISHMENT -- BURDEN OF PROOF.
- 4 1. An employee of an accredited public school district,
- 5 accredited nonpublic school, or area education agency shall
- 6 not inflict, or cause to be inflicted, corporal punishment
- 7 upon a student. For purposes of this section, "corporal
- 8 punishment" means the intentional physical punishment of a
- 9 student. An employee's physical contact with the body of a
- 10 student shall not be considered corporal punishment if it is
- 11 reasonable and necessary under the circumstances and is not
- 12 designed or intended to cause pain or if the employee uses
- 13 reasonable force, as defined under section 704.1, for the
- 14 protection of the employee, the student, or other students; to
- 15 obtain the possession of a weapon or other dangerous object
- 16 within a student's control; or for the protection of property.
- 17 The department of education shall adopt rules to implement
- 18 this section.
- 2. A school employee who, in the reasonable course of the
- 20 employee's employment responsibilities, comes into physical
- 21 contact with a student shall be granted immunity from any
- 22 civil or criminal liability which might otherwise be incurred
- 23 or imposed as a result of such physical contact, if the
- 24 physical contact involves the following:
- 25 a. Encouraging, supporting, or disciplining the student.
- 26 b. Protecting the employee, the student, or other
- 27 students.
- 28 c. Obtaining possession of a weapon or other dangerous
- 29 object within a student's control.
- 30 d. Protecting employee, student, or school property.
- 31 e. Quelling a disturbance or preventing an act threatening
- 32 physical harm to any person.
- 33 f. Removing a disruptive student from class or any area of
- 34 the school premises, or from school-sponsored activities off
- 35 school premises.

- 1 g. Preventing a student from the self-infliction of harm.
- 2 h. Self-defense.
- 3 i. Any other legitimate educational activity.
- 4 3. To prevail in a civil action alleging a violation of
- 5 this section the party bringing the action shall prove the
- 6 violation by clear and convincing evidence. Any school
- 7 employee determined in a civil action to have been wrongfully
- 8 accused under this section shall be awarded reasonable
- 9 monetary damages, in light of the circumstances involved,
- 10 against the party bringing the action.
- 11 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 280.26 INTERVENTION IN ALTERCATIONS.
- 12 A public school employee may intervene in a fight or
- 13 physical struggle occurring among students or between students
- 14 and nonstudents that takes place in the presence of the school
- 15 employee in a school building, on school premises, or at any
- 16 school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its
- 17 location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as
- 18 reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee,
- 19 to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals
- 20 involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the
- 21 altercation.
- 22 EXPLANATION
- 23 This bill relates to the conditions or circumstances which
- 24 constitute permissible physical contact between school
- 25 employees and students. The bill provides that a school
- 26 employee who, in the reasonable course of employment
- 27 responsibilities, comes into physical contact with a student
- 28 shall be granted immunity from any civil or criminal liability
- 29 if the physical contact involves encouraging, supporting, or
- 30 disciplining the student; protecting the employee, the
- 31 student, other students, or school property; obtaining
- 32 possession of a weapon or other dangerous object within a
- 33 student's control; quelling a disturbance or preventing an act
- 34 threatening physical harm to any person; removing a disruptive
- 35 student from class or any area of the school premises; or from

34 35

1 school-sponsored activities off school premises; preventing a 2 student from the self-infliction of harm; or self-defense, or 3 if the physical contact relates to any other legitimate 4 educational activity. The bill also provides that any school employee determined 6 in a civil action to have been wrongfully accused of improper 7 physical contact in violation of the provisions of Code 8 section 280.21 shall be awarded reasonable monetary damages. The bill additionally provides that a public school 10 employee may intervene in a fight or physical struggle that 11 takes place in the presence of the employee in a school 12 building, on school premises, or at an off-site school 13 function or activity which occurs among students or between 14 students and nonstudents. The bill provides that the degree 15 and force of the intervention may be that which the employee 16 determines to be reasonably necessary to restore order and 17 protect the safety of the individuals involved in the 18 altercation and others in the vicinity of the altercation. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33

