Represted

SENATE FILE 2413 BY HUTCHINS

FILED MAR 1.9 1990

Judiciary and p 3575, Do Pac. 3/19(9.1150) Ways, Mean 3/19 Do Car 3/20(p.1211)

> (COMPANION TO LSB 8412YH BY ARNOULD)

Passed Senate, Date <u>3/22/90(7.1253)</u> Passed House, Date <u>4/3/90 (p.1830)</u> Vote: Ayes <u>45</u> Nays <u>1</u> Vote: Ayes <u>92</u> Nays <u>2</u> Approved <u>May 6, 1998</u>

A BILL FOR

5633 1 An Act relating to certain specific crimes and the disposition of offenders by providing for payment of sexual abuse medical 2 examinations, providing for workers' compensation coverage and 3 the liability of certain persons performing community service, 4 providing for notification of the parents of persons under age 5 eighteen discovered to be in possession of alcohol or drugs, 6 providing for a term of confinement for distribution of 7 illegal drugs within one thousand feet of a public park, 8 providing for the reporting and identification of certain 9 precursor drugs, providing for the disposition of certain 10 juvenile offenders, establishing a family preservation 11 program, establishing institutional reading room requirements, 12 providing for the diversion of certain offenders to treatment 13 facilities, providing that certain persons serving mandatory 14 minimum sentences serve a portion of their sentence on work 15 release, establishing a penalty for certain persons who cause 16 a serious injury to another while operating a motor vehicle, 17 providing for certain offenders to serve their sentence on 18 consecutive days, providing for posttreatment services as a 19 condition of probation, establishing a tax on marijuana and 20 controlled substances, providing an expansion of the business 21

SF2413

deduction for businesses employing individuals on parole, probation, work release, or convicted of a felony, establishing penalties for participation in criminal gang activity, providing for the nonbailability of certain offenders, providing requirements for presentence investigations, providing for early release of offenders participating in certain treatment or for certain property offenders, making certain changes relating to conditions of parole and work release, authorizing parole and probation officers to discharge certain offenders, making certain changes relating to the victim reparation program, establishing a pilot project for the chemical testing of persons arrested for felony offenses, and providing penalties.

14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

TLSB 8412XS 73 mj/jw/5



S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 Section 1. Section 13.31, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 2 by adding the following new subsection:

3 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 5. Administer payment for sexual abuse 4 medical examinations pursuant to section 709.10.

5 Sec. 2. Section 25A.2, subsection 3, Code Supplement 1989, 6 is amended to read as follows:

"Employee of the state" includes any one or more 3. 8 officers, agents, or employees of the state or any state 9 agency, including members of the general assembly, and persons 10 acting on behalf of the state or any state agency in any 11 official capacity, temporarily or permanently in the service 12 of the state of Iowa, whether with or without compensation but 13 does not include a contractor doing business with the state. 14 Professional personnel, including physicians, osteopathic 15 physicians and surgeons, osteopathic physicians, optometrists 16 and dentists, who render services to patients and inmates of 17 state institutions under the jurisdiction of the department of 18 human services or the Iowa department of corrections are to be 19 considered employees of the state, whether the personnel are 20 employed on a full-time basis or render services on a part-21 time basis on a fee schedule or other arrangement. Criminal 22 defendants while performing unpaid community service ordered 23 by the district court, board of parole, or judicial district 24 department of correctional services are to be considered 25 employees of the state.

Sec. 3. Section 85.59, unnumbered paragraphs 2, 4, and 5, 27 Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

For purposes of this section, "inmate" includes a person who is performing unpaid community service under sections 0 907-13-and-910-2 the direction of the district court, board of 1 parole, or judicial district department of correctional 2 services, or who is performing a work assignment of value to 3 the state or to the public under chapter 232.

34 If an inmate is permanently incapacitated by injury in the 35 performance of the inmate's work in connection with the

-1-

1 maintenance of the institution or in an industry maintained in 2 the institution, while on detail to perform services on a 3 public works project, or is permanently or temporarily 4 incapacitated in connection with the performance of unpaid 5 community service under sections-907-13-and-910-2 the 6 direction of the district court, board of parole, or judicial 7 district department of correctional services, or who is 8 performing a work assignment of value to the state or to the 9 public under chapter 232, that inmate shall be awarded only 10 the benefits provided in section 85.27 and section 85.34, 11 subsections 2 and 3. The weekly rate for such permanent 12 disability is equal to sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the 13 state average weekly wage paid employees as determined by the 14 department of employment services under section 96.19, 15 subsection 42, and in effect at the time of the injury. 16 Weekly compensation benefits under this section may be 17 determined prior to the inmate's release from the institution,

s.f. 2413 H.F.

18 but payment of benefits to an inmate shall commence as of the 19 time of the inmate's release from the institution either upon 20 parole or final discharge. However, if the inmate is awarded 21 benefits for an injury incurred in connection with the 22 performance of unpaid community service under sections-907:13 23 and-910:2 the direction of the district court, board of 24 parole, or judicial district department of correctional 25 services, or who is performing a work assignment of value to 26 the state or to the public under chapter 232, weekly 27 compensation benefits under this section shall be determined 28 and paid as in other workers' compensation cases.

29 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 123.47B PARENTAL NOTIFICATION --30 PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE.

31 If a peace officer detains a person under the age of 32 eighteen and discovers that the person is in possession of 33 alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer in violation of section 34 123.47, the law enforcement agency of which the peace officer 35 is an employee shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the

-2-

s.f. 2413 H.F.

1 person's custodial parent or legal guardian of such 2 possession, whether or not the person is arrested or a 37373 citation is issued pursuant to section 805.16. A reasonable 4 attempt to notify the person includes but is not limited to a 5 telephone call or notice by first class mail.

6 Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204.401A DISTRIBUTION TO PERSONS ON7 CERTAIN REAL PROPERTY.

8 In addition to any other penalties provided in this 9 chapter, a person who is eighteen years of age or older who 10 unlawfully distributes a substance or counterfiet substance 11 listed in schedule I or II which is a narcotic or cocaine, or 12 a simulated controlled substance represented to be a narcotic 13 or cocaine classified in schedule I or II, to another person 14 who is eighteen years of age or older in or on, or within one 15 thousand feet of the real property comprising a public or 16 private elementary or secondary school, or in or on the real 17 property comprising a public park, may, at the judge's dis-18 cretion, be sentenced up to an additional term of confinement 19 of five years.

20 Sec. 6. Section 204.406, subsection 1, paragraph a, Code 21 Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

a. Unlawfully distributes a substance listed in schedule I
or II, which is a narcotic or cocaine, to a person under
eighteen years of age commits a class "B" felony and shall
serve a minimum term of confinement of five years. However,
if the substance was distributed in or on, or within one
thousand feet of, the real property comprising a public or
private elementary or secondary school, or in or on the real
property comprising a public park, the person shall serve a
minimum term of confinement of ten years.

31 Sec. 7. Section 204.406, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 32 Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

a. Unlawfully distributes a counterfeit substance listed
 in schedule I or II which is a narcotic or cocaine, or a
 35 simulated controlled substance represented to be a narcotic or

-3-

1 cocaine classified in schedule I or II, to a person under 2 eighteen years of age commits a class "B" felony. However, if 3 the substance was distributed in or on, or within one thousand 4 feet of, the real property comprising a public or private 5 elementary or secondary school, or in or on the real property 6 comprising a public park, the person shall serve a minimum 7 term of confinement of ten years.

S.F. 2413 H.F.

8 Sec. 8. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204.415 PARENTAL NOTIFICATION -9 PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE.

10 If a peace officer detains a person under the age of 11 eighteen and discovers that the person is in possession of a 12 controlled substance, counterfeit substance, or simulated 13 controlled substance in violation of this chapter, the law 14 enforcement agency of which the peace officer is an employee 15 shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the person's 16 custodial parent or legal guardian of such possession, whether 543917 or not the person is arrested. A reasonable attempt to notify 18 the person includes but is not limited to a telephone call or 19 notice by first class mail.

20 Sec. 9. NEW SECTION. 204B.1 DEFINITIONS.

21 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise re-22 quires:

23 1. "Board" means the board of pharmacy examiners.

24 2. "Controlled substance" means a controlled substance as 25 defined in section 204.101.

26 3. "Practitioner" means a practitioner as defined in 27 section 155A.3.

4. "Precursor substance" means a substance which may be
used as a precursor in the illegal production of a controlled
substance and is specified under section 204B.2.

31 5. "Recipient" means a person in this state who purchases,32 transfers, or otherwise receives a precursor substance.

33 6. "Vendor" means a person who manufactures, wholesales,
34 retails, or otherwise sells, transfers, or furnishes in this
35 state a precursor substance.

-4-

S.F. <u>2413</u> H.F.

Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 1 204B.2 REPORTING REQUIRED. Effective July 1, 1990, a report to the board shall be 2 1. 3 submitted in accordance with this chapter by a manufacturer, 4 retailer, or other person who sells, transfers, or otherwise 5 furnishes to any person in this state any of the following 6 substances: Anthranilic acid and its salts. 7 a. 8 Benzyl Cyanide. b. 9 Ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of c. 10 optical isomers. 11 d. Ergonovine and its salts. Ergotamine and its salts. 12 e. 3,4 - methylenedioxyphenyl-2-propanone. 13 f. 14 N-acetylanthranilic acid and its salts. g. Norpseudoephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and 15 h. 16 salts of optical isomers. 17 Phenylacetic acid and its salts. i. . j. Phenylpropanolamine, its salts, optical isomers, and 18 19 salts of optical isomers. 20 Piperidine and its salts. k. Pseudoephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts 21 1. 22 of optical isomers. 23 The board shall administer the regulatory provisions of 2. 24 this chapter and may, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 17A, 25 add a substance to or remove a substance from the list in sub-26 section 1. In determining whether to add or remove a 27 substance from the list, the board shall consider the 28 following: 29 The likelihood that the substance may be used as a prea. 30 cursor in the illegal production of a controlled substance. 31 b. The availability of the substance. The appropriateness of including the substance under 32 C. 33 this chapter or under chapter 204. 34 The extent and nature of legitimate uses for the subd. 35 stance.

-5-

3. On or before November 1 of each year, the board shall
 inform the general assembly of any substances added, deleted,
 3 or changed in the list contained in section 204B.2 and shall
 4 provide an explanation of any addition, deletion, or change.
 5 Sec. 11. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.3 IDENTIFICATION REQUIRED.
 6 1. Before selling, transferring, or otherwise furnishing
 7 any substance specified in section 204B.2 to a person in this

s.f. <u>2413</u> H.F.

8 state, a vendor shall require proper identification from the 9 purchaser.

10 2. For the purposes of this section, in the case of a 11 face-to-face purchase, "proper identification" means all of 12 the following:

13 a. A motor vehicle operator's license containing the pur-14 chaser's photograph and residential or mailing address, other 15 than a post office box number, or any other official state-16 issued identification containing this information.

b. The motor vehicle license number of the vehicle owned18 or operated by the purchaser.

19 c. A letter of authorization from the person who is making 20 the purchase. The letter shall include the person's business 21 license number and business address, a description as to how 22 the substance will be used, and the purchaser's signature. 23 The vendor shall affix the vendor's signature as a witness to 24 the signature and identification of the purchaser.

25 3. The board shall provide by rule for the form of proper26 identification required for purchases which are not face to27 face.

4. A person who violates this section or rules adopted
pursuant to this section commits a simple misdemeanor.
Sec. 12. NEW SECTION. 204B.4 VENDOR REPORTING.

31 1. At least twenty-one days prior to the delivery of a 32 precursor substance to a recipient, the vendor shall submit a 33 report of the transaction to the board. The report must 34 contain the identification information specified under section 35 204B.3. However, if regular, repeated transactions of a

-6-

s.f. <u>2413</u> H.F.

1 particular precursor substance occur between the vendor and 2 the recipient, the board may authorize the vendor to report 3 the transactions monthly if either of the following conditions 4 exists:

5 a. A pattern of regular supply of the precursor substance 6 exists between the vendor and the recipient.

7 b. The recipient has established a record of lawfully 8 using the precursor substance.

9 2. A vendor who does not submit a report pursuant to this 10 section commits a serious misdemeanor.

11 Sec. 13. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.5 RECEIPT OF SUBSTANCE FROM 12 OUTSIDE THE STATE -- PENALTY.

13 1. A vendor, recipient, or other person required to report 14 pursuant to this chapter who receives a precursor substance 15 from a source outside the state shall submit a report to the 16 board pursuant to rules adopted by the board.

17 2. A person who does not submit a report required under 18 this section commits a serious misdemeanor.

19 Sec. 14. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.6 EXCEPTIONS.

20 The requirements of sections 204B.2 through 204B.5 do not 21 apply to any of the following:

22 1. A licensed pharmacist or other person authorized under 23 chapter 155A to sell or furnish a precursor substance upon the 24 prescription of a practitioner.

25 2. A practitioner who administers or furnishes a precursor
26 substance to a patient.

3. A vendor who holds a permit issued by the board and who
28 sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes a precursor substance
29 to a practitioner or a pharmacy as defined in section 155A.3.
30 4. A sale, transfer furnishing

30 4. A sale, transfer, furnishing, or receipt of a drug con-31 taining ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine or 32 of a cosmetic containing a precursor substance if the drug or 33 cosmetic is lawfully sold, transferred, or furnished over the 34 counter without a prescription in accordance with chapter 35 203B.

-7-

1 Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 204B.7 REPORTING FORM.

2 1. The board shall adopt rules prescribing a common form 3 for the filing of reports required under this chapter. The 4 rules shall provide that the information which must be 5 submitted shall include but is not limited to all of the 6 following:

S.F. <u>2413</u> H.F.

7 a. The name of the precursor substance.

8 b. The quantity of the precursor substance sold,9 transferred, or furnished.

10 c. The date the precursor substance was sold, transferred, 11 or furnished.

12 d. The name and address of the recipient.

13 e. The name and address of the vendor.

14 2. Reports authorized under subsection 1 may be computer-15 generated and submitted monthly in accordance with rules 16 adopted by the board.

17 Sec. 16. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.8 MISSING QUANTITY -- RE-18 PORTING.

19 A person who is required to report to the board pursuant to 20 this chapter or a person listed as an exception under section 21 204B.6 shall report to the board either of the following 22 occurrences within seven days of knowledge of the loss or 23 occurrence:

24 1. Loss or theft of a precursor substance.

2. A difference between the amount of a precursor
 26 substance shipped and the amount of a precursor substance
 27 received. If applicable, the report shall include the name of
 28 the person who transported the precursor substance and the
 29 date of shipment.

30 Sec. 17. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.9 SALE, TRANSFER, FURNISHING,
31 OR RECEIPT FOR UNLAWFUL PURPOSE -- PENALTY.

32 1. A person who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes a 33 precursor substance with knowledge or the intent that the 34 recipient will use the precursor substance to unlawfully manu-35 facture a controlled substance commits a class "C" felony.

-8-

s.f. 2413 H.F.

A person who receives a precursor substance with intent
 to use the substance unlawfully to manufacture a controlled
 substance commits a class "C" felony.

4 Sec. 18. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.10 FALSE STATEMENT --5 PENALTY.

6 A person who knowingly makes a false statement in 7 connection with any report or record required to be made under 8 this chapter commits an aggravated misdemeanor.

9 Sec. 19. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.11 PERMIT REQUIREMENTS --10 PENALTY.

11 1. A vendor or a recipient who receives a precursor 12 substance from a source outside the state shall obtain a 13 permit for the transaction from the board. However, a permit 14 is not required of a vendor of a drug containing ephedrine, 15 phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine or of a cosmetic that 16 contains a precursor substance if the drug or cosmetic is 17 lawfully sold, transferred, or furnished either over the 18 counter without a prescription in accordance with chapter 203B 19 or with a prescription pursuant to chapter 155A.

20 2. An application for a permit shall be filed in writing 21 and signed by the applicant, and shall set forth the name of 22 the applicant, the business in which the applicant is engaged, 23 the business address of the applicant, and a full description 24 of any precursor substance sold, transferred, or otherwise 25 furnished or received.

26 3. The board may grant a permit on a form adopted by rule. 27 A permit shall be effective for not more than one year from 28 the date of issuance.

4. An applicant shall pay, at the time of filing an 30 application, a permit fee determined by the board.

31 5. A permit granted under this chapter may be annually re-32 newed on a date to be determined by the board pursuant to 33 rule, upon the filing of a renewal application and the payment 34 of a permit renewal fee.

35 6. Permit fees charged by the board shall not exceed the

-9-

1 costs incurred by the board in administering this chapter.
2 7. Selling, transferring, or otherwise furnishing, or re3 ceiving a precursor substance without a permit obtained
4 pursuant to this section is a serious misdemeanor.

S.F. 2413 H.F.

5 Sec. 20. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.12 PERMIT -- REFUSAL,
6 SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION.

7 The board shall refuse, suspend, or revoke a permit upon 8 finding that any of the following conditions exist:

9 1. The permit was obtained through fraud, misrepresenta-10 tion, or deceit.

11 2. The permittee has violated or has permitted any 12 employee of the permittee to violate any of the laws of this 13 state relating to drugs, controlled substances, cosmetics, or 14 nonprescription drugs, or has violated this chapter, a rule 15 adopted pursuant to this chapter, or any other rule of the 16 board.

17 Sec. 21. Section 232.8, Code 1989, is amended by adding 18 the following new unnumbered paragraph:

19 <u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. In a proceeding concerning a 20 child who is alleged to have committed a second delinquent act 21 or a second violation excluded from the jurisdiction of the 22 juvenile court, the court or the juvenile court shall 23 determine whether there is reason to believe that the child 24 regularly abuses alcohol or other controlled substance and may 25 be in need of treatment. If the court so determines, the 26 court shall advise appropriate juvenile authorities and refer 27 such offenders to the juvenile court for disposition pursuant 28 to section 232.52A.

29 Sec. 22. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 232.52A DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN 30 JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

In addition to any other order of the juvenile court, a 32 person under age eighteen, who may be in need of treatment as 33 determined under section 232.8, may be ordered to participate 34 in an alcohol education or evaluation program approved by the 35 juvenile court. If recommended after evaluation, the court

-10-

s.f. 2413 H.F.

1 may also order the person to participate in a treatment 2 program approved by the court. The juvenile court may also 3 require the custodial parent or parents or other legal 4 guardian to participate in an educational program with the 5 person under age eighteen if the court determines that such 6 participation is in the best interests of the person under age 7 eighteen.

5633 8

8 Sec. 23. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 246.207 FAMILY PRESERVATION 9 PROGRAM.

x 10 1. The department shall establish a family preservation 11 program at the Iowa correctional institution for women. The 12 program shall include all of the following:

13 a. An institutional child day care facility for the care 14 of children of inmates as provided in this paragraph. The 15 department shall provide institutional child day care services 16 for inmates, which may be provided under contract with a 17 licensed child day care provider, at the institution as 18 follows:

19 (1) For children less than eighteen months of age by 20 January 1, 1992.

21 (2) For children age eighteen months through preschool age 22 by July 1, 1994.

23 (3) For children enrolled in kindergarten through grade 6 24 by July 1, 1997.

b. Development of a family support system for inmates and
their children, including a follow-up program after release.
c. Development of instructional programs in parenting
skills for inmates.

d. Development of instruction in life management skills for inmates. This instruction program shall include individual plans of action for each inmate involving the areas of finance and career, physical and mental health, education, and family. This program shall qualify when possible for college credit or continuing education units accredited by the north central association of colleges and secondary schools,

-11-

1 and shall qualify, when possible, for high school completion 2 credit or other continuing education credit. The program 3 should attempt to aid in developing responsible habits, 4 problem-solving and decision-making abilities, emotional 5 control, job seeking skills, and improved family relations. e. Other goals as determined by the advisory committee. 6 2. a. A family preservation advisory committee is ×7 8 established for the purpose of adopting guidelines and 9 recommending policies relating to the institutional child day 10 care services provided pursuant to this section. Such 11 guidelines shall be adopted to further the treatment, 12 education, and rehabilitation goals of the family preservation 13 program. In addition to any other duties, the committee shall 14 make recommendations to the department and to the general 15 assembly concerning the family preservation program. Members of the committee shall be appointed by the 16 b. 17 governor, subject to senate confirmation, for three-year terms 18 beginning and ending as provided in section 69.19. Members 19 appointed shall include: 20 (1) A former inmate of the facility who was a parent at 21 the time of incarceration. (2) A member of the clergy. 22 (3) A private service provider with experience in 23 24 providing services to female inmates or a person representing 25 the commission on the status of women. (4) A person with experience in providing child day care 26 27 services in an institutional or educational setting. 28 (5) A representative of an advocacy group representing the 29 rights of children and families. 30 (6) A person representing the department of corrections. 31 (7) A person representing the judicial district 32 departments of correctional services. (8) A person representing the department of human 33 34 services. (9) A person representing the department of education. 35

s.f. 2413 H.F.

-12-

s.f. 2413 H.F.

1

(10) A person representing the board of parole.

2 (11) A person representing the child development program
3 at Iowa state university of science and technology.

c. Public and nonstate employee members of the advisory
5 committee shall be reimbursed for their official expenses and
6 may be eligible for per diem compensation pursuant to section
7 7E.6. State employees shall be reimbursed for their official
8 expenses by the employees' respective agencies.

x 9 d. In addition to any other duties, the advisory committee 10 shall recommend for selection the institutional day care 11 provider who will provide services to the correctional 12 institution as provided in this section.

×13 3. It is the intent of the general assembly that the 14 family relationships of a person committed to the custody of 15 the director of the department of corrections are to be 16 maintained whenever possible. Incarceration shall not be 17 grounds for termination of parental rights absent other 18 appropriate grounds for such action.

19 4. The advisory committee shall make recommendations 20 concerning funding needs of the family preservation program. 21 The committee shall report these recommendations to the 22 chairpersons and ranking members of the justice system 23 appropriations subcommittee and the chairpersons, vice 24 chairpersons, and ranking members of the senate committee on 25 education and committee on judiciary and the house of 26 representatives committee on education and committee on 27 judiciary and law enforcement, by November 30, 1990. 28 Sec. 24. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 246.310A INSTITUTION READING 29 ROOMS.

The director shall, as necessary, provide for the provision of suitable space and reading materials for inmates. Such space shall be located so that any visitors, other than those authorized pursuant to section 246.512, shall not be able to view the space or the materials located within that space. Sec. 25. Section 246.513, subsection 1, unnumbered

-13-

1 paragraph 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 2 The department of corrections in cooperation with judicial 3 district departments of correctional services shall establish 4 in each judicial district bed space for the confinement and 5 treatment of offenders convicted of violating chapter 321J who 6 are sentenced to the custody of the director. The department 7 of corrections shall develop standardized assessment criteria 8 for the assignment of offenders to a facility established 9 pursuant to this section. The offender shall be assigned by 10 the director to a facility pursuant to section 321J.2, 11 subsection 2, paragraph "c", unless initial medical treatment 12 is necessary or there is insufficient space to accommodate the The offenders shall first be assigned to the Iowa 13 person. 14 medical classification facility at Oakdale for classification 15 and-after-classification-may-be-assigned-to if medical 16 treatment is necessary or if the offender fails to 17 satisfactorily perform in a treatment program conducted in a 18 residential facility operated by any a judicial district 19 department of correctional services. The offender shall be 20 assigned to an institution following classification. The 21 facilities established shall meet all the following 22 requirements: Sec. 26. 246.902 WORK RELEASE -- PERSONS × 23 NEW SECTION. 24 SERVING MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE. An inmate serving a mandatory minimum sentence of one year 25 26 or more, who is approved to participate in the work release 27 program, shall serve the final six months of the inmate's 28 sentence participating in the program. × 29 Sec. 27. NEW SECTION. 321L.1 MINIMUM SENTENCE FOR 30 CERTAIN OFFENDERS. 563431 A minimum term of imprisonment in a county jail or 32 community-based correctional facility imposed on a person 33 convicted of a second or subsequent offense under section

S.F. 2413 H.F.

34 321J.2, subsection 2, paragraph "b" or "c", shall be served on 35 consecutive days. However, if the sentencing court finds that

-14-

S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 service of the full minimum term on consecutive days would 2 work an undue hardship on the person, or finds that there is 3 insufficient jail space to accommodate the person serving the 4 minimum sentence on consecutive days, the court may order the 5 person to serve not less than forty-eight consecutive hours of 6 the minimum term and to perform not less than two hundred 7 forty hours of unpaid community service.

8 Sec. 28. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.2 TREATMENT OF CERTAIN
9 OFFENDERS.

10 A person ordered to attend a course for drinking drivers, 11 or a substance abuse treatment program, upon successfully 12 completing or attending the course or treatment program, shall 13 be placed on probation for six months and as a condition of 14 probation, shall attend a program providing posttreatment 15 services related to drinking or substance abuse as approved by 16 the court.

17 A defendant who fails to carry out the order of the court 18 or who fails to successfully complete or attend a course for 19 drinking drivers or an ordered substance abuse treatment 20 program shall, in addition to any other condition of 21 probation, attend a program providing substance abuse 22 prevention services or posttreatment services related to 23 substance abuse as ordered by the court. The person shall 24 report to the person's probation officer as ordered concerning 25 proof of attendance at the treatment program or posttreatment 26 program ordered by the court. Failure to attend or complete 27 the program shall be considered a violation of probation and × 28 is punishable as contempt of court.

563129

Sec. 29. NEW SECTION. 421A.1 DEFINITIONS.

30 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 31 indicates:

32 1. "Marijuana" means any marijuana, whether real or 33 counterfeit, as included in section 204.204, that is held, 34 possessed, transported, transferred, sold, or offered to be 35 sold in this state.

-15-

2. "Controlled substance" means any drug, substance, or
 2 immediate precursor whether real or counterfeit, as defined in
 3 section 204.101, other than marijuana, that is held,
 4 possessed, transported, transferred, sold, or offered to be
 5 sold in this state.

s.f. 2413 н.f.

6 3. "Dealer" means a person who manufactures, produces, 7 ships, transports, or imports into this state or in any manner 8 acquires or possesses more than forty-two and one-half grams 9 of marijuana, or seven or more grams of a controlled 10 substance, or ten or more dosage units of a controlled 11 substance which is not sold by weight.

4. "Director" means the director of revenue and finance.
543/13 Sec. 30. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.2 ADMINISTRATION.
14 The director shall administer this chapter. Payments
15 required by this chapter shall be made to the director on a
16 form provided by the director. The director shall collect all
17 taxes under this chapter and deposit them in the general fund
18 of the state.

563/19 Sec. 31. NEW SECTION. 421A.3 RULES.

20 The director shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 17A 21 necessary to enforce this chapter. The director shall adopt a 22 uniform system of providing, affixing, and displaying official 23 stamps, official labels, or other official indicia for 24 marijuana and controlled substances on which a tax is imposed. 563/25 Sec. 32. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.4 TAX PAYMENT REQUIRED FOR 26 POSSESSION.

