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SENATE FILE

BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(SUCCESSOR TO SSB 101)

Passed Senate, Date =/27/91(+ +74) Passed House, Date Vote: Ayes \_\_\_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_\_\_ Nays \_\_\_\_\_ Approved \_\_\_\_

#### A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to crimes against the elderly and disabled persons by creating a cause of action, creating a special 2

fund, and providing a civil penalty.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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S-3065

### SENATE FILE 211

Amend Senate File 211 as follows: 1. Page 2, by striking lines 5 and 6, and 3 inserting the following: "(4) Substantial loss of property." 2. Page 2, by striking lines 7 and 8, and 6 inserting the following: "(5) Substantial loss of funds." 3. Page 2, by striking lines 9 and 10, and 9 inserting the following: 10 "(6) Substantial loss of assets." 11 4. Page 2, line 29, by striking the word "sixty-12 five" and inserting the following: "sixty-two". By LINN FUHRMAN

S-3065 FILED FEBRUARY 21, 1991 adepted 2/27

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- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 668B.1 CIVIL PENALTY AND CAUSE
- 2 OF ACTION FOR CERTAIN OFFENSES COMMITTED AGAINST ELDERLY OR
- 3 DISABLED -- FUND ESTABLISHED.
- 4 l. The court may impose upon a person who commits an
- 5 offense or violates any provision of chapter 82, 523A, 523B,
- 6 523E, 537, 557B, or 714, or commits another public offense,
- 7 and the offense or violation is committed against an older
- 8 person or disabled person, in addition to any other civil
- 9 penalty or criminal fine, an additional civil penalty not to
- 10 exceed five thousand dollars for each such violation. The
- 11 civil penalty may be imposed in any civil action against the
- 12 person as permitted in this section, section 714.16, or as
- 13 part of a sentence rendered upon a plea or verdict of guilty,
- 14 or a special verdict upon which a judgment of conviction may
- 15 be rendered.
- 16 A civil penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be
- 17 paid to the treasurer of state, who shall deposit the money in
- 18 the elderly and disabled victim fund, a separate fund
- 19 administered by the attorney general for the investigation and
- 20 prosecution of crimes against the elderly or disabled.
- 21 Notwithstanding section 8.33, any balance in the fund on June
- 22 30 of any fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund of
- 23 the state.
- 24 2. In determining whether to impose a civil penalty under
- 25 subsection 1, the court shall consider the following:
- 26 a. Whether the defendant's conduct was in willful
- 27 disregard of the rights of the older person or disabled
- 28 person.
- 29 b. Whether the defendant knew or should have known that
- 30 the defendant's conduct was directed to an older person or
- 31 disabled person.
- 32 c. Whether the defendant's conduct caused an older person
- 33 or disabled person to suffer any of the following:
- 34 (1) Mental or emotional anguish.
- 35 (2) Loss of or encumbrance upon a primary residence of the

- 1 older person or disabled person.
- 2 (3) Loss of or encumbrance upon the older person's or
- 3 disabled person's principal employment or principal source of 4 income.
- 5 (4) Substantial loss of property set aside for retirement,
- 6 or for personal or family care and maintenance.
- 7 (5) Substantial loss of funds received under a pension or
- 8 retirement plan or a government benefits program.
- 9 (6) Loss of assets essential to the health and welfare of
- 10 the older person or disabled person.
- 11 d. Whether the older person or disabled person is
- 12 substantially more vulnerable to the defendant's conduct
- 13 because of age, poor health, infirmity, impaired
- 14 understanding, restricted mobility, or disability, than other
- 15 individuals, and whether the older person or disabled person
- 16 actually suffered substantial physical, emotional, or economic
- 17 damage resulting from the defendant's conduct.
- 18 e. Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- 19 3. An older person or disabled person who suffers damage
- 20 or injury as a result of an offense or violation described in
- 21 subsection 1, has a cause of action to recover actual damages,
- 22 including incidental and consequential damages, punitive
- 23 damages, if appropriate, and reasonable attorney fees.
- 24 Restitution ordered pursuant to this subsection has priority
- 25 over a civil penalty imposed by the court pursuant to
- 26 subsection 1.
- 27 4. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
- 28 requires:
- 29 a. "Older person" means a person who is sixty-five years
- 30 of age or older, or a surviving spouse who is fifty-five years
- 31 of age or older and whose spouse has died within the previous
- 32 five years.
- 33 b. "Disabled person" means a person who has a physical or
- 34 mental impairment which substantially limits one or more major
- 35 life activities of the person.

