

SENATE FILE **239** BY COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS AND LABOR RELATIONS Substitute for **ST** HF 590 (SUCCESSOR TO SSB 192) 3/30/93

ec/sc/14

297

Passed Senate, Date <u>3-18-93</u> Passed House, Pate <u>3/30/93</u> Vote: Ayes <u>48</u> Nays O Vote: Ayes <u>99</u> Nays O Approved <u>April 6 1993</u>

A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to unemployment compensation by establishing a minimum highest benefit cost ratio, by changing the 2 3 contribution rate tables, and by extending the duration of the unemployment administrative contribution surcharge. 4 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 TLSB 20c4SV 75



S.F. <u>239</u> H.F.

Section 1. Section 96.7, subsection 2, paragraph d, subparagraph (2), Code 1993, is amended to read as follows: (2) The highest benefit cost ratio is the highest of the resulting ratios computed by dividing the total benefits paid, secluding reimbursable benefits paid, during each consecutive twelve-month period, during the ten-year period ending on the computation date, by the total wages, excluding reimbursable employment wages, paid in the four calendar quarters ending nearest and prior to the last day of such twelve-month period; <u>however, the highest benefit cost ratio shall not be less than</u> 1.02.

Sec. 2. Section 96.7, subsection 2, paragraph d, the 13 contribution rate tables, Code 1993, are amended by striking 14 the contribution rate tables and inserting in lieu thereof the 15 following:

16 Benefit Approximate

Contribution Rate Tables

17 Ratio Cumulative

18 Rank Taxable Pay-

19		roll Limit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
20	1	4.8%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
21	2	9.5%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
22	3	14.3%	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
23	4	19.0%	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
24	5	23.8%	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
25	6	28.6%	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
26	7	33.3%	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2
27	8	38.1%	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2
28	9	42.8%	1.9	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3
29	10	47.6%	2.1	1.8	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3
30	11	52.4%	2.5	2.0	1.6	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3
31	12	57.1%	3.0	2.4	1.9	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.4
32	13	61.9%	3.6	2.9	2.4	1.8	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.5
33	14	66.6%	4.4	3.6	2.9	2.2	1.7	1.3	1.0	0.6
34	15	71.4%	5.3	4.3	3.5	2.7	2.0	1.6	1.1	0.7
35	16	76.2%	6.3	5.2	4.1	3.2	2.4	1.9	1.4	0.9

s.f. **239** H.F.

1 17 80.9% 7.0 6.4 4.0 5.2 3.0 2.3 1.7 1.1 2 18 85.7% 7.5 7.5 7.0 5.4 4.1 3.1 2.3 1.5 3 19 90.4% 8.0 8.0 8.0 7.3 5.6 4.2 3.1 2.0 4 20 95.2% 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.0 7.6 5.8 4.3 2.8 5 21 100.0% 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 8.5 8.0 7.5 7.0 6 Sec. 3. Section 96.7, subsection 12, paragraph d, Code 7 1993, is amended to read as follows: 8 d. This subsection is repealed July 1, 1994 1998, and the 9 repeal is applicable to contribution rates for calendar year 10 ±995 1999 and subsequent calendar years. 11 EXPLANATION 12 Section 1 of the bill provides that the minimum highest 13 benefit cost ratio shall not be less than .02. Current law 14 does not provide a minimum ratio. Section 2 modifies the 15 contribution rate tables by providing rates that equal or 16 exceed the current rates. Section 3 extends the scheduled 17 sunset of the administrative contribution surcharge from July 18 1, 1994, to July 1, 1998, and making the repeal applicable to 19 contribution rates for calendar year 1999 instead of 1995. 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 LSB 2084SV 75



SENATE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 16, 1993

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SENATE FILE 239 FISCAL NOTE

A fiscal note for SF 239 is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

Senate File 239 affects unemployment insurance laws in 3 ways. First, the bill provides that the minimum highest benefit cost ratio shall not be less than 0.02. Second, the bill modifies the contribution rate tables to reflect employer experience. Third, the bill extends the scheduled sunset of the Administrative Contribution Surcharge from July 1, 1994, to July 1, 1998, and makes the repeal applicable to contribution rates for CY 1999 instead of CY 1995.