27 A dealer shall not possess any marijuana or controlled 28 substance upon which a tax is imposed by section 421A.8 unless 29 the tax has been paid on the marijuana or the controlled 30 substance as evidenced by a stamp or other official indicia. 563 31 Sec. 33. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.5 NO IMMUNITY.

32 This chapter does not in any manner provide immunity for a 33 dealer from criminal prosecution pursuant to law.

563 34 Sec. 34. NEW SECTION, 421A.6 PHARMACEUTICALS.

35 This chapter does not require persons permitted to possess

S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 marijuana or a controlled substance under chapter 204 or 2 otherwise lawfully in possession of marijuana or a controlled 3 substance to pay the tax required under this chapter. 563/4 Sec. 35. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.7 MEASUREMENT. 5 For the purpose of calculating the tax under section 6 421A 8 an aware of marijuana of the tax under section

6 421A.8, an ounce of marijuana or a controlled substance is 7 measured by the weight of the substance in the dealer's 8 possession.

573/9 Sec. 36. NEW SECTION. 421A.8 TAX RATE.

10 A tax is imposed on marijuana and controlled substances at 11 the following rates:

12 1. Each gram of marijuana, or each portion of a gram, 13 three dollars and fifty cents.

14 2. Each gram of a controlled substance, or portion of a 15 gram, two hundred dollars.

16 3. Each fifty dosage unit of a controlled substance that 17 is not sold by weight, or portion thereof, two thousand 18 dollars.

Sec. 37. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.9 TAX AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES. 1. PENALTIES. A dealer violating this chapter is subject 21 to a penalty of one hundred percent of the tax in addition to 22 the tax imposed by section 421A.8. In addition to the tax 23 penalty imposed, a dealer distributing or possessing marijuana 24 or a controlled substance without affixing the appropriate 25 stamps, labels, or other indicia is guilty of a class "D" 26 felony.

27 2. STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS. Notwithstanding section 802.3,
28 an indictment may be found or information filed upon any
29 criminal offense specified in this chapter, in the proper
30 court within six years after the commission of the offense.
563 31 Sec. 38. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.10 STAMP PRICE.

32 Official stamps, labels, or other indicia to be affixed to 33 all marijuana and controlled substances shall be purchased 34 from the department of revenue and finance. The purchaser 35 shall pay one hundred percent of face value for each stamp, 1 label, or other indicia at the time of the purchase. The 2 department shall make the stamps, labels, or other indicia in 3 denominations in multiples of ten dollars.

S.F. 2413 H.F.

56314 Sec. 39. NEW SECTION. 421A.11 PAYMENT DUE.

5 1. STAMPS AFFIXED. When a dealer purchases, acquires, 6 transports, or imports into this state marijuana or a 7 controlled substance on which a tax is imposed by section 8 421A.8, and if the indicia evidencing the payment of the tax 9 have not already been affixed, the dealer shall have the 10 indicia permanently affixed on the marijuana or controlled 11 substance immediately after receiving the marijuana or 12 controlled substance. Each stamp or other official indicia 13 may be used only once.

14 2. PAYABLE ON POSSESSION. Taxes imposed upon marijuana or
15 a controlled substance by this chapter are due and payable
16 immediately upon acquisition or possession of the marijuana or
17 controlled substance in this state by a dealer.

563118

Sec. 40. NEW SECTION. 421A.12 ASSESSMENTS.

19 1. ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE. The director shall assess a tax 20 based on personal knowledge or information available to the 21 director, mail the taxpayer at the taxpayer's last known 22 address or serve the taxpayer in person with, a written notice 23 of the amount of the tax, demand its immediate payment, and, 24 if payment is not immediately made, collect the tax by any 25 method prescribed in chapter 421, except that the director 26 need not await the expiration of the times specified in 27 chapter 421.

28 2. INJUNCTION PROHIBITED. A person shall not bring suit
29 to enjoin the assessment or collection of any taxes, interest,
30 or penalties imposed by this chapter.

31 3. STANDARD OF PROOF. The tax and penalties assessed by 32 the director are presumed to be valid and correctly determined 33 and assessed. The burden is upon the taxpayer to show their 34 incorrectness or invalidity. Any statement filed by the 35 director with the clerk of the district court, or any other

-18-

s.f. <u>2413</u> H.F.

1 certificate by the director of the amount of tax and penalties 2 determined or assessed is admissible in evidence and is prima 3 facie evidence of the facts it contains.

56314 Sec. 41. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.13 CONFIDENTIAL NATURE OF 5 INFORMATION.

The director or an employee of the department of revenue 6 7 and finance shall not reveal information contained in a report 8 or return required by this chapter. Information contained in 9 such a report or return shall not be used against the dealer 10 in any criminal proceeding, unless independently obtained, 11 except in connection with a proceeding involving taxes due 12 under this chapter from the taxpayer making the return. 563113 Sec. 42. NEW SECTION. 421A.14 INVESTIGATORY POWERS. For the purpose of determining the correctness of any 14 15 return, determining the amount of tax that should have been 16 paid, determining whether or not the dealer should have made a 17 return or paid taxes, or collecting any taxes under this 18 chapter, the director may examine, or cause to be examined, 19 any books, papers, records, or memoranda, that may be relevant 20 to making such determinations, whether the books, papers, 21 records, or memoranda, are the property of or in the 22 possession of the dealer or another person. The director may 23 require the attendance of any person having knowledge or 24 information that may be relevant, compel the production of 25 books, papers, records, or memoranda by persons required to 26 attend, take testimony on matters material to the 27 determination, and administer oaths or affirmations. Upon 28 demand of the director or any examiner or investigator, the 29 clerk of the district court shall issue a subpoena for the 30 attendance of a witness or the production of books, papers, 31 records, and memoranda. The director may also issue 32 subpoenas. Disobedience of subpoenas issued under this 33 chapter is punishable as a contempt of court by the district 34 court of the county in which the subpoena is issued, or, if 35 the subpoena is issued by the director, by the district court

-19-

1 of the county in which the party served with the subpoena is
2 located.

S.F. 2413 H.F.

3 Sec. 43. Section 422.7, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 4 by adding the following new subsection:

5 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 12A. If the adjusted gross income 6 includes income or loss from a business operated by the * 7 taxpayer, an additional deduction shall be allowed in 8 computing the income or loss from the business if the business 9 hired for employment in the state during its annual accounting

10 period ending with or during the taxpayer's tax year either of 11 the following:

12 a. An individual domiciled in this state at the time of 13 the hiring who meets any of the following conditions:

14 (1) Has been convicted of a felony in this or any other15 state or the District of Columbia.

16 (2) Is on parole pursuant to chapter 906.

17 (3) Is on probation pursuant to chapter 907, for an18 offense other than a simple misdemeanor.

19 (4) Is in a work release program pursuant to chapter 246, 20 division IX.

21 b. An individual, whether or not domiciled in this state 22 at the time of the hiring, who is on parole or probation and 23 to whom the interstate probation and parole compact under 24 section 907A.1 applies.

The amount of the additional deduction is equal to sixtyfive percent of the wages paid to individuals, but shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars per individual, named in paragraphs "a" and "b" who were hired for the first time by that business during the annual accounting period for work done in the state. This additional deduction is allowed for the wages paid to those individuals successfully completing a probationary period during the twelve months following the date of first employment by the business and shall be deducted at the close of the annual accounting period. The additional deduction shall not be allowed for wages

-20-

s.F. 2413 H.F.

1 paid to an individual who was hired to replace an individual 2 whose employment was terminated within the twelve-month period 3 preceding the date of first employment. However, if the 4 individual being replaced left employment voluntarily without 5 good cause attributable to the employer or if the individual 6 was discharged for misconduct in connection with the 7 individual's employment as determined by the division of job 8 service of the department of employment services, the 9 additional deduction shall be allowed.

10 A taxpayer who is a partner of a partnership or a 11 shareholder of a subchapter S corporation, may deduct that 12 portion of wages qualified under this subsection paid by the 13 partnership or subchapter S corporation based on the 14 taxpayer's pro rata share of the profits or losses from the 15 partnership or subchapter S corporation.

16 The department shall develop and distribute information 17 concerning the deduction available for businesses employing 18 persons named in paragraphs "a" and "b".

19 Sec. 44. Section 422.35, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 20 by adding the following new subsection:

21 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 6A. If the taxpayer is a business ×22 corporation, subtract an amount equal to sixty-five percent of 23 the wages paid to individuals, but shall not exceed twenty 24 thousand dollars per individual, named in paragraphs "a" and 25 "b" who were hired for the first time by the taxpayer during 26 the tax year for work done in this state:

a. An individual domiciled in this state at the time of
the hiring who meets any of the following conditions:
(1) Has been convicted of a following conditions:

29 (1) Has been convicted of a felony in this or any other 30 state or the District of Columbia.

31 (2) Is on parole pursuant to chapter 906.

32 (3) Is on probation pursuant to chapter 907, for an 33 offense other than a simple misdemeanor.

34 (4) Is in a work release program pursuant to chapter 246, 35 division IX. b. An individual, whether or not domiciled in this state 2 at the time of the hiring, who is on parole or probation and 3 to whom the interstate probation and parole compact under 4 section 907A.1 applies.

s.f. 2413 H.F.

5 This deduction is allowed for the wages paid to the 6 individuals successfully completing a probationary period 7 named in paragraphs "a" and "b" during the twelve months 8 following the date of first employment by the taxpayer and 9 shall be deducted in the tax years when paid.

10 The department shall develop and distribute information 11 concerning the deduction available for businesses employing 12 persons named in paragraphs "a" and "b".

13 Sec. 45. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 708.11 VEHICULAR ASSAULT.
14 A person commits a class "D" felony when the person
15 unintentionally causes a serious injury to another while
16 operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol
17 or a drug or a combination of such substances or while having
18 an alcohol concentration of .10 or more, in violation of
19 section 321J.2.

20 Sec. 46. Section 709.10, Code 1989, is amended to read as 21 follows:

22 709.10 COST OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION IN CRIMES OF SEXUAL 23 ABUSE.

The cost of a medical examination for the purpose of gathering evidence and the cost of treatment for the purpose of preventing venereal disease shall be borne by the towa department of public-health justice.

28 Sec. 47. NEW SECTION. 723A.1 DEFINITIONS.

29 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 30 requires:

31 1. "Criminal acts" means any of the following or any 32 combination of the following:

a. An offense constituting a violation of section 204.401
34 involving a controlled substance, a counterfeit substance, or
35 a simulated controlled substance.

-22-

s.f. <u>2413</u> H.F.

b. An offense constituting a violation of chapter 711
 2 involving a robbery or extortion.

3 c. An offense constituting a violation of section 708.6 4 involving an act of terrorism.

5 d. An offense constituting a violation of section 708.8.

e. An offense constituting a violation of section 720.4.
7 f. Any other offense constituting a forcible felony as

8 defined in section 702.11.

9 2. "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, 10 association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal 11 or informal, having as one of its primary activities the 12 commission of one or more criminal acts, which has an 13 identifiable name or identifying sign or symbol, and whose 14 members individually or collectively engage in or have engaged 15 in a pattern of criminal gang activity.

16 3. "Pattern of criminal gang activity" means the 17 commission, attempt to commit, conspiring to commit, or 18 solicitation of two or more criminal acts, provided the 19 criminal acts were committed on separate dates or by two or 20 more persons who are members of, or belong to, the same 21 criminal street gang.

22 Sec. 48. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 723A.2 CRIMINAL GANG 23 PARTICIPATION.

A person who actively participates in or is a member of a criminal street gang and who willfully aids and abets any criminal act committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, commits a lass "D" felony.

29 Sec. 49. Section 811.1, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 30 to read as follows:

31 811.1 BAILABLE AND NONBAILABLE OFFENSES.

All defendants are bailable both before and after and conviction, by sufficient surety, or subject to release upon a condition or on their own recognizance, except that the following defendants shall not be admitted to bail:

-23-

A defendant awaiting judgment of conviction and 1. 1 2 sentencing following either a plea or verdict of guilty of a 3 class "A" felony, murder, felonious assault, sexual abuse in 4 the second degree, sexual abuse in the third degree, 5 kidnapping, robbery in the first degree, arson in the first 6 degree, or burglary in the first degree, or any felony 7 included in section 204.401, subsection 1, paragraph "a". A defendant appealing a conviction of a class "A" 2. 8 9 felony, murder, felonious assault, sexual abuse in the second 10 degree, sexual abuse in the third degree, kidnapping, robbery 11 in the first degree, arson in the first degree, or burglary in 12 the first degree, or any felony included in section 204.401, 13 subsection 1, paragraph "a". 14 3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2, a defendant 15 awaiting judgment of conviction and sentencing following 16 either a plea or verdict of guilty of, or appealing a 17 conviction of, a felony offense under chapter 204 not provided 18 for in subsection 1 or 2, is presumed to be ineligible to be 19 admitted to bail unless the court determines that such release 20 reasonably will not result in the person failing to appear as 21 required and will not jeopardize the personal safety of 22 another person or persons. Section 901.2, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 23 Sec. 50. 24 Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows: Upon a plea of quilty, a verdict of quilty, or a special 25 26 verdict upon which a judgment of conviction of a public 27 offense may be rendered, the court shall receive from the 28 state, from the judicial district department of correctional 29 services, and from the defendant any information which may be 30 offered which is relevant to the question of sentencing. The 31 court may consider information from other sources. 32 Notwithstanding section 13.10, the court may determine if the 33 defendant shall be required to provide a physical specimen to 34 be submitted for DNA profiling if the defendant is to be 35 placed on probation or work release. The court shall consider

S.F. 2413 H.F.

-24-

S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 the deterrent effect of DNA profiling, the likelihood of 2 repeated violations by the defendant, and the seriousness of 3 the offense. When funds have been allocated from the general 4 fund of the state, or funds are provided by other public or 5 private sources, the court shall order DNA profiling. The 6 court shall order a presentence investigation when the offense 7 is a class "B," class "C," or class "D" felony. A presentence 8 investigation for a class "B," class "C," or class "D" felony 9 shall not be waived. The court may order, with the consent of 10 the defendant, that the presentence investigation begin prior 11 to the acceptance of a plea of guilty, or prior to a verdict 12 of guilty. The court may order a presentence investigation 13 when the offense is an aggravated or serious misdemeanor. 14 Notwithstanding section 901.3, a presentence investigation 15 ordered by the court for a serious misdemeanor shall include 16 information concerning only the following:

The defendant's characteristics, family and financial
 circumstances, needs, and potentialities, including the
 presence of any previously diagnosed mental disorder.

2. The defendant's criminal record and social history.
 21 3. The harm to the victim, the victim's immediate family,
 22 and the community, including any completed victim impact
 23 statement or statements and restitution plan.

24 Sec. 51. Section 901.3, Code 1989, is amended by adding 25 the following new subsection:

26 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 7. The defendant's potential as a 27 candidate for assignment to a treatment facility pursuant to 28 section 246.513 based upon the standardized assessment 29 criteria developed by the department of corrections. The 30 presentence investigation report shall contain the assessment 31 criteria commencing January 1, 1991.

32 Sec. 52. Section 903A.2, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 33 1989, is amended to read as follows:

34 Each inmate of an institution under the Iowa department of 35 corrections, is eligible for a reduction of sentence of one 1 day for each day of good conduct of the inmate while committed 2 to one of the department's institutions. In addition to the 3 sentence reduction of one day for each day of good conduct, 4 each inmate is eligible for an additional reduction of 5 sentence of up to five days a month if the inmate participates 6 satisfactorily in employment in the institution, in Iowa state 7 industries, in an inmate employment program established by the 8 director, <u>in a substance abuse program established by the</u> 9 director, or in an inmate educational program approved by the

s.f. 2413 н.f.

10 director. Reduction of sentence pursuant to this section may 11 be subject to forfeiture pursuant to section 903A.3.

12 Computation of good conduct time is subject to the following
13 conditions:

14 Sec. 53. Section 906.4, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 15 by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

16 <u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. The board may establish as a 17 condition of a person's parole or work release that the person 18 perform a specified number of hours of unpaid community 19 service.

20 Sec. 54. Section 906.5, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 21 to read as follows:

22 906.5 RECORD REVIEWED -- RULES.

1. Within Except as provided in subsection 2, within one year after the commitment of a person other than a class "A" felon, class "B" felon convicted of murder in the second degree and serving a sentence of more than twenty-five years, or a felon serving a mandatory minimum sentence, other than a class "A" felon, to the custody of the director of the Iowa department of corrections, a member of the board shall interview the person. Thereafter, at regular intervals, not to exceed one year, the board shall interview the person and consider the person's prospects for parole or work release. However, if the registration of a victim prohibits conducting a timely interview as provided in this subsection, the interview may be conducted within a reasonable period of time

-26-

S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 after the one-year period or interval has expired in order to 2 provide the victim notice as provided in section 910A.10, 3 subsection 1, paragraph "a".

4 Not less than twenty days prior to conducting a hearing at 5 which the board will interview the person, the board shall 6 notify the department of corrections of the scheduling of the 7 interview, and the department shall make the person available 8 to the board at the person's institutional residence as 9 scheduled in the notice. However, if health, safety, or 10 security conditions require moving the person to another 11 institution or facility prior to the scheduled interview, the 12 department of corrections shall so notify the board.

13 2. Within six months after the commitment of a person
14 convicted of an offense under chapter 714, 715A, 716, or 716A,
15 a member of the board shall interview the person as provided
16 in subsection 1. The board shall develop a plan for the
17 purpose of early release of such persons when it is determined
18 that a person convicted of such an offense can be released
19 without detriment to the community or to the person.

It is the intent of the general assembly that the board shall implement this plan of early release in an effort to assist in controlling the prison population and assuring prison space for the confinement of offenders whose release would be detrimental to the citizens of this state. The board shall report to the legislative fiscal bureau on a monthly basis concerning the implementation of this plan and the number of inmates paroled pursuant to this plan and the average length of stay of those paroled.

29 2 3. At the time of an interview required under this
30 section, the board shall consider all pertinent information
31 regarding the person, including the circumstances of the
32 person's offense, any presentence report which is available,
33 the previous social history and criminal record of the person,
34 the person's conduct, work, and attitude in prison, and the
35 reports of physical and mental examinations that have been

S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 made.

3 <u>4</u>. A person while on parole or work release is under the
3 supervision of the district department of correctional
4 services of the district designated by the board of parole.
5 The department of corrections shall prescribe rules for
6 governing persons on parole or work release. The board may
7 adopt other rules not inconsistent with the rules of the
8 department of corrections as the board deems proper or
9 necessary for the performance of its functions.

10 Sec. 55. Section 906.9, Code 1989, is amended to read as 11 follows:

12 906.9 CLOTHING, TRANSPORTATION, AND MONEY.

When an inmate is discharged, paroled, <u>or</u> placed on work release, or-placed-in-a-community-based-correctional-program under-section-246.513, the warden or superintendent shall furnish the inmate, at state expense, appropriate clothing and ransportation to the place in this state indicated in the sinmate's discharge, parole, <u>or</u> work release plan, or <u>community-based-corrections-assignment</u>. When an inmate is discharged, paroled, <u>or</u> placed on work release, or-placed-in-a community-based-correctional-program-under-section-246.513, the warden or superintendent shall provide the inmate, at state expense, money in accordance with the following schedule:

Upon discharge or parole, one hundred dollars.
 Upon being placed on work release, fifty dollars.
 Upon going from an educational work release to parole
 or discharge, fifty dollars.

29 4---Upon-being-placed-in-a-community-based-correctional 30 program-under-section-246-5137-fifty-dollars-

Those inmates receiving payment under subsection 27 or 3732 or-4 shall not be eligible for payment under subsection 1 33 unless they are returned to the institution. The warden or 34 superintendent shall maintain an account of all funds expended 35 pursuant to this section.

S.F. 2413 H.F.

3

56411 Sec. 56. Section 906.15, Code 1989, is amended to read as 2 follows:

906.15 DISCHARGE FROM PAROLE.

Unless sooner discharged, a person released on parole shall 4 5 be discharged when the person's term of parole equals the 6 period of imprisonment specified in the person's sentence, 7 less all time served in confinement. Discharge from parole 8 may be granted prior to such time, when an early discharge is 9 appropriate. The board shall periodically review all paroles, 10 and when it-shall-determine the board determines that any 11 person on parole is able and willing to fulfill the 12 obligations of a law-abiding citizen without further 13 supervision, it the board shall discharge the person from 14 parole. A parole officer shall periodically review all 15 paroles assigned to the parole officer, and when the parole 16 officer determines that any person assigned to the officer is 17 able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a law-abiding 18 citizen without further supervision, the officer may discharge 19 the person from parole after notification and approval of the 20 district director and notification of the board of parole. In 21 either any event, discharge from parole shall terminate the 22 person's sentence. However, a person convicted of a violation 23 of section 709.3, 709.4 or 709.8 committed on or with a child 24 shall not be discharged from parole until the person's term of 25 parole equals the period of imprisonment specified in the 26 person's sentence, less all time served in confinement.

A parole officer or the district director who acts in compliance with this section is acting in the course of the person's official duty and is not personally liable, either civilly or criminally, for the acts of a person discharged from parole by the officer after such discharge, unless the discharge constitutes willful disregard of the person's duty.

561433 Sec. 57. Section 907.9, Code 1989, is amended to read as 34 follows:

35 907.9

907.9 DISCHARGE FROM PROBATION.

S.F. 2413 H.F.

At any time that the court determines that the purposes of 1 2 probation have been fulfilled, the court may order the 3 discharge of a person from probation. At any time that a 4 probation officer determines that the purposes of probation 5 have been fulfilled, the officer may order the discharge of a 6 person from probation after approval of the district director, 7 and notification of the sentencing court and county attorney 8 who prosecuted the case. The sentencing judge, unless the 9 judge is no longer serving or is otherwise unable to, may 10 order a hearing on its own motion, or shall order a hearing 11 upon the request of the county attorney, for review of such 12 discharge. If the sentencing judge is no longer serving or 13 unable to order such hearing, the chief judge of the district 14 or the chief judge's designee shall order any hearing pursuant \times 15 to this section. If a hearing is not ordered within thirty 16 days after notification by the probation officer, the person 17 shall be discharged and the probation officer shall notify the 18 state court administrator of such discharge. At the 19 expiration of the period of probation, in cases where the 20 court fixes the term of probation, the court shall order the 21 discharge of the person from probation, and the court shall 22 forward to the governor a recommendation for or against 23 restoration of citizenship rights to that person. A person 24 who has been discharged from probation shall no longer be held 25 to answer for the person's offense. Upon discharge from 26 probation, if judgment has been deferred under section 907.3, 27 the court's criminal record with reference to the deferred 28 judgment shall be expunded. The record maintained by the 29 state court administrator as required by section 907.4 shall 30 not be expunged. The court's record shall not be expunged in 31 any other circumstances.

32 <u>A probation officer who acts in compliance with this</u> 33 section is acting in the course of the person's official duty 34 and is not personally liable, either civilly or criminally, 35 for the acts of a person discharged from probation by the

-30-

S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 officer after such discharge, unless the discharge constitutes
2 willful disregard of the person's duty.

3 Sec. 58. Section 910.1, subsection 1, Code 1989, is 4 amended to read as follows:

5 1. "Victim" means any <u>a</u> person who has suffered pecuniary 6 damages as a result of the offender's criminal activities. 7 However, for purposes of this chapter, an insurer is not a 8 victim and does not have a right of subrogation. <u>The crime</u> 9 victim reparation program is not an insurer for purposes of 10 this chapter, and the right of subrogation provided by section 11 <u>912.12 does not prohibit restitution to the crime victim</u> 12 reparation program.

13 Sec. 59. Section 910.1, subsection 4, Code 1989, is 14 amended to read as follows:

15 4. "Restitution" means payment of pecuniary damages to a 16 victim in an amount and in the manner provided by the 17 offender's plan of restitution. Restitution shall also 18 include includes the payment of crime victim assistance 19 reimbursements, court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees 20 or the expense of a public defender, and the performance of a 21 public service by an offender in an amount set by the court 22 when the offender cannot reasonably pay all or part of the 23 court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees or the expense of 24 a public defender.

25 Sec. 60. Section 910.2, Code 1989, is amended to read as 26 follows:

27 910.2 RESTITUTION OR COMMUNITY SERVICE TO BE ORDERED BY 28 SENTENCING COURT.

In all criminal cases except simple misdemeanors under chapter 321, in which there is a plea of guilty, verdict of guilty, or special verdict upon which a judgment of conviction is rendered, the sentencing court shall order that restitution be made by each offender to the victims of the offender's criminal activities and, if the court so orders and to the sextent that the offender is reasonably able to do so, for

-31-

S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 crime victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, court-2 appointed attorney's fees or the expense of a public defender 3 when applicable. However, victims shall be paid in full 4 before restitution is paid for crime victim assistance 5 reimbursement, court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees or 6 for the expense of a public defender. In structuring a plan 7 of restitution, the court shall provide for payments in the 8 following order of priority: victim, crime victim assistance 9 reimbursement, court costs, and court-appointed attorney's 10 fees or the expense of a public defender. When the offender ll is not reasonably able to pay all or a part of the crime 12 victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, court-appointed 13 attorney's fees or the expense of a public defender, the court 14 may require the offender in lieu of that portion of the crime 15 victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, court-appointed 16 attorney's fees, or expense of a public defender for which the 17 offender is not reasonably able to pay, to perform a needed 18 public service for a governmental agency or for a private, 19 nonprofit agency which provides a service to the youth, 20 elderly or poor of the community. When community service is 21 ordered, the court shall set a specific number of hours of 22 service to be performed by the offender. The judicial 23 district department of correctional services shall provide for 24 the assignment of the offender to a public agency or private 25 nonprofit agency to perform the required service. 26 Sec. 61. Section 910A.7A, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 27 to read as follows: 910A.7A NOTIFICATION BY CLERK-OF-THE-SUPREME-COURT 28 29 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE. 30 The clerk-of-the-supreme-court department of justice shall 31 notify a registered victim of all dispositional orders of a 32 case currently on appeal in which the victim was involved. Sec. 62. Section 912.1, subsection 3, Code Supplement 33 34 1989, is amended to read as follows:

35 3. "Crime" means conduct that occurs or is attempted in

-32-

s.F. 2413 H.F.

1 this state, poses a substantial threat of personal injury or 2 death, and is punishable as a felony₇-an-aggravated 3 misdemeanor₇ or a-serious misdemeanor, or would be so 4 punishable but for the fact that the person engaging in the 5 conduct lacked the capacity to commit the crime under the laws 6 of this state. "Crime" does not include conduct arising out 7 of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, 8 motorcycle, motorized bicycle, train, boat, or aircraft except 9 for violations of section 321J.2 or when the intention is to 10 cause personal injury or death. A plea or verdict of guilty 11 of a charge under section 321J.2 or a license revocation under 12 section 321J.9 or 321J.12 shall be considered by the 13 department as evidence of a violation of section 321J.2 for 14 the purposes of this chapter.