## S.F. 211 H.F.

- 1 c. "Physical or mental impairment" means either of the 2 following:
- 3 (1) Physiological disorder or condition, disfigurement, or
- 4 anatomical loss substantially affecting one or more of the
- 5 following body systems:
- 6 (a) Neurological.
- 7 (b) Musculoskeletal.
- 8 (c) Special sense organs.
- 9 (d) Respiratory, including speech organs.
- 10 (e) Cardiovascular.
- 11 (f) Digestive.
- 12 (g) Genitourinary.
- 13 (h) Hemic and lymphatic.
- 14 (i) Skin.
- 15 (j) Endocrine.
- 16 (2) Mental or psychological disorder, such as mental.
- 17 retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental
- 18 illness, or specific learning disabilities.
- 19 "Physical or mental impairment" includes, but is not
- 20 limited to, such diseases and conditions as locomotor
- 21 impairment, visual impairment, speech and hearing impairment,
- 22 cerebral palsy, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple
- 23 sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, dementia,
- 24 depression, or impairment caused by the effects of prescribed
- 25 medications.
- 26 d. "Major life activities" means functions such as caring
- 27 for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing,
- 28 hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working.
- 29 EXPLANATION
- 30 This bill establishes a new chapter providing an additional
- 31 civil penalty to be imposed by the court of up to \$5,000 for
- 32 offenses or violations against older or disabled persons under
- 33 the door-to-door sales Act (chap. 82), the sales of funeral
- 34 services and merchandise Act (chap. 523A), the business
- 35 opportunity promotions Act (chap. 523B), sales of cemetery

## S.F. 211 H.F.

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1 merchandise Act (chap. 523E), the Iowa consumer credit code
 2 (chap. 537), the membership campgrounds Act (chap. 557B), the
 3 theft and fraud Act (chap. 714), or other criminal provisions.
 4 The civil penalty is to be deposited in a fund for
 5 investigation and prosecution of crimes against the elderly
 6 and disabled. The fund will be administered by the attorney
 7 general.
      In assessing the penalty, the court is to look at whether
 9 the defendant's conduct was in willful disregard of the rights
10 of the person, whether the defendant knew or should have known
ll that the person was an older person or disabled person,
12 whether any of a list of enumerated injuries have been
13 suffered by the older person or disabled person as a result of
14 the defendant's conduct, and whether the older person or
15 disabled person is substantially more vulnerable than others.
      A cause of action is created against the person in favor of
17 the older person or disabled person whereby the plaintiff may
18 recover actual damages, punitive damages, if appropriate, and
19 reasonable attorney fees. Any restitution ordered in favor of
20 the older person or disabled person has priority over a civil
21 penalty imposed pursuant to this bill.
     This bill defines an "older person" as a person who is 65
22
23 years of age or older or as a person 55 years of age or older
24 who has been widowed within the last five years, and a
25 "disabled person" as a person who has a physical or mental
26 impairment which substantially limits one or more major life
27 activities of the person. Other definitions are provided as
28 necessary.
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#### SENATE FILE 211 FISCAL NOTE

A fiscal note for Senate File 211 as amended and passed by the Senate is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

Senate file 211 as amended and passed by the Senate creates the Elderly and Disabled Victim Fund which is administered by the Attorney General's Office to investigate and prosecute crimes against the elderly or disabled. The legislation defines "older person" as a person who is at least 62 years of age. Receipts to the fund are generated from a civil penalty imposed on offenders who commit certain crimes against the elderly or disabled. The civil penalty may not exceed \$5,000 for each violation.

Receipts generated for the Fund are estimated to be \$25,000.