Fiscal Impact:

The following describes each of the three modifications in terms of potential impact:

- 1. The benefit of creating an artificial high benefit cost ratio is two-fold: stabilization of employer unemployment tax rates and continued health of the Unemployment Compensation Fund. The proposal would prevent the movement to higher tax tables as the past high benefit cost ratio years fall from the formula. Under current law, while the employer tax rates would be lower initially, the contributions would fail to support any increased level of activity and soon the fund balance would be depleted. This results in greater volatility in tax rates as the employers are shifted to lower tax tables to generate greater contributions then back up to higher tables as the higher cost benefit years again fall from the Under the proposal, the tax tables are projected to change 2 formula. times during the period FY 1997 - FY 2002; under current law the tax tables are projected to change 4 times. The bill has the effect of increasing the Unemployment Compensation Fund to \$659.2 million by FY 2002; this is \$237.0 million more than projected under the current law. There would be no effect on governmental employers as the rates for these entities are calculated by a separate formula.
- 2. The effect of incorporating experience levels into employer unemployment tax rates is revenue neutral. The resulting table reflects employer benefit experience levels and has a maximum tax rate of 9.0% only in tax rank 21, the highest rank.
- 3. Extending the sunset of the Administrative Contribution Surcharge to July 1, 1998, will generate approximately \$25.0 million in employer contributions over the 4-year period. Governmental and non-profit entities are, and will remain, exempt from the Surcharge. The revenue from the Surcharge is used to supplement federal funds for the DES administration.

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Source: Department of Employment Services (LSB 2084sv, SKR)

FILED MARCH 15, 1993

BY DENNIS PROUTY, FISCAL DIRECTOR

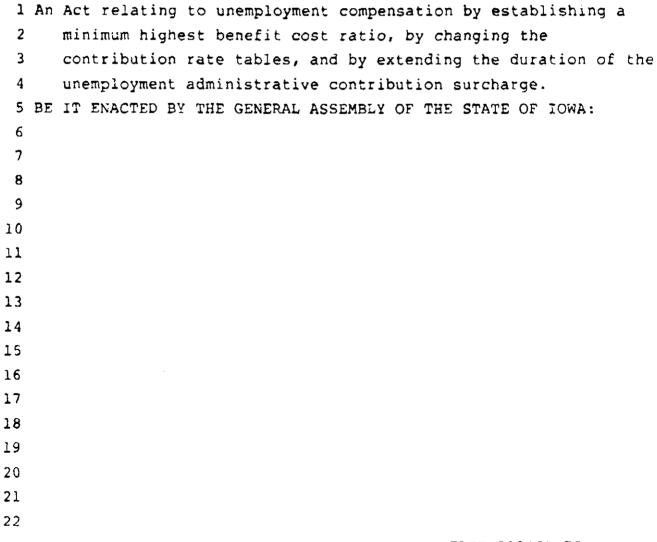
GETTINGS, CH. BUNR FUMRMAN

SS\$ 192 BUSINESS + LABOR RELATIONS

SENATE FILE 239 BY (PROPOSED COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS AND LABOR RELATIONS BILL BY CHAIRPERSON GETTINGS)

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passe	d House,	Date	
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays	
	Apı	proved			_	

A BILL FOR



TLSB 2084SC 75 ec/sc/14 S.F. _____ H.F. _____

1	Section	n 1. Section	96.7,	subs	ectic	n 2,	parag	raph	a,	
2		aph (2), Code						_		:
3	- •	he highest ber								
4	resulting	ratios comput	ed by	divi	ding	the t	otal	benef	its p	aid,
5	excluding	reimbursable	benef	its p	aid,	durin	g eac	h con	secut	ive
6	twelve-mon	nth period, du	iring	the t	.en-ye	ar pe	riod	endin	g on	the
7	computatio	on date, by th	ne tot	al wa	ges,	exclu	ding	reimb	ur sa b	le
8	employment	t wages, paid	in th	e fou	r cal	endar	quar	ters	endin	g
9	nearest an	nd prior to th	ne las	t day	ofs	uch t	welve	-mont	h per	iod <u>;</u>
10	however,	the highest be	<u>enefit</u>	cost	rati	<u>o sha</u>	<u>11 no</u>	t be	less	than
11	<u>.02</u> .									
12	Sec. 2	. Section 96.	7, su	bsect	ion 2	, par	agrap	hd,	the	
13	contribut:	ion rate table	es, Co	de 19	93, a	re am	ended	by s	triki	ng
14	the contri	ibution rate t	ables	and	inser	ting	in li	eu th	ereof	the
15	following	:								
16	Benefit	Approximate		Co	ntrib	ution	Rate	Tabl	es	
17	Ratio	Cumulative								
18	Rank	Taxable Pay-								
19	•	roll Limit	1	2	3	4	5	6	_7	8
20	1	4.8%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2 1	2	9.5%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
22	3	14.3%	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
23	4	19.0%	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
24	5	23.8%	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
25	6	28.6%	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
26	7	33.3%	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2
27	8	38.1%	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2
28	9	42.8%	1.9			0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3
29		47.6%	2.1	1.8	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3
30		52.4%	2.5	2.0	1.6	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3
31		57.1%	3.0	2.4	1.9	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.4
32		61.9%	3.6	2.9	2.4	1.8	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.5
33		66.6%	4.4	3.6	2.9	2.2	1.7	1.3	1.0	0.6
34		71.4%	5.3	4.3	3.5	2.7	2.0	1.6	1.1	0.7
35	16	76 .2 %	6.3	5.2	4.1	3.2	2.4	1.9	1.4	0.9

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S.F. _____ H.F.