15 Sec. 63. Section 912.3, subsection 4, Code Supplement 16 1989, is amended to read as follows:

17 4. Request from the department of human services, the 18 divisions of job service and industrial services of the 19 department of employment services, the attorney-general 20 department of public safety, the county sheriff departments, 21 the municipal police departments, the county attorneys, or 22 other public authorities or agencies reasonable assistance or 23 data necessary to administer the crime victim reparation 24 program.

25 Sec. 64. Section 912.3, subsection 7, Code Supplement 26 1989, is amended by striking the subsection.

27 Sec. 65. Section 912.5, Code Supplement 1989, is an added 28 by adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 4. To a victim of an act committed outside this state who is a resident of this state, if the act would be compensable had it occurred within this state and the act occurred in a state that does not have an eligible crime victim compensation program, as defined in the federal Victims of Crime Act of 1984, Pub. L. 98-473, section 1403(b), as amended and codified in 42 U.S.C. § 10602(b). Sec. 66. Section 912.6, subsection 1, Code Supplement 2 1989, is amended to read as follows:

s.f. <u>2413</u> H.F.

1. Reasonable charges incurred for medical care and mental
<u>health care</u> not to exceed ten thousand <u>five hundred</u> dollars.
<u>Mental health care includes services provided by a</u>
<u>psychologist licensed under chapter 154B, a person holding at</u>
<u>least a master's degree in social work or counseling and</u>
<u>guidance, or a victim counselor as defined in section 236A.1.</u>
Sec. 67. Section 912.6, subsections 2 and 3, Code

10 Supplement 1989, are amended by striking the subsections.
11 Sec. 68.

12 A pilot program shall be established for the purpose of 13 determining the extent of drug and alcohol use and abuse among 14 persons arrested for felony offenses, of determining whether 15 there is any correlation between drug and alcohol abuse and 16 crime in this state, for developing data comparing rural and 17 urban areas in this state, and for developing a comparison 18 with similar data collected in other states. The program 19 shall be under the direction of the drug enforcement and abuse 20 prevention coordinator who shall adopt rules in consultation 21 with the department of public safety to accomplish the 22 purposes as provided in this section.

A peace officer who arrests a person for a felony offense 23 24 shall request the withdrawal of specimens of the person's 25 blood, breath, or urine for the purpose of administering one 26 or more tests to determine alcohol concentration or the 27 presence of drugs. The person arrested shall consent to such 28 withdrawal unless the presence of alcohol or a drug in the 29 person is a necessary element of the offense charged. Where 30 the presence of alcohol or a drug in the person is a necessary 31 element of the offense charged, existing provisions relating 32 to the request for, and taking of, a specimen shall apply. If 33 the presence of alcohol or a drug is not a necessary element 34 of the offense charged, the person shall submit to the 35 withdrawal and the specimen shall be taken pursuant to section

-34-

s.f. <u>2413</u> H.F. ____

1 321J.11. The results of a test taken pursuant to this section 2 shall not be used in any prosecution of the offense charged 3 and shall not be recorded on the criminal record of the person 4 tested or identified in any way such that the person tested 5 can be identified. The test results shall be identified as to 6 the offense charged, the place of the arrest, the type of drug 7 involved, and the concentration level of the drug.

EXPLANATION

9 Section 1 -- This section provides that payment for sexual 10 abuse medical examinations provided for pursuant to section 11 709.10 are to be administered by the victim assistance program 12 in the department of justice.

Sections 2 and 3 -- These sections provide for workers' compensation coverage and for liability of persons performing community service.

Section 4 -- This section provides that the law enforcement agency employing a peace officer, who stops a person under age 18 18 and discovers that person to be in possession of alcoholic 19 liquor, wine, or beer, shall attempt to notify the person's 20 custodial parent or legal guardian of such possession. The 21 custodial parent or legal guardian are to be notified whether 22 or not an arrest is made or a citation is issued pursuant to 23 section 805.16.

Section 5 -- This section provides that in addition to any other applicable penalties, a court may sentence an individual age 18 or older distributing certain controlled substates to an additional term of 5 years if the distribution was to another person age 18 or older and in or on, or within 1,000 peet of a secondary or elementary school or in or on the real property comprising a public park.

31 Sections 6 and 7 -- These sections provide a minimum term 32 of confinement of 10 years for a person unlawfully 33 distributing certain substances, counterfeit substances, or 34 simulated controlled substances in a public park.

35 Section 8 -- This section provides that the law enforcement

-35-

1 agency employing a peace officer, who stops a person under age 2 18 and discovers that person to be in possession of a 3 controlled substance, counterfeit substance, or simulated 4 controlled substance, shall attempt to notify the person's 5 custodial parent or legal guardian of such possession. The 6 custodial parent or legal guardian is to be notified whether 7 or not an arrest is made.

s.f. 2413 н.f.

8 Sections 9--20 -- The bill relates to substances which may 9 be used as a precursor in the illegal production of controlled 10 substances and establishes a new chapter, tentatively numbered 11 204B.

12 Definitions are provided. An initial listing of precursor 13 drugs is provided and the state board of pharmacy examiners is 14 authorized to amend or expand the listing by administrative 15 rule adopted according to certain criteria. The board must 16 annually report and explain any changes in the listing to the 17 general assembly.

18 Certain identification is required for face-to-face 19 transactions of precursor drugs and the board is required to 20 adopt rules requiring forms of identification for other types 21 of transactions. Subject to specified exceptions, vendors of 22 precursor drugs are required to file certain reports in 23 advance of a transaction of a precursor drug. Failure to do 24 so is a serious misdemeanor.

A person who receives a precursor drug from outside the constant is required to file a report in accordance with rules adopted by the board. Failure to do so is a serious misdemeanor.

29 Certain exceptions to the reporting requirements are 30 provided for pharmacists and other professional practitioners 31 who are authorized to prescribe, administer, or furnish 32 precursor substances.

33 The board is required to adopt administrative rules for a
34 common reporting form according to certain standards.
35 All persons who are involved in transactions of precursor

-36-

s.f. <u>2413</u> H.F.

1 drugs are required to report to the board when there has been 2 a loss or theft of a precursor substance or the amount of a 3 precursor substance shipped is different than the amount 4 received.

5 A person who knowingly provides or receives a precursor 6 substance which will be used to manufacture a controlled 7 substance commits a class "C" felony. A person who knowingly 8 makes a false statement in connection with a required record 9 or report commits an aggravated misdemeanor.

10 Subject to certain exceptions, permits are required for 11 transfers of precursor substances and must be annually 12 renewed. Exceptions are provided. A person who transfers 13 precursor substances without a permit commits a serious 14 misdemeanor. The board is authorized to refuse, suspend, or 15 revoke a permit in accordance with certain standards.

16 Sections 21 and 22 -- These sections provide that the 17 juvenile court may order a person under age 18 charged with an 18 offense involving alcohol, to participate in an alcohol 19 education, evaluation, or treatment program.

20 Section 23 -- This section establishes a family 21 preservation program at the Mitchellville correctional insti-22 tution for women intended to preserve the families of inmates 23 assigned to the institution. The department of corrections is 24 to establish a child care facility at the Mitchellville 25 institution.

26 Section 24 -- This section provides that reading rows at 27 the institutions are to be out of sight of visitor area.

28 Section 25 -- This section provides for the diversion of 29 persons convicted of a third offense OWI from prison to an 30 appropriate treatment facility unless there is no space 31 available or medical treatment is necessary.

32 Section 26 -- This section provides that persons serving 33 mandatory minimum sentences of more than 1 year are to serve 34 the final 6 months of the sentence on work release, if 35 approved.

-37-

Section 27 -- This section provides that the minimum term of confinement in a county jail or community-based correctional facility imposed on a second or subsequent offender under chapter 321J, operating while under the influence of alcohol or a drug, is to be served on consecutive days unless the court finds that serving the term on consecutive days would work an undue hardship on the person or there is insufficient jail space. If the court makes such a finding, the court may order the person to serve not less than 48 consecutive hours of the minimum term and perform not less 11 than 240 hours of unpaid community service.

s.f. <u>2413</u> н.f.

Section 28 -- This section provides for posttreatment services related to substance abuse as a condition of probation related to a second or subsequent offense under chapter 321J.

Sections 29--42 -- These sections prohibit the 16 17 manufacturing, producing, shipping, transporting, or importing 18 of marijuana or controlled substances without paying an 19 imposed tax. The criminal penalty for tax evasion is a class 20 "D" felony and the tax penalty is 100 percent of the required 21 tax on the marijuana or controlled substances. Provisions are 22 made for the sale of official stamps, labels, and other 23 indicia by the director of revenue and finance. Investigatory 24 powers of the director of revenue and finance are specified. Sections 43 and 44 -- These sections expand the deduction 25 26 for businesses hiring individuals on parole, probation, work 27 release, or convicted of a felony to all businesses. 28 Currently only provided to small businesses (20 employees or 29 less).

30 Section 45 -- This section provides that a person, who is 31 guilty of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence, 32 which causes serious injury to another, commits a class "D" 33 felony. No special incarceration, fine, or treatment 34 requirements apply to this penalty.

35 Section 46 -- See explanation for section 1.

-38-

s.f. <u>2413</u> H.F.

Sections 47 and 48 -- These sections provide that a person commits a class "D" felony for actively participating in a pattern of criminal gang activity as a member of a criminal street gang.

5 Section 49 -- This section establishes that persons 6 convicted of controlled substance felonies pursuant to Iowa 7 Code chapter 204 are ineligible for bail.

8 Sections 50 and 51 -- These sections provide that a 9 presentence investigation ordered by a court for a serious 10 misdemeanor offense shall include only certain information and 11 that the presentence investigation report is to contain the 12 standardized assessment criteria beginning January 1, 1991.

Sections 52 and 54 -- These sections provide for l4 eligibility for good conduct time for inmates participating satisfactorily in a substance abuse program established by the director of the department of corrections. The department is ro also develop a program for the purpose of early release for l8 certain property offenders.

Section 53 -- This section provides that the board of parole can establish as a condition of parole or work release that a person perform a specified number of hours of unpaid community service.

23 Section 55 -- This section eliminates "gate" money for 24 persons placed in a community-based correctional facility. 25 Sections 56 and 57 -- These sections provide that parole 26 and probation officers are given the authority to disclarge 27 persons assigned to the parole or probation officer, when the 28 officer determines that the person is able and willing to 29 fulfill the obligations of a law-abiding citizen without 30 further supervision and the discharge is approved by the 31 district director, the court, and the prosecuting county 32 attorney.

33 Sections 58--64 -- These sections provide that the crime 34 victim reparation program may receive reimbursement through a 35 plan of restitution, despite its right of subrogation. The

-39-

1 bill also establishes that the crime victim assistance program
2 is to be reimbursed prior to the reimbursement for court costs
3 and court-appointed attorney's fees or the expense of a public
4 defender pursuant to a plan of restitution.

S.F. 2413 H.F.

5 The Iowa department of justice, rather than the clerk of 6 the supreme court, is required to notify a registered victim 7 of all dispositional orders of a case on appeal.

8 Victims of simple misdemeanors may participate in the crime 9 victim reparation program, and the department of justice is 10 required to request reasonable assistance or necessary data 11 from the department of public safety in administering the 12 program. In addition, section 64 strikes an obsolete 13 reporting requirement, which required the department of 14 justice to report to the governor and the general assembly by 15 January 1, 1984.

16 Section 65 -- This section establishes that the department 17 of justice may order the payment of reparation to victims of 18 acts committed outside of this state, where the victim is a 19 resident of Iowa, the act would be compensable had it occurred 20 in Iowa, and the act occurred in a state that does not have an 21 eligible crime victim compensation program. This change is 22 made for the purpose of bringing the Iowa program into 23 compliance with changes to the specifications for eligible 24 crime victim compensation programs contained in Pub. L. No. 25 100-690, Title VII, subtitle D, section 7125.

Sections 66 and 67 -- These sections consolidate several subsections of Iowa Code section 912.6 concerning reparation 28 to victims for economic losses. Whereas under current law, 29 reparation for medical care is capped at \$10,000, and certain 30 types of counseling are capped at \$500, the bill provides that 31 reparation for medical care and mental health care combined 32 shall not exceed \$10,500.

33 Section 68 -- This section establishes a pilot program for 34 the chemical testing of persons arrested for felony offenses. 35 The purpose of the project is to determine the extent of drug

-40-

s.f. <u>2413</u> H.F. _ 1 and alcohol use and abuse in these individuals. The test 2 shall be given unless the presence of a drug or alcohol in a 3 person is a primary element of the offense for which the 4 person is arrested. Results of the test shall not be used in 5 the prosecution of the offense charged. This bill may include a state mandate as defined in chapter 7 25B. 3.5

-41-

LSB 8412XS 73 mj/jw/5.1

rage su

SENATE FILE 2413 FISCAL NOTE

A fiscal note for Senate File 2413 is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

- 1. Senate File 2413 relates to the criminal code. Sections 1, 46, and 58 through 67 relate to the crime victim assistance program and crime victim reparation programs. The administration of sexual abuse medical investigation is transferred to the Department of Justice. The crime victim reparation program may receive reimbursement through a plan of restitution, and is to be reimbursed prior to reimbursements for court costs and court appointed attorney fees or a public defender. Eligibility for victim claims is expanded. The notification requirement of all dispositional orders of a case on appeal is transferred to the Department of Justice.
- 2. Sections 4 and 8 provide that law enforcement agencies are required to attempt to notify the parents or legal guardians if a person under 18 years old is stopped for possession of alcohol, beer, wine, liquor, a controlled substance, counterfeit substance, or simulated controlled substance. The attempt at notification is not contingent upon an arrest or a citation.
- 3. Sections 5, 6, 7, 9 to 20, 27, 45, 47, and 48 make certain activities illegal which are currently legal (creation of new crimes). Section 27 provides that second or subsequent offenders of OWI, alcohol or drugs, shall serve the minimum term of confinement on consecutive days. Exceptions are provided for undue hardship, which if found to be the case, the court may order the offender to serve not less than 48 consecutive hours of the minimum term and perform not less than 240 hours of community service. Permit fees are to be established by the Board of Pharmacy Examiners for the implementation of Sections 9 through 20, but shall not exceed the cost for administering the new Chapter.
- 4. Sections 21 and 22 provide that the juvenile court may order a person under age 18 with a second delinquent act or a second violation, to participate in an alcohol education, evaluation, or treatment program.
- 5. Section 23 establishes a Family Preservation Program at the Mitchellville Correctional Facility for women. A child day care facility is required to be established. This facility will serve children under 18 months of age by January 1, 1992, children from the ages of 18 months through preschool by July 1, 1994, and children in kindergarten through grade 6 by July 1, 1997. A family preservation advisory committee is established, and its duties are enumerated.
- 6. Sections 25, 51, and 55 provide for the diversion of persons convicted of a third offense for OWI from prison to the appropriate treatment facility,

_ -- ___ - __ __ __ __ __

MARCH 22, 1990

PAGE 2 , FISCAL NOTE, SENATE FILE 2413

-2-

- unless no space is available or medical treatment is necessary. In the latter cases, the offender would be admitted to the Oakdale Correctional Facility. The presentence investigation shall include standardized assessment criteria for assignment to a treatment facility by January 1, 1991. Offenders who are diverted from prison will not receive clothing or gate money. Currently, counties are responsible for transporting these OWI offenders to the Oakdale Correctional facility.
- 7. Section 26 provides that persons serving mandatory minimum terms of more than one year are to serve the final six months on Work Release, if approved.
- Section 28 provides for post-treatment services related to substance abuse as a condition of probation. This Section applies to second or subsequent offenders.
- 9. Sections 29 to 42 impose a tax on the manufacturing, producing, shipping, transporting, or importing of marijuana or controlled substances. The criminal penalty for tax evasion is a Class D felony, while the tax penalty is 100 percent of the required tax. Provisions are made for the sale of official stamps, labels, and other indicia by the Director of the Department of Revenue and Finance.
- Sections 43 and 44 expand the deduction for businesses hiring individuals on parole, work release, probation, or convicted of a felony to all businesses. This deduction is currently only provided to small businesse (20 employees or less).
- 11. Section 49 establishes that persons convicted under Chapter 204.401(1a) are ineligible for bail. Also, offenders convicted of all controlled substance felonies are ineligible for bail, unless the court determines that the offender will appear before the court, and the release of the offender will not jeopardize the safety of others.
- Section 50 provides that presentence investigations for serious misdemeanor offenses shall only include certain information.
- 13. Sections 52 and 54 provide for eligibility of good conduct time for inmates who satisfactorily participate in an institutional substance abuse program. The Parole Board is required to develop an early release program for certain property offenders, and is required to report to the Legislative Fiscal Bureau concerning the implementation of this program.
- 14. Section 53 permits the Parole Board to require a specified number of unpaid community service hours as a condition of probation.
- 15. Section 56 and 57 authorize a parole or probation officer to discharge persons assigned to him or her for supervision, when the officer determines that the person is able and willing to be a law-abiding citizen without further supervision. The Dist let Director must approve the discharge. Parole and probation of the and District Directors ar granted immunity if they act within compliance of these Sections



16. Section 68 establishes a pilot project for the criminal testing of persons arrested for felony offenses. The program shall be under the direction of the drug enforcement and abuse prevention coordinator. Rules will be adopted in consultation with the Department of Public Safety. A person shall not be tested if the presence of drugs or alcohol is a primary element of the offense for which the person was arrested. Results of the test shall not be used in the prosecution of the offense charged.

Second and a second second

-3-

Luge 24

Fiscal Impact

Paragraph	Source	Impact	
0ne	Crime Victim Fund	\$83,264 increased costs	
Two	Counties	Cannot be estimated	
	State General Fund	\$37,625 increased costs	
Three	Counties	Cannot be estimated	
	State General Fund	Cannot be estimated	
Four	State, County and		
	Federal Funds	\$0 to \$2,3400,000	
Five	State General Fund	\$846,000 per year for	
		operations; \$1,300,000 to	
		\$2,300,000 for construction	
Six	Counties	\$40,500 savings	
	State General Fund	\$164,110 to \$188,110	
Seven	State General Fund	Cannot be estimated	
	State and Federal	\$4,934,400	
	Funds		
Nine	State General Funds	Additional revenues	
		cannot be estimated	
		\$100,000 increased costs	
		for administration	
		Increased costs for new	
7		crimes cannot be estimated	
Ten	Community Based Corr.	Increased local revenue	
		cannot be estimated	
	State General Fund	Decreased revenue cannot be estimated	
ki oson	Counties	Increased costs cannot be	
Eleven	Countles	estimated	
Twelve	State Ceneral Fund	\$106,000 savings	
Thirteen	State General Fund	\$180,000 increased costs	
Fourteen	State General Fund	\$ 40,000 increased costs	
Fifteen	State General Fund	Impact cannot be estimated	
Sixteen	State General Fund	\$180,000 increased costs	
o execcen		100,000 Included 00000	
Sources:	Sources: Department of Corrections		
	Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning Division Judicial Department Department of Revenue and Finance		
	Department of Public Safety		
	Iowa State Association of Counties		
	Department of Public Health		
Department of Human Services			

PAGE

SENATE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 22, 1990

Page 93

,

PAGE 4 , FISCAL NOTE, SENATE FILE 2413

-4-

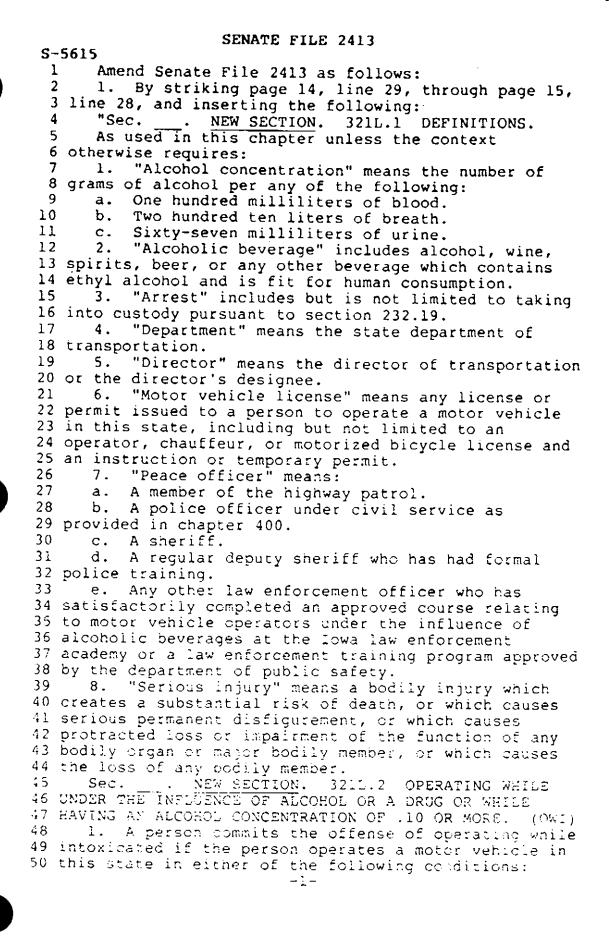
Department of Justice Department of Inspections and Appeals Parole Board

•

(LSB 8412xs.2, BAL)

FILED MARCH 21, 1990

BY DENNIS PROUTY, FISCAL DIRECTOR



Page 19

S-5615 Page - 2 While under the influence of an alcoholic 1 a. 2 beverage or other drug or a combination of such 3 substances. While having an alcohol concentration as Δ. b. 5 defined in section 321L.1 of .10 or more. 6 2. A person who violates this section commits: 7 a. A serious misdemeanor for the first offense and 8 shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less 9 than forty-eight hours to be served as ordered by the 10 court, less credit for any time the person was 11 confined in a jail or detention facility following 12 arrest, and assessed a fine of not less than five 13 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. 14 As an alternative to a portion or all of the fine, the 15 court may order the person to perform not more than 16 two hundred hours of unpaid community service. The 17 court may accommodate the sentence to the work 18 schedule of the defendant. 19 b. An aggravated misdemeanor for a second offense 20 and shall be imprisoned in the county jail or 21 community-based correctional facility not less than 22 seven days, which minimum term cannot be suspended 23 notwithstanding section 901.5, subsection 3 and 24 section 907.3, subsection 3, and assessed a fine of 25 not less than seven hundred fifty dollars. 26 c. A class "D" felony for a third offense and each 27 subsequent offense and shall be imprisoned in the 28 county jail for a determinate sentence of not more 29 than one year but not less than thirty days, or 30 committed to the custody of the director of the 31 department of corrections, and assessed a fine of not 32 less than seven hundred fifty dollars. The minimum 33 jail term of thirty days cannot be suspended 34 notwithstanding section 901.5, subsection 3, and 35 section 907.3, subsection 3, however, the person 36 sentenced shall receive credit for any time the person 37 was confined in a jail or detention facility following 38 arrest. If a person is committed to the custody of 39 the director of the department of corrections pursuant 40 to this paragraph and the sentence is suspended, the 41 sentencing court shall order that the offender serve 42 the thirty-day minimum term in the county jail. If 43 the sentence which commits the person to the custody 44 of the director of the department of corrections is 45 later imposed by the court, all time served in a 46 county jail toward the thirty-day minimum term shall 47 count as time served toward the sentence which 48 committed the person to the custody of the director of 49 the department of corrections. A person convicted of 50 a second or subsequent offense shall be ordered to -2-

S-5615

Page 3 1 undergo a substance abuse evaluation prior to 2 sentencing. If a person is convicted of a third or 3 subsequent offense or if the evaluation recommends 4 treatment, the offender may be committed to the 5 custody of the director of the department of 6 corrections, who, if the sentence is not suspended, 7 shall assign the person to a facility pursuant to 8 section 246.513 or the offender may be committed to 9 treatment in the community under the provisions of 10 section 907.6.

11 3. No conviction for, deferred judgment for, or 12 plea of guilty to, a violation of this section which 13 occurred more than six years prior to the date of the 14 violation charged shall be considered in determining 15 that the violation charged is a second, third, or 16 subsequent offense. For the purpose of determining if 17 a violation charged is a second, third, or subsequent 18 offense, deferred judgments pursuant to section 907.3 19 for violations of this section and convictions or the 20 equivalent of deferred judgments for violations in any 21 other states under statutes substantially 22 corresponding to this section shall be counted as 23 previous offenses. The courts shall judicially notice 24 the statutes of other states which define offenses 25 substantially equivalent to the one defined in this 26 section and can therefore be considered corresponding 27 statutes. Each previous violation shall be considered 18 a separate previous offense without regard to whether 29 each was complete as to commission and conviction or

30 deferral of judgment following or prior to any other 31 previous violation.
32 4. A person shall not be convicted and sentenced

33 for more than one violation of this section if the 34 violation is shown to have been committed by either or 35 both of the means described in subsection 1 in the 36 same occurrence.

37 5. The clerk of court shall immediately certify to 38 the department a true copy of each order entered with 39 respect to deferral of judgment, deferral of sentence 40 or pronouncement of judgment and sentence for a 41 defendant under this section.

42 6. This section does not apply to a person 43 operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of 44 a drug if the substance was prescribed for the person 45 and was taken under the prescription and in accordance 46 with the directions of a medical practitioner as 47 defined in chapter 155A, if there is no evidence of 48 the consumption of alcohol and the medical 49 practitioner had not directed the person to refrain 50 from operating a motor vehicle.

-3-



.

