19 20 21 HOUSE FILE 2/00

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(COMPANION TO SF 2031 BY DVORSKY)

Passed	House, Date	<u> </u>	Passed	Senate,	Date
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays
Approved			 		

A BILL FOR 1 An Act relating to sexually violent predators. 2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 1.5 16 17 18

HF 2/0

- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 229A.1 LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.
- 2 The general assembly finds that a small but extremely
- 3 dangerous group of sexually violent predators exists which is
- 4 made up of persons who do not have a mental disease or defect
- 5 that renders them appropriate for involuntary treatment
- 6 pursuant to the treatment provisions for mentally ill persons
- 7 under chapter 229, since that chapter is intended to provide
- 8 short-term treatment to persons with serious mental disorders
- 9 and then return them to the community. In contrast to persons
- 10 appropriate for civil commitment under chapter 229, sexually
- ll violent predators generally have antisocial personality
- 12 features that are unamenable to existing mental illness
- 13 treatment modalities and that render them likely to engage in
- 14 sexually violent behavior. The general assembly finds that
- 15 sexually violent predators' likelihood of engaging in repeat
- 16 acts of predatory sexual violence is high and that the
- 17 existing involuntary commitment procedure under chapter 229 is
- 18 inadequate to address the risk these sexually violent
- 19 predators pose to society.
- 20 The general assembly further finds that the prognosis for
- 21 rehabilitating sexually violent predators in a prison setting
- 22 is poor, because the treatment needs of this population are
- 23 very long-term, and the treatment modalities for this
- 24 population are very different from the traditional treatment
- 25 modalities available in a prison setting or for persons
- 26 appropriate for commitment under chapter 229. Therefore, the
- 27 general assembly finds that a civil commitment procedure for
- 28 the long-term care and treatment of the sexually violent
- 29 predator is necessary.
- 30 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 229A.2 DEFINITIONS.
- 31 As used in this chapter:
- 32 1. "Agency with jurisdiction" means an agency which
- 33 releases a person serving a sentence or term of confinement
- 34 based upon a lawful order or authority, and includes but is
- 35 not limited to the department of corrections, the department

- l of human services, a judicial district department of
- 2 correctional services, and the Iowa board of parole.
- 3 2. "Mental abnormality" means a congenital or acquired
- 4 condition affecting the emotional or volitional capacity of a
- 5 person and predisposing that person to commit sexually violent
- 6 offenses to a degree which would constitute a menace to the
- 7 health and safety of others.
- 8 3. "Predatory" means acts directed toward a person with
- 9 whom a relationship has been established or promoted for the
- 10 primary purpose of victimization.
- 11 4. "Sexually motivated" means that one of the purposes for
- 12 commission of a crime is the purpose of sexual gratification
- 13 of the perpetrator of the crime.
- 14 5. "Sexually violent offense" means:
- 15 a. A violation of any provision of chapter 709.
- 16 b. A violation of any of the following if the offense
- 17 involves sexual abuse, attempted sexual abuse, or intent to
- 18 commit sexual abuse:
- 19 (1) Murder as defined in section 707.1.
- 20 (2) Kidnapping as defined in section 710.1.
- 21 (3) Burglary as defined in section 713.1.
- 22 (4) Child endangerment under section 726.6, subsection 1,
- 23 paragraph "e".
- 24 c. Sexual exploitation of a minor in violation of section
- 25 728.12, subsection 1.
- 26 d. Pandering involving a minor in violation of section
- 27 725.3, subsection 2.
- 28 e. An offense involving an attempt or conspiracy to commit
- 29 any offense referred to in this subsection.
- 30 f. An offense under prior law of this state or an offense
- 31 committed in another jurisdiction which would constitute an
- 32 equivalent offense under paragraphs "a" through "e".
- 33 g. Any act which, either at the time of sentencing for the
- 34 offense or subsequently during civil commitment proceedings
- 35 pursuant to this chapter, has been determined beyond a

- 1 reasonable doubt to have been sexually motivated.
- 6. "Sexually violent predator" means a person who has been
- 3 convicted of or charged with a sexually violent offense and
- 4 who suffers from a mental abnormality which makes the person
- 5 likely to engage in predatory acts constituting sexually
- 6 violent offenses, if not confined in a secure facility.
- 7 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 229A.3 NOTICE OF DISCHARGE OF
- 8 SEXUALLY VIOLENT PREDATOR -- IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY --
- 9 MULTIDISCIPLINARY TEAM -- PROSECUTOR'S REVIEW COMMITTEE --
- 10 ASSESSMENT OF PERSON.
- ll l. When it appears that a person may meet the definition
- 12 of a sexually violent predator, the agency with jurisdiction
- 13 shall give written notice to the attorney general and the
- 14 multidisciplinary team established in subsection 4, no later
- 15 than ninety days prior to any of the following events:
- 16 a. The anticipated discharge of a person who has been
- 17 convicted of a sexually violent offense from total
- 18 confinement, except that in the case of a person who is
- 19 returned to prison for no more than ninety days as a result of
- 20 revocation of parole, written notice shall be given as soon as
- 21 practicable following the person's readmission to prison.
- 22 b. The discharge of a person who has been charged with a
- 23 sexually violent offense and who has been determined to be
- 24 incompetent to stand trial pursuant to chapter 812.
- 25 c. The discharge of a person who has been found not guilty
- 26 by reason of insanity of a sexually violent offense.
- 27 d. The discharge of a person who has been found not guilty
- 28 of a sexually violent offense referred to under section
- 29 229A.2, subsection 5, paragraph "b", or of an attempt or
- 30 conspiracy to commit an offense under that paragraph, where
- 31 the court or jury who found the person not guilty answers the
- 32 special allegation in section 229A.14 in the affirmative.
- 33 2. If notice is required under subsection 1, the agency
- 34 with jurisdiction shall inform the attorney general and the
- 35 multidisciplinary team established in subsection 4, of both of