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HOUSE FILE 2269
BY RANTS

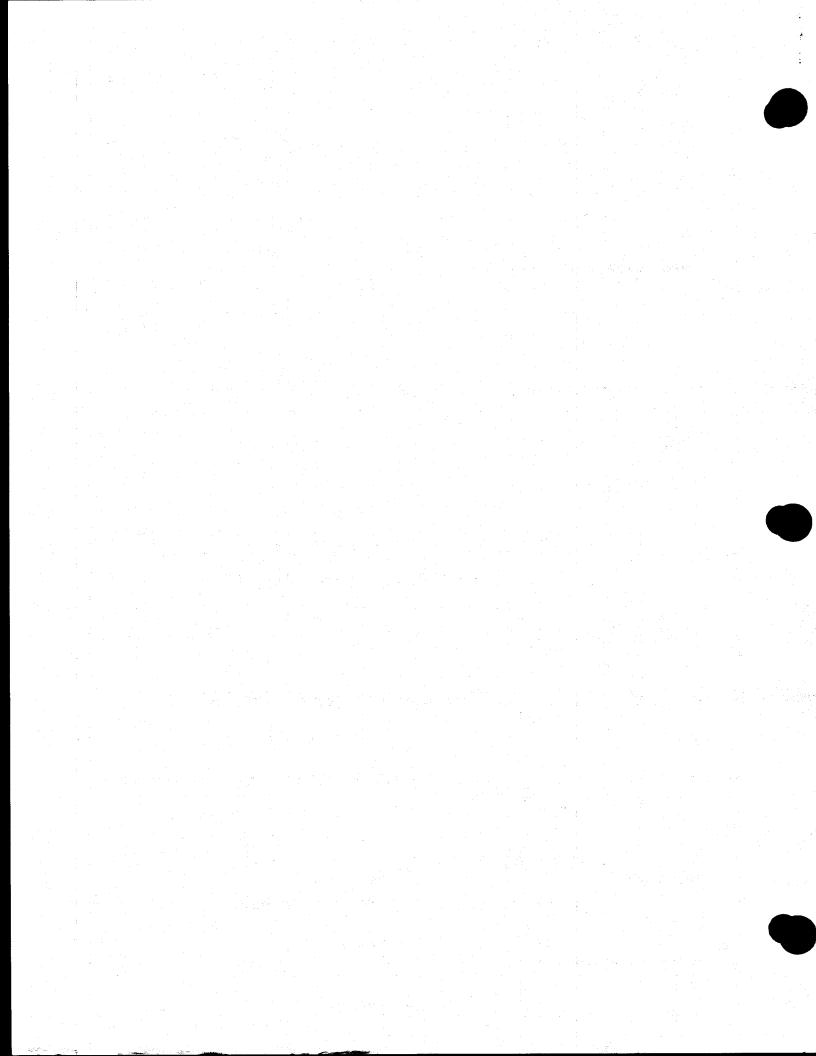
(As Amended and Passed by the House, March 4, 1998)

	$\left(21821\right)$
	Passed House, Date $\frac{4/20/98}{2}$ Passed Senate, Date $\frac{4/15/9}{2}$ Vote: Ayes $\frac{95}{2}$ Nays $\frac{3}{2}$ Vote: Ayes $\frac{49}{2}$ Nays $\frac{3}{2}$
	Vote: Ayes 95 Nays 3 Vote: Ayes 49 Nays 0
	Approved Way 14, 1998 (p. 1433) Vate 47-0
	(21433) Jassel 4/21/98
	A BILL FOR
1	An Act relating to permissible physical contact between school
2	employees and students.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:
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5	
6	New Language
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	HOUSE FILE 2269 S-5279
	1 Amend House File 2269, as amended, passed, and
	<pre>2 reprinted by the House, as follows: 3     1. Page 1, line 26, by striking the word</pre>
1	4 "disciplining" and inserting the following:
1	5 "restraining".  4/15/98 By MARY NEUHAUSER
þ.	12.07
	S-5279 FILED MARCH 18, 1998
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- 1 Section 1. Section 280.21, Code 1997, is amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 280.21 CORPORAL PUNISHMENT -- BURDEN OF PROOF.
- 4 1. An employee of an accredited public school district,
- 5 accredited nonpublic school, or area education agency shall
- 6 not inflict, or cause to be inflicted, corporal punishment
- 7 upon a student. For purposes of this section, "corporal
- 8 punishment" means the intentional physical punishment of a
- 9 student. An employee's physical contact with the body of a
- 10 student shall not be considered corporal punishment if it is
- 11 reasonable and necessary under the circumstances and is not
- 12 designed or intended to cause pain or if the employee uses
- 13 reasonable force, as defined under section 704.1, for the
- 14 protection of the employee, the student, or other students; to
- 15 obtain the possession of a weapon or other dangerous object
- 16 within a student's control; or for the protection of property.
- 17 The department of education shall adopt rules to implement
- 18 this section.
- 19 2. A school employee who, in the reasonable course of the
- 20 employee's employment responsibilities, comes into physical
- 21 contact with a student shall be granted immunity from any
- 22 civil or criminal liability which might otherwise be incurred
- 23 or imposed as a result of such physical contact, if the
- 24 physical contact is reasonable under the circumstances and
- 25 involves the following:
- 26 a. Encouraging, supporting, or disciplining the student.
- b. Protecting the employee, the student, or other
- 28 students.
- 29 c. Obtaining possession of a weapon or other dangerous
- 30 object within a student's control.
- 31 <u>d. Protecting employee, student, or school property.</u>
- 32 e. Quelling a disturbance or preventing an act threatening
- 33 physical harm to any person.
- f. Removing a disruptive student from class or any area of
- 35 the school premises, or from school-sponsored activities off