SENATE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 22, 1990

Page 21

5-5615 Page In any prosecution under this section, evidence 7. 1 2 of the results of analysis of a specimen of the 3 defendant's blood, breath, or urine is admissible upon 4 proof of a proper foundation. The alcohol 5 concentration established by the results of an 6 analysis of a specimen of the defendant's blood, 7 breath, or urine withdrawn within two hours after the 8 defendant was driving or in physical control of a 9 motor vehicle is presumed to be the alcohol 10 concentration at the time of driving or being in 11 physical control of the motor vehicle. 8. The court shall order a defendant convicted of 12 13 or receiving a deferred judgment for a violation of 14 this section to make restitution, in an amount not to 15 exceed two thousand dollars, for damages resulting 16 directly from the violation. An amount paid pursuant 17 to this restitution order shall be credited toward any 18 adverse judgment in a subsequent civil proceeding 19 arising from the same occurrence. However, other than 20 establishing a credit, a restitution proceeding 21 pursuant to this section shall not be given 22 evidentiary or preclusive effect in a subsequent civil 23 proceeding arising from the same occurrence. 24 9. In any prosecution under this section, the 25 results of a chemical test may not be used to prove a 26 violation of paragraph "b" of subsection 1 if the 27 alcohol concentration indicated by the chemical test 28 minus the established margin of error inherent in the 29 device or method used to conduct the chemical test 30 does not equal an alcohol concentration of .10 or 31 more. 32 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.3 COURT ORDERED 33 SUBSTANCE ABUSE EVALUATION OR TREATMENT. 1. On a conviction for a violation of section 34 35 321L.2, the court may order the defendant to attend a 36 course for drinking drivers under section 321L.22. Ϊf 37 the defendant submitted to a chemical test on arrest 38 for the violation of section 321L.2 and the test 39 indicated an alcohol concentration of .20 or higher, 40 or if the defendant is charged with a second or 41 subsequent offense, the court shall order the 42 defendant, on conviction, to undergo a substance abuse 43 evaluation and the court may order the defendant to 44 follow the recommendations proposed in the substance 45 abuse evaluation for appropriate substance abuse 46 treatment for the defendant. Court-ordered substance 47 abuse treatment is subject to the periodic reporting 48 requirements of section 125.86. If a defendant is 49 committed by the court to a substance abuse treatment 50 facility, the administrator of the facility shall - 4 -

S-5615

Page !

1 report to the court when it is determined that the 2 defendant has received the maximum benefit of 3 treatment at the facility and the defendant shall be 4 released from the facility. The time for which the 5 defendant is committed for treatment shall be credited 6 against the defendant's sentence. The court may 7 prescribe the length of time for the evaluation and 8 treatment or it may request that the area school 9 conducting the course for drinking drivers which the 10 person is ordered to attend or the treatment program 11 to which the person is committed immediately report to 12 the court when the person has received maximum benefit 13 from the course for drinking drivers or treatment 14 program or has recovered from the person's addiction, 15 dependency, or tendency to chronically abuse alcohol 16 or drugs. A person committed under this section who 17 does not possess sufficient income or estate to make 18 payment of the costs of the treatment in whole or in 19 part shall be considered a state patient and the costs 20 of treatment shall be paid as provided in section 21 125.44. A defendant who fails to carry out the order 22 of the court or who fails to successfully complete or 23 attend a course for drinking drivers or an ordered 24 substance abuse treatment program shall be confined in 25 the county jail for twenty days in addition to any 26 other imprisonment ordered by the court or may be 27 ordered to perform unpaid community service work, and 8 shall be placed on probation for one year with a 29 violation of this probation punishable as contempt of 30 court.

31 2. As a condition of a suspended sentence or 32 portion of sentence for a second, third, or subsequent 33 pffense in violation of section 321L.2, the court upon 34 hearing may commit the defendant for inpatient 35 treatment of alcoholism or drug addiction or 36 dependency to any hospital, institution, or community 37 correctional facility in Iowa providing such 38 treatment. The time for which the defendant is 39 committed for treatment shall be credited against the 40 defendant's sentence. The court may prescribe the 41 length of time for the evaluation and treatment or it 42 may request that the hospital to which the person is 43 committed immediately report to the court when the 44 person has received maximum benefit from the program 45 of the hospital or institution or has recovered from 46 the person's addiction, dependency, or tendency to 47 chronically abuse alcohol or drugs. A person 48 committed under this section who does not possess 49 sufficient income or estate to make payment of the 50 costs of the treatment in whole or in part shall be -5-

S-5615 Page 6 1 considered a state patient and the costs of treatment 2 shall be paid as provided in section 125.44. . NEW SECTION. 321L.4 REVOCATION OF 3 Sec. 4 LICENSE -- IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICES -- CONDITIONAL 5 TEMPORARY RESTRICTED LICENSE. 1. If a defendant is convicted of a violation of 6 7 section 321L.2 and the defendant's motor vehicle 8 license or nonresident operating privilege has not 9 been revoked under section 321L.9 or 321L.12 for the 10 occurrence from which the arrest arose, the department ll shall revoke the defendant's motor vehicle license or 12 nonresident operating privilege for one hundred eighty 13 days if the defendant has had no previous conviction 14 under section 321L.2 or revocation under section 15 321L.9 or 321L.12 within the previous six years and 16 for one year if the defendant has had one or more 17 previous convictions or revocations under those 18 sections within the previous six years. If the court defers judgment pursuant to 19 2. 20 section 907.3 for a violation of section 321L.2, the 21 court shall order the department to revoke the 22 defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident 23 operating privilege for a period of not less than 24 thirty days nor more than ninety days if the 25 defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident 26 operating privilege has not been revoked under section 27 321L.9 or 321L.12 for the occurrence from which the 28 arrest arose. The court shall immediately require the 29 defendant to surrender to it all Iowa licenses or 30 permits held by the defendant, which the court shall 31 forward to the department with a copy of the order 32 deferring judgment. 33 3. a. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a third 34 or subsequent violation of section 3210.2, the court 35 shall order the department to revoke the defendant's 36 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 37 privilege for a period of six years. The court shall 38 require the defendant to surrender to it all Iowa 39 licenses or permits held by the defendant, which the 40 court shall forward to the department with a copy of 41 the order for revocation. 42 b. After two years from the date of the order for 43 revocation, the defendant may apply to the court for 44 restoration of the defendant's eligibility for a motor 45 vehicle license. The application may be granted only 46 if all of the following are shown by the defendant by 47 a preponderance of the evidence: 48 (1)The defendant has completed an evaluation and, 49 if recommended by the evaluation, a program of 50 treatment for chemical dependency and is recovering,

ependency and is rec -6-

S-5615 Page 7 1 or has substantially recovered, from that dependency 2 on or tendency to abuse alcohol or drugs. 3 (2) The defendant has not been convicted, since 4 the date of the revocation order, of any subsequent 5 violations of section 321L.2 or 123.46, or any 6 comparable city or county ordinance, and the defendant 7 has not, since the date of the revocation order, 8 submitted to a chemical test under this chapter that 9 indicated an alcohol concentration as defined in 10 section 321L.1 of .10 or more, or refused to submit to 11 chemical testing under this chapter. 12 The defendant has abstained from the excessive (3) 13 consumption of alcoholic beverages and the consumption 14 of controlled substances, except at the direction of a 15 licensed physician or pursuant to a valid 16 prescription. 17 (4) The defendant's motor vehicle license is not 18 currently subject to suspension or revocation for any 19 other reason. 20 The court shall forward to the department a Ċ. 21 record of any application submitted under paragraph 22 "b" and the results of the court's disposition of the 23 application. 24 4. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a violation 25 of section 321L.2 which involved a personal injury, 26 the court shall determine in open court, from 27 consideration of the information in the file and any P8 other evidence the parties may submit, whether a 29 serious injury was sustained by any person other than 30 the defendant and, if so, whether the defendant's 31 conduct in violation of section 321L.2 caused the 32 serious injury. If the court so determines, the court 33 shall order the department to revoke the defendant's 34 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 35 privilege for a period of one year in addition to any 36 other period of suspension or revocation. The 37 defendant shall surrender to the court any Iowa 38 license or permit and the court shall forward it to 39 the department with a copy of the order for 40 revocation. 41 Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a violation 42 of section 321L.2 which involved a death, the court 43 shall determine in open court, from consideration of 44 the information in the file and any other evidence the 45 parties may submit, whether a death occurred and, if 46 so, whether the defendant's conduct in violation of 47 section 321L.2 caused the death. If the court so 48 determines, the court shall order the department to 49 revoke the defendant's motor vehicle license or 50 nonresident operating privilege for a period of six



S-5615 Page 8 l years. The defendant shall surrender to the court any 2 Iowa license or permit and the court shall forward it 3 to the department with a copy of the order for 4 revocation. 5 6. If a license or permit to operate a motor 6 vehicle is revoked or denied under this section or 7 section 321L.9 or 321L.12, the period of revocation or 8 denial shall be the period provided for such a 9 revocation or until the defendant reaches the age of 10 eighteen whichever period is longer. 11 7. On a conviction for or as a condition of a 12 deferred judgment for a violation of section 321L.2, 13 the court may order the defendant to install ignition 14 interlock devices of a type approved by the 15 commissioner of public safety on all motor vehicles 16 owned or operated by the defendant which, without 17 tampering or the intervention of another person, would 18 prevent the defendant from operating the motor vehicle 19 with an alcohol concentration greater than a level set 20 by rule of the commissioner of public safety. The 21 commissioner of public safety shall adopt rules to 22 approve certain ignition interlock devices and the 23 means of installation of the devices, and shall 24 establish the level of alcohol concentration beyond 25 which an ignition interlock device will not allow 26 operation of the motor vehicle in which it is 27 installed. The order shall remain in effect for a 28 period of time as determined by the court which shall 29 not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment which the 30 court could have imposed according to the nature of 31 the violation. While the order is in effect, the 32 defendant shall not operate a motor vehicle which does 33 not have an approved ignition interlock device 34 installed. If the defendant's motor vehicle license 35 or nonresident operating privilege has been revoked, 36 the department shall not issue a temporary permit or a 37 motor vehicle license to the person without 38 certification that approved ignition interlock devices 39 have been installed in all motor vehicles owned or 40 operated by the defendant while the order is in 41 effect. A defendant who fails within a reasonable 42 time to comply with an order to install an approved 43 ignition interlock device may be declared in contempt 44 of court and punished accordingly. A person who 45 tampers with or circumvents an ignition interlock 46 device installed under a court order while an order is 47 in effect commits a serious misdemeanor. 48 A person whose motor vehicle license has been 8. 49 revoked under this chapter and who is not eligible for 50 a temporary restricted license under this chapter may

-8-

Page 26

S-5615

Page 9 1 petition the court for an order to the department to 2 require the department to issue a temporary restricted 3 license to the person. The court shall determine if 4 the temporary restricted license is necessary for the 5 person to maintain the person's present employment. 6 If the court determines that the temporary restricted 7 license is necessary for the person to maintain the 8 person's present employment, the court shall order the 9 department to issue to the person a temporary 10 restricted license conditioned upon the person's 11 certification to the court of the installation of 12 approved ignition interlock devices in all motor 13 vehicles that it is necessary for the person to 14 operate to maintain the person's present employment. 15 If the person operates a motor vehicle which does not 16 have an approved ignition interlock device or if the 17 person tampers with or circumvents an ignition 18 interlock device, in addition to other penalties 19 provided, the person's temporary restricted license 20 shall be revoked. NEW SECTION. 321L.5 PRELIMINARY 21 Sec. • 22 SCREENING TEST. 23 When a peace officer has reasonable grounds to 24 believe that a motor vehicle operator may be violating 25 or has violated section 321L.2, or the operator has 26 been involved in a motor vehicle collision resulting 27 in injury or death, the peace officer may request the 28 operator to provide a sample of the operator's breath 29 for a preliminary screening test using a device

30 approved by the commissioner of public safety for that 31 purpose. The results of this preliminary screening 32 test may be used for the purpose of deciding whether 33 an arrest should be made and whether to request a 34 chemical test authorized in this chapter, but shall 35 not be used in any court action except to prove that a 36 chemical test was properly requested of a person 37 pursuant to this chapter.

38 Sec. ____. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.6 IMPLIED CONSENT TO 39 TEST.

40 1. A person who operates a motor vehicle in this 41 state under circumstances which give reasonable 42 grounds to believe that the person has been operating 43 a motor vehicle in violation of section 321L.2 is 44 deemed to have given consent to the withdrawal of 45 specimens of the person's blood, breath, or urine and 46 to a chemical test or tests of the specimens for the 47 purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or 48 presence of drugs, subject to this section. The 49 withdrawal of the body substances and the test or 50 tests shall be administered at the written request of -9-



S-5615 Page 10 1 a peace officer having reasonable grounds to believe 2 that the person was operating a motor vehicle in 3 violation of section 321L.2, and if any of the 4 following conditions exist: a. A peace officer has lawfully placed the person 5 6 under arrest for violation of section 321L.2. 7 The person has been involved in a motor vehicle ь. 8 accident or collision resulting in personal injury or 9 death. 10 c. The person has refused to take a preliminary 11 breath screening test provided by this chapter. d. The preliminary breath screening test was 12 13 administered and it indicated an alcohol concentration 14 as defined in section 321L.1 of .10 or more. 15 The preliminary breath screening test was e. 16 administered and it indicated an alcohol concentration 17 of less than .10 and the peace officer has reasonable 18 grounds to believe that the person was under the 19 influence of a drug other than alcohol or a 20 combination of alcohol and another drug. 2. The peace officer shall determine which of the 21 22 three substances, breath, blood, or urine, shall be 23 tested. Refusal to submit to a chemical test of urine 24 or breath is deemed a refusal to submit, and section 25 321L.9 applies. A refusal to submit to a chemical 26 test of blood is not deemed a refusal to submit, but 27 in that case, the peace officer shall then determine 28 which one of the other two substances shall be tested 29 and shall offer the test. If the peace officer fails 30 to offer a test within two hours after the preliminary 31 screening test is administered or refused or the 32 arrest is made, whichever occurs first, a test is not 33 required, and there shall be no revocation under 34 section 321L.9. 35 3. Notwithstanding subsection 2, if the peace 36 officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the 37 person was under the influence of a drug other than 38 alcohol or a combination of alcohol and another drug, 39 a urine test may be required even after a blood or 40 breath test has been administered. Section 321L.9 41 applies to a refusal to submit to a chemical test of 42 urine requested under this subsection. 43 . NEW SECTION. Sec. 3211.7 DEAD OR 44 UNCONSCIOUS PERSONS. 45 A person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in 46 a condition rendering the person incapable of consent 47 or refusal is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent 48 provided by section 321L.6, and the test may be given 49 if a licensed physician certifies in advance of the 50 test that the person is dead, unconscious, or -10-

S-5615 Page 11 1 otherwise in a condition rendering that person 2 incapable of consent or refusal. 3 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.8 STATEMENT OF . 4 OFFICER. 5 A person who has been requested to submit to a 6 chemical test shall be advised by a peace officer of 7 the following: If the person refuses to submit to the test, 8 1. 9 the person's license or operating privilege will be 10 revoked by the department for the applicable period 11 under section 321L.9. 12 2. If the person submits to the test and the 13 results indicate an alcohol concentration as defined 14 in section 321L.1 of .10 or more, the person's license 15 or operating privilege will be revoked by the 16 department for the applicable period under section 17 321L.12. 18 This section does not apply in any case involving a 19 person described in section 321L.7. 20 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.9 REFUSAL TO SUBMIT 21 -- REVOCATION. 22 If a person refuses to submit to the chemical 23 testing, a test shall not be given, but the 24 department, upon the receipt of the peace officer's 25 certification, subject to penalty for perjury, that 26 the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the 27 person to have been operating a motor vehicle in 28 violation of section 321L.2, that specified conditions P9 existed for chemical testing pursuant to section 30 321L.6, and that the person refused to submit to the 31 chemical testing, shall revoke the person's motor 32 vehicle license and any nonresident operating 33 privilege for a period of two hundred forty days if 34 the person has no previous revocation within the 35 previous six years under this chapter; and five 36 hundred forty days if the person has one or more 37 previous revocations within the previous six years 38 under this chapter; or if the person is a resident 39 without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle 40 in this state, the department shall deny to the person 41 the issuance of a license or permit for the same 42 period a license or permit would be revoked, subject 43 to review as provided in this chapter. The effective 44 date of revocation shall be twenty days after the 45 department has mailed notice of revocation to the 46 person by certified mail or, on behalf of the 47 department, a peace officer offering or directing the 48 administration of a chemical test may serve immediate 49 notice of intention to revoke and of revocation on a 50 person who refuses to permit chemical testing. If the -11SENATE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 22, 1990

Page 29

S-5615 Page 12 1 peace officer serves that immediate notice, the peace 2 officer shall take the Iowa license or permit of the 3 driver, if any, and issue a temporary license 4 effective for only twenty days. The peace officer 5 shall immediately send the person's license to the 6 department along with the officer's certificate 7 indicating the person's refusal to submit to chemical 8 testing. 9 321L.10 TESTS PURSUANT TO Sec. NEW SECTION. 10 WARRANTS. 1. Refusal to consent to a test under section 11 12 321L.6 does not prohibit the withdrawal of a specimen 13 for chemical testing pursuant to a search warrant 14 issued in the investigation of a suspected violation 15 of section 707.5 if all of the following grounds 16 exist: 17 A traffic accident has resulted in a death or a. 18 personal injury reasonably likely to cause death. 19 b. There are reasonable grounds to believe that 20 one or more of the persons whose driving may have been 21 the proximate cause of the accident was violating 22 section 321L.2 at the time of the accident. 23 2. Search warrants may be issued under this 24 section in full compliance with chapter 808 or they 25 may be issued under subsection 3. 26 Notwithstanding section 808.3, the issuance of 27 a search warrant under this section may be based upon 28 sworn oral testimony communicated by telephone if the 29 magistrate who is asked to issue the warrant is 30 satisfied that the circumstances make it reasonable to 31 dispense with a written affidavit. The following 32 shall then apply: 33 When a caller applies for the issuance of a а. 34 warrant under this section and the magistrate becomes 35 aware of the purpose of the call, the magistrate shall 36 place under oath the person applying for the warrant. 37 b. The person applying for the warrant shall 38 prepare a duplicate warrant and read the duplicate 39 warrant, verbatim, to the magistrate who shall enter, 40 verbatim, what is read to the magistrate on a form 41 that will be considered the original warrant. The 42 magistrate may direct that the warrant be modified. 43 c. The oral application testimony shall set forth 44 facts and information tending to establish the 45 existence of the grounds for the warrant and shall 46 describe with a reasonable degree of specificity the 47 person or persons whose driving is believed to have 48 been the proximate cause of the accident and from whom 49 a specimen is to be withdrawn and the location where 50 the withdrawal of the specimen or specimens is to take -12S-5615 Page 13

l place.

d. If a voice recording device is available, the magistrate may record by means of that device all of the call after the magistrate becomes aware of the purpose of the call. Otherwise, the magistrate shall cause a stenographic or longhand memorandum to be made of the oral testimony of the person applying for the warrant.

9 e. If the magistrate is satisfied from the oral 10 testimony that the grounds for the warrant exist or 11 that there is probable cause to believe that they 12 exist, the magistrate shall order the issuance of the 13 warrant by directing the person applying for the 14 warrant to sign the magistrate's name on the duplicate 15 warrant. The magistrate shall immediately sign the 16 original warrant and enter on its face the exact time 17 when the issuance was ordered.

18 f. The person who executes the warrant shall enter 19 the time of execution on the face of the duplicate 20 warrant.

g. The magistrate shall cause any record of the call made by means of a voice recording device to be transcribed, shall certify the accuracy of the transcript, and shall file the transcript and the original record with the clerk. If a stenographic or longhand memorandum was made of the oral testimony of the person who applied for the warrant, the magistrate shall file a signed copy with the clerk.

28 shall file a signed copy with the clerk.
29 h. The clerk of court shall maintain the original
30 and duplicate warrants along with the record of the
31 telephone call and any transcript or memorandum made
32 of the call in a confidential file until a charge, if
33 any, is filed.

4. Search warrants issued under this section shall 35 authorize and direct peace officers to secure the 36 withdrawal of blood specimens by medical personnel 37 under section 321L.11. Reasonable care shall be 38 exercised to ensure the health and safety of the 39 persons from whom specimens are withdrawn in execution 40 of the warrants. If a person from whom a specimen is 41 to be withdrawn objects to the withdrawal of blood, 42 and the person is capable of giving a specimen of 43 breath, and a direct breath testing instrument is 44 readily available, the warrant may be executed by the 45 withdrawal of a specimen of breath for chemical 46 testing.

47 5. The act of any person knowingly resisting or 48 obstructing the withdrawal of a specimen pursuant to a 49 search warrant issued under this section constitutes a 50 contempt punishable by a fine not exceeding one -13-



S-5615 Page 14 1 thousand dollars or imprisonment in a county jail not 2 exceeding one year or by both such fine and 3 imprisonment. Also, if the withdrawal of a specimen 4 is so resisted or obstructed, sections 321L.9 and 5 321L.16 apply. Nonsubstantive variances between the contents 6 6. 7 of the original and duplicate warrants shall not cause 8 a warrant issued under subsection 3 of this section to 9 be considered invalid. Specimens obtained pursuant to warrants issued 10 7. 11 under this section are not subject to disposition 12 under section 808.9 or chapter 809. 8. Subsections 1 to 7 of this section do not apply 13 14 where a test may be administered under section 321L.7. 15 Medical personnel who use reasonable care and 9. 16 accepted medical practices in withdrawing blood 17 specimens are immune from liability for their actions 18 in complying with requests made of them pursuant to 19 search warrants or pursuant to section 321L.11. Sec. . NEW SECTION. 321L.11 TAKING SAMPLE FOR 20 21 TEST. 22 Only a licensed physician, licensed physician 23 assistant as defined in section 148C.1, medical 24 technologist, or registered nurse, acting at the 25 request of a peace officer, may withdraw a specimen of 26 blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol 27 concentration or the presence of drugs. However, any 28 peace officer, using devices and methods approved by 29 the commissioner of public safety, may take a specimen 30 of a person's breath or urine for the purpose of 31 determining the alcohol concentration or the presence 32 of drugs. Only new equipment kept under strictly 33 sanitary and sterile conditions shall be used for 34 drawing blood. 35 The person may have an independent chemical test or 36 tests administered at the person's own expense in 37 addition to any administered at the direction of a 38 peace officer. The failure or inability of the person 39 to obtain an independent chemical test or tests does 40 not preclude the admission of evidence of the results 41 of the test or tests administered at the direction of 42 the peace officer. Upon the request of the person who 43 is tested, the results of the test or tests 44 administered at the direction of the peace officer 45 shall be made available to the person. 46 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.12 TEST RESULT 47 REVOCATION. 48 Upon certification, subject to penalty for perjury, 49 by the peace officer that there existed reasonable 50 grounds to believe that the person had been operating -14-

S-5615



Page 15 1 a motor vehicle in violation of section 321L.2, that 2 there existed one or more of the necessary conditions 3 for chemical testing described in section 321L.6, 4 subsection 1, and that the person submitted to 5 chemical testing and the test results indicated an 6 alcohol concentration as defined in section 321L.1 of 7 .10 or more, the department shall revoke the person's 8 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 9 privilege for a period of one hundred eighty days if 10 the person has had no revocation within the previous Il six years under this chapter, and one year if the 12 person has had one or more previous revocations within 13 the previous six years under this chapter. 14 The effective date of the revocation shall be

15 twenty days after the department has mailed notice of 16 revocation to the person by certified mail. The peace 17 officer who requested or directed the administration 18 of the chemical test may, on behalf of the department, 19 serve immediate notice of revocation on a person whose 20 test results indicated an alcohol concentration of .10 21 or more.

If the peace officer serves that immediate notice, the peace officer shall take the person's Iowa license or permit, if any, and issue a temporary license valid only for twenty days. The peace officer shall immediately send the person's driver's license to the department along with the officer's certificate indicating that the test results indicated an alcohol concentration of .10 or more.

30 The results of a chemical test may not be used as 31 the basis for a revocation of a person's motor vehicle 32 license or nonresident operating privilege if the 33 alcohol concentration indicated by the chemical test 34 minus the established margin of error inherent in the 35 device or method used to conduct the chemical test 36 does not equal an alcohol concentration of .10 or 37 more.

38 Sec. . <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.13 HEARING ON 39 REVOCATION -- APPEAL.

1. Notice of revocation of a person's moto: 41 vehicle license or operating privilege served pursuant 42 to section 321L.9 or 321L.12 shall include a form 43 accompanied by a preaddressed envelope on which the 44 person served may indicate by a checkmark if the 45 person wishes to request a temporary restricted 46 license only or if the person wishes a hearing to 47 contest the revocation. The form shall clearly state 48 on its face that the form must be completed and 49 returned within thirty days of receipt or the person's 50 right to a hearing to contest the revocation is -15-



S-5615 Page 16 1 foreclosed. The form shall also be accompanied by a 2 statement of the operation of and the person's rights 3 under this chapter. 2. The department shall grant the person an 4 5 opportunity to be heard within forty-five days of 6 receipt of a request for a hearing if the request is 7 made not later than thirty days after receipt of 8 notice of revocation served pursuant to section 321L.9 9 or 321L.12. The hearing shall be before the 10 department in the county where the alleged events 11 occurred, unless the director and the person agree 12 that the hearing may be held in some other county, or 13 the hearing may be held by telephone conference at the 14 discretion of the agency conducting the hearing. The 15 hearing may be recorded and its scope shall be limited 16 to the issues of whether a peace officer had 17 reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 18 operating a motor vehicle in violation of section 19 321L.2 and either of the following: 20 Whether the person refused to submit to the a. 21 test or tests. b. Whether a test was administered and the test 22 23 results indicated an alcohol concentration as defined 24 in section 321L.1 of .10 or more. 3. After the hearing the department shall order 25 26 that the revocation be either rescinded or sustained. 27 If the revocation is sustained, the administrative law 28 judge who conducted the hearing may issue a temporary 29 restricted license to the person whose motor vehicle 30 license or operating privilege was revoked. Upon 31 receipt of the decision of the department to sustain a 32 revocation, the person contesting the revocation has 33 ten days to file a request for review of the decision 34 by the director. The director or the director's 35 designee shall review the decision within fifteen days 36 and shall either rescind or sustain the revocation or 37 order a new hearing. If the director orders a new 38 hearing, the department shall grant the person a new 39 hearing within thirty days of the director's order. 40 4. A person whose motor vehicle license or 41 operating privilege has been or is being revoked under 42 section 321L.9 or 321L.12 may reopen a department 43 hearing on the revocation if the person submits a 44 petition stating that new evidence has been discovered 45 which provides grounds for rescission of the 46 revocation, or prevail at the hearing to rescind the 47 revocation, if the person submits a petition stating 48 that a criminal action on a charge of a violation of 49 section 321L.2 filed as a result of the same 50 circumstances which resulted in the revocation has -16-

S-5615

Page 17

1 resulted in a decision in which the court has held 2 that the peace officer did not have reasonable grounds 3 to believe that a violation of section 321L.2 had 4 occurred to support a request for or to administer a 5 chemical test or which has held the chemical test to 6 be otherwise inadmissible or invalid. Such a decision 7 by the court is binding on the department and the 8 department shall rescind the revocation.

9 5. The department shall stay the revocation of a 10 person's motor vehicle license or operating privilege 11 for the period that the person is contesting the 12 revocation under this section or section 321L.14 if it 13 is shown to the satisfaction of the department that 14 the new evidence is material and that there were valid 15 reasons for failure to present it in the contested 16 case proceeding before the department.