- 1 the following:
- 2 a. The person's name, identifying factors, anticipated
- 3 future residence, and offense history.
- 4 b. Documentation of any institutional evaluation and any
- 5 treatment received.
- 6 3. The agency with jurisdiction, its employees, officials,
- 7 members of the multidisciplinary team established in
- 8 subsection 4, members of the prosecutor's review committee
- 9 appointed as provided in subsection 5, and individuals
- 10 contracting, appointed, or volunteering to perform services
- 11 under this section shall be immune from liability for any
- 12 good-faith conduct under this section.
- 13 4. The director of the department of corrections shall
- 14 establish a multidisciplinary team which may include
- 15 individuals from other state agencies to review available
- 16 records of each person referred to such team pursuant to
- 17 subsection 1. The team, within thirty days of receiving
- 18 notice, shall assess whether or not the person meets the
- 19 definition of a sexually violent predator. The team shall
- 20 notify the attorney general of its assessment.
- 21 5. The attorney general shall appoint a prosecutor's
- 22 review committee to review the records of each person referred
- 23 to the attorney general pursuant to subsection 1. The
- 24 prosecutor's review committee shall assist the attorney
- 25 general in the determination of whether or not the person
- 26 meets the definition of a sexually violent predator. The
- 27 assessment of the multidisciplinary team shall be made
- 28 available to the attorney general and the prosecutor's review
- 29 committee.
- 30 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 229A.4 PETITION, TIME, CONTENTS.
- If it appears that a person presently confined may be a
- 32 sexually violent predator and the prosecutor's review
- 33 committee has determined that the person meets the definition
- 34 of a sexually violent predator, the attorney general may file
- 35 a petition, within seventy-five days of the date the attorney

- 1 general received the written notice by the agency of
- 2 jurisdiction pursuant to section 229A.3, alleging that the
- 3 person is a sexually violent predator and stating sufficient
- 4 facts to support such an allegation.
- 5 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 229A.5 PERSON TAKEN INTO CUSTODY,
- 6 DETERMINATION OF PROBABLE CAUSE, HEARING, EVALUATION.
- 7 l. Upon filing of a petition under section 229A.4, the
- 8 court shall make a preliminary determination as to whether
- 9 probable cause exists to believe that the person named in the
- 10 petition is a sexually violent predator. Upon a preliminary
- ll finding of probable cause, the court shall direct that the
- 12 person named in the petition be taken into custody and that
- 13 the person be served with a copy of the petition and any
- 14 supporting documentation and notice of the procedures required
- 15 by this chapter.
- 16 2. Within seventy-two hours after being taken into
- 17 custody, a hearing shall be held to determine whether probable
- 18 cause exists to believe the detained person is a sexually
- 19 violent predator. At the probable cause hearing, the detained
- 20 person shall have the following rights:
- 21 a. To be provided with prior notice of date, time, and
- 22 location of the probable cause hearing.
- 23 b. To respond to the preliminary finding of probable
- 24 cause.
- 25 c. To appear in person at the hearing.
- 26 d. To be represented by counsel.
- e. To present evidence on the respondent's own behalf.
- 28 f. To cross-examine witnesses who testify against the
- 29 respondent.
- 30 g. To view and copy all petitions and reports in the
- 31 possession of the court.
- 32 3. At the hearing, the state may rely upon the petition
- 33 filed under subsection 1 but may also supplement the petition
- 34 with additional documentary evidence or live testimony.
- 35 4. At the conclusion of the hearing, the court shall enter

- 1 an order which does both of the following:
- 2 a. Verifies the respondent's identity.
- 3 b. Determines whether probable cause exists to believe
- 4 that the respondent is a sexually violent predator.
- 5. If the court determines that probable cause does exist,
- 6 the court shall direct that the respondent be transferred to
- 7 an appropriate secure facility, including, but not limited to,
- 8 a county jail, for an evaluation as to whether the respondent
- 9 is a sexually violent predator. The evaluation shall be
- 10 conducted by a person deemed to be professionally qualified to
- ll conduct such an examination.
- 12 Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. 229A.6 COUNSEL AND EXPERTS,
- 13 INDIGENT PERSONS.
- 14 1. A respondent to a petition alleging the person to be a
- 15 sexually violent predator shall be entitled to the assistance
- 16 of counsel upon the filing of the petition under section
- 17 299A.4 and, if the respondent is indigent, the court shall
- 18 appoint counsel to assist the respondent.
- 19 2. If a respondent is subjected to an examination under
- 20 this chapter, the respondent may retain experts or
- 21 professional persons to perform an independent examination on
- 22 the respondent's behalf. If the respondent wishes to be
- 23 examined by a qualified expert or professional person of the
- 24 respondent's own choice, the examiner of the respondent's
- 25 choice shall be given reasonable access to the respondent for
- 26 the purpose of the examination, as well as access to all
- 27 relevant medical and psychological records and reports. If
- 28 the respondent is indigent, the court, upon the respondent's
- 29 request, shall determine whether the services are necessary
- 30 and the reasonable compensation for the services. If the
- 31 court determines that the services are necessary and the
- 32 requested compensation for the services is reasonable, the
- 33 court shall assist the respondent in obtaining an expert or
- 34 professional person to perform an examination or participate
- 35 in the trial on the respondent's behalf. The court shall