1	school premises.
2	g. Preventing a student from the self-infliction of harm.
3	h. Self-defense.
4	i. Any other legitimate educational activity.
5	3. To prevail in a civil action alleging a violation of
6	this section the party bringing the action shall prove the
7	violation by clear and convincing evidence. Any school
8	employee determined in a civil action to have been wrongfully
9	accused under this section shall be awarded reasonable
10	monetary damages, in light of the circumstances involved,
11	against the party bringing the action.
12	Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 280.26 INTERVENTION IN ALTERCATIONS.
13	A public school employee may intervene in a fight or
14	physical struggle occurring among students or between students
	and nonstudents that takes place in the presence of the school
15	
	employee in a school building, on school premises, or at any
16	employee in a school building, on school premises, or at any school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its
16 17	• •
16 17 18	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its
16 17 18 19	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as
16 17 18 19 20	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee,
16 17 18 19 20 21	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals
16 17 18 19 20 21	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the
16 17 18 19 20 21	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the
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16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the

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# HOUSE FILE 2269 S-5286 1 Amend House File 2269, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the House, as follows: 3 1. Page 2, by striking line 13 and inserting the 4 following: 5 "1. An employee of an accredited public school 6 district, accredited nonpublic school, or area 7 education agency may intervene in a fight or". 8 2. Page 2, by inserting after line 22 the 9 following: 10 "2. A person who is not an employee of an 11 accredited public school district, accredited 12 nonpublic school, or area education agency may 13 intervene in a fight or physical struggle, as 14 described in subsection 1 in the absence of such and 14 described in subsection 1 in the absence of such and 15 described in subsection 1 in the absence of such and 16 described in s

13 intervene in a fight or physical struggle, as 14 described in subsection 1, in the absence of such an 15 employee or at the request of such an employee, 16 utilizing the degree and force of intervention

17 reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the

18 nonemployee, to restore order and protect the safety

19 of the individuals involved in the altercation and

20 others in the vicinity of the altercation. However, a

21 person who intervenes in the absence of an employee of

22 an accredited public school district, accredited

23 nonpublic school, or area education agency shall

24 report the intervention and all relevant information

25 regarding the situation as soon as reasonably possible

26 to such an employee."

27 3. Title page, lines 1 and 2, by striking the 28 words "between school employees and" and inserting the 29 following: "with".

(P. 1280) adopted 4/15/98

By COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION DONALD B. REDFERN, Chairperson

S-5286 FILED MARCH 19, 1998

### HOUSE FILE 2269

### S-5595

1 Amend the amendment, S-5286, to House File 2269, as 2 amended, passed, and reprinted by the House, as 3 follows:

4 1. Page 1, by striking line 26 and inserting the

5 following: "to such an employee.

6 3. A person who intervenes in a fight or physical 7 struggle pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 shall be immune

8 from any civil or criminal liability which might

9 otherwise be incurred or imposed as a result of such 10 reasonable force, and shall be awarded reasonable