17 6. If the department fails to comply with the time 18 limitations of this section regarding granting a 19 hearing, review by the director or the director's 20 designee, or granting a new hearing, and if the 21 request for a hearing or review by the director was 22 properly made under this section, the revocation of 23 the motor vehicle license or operating privilege of 24 the person who made the request for a hearing or 25 review shall be rescinded. This subsection shall not 26 apply in those cases in which a continuance to the 27 hearing has been granted at the request of either the 28 person who requested the hearing or the peace officer 29 who requested or administered the chemical test.

30 Sec. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 321L.14 JUDICIAL REVIEW. 31 Judicial review of an action of the department may 32 be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa 33 administrative procedure Act, chapter 17A. 34 Notwithstanding the terms of that chapter, a petition 35 for judicial review may be filed in the district court 36 in the county where the alleged events occurred or in 37 the county in which the administrative hearing was 38 held.

39 Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.15 EVIDENCE IN ANY 40 ACTION.

Upon the trial of a civil or criminal action or 42 proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been 43 committed by a person while operating a motor vehicle 44 in violation of section 321L.2, evidence of the 45 alcohol concentration or the presence of drugs in the 46 person's body substances at the time of the act 47 alleged as shown by a chemical analysis of the 48 person's blood, breath, or urine is admissible. If it 49 is established at trial that an analysis of a breath 50 specimen was performed by a certified operator using a -17-



S-5615 Page 18 1 device and methods approved by the commissioner of 2 public safety, no further foundation is necessary for 3 introduction of the evidence. 321L.16 PROOF OF REFUSAL Sec. NEW SECTION. 4 5 ADMISSIBLE. 6 If a person refuses to submit to a chemical test, 7 proof of refusal is admissible in any civil or 8 criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts 9 alleged to have been committed while the person was 10 operating a motor vehicle in violation of section 11 321L.2. 12 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.17 CIVIL PENALTY --13 SEPARATE FUND -- REINSTATEMENT. 14 When the department revokes a person's motor 15 vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege 16 under this chapter, the department shall assess the 17 person a civil penalty of one hundred dollars. The 18 money collected by the department under this section 19 shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who 20 shall deposit the money in a separate fund dedicated 21 to and used for the purposes of chapter 912 and 22 section 709.10, and for the operation of a missing 23 person clearinghouse and domestic abuse registry by 24 the department of public safety. Notwithstanding 25 section 8.33, any balance in the fund on June 30 of 26 any fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund 27 of the state. A temporary restricted license shall 28 not be issued or a motor vehicle license or 29 nonresident operating privilege reinstated until the 30 civil penalty has been paid. 31 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.18 OTHER EVIDENCE. 32 This chapter does not limit the introduction of any 33 competent evidence bearing on the question of whether 34 a person was under the influence of an alcoholic 35 beverage or a drug, including the results of chemical 36 tests of specimens of blood, breath or urine obtained 37 more than two hours after the person was operating a 38 motor vehicle. 39 NEW SECTION. 321L.19 INFORMATION Sec. 40 RELAYED TO OTHER STATES. 41 When it has been finally determined under this 42 chapter that a nonresident's privilege to operate a 43 motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or 44 denied, the department shall give information in 45 writing of the action taken to the official in charge 46 of traffic control or public safety of the state of 47 the person's residence and of any state in which the 48 person has a license. 49 321L.20 TEMPORARY Sec. . NEW SECTION. 50 RESTRICTED LICENSE. -18S-5615 Page 19 1 The department may, on application, issue a 1. 2 temporary restricted license to a person whose motor 3 vehicle license is revoked under this chapter allowing 4 the person to drive to and from the person's home and 5 specified places at specified times which can be 6 verified by the department and which are required by 7 the person's full-time or part-time employment, 8 continuing health care or the continuing health care 9 of another who is dependent upon the person, 10 continuing education while enrolled in an educational 11 institution on a part-time or full-time basis and 12 while pursuing a course of study leading to a diploma, 13 degree, or other certification of successful 14 educational completion, substance abuse treatment, and 15 court-ordered community service responsibilities if 16 the person's motor vehicle license has not been 17 revoked under 321L.4, 321L.9, or 321L.12 within the 18 previous six years and if any of the following apply: 19 a. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 20 under section 321L.4, subsection 1, 2, 4, or 6. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 21 b. 22 under section 321L.9 and the person has entered a plea 23 of guilty on a charge of a violation of section 321L.2 24 which arose from the same set of circumstances which 25 resulted in the person's motor vehicle license 26 revocation under section 321L.9 and the guilty plea is 27 not withdrawn at the time of or after application for 28 the temporary restricted license. 29

P9 c. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 30 under section 321L.12.

However, a temporary restricted license may be issued if the person's motor vehicle license is revoked under section 321L.9, and the revocation is a second revocation under this chapter, and the first three hundred and sixty days of the revocation have second.

37 2. This section does not apply to a person whose 38 license was revoked under section 321L.4, subsection 3 39 or 5, or to a person whose license is suspended or 40 revoked for another reason.

41 3. A person holding a temporary restricted license 42 issued by the department under this section shall not 43 operate a motor vehicle for pleasure.

44 Sec. . <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.21 DRIVING WHILE 45 LICENSE DENIED OR REVOKED.

A person whose motor vehicle license or nonresident A7 operating privilege has been denied or revoked as A8 provided in this chapter and who drives a motor 49 vehicle upon the highways of this state while the 50 license or privilege is denied or revoked commits a -19-



S-5615 Page 20 1 serious misdemeanor. The department, upon receiving 2 the record of the conviction of a person under this 3 section upon a charge of driving a motor vehicle while 4 the license of the person was revoked or denied, shall 5 extend the period of revocation or denial for an 6 additional like period, and the department shall not 7 issue a new license during the additional period. 8 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.22 COURT-ORDERED . 9 DRINKING DRIVERS COURSE. 10 1. As used in this section, unless the context 11 otherwise requires: 12 а. "Course for drinking drivers" means an approved 13 course designed to inform the offender about drinking 14 and driving and encourage the offender to assess the 15 offender's own drinking and driving behavior in order 16 to select practical alternatives. 17 "Satisfactory completion of a course" means b. 18 receiving at the completion of a course a grade from 19 the course instructor of "C" or "2.0," or better. 2. After a conviction for, or a plea of guilty of, 20 21 a violation of section 321L.2, the court in addition 22 to its power to commit the defendant for treatment of 23 alcoholism under section 321L.3, may order the 24 defendant, at the defendant's own expense, to enroll 25 in, attend, and successfully complete a course for 26 drinking drivers. The court may alternatively or 27 additionally require the defendant to seek evaluation, 28 treatment or rehabilitation services under section 29 125.33 at the defendant's expense and to furnish 30 evidence of successful completion. A copy of the 31 order shall be forwarded to the department. 32 3. The course provided in this section shall be 33 offered on a regular basis at each area school as 34 defined in section 280A.2. Enrollment in the courses 35 is not limited to persons ordered to enroll, attend 36 and successfully complete the course under subsection 37 2, and any person convicted of a violation of section 38 321L.2 who was not ordered to enroll in a course may 39 enroll in and attend a course for drinking drivers. 40 The course required by this section shall be taught by 41 the area schools under the department of education and 42 approved by the department. The department of 43 education shall establish reasonable fees to defray 44 the expense of obtaining classroom space, instructor 45 salaries, and class materials. A person shall not be 46 denied enrollment in a course by reason of the 47 person's indigency. 48 4. An employer shall not discharge a person from

49 employment solely for the reason of work absence to 50 attend a course required by this section. Any -20-

S-5615

Page 21 1 employer who violates this section is liable for 2 damages which include but are not limited to actual 3 damages, court costs, and reasonable attorney fees. 4 The person may also petition the court for imposition 5 of a cease and desist order against the person's 6 employer and for reinstatement to the person's 7 previous position of employment. 5. The department of education shall prepare a 8 9 list of the locations of the courses taught under this 10 section, the dates and times taught, the procedure for 11 enrollment, and the schedule of course fees. The list 12 shall be kept current and a copy of the list shall be 13 sent to each court having jurisdiction over offenses 14 provided in this chapter. 15 The department of education shall maintain 6. 16 enrollment, attendance, successful and nonsuccessful 17 completion data on the persons ordered to enroll, 18 attend and successfully complete a course for drinking 19 drivers. This data shall be forwarded to the court." 20 2. Page 35, by inserting after line 7 the 21 Eollowing: 22 "Sec. . Chapter 321J is repealed." 3. Renumber as necessary. 23 By CALVIN O. HULTMAN H. KAY HEDGE RICHARD VANDE HOEF RAY TAYLOR MARK R. HAGERLA

S-5615 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (7. 1-334)

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5575 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1 1. Page 25, by inserting after line 31, the 2 3 following: 901.4A SUBSTANCE ABUSE NEW SECTION. "Sec. 4 5 EVALUATION. Upon a plea of guilty, a verdict of guilty, or a 6 7 special verdict upon which a judgment of conviction 8 may be rendered, the court may order the defendant to 9 submit to and complete a substance abuse evaluation, 10 if the court determines that there is reason to 11 believe that the defendant regularly abuses alcohol or 12 other controlled substances and may be in need of 13 treatment. An order made pursuant to this section may 14 be made in addition to any other sentence or order of 15 the court. Section 901.5, Code 1989, is amended by 16 Sec. 17 adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 8. The court may order the 18 19 defendant to complete any treatment indicated by a 20 substance abuse evaluation ordered pursuant to section 21 901.4A or any other section." 2. Renumber as necessary. 22 BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY RICHARD VARN, Chairperson

S-5575 FILED MARCH 19, 1990 adapted 3/21 (j. 1230)

SENATE FILE 2413

5-5620
1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows:
2 1. Page 15, by inserting after line 28, the
3 following:
4 "Sec. . NEW SECTION. 321L.3 SURRENDER OF

5 REGISTRATION AND PLATES. 1. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a third or б 7 subsequent violation of section 321J.2, the court 8 shall require the defendant to surrender to the 9 director the registration certificate and registration 10 plates of all vehicles registered to the defendant for 11 a period of one hundred eighty days after the date of 12 surrender if the violation is a third violation, and 13 for a period of one year if the violation is a fourth 14 or subsequent violation. The registration certificate 15 and registration plates shall be reissued after the 16 expiration of the period provided in this subsection 17 and upon application made by the defendant. For 18 purposes of this subsection, a conviction for, 19 deferred judgment for, or plea of guilty to, a 20 violation of section 321J.2, which occurred more than 21 six years prior to the date of the most recent 22 violation charged, shall not be considered in 23 determining that the most recent violation is a third 24 offense or subsequent offense.

25 2. The owner of a motor vehicle who allows another person to operate the owner's motor vehicle upon the 7 highways of this state shall be required to surrender 28 to the director the registration certificate and 29 registration plates of the vehicle upon a plea or 30 verdict of guilty of a third or subsequent violation 31 of section 321J.2 which occurred while the person was 32 operating the owner's motor vehicle. The minimum 33 duration of the period of surrender shall be one 34 hundred eighty days if the violation is the person's 35 third violation and shall be one year if the violation 36 is the person's fourth or a subsequent violation. The 37 registration certificate and registration plates shall 38 be reissued after the expiration of the period of 39 surrender and upon application made by the owner." 40 2. Renumber as necessary.

By LINN FUHRMAN RICHARD VANDE HOEF RAY TAYLOR MAGGIE TINSMAN

S-5620 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (7 1235)



SENATE FILE 2413

S-5616

1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 2 1. Page 11, by striking lines 17 through 24 and 3 inserting the following: "licensed child day care 4 provider, at the institution for children less than 5 eighteen months of age by January 1, 1992." By RICHARD DRAKE MAGGIE TINSMAN CALVIN O. HULTMAN JULIA GENTLEMAN RICHARD VANDE HOEF S-5616 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (# 1233 / SENATE FILE 2413 S-5617 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. Page 34, lines 3 and 4, by striking the words 3 "and mental health care". 2. Page 34, line 5, by striking the words "Mental 4 5 health care" and inserting the following: "Reasonable 6 charges incurred for mental health care not to exceed 7 one thousand five hundred dollars which". By RICHARD DRAKE RICHARD VANDE HOEF CALVIN O. HULTMAN JULIA GENTLEMAN S-5617 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 adapted 3/22 (p. 1251) SENATE FILE 2413 S-5619 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 2 1. Page 15, by inserting after line 28, the 3 following: Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.3 PRELIMINARY SCREENING TEST. When a peace officer has reasonable grounds to 6 7 believe that a motor vehicle operator may be violating 8 or has violated section 321J.2, or the operator has 9 been involved in a motor vehicle collision resulting 10 in injury or death, the peace officer may request the 11 operator to provide a sample of the operator's breath 12 for a preliminary screening test using a device 13 approved by the commissioner of public safety for that 14 purpose. The results of this preliminary screening 15 test may be used for the purpose of deciding whether 16 an arrest should be made and whether to request a 17 chemical test authorized in this chapter, as evidence 18 of the presence of alcohol in the operator, and of 19 compliance with the procedures for requesting a 20 chemical test pursuant to this chapter." 21 2. By renumbering as necessary. By MAGGIE TINSMAN RICHARD VANDE HOEF RAY TAYLOR JOHN W. JENSEN RICHARD F. DRAKE JOY CORNING JULIA GENTLEMAN WILMER RENSINK MARK R. HAGERLA NORMAN J. GOODWIN H. KAY HEDGE S-5619 FILED MARCH 21, 1990

RULED OUT OF ORDER (4 1235

Page 43

S-5625

SENATE FILE 2413 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 2 1. Page 2, by inserting after line 28 the 3 following: 4 "Sec. . Section 106.14, Code 1989, is amended 5 by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof 6 the following: 7 106.14 OPERATING A WATERCRAFT WHILE INTOXICATED --8 IMPLIED CONSENT TO TEST. 1. As used in this section: 9 10 a. "Chemical test" means an analysis of a person's 11 blood, breath, urine, or other bodily substance for 12 the determination of the presence of alcohol, a 13 controlled substance, or a drug. 14 "Controlled substance" means controlled b. 15 substance as defined in section 204.101. c. "Intoxicated" means the condition of a person 16 17 who is under the influence of alcohol, a controlled 18 substance, a drug other than alcohol or a controlled 19 substance, or any combination of alcohol, a controlled 20 substance, a drug other than alcohol or a controlled 21 substance, or a drug, which impairs thought and action 22 and loss of normal control of the person's faculties 23 to an extent which endangers a person. d. "Peace officer" means peace officer as defined 24 25 in section 801.4. 26 "Prima facie evidence of intoxication" includes е. 27 evidence that, at the time of an alleged violation, a 28 person had an alcohol concentration equal to or in 29 excess of the level specified in section 321J.2, 30 subsection 1, paragraph "b". 31 f. "Relevant evidence of intoxication" includes 32 evidence that, at the time of the alleged violation, a 33 person had an alcohol concentration of at least one-34 half, but not more than, the level specified in 35 section 321J.2, subsection 1, paragraph "b". 36 g. "Watercraft" means a device for transportation 37 by water including a vessel, water skis, surfboard, or 38 similar device. 39 2. a. A person who operates a watercraft while 40 having an alcohol concentration equal to or in excess 41 of the level specified in section 321J.2, subsection 42 1, paragraph "b", or while intoxicated, commits an 43 aggravated misdemeanor. 44 b. A person who violates this section commits a 45 class "D" felony in either of the following cases: 46 (1) If the person has a previous conviction under 47 this section. (2) If the offense results in serious bodily 48 49 injury to another person and the court determines that 50 the person who committed the offense caused the -1-





Page 44

S-5625 Page 2 l serious injury. 2 c. A person who violates this section commits a 3 class "C" felony if the crime results in the death of 4 another person and the court determines that the 5 person who committed the offense caused the death. d. A person who operates a watercraft after the 6 7 person has been ordered, pursuant to this section, not 8 to operate a watercraft commits a simple misdemeanor. 3. a. In addition to a criminal penalty imposed 9 10 for a misdemeanor under this section, the court shall 11 order the person not to operate a watercraft for at 12 least one year. 13 In addition to a criminal penalty imposed for a b. 14 felony under this section, the court shall order the 15 person not to operate a watercraft for at least two 16 years. 17 4. a. A person who operates a watercraft in 18 waters over which this state has jurisdiction 19 impliedly consents to submit to the chemical test 20 provisions of this section as a condition of operating 21 a watercraft in this state. If a person refuses to 22 submit to a chemical test under this section, the 23 court shall order the person not to operate a 24 watercraft for at least one year. b. A peace officer who has probable cause to 25. 26 believe that a person has committed an offense under 27 this section shall offer the person the opportunity to 28 submit to a chemical test. However, it is not 29 necessary for the peace officer to offer a chemical 30 test to an unconscious person. A peace officer may 31 offer a person more than one chemical test under this 32 section. However, all tests must be administered 33 within three hours after the officer had probable 34 cause to believe the person violated this section. А 35 person must submit to each chemical test offered by a 36 peace officer in order to comply with the implied 37 consent provisions of this section. If the chemical test results in relevant 38 c. 39 evidence that the person is intoxicated, the person 40 may be arrested for an offense under this section. If 41 the chemical test results in prima facie evidence that 42 the person is intoxicated, the person shall be 43 arrested for an offense under this section. 44 d. A person who refuses to submit to a chemical 45 test may be arrested for an offense under this 46 section. 47 e. At any proceeding under this section, a 48 person's refusal to submit to a chemical test is 49 admissible into evidence. 50 f. If a person refuses to submit to a chemical -2-

3 result in the suspension of the person's watercraft 4 operation privileges. 5. At any proceeding concerning an offense under 5 6 this section, evidence of the amount by weight of 7 alcohol that was in the blood of the person charged 8 with the offense at the time of the alleged violation, 9 as shown by an analysis of the person's blood, breath, 10 urine, or other bodily substance, is admissible." 2. Renumber as necessary. 11 RICHARD VANDE HOEF BY JULIA GENTLEMAN JACK W. HESTER MARK R. HAGERLA JOY CORNING H. KAY HEDGE S-5625 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 LOST (p. 1231) SENATE FILE 2413 S-5623 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. Page 14, by striking lines 23 through 28. L 2. Title page 1, by striking lines 14 through 16 2 4 and inserting the following: "facilities, 5 establishing a penalty for certain persons who cause". NORMAN J. GOODWIN By CALVIN O. HULTMAN H. KAY HEDGE RICHARD VANDE HOEF RAY TAYLOR MARK R. HAGERLA WILMER RENSINK S-5623 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 LOST (1234) SENATE FILE 2413 S-5624 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. By striking page 23, line 29, through page 24, 1 3 line 22, and inserting the following: "Sec. ____. Section 811.1, subsections 1 and 2, 5 Code Supplement 1989, are amended to read as follows: 1. A defendant awaiting judgment of conviction and 7 sentencing following either a plea or verdict of 8 guilty of a class "A" felony, murder, felonious 9 assault, sexual abuse in the second degree, sexual 10 abuse in the third degree, kidnapping, robbery in the 11 first degree, arson in the first degree, or burglary 12 in the first degree, or a felony included in chapter A defendant appealing a conviction of a class 13 204. 15 "A" felony, murder, felonious assault, sexual abuse in 16 the second degree, sexual abuse in the third degree, 17 kidnapping, robbery in the first degree, arson in the 18 first degree, or burglary in the first degree, or a 19 felony included in chapter 204." 2. Renumber as necessary. MAGGIE TINSMAN 20 By RAY TAYLOR MARK R. HAGERLA JOY CORNING S-5624_ FILED MARCH 21, 1990 LOST (p 1238)



S-5625

Page 1 test under this section, the peace officer shall 3 2 inform the person that the person's refusal will

,

د -

Page 41

5 SENATE FILE 2413 S-5621 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1 1. Page 23, by inserting after line 28, the 2 3 following: NEW SECTION. 723A.3 PENALTY "Sec. 4 5 ENHANCEMENT. 1. A person convicted of a felony committed for 6 7 the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association 8 with any criminal street gang shall be sentenced to an 9 additional five years imprisonment to be served 10 consecutively to any other term of confinement imposed 11 for the felony. No portion of the additional five-12 year period shall be suspended or deferred. 2. A person convicted of a public offense, other 13 14 than a felony, committed for the benefit of, at the 15 direction of, or in association with any criminal 16 street gang shall be sentenced to the county jail for 17 an additional period of no less than one hundred and 18 eighty days nor more than one year to be served 19 consecutively to any other term of confinement imposed 20 for the offense. No portion of the additional period 21 of confinement shall be suspended or deferred." 2. By renumbering as necessary. 22 H. KAY HEDGE By JIM LIND MARK R. HAGERLA RAY TAYLOR S-5621 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 LOST (7. 12372 SENATE FILE 2413 S-5622 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. Page 15, by inserting after line 28 the 2 3 following: . NEW SECTION. 321L.3 DRIVING IMPAIRED. "Sec. 4 1. A person commits the offense of operating while 5 6 impaired if the person operates a motor vehicle in 7 this state while impaired as defined in this section. 2. For purposes of this-section, "impaired" means 8 9 a condition of a person where the person has consumed 10 alcohol or a drug, or a combination of the two, and 11 the person has been affected to any degree such that 12 the person is less able than the person would be 13 without consuming the alcohol or drug, either mentally 14 or physically, or both, to exercise clear judgment, 15 sufficient physical control, or due care in the 16 operation of a vehicle." 17 2. Renumber as necessary. By CALVIN O. HULTMAN WILMER RENSINK RICHARD VANDE HOEF JOHN W. JENSEN JACK W. HESTER MARK R. HAGERLA JOY CORNING MAGGIE TINSMAN

S-5622 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (4.1236)

Page '46

SENATE FILE 2413

627 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. By striking page 14, line 29 through page 15, 3 line 7, and inserting the following: "Sec. ____. Section 321J.2, subsection 2, Code 4 5 1989, is amended by striking the subsection. _. Section 321J.4, subsection 8, Code 1989, 6 Sec. 7 is amended by striking the subsection. ____. Section 321J.13, subsection 5, Code 8 Sec. 9 Supplement 1989, is amended by striking the 10 subsection. Sec. ____. Section 321J.20, subsection 1, Code 11 12 1989, is amended by striking the subsection. 321L.1 MINIMUM SENTENCE Sec. ____. NEW SECTION. 13 14 FOR CERTAIN OFFENDERS. A minimum term of imprisonment in a county jail or 15 16 community-based correctional facility imposed on a 17 person convicted of a second or subsequent offense 18 under paragraph "b" or "c" shall be served on 19 consecutive days. However, if the sentencing court 20 finds by clear and convincing evidence that service of 21 the full minimum term on consecutive days would work 22 an undue hardship on the person, the court may order 23 the person to serve not less than forty-eight 24 consecutive hours of the minimum term and to perform not less than two hundred forty hours of unpaid community service." 2. Page 15, by inserting after line 28, the 41 28.following: NEW SECTION. 321L.3 TEMPORARY "Sec. 29 ` 30 RESTRICTED LICENSE. A person whose motor vehicle license has been 31 32 revoked under chapter 321J and who is not eligible for 33 a temporary restricted license under this chapter may 34 petition the court for an order to the department to 35 require the department to issue a temporary restricted 36 license to the person following the expiration of any 37 minimum revocation period provided for under section 38 321J.20. Notice of and an opportunity to request a 39 hearing on the petition shall be provided to the 40 department and to the prosecuting attorney by the 41 clerk of the district court in the county where the 42 violation resulting in the revocation was committed. 43 If the court determines that any minimum revocation 44 period provided for under section 321J.20 has expired 45 and the temporary restricted license is necessary for 46 the person to maintain the person's employment, the 47 court may order the department to issue to the person 48 a temporary restricted license conditioned upon the 49 person's certification to the court of the 50 installation of approved ignition interlock devices in -1SENATE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 22, 1990

S-5627 2 Page 1 all motor vehicles that it is necessary for the person 2 to operate to maintain the person's employment. If 3 the person operates a motor vehicle which does not 4 have an approved ignition interlock device or if the 5 person tampers with or circumvents an ignition 6 interlock device, in addition to other penalties 7 provided, the person's temporary restricted license 8 shall be revoked. NEW SECTION. 321L.4 STATEMENT OF 9 Sec. 10 OFFICER. A person who has been requested to submit to a 11 12 chemical test shall be advised by a peace officer of 13 the following: 14 1. If the person refuses to submit to the test, 15 the person's motor vehicle license or operating 16 privilege will be revoked by the department for the 17 applicable period under section 321J.9 and the person 18 will not be eligible for a temporary restricted 19 license until at least the first ninety days of the 20 revocation period have expired. 21 2. If the person submits to the test and the 22 results indicate an alcohol concentration as defined 23 in section 321J.1 of .10 or more, the person's motor 24 vehicle license or operating privilege will be revoked 25 by the department for the applicable period under 26 section 321J.12 and the person will not be eligible 27 for a temporary restricted license until at least the 28 first thirty days of the revocation period have 29 expired. This section does not apply in any case involving a 30 31 person described in section 321J.7. 32 321L.5 STAY OF LICENSE Sec. NEW SECTION. 33 REVOCATION BY DEPARTMENT. 34 Notwithstanding the Iowa administrative procedure 35 Act, chapter 17A, the department shall not stay the 36 revocation of a person's motor vehicle license or 37 operating privilege for the period that the person is 38 contesting the revocation under this section or 39 section 321J.14 unless the first ninety days of the 40 revocation period under section 321J.9 or the first 41 thirty days of a revocation period under 321J.12 have 42 expired. 43 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.6 TEMPORARY 44 RESTRICTED LICENSE. 45 The department may, on application, issue a 46 temporary restricted license to a person whose motor 47 vehicle license is revoked under chapter 321J allowing 48 the person to drive to and from the person's home and 49 specified places at specified times which can be 50 verified by the department and which are required by -2-

Page 48

S-5627 Page 3 1 the person's full-time or part-time employment, 2 continuing health care or the continuing health care b of another who is dependent upon the person, 4 continuing education while enrolled in an educational 5 institution on a part-time or full-time basis and 6 while pursuing a course of study leading to a diploma, 7 degree, or other certification of successful 8 educational completion, substance abuse treatment, and 9 court-ordered community service responsibilities if 10 the person's motor vehicle license has not been 11 revoked under section 321J.4, 321J.9, or 321J.12 12 within the previous six years and if any of the 13 following apply: The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 14 a. 15 under section 321J.4, subsection 1, 2, 4, or 6. b. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 16 17 under section 321J.9, the person has entered a plea of 18 guilty on a charge of a violation of section 321J.2 19 which arose from the same set of circumstances which 20 resulted in the person's motor vehicle license 21 revocation under section 321J.9, the guilty plea is 22 not withdrawn at the time of or after application for 23 the temporary restricted license, and the first ninety 24 days of the revocation period have expired. c. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 25 26 under section 321J.12 and the first thirty days of the 27 revocation period have expired. However, a temporary restricted license may be Issued if the person's motor vehicle license is 30 revoked under section 321J.9, and the revocation is a 31 second revocation under this chapter, and the first 32 three hundred sixty-five days of the revocation have 33 expired." 2. Page 35, by inserting after line 7 the 34 35 following: "Sec. 36 . REPEAL. Section 321J.8, Code 1989, is repealed." 37 Renumber as necessary. 38 3. By RAY TAYLOR MARK R. HAGERLA H. KAY HEDGE

JOY CORNING RICHARD VANDE HOEF WILMER RENSINK

S-5627 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (p. 1235)

JULIA GENTLEMAN



SENATE FILE 2413

S-5626

Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 2 1. Page 13, by striking lines 16 through 18 and 3 inserting the following: "maintained whenever 4 possible."