- l approve payment for such services upon the filing of a
- 2 certified claim for compensation supported by a written
- 3 statement specifying the time expended, services rendered,
- 4 expenses incurred on behalf of the respondent, and
- 5 compensation received in the same case or for the same
- 6 services from any other source.
- 7 Sec. 7. NEW SECTION. 229A.7 TRIAL, DETERMINATION:
- 8 COMMITMENT PROCEDURE, INTERAGENCY AGREEMENTS, MISTRIALS.
- 9 1. Within sixty days after the completion of any hearing
- 10 held pursuant to section 229A.5, the court shall conduct a
- Il trial to determine whether the respondent is a sexually
- 12 violent predator. The trial may be continued upon the request
- 33 of either party and a showing of good cause, or by the court
- 14 on its own motion in the due administration of justice, and
- 15 when the respondent will not be substantially prejudiced. The
- 16 respondent, the attorney general, or the judge shall have the
- 27 right to demand that the trial be before a jury. Such demand
- 18 for the trial to be before a jury shall be filed, in writing,
- .. 9 at least four days prior to trial. The number and selection
- 20 of jurors shall be determined as provided in chapter 607A. If
- 21 no demand is made, the trial shall be before the court.
- 22 2. At trial, the court or jury shall determine whether,
- 23 beyond a reasonable doubt, the respondent is a sexually
- 24 violent predator. If the determination that the respondent is
- 25 a sexually violent predator is made by a jury, the
- 26 determination shall be by unanimous verdict of such jury.
- 27 If the court or jury determines that the respondent is a
- 28 sexually violent predator, the respondent shall be committed
- 29 to the custody of the director of the department of human
- 30 services for control, care, and treatment until such time as
- 31 the person's mental abnormality has so changed that the person
- 32 is safe to be at large. The determination may be appealed.
- 3. The control, care, and treatment of a person determined
- 34 to be a sexually violent predator shall be provided at a
- 35 facility operated by the department of human services. At all

- 1 times, persons committed for control, care, and treatment by
- 2 the department of human services pursuant to this chapter
- 3 shall be kept in a secure facility and those patients shall be
- 4 segregated at all times from any other patient under the
- 5 supervision of the department of human services. A person
- 6 committed pursuant to this chapter to the custody of the
- 7 department of human services may be kept in a facility or
- 8 building separate from any other patient under the supervision
- 9 of the department of human services. The department of human
- 10 services may enter into an interagency agreement with the
- 11 department of corrections for the confinement of patients who
- 12 have been determined to be sexually violent predators.
- 13 Patients who are in the confinement of the director of the
- 14 department of corrections pursuant to an interagency agreement
- 15 shall be housed and managed separately from criminal offenders
- 16 in the custody of the director of the department of
- 17 corrections, and except for occasional instances of supervised
- 18 incidental contact, shall be segregated from those offenders.
- 19 4. If the court or jury is not satisfied beyond a
- 20 reasonable doubt that the respondent is a sexually violent
- 21 predator, the court shall direct the respondent's release.
- 22 Upon a mistrial, the court shall direct that the respondent be
- 23 held at an appropriate secure facility, including, but not
- 24 limited to, a county jail, until another trial is conducted.
- 25 Any subsequent trial following a mistrial shall be held within
- 25 ninety days of the previous trial, unless such subsequent
- 27 trial is continued as provided in subsection 1.
- 28 5. If a person charged with a sexually violent offense has
- 29 been found incompetent to stand trial or has been found not
- 30 guilty of a sexually violent offense by reason of insanity,
- 31 and the person is about to be discharged pursuant to section
- 32 812.5, if a petition has been filed seeking the person's
- 33 commitment under this chapter, the court shall first hear
- 34 evidence and determine whether the person did commit the act
- 35 or acts charged. At the hearing on this issue, the rules of

- l evidence applicable in criminal cases shall apply, and all
- 2 constitutional rights available to defendants at criminal
- 3 trials, other than the right not to be tried while
- 4 incompetent, shall apply. After hearing evidence on this
- 5 issue, the court shall make specific findings on whether the
- 6 person did commit the act or acts charged, the extent to which
- 7 the person's incompetence or insanity affected the outcome of
- 8 the hearing, including its effect on the person's ability to
- 9 consult with and assist counsel and to testify on the person's
- 10 own behalf, the extent to which the evidence could be
- ll reconstructed without the assistance of the person, and the
- 12 strength of the prosecution's case. If after the conclusion
- 13 of the hearing on this issue, the court finds, beyond a
- 14 reasonable doubt, that the person did commit the act or acts
- 15 charged, the court shall enter a final order, appealable by
- 16 the person, on that issue, and may proceed to consider whether
- 17 the person should be committed pursuant to this chapter.
- 18 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 229A.8 ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS,
- 19 DISCHARGE PETITIONS BY PERSONS COMMITTED.
- 20 1. Each person committed under this chapter shall have a
- 21 current examination of the person's mental abnormality made
- 22 once every year. The person may retain, or if the person is
- 23 indigent and so requests, the court may appoint a qualified
- 24 expert or professional person to examine such person, and such
- 25 expert or professional person shall be given access to all
- 26 records concerning the person.
- 27 2. The annual report shall be provided to the court that
- 28 committed the person under this chapter. The court shall
- 29 conduct an annual review and probable cause hearing on the
- 30 status of the committed person.
- 31 3. Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit the
- 32 person from otherwise petitioning the court for discharge at
- 33 the probable cause hearing. The director of human services
- 34 shall provide the committed person with an annual written
- 35 notice of the person's right to petition the court for

