FEB 2 8 1996 JUDICIARY

HOUSE FILE 2392 BY KREIMAN

Passed	House,	Date	Passed	Senate,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	•	Nays	· · · ·
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## A BILL FOR

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S.F. \_\_\_\_\_ H.F. 2392

Section 1. Section 602.6405, subsection 1, Code 1995, is 1 2 amended to read as follows:

3 1. Magistrates have jurisdiction of simple misdemeanors, 4 including traffic and ordinance violations, and preliminary 5 hearings, search warrant proceedings, county and municipal 6 infractions, and small claims. Magistrates have jurisdiction 7 to determine the disposition of livestock or another animal, 8 as provided in sections 717.5 and 717B.4, if the magistrate 9 determines the value of the livestock or animal is less than 10 ten thousand dollars. Magistrates have jurisdiction to 11 exercise the powers specified in sections 556F.2 and 556F.12, 12 and to hear complaints or preliminary informations, issue 13 warrants, order arrests, make commitments, and take bail. 14 Magistrates have jurisdiction over violations of section 15 123.49, subsection 2, paragraph "h". Magistrates who are 16 admitted to the practice of law in this state have 17 jurisdiction to accept guilty pleas and pronounce judgment and 18 sentence in cases of violations of section 321.218, first 19 offense operating while intoxicated punishable under section 20 321J.2, subsection 2, paragraph "a", and interference with 21 official acts in violation of section 719.1 which is not a 22 felony, and jurisdiction over all proceedings for the 23 involuntary commitment, treatment, or hospitalization of 24 individuals under chapters 125 and 229, except as otherwise 25 provided under section 229.6A; nonlawyer magistrates have 26 jurisdiction over emergency detention and hospitalization 27 proceedings under sections 125.91 and 229.22. Magistrates 28 have jurisdiction to conduct hearings authorized under section 29 809.4 and section 809.10, subsection 2.

30 A magistrate shall refer all cases involving violations of 31 section 321.218, first offense operating while intoxicated, 32 and misdemeanor interference with official acts in which the 33 plea accepted is not guilty to the district court for trial. 34 Section 907.3, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code Sec. 2. 35 Supplement 1995, is amended to read as follows:

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1 Pursuant to section 901.5, the trial court may, upon a plea 2 of guilty, a verdict of guilty, or a special verdict upon 3 which a judgment of conviction may be rendered, exercise any 4 of the options contained in this section. However, this 5 section does not apply to a forcible felony.

## EXPLANATION

7 This bill provides that lawyer magistrates may accept pleas 8 in cases involving driving while revoked or disqualified 9 (section 321.218), first offense operating while intoxicated 10 (section 321J.2), and interference with official acts (section 11 719.1) which are not punishable as felonies. In the case of a 12 guilty plea, the magistrate could pronounce judgment and 13 sentence. In the case of a plea of not guilty, the magistrate 14 would refer the case to the district court for trial. 15

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