By LINN FUHRMAN

S-5626 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (J. 1233)

Page 49

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5628 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: Page 14, by inserting after line 28 the 1. 3 following: 321J.23 PERSONS UNDER "Sec. . NEW SECTION. 4 5 AGE TWENTY-ONE. If a person under the age of twenty-one consents to 6 7 a chemical test under this chapter and the test 8 results indicate an alcohol concentration of more than 9.04 but less than the level established in section 10 321J.2, subsection 1, the person's motor vehicle 11 license or nonresident operating privilege shall be 12 revoked for a period of one year or until the person 13 reaches eighteen years of age, whichever is longer, if 14 the person is less than eighteen years of age, or for 15 thirty days as provided in section 321L.10 if the 16 person is at least eighteen years of age but less than 17 twenty-one years of age, and sections 321L.10 through 18 321L.19 apply." 2. Page 15, by inserting after line 28, the 19 20 following: NEW SECTION. 321L.3 DEFINITIONS. "Sec. 21 As used in this chapter unless the context 22 23 otherwise requires: 1. "Alcohol concentration" means the number of 24 25 grams of alcohol per any of the following: a. One hundred milliliters of blood. b. Two hundred ten liters of breath. Sixty-seven milliliters of urine. c. 28 "Alcoholic beverage" includes alcohol, wine, 29 2. 30 spirits, beer, or any other beverage which contains 31 ethyl alcohol and is fit for human consumption. "Arrest" includes but is not limited to taking 32 3. 33 into custody pursuant to section 232.19. "Department" means the state department of 4. 34 35 transportation. 5. "Director" means the director of transportation 36 37 or the director's designee. "Motor vehicle license" means any license or 38 6. 39 permit issued to a person to operate a motor vehicle 40 in this state. "Peace officer" means: 41 7. a. A member of the highway patrol. 42 A police officer under civil service as 43 b. 44 provided in chapter 400. c. A sheriff. 45 d. A regular deputy sheriff who has had formal 46 47 police training. e. Any other law enforcement officer who has 48 49 satisfactorily completed an approved course relating 50 to motor vehicle operators under the influence of -1-

S-5628 Page 2 1 alcoholic beverages at the Iowa law enforcement 2 academy or a law enforcement training program approved 3 by the department of public safety. 4 . NEW SECTION. Sec. 321L.4 PRELIMINARY 5 SCREENING TEST. When a peace officer has reasonable grounds to 6 7 believe that a motor vehicle operator under the age of 8 twenty-one may be or has been operating a motor 9 vehicle while having an alcohol concentration as 10 defined in section 321L.3 of more than .04, the peace 11 officer may request the operator to provide a sample 12 of the operator's breath for a preliminary screening 13 test using a device approved by the commissioner of 14 public safety for that purpose. The results of this 15 preliminary screening test may be used for the purpose 16 of deciding whether an arrest should be made and 17 whether to request a chemical test authorized in this 18 chapter or chapter 321J, as evidence of the presence 19 of alcohol in the operator, and to prove that a 20 chemical test was properly requested of a person 21 pursuant to this chapter or chapter 321J. 22 Sec. ____. NEW SECTION. 321L.5 IMPLIED CONSENT TO 23 TEST. 24 1. A person under the age of twenty-one who 25 operates a motor vehicle in this state under 26 circumstances which give reasonable grounds to believe 27 that the person has been operating a motor vehicle 28 while having an alcohol concentration of more than .04 29 is deemed to have given consent to the withdrawal of 30 specimens of the person's blood, breath, or urine and 31 to a chemical test or tests of the specimens for the 32 purpose of determining the alcohol concentration, 33 subject to this section. The withdrawal of the body 34 substances and the test or tests shall be administered 35 at the written request of a peace officer having 36 reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 37 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 38 concentration of more than .04. The peace officer shall determine which of the 39 2. 40 three substances, breath, blood, or urine, shall be 41 tested. Refusal to submit to a chemical test of urine 42 or breath is deemed a refusal to submit, and section 43 321N.6 applies. A refusal to submit to a chemical 44 test of blood is not deemed a refusal to submit, but 45 in that case, the peace officer shall then determine 46 which one of the other two substances shall be tested 47 and shall offer the test. If the peace officer fails 48 to offer a test within two hours after the preliminary 49 screening test is administered or refused or the 50 arrest is made, whichever occurs first, a test is not -2-

Page 51 👘

S~5628 Page 3 1 required, and there shall be no revocation under section 321L.8. NEW SECTION. 321L.6 Sec. DEAD OR 4 UNCONSCIOUS PERSONS. 5 A person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in 6 a condition rendering the person incapable of consent 7 or refusal is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent 8 provided by section 321L.5, and the test may be given 9 if a licensed physician certifies in advance of the 10 test that the person is dead, unconscious, or 11 otherwise in a condition rendering that person 12 incapable of consent or refusal. 13 . NEW SECTION. 321L.7 STATEMENT OF Sec. 14 OFFICER. 15 A person who has been requested to submit to a 16 chemical test shall be advised by a peace officer of 17 the following: 18 1. If the person refuses to submit to the test and 19 is less than eighteen years of age, the person's 20 license or operating privilege will be revoked by the 21 department for one year or until the person's 22 eighteenth birthday, whichever is longer, without 23 eligibility for a temporary restricted license. If 24 the person refuses to submit to the test and is at 25 least eighteen years of age but less than twenty-one 26 years of age, the person's motor vehicle license or operating privilege will be revoked by the department for ninety days without eligibility for a temporary 29 restricted license. If the person submits to the test and the 30 2. 31 results indicate an alcohol concentration as defined 32 in section 321L.3 of more than .04, and the person is 33 under eighteen years of age, the person's license or 34 operating privilege will be revoked by the department 35 for a period of two hundred seventy days, without 36 eligibility for a temporary restricted license. 37 If the person submits to the test and the results 38 indicate an alcohol concentration as defined in 39 section 321L.3 of more than .04, and the person is at 40 least eighteen years of age but less than twenty-one 41 years of age, the person's motor vehicle license or 42 operating privilege will be revoked by the department 43 for thirty days without eligibility for a temporary 44 restricted license. 45 This section does not apply in any case involving a 46 person described in section 321L.6. 47 321L.8 REFUSAL TO SUBMIT NEW SECTION. Sec. 48 -- REVOCATION. 49 If a person who is under eighteen years of age 50 refuses to submit to the chemical testing, a test -3SENATE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 22, 1990

Page 52

S-5628

Page 4 1 shall not be given, but the department, upon the 2 receipt of the peace officer's certification, su

2 receipt of the peace officer's certification, subject 3 to penalty for perjury, that the officer had 4 reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been 5 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 6 concentration of more than .04, and that the person 7 refused to submit to the chemical testing, shall 8 revoke the person's motor vehicle license and any 9 nonresident operating privilege for a period of one 10 year or until the person's eighteenth birthday, 11 whichever is longer.

12 If a person who is at least eighteen years of age 13 but less than twenty-one years of age refuses to 14 submit to the chemical testing, a test shall not be 15 given, but the department, upon the receipt of the 16 peace officer's certification, subject to penalty for 17 perjury, that the officer had reasonable grounds to 18 believe the person to have been operating a motor 19 vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of more 20 than .04, and that the person refused to submit to the 21 chemical testing, shall revoke the person's motor 22 vehicle license and any nonresident operating 23 privilege for a period of ninety days. The effective date of revocation shall be twenty 24 25 days after receipt of notice of revocation to the 26 person by certified mail or, on behalf of the 27 department, a peace officer offering or directing the 28 administration of a chemical test may serve immediate 29 notice of intention to revoke and of revocation on a 30 person who refuses to permit chemical testing. If the 31 peace officer serves that immediate notice, the peace 32 officer shall take the Iowa license or permit of the 33 driver, if any, and issue a temporary license 34 effective for only twenty days. The peace officer 35 shall immediately send the person's license to the 36 department along with the officer's certificate 37 indicating the person's refusal to submit to chemical 38 testing.

39 Sec. ____. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.9 TAKING SAMPLE FOR 40 TEST.

Only a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant as defined in section 148C.1, medical technologist, or registered nurse, acting at the request of a peace officer, may withdraw a specimen of blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration. However, any peace officer, using revices and methods approved by the commissioner of public safety, may take a specimen of a person's preath or urine for the purpose of determining the concentration. Only new equipment kept under -4-

S-5628 Page 1 strictly sanitary and sterile conditions shall be used 2 for drawing blood. 3 The person may have an independent chemical test or 4 tests administered at the person's own expense in 5 addition to any administered at the direction of a 6 peace officer. The failure or inability of the person 7 to obtain an independent chemical test or tests does 8 not preclude the admission of evidence of the results 9 of the test or tests administered at the direction of 10 the peace officer. Upon the request of the person who 11 is tested, the results of the test or tests 12 administered at the direction of the peace officer 13 shall be made available to the person. 14 NEW SECTION. 321L.10 REVOCATION BASED Sec. 15 ON TEST RESULTS. 16 Upon certification, subject to penalty for perjury, 17 by the peace officer that there existed reasonable 18 grounds to believe that the person had been operating 19 a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration 20 of more than .04, and that the person submitted to 21 chemical testing and the test results indicated an 22 alcohol concentration of more than .04, the department 23 shall revoke the person's motor vehicle license or 24 nonresident operating privilege for a period of two 25 hundred seventy days if the person is less than 26 eighteen years of age, or for a period of thirty days 7 if the person is at least eighteen years of age but B less than twenty-one years of age. 29 The effective date of the revocation shall be 30 twenty days after the receipt of notice of revocation 31 to the person by certified mail. The peace officer 32 who requested or directed the administration of the 33 chemical test may, on behalf of the department, serve 34 immediate notice of revocation on a person whose test 35 results indicated an alcohol concentration of more 36 than .04. If the peace officer serves that immediate 37 notice, the peace officer shall take the person's Iowa 38 license or permit, if any, and issue a temporary 39 license valid only for twenty days. The peace officer 40 shall immediately send the person's motor vehicle 41 license to the department along with the officer's 42 certificate indicating that the test results indicated 43 an alcohol concentration of more than .04. 44 The results of a chemical test shall not be used as 45 the basis for a revocation of a person's motor vehicle 46 license or nonresident operating privilege if the 47 alcohol concentration indicated by the chemical test 48 minus the established margin of error inherent in the 49 device or method used to conduct the chemical test 50 does not equal an alcohol concentration of more than -5-

Page 54

S-5628 Page б 1.04. 2 Sec. . <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.11 HEARING ON 3 REVOCATION -- APPEAL. 2 4 1. Notice of revocation of a person's motor 5 vehicle license or operating privilege served pursuant 6 to section 321L.8 or 321L.10 shall include a form 7 accompanied by a preaddressed envelope on which the 8 person served may indicate by a checkmark if the 9 person wishes to contest the revocation. The form 10 shall clearly state on its face that the form must be 11 completed and returned within thirty days of receipt 12 or the person's right to a hearing to contest the 13 revocation is foreclosed. The form shall also be 14 accompanied by a statement of the operation of and the 15 person's rights under this chapter. 2. The department shall grant the person an 16 17 opportunity to be heard within forty-five days of 18 receipt of a request for a hearing if the request is 19 made not later than thirty days after receipt of 20 notice of revocation served pursuant to section 321L.8 21 or 321L.10. The hearing shall be before the 22 department in the county where the alleged events 23 occurred, unless the director and the person agree 24 that the hearing may be held in some other county, or 25 the hearing may be held by telephone conference at the 26 discretion of the agency conducting the hearing. The 27 hearing may be recorded and its scope shall be limited 28 to the issues of whether a peace officer had 29 reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 30 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 31 concentration of more than .04 and either of the 32 following: 33 a. Whether the person refused to submit to the 34 test or tests. 35 b. Whether a test was administered and the test 36 results indicated an alcohol concentration of more 37 than .04. 3. After the hearing the department shall order 38 39 that the revocation be either rescinded or sustained. 40 Upon receipt of the decision of the department to 41 sustain a revocation, the person contesting the 42 revocation has ten days to file a request for review 43 of the decision by the director. The director or the 44 director's designee shall review the decision within 45 fifteen days and shall either rescind or sustain the 46 revocation or order a new hearing. If the director 47 orders a new hearing, the department shall grant the 48 person a new hearing within thirty days of the 49 director's order. 50 Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.12 JUDICIAL REVIEW. -6-

۲e ..

S-5628 Page 7 Judicial review of an action of the department may 1_ 2 be sought in accordance with chapter 17A. 3 Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa administrative 4 procedure Act, chapter 17A, a petition for judicial 5 review may be filed in the district court in the 6 county where the alleged events occurred or in the 7 county in which the administrative hearing was held. 8 Sec. ____. NEW SECTION. 321L.13 EVIDENCE IN ANY 9 ACTION. 10 Upon the trial of a civil or criminal action or 11 proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been 12 committed by a person while operating a motor vehicle 13 while having an alcohol concentration of more than 14 .04, evidence of the alcohol concentration in the 15 person's body substances at the time of the act 16 alleged as shown by a chemical analysis of the 17 person's blood, breath, or urine is admissible. If it 18 is established at trial that an analysis of a breath 19 specimen was performed by a certified operator using a 20 device and methods approved by the commissioner of 21 public safety, no further foundation is necessary for 22 introduction of the evidence. 23 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.14 PROOF OF REFUSAL 24 ADMISSIBLE. If a person refuses to submit to a chemical test, 25 26 proof of refusal is admissible in any civil or 7 criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts f eta alleged to have been committed while the person was 29 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 30 concentration of more than .04. 31 Sec. NEW SECTION. • 321L.15 CIVIL PENALTY --32 SEPARATE FUND -- REINSTATEMENT. 33 When the department revokes a person's motor 34 vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege 35 under this chapter, the department shall assess the 36 person a civil penalty of one hundred dollars. The 37 money collected by the department under this section 38 shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who 39 shall deposit the money in a separate fund dedicated 40 to and used for the purposes of chapter 912 and 41 section 709.10. A motor vehicle license or 42 nonresident operating privilege shall not be 43 reinstated until the civil penalty has been paid. 44 NEW SECTION. 321L.16 OTHER EVIDENCE. Sec. • 45 This chapter does not limit the introduction of any 46 competent evidence bearing on the question of whether 47 a person was under the influence of an alcoholic 48 beverage, including the results of chemical tests of 49 specimens of blood, breath or urine obtained more than 50 two hours after the person was operating a motor -7-

S-5628 Page -8 1 vehicle. . NEW SECTION. 321L.17 INFORMATION 2 Sec. 3 RELAYED TO OTHER STATES. 4 When it has been finally determined under this 5 chapter that a nonresident's privilege to operate a 6 motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or 7 denied, the department shall give information in 8 writing of the action taken to the official in charge 9 of traffic control or public safety of the state of 10 the person's residence and of any state in which the 11 person has a license. 321L.18 TEMPORARY 12 Sec. NEW SECTION. 13 RESTRICTED LICENSE PROHIBITED. 14 A person whose motor vehicle license has been 15 revoked under this chapter is not eligible for a 16 temporary restricted license during the period of 17 revocation. NEW SECTION. 321L.19 DRIVING WHILE 18 Sec. 19 LICENSE DENIED OR REVOKED. 20 A person whose motor vehicle license or nonresident 21 operating privilege has been denied or revoked as 22 provided in this chapter and who drives a motor 23 vehicle upon the highways of this state while the 24 license or privilege is denied or revoked commits a 25 serious misdemeanor. The department, upon receiving 26 the record of the conviction of a person under this 27 section upon a charge of driving a motor vehicle while 28 the license of the person was revoked or denied, shall 29 extend the period of revocation or denial for an 30 additional like period, and the department shall not 31 issue a new license during the additional period." 32 3. By renumbering as necessary. By CALVIN O. HULTMAN MARK R. HAGERLA RICHARD VANDE HOEF NORMAN J. GOODWIN WILMER RENSINK H. KAY HEDGE RAY TAYLOR MAGGIE TINSMAN

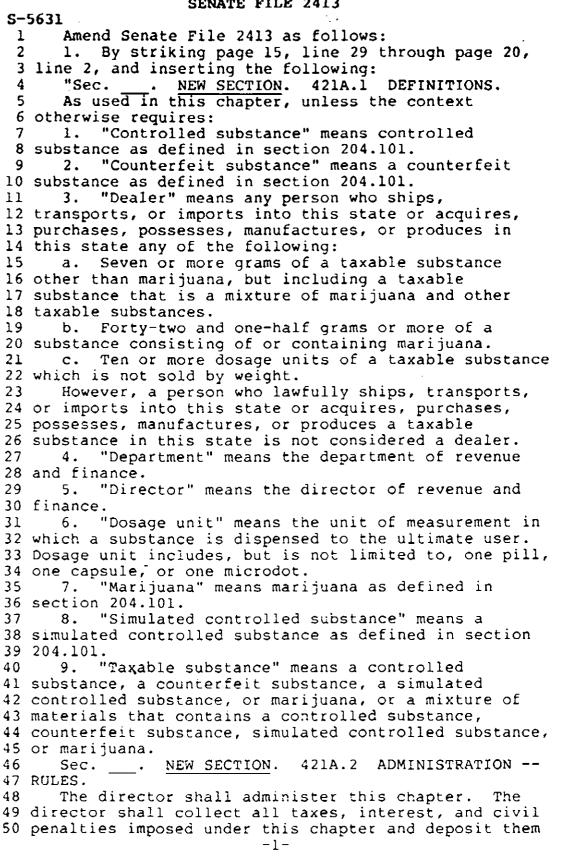
S-5628 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (7 12.34)

١.,

Page 57

•••

SENATE FILE 2413







Page 58

S-5631 Page 2 1 in the general fund of the state. The director may adopt rules under chapter 17A that 2 3 are necessary to enforce this chapter. The director 4 shall adopt a uniform system of providing, affixing, 5 and displaying official stamps, labels, or other 6 official indicia for taxable substances. 7 NEW SECTION. 421A.3 Sec. • TAX PAYMENT 8 REQUIRED FOR POSSESSION -- PAYMENT DUE. A dealer shall not possess, distribute, or offer to 9 10 sell a taxable substance unless the tax imposed under 11 this chapter has been paid as evidenced by a stamp, 12 label, or other official indicia permanently affixed 13 to the taxable substance. Taxes imposed on taxable substances by this chapter 14 15 are due and payable immediately upon manufacture, 16 production, acquisition, purchase, or possession by a 17 dealer. If the indicia evidencing the payment of the tax 18 19 imposed on taxable substances under this chapter have 20 not been affixed, the dealer shall have the indicia 21 permanently affixed on the taxable substance 22 immediately after receiving the taxable substance. Α 23 stamp, label, or other official indicia shall be used 24 only once and shall not be used after the date of 25 expiration. 26 Sec. NEW SECTION. 421A.4 • MEASUREMENTS. For purposes of measurements under this chapter, 27 28 the weight of a taxable substance shall be measured by 29 its weight in metric grams in the dealer's possession. 30 If a taxable substance consists of a mixture 31 containing both marijuana and another substance or 32 combination of substances listed in the definition of 33 taxable substance in section 421A.1, the taxable 34 substance shall be taxed under section 421A.7, 35 subsection 2. 36 Sec. NEW SECTION. 421A.5 DEFENSE OR • 37 IMMUNITY. 38 This chapter does not provide in any manner a 39 defense or affirmative defense to or immunity for a 40 dealer from criminal prosecution pursuant to Iowa law. 41 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 421A.6 PHARMACEUTICALS. This chapter does not require persons lawfully in 42 43 possession of a taxable substance to pay the tax 44 required under this chapter or to purchase, acquire, 45 or affix the stamps, labels, or other official indicia 46 otherwise required by this chapter. 47 Sec. NEW SECTION. 421A.7 TAX IMPOSED --48 RATE OF TAX. 49 An excise tax is imposed on dealers at the 50 following rates:

S-5631 - Anna 3 Page 1 1. On each gram of marijuana, or each portion of a •. • • 2 gram, five dollars. 3 2. On each gram or portion of a gram of any 4 taxable substance sold by weight other than marijuana, 5 two hundred fifty dollars. 6 3. On each ten dosage units of any taxable 7 substance that is not sold by weight, or portion 8 thereof, four hundred dollars. 9 Sec. NEW SECTION. 421A.8 PRICE OF STAMPS, 10 LABELS, OR OTHER INDICIA. 11 Stamps, labels, or other official indicia to be 12 affixed to a taxable substance indicating the payment 13 of the excise tax shall be obtained and purchased from 14 the department. The dealer shall pay the entire 15 excise tax listed in section 421A.7 at the time of 16 purchase, except as provided in section 421A.13, and 17 receive stamps, labels, or other official indicia for 18 the amount paid. However, the minimum purchase price 19 to be paid for any stamps, labels, or indicia shall be 20 two hundred fifteen dollars. 21 NEW SECTION. 421A.9 ASSESSMENTS ARE Sec. . 22 JEOPARDY ASSESSMENTS. 23 All assessments of taxes made pursuant to this 24 chapter shall be considered jeopardy assessments or 25 collections as provided in section 422.30. The 26 director shall assess a tax, interest, and applicable 27 penalties based on knowledge or information available 28 to the director; mail to the taxpayer at the 29 taxpayer's last known address or serve in person, a 30 written notice of the amount of tax, interest, and 31 penalty; demand its immediate payment; and, if payment 32 is not immediately made, collect the tax, interest, 33 and penalty by any method prescribed in section 34 422.30. The period for examination, determination of 35 amount of tax owed, and assessment is unlimited. 36 A person shall not bring suit to enjoin the 37 assessment or collection of any taxes, interest, or 38 penalties imposed by this chapter. 39 The tax, interest, and penalties assessed by the 40 director are presumed to be valid and correctly 41 determined and assessed. The burden is upon the 42 taxpayer to show any incorrectness or invalidity of an 43 assessment. The burden is upon the taxpayer to prove 44 that the shipment, transportation, importation, 45 acquisition, purchase, possession, manufacture, or 46 production of a taxable substance was lawful if a 47 taxpayer's status as a dealer is disputed. Any 48 statement filed by the director with the clerk of the 49 district court, or any other certificate by the 50 director of the amount of tax, interest, and penalties -3-

S-5631 Page 1 determined or assessed is admissible in evidence and 2 is prima facie evidence of the facts contained in the 3 statement. 4 . NEW SECTION. 421A.10 CONFIDENTIAL Sec. 5 NATURE OF INFORMATION. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the б 7 director or an employee of the department shall not 8 reveal any information obtained from a dealer; nor 9 shall information obtained from a dealer be used 10 against the dealer in any criminal proceeding, unless 11 the information is independently obtained, except in 12 connection with a proceeding involving taxes due under 13 this chapter from the dealer against whom the tax was 14 assessed. A person who violates this section is guilty of a 15 16 simple misdemeanor. 17 This section does not prohibit the director from 18 publishing statistics that do not disclose the 19 identity of the dealers. 20 A stamp, label, or other official indicia denoting 21 payment of the tax imposed under this chapter shall 22 not be used against a taxpayer in a criminal 23 proceeding, except that such information may be used 24 against the taxpayer in connection with the 25 administration or civil or criminal enforcement of the 26 tax imposed under this chapter or any similar tax 27 imposed by another state or local unit of government. NEW SECTION. 421A.11 EXAMINATION OF 28 Sec. • 29 RECORDS BY DIRECTOR -- SUBPOENAS. For the purpose of determining whether or not the 30 31 dealer should have paid taxes, determining the amount 32 of tax that should have been paid, or collecting any 33 taxes under this chapter, the director may examine, or 34 cause to be examined, any books, papers, records, or 35 memoranda that may be relevant to making such 36 determinations, whether the books, papers, records, or 37 memoranda are the property of or in the possession of 38 the dealer or another person. The director may 39 require the attendance of any person having knowledge 40 or information that may be relevant, compel the 41 production of books, papers, records, or memoranda by 42 persons required to attend, take testimony on matters 43 material to the determination, and administer oaths or 44 affirmations. Upon demand of the director or an 45 examiner or investigator, the court shall issue a 46 subpoena for the attendance of a witness or the 47 production of books, papers, records, or memoranda. 48 The director may also issue subpoenas. Disobedience 49 of subpoenas issued under this chapter is punishable 50 by the district court of the county in which the -45

9

11

20

26

33

40

44

46

S-5631 Page 1 subpoena is issued, or if the subpoena is issued by 2 the director, by the district court of the county in $m{\beta}$ which the party served with the subpoena is located, A in the same manner as a contempt of court. The director may petition the district court or a 6 magistrate for an administrative search warrant as 7 authorized by section 808.14 to execute a distress 8 warrant authorized by section 422.26. NEW SECTION. Sec. 421A.12 CIVIL AND • 10 CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF ACT -- INTEREST. A dealer who violates this chapter is subject to a 12 penalty equal to the amount of the tax imposed by 13 section 421A.7, in addition to the tax imposed by that 14 section. The dealer shall pay interest on the tax and 15 penalty at the rate in effect under section 421.7, 16 counting each fraction of a month as an entire month, 17 computed from the date of assessment through the date 18 of payment. The penalty and interest shall be 19 collected as part of the tax. In addition to the civil tax penalty and interest 21 imposed by this section, a dealer distributing, 22 offering to sell, or possessing taxable substances 23 without affixing the appropriate stamps, labels, or 24 other official indicia is guilty of a class "D" 25 felony. A person who possesses, prints, engraves, makes, 27 issues, sells, or circulates a counterfeit taxable substance tax stamp, label, or other official indicia, or places or causes to be placed a counterfeit taxable 30 substance tax stamp, label, or other official indicia 31 on a taxable substance, is guilty of a class "D" 32 felony. A person who uses, sells, offers for sale, or 34 possesses for use or sale a previously used or expired 35 taxable substance tax stamp, label, or other official 36 indicia, or attaches or causes to be attached a 37 previously used or expired taxable substance tax 38 stamp, label, or other official indicia to a taxable 39 substance, is guilty of a class "D" felony. Notwithstanding section 802.3, an indictment may be 41 found or information filed upon any criminal offense 42 specified in this chapter, in the proper court, within 43 six years after the commission of the offense. Sec. NEW SECTION. 421A.13 CREDIT FOR 45 PREVIOUSLY PAID TAXES. If another state or local unit of government has 47 previously assessed an excise tax on a taxable 48 substance, the taxpayer shall pay the difference 49 between the tax imposed under this chapter and the tax 50 previously paid. If the tax previously paid to the -5-