- 1 discharge over the director's objection. The notice shall
- 2 contain a waiver of rights. The director shall forward the
- 3 notice and waiver form to the court with the annual report.
- 4. The committed person shall have a right to have an
- 5 attorney represent the person at the probable cause hearing
- 6 but the person is not entitled to be present at the hearing.
- 7 If the court at the hearing determines that probable cause
- 8 exists to believe that the person's mental abnormality has so
- 9 changed that the person is safe to be at large and will not
- 10 engage in predatory acts or sexually violent offenses if
- il discharged, then the court shall set a final hearing on the 12 issue.
- 13 5. At the final hearing, the committed person shall be
- 14 entitled to be present and is entitled to the benefit of all
- 15 constitutional protections that were afforded the person at
- 16 the original commitment proceeding. The attorney general
- 17 shall represent the state and shall have a right to a jury
- 18 trial and to have the committed person evaluated by experts
- 19 chosen by the state. The committed person shall also have the
- 20 right to have experts evaluate the person on the person's
- 21 behalf. The court shall appoint an expert if the person is
- 22 indigent and requests an appointment. The burden of proof at
- 23 the hearing shall be upon the state to prove beyond a
- 24 reasonable doubt that the committed person's mental
- 25 abnormality or personality disorder remains such that the
- 26 person is not safe to be at large and if discharged is likely
- 27 to engage in acts of sexual violence.
- 28 Sec. 9. NEW SECTION. 229A.9 DETENTION AND COMMITMENT TO
- 29 CONFORM TO CONSTITUTIONAL REQUIREMENTS.
- 30 The involuntary detention or commitment of persons under
- 31 this chapter shall conform to constitutional requirements for
- 32 care and treatment.
- 33 Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 229A.10 PETITION FOR DISCHARGE --
- 34 PROCEDURE.
- 35 If the director of human services determines that the

- 1 person's mental abnormality has so changed that the person is
- 2 not likely to commit predatory acts or sexually violent
- 3 offenses if discharged, the director shall authorize the
- 4 person to petition the court for discharge. The petition
- 5 shall be served upon the court and the attorney general. The
- 6 court, upon receipt of the petition for discharge, shall order
- 7 a hearing within thirty days. The attorney general shall
- 8 represent the state, and shall have the right to have the
- 9 petitioner examined by an expert or professional person of the
- 10 attorney general's choice. The hearing shall be before a jury
- 11 if demanded by either the petitioner or the attorney general.
- 12 The burden of proof shall be upon the attorney general to show
- 13 beyond a reasonable doubt that the petitioner's mental
- 14 abnormality or personality disorder remains such that the
- 15 petitioner is not safe to be at large and that if discharged
- 16 is likely to commit predatory acts or sexually violent
- 17 offenses.
- 18 Sec. 11. NEW SECTION. 229A.11 SUBSEQUENT DISCHARGE
- 19 PETITIONS, LIMITATIONS.
- Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a person from filing
- 21 a petition for discharge pursuant to this chapter. However,
- 22 if a person has previously filed a petition for discharge
- 23 without the authorization of the director of human services,
- 24 and the court determines either upon review of the petition or
- 25 following a hearing that the petition was frivolous or that
- 26 the petitioner's condition had not so changed that the person
- 27 was safe to be at large, then the court shall summarily deny
- 28 the subsequent petition unless the petition contains facts
- 29 upon which a court could find the condition of the petitioner
- 30 had so changed that a hearing was warranted. Upon receipt of
- 31 a first or subsequent petition from a committed person without
- 32 the director's authorization, the court shall endeavor
- 33 whenever possible to review the petition and determine if the
- 34 petition is based upon frivolous grounds. If the court
- 35 determines that a petition is frivolous, the court shall deny

- 1 the petition without a hearing.
- 2 Sec. 12. NEW SECTION. 229A.12 DIRECTOR OF HUMAN SERVICES
- 3 -- RESPONSIBILITY FOR COSTS -- DUTIES -- REIMBURSEMENT.
- 4 The director of human services shall be responsible for all
- 5 costs relating to the evaluation and treatment of persons
- 6 committed to the director's custody under any provision of
- 7 this chapter. Reimbursement may be obtained by the director
- 8 from the patient and any person legally liable or bound by
- 9 contract for the support of the patient for the cost of care
- 10 and treatment provided.
- 11 Sec. 13. NEW SECTION. 229A.13 NOTICE TO VICTIMS OF
- 12 DISCHARGE OF PERSONS COMMITTED.
- In addition to any other information required to be
- 14 released under this chapter, prior to the discharge of a
- 15 person committed under this chapter, the director of human
- 16 services shall give written notice of the person's discharge
- 17 to any living victim of the person's activities or crime whose
- 18 address is known to the director or, if the victim is
- 19 deceased, to the victim's family, if the family's address is
- 20 known. Failure to notify shall not be a reason for
- 21 postponement of discharge. Nothing in this section shall
- 22 create a cause of action against the state or an employee of
- 23 the state acting within the scope of the employee's employment
- 24 as a result of the failure to notify pursuant to this action.
- 25 Sec. 14. NEW SECTION. 229A.14 SPECIAL ALLEGATION OF
- 26 SEXUAL MOTIVATION -- PROCEDURE -- WITHDRAWAL OR DISMISSAL.
- 27 l. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, the
- 28 county attorney shall file a special allegation of sexual
- 29 motivation within ten days after arraignment, when sufficient
- 30 admissible evidence exists, which, when considered with the
- 31 most plausible, reasonably foreseeable defense that could be
- 32 raised under the evidence, would justify a finding of sexual
- 33 motivation by a reasonable and objective fact finder.
- 34 2. In a criminal case in which a special allegation of
- 35 sexual motivation has been filed, the state shall prove beyond