11 monetary damages against a party bringing a civil

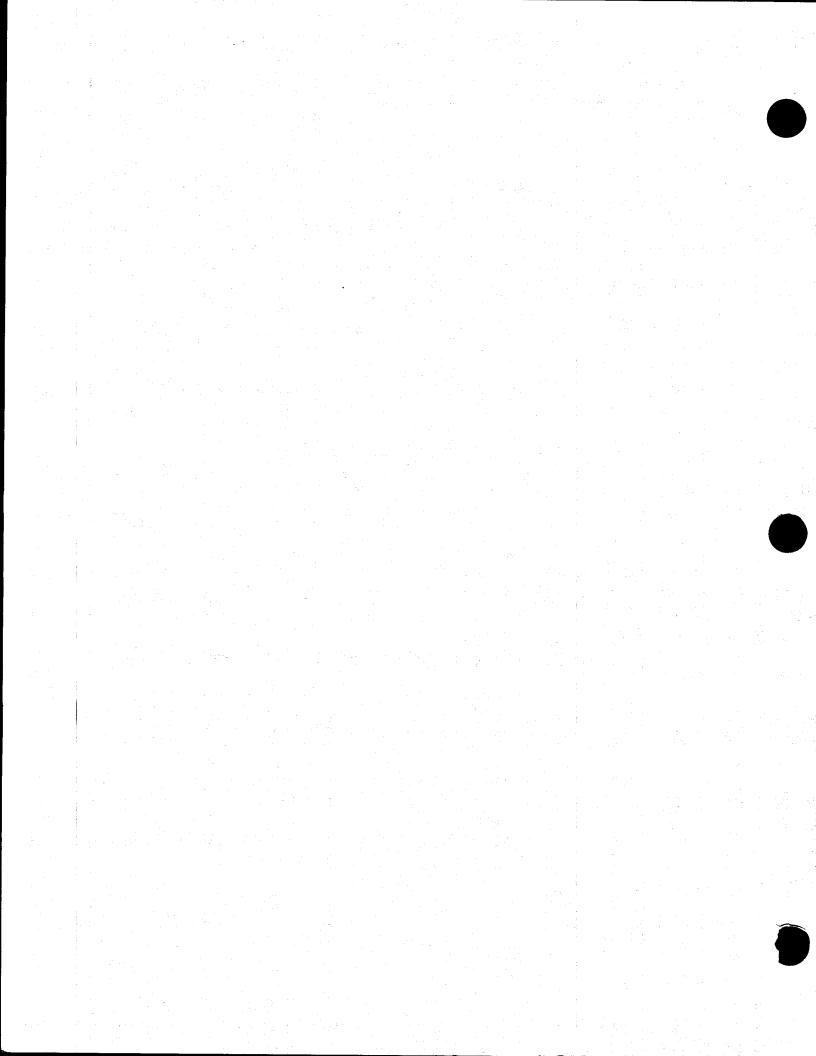
12 action if determined in the action to have been

13 wrongfully accused, as specified in section 280.21,

14 subsection 3.""

adoptes 4/15/98 (p. 1280) S-5595 FILED APRIL 9, 1998

By KITTY REHBERG



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HOUSE FILE 2269
H-9304
      Amend the Senate amendment, H-9193, to House File
 2 2269, as amended, passed, and reprinted by the House,
 3 as follows:
      1. Page 1, by striking lines 3 through 43 and
 5 inserting the following:
            Page 2, by striking line 13 and inserting
 7 the following:
      "1. An employee of an accredited public school
 9 district, accredited nonpublic school, or area
10 education agency may intervene in a fight or".
           Page 2, by inserting after line 22 the
12 following:
      "2. A person who is not an employee of an
14 accredited public school district, accredited
15 nonpublic school, or area education agency may
16 intervene in a fight or physical struggle occurring
17 among students, or between students and nonstudents,
18 that takes place in the presence of the nonemployee in
19 a school building, on school premises, or at any
20 school function or school-sponsored activity
21 regardless of its location. The intervention may
22 occur in the absence of an employee of an accredited
23 public school district, accredited nonpublic school,
24 or area education agency, or at the request of such an
25 employee, utilizing the degree and force of
26 intervention reasonably necessary to restore order and
27 protect the safety of the individuals involved in the
28 altercation and others in the vicinity of the
29 altercation. However, a person who intervenes in the
30 absence of an employee of an accredited public school
31 district, accredited nonpublic school, or area
32 education agency shall report the intervention and all
33 relevant information regarding the situation as soon
34 as reasonably possible to such an employee.
35

    An employee of an accredited public school

36 district, accredited nonpublic school, or area
37 education agency who intervenes in a fight or physical
38 struggle pursuant to subsection 1 shall be awarded
39 reasonable monetary damages against a party bringing a
40 civil action alleging a violation of this section, if
41 it is determined in the action that the employee has
42 been wrongfully accused. A nonemployee of an
43 accredited public school district, accredited
44 nonpublic school, or area education agency who
45 intervenes in a fight or physical struggle pursuant to
46 subsection 2 shall be limited to the recovery of
47 reasonable attorney fees and court costs, if it is
48 determined in a civil action alleging a violation of
49 this section that the nonemployee has been wrongfully
50 accused."
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H-9304

H-9304

Page

Title page, lines 1 and 2, by striking the 2 words "between school employees and" and inserting the 3 following: "involving".