Page 62

4

2.00 C. 100 C. 100 C.

S-5631 Page 6 est en s Le solo s 1 other state or local unit of government was equal to 2 or greater than the tax imposed under this chapter, no 3 tax is due. The burden is on the taxpayer to show 4 that an excise tax on the taxable substances has been 5 paid to another state or local unit of government. . NEW SECTION. 421A.14 REVISION OF TAX -Sec. 7 - REFUNDS. Sections 421.5, 422.26, 422.28, 422.29, 422.73, 8 9 subsection 2, and 422.74 shall apply to this chapter, 10 except that a refund claim filed later than thirty ll days from the expiration date of the stamps for which 12 the refund is requested shall not be allowed by the 13 director. NEW SECTION. 421A.15 AVAILABILITY OF 14 Sec. 15 RECORDS AND INFORMATION. The director may request from state, county, and 16 17 local agencies, information and assistance deemed 18 necessary to administer this chapter. State, county, 19 and local agencies, officers, and employees shall 20 cooperate with the director in identifying dealers and 21 shall, on request, supply the department with 22 available information and assistance which the 23 director deems necessary to administer this chapter, 24 notwithstanding any provisions of law making such 25 information confidential." 2. Page 35, by inserting after line 7 the fol-26 27 lowing: 28 "Sec. Chapter 421A, as enacted in this Act, takes effect 29 30 September 1, 1990." 3. By renumbering as necessary. 31 By MICHAEL GRONSTAL S-5631 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 ADOPTED (p. 1234) SENATE FILE 2413 S-5632 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1 2 1. Page 13, line 16, by inserting after the word 3 "possible" the following: ", unless the juvenile 4 court determines that such relationships are not in 5 the best interest of the child". 2. Page 13, line 18, by inserting after the word 7 "action" the following: ", unless the length of time 8 to be served is such that the parent-child 9 relationship will be effectively severed". By CHARLES BRUNER LINN FUHRMAN S-5632 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (# 1233)

- SENATE FILE 2413

S-5637 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. Page 22, by inserting after line 12 the 3 following: "Sec. 4 Section 702.11, Code Supplement 1989, ٠ 5 is amended to read as follows: 702.11 FORCIBLE FELONY. 6 7 A "forcible felony" is any felonious child 8 endangerment, assault, murder, sexual abuse other than 9 sexual abuse in the third degree committed between 10 spouses or in violation of section 709.4, subsection 11 2, paragraph "c", subparagraph (4), kidnapping, 12 robbery, arson in the first or second degree, or 13 burglary in the first degree." 14 2. Page 22, by inserting after line 27 the 15 following: 16 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 712.1A ARSON IN THE 17 FIRST DEGREE. Arson in the first degree is arson which results in 18 19 the death of a person, including the death of a paid 20 or volunteer firefighter. Arson in the first degree 21 is a class "A" felony. 22 Sec. Section 712.2, Code 1989, is amended to ٠ 23 read as follows: 712.2 ARSON IN THE FIRST SECOND DEGREE. 24 25 Arson is arson in the first second degree when the property which the defendant intends to destroy or damage, or which the defendant knowingly endangers, is 28 property in which the presence of one or more persons 29 can be reasonably anticipated -or-the-arson-results-in 30 the-death-of-a-fire-fighter;-whether-paid-or 31 volunteer. 32 Arson in the first second degree is a class "B" 33 felony. 34 Sec. Section 712.3, Code 1989, is amended to 35 read as follows: 712.3 ARSON IN THE SECOND THIRD DEGREE. 36 37 Arson which is not arson in the first or second 38 degree is arson in the second third degree when the 39 property which the defendant intends to destroy or 40 damage, or which the defendant knowingly endangers, is 41 a building or a structure, or real property of any 42 kind, or standing crops, or is personal property the 43 value of which exceeds five hundred dollars. Arson in 44 the second third degree is a class "C" felony. 45 Sec. . Section 712.4, Code 1989, is amended to 46 read as follows: 47 712.4 ARSON IN THE THIRD FOURTH DEGREE. Arson which is not arson in the first, second, or 48 49 third degree or-arson-in-the-second-degree is arson in 50 the third fourth degree. Arson in the third fourth -1Page

2

1 degree is an aggravated misdemeanor." 3. Renumber as necessary. BY MARK R. HAGERLA 2

S-5637 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (4. 1236)

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5633

Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. Page 11, by striking line 8 through page 13, : 1 2 2. Title page 1, by striking lines 11 and 12 and 3 line 27. 5 inserting the following: "juvenile offenders, 6 establishing institutional reading room 7 requirements,".

By JACK RIFE

S-5633 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 ADOPTED (7. 1233)

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5634 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. Page 15, by striking lines 2 and 3, and 1 3 inserting the following: "work an undue hardship on 4 the person, or finds that sufficient jail space is not 5 available and is not reasonably expected to become 6 available within four months after sentencing to 7 incarcerate the person serving the". By LINN FUHRMAN

S-5634 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 ADOPTED (7. 1235)

Page 66

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5639

ł

ł

Amend Senate File 2413 as follows:

1. Page 3, line 3, by inserting after the figure 3 "805.16" the following: ", unless the officer has 4 reasonable grounds to believe that such notification 5 is not in the best interests of the person or will 6 endanger that person".

7 2. Page 4, line 17, by inserting after the word 8 "arrested" the following: ", unless the officer has 9 reasonable grounds to believe that such notification 10 is not in the best interests of the person or will 11 endanger that person".

> By BEVERLY HANNON JIM LIND JOY CORNING

S-5639 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 ADOPTED (7-1231)

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5640 Amend the amendment, S-5615, to Senate File 2413 as 1 2 follows: 1. Page 1, by inserting after line 20 the 3 4 following: "5A. "Impaired" means a condition of a person 5 6 where the person has consumed alcohol or a drug, or a combination of the two, and the person has been 8 affected to any degree such that the person is less 9 able than the person would be without consuming the 10 alcohol or drug, either mentally or physically, or 11 both, to exercise clear judgment, sufficient physical 12 control, or due care in the operation of a vehicle." 13 2. Page 1, line 48, by inserting after the word 14 "while" the following: "impaired or". 3. Page 2, by inserting after line 5 the 15 16 following: "c. While impaired as defined in section 321L.1." 17 By CALVIN O. HULTMAN S-5640 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (4 1235-1 SENATE FILE 2413 S-5641 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. By striking page 29, line 1, through page 31, 2 3 line 2. 2. Renumber as necessary. By RAY TAYLOR S-5641 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 Buled 0/0 3/22 (4 1253)

Í

S-5638 Amend the amendment, S-5615, to Senate File 2413 as 1 2 follows: 1. Page 9, by inserting after line 20, the 3 4 following: . NEW SECTION. 321L.4A SURRENDER OF 5 "Sec. 6 REGISTRATION AND PLATES. 1. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a third or 7 8 subsequent violation of section 321J.2, the court 9 shall require the defendant to surrender to the 10 director the registration certificate and registration 11 plates of all vehicles registered to the defendant for 12 a period of one hundred eighty days after the date of 13 surrender if the violation is a third violation, and 14 for a period of one year if the violation is a fourth 15 or subsequent violation. The registration certificate 16 and registration plates shall be reissued after the 17 expiration of the period provided in this subsection 18 and upon application made by the defendant. For 19 purposes of this subsection, a conviction for, 20 deferred judgment for, or plea of guilty to, a 21 violation of section 321J.2, which occurred more than 22 six years prior to the date of the most recent 23 violation charged, shall not be considered in 24 determining that the most recent violation is a third 25 offense or subsequent offense. The owner of a motor vehicle who allows another 26 2. 27 person to operate the owner's motor vehicle upon the 28 highways of this state shall be required to surrender 29 to the director the registration certificate and 30 registration plates of the vehicle upon a plea or 31 verdict of guilty of a third or subsequent violation 32 of section 321J.2 which occurred while the person was 33 operating the owner's motor vehicle. The minimum 34 duration of the period of surrender shall be one 35 hundred eighty days if the violation is the person's 36 third violation and shall be one year if the violation 37 is the person's fourth or a subsequent violation. The 38 registration certificate and registration plates shall 39 be reissued after the expiration of the period of 40 surrender and upon application made by the owner." RICHARD VANDE HOEF By LINN FUHRMAN RAY TAYLOR MAGGIE TINSMAN

S-5638 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (7, 1235)

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5642 Amend the amendment.

1 Amend the amendment, S-5615, to Senate File 2413 as 2 follows:

3 1. Page 3, by inserting after line 10, the 4 following:

5 "A minimum term of imprisonment in a county jail or 6 community-based correctional facility imposed on a 7 person convicted of a second or subsequent offense 8 under paragraph "b" or "c" shall be served on 9 consecutive days. However, if the sentencing court 10 finds by clear and convincing evidence that service of 11 the full minimum term on consecutive days would work 12 an undue hardship on the person, the court may order 13 the person to serve not less than forty-eight 14 consecutive hours of the minimum term and to perform 15 not less than two hundred forty hours of unpaid 16 community service."

17 2. Page 9, by striking lines 3 through 6 and 18 inserting the following: "license to the person 19 following the expiration of any minimum revocation 20 period provided for under section 321L.20. Notice of 21 and an opportunity to request a hearing on the 22 petition shall be provided to the department and to 23 the prosecuting attorney by the clerk of the district 24 court in the county where the violation resulting in 25 the revocation was committed. If the court determines 26 that any minimum revocation period provided for under 27 section 321L.20 has expired and the temporary 28 restricted".

29 3. Page 9, by striking line 8 and inserting the 30 following: "person's employment, the court may order 31 the".

32 4. Page 9, line 14, by striking the word 33 "present".

34 5. Page 11, line 9, by inserting after the word 35 "person's" the following: "motor vehicle".

36 6. Page 11, line 11, by inserting after the 37 figure "321L.9" the following: "and the person will 38 not be eligible for a temporary restricted license 39 until at least the first ninety days of the revocation 40 period have expired".

41 7. Page 11, line 14, by inserting after the word 42 "person's" the following: "motor vehicle".

43 8. Page 11, line 17, by inserting after the 44 figure "321L.12" the following: "and the person will 45 not be eligible for a temporary restricted license 46 until at least the first thirty days of the revocation 47 period have expired".

48 9. Page 17, by striking lines 9 through 16, and 49 inserting the following:

"5. Notwithstanding the Iowa administrative



50

SENATE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 22, 1990

Page 68

S-5642 Page 2 1 procedure Act, chapter 17A, the department shall not 2 stay the revocation of a person's motor vehicle 3 license or operating privilege for the period that the 4 person is contesting the revocation under this section 5 or section 321L.14 unless the first ninety days of the 6 revocation period under section 321L.9 or the first 7 thirty days of a revocation period under 321L.12 have 8 expired." 9 10. Page 19, line 17, by inserting after the word 10 "under" the following: "section".
11 11. Page 19, line 28, by inserting after the word 12 "license" the following: ", and the first ninety days 13 of the revocation period have expired". 14 12. Page 19, line 30, by inserting after the 15 figure "321L.12" the following: "and the first thirty 16 days of the revocation period have expired". 13. Page 19, line 35, by striking the word 17 18 "sixty" and inserting the following: "sixty-five". By RAY TAYLOR H. KAY HEDGE MARK R. HAGERLA

S-5642 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (4.1235)

Page 69

SENATE FILE 2413



S-5644 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 2 1. Page 11, by striking line 10 and inserting the 3 following: 4 "1. In consultation with the department of human 5 services, the child development program at the Iowa 6 state university of science and technology, and the 7 regents center for early development education at the 8 university of northern Iowa, the department of 9 corrections shall establish a pilot family 10 preservation". 11 2. Page 11, by striking lines 13 through 24 and 12 inserting the following: 13 "a. A service within the institution providing 14 ongoing care twenty-four hours per day to children of 15 inmates who have legal custody of a child and enter 16 the institution on or after July 1, 1992, in 17 accordance with this paragraph. The child must be 18 born in the institution or be eighteen months of age 19 or less on or after July 1, 1992. The service may be 20 provided by contracting with a private provider who is 21 licensed to provide the service in accordance with 22 standards for a licensed community residential 23 facility or group living foster care facility. When a 24 child receiving family preservation services is 25 nineteen months of age or older, the department of 26 human services shall make reasonable efforts to place 27 the child in close proximity to the institution. The 28 service shall not be made available to a child of an 29 inmate if the department determines in accordance with 30 administrative rules adopted pursuant to chapter 17A 31 in consultation with the department of human services 32 that either of the following conditions exist: 33 (1) The inmate has been found to have committed 34 sexual or physical abuse of a child. 35 (2)The inmate's presentence investigation report 36 indicates that the inmate has committed physical or 37 sexual abuse of a child." 3. Page 11, line 31, by inserting after the word 38 39 "inmate" the following: "who is participating in the 40 family preservation program". 41 4. Page 12, by striking lines 9 and 10 and 42 inserting the following: "recommending policies 43 relating to the institutional care services provided 44 to children pursuant to this section, including the 45 selection of a contract service provider. The". 46 5. Page 13, by striking lines 9 through 12 and 47 inserting the following: 48 "d. In addition to its other duties, the advisory 49 committee shall make recommendations regarding methods 50 of implementing a family preservation program in the -1RULED OUT OF ORDER (7/ 1233 /

S-5644 2 Page 1 institution for children who are more than eighteen 2 months of age. The advisory committee may consult 3 with nonprofit foster care providers, a research 4 institution with an interest in this issue, and other 5 interested parties. The advisory committee shall 6 submit the recommendations required by this paragraph 7 and other recommendations it deems necessary, to the 8 general assembly on or before January 1, 1993." 9 6. Page 13, by inserting after line 27 the 10 following: 11 "5. This section is repealed effective July 1, 12 2000." DON E. GETTINGS By MICHAEL E. GRONSTAL RICHARD F. DRAKE RICHARD VARN WALLY HORN EUGENE FRAISE C. JOSEPH COLEMAN LARRY MURPHY JOE WELSH MAGGIE TINSMAN S-5644 FILED MARCH 21, 1990

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5646 1 Amend the amendment, S-5615, Senate File 2413 as 2 follows: 1. Page 21, by inserting after line 19 the 3 4 following: 5 NEW SECTION. 321L.23 PERSONS UNDER "Sec. 6 AGE TWENT \overline{Y} -ONE. 7 If a person under the age of twenty-one consents to 8 a chemical test under this chapter and the test 9 results indicate an alcohol concentration of more than 10 .04 but less than the level established in section 11 321L.2, subsection 1, the person's motor vehicle 12 license or nonresident operating privilege shall be 13 revoked for a period of one year or until the person 14 reaches eighteen years of age, whichever is longer, if 15 the person is less than eighteen years of age, or for 16 thirty days as provided in section 321M.10 if the 17 person is at least eighteen years of age but less than 18 twenty-one years of age, and sections 321M.10 through 19 321M.19 apply. 20 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 321M.3 DEFINITIONS. 21 As used in this chapter unless the context 22 otherwise requires: 23 1. "Alcohol concentration" means the number of 24 grams of alcohol per any of the following: a. One hundred milliliters of blood. 25 26 b. Two hundred ten liters of breath. 27 c. Sixty-seven milliliters of urine. 28 "Alcoholic beverage" includes alcohol, wine, 2. 29 spirits, beer, or any other beverage which contains 30 ethyl alcohol and is fit for human consumption. "Arrest" includes but is not limited to taking 31 3. 32 into custody pursuant to section 232.19. 4. "Department" means the state department of 33 34 transportation. 35 "Director" means the director of transportation 36 or the director's designee. 6. "Motor vehicle license" means any license or 37 38 permit issued to a person to operate a motor vehicle 39 in this state. 7. "Peace officer" means: 40 41 a. A member of the highway patrol. 42 b. A police officer under civil service as 43 provided in chapter 400. 44 c. A sheriff. 45 d. A regular deputy sheriff who has had formal 46 police training. e. Any other law enforcement officer who has 47 48 satisfactorily completed an approved course relating 49 to motor vehicle operators under the influence of 50 alcoholic beverages at the Iowa law enforcement -1S-5646 Page 1 academy or a law enforcement training program approved 2 by the department of public safety. • Sec. NEW SECTION. 321M.4 PRELIMINARY 3 4 SCREENING TEST. When a peace officer has reasonable grounds to 5 6 believe that a motor vehicle operator under the age of 7 twenty-one may be or has been operating a motor 8 vehicle while having an alcohol concentration as 9 defined in section 321M.3 of more than .04, the peace 10 officer may request the operator to provide a sample 11 of the operator's breath for a preliminary screening 12 test using a device approved by the commissioner of 13 public safety for that purpose. The results of this 14 preliminary screening test may be used for the purpose 15 of deciding whether an arrest should be made and 16 whether to request a chemical test authorized in this 17 chapter or chapter 321J, as evidence of the presence 18 of alcohol in the operator, and to prove that a 19 chemical test was properly requested of a person 20 pursuant to this chapter or chapter 321J. Sec. ____ NEW SECTION. 21 321M.5 IMPLIED CONSENT TO 22 TEST. 23 1. A person under the age of twenty-one who 24 operates a motor vehicle in this state under 25 circumstances which give reasonable grounds to believe 26 that the person has been operating a motor vehicle 27 while having an alcohol concentration of more than .04 28 is deemed to have given consent to the withdrawal of 29 specimens of the person's blood, breath, or urine and 30 to a chemical test or tests of the specimens for the 31 purpose of determining the alcohol concentration, 32 subject to this section. The withdrawal of the body 33 substances and the test or tests shall be administered 34 at the written request of a peace officer having 35 reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 36 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 37 concentration of more than .04. The peace officer shall determine which of the 38 2. 39 three substances, breath, blood, or urine, shall be 40 tested. Refusal to submit to a chemical test of urine 41 or breath is deemed a refusal to submit, and section 42 321M.6 applies. A refusal to submit to a chemical 43 test of blood is not deemed a refusal to submit, but 44 in that case, the peace officer shall then determine 45 which one of the other two substances shall be tested 46 and shall offer the test. If the peace officer fails 47 to offer a test within two hours after the preliminary 48 screening test is administered or refused or the 49 arrest is made, whichever occurs first, a test is not 50 required, and there shall be no revocation under -2-

Page 73

S-5646 Page З 1 section 321M.8. 2 NEW SECTION. 321M.6 DEAD OR Sec. 3 UNCONSCIOUS PERSONS. 4 A person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in 5 a condition rendering the person incapable of consent 6 or refusal is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent 7 provided by section 321M.5, and the test may be given 8 if a licensed physician certifies in advance of the 9 test that the person is dead, unconscious, or 10 otherwise in a condition rendering that person ll incapable of consent or refusal. _. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 321M.7 STATEMENT OF 12 Sec. 13 OFFICER. A person who has been requested to submit to a 14 15 chemical test shall be advised by a peace officer of 16 the following: If the person refuses to submit to the test and 17 1. 18 is less than eighteen years of age, the person's 19 license or operating privilege will be revoked by the 20 department for one year or until the person's 21 eighteenth birthday, whichever is longer, without 22 eligibility for a temporary restricted license. If 23 the person refuses to submit to the test and is at 24 least eighteen years of age but less than twenty-one 25 years of age, the person's motor vehicle license or 26 operating privilege will be revoked by the department 27 for ninety days without eligibility for a temporary 28 restricted license. 29 If the person submits to the test and the 2. 30 results indicate an alcohol concentration as defined 31 in section 321M.3 of more than .04, and the person is 32 under eighteen years of age, the person's license or 33 operating privilege will be revoked by the department 34 for a period of two hundred seventy days, without 35 eligibility for a temporary restricted license. 36 If the person submits to the test and the results 37 indicate an alcohol concentration as defined in 38 section 321M.3 of more than .04, and the person is at 39 least eighteen years of age but less than twenty-one 40 years of age, the person's motor vehicle license or 41 operating privilege will be revoked by the department 42 for thirty days without eligibility for a temporary 43 restricted license. 44 This section does not apply in any case involving a 45 person described in section 321M.6. 46 NEW SECTION. 321M.8 REFUSAL TO SUBMIT Sec. 47 -- REVOCATION. If a person who is under eighteen years of age 48 49 refuses to submit to the chemical testing, a test 50 shall not be given, but the department, upon the - 3 -

S-5646

Page 4

1 receipt of the peace officer's certification, subject 2 to penalty for perjury, that the officer had 3 reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been 4 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 5 concentration of more than .04, and that the person 6 refused to submit to the chemical testing, shall 7 revoke the person's motor vehicle license and any 8 nonresident operating privilege for a period of one 9 year or until the person's eighteenth birthday, 10 whichever is longer. 11 If a person who is at least eighteen years of age 12 but less than twenty-one years of age refuses to 13 submit to the chemical testing, a test shall not be 14 given, but the department, upon the receipt of the 15 peace officer's certification, subject to penalty for 16 perjury, that the officer had reasonable grounds to 17 believe the person to have been operating a motor 18 vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of more 19 than .04, and that the person refused to submit to the 20 chemical testing, shall revoke the person's motor 21 vehicle license and any nonresident operating 22 privilege for a period of ninety days. 23 The effective date of revocation shall be twenty

24 days after receipt of notice of revocation to the 25 person by certified mail or, on behalf of the 26 department, a peace officer offering or directing the 27 administration of a chemical test may serve immediate 28 notice of intention to revoke and of revocation on a 29 person who refuses to permit chemical testing. If the 30 peace officer serves that immediate notice, the peace 31 officer shall take the Iowa license or permit of the 32 driver, if any, and issue a temporary license 33 effective for only twenty days. The peace officer 34 shall immediately send the person's license to the 35 department along with the officer's certificate 36 indicating the person's refusal to submit to chemical 37 testing.

38 Sec. _____. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321M.9 TAKING SAMPLE FOR 39 TEST.

Only a licensed physician, licensed physician assistant as defined in section 148C.1, medical technologist, or registered nurse, acting at the arequest of a peace officer, may withdraw a specimen of blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration. However, any peace officer, using devices and methods approved by the commissioner of public safety, may take a specimen of a person's breath or urine for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration. Only new equipment kept under strictly sanitary and sterile conditions shall be used 5

S-5646

Page

1 for drawing blood.

The person may have an independent chemical test or tests administered at the person's own expense in addition to any administered at the direction of a peace officer. The failure or inability of the person to obtain an independent chemical test or tests does not preclude the admission of evidence of the results of the test or tests administered at the direction of the peace officer. Upon the request of the person who is tested, the results of the test or tests administered at the direction of the peace officer shall be made available to the person.

13 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 321M.10 REVOCATION BASED 14 ON TEST RESULTS.

Upon certification, subject to penalty for perjury, 16 by the peace officer that there existed reasonable 17 grounds to believe that the person had been operating 18 a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration 19 of more than .04, and that the person submitted to 20 chemical testing and the test results indicated an 21 alcohol concentration of more than .04, the department 22 shall revoke the person's motor vehicle license or 23 nonresident operating privilege for a period of two 24 hundred seventy days if the person is less than 25 eighteen years of age, or for a period of thirty days 26 if the person is at least eighteen years of age but 27 less than twenty-one years of age.

The effective date of the revocation shall be 9 twenty days after the receipt of notice of revocation 30 to the person by certified mail. The peace officer 31 who requested or directed the administration of the 32 chemical test may, on behalf of the department, serve 33 immediate notice of revocation on a person whose test 34 results indicated an alcohol concentration of more 35 than .04. If the peace officer serves that immediate 36 notice, the peace officer shall take the person's Iowa 37 license or permit, if any, and issue a temporary 38 license valid only for twenty days. The peace officer 39 shall immediately send the person's motor vehicle 40 license to the department along with the officer's 41 certificate indicating that the test results indicated 42 an alcohol concentration of more than .04. 43 The results of a chemical test shall not be used as 44 the basis for a revocation of a person's motor vehicle 45 license or nonresident operating privilege if the 46 alcohol concentration indicated by the chemical test 47 minus the established margin of error inherent in the 48 device or method used to conduct the chemical test 49 does not equal an alcohol concentration of more than 50.04.



-5-

Page 76

S-5646 Page -6 . NEW SECTION. 321M.11 HEARING ON 1 Sec. 2 REVOCATION -- APPEAL. 1. Notice of revocation of a person's motor 3 4 vehicle license or operating privilege served pursuant 5 to section 321M.8 or 321M.10 shall include a form 6 accompanied by a preaddressed envelope on which the 7 person served may indicate by a checkmark if the 8 person wishes to contest the revocation. The form 9 shall clearly state on its face that the form must be 10 completed and returned within thirty days of receipt 11 or the person's right to a hearing to contest the 12 revocation is foreclosed. The form shall also be 13 accompanied by a statement of the operation of and the 14 person's rights under this chapter. 2. The department shall grant the person an 15 16 opportunity to be heard within forty-five days of 17 receipt of a request for a hearing if the request is 18 made not later than thirty days after receipt of 19 notice of revocation served pursuant to section 321M.8 20 or 321M.10. The hearing shall be before the 21 department in the county where the alleged events 22 occurred, unless the director and the person agree 23 that the hearing may be held in some other county, or 24 the hearing may be held by telephone conference at the 25 discretion of the agency conducting the hearing. The 26 hearing may be recorded and its scope shall be limited 27 to the issues of whether a peace officer had 28 reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 29 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 30 concentration of more than .04 and either of the 31 following: 32 a. Whether the person refused to submit to the 33 test or tests. b. Whether a test was administered and the test 34 35 results indicated an alcohol concentration of more 36 than .04. 37 3. After the hearing the department shall order 38 that the revocation be either rescinded or sustained. 39 Upon receipt of the decision of the department to 40 sustain a revocation, the person contesting the 41 revocation has ten days to file a request for review 42 of the decision by the director. The director or the 43 director's designee shall review the decision within 44 fifteen days and shall either rescind or sustain the 45 revocation or order a new hearing. If the director 46 orders a new hearing, the department shall grant the 47 person a new hearing within thirty days of the 48 director's order. 49 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321M.12 JUDICIAL REVIEW. 50 Judicial review of an action of the department may

SENATE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 22, 1990

er.