- l a reasonable doubt that the crime was sexually motivated. The
- 2 court shall make a finding of fact of whether or not a sexual
- 3 motivation was present at the time of the commission of the
- 4 crime, or if a jury trial is had, the jury shall return a
- 5 special verdict as to whether or not the crime was sexually
- 6 motivated.
- 7 3. The county attorney shall not withdraw the special
- 8 allegation of sexual motivation without approval of the court
- 9 through an order of dismissal of the special allegation. The
- 10 court shall not dismiss the special allegation unless it finds
- 11 that such an order is necessary to correct an error in the
- 12 initial charging decision or unless evidentiary problems exist
- 13 which make proving the special allegation doubtful.
- 14 4. This section shall not apply to criminal cases alleging
- 15 a violation of chapter 709 or a case in which the commission
- 16 of a sex act is an element of the offense charged.
- 17 Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 229A.15 SEVERABILITY.
- 18 If any provision of this chapter or the application thereof
- 19 to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the invalidity
- 20 shall not affect other provisions or applications of the
- 21 chapter which can be given effect without the invalid
- 22 provisions or application and, to this end, the provisions of
- 23 this chapter are severable.
- 24 Sec. 16. NEW SECTION. 229A.16 RELEASE OF CONFIDENTIAL OR
- 25 PRIVILEGED INFORMATION AND RECORDS.
- Notwithstanding anything in chapter 22 to the contrary,
- 27 relevant information and records which would otherwise be
- 28 confidential or privileged shall be released to the agency
- 29 with jurisdiction or the attorney general for the purpose of
- 30 meeting the notice requirement provided in section 229A.3 and
- 31 determining whether a person is or continues to be a sexually
- 32 violent predator.
- 33 Sec. 17. NEW SECTION. 229A.17 COURT RECORDS -- SEALED
- 34 AND OPENED BY COURT ORDER.
- 35 Any psychological reports, drug and alcohol reports,

- 1 treatment records, reports of any diagnostic center, medical
- 2 records, or victim impact statements which have been submitted
- 3 to the court or admitted into evidence under this chapter
- 4 shall be part of the record but shall be sealed and opened
- 5 only on order of the court.
- 6 Sec. 18. NEW SECTION. 299A.18 SHORT TITLE.
- 7 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the
- 8 "Sexually Violent Predator Act".
- 9 EXPLANATION
- 10 This bill establishes a procedure for the civil commitment
- 11 of persons who are determined to be sexually violent
- 12 predators. Under the bill, a sexually violent predator is a
- 13 person who has been convicted of or charged with a sexually
- 14 violent offense and who suffers from a mental abnormality
- 15 which makes the person likely to engage in predatory acts
- 16 constituting sexually violent offenses, if not confined in a
- 17 secure facility. A sexually violent offense is defined under
- 18 the bill as violation of the sexual abuse chapter, chapter
- 19 709; the commission of murder, kidnapping, burglary, or
- 20 knowingly permitting the continual sexual or physical abuse of
- 21 a child or a minor, if the commission of any of the offenses
- 22 involved sexual abuse, attempted sexual abuse, or the intent
- 23 to commit sexual abuse; sexual exploitation of a minor;
- 24 pandering involving a minor; any offense involving an attempt
- 25 or conspiracy to commit one of the enumerated offenses; or any
- 26 offense under prior state law or the law of another
- 27 jurisdiction which would be the equivalent of one of the
- 28 enumerated offenses.
- 29 Not later than 90 days before the discharge of a person who
- 30 is believed to be a sexually violent predator, the agency
- 31 which is discharging the person is required to give notice to
- 32 the attorney general and a department of corrections
- 33 multidisciplinary team of the impending discharge of the
- 34 person from confinement, treatment, or other custody. The
- 35 multidisciplinary team is to review available records to

1 determine whether the person in question meets the definition

2 of a sexually violent predator, and notify the attorney

3 general as to the results of its assessment. The attorney

4 general is to establish a prosecutor's review committee which,

5 like the corrections multidisciplinary team, is to conduct a

6 review of the available information, including the

7 multidisciplinary team's assessment, and to assist the

8 attorney general in making a determination as to whether the

9 person is a sexually violent predator.

10 Within 75 days of receipt of the notice from the

11 discharging agency, if it appears that the person is a

12 sexually violent predator, the attorney general may file a

13 petition alleging that the person is a sexually violent

14 predator. The court is to make a preliminary determination of

15 the existence of probable cause to support the petition. If

16 the preliminary determination is affirmative, the court shall

17 issue a custody order and an order for hearing on the issue of

18 probable cause. At the hearing, the person alleged to be a

19 sexually violent predator is to have the right to be present,

20 be represented by counsel, present and cross-examine the

21 evidence, and view and copy all petitions and reports. If the

22 court determines that there is probable cause to believe that

23 the person is a sexually violent predator, the court is to set

24 the matter down for trial and order a professional evaluation

25 of the person.

26 The trial on the issue of whether the person is a sexually

27 violent predator is to be held within 60 days after completion

28 of the probable cause hearing. The trial may be heard before

29 a jury or a judge. The person, the attorney general, or the

30 judge has the right to demand that the case be heard before a

31 jury. At trial, the burden of proof is beyond a reasonable

32 doubt. If the matter is heard by a jury, any determination

33 that the person is a sexually violent predator must be by

34 unanimous verdict. If the person is determined to be a

35 sexually violent predator, the person is to be committed to

1 the custody of the director of the department of human 2 services for control, care, and treatment until the person may 3 be safely discharged. If a person is not found to be a 4 sexually violent predator, the court is to direct the person's 5 discharge from custody. If the trial proceedings result in a 6 mistrial, the person is to be held in a secure facility until 7 a new trial is conducted, which must be within 90 days of the

8 previous proceeding.

9 If the person is alleged to be a sexually violent predator, 10 but has been found to be incompetent to stand trial or not 11 guilty by reason of insanity, and is about to be discharged, 12 the court must first conduct a hearing to determine if the 13 person actually did commit the act or acts charged before the 14 court can conduct a trial to determine if the person should be 15 committed. That hearing is to be conducted in the same manner 16 and under the same procedures as a criminal trial. If the 17 court finds that the person did commit the acts alleged, then 18 the matter may proceed to trial on the sexually violent 19 predator commitment issue.