Source: Office of the Attorney General

(LSB 1251sv, BAL)

FILED APRIL 16, 1991

BY DENNIS PROUTY, FISCAL DIRECTOR

SEN	ATE	FILE	21	1	•	
BY	COM	MITTE	E 01	JU N	DICI	ARY

(SUCCESSOR TO SSB 101)

(AS AMENDED AND PASSED BY THE SENATE FEBRUARY 27, 1991)

- New Language by the Senate

Repassed Senate, Date 4/23/91 (p.1409) Passed House, Date 4/12/91 (p.1221)

Vote: Ayes 45 Nays / Vote: Ayes 96 Nays 2

Approved

#### A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to crimes against the elderly and disabled
2 persons by creating a cause of action, creating a special
3 fund, and providing a civil penalty.
4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:
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SF 211 mc/cc/26

S.F. 211

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- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 668B.1 CIVIL PENALTY AND CAUSE
- 2 OF ACTION FOR CERTAIN OFFENSES COMMITTED AGAINST ELDERLY OR
- 3 DISABLED -- FUND ESTABLISHED.
- 4 1. The court may impose upon a person who commits an
- 5 offense or violates any provision of chapter 82, 523A, 523B,
- 6 523E, 537, 557B, or 714, or commits another public offense,
- 7 and the offense or violation is committed against an older
- 8 person or disabled person, in addition to any other civil
- 9 penalty or criminal fine, an additional civil penalty not to
- 10 exceed five thousand dollars for each such violation. The
- 11 civil penalty may be imposed in any civil action against the
- 12 person as permitted in this section, section 714.16, or as
- 13 part of a sentence rendered upon a plea or verdict of guilty,
- 14 or a special verdict upon which a judgment of conviction may
- 15 be rendered.
- 16 A civil penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be
- 17 paid to the treasurer of state, who shall deposit the money in
- 18 the elderly and disabled victim fund, a separate fund
- 19 administered by the attorney general for the investigation and
- 20 prosecution of crimes against the elderly or disabled.
- 21 Notwithstanding section 8.33, any balance in the fund on June
- 22 30 of any fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund of
- 23 the state.
- 24 2. In determining whether to impose a civil penalty under
- 25 subsection 1, the court shall consider the following:
- 26 a. Whether the defendant's conduct was in willful
- 27 disregard of the rights of the older person or disabled
- 28 person.
- 29 b. Whether the defendant knew or should have known that
- 30 the defendant's conduct was directed to an older person or
- 31 disabled person.
- 32 c. Whether the defendant's conduct caused an older person
- 33 or disabled person to suffer any of the following:
- 34 (1) Mental or emotional anguish.
- 35 (2) Loss of or encumbrance upon a primary residence of the

- 1 older person or disabled person.
- 2 (3). Loss of or encumbrance upon the older person's or
- 3 disabled person's principal employment or principal source of 4 income.
- 5 (4) Substantial loss of property.
- 6 (5) Substantial loss of funds.
- 7 (6) Substantial loss of assets.
- 8 d. Whether the older person or disabled person is
- 9 substantially more vulnerable to the defendant's conduct
- 10 because of age, poor health, infirmity, impaired
- ll understanding, restricted mobility, or disability, than other
- 12 individuals, and whether the older person or disabled person
- 13 actually suffered substantial physical, emotional, or economic
- 14 damage resulting from the defendant's conduct.
- 15 e. Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- 3. An older person or disabled person who suffers damage
- 17 or injury as a result of an offense or violation described in
- 18 subsection 1, has a cause of action to recover actual damages,
- 19 including incidental and consequential damages, punitive
- 20 damages, if appropriate, and reasonable attorney fees.
- 21 Restitution ordered pursuant to this subsection has priority
- 22 over a civil penalty imposed by the court pursuant to
- 23 subsection 1.
- 4. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
- 25 requires:
- 26 a. "Older person" means a person who is sixty-two years of
- 27 age or older, or a surviving spouse who is fifty-five years of
- 28 age or older and whose spouse has died within the previous
- 29 five years.
- 30 b. "Disabled person" means a person who has a physical or
- 31 mental impairment which substantially limits one or more major
- 32 life activities of the person.
- 33 c. "Physical or mental impairment" means either of the
- 34 following:
- 35 (1) Physiological disorder or condition, disfigurement, or