S-5646

Page 1 be sought in accordance with chapter 17A. $\mathbf 2$ Notwithstanding the terms of the Iowa administrative B procedure Act, chapter 17A, a petition for judicial 4 review may be filed in the district court in the 5 county where the alleged events occurred or in the 6 county in which the administrative hearing was held. NEW SECTION. 321M.13 EVIDENCE IN ANY 7 Sec. ___. 8 ACTION. Upon the trial of a civil or criminal action or 9 10 proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been 11 committed by a person while operating a motor vehicle 12 while having an alcohol concentration of more than 13.04, evidence of the alcohol concentration in the 14 person's body substances at the time of the act 15 alleged as shown by a chemical analysis of the 16 person's blood, breath, or urine is admissible. If it 17 is established at trial that an analysis of a breath 18 specimen was performed by a certified operator using a 19 device and methods approved by the commissioner of 20 public safety, no further foundation is necessary for 21 introduction of the evidence. 22 NEW SECTION. 321M.14 PROOF OF REFUSAL Sec. 23 ADMISSIBLE. 24 If a person refuses to submit to a chemical test, 25 proof of refusal is admissible in any civil or 26 criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts ${f V}$ alleged to have been committed while the person was b operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 29 concentration of more than .04. 30 NEW SECTION. 321M.15 CIVIL PENALTY --Sec. 31 SEPARATE FUND -- REINSTATEMENT. 32 When the department revokes a person's motor 33 vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege 34 under this chapter, the department shall assess the 35 person a civil penalty of one hundred dollars. The 36 money collected by the department under this section 37 shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who 38 shall deposit the money in a separate fund dedicated 39 to and used for the purposes of chapter 912 and 40 section 709.10. A motor vehicle license or 41 nonresident operating privilege shall not be 42 reinstated until the civil penalty has been paid. 43 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321M.16 OTHER EVIDENCE. • 44 This chapter does not limit the introduction of any 45 competent evidence bearing on the question of whether 46 a person was under the influence of an alcoholic 47 beverage, including the results of chemical tests of 48 specimens of blood, breath or urine obtained more than 49 two hours after the person was operating a motor 50 vehicle. -7MARCH 22, 1990

Page 78

S-5646 Page 8 1 . Sec. NEW SECTION. 321M.17 INFORMATION 2 RELAYED TO OTHER STATES. 3 When it has been finally determined under this 4 chapter that a nonresident's privilege to operate a 5 motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or 6 denied, the department shall give information in 7 writing of the action taken to the official in charge 8 of traffic control or public safety of the state of 9 the person's residence and of any state in which the 10 person has a license. 11 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321M.18 TEMPORARY 12 RESTRICTED LICENSE PROHIBITED. 13 A person whose motor vehicle license has been 14 revoked under this chapter is not eligible for a 15 temporary restricted license during the period of 16 revocation. 17 NEW SECTION. 321M.19 DRIVING WHILE Sec. 18 LICENSE DENIED OR REVOKED. 19 A person whose motor vehicle license or nonresident 20 operating privilege has been denied or revoked as 21 provided in this chapter and who drives a motor 22 vehicle upon the highways of this state while the 23 license or privilege is denied or revoked commits a 24 serious misdemeanor. The department, upon receiving 25 the record of the conviction of a person under this 26 section upon a charge of driving a motor vehicle while 27 the license of the person was revoked or denied, shall 28 extend the period of revocation or denial for an 29 additional like period, and the department shall not 30 issue a new license during the additional period." 31 2. By renumbering as necessary. By CALVIN O. HULTMAN

S-5646 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (p. 1235)

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5647 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 2 1. Page 3, line 16, by inserting after the word 3 "school," the following: "or within the corporate 4 boundary of a city which has been declared to be a 5 drug free zone by the city's governing body,". 6 2. Page 3, line 28, by inserting after the word 7 "school," the following: "or within the corporate 8 boundary of a city which has been declared to be a 9 drug free zone by the city's governing body,". By RAY TAYLOR

S-5647 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 LOST (4. 1232) SENATE CLIP SHEET

Page 80

SENATE PILE 2413

S~5650

 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows:
 Page 15, by striking line 28 and inserting the
 following: "in addition to any other sanction imposed
 by the court may be punished as contempt of court." By JULIA B. GENTLEMAN

S-5650 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 WITHDRAWN (71.55)

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5651

Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 2 1. Page 20, line 7, by inserting after the word 3 "taxpayer" the following: "and if the business does 4 not qualify for the adjustment under section 422.7, 5 subsection 12,".

6 2. Page 21, line 22, by inserting after the word 7 "corporation" the following: "and does not qualify 8 for the adjustment under section 422.35, subsection 9 6".

By MICHAEL E. GRONSTAL

S-5651 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 ADOPTED (7.1886)

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5653

1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows:

2 1. Page 14, by inserting after line 28 the 3 following:

4 "Sec.

5 Section 27 and 28 of this Act, creating a new 6 chapter 321L, shall be known and may be cited as 7 "Consecutive Days Served in County Jails for 8 Convictions of Second and Subsequent Violations of 9 Chapter 321J and Treatment for those Convicted." By MICHAEL E. GRONSTAL

S-5653 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 ADOPTED (7 1234)

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5654

3

1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows:

2 1. Page 29, by striking lines 1 through 32.

2. By renumbering as necessary.

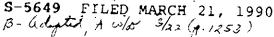
By JULIA B. GENTLEMAN

S-5654 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 Lost 3/22 (p 1251) SENATE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 22, 1990

Page 79

SENATE FILE 2413 S-5648 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 2 1. Page 30, line 15, by inserting after the word 3 "section." the following: "Following the hearing, the 4 court shall approve or rescind such discharge." By RAY TAYLOR JULIA GENTLEMAN LINN FUHRMAN MAGGIE TINSMAN S-5648 FILED MARCH 21, 1990 ~ adapter 3/2 2 (1951 SENATE FILE 2413 S-5649 · Amend Senate File 2413-as follows: 1 1. Page 3, by inserting after line 5, the 2 3 following: "Sec. 4 P Section 204.204, subsection 6, Code 5 Supplement 1989, is amended by adding the following 6 new paragraph: 7 NEW PARAGRAPH. c. Methamphetamine. Sec. ____. Section 204.206, subsection 4, paragraph 8 9 b, Code 1989, is amended by striking the paragraph." 2. Page 4, by inserting after line 19, the 10 3 11 following: 12 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 204.416 EXCEPTION TO 13 NONBAILABLE OFFENSE. Notwithstanding section 811.1, the court, in its 14 15 discretion, may admit a person convicted of a 16 violation of section 204.401, subsection 1 or 2, or of 17 a violation of section 204.406, to bail if the 18 prosecuting attorney in the action and the defendant's 19 counsel jointly petition the court to admit the person 20 to bail." 21 3. By striking page 23, line 29, through page 24, 22 line 22, and inserting the following: "Sec. . Section 811.1, subsections 1 and 2, 23 24 Code Supplement 1989, are amended to read as follows: 1. A defendant awaiting judgment of conviction and 25 26 sentencing following either a plea or verdict of 27 guilty of a class "A" felony, murder, felonious 28 assault, sexual abuse in the second degree, sexual 29 abuse in the third degree, kidnapping, robbery in the 30 first degree, arson in the first degree, or burglary 31 in the first degree, a violation of section 204.401, 32 subsection 1 or 2, or a violation of section 204.406. 2. A defendant appealing a conviction of a class 33 34 "A" felony, murder, felonious assault, sexual abuse in 35 the second degree, sexual abuse in the third degree, 36 kidnapping, robbery in the first degree, arson in the 37 first degree, or burglary in the first degree, a 38 violation of section 204.401, subsection 1 or 2, or a 39 violation of section 204.406." 40 Renumber as necessary. BY RAY TAY OR



S~5656

1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows:

2 1. Page 2, by inserting after line 28 the 3 following:

4 "Sec. . Section 123.47, Code 1989, is amended 5 to read as follows:

123.47 PERSONS UNDER LEGAL AGE.

A person shall not sell, give, or otherwise supply 7 8 alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer to any person knowing 9 or having reasonable cause to believe that person to 10 be under legal age, and a person or persons under 11 legal age shall not individually or jointly have 12 alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer in their possession or 13 control; except in the case of liquor, wine, or beer 14 given or dispensed to a person under legal age by the 15 person's parent or guardian for consumption within a 16 the private home of the person's parent or guardian 17 and with the knowledge, and consent, and direct 18 supervision of the person's parent or guardian for 19 beverage or medicinal purposes or as administered to 20 the person by either a physician or dentist for 21 medicinal purposes and except to the extent that a 22 person under legal age may handle alcoholic beverages, 23 wine, and beer during the regular course of the 24 person's employment by a liquor control licensee, or 25 wine or beer permittee under this chapter. Sec. 26 Section 123.47A, Code 1989, is amended 27 to read as follows:

28 123.47A PERSONS AGE NINETEEN AND TWENTY -- 29 PENALTY.

30 A person shall not sell, give, or otherwise supply 🕅 alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer to any person knowing 2 or having reasonable cause to believe that the person 33 is age nineteen or twenty. A person age nineteen or 34 twenty shall not purchase or possess alcoholic liquor, 35 wine, or beer. However, a person age nineteen or 36 twenty may possess alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer 37 given to the person by the person's parent or guardian 38 for consumption within a the private home of the 39 person's parent or guardian with the knowledge, and 40 consent, and direct supervision of the person's parent 41 or guardian, and a person age nineteen or twenty may 42 handle alcoholic liquor, wine, and beer during the 43 course of the person's employment by a liquor control 44 licensee, or wine or beer permittee. A person, other 45 than a licensee or permittee, who violates this 46 section commits a scheduled violation of section 47 805.8, subsection 10. A licensee or permittee who 48 violates this section is guilty of a simple 49 misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than 50 fifty dollars. The penalty provided under this - 1 -

S-5656 '
Page' 2
1 section against a licensee or permittee who violates
2 this section is the only penalty which shall be
imposed against a licensee or permittee who violates
4 this section."
5 2. By renumbering sections as required.

By WILLIAM W. DIELEMAN

S-5656 FILED MARCH 22, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (y. 45,2)

;

MARUA 23, 1990

SENATE FILE 2413 S-5658 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1. Page 22, by inserting after line 12 the 3 following: Section 702.11, Code Supplement 1989, 4 "Sec. 5 is amended to read as follows: 6 702.11 FORCIBLE FELONY. A "forcible felony" is any felonious child 7 8 endangerment, assault, murder, sexual abuse other than 9 sexual abuse in the third degree committed between 10 spouses or in violation of section 709.4, subsection 11 2, paragraph "c", subparagraph (4), kidnapping, 12 robbery, arson in the first or second degree, or 13 burglary in the first degree." 14 2. Page 22, by inserting after line 27 the 15 following: 16 "Sec. 712.1A ARSON IN THE NEW SECTION. 17 FIRST DEGREE. 18 Arson in the first degree is arson which results in 19 the death of a person, including the death of a paid 20 or volunteer firefighter. Arson in the first degree 21 is a class "A" felony. Section 712.2, Code 1989, is amended to 22 Sec. • 23 read as follows: 24 712.2 ARSON IN THE PERST SECOND DEGREE. 25 Arson is arson in the first second degree when the 26 property which the defendant intends to destroy or 27 damage, or which the defendant knowingly endangers, is 28 property in which the presence of one or more persons 29 can be reasonably anticipated;-or-the-arson-results-in 30 the-death-of-a-fire-fighter,-whether-paid-or 31 volunteer. 32 Arson in the first second degree is a class "B" 33 felony. 34 Sec. Section 712.3, Code 1989, is amended to 35 read as follows: 712.3 ARSON IN THE SECOND THIRD DEGREE. 36 37 Arson which is not arson in the first or second 38 degree is arson in the second third degree when the 39 property which the defendant intends to destroy or 40 damage, or which the defendant knowingly endangers, is 41 a building or a structure, or real property of any 42 kind, or standing crops, or is personal property the 43 value of which exceeds five hundred dollars. Arson in 44 the second third degree is a class "C" felony. Section 712.4, Code 1989, is amended to 45 Sec. 46 read as follows: · 47 712.4 ARSON IN THE THERE FOURTH DEGREE. .48 Arson which is not arson in the first, second, or ,49 third degree or-arson-in-the-second-degree is arson in 450 the third fourth degree. Arson in the third fourth -1-

S~5658 S. S. Page 2 1 degree is an aggravated misdemeanor." 3. Page 24, line 5, by inserting after the words 3 "arson in the first" the following: "or second". 4. Page 24, line 11, by inserting after the words 4 5 "arson in the first" the following: "or second". 6 5. Renumber as necessary. By MARK R. HAGERLA S-5658 FILED MARCH 22, 1990 RULED OUT OF ORDER (7/ 1253) SENATE FILE 2413 S-5659 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 2 1. Page 35, by inserting after line 7, the 3 following: "Sec. 4 5 The Code editor shall redesignate sections 321L.1 6 and 321L.2, as enacted in this Act, in a new or 7 different chapter so that these sections do not 8 conflict with sections 321L.1 and 321L.2 as enacted 9 during the 1989 session of the general assembly and as 10 appear in the 1989 Code Supplement." 11 2. Renumber as necessary. By MICHAEL E. GRONSTAL RICHARD F. DRAKE S-5659 FILED MARCH 22, 1990 ADOPTED (4.1252) SENATE FILE 2413 S-5662 1 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: Page 10, by inserting after line 28, the 2 1. 3 following: 4 "Sec. _. Section 232.52, Code 1989, is amended 5 by adding the following new subsection: 6 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 8. In addition to any other order 7 of the juvenile court, if a person under age eighteen 8 who is found in a judicial proceeding to have 9 committed a criminal offense involving the possession 10 or use of alcohol or a controlled substance, or an act 11 involving alcohol or a controlled substance committed 12 by a minor which would be a criminal offense if 13 committed by an adult, the juvenile court may order 14 the state department of transportation to revoke the 15 motor vehicle license or delay the time at which a 16 person would otherwise be eligible for an motor 17 vehicle license or a learner's permit for a period of 18 up to one year." 19 2. Renumber as necessary. By MAGGIE' TINSMAN JOY CORNING RICHARD VARN CALVIN O. HULTMAN MICHAEL E. GRONSTAL S-5662 FILED MARCH 22, 4990 LOST (p 1253)

MAKCH 23, 1990

Page 9

STRAID COIL SUDDI

--- Judiciony 3/23 men pur 5935 . D. Por- 3/28

SENATE FILE <u>2413</u> BY HUTCHINS

(COMPANION TO LSB 8412YH BY ARNOULD)

S.F. 2413

(AS AMENDED AND PASSED BY THE SENATE MARCH 22, 1990)

Passed Senate, Date <u>Sen over for</u> Passed House, Date <u>4/3/90 (p.1830)</u> Vote: Ayes <u>Confermination</u> Vote: Ayes <u>92</u> Nays <u>2</u> Approved <u>May 6, 1990</u>

A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to certain specific crimes and the disposition of 2 offenders by providing for payment of sexual abuse medical 3 examinations, providing for workers' compensation coverage and 4 the liability of certain persons performing community service, 5 providing for notification of the parents of persons under age eighteen discovered to be in possession of alcohol or drugs, 6 7 providing for a term of confinement for distribution of 8 illegal drugs within one thousand feet of a public park, providing for the reporting and identification of certain 9 precursor drugs, providing for the disposition of certain 10 ₩11 juvenile offenders, establishing institutional reading room 12 requirements, providing for the diversion of certain offenders 13 to treatment facilities, providing that certain persons 14 serving mandatory minimum sentences serve a portion of their 15 sentence on work release, establishing a penalty for certain 16 persons who cause a serious injury to another while operating 17 a motor vehicle, providing for certain offenders to serve 18 their sentence on consecutive days, providing for 19 posttreatment services as a condition of probation, establishing a tax on marijuana and controlled substances, 20 21 providing an expansion of the busiless deduction for

businesses employing individuals on parole, probation, work release, or convicted of a felony, establishing penalties for participation in criminal gang activity, providing for the nonbailability of certain offenders, providing requirements for presentence investigations, providing for early release of offenders participating in certain treatment or for certain property offenders, making certain changes relating to conditions of parole and work release, authorizing parole and probation officers to discharge certain offenders, making certain changes relating to the victim reparation program, establishing a pilot project for the chemical testing of persons arrested for felony offenses, and providing penalties. 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: New Language by the Senate * = Language Stricken by the Senate Confirme Committee appointed Denatorie Gronatel (Chain, Doyle, Varn, Fuelman, + Hagerla (p. 1601) Repris Jay (Chain), Peterson, Chergan, & Front Passed a/w Conference Committee Depart Genete 4/8/90(p. 1745) Hour 4/5/90(p. 2396) 41-4 84-0 SF 2413

mj/cc/26

Section 1. Section 13.31, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 2 by adding the following new subsection:

3 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 5. Administer payment for sexual abuse 4 medical examinations pursuant to section 709.10.

5 Sec. 2. Section 25A.2, subsection 3, Code Supplement 1989, 6 is amended to read as follows:

7 3. "Employee of the state" includes any one or more 8 officers, agents, or employees of the state or any state 9 agency, including members of the general assembly, and persons 10 acting on behalf of the state or any state agency in any 11 official capacity, temporarily or permanently in the service 12 of the state of Iowa, whether with or without compensation but 13 does not include a contractor doing business with the state. 14 Professional personnel, including physicians, osteopathic 15 physicians and surgeons, osteopathic physicians, optometrists 16 and dentists, who render services to patients and inmates of 17 state institutions under the jurisdiction of the department of 18 human services or the Iowa department of corrections are to be 19 considered employees of the state, whether the personnel are 20 employed on a full-time basis or render services on a part-21 time basis on a fee schedule or other arrangement. Criminal 22 defendants while performing unpaid community service ordered 23 by the district court, board of parole, or judicial district 24 department of correctional services are to be considered

25 employees of the state.

26 Sec. 3. Section 85.59, unnumbered paragraphs 2, 4, and 5, 27 Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

For purposes of this section, "inmate" includes a person who is performing unpaid community service under sections 30 907-13-and-910-2 the direction of the district court, board of 31 parole, or judicial district department of correctional 32 services, or who is performing a work assignment of value to 33 the state or to the public under chapte: 232.

34 If an inmate is permanently incapacitated by injury in the 35 performance of the inmate's work in connection with the



-1-

1 maintenance of the institution or in an industry maintained in 2 the institution, while on detail to perform services on a 3 public works project, or is permanently or temporarily 4 incapacitated in connection with the performance of unpaid 5 community service under sections-907-13-and-910+2 the 6 direction of the district court, board of parole, or judicial 7 district department of correctional services, or who is 8 performing a work assignment of value to the state or to the 9 public under chapter 232, that inmate shall be awarded only 10 the benefits provided in section 85.27 and section 85.34, 11 subsections 2 and 3. The weekly rate for such permanent 12 disability is equal to sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the 13 state average weekly wage paid employees as determined by the 14 department of employment services under section 96.19, 15 subsection 42, and in effect at the time of the injury. 16 Weekly compensation benefits under this section may be 17 determined prior to the inmate's release from the institution, 18 but payment of benefits to an inmate shall commence as of the 19 time of the inmate's release from the institution either upon 20 parole or final discharge. However, if the inmate is awarded 21 benefits for an injury incurred in connection with the 22 performance of unpaid community service under sections-907-13 23 and-910-2 the direction of the district court, board of 24 parole, or judicial district department of correctional 25 services, or who is performing a work assignment of value to 26 the state or to the public under chapter 232, weekly 27 compensation benefits under this section shall be determined 28 and paid as in other workers' compensation cases. 29 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 123.478 PARENTAL NOTIFICATION --30 PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE. 31 If a peace officer detains a person under the age of 32 eighteen and discovers that the person is in possession of 33 alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer in violation of section 34 123.47, the law enforcement agency of which the peace officer

-2-

35 is an employee shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the

S.F. <u>2413</u> H.F. ____

1 person's custodial parent or legal guardian of such 2 possession, whether or not the person is arrested or a 3 citation is issued pursuant to section 805.16, unless the 4 officer has reasonable grounds to believe that such 5 notification is not in the best interests of the person or

6 will endanger that person. A reasonable attempt to notify the 7 person includes but is not limited to a telephone call or 8 notice by first class mail.

9 Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204.401A DISTRIBUTION TO PERSONS ON 10 CERTAIN REAL PROPERTY.

In addition to any other penalties provided in this 12 chapter, a person who is eighteen years of age or older who 13 unlawfully distributes a substance or counterfiet substance 14 listed in schedule I or II which is a narcotic or cocaine, or 15 a simulated controlled substance represented to be a narcotic 16 or cocaine classified in schedule I or II, to another person 17 who is eighteen years of age or older in or on, or within one 18 thousand feet of the real property comprising a public or 19 private elementary or secondary school, or in or on the real 20 property comprising a public park, may, at the judge's dis-21 cretion, be sentenced up to an additional term of confinement 22 of five years.

23 Sec. 6. Section 204.406, subsection 1, paragraph a, Code 24 Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

a. Unlawfully distributes a substance listed in schedule I
or II, which is a narcotic or cocaine, to a person under
reighteen years of age commits a class "B" felony and shall
serve a minimum term of confinement of five years. However,
if the substance was distributed in or on, or within one
thousand feet of, the real property comprising a public or
private elementary or secondary school, or in or on the real
property comprising a public park, the person shall serve a

34 Sec. 7. Section 204.406, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code 35 Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:



-3-

a. Unlawfully distributes a counterfeit substance listed 1 2 in schedule I or II which is a narcotic or cocaine, or a 3 simulated controlled substance represented to be a narcotic or 4 cocaine classified in schedule I or II, to a person under 5 eighteen years of age commits a class "B" felony. However, if 6 the substance, was distributed in or on, or within one thousand 7 feet of, the real property comprising a public or private 8 elementary or secondary school, or in or on the real property 9 comprising a public park, the person shall serve a minimum 10 term of confinement of ten years. 11 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 204.415 PARENTAL NOTIFICATION --12 PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE. If a peace officer detains a person under the age of 13 14 eighteen and discovers that the person is in possession of a 15 controlled substance, counterfeit substance, or simulated 16 controlled substance in violation of this chapter, the law 17 enforcement agency of which the peace officer is an employee 18 shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the person's 19 custodial parent or legal guardian of such possession, whether 20 or not the person is arrested, unless the officer has 21 reasonable grounds to believe that such notification is not in 22 the best interests of the person or will endanger that person. 23 A reasonable attempt to notify the person includes but is not 24 limited to a telephone call or notice by first class mail. 25 Sec. 9. NEW SECTION. 204.416 EXCEPTION TO NONBAILABLE 26 OFFENSE. Notwithstanding section 811.1, the court, in its 27 28 discretion, may admit a person convicted of a violation of 29 section 204.401, subsection 1 or 2, or of a violation of 30 section 204.406, to bail if the prosecuting attorney in the 31 action and the defendant's counsel jointly petition the court 32 to admit the person to bail. 33 Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 204B.1 DEFINITIONS. 34 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise re-

35 guires:

-4-

S.F. <u>243</u> H.F.



1 1. "Board" means the board of pharmacy examiners.

2. "Controlled substance" means a controlled substance as
 3 defined in section 204.101.

3. "Practitioner" means a practitioner as defined in5 section 155A.3.

6 4. "Precursor substance" means a substance which may be7 used as a precursor in the illegal production of a controlled8 substance and is specified under section 204B.2.

9 5. "Recipient" means a person in this state who purchases, 10 transfers, or otherwise receives a precursor substance.

11 6. "Vendor" means a person who manufactures, wholesales, 12 retails, or otherwise sells, transfers, or furnishes in this 13 state a precursor substance.

14 Sec. 11. NEW SECTION. 2048.2 REPORTING REQUIRED.

15 1. Effective July 1, 1990, a report to the board shall be 16 submitted in accordance with this chapter by a manufacturer, 17 retailer, or other person who sells, transfers, or otherwise 18 furnishes to any person in this state any of the following 19 substances:

20 a. Anthranilic acid and its salts.

21 b. Benzyl Cyanide.

22 c. Ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of 23 optical isomers.

24 d. Ergonovine and its salts.

25 e. Ergotamine and its salts.

26 f. 3,4 - methylenedioxyphenyl-2-propanone.

27 g. N-acetylanthranilic acid and its salts.

28 h. Norpseudoephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and29 salts of optical isomers.

30 i. Phenylacetic acid and its salts.

31 j. Phenylpropanolamine, its salts, optical isomers, and 32 salts of optical isomers.

33 k. Piperidine and its salts.

Pseudoephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts
 of optical isomers.

-5-

S.F. 2413_ H.F.

1 2. The board shall administer the regulatory provisions of 2 this chapter and may, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 17A, 3 add a substance to or remove a substance from the list in sub-4 section 1. In determining whether to add or remove a 5 substance from the list, the board shall consider the 6 following:

a. The likelihood that the substance may be used as a pre8 cursor in the illegal production of a controlled substance.

9 b. The availability of the substance.

10 c. The appropriateness of including the substance under 11 this chapter or under chapter 204.

12 d. The extent and nature of legitimate uses for the sub-13 stance.

On or before November 1 of each year, the board shall
 inform the general assembly of any substances added, deleted,
 or changed in the list contained in section 204B.2 and shall
 provide an explanation of any addition, deletion, or change.
 Sec. 12. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.3 IDENTIFICATION REQUIRED.

19 1. Before selling, transferring, or otherwise furnishing 20 any substance specified in section 204B.2 to a person in this 21 state, a vendor shall require proper identification from the 22 purchaser.

23 2. For the purposes of this section, in the case of a 24 face-to-face purchase, "proper identification" means all of 25 the following:

a. A motor vehicle operator's license containing the pur27 chaser's photograph and residential or mailing address, other
28 than a post office box number, or any other official state29 issued identification containing this information.

30 b. The motor vehicle license number of the vehicle owned31 or operated by the purchaser.

32 c. A letter of authorization from the person who is making 33 the purchase. The letter shall include the person's business 34 license number and business address, a description as to how 35 the substance will be used, and the purchaser's signature.

-6-

The vendor shall affix the vendor's signature as a witness to
 the signature and identification of the purchaser.

3 3. The board shall provide by rule for the form of proper 4 identification required for purchases which are not face to 5 face.

6 4. A person who violates this section or rules adopted7 pursuant to this section commits a simple misdemeanor.

8 Sec. 13. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.4 VENDOR REPORTING.

9 1. At least twenty-one days prior to the delivery of a 10 precursor substance to a recipient, the vendor shall submit a 11 report of the transaction to the board. The report must 12 contain the identification information specified under section 13 204B.3. However, if regular, repeated transactions of a 14 particular precursor substance occur between the vendor and 15 the recipient, the board may authorize the vendor to report 16 the transactions monthly if either of the following conditions 17 exists:

18 a. A pattern of regular supply of the precursor substance19 exists between the vendor and the recipient.

20 b. The recipient has established a record of lawfully 21 using the precursor substance.

22 2. A vendor who does not submit a report pursuant to this23 section commits a serious misdemeanor.

24 Sec. 14. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.5 RECEIPT OF SUBSTANCE FROM 25 OUTSIDE THE STATE -- PENALTY.

26 1. A vendor, recipient, or other person required to report 27 pursuant to this chapter who receives a precursor substance 28 from