A person who is committed as a sexually violent predator is to be committed to the care, custody, and control of the department of human services, although the department may contract with the department of corrections for placement of the person at a facility under the direction of the department of corrections. All persons who are committed as sexually violent predators are to be segregated from persons who are otherwise in the care of the department of human services or the department of corrections. Persons who are committed to the custody of the department of human services may be located in a facility that is separate from facilities used to house other individuals in the department's custody and care.

A person who has been committed as a sexually violent predator shall be examined annually by qualified professionals. The findings are to be submitted in a report

35 to the court, which shall annually review the person's

s.f. ____ H.f. 2100

- 1 commitment status. The person may petition the court for
- 2 discharge at any time and the filing of previous petitions
- 3 will not jeopardize the person's right to petition the court
- 4 for discharge. The director of human services may authorize a
- 5 person to petition for discharge also, if the director
- 6 believes that the person's condition has so changed that the
- 7 person may be safely discharged. At any hearing on a
- 8 petition, the person committed has the right to be represented
- 9 by counsel but is not entitled to be present at the hearing.
- 10 If the court finds that probable cause exists to believe that
- Il the person may be safely discharged, a hearing must be held
- 12 and the person is entitled to be present and is entitled to
- 13 all of the same protections that they were entitled to at the
- 14 original commitment trial.
- 15 Any involuntary detention or commitment is to conform to
- 16 constitutional requirements for care and treatment. The cost
- 17 of the care and treatment provided is the responsibility of
- 18 the department of human services, although the department may
- 19 seek reimbursement from the person committed or anyone legally
- 20 liable or bound by contract for the support of the person
- 21 committed.
- 22 Prior to the discharge of a person who has been committed
- 23 as a sexually violent offender, victims of the person's
- 24 activities or crimes are to be notified. A failure to notify
- 25 does not create a cause of action against the state or
- 26 employee of the state, however.
- 27 Except in the case of violations of the sexual abuse
- 28 chapter or crimes in which the commission of a sex act is an
- 29 element, if sufficient supporting evidence exists, the county
- 30 attorney is to include a special allegation of sexual
- 31 motivation with the crime charged and the jury is to return a
- 32 special finding on that allegation.
- 33 Records which would otherwise be confidential under chapter
- 34 22 may be released to the agency which is about to discharge a
- 35 person believed to be a sexually violent predator or to the

s.f. ____ H.f. 2100

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l attorney general, for purposes of complying with the notice
   2 and other requirements of the bill. Any psychological
   3 reports, drug and alcohol reports, treatment records,
   4 diagnostic reports, or other medical records or victim impact
   5 statements which are submitted to the court are a part of the
   6 record but shall be sealed and opened only on order of the
   7 court.
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HOUSE FILE 2100 FISCAL NOTE

A fiscal note for House File 2106 is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

House File 2100 establishes a procedure for the civil commitment of persons determined to be sexually violent predators. A sexually violent predator is a person who has been convicted of or charged with a sexually violent offense and who suffers from a mental abnormality which predisposes the person to reoffend if not confined. The Bill requires the entity discharging the offender to notify the Office of the Attorney General 90 days prior to the release of the offender to allow for a trial to determine if the offender is a sexually violent predator. A person adjudicated as a sexually violent predator is remitted to the custody of the Department of Human Services for care and treatment in a secure facility. Provisions are made for annual reviews and for discharge petitions and hearings.

ASSUMPTIONS

- 1. The Sexually Violent Predators Act will become effective July 1, 1998. Costs are provided for entire fiscal years beginning FY 1999.
- Eleven offenders per year will be tried and six offenders per year will be committed as sexually violent predators.
- 3. Commitment trials and discharge hearings will be jury trials. Commitment trials will take two weeks to complete. Discharge hearings will require one week to complete.
- 4. Offenders will be represented by court-appointed attorneys financed by the counties. A two-week commitment hearing will cost approximately \$12,000.
- Appeals, annual reviews, and discharge hearings will first occur in the second fiscal year. There will be six appeals, six annual reviews, and one discharge hearing in FY 2000.
- 6. During FY 1999 and FY 2000, the Department of Human Services will lease a 20-bed treatment unit within an existing Department of Corrections' facility. Capital expenses for a new facility will be incurred after FY 2000.
- Corrections for food, maintenance, medical, security, and other operational services. The contract will cost \$88,000 in FY 1999 and will increase to \$96,000 in FY 2000 to provide a 10.0% inflationary adjustment and fund an increase in the average daily census.

FISCAL IMPACT

The estimated State General Fund impact of HF 2100 to establish a civil commitment procedure and facility for sexually violent predators will be approximately \$2.0 million in FY 1999 and approximately \$2.9 million in FY 2000.

PAGE 2 , FISCAL NOTE, HOUSE FILE 2100

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The estimated cost to counties will be approximately \$132,000 in FY 1999 and approximately \$168,000 in FY 2000.