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l anatomical loss substantially affecting one or more of the 2 following body systems: (a) Neurological. 3 (b) Musculoskeletal. 4 5 (c) Special sense organs. 6 (d) Respiratory, including speech organs. (e) Cardiovascular. 7 (f) Digestive. 8 9 (q) Genitourinary. (h) Hemic and lymphatic. 10 (i) Skin. 11 (j) Endocrine. 12 (2) Mental or psychological disorder, such as mental 13 14 retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental 15 illness, or specific learning disabilities. "Physical or mental impairment" includes, but is not 16 17 limited to, such diseases and conditions as locomotor 18 impairment, visual impairment, speech and hearing impairment, 19 cerebral palsy, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple 20 sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, dementia, 21 depression, or impairment caused by the effects of prescribed 22 medications. "Major life activities" means functions such as caring 23 24 for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, 25 hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, and working. 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35

#### SENATE FILE 211

B-3602

Amend Senate File 211, as amended, passed, and re-2 printed by the Senats, as follows:

1. By striking everything after the enacting

4 clause, and inserting the following:

5 "Section 1. NEW SECTION. 6688.1 CIVIL PENALTY 6 AND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONSUMER FRAUDS COMMITTED 7 AGAINST ELDERLY -- FUND ESTABLISHED.

8 1. If a person violates section 714.15, and the 9 violation is committed against an older person, in 10 addition to any other civil penalty, the court may 11 impose an additional civil penalty not to exceed five 12 thousand dollars for each such violation.

A civil penalty imposed pursuant to this section 14 shall be paid to the treasurer of state, who shall 15 deposit the money in the elderly victim fund, a 16 separate fund created in the state treasury and 17 administered by the attorney general for the 18 investigation and prosecution of frauds against the 19 elderly. Notwithstanding section 8.33, any balance in 20 the fund on June 30 of any fiscal year shall not 21 revert to the general fund of the state. An award of 22 restitution pursuant to section 714.16 has priority 23 over a civil penalty imposed by the court pursuant to 24 this subsection.

- 25 2. In determining whether to impose a civil 26 penalty under subsection 1, and the amount of any such 27 penalty, the court shall consider the following:
- 28 a. Whether the defendant's conduct was in willful

29 disregard of the rights of the older person.

- 30 b. Whether the defendant knew or should have known 31 that the defendant's conduct was directed to an older 32 person.
- 33 c. Whether the older person was substantially more 34 vulnerable to the defendant's conduct because of age, 35 poor health, infirmity, impaired understanding, re- 36 stricted mobility, or disability, than other persons.
- 37 d. Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- 38 3. As used in this section, "older person" means a 39 person who is sixty-five years of age or older."
- 40 2. Title page, by striking lines 1 through 3, and 41 inserting the following: "An Act relating to consumer 42 frauds against the elderly, providing a civil penalty, 43 and creating a special fund."

By COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT JAY of Appanoose, Chairperson

H-3602 FILED APRIL 11, 1991 (de-pted 4/16/91 (p. 1280)

#### HOUSE AMENDMENT TO SENATE FILE 211

S-3466

Amend Senate File 211, as amended, passed, and re-2 printed by the Senate, as follows:

3 1. By striking everything after the enacting 4 clause, and inserting the following:

5 "Section 1. NEW SECTION. 6688.1 CIVIL PENALTY 6 AND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONSUMER FRAUDS COMMITTED 7 AGAINST ELDERLY -- FUND ESTABLISHED.

8 1. If a person violates section 714.16, and the 9 violation is committed against an older person, in 10 addition to any other civil penalty, the court may 11 impose an additional civil penalty not to exceed five 12 thousand dollars for each such violation.

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- 25 2. In determining whether to impose a civil 26 penalty under subsection 1, and the amount of any such 27 penalty, the court shall consider the following:
- 28 a. Whether the defendant's conduct was in willful 29 disregard of the rights of the older person.
- 30 b. Whether the defendant knew or should have known 31 that the defendant's conduct was directed to an older 32 person.
- 33 c. Whether the older person was substantially more 34 vulnerable to the defendant's conduct because of age, 35 poor health, infirmity, impaired understanding, re-36 stricted mobility, or disability, than other persons.
  - d. Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- 38 3. As used in this section, "older person" means a 39 person who is sixty-five years of age or older."
- 40 2. Title page, by striking lines 1 through 3, and 41 inserting the following: "An Act relating to consumer 42 frauds against the elderly, providing a civil penalty, 43 and creating a special fund."