1 17 80.9% 7.0 6.4 5.2 4.0 3.0 2.3 1.7 1.1 2 18 85.7% 7.5 7.5 7.0 5.4 4.1 2.3 3.1 1.5 3 19 90.4% 8.0 8.0 8.0 7.3 5.6 4.2 3.1 2.0 5.8 4.3 2.8 4 20 95.2% 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.0 7.6 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 8.5 8.0 7.5 7.0 5 21 100.0% Sec. 3. Section 96.7, subsection 12, paragraph d, Code 6 7 1993, is amended to read as follows: This subsection is repealed July 1, 1994 1998, and the 8 đ. 9 repeal is applicable to contribution rates for calendar year

10 ±995 1999 and subsequent calendar years.

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EXPLANATION

Section 1 of the bill provides that the minimum highest benefit cost ratio shall not be less than .02. Current law does not provide a minimum ratio. Section 2 modifies the scontribution rate tables by providing rates that equal or exceed the current rates. Section 3 extends the scheduled runset of the administrative contribution surcharge from July 18 1, 1994, to July 1, 1998, and making the repeal applicable to ontribution rates for calendar year 1999 instead of 1995.

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Senate File 239, p. 2

Contribution Rate Tables

nearest and prior to the last day of such twelve-month period: <u>however</u>, the highest benefit cost ratio shall not be less than .02.

Sec. 2. Section 96.7, subsection 2, paragraph d, the contribution rate tables, Code 1993, are amended by striking the contribution rate tables and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Benefit	Approximate
Ratio	Cumulative
Rank	Taxable Pay-

1

/e			

	roll Limit	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	4.81	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	9.51	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	14.3%	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	19.0%	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5	23.81	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
6	28.61	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
7	33.31	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2
8	38.11	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2
9	42.81	1.9	1.5	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3
10	47.6%	2.1	1.8	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3
11	52.48	2.5	2.0	1.6	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3
12	57.1%	3.0	2.4	1.9	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.4
13	61.9%	3.6	2.9	2.4	1.8	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.5
14	66.61	4.4	3.6	2.9	2.2	1.7	1.3	1.0	0.6
15	71.4%	5.3	4.3	3.5	2.7	2.0	1.6	1.1	0.7
16	76.21	6.3	5.2	4.1	3.2	2.4	1.9	1.4	0.9
17	80.91	7.0	6.4	5.2	4.0	3.0	2.3	1.7	1.1
18	85.71	7.5	7.5	7.0	5.4	4.1	3.1	2.3	1.5
19	90.41	6.0	8.0	8.0	7.3	5.6	4.2	3.1	2.0
20	95.21	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.0	7.6	5.8	4.3	2.8
21	100.01	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.5	8.0	7.5	7.0
Sec. 1993, i:	3. Section 96 s amended to re				2, pa	iragra	iph di,	Code	1

SENATE FILE 239

AN ACT

RELATING TO UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION BY ESTABLISHING A MINIMUM RIGHEST BENEFIT COST RATIO, BY CHANGING THE CONTRIBUTION RATE TABLES, AND BY EXTENDING THE DURATION OF THE UNEMPLOYMENT ADMINISTRATIVE CONTRIBUTION SURCHARGE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

Section 1. Section 96.7, subsection 2, paragraph d, subparagraph (2), Code 1993, is amended to read as follows:

(2) The highest benefit cost ratio is the highest of the resulting ratios computed by dividing the total benefits paid, excluding reimbursable benefits paid, during each consecutive twelve-month period, during the ten-year period ending on the computation date, by the total wages, excluding reimbursable employment wages, paid in the four calendar guarters ending

SF 239

Senate File 239, p. 3

d. This subsection is repealed July 1, ± 994 <u>1998</u>, and the repeal is applicable to contribution rates for calendar year ± 995 1999 and subsequent calendar years.

LEONARD L. BOSWELL President of the Senate

HAROLD VAN MAANEN Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that "his bill originated in the Senate and is known as Senate File 239, Seventy-fifth General Assembly.

lpril 6. 1993 Approved

JOHN F. DWYER Secretary of the Senate

TERRY E. BRANSTAD Governor