By renumbering, relettering, or

5 redesignating and correcting internal references as 6 necessary."

By RANTS of Woodbury

E-9304 FILED APRIL 20, 1998

adoptes 4/20/98 (P. 1821)

### SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE FILE 2269

### H-9193

Amend House File 2269, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the House, as follows:

3 1. Page 1, line 26, by striking the word
4 "disciplining" and inserting the following:
5 "restraining".

6 2. Page 2, by striking line 13 and inserting the 7 following:

8 "1. An employee of an accredited public school 9 district, accredited nonpublic school, or area 10 education agency may intervene in a fight or".

11 3. Page 2, by inserting after line 22 the 12 following:

13 A person who is not an employee of an 14 accredited public school district, accredited 15 nonpublic school, or area education agency may 16 intervene in a fight or physical struggle, as 17 described in subsection 1, in the absence of such an 18 employee or at the request of such an employee, 19 utilizing the degree and force of intervention 20 reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the 21 nonemployee, to restore order and protect the safety 22 of the individuals involved in the altercation and 23 others in the vicinity of the altercation. However, a 24 person who intervenes in the absence of an employee of 25 an accredited public school district, accredited 26 nonpublic school, or area education agency shall 27 report the intervention and all relevant information 28 regarding the situation as soon as reasonably possible 29 to such an employee.

30 3. A person who intervenes in a fight or physical 31 struggle pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 shall be immune 32 from any civil or criminal liability which might 33 otherwise be incurred or imposed as a result of such 34 reasonable force, and shall be awarded reasonable 35 monetary damages against a party bringing a civil 36 action if determined in the action to have been 37 wrongfully accused, as specified in section 280.21,

38 subsection 3."

39 4. Title page, lines 1 and 2, by striking the 40 words "between school employees and" and inserting the 41 following: "with".

42 5. By renumbering, relettering, or redesignating 43 and correcting internal references as necessary.

RECEIVED FROM THE SENATE

H-9193 FILED APRIL 15, 1998

House Concurred 4/20198 (P. 1821)

# HOUSE AMENDMENT TO SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE FILE 2269

### S-5779

Amend the Senate amendment, H-9193, to House File 2 2269, as amended, passed, and reprinted by the House, 3 as follows:

4 l. Page 1, by striking lines 3 through 43 and 5 inserting the following:

6 "\_\_\_. Page 2, by striking line 13 and inserting 7 the following:

8 "1. An employee of an accredited public school 9 district, accredited nonpublic school, or area 10 education agency may intervene in a fight or".

11 \_\_\_\_. Page 2, by inserting after line 22 the 12 following:

13 A person who is not an employee of an 14 accredited public school district, accredited 15 nonpublic school, or area education agency may 16 intervene in a fight or physical struggle occurring 17 among students, or between students and nonstudents, 18 that takes place in the presence of the nonemployee in 19 a school building, on school premises, or at any 20 school function or school-sponsored activity 21 regardless of its location. The intervention may 22 occur in the absence of an employee of an accredited 23 public school district, accredited nonpublic school, 24 or area education agency, or at the request of such an 25 employee, utilizing the degree and force of 26 intervention reasonably necessary to restore order and 27 protect the safety of the individuals involved in the 28 altercation and others in the vicinity of the 29 altercation. However, a person who intervenes in the 30 absence of an employee of an accredited public school 31 district, accredited nonpublic school, or area 32 education agency shall report the intervention and all 33 relevant information regarding the situation as soon 34 as reasonably possible to such an employee.

35 3. An employee of an accredited public school
36 district, accredited nonpublic school, or area
37 education agency who intervenes in a fight or physical
38 struggle pursuant to subsection 1 shall be awarded
39 reasonable monetary damages against a party bringing a
40 civil action alleging a violation of this section, if
41 it is determined in the action that the employee has
42 been wrongfully accused. A nonemployee of an
43 accredited public school district, accredited
44 nonpublic school, or area education agency who
45 intervenes in a fight or physical struggle pursuant to
46 subsection 2 shall be limited to the recovery of
47 reasonable attorney fees and court costs, if it is
48 determined in a civil action alleging a violation of

49 this section that the nonemployee has been wrongfully

S-5779

Page 2

1 . Title page, lines 1 and 2, by striking the 2 words "between school employees and" and inserting the 3 following: "involving".