RECEIVED FROM THE HOUSE

S-3466 FILED APRIL 18, 1991 Sinate Concerned 4/23/91 (\$.1409)

#### SENATE FILE 211 FISCAL NOTE

A fiscal note for Senate File 211 as amended and passed by the House is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

Senate File 211 as amended and passed by the House creates the Elderly Victim Fund. This Fund is administered by the Attorney General's Office to be used to investigate and prosecute offenders who commit consumer fraud offenses against older persons. The legislation defines "older person" as a person who is at least 65 years old. Receipts to the Fund are generated from a civil penalty imposed on offenders who commit consumer fraud offenses against the elderly. The civil penalty may not exceed \$5,000 for each violation.

Receipts generated for the Fund are estimated to be \$15,000.

Source: Office of the Attorney General

(LSB 1251SV.2, BAL)

FILED APRIL 18, 1991

BY DENNIS PROUTY, FISCAL DIRECTOR

STURGEON, CH. GRONSTAL PATE

2021222324

SSB 101 Ludiciary

SENATE/HOUSE FILE 2//
BY (PROPOSED ATTORNEY
GENERAL BILL)

Passed	Senate,	Date	Passed	House,	Date
Vote:	Ayes	Nays	Vote:	Ayes	Nays
	Aŗ	oproved			_

A BILL FOR 1 An Act relating to crimes against the elderly and disabled 2 persons by creating a cause of action, creating a special fund, and providing a civil penalty. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19

TLSB 1251DP 74 mc/mc/6

- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION, 668B.1 CIVIL PENALTY AND CAUSE
- 2 OF ACTION FOR CERTAIN OFFENSES COMMITTED AGAINST ELDERLY OR
- 3 DISABLED -- FUND ESTABLISHED.
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- 31 of age or older and whose spouse has died within the previous
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- 35 life activities of the person.

- 1 c. "Physical or mental impairment" means either of the 2 following:
- 3 (1) Physiological disorder or condition, disfigurement, or
- 4 anatomical loss substantially affecting one or more of the
- 5 following body systems:
- 6 (a) Neurological.
- 7 (b) Musculoskeletal.
- 8 (c) Special sense organs.
- 9 (d) Respiratory, including speech organs.
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- 17 retardation, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental
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- 19 "Physical or mental impairment" includes, but is not
- 20 limited to, such diseases and conditions as locomotor
- 21 impairment, visual impairment, speech and hearing impairment,
- 22 cerebral palsy, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple
- 23 sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, dementia,
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- 27 for one's self, performing manual tasks, walking, seeing,
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- 29 EXPLANATION
- 30 This bill establishes a new chapter providing an additional
- 31 civil penalty to be imposed by the court of up to \$5,000 for
- 32 offenses or violations against older or disabled persons under
- 33 the door-to-door sales Act (chap. 82), the sales of funeral
- 34 services and merchandise Act (chap. 523A), the business
- 35 opportunity promotions Act (chap. 523B), sales of cemetery