The breakdown of the State General Fund estimate is as follows:

	FY 1999	FY 2000
Trial Costs		
Department of Justice -		
Commitment Hearings	\$ 269,000	\$ 269,000
Appeals	0	149,000
Reviews/Discharge Hearings	0	7,000
Total Dept. of Justice costs	269,000	425,000
Judicial Branch -		
Commitment Hearings	123,000	123,000
Appeals	0	42,000
Reviews/Discharge Hearings	0	10,000
Computer (one-time)	2,000	0
Special Allegation	190,000	190,000
Total Judicial Branch costs	<u>315,000</u>	365,000
Total Trial costs	584,000	790,000
Housing/Review Costs	•	
Dept. of Human Services -	·	
Salaries	502,000	725,000
Support	36 . 000	50,000
Rent, Equip., Maint.	474,000	378,000
Data Processing	86,000	8,000
Legal Fees	323,000	903,000
Total DHS-Housing/Review costs	1,421,000	2,064,000
Total State Cost	\$ 2,005,000	\$ 2,854,000

SOURCES

Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division, Department of Human Rights Department of Corrections
Department of Human Services
Department of Justice
Iowa Judicial Branch

(LSB 3007hh, DAA)

FILED FEBRUARY 18, 1998

BY DENNIS PROUTY, FISCAL DIRECTOR

HOUSE FILE 2101

H-8565

Amend House File 2101 as follows:

- 1. By striking everything after the enacting 3 clause and inserting the following:
- "Section 1. Section 99D.11, subsection 7, Code 5 1997, is amended to read as follows:
- 7. A person under the age of twenty-one years 6 7 shall not make or attempt to make a pari-mutuel wager.
- 8 A person who violates this subsection commits a
- 9 scheduled violation under section 805.8, subsection 10 13.
- 11 Section 99E.18, Code 1997, is amended by Sec. 2. 12 adding the following new subsection:
- NEW SUBSECTION. 5. A person under the age of 14 twenty-one years shall not purchase or attempt to 15 purchase a ticket or share. A person who violates 16 this subsection commits a scheduled violation under 17 section 805.8, subsection 13.
- Sec. 3. Section 99F.4A, Code 1997, is amended by 19 adding the following new subsection:
- NEW SUBSECTION. 8. The total number of licenses 20 21 to conduct gambling games at pari-mutuel racetracks 22 pursuant to subsection 2 shall not exceed three until 23 July 1, 2003.
- 24 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 99F.5A MORATORIUM FOR 25 ISSUANCE OF LICENSES FOR EXCURSION GAMBLING BOATS.
- 1. The total number of licenses issued to conduct 27 gambling games on excursion gambling boats pursuant to 28 this chapter shall not exceed ten until July 1, 2003.
- 2. Notwithstanding subsection 1, the following 30 actions may be taken during the moratorium from July 31 1, 1998, until July 1, 2003, with the approval of the 32 commission:
- a. A licensed excursion gambling boat may move to 34 a new location within the same county.
- b. A licensed excursion gambling boat and its 36 facilities may be sold and a new license may be issued 37 for operation in the same county.
- 38 c. If a license to conduct gambling games on an 39 excursion gambling boat is surrendered, not renewed, 40 or revoked, a new license may be issued for operation 41 in the same county.
- Section 99F.7, subsection 1, Code 1997, is Sec. 5. 43 amended to read as follows:
- 1. If the commission is satisfied that this 45 chapter and its rules adopted under this chapter 46 applicable to licensees have been or will be complied 47 with, the commission shall issue a license for a 48 period of not more than three years to an applicant to 49 own a gambling game operation and to an applicant to 50 operate an excursion gambling boat. The commission H-8565 -1-

H-8565

Page 2 : snall decide which of the ga

; shall decide which of the gambling games authorized 2 under this chapter it will permit. The commission 3 shall decide the number, location, and type of 4 excursion gambling boats licensed under this chapter 5 for operation on the rivers, lakes, and reservoirs of 6 this state. However, after July 1, 2003, the ? commission shall issue a new license for an excursion 3 dampling boas operation only if the excursion gambling 9 poat operates on the Mississippi or Missouri river. 10 The license shall set forth the name of the licensee, If the type of license granted, the place where the 12 excursion gambling boats will operate and dock, and 13 the time and number of days during the excursion 34 season and the off season when gambling may be 15 conducted by the licensee. The commission shall not 16 allow a licensee to conduct gambling games on an 17 excursion gambling boat while docked during the off 18 season if the licensee does not operate gambling 19 excursions for a minimum number of days during the 20 excursion season. The commission may delay the 2) commencement of the excursion season at the request of 22 a licensee.

23 Sec. 6. Section 99F.9, subsection 5, Code 1997, is 24 amended to read as follows:

5. A person under the age of twenty-one years shall not attempt to make or make a wager on an excursion gambling boat or in a racetrack enclosure and shall not be-allowed-in enter the area of the excursion gambling boat or racetrack enclosure where gambling is being conducted. However, a person eighteen years of age or older may be employed to work the agency enclosure. A person who violates this subsection with respect to a wager commits a scheduled violation under section 805.8, subsection 13.

36 Sec. 7. Section 99F.9, Code 1997, is amended by 37 adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 7. A licensee shall not permit the operation of a satellite terminal as defined in section 527.2 to dispense cash or credit for gambling 4. purposes on an excursion gambling boat or within a racetrack enclosure except in nongaming areas as designated by the commission. The commission may 44 assess a civil penalty for a violation of this subsection.

Sec. 8. Section 805.8, Code Supplement 1997, is 47 amended by adding the following new subsection: 48 NEW SUBSECTION. 13. GAMBLING VIOLATIONS. For 49 violations of legal age for gambling or pari-mutuel 50 wagering under section 99D.11, subsection 7, section H-8565

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16 age."

1 99E.18, subsection 5, or section 99F.9, subsection 5, 2 the scheduled fine is one hundred dollars. Failure to 3 pay the fine by a person under the age of eighteen 4 shall not result in the person being detained in a

5 secure facility."