4 . By renumbering, relettering, or 5 redesignating and correcting internal references as 6 necessary."

RECEIVED FROM THE HOUSE

S-5779 FILED APRIL 21, 1998 CONCURRED

(P.1433)

## HOUSE FILE 2269

### AN ACT

RELATING TO PERMISSIBLE PHYSICAL CONTACT INVOLVING STUDENTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

Section 1. Section 280.21, Code 1997, is amended to read as follows:

280.21 CORPORAL PUNISHMENT -- BURDEN OF PROOF.

1. An employee of an accredited public school district, accredited nonpublic school, or area education agency shall not inflict, or cause to be inflicted, corporal punishment upon a student. For purposes of this section, "corporal punishment" means the intentional physical punishment of a student. An employee's physical contact with the body of a student shall not be considered corporal punishment if it is reasonable and necessary under the circumstances and is not designed or intended to cause pain or if the employee uses reasonable force, as defined under section 704.1, for the protection of the employee, the student, or other students; to obtain the possession of a weapon or other dangerous object within a student's control; or for the protection of property. The department of education shall adopt rules to implement this section.

### House File 2269, p. 2

- 2. A school employee who, in the reasonable course of the employee's employment responsibilities, comes into physical contact with a student shall be granted immunity from any civil or criminal liability which might otherwise be incurred or imposed as a result of such physical contact, if the physical contact is reasonable under the circumstances and involves the following:
  - a. Encouraging, supporting, or disciplining the student.
- b. Protecting the employee, the student, or other students.
- c. Obtaining possession of a weapon or other dangerous object within a student's control.
  - d. Protecting employee, student, or school property.
- e. Quelling a disturbance or preventing an act threatening physical harm to any person.
- f. Removing a disruptive student from class or any area of the school premises, or from school-sponsored activities off school premises.
  - g. Preventing a student from the self-infliction of harm.
  - h. Self-defense.
  - i. Any other legitimate educational activity.
- 3. To prevail in a civil action alleging a violation of this section the party bringing the action shall prove the violation by clear and convincing evidence. Any school employee determined in a civil action to have been wrongfully accused under this section shall be awarded reasonable monetary damages, in light of the circumstances involved, against the party bringing the action.
- Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 280.26 INTERVENTION IN ALTERCATIONS.
- 1. An employee of an accredited public school district, accredited nonpublic school, or area education agency may intervene in a fight or physical struggle occurring among students or between students and nonstudents that takes place in the presence of the school employee in a school building,

on school premises, or at any school function or schoolsponsored activity regardless of its location. The degree and force of the intervention may be as reasonably necessary, in the opinion of the school employee, to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the altercation.

- 2. A person who is not an employee of an accredited public school district, accredited nonpublic school, or area education agency may intervene in a fight or physical struggle occurring among students, or between students and nonstudents, that takes place in the presence of the nonemployee in a school building, on school premises, or at any school function or school-sponsored activity regardless of its location. The intervention may occur in the absence of an employee of an accredited public school district, accredited nonpublic school, or area education agency, or at the request of such an employee, utilizing the degree and force of intervention reasonably necessary to restore order and protect the safety of the individuals involved in the altercation and others in the vicinity of the altercation. However, a person who intervenes in the absence of an employee of an accredited public school district, accredited nonpublic school, or area education agency shall report the intervention and all relevant information regarding the situation as soon as reasonably possible to such an employee.
- 3. An employee of an accredited public school district, accredited nonpublic school, or area education agency who intervenes in a fight or physical struggle pursuant to subsection 1 shall be awarded reasonable monetary damages against a party bringing a civil action alleging a violation of this section, if it is determined in the action that the employee has been wrongfully accused. A nonemployee of an accredited public school district, accredited nonpublic school, or area education agency who intervenes in a fight or physical struggle pursuant to subsection 2 shall be limited to

the recovery of reasonable attorney fees and court costs, if it is determined in a civil action alleging a violation of this section that the nonemployee has been wrongfully accused.

> RON J. CORBETT Speaker of the House

MARY E. KRAMER President of the Senate

I hereby certify that this bill originated in the House and is known as House File 2269, Seventy-seventh General Assembly.

ELIZABETH ISAACSON

Chief Clerk of the House

TERRY E. BRANSTAD

Governor