- 1 merchandise Act (chap. 523E), the Iowa consumer credit code
- 2 (chap. 537), the membership campgrounds Act (chap. 557B), the
- 3 theft and fraud Act (chap. 714), or other criminal provisions.
- 4 The civil penalty is to be deposited in a fund for
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- 6 and disabled. The fund will be administered by the attorney 7 general.
- 8 In assessing the penalty, the court is to look at whether
- 9 the defendant's conduct was in willful disregard of the rights
- 10 of the person, whether the defendant knew or should have known
- 11 that the person was an older person or disabled person,
- 12 whether any of a list of enumerated injuries have been
- 13 suffered by the older person or disabled person as a result of
- 14 the defendant's conduct, and whether the older person or
- 15 disabled person is substantially more vulnerable than others.
- 16 A cause of action is created against the person in favor of
- 17 the older person or disabled person whereby the plaintiff may
- 18 recover actual damages, punitive damages, if appropriate, and
- 19 reasonable attorney fees. Any restitution ordered in favor of
- 20 the older person or disabled person has priority over a civil
- 21 penalty imposed pursuant to this bill.
- This bill defines an "older person" as a person who is 65
- 23 years of age or older or as a person 55 years of age or older
- 24 who has been widowed within the last five years, and a
- 25 "disabled person" as a person who has a physical or mental
- 26 impairment which substantially limits one or more major life
- 27 activities of the person. Other definitions are provided as
- 28 necessary.
- 29 BACKGROUND STATEMENT
- 30 SUBMITTED BY THE AGENCY
- 31 This legislation is needed to provide an additional
- 32 deterrent in the form of a civil penalty to those persons who
- 33 victimize older and disabled Iowans in home repair scams,
- 34 business opportunity scams, frauds, thefts, fraudulent
- 35 practices, and other crimes. This legislation constitutes a

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S.F. ___ H.F.
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1 civil procedure and does not affect any criminal action
 2 dictated by current statutes. However, the civil penalty
 3 provided for in this chapter may be based on a criminal
 4 conviction. In such cases, it would be imposed by the court
 5 at the time of sentencing on the criminal charge. The civil
 6 penalty provided for in this chapter does not diminish a
 7 victim's right to recover restitution and damages.
      The victims this chapter seeks to protect include a growing
 9 segment of some of the most vulnerable people in our society.
10 When older or disabled persons are the targets of consumer and
Il criminal schemes, the victims may require state and federal
12 government assistance for their health and welfare.
13 example, if an older person loses his or her life savings in
14 an oil lease investment scheme, that person may be required to
15 rely on public assistance for their welfare. Under the
16 circumstances, it is suitable to provide for a civil penalty.
17
      The goal is to deter perpetrators of frauds and other
18 crimes from targeting the older and disabled Iowan by making
19 the crime less profitable. The bill enhances enforcement by
20 making it less profitable. The legislation also enhances
21 enforcement by making it clear that older and disabled persons
22 have a private cause of action under the consumer fraud Act to
23 enforce their rights, and recover damages, reasonable
24 attorney's fees, and if appropriate, punitive damages.
25 Allowance for attorney's fees and punitive damages will allow
26 older and disabled Iowans to obtain legal representation in
27 these cases that they might not otherwise be able to afford.
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#### AN ACT

RELATING TO CONSUMER PRAUDS AGAINST THE ELDERLY, PROVIDING A CIVIL PENALTY, AND CREATING A SPECIAL FUND.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

Section 1. NEW SECTION. 6688.1 CIVIL PENALTY AND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONSUMER FRAUDS COMMITTED AGAINST ELDERLY --FUND ESTABLISHED.

1. If a person violates section 714.16, and the violation is committed against an older person, in addition to any other civil penalty, the court may impose an additional civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars for each such violation.

A civil penalty imposed pursuant to this section shall be paid to the treasurer of state, who shall deposit the money in the elderly victim fund, a separate fund created in the state treasury and administered by the attorney general for the investigation and prosecution of frauds against the elderly. Notwithstanding section 8.33, any balance in the fund on June 30 of any fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund of the state. An award of restitution pursuant to section 714.16 has priority over a civil penalty imposed by the court pursuant to this subsection.

- 2. In determining whether to impose a civil penalty under subsection 1, and the amount of any such penalty, the court shall consider the following:
- a. Whether the defendant's conduct was in willful disregard of the rights of the older person.
- b. Whether the defendant knew or should have known that the defendant's conduct was directed to an older person.

c. Whether the older person was substantially more vulnerable to the defendant's conduct because of age, poor health, infirmity, impaired understanding, restricted mobility, or disability, than other persons.

d. Any other factors the court deems appropriate.

3. As used in this section, "older person" means a person who is sixty-five years of age or older.

> JOE J. WELSK President of the Senate

ROBERT C. ARNOULD Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that this bill originated in the Senate and is known as Senate File 21%, Seventy-Eourth General Assembly.

Secretary of the Senate

TERRY E. BRANSTAD

Governor