2. Title page, by striking lines 1 through 5 and 7 inserting the following: "An Act relating to gambling 8 by imposing a moratorium on new licenses to conduct 9 gambling on excursion gambling boats and at pari-10 mutuel racetracks with gambling games, limiting the 11 location of future excursion gambling boats, 12 prohibiting gambling licensees from allowing the 13 loaning of money by credit card or other electronic 14 means for gambling purposes, and imposing a scheduled 15 fine for gambling by persons under twenty-one years of

By MARTIN of Scott

H-8565 FILED MARCH 23, 1998

adopted 3/24/98 (P887)

HOUSE FILE 2101

H-8347 Amend House File 2101 as follows: 1. Page 1, by inserting before line 1 the following: "Section 1. Section 99F.4A, Code 1997, is amended by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 8. If a license issued pursuant to this chapter or chapter 99D is transferred, an existing collective bargaining agreement or the impact 9 of an employee representation election shall transfer to the new licensee."

By TAYLOR of Line

H-8347 FILED MARCH 11, 1998

HOUSE FILE 2101

H-8157

Amend the Committee amendment, H-8127, to House 2 File 2101 as follows:

3 1. Page 1, line 29, by striking the word "and"

4 and inserting the following: "or".

By CHIODO of Polk
JACOBS of Polk
VAN FOSSEN of Scott
NELSON of Marshall
CHURCHILL of Polk
BERNAU of Story
JOCHUM of Dubuque
BURNETT of Story
CONNORS of Polk
LARKIN of Lee

H-8157 FILED MARCH 3, 1998

HANSEN of Pottawattamie GIPP of Winneshiek DRAKE of Pottawattamie TAYLOR of Linn CATALDO of Polk BRADLEY of Clinton WHITEAD of Woodbury HOLMES of Scott TYRRELL of Iowa

HOUSE FILE 2101

H = 8127

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Amend House File 2101 as follows:

Page 1, by inserting before line 1 the 3 following:

"Section 1. Section 99D.8, Code 1997, is amended 5 by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH. The total number of 7 licenses issued to conduct pari-mutuel wagering at a 8 dog or horse racetrack shall not exceed four until 9 July 1, 2003. However, with approval of the 10 commission, if a license to conduct pari-mutuel ll wagering at a dog or horse racetrack is surrendered, 12 not renewed, or revoked, a new license may 'e issued 13 for operation in the same county.

14 Sec. . Section 99F.4A, subsection 2, Code 1997, 15 is amended to read as follows:

2. A license to operate gambling games shall be 16 17 issued only to a licensee holding a valid license to 18 conduct pari-mutuel dog or horse racing pursuant to 19 chapter 99D on-January-1,-1994. However, with 20 approval of the commission, if a license to conduct 21 gambling games within a pari-mutuel dog or horse 22 racetrack enclosure is surrendered, not renewed, or 23 revoked, a new license may be issued for operation in 24 the same county.

25 Section 99F.4A, Code 1997, is amended by Sec. 26 adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 8. a. An official shall not 28 participate in, or receive directly or indirectly any 29 money or valuable thing from horse racing and pari-30 mutuel wagering on public property which has been 31 approved by the state racing and gaming commission for 32 gambling activities.

- b. As used in this subsection, "official" means 34 one or more of the following:
- 35 (1) A member of the county board of supervisors of 36 a county that owns the approved public property.
- A mayor or a member of a city council or 38 commission of a city that owns the approved public 39 property.
- 40 (3) A member of the board of directors of a 41 nonprofit corporation having an agreement with a 42 county board of supervisors or city council or 43 commission for the use of approved public property 44 under a license issued by the state racing and gaming 45 commission.
- 46 (4) A spouse or child of a person described in 47 subparagraph (1), (2), or (3).
- c. An official who knowingly violates the 49 provisions of paragraph "a" is guilty of a serious 50 misdemeanor and may be removed from public office or -1-H-8127

H-8127

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- 1 as an officer or director of an affected nonprofit 2 corporation."
 - Page 1, by striking lines 18 through 26. 2.
- Title page, lines 1 through 3, by striking the 5 words "the number and types of gambling games and slot
- 6 machines authorized in this state and on".
- 4. Title page, line 4, by inserting after the
- 8 word "boats" the following: "and at racetracks, by
- 9 removing certain licensee restrictions, prohibiting 10 certain conflicts of interest,".
- By renumbering, relettering, or redesignating
- 12 and correcting internal references as necessary.

BY COMMITTEE OF STATE GOVERNMENT MARTIN of Scott, Chairperson

H-8127 FILED FEBRUARY 26, 1998

HOUSE FILE 2101

- Amend the Committee amendment, H-8127, to House
- 2 File 2101 as follows:
- 1. By striking page 1, line 24, through page 2,
- 4 line 2, and inserting the following: "the same
- Page 2, by striking lines 9 and 10 and
- 7 inserting the following: "removing certain licensee
- 3 restrictions.".

By O'BRIEN of Boone

E-8151 FILED MARCH 2, 1998

HOUSE FILE 2101

H-8155

- Amend the Committee amendment, H-8127, to House
- 2 File 2101 as follows:
- 1. Page 1, by inserting after line 24 the
- 4 following:
- . Section 99F.4A, Code 1997, is amended "Sec.
- 5 by adding the following new subsection:
- NEW SUBSECTION. 7A. A licensee's expenses for
- 8 marketing, educational, and informational material
- 9 relating to an excursion gambling boat or a pair-
- 10 mutuel racetrack including gambling games shall not
- a exceed four million dollars annually. The telephone
- 12 number, 1-800-BETS-OFF, shall be prominently displayed
- 13 at all gambling facilities regulated by the
- 14 commission."
- 2. Page 2, line 8, by inserting after the word
- 16 "racetracks," the following: "by restricting
- 17 advertising costs,".

 18 3. By renumber 3. By renumbering as necessary.

By CHIODO of Polk

H-8155 Fibed MARCH 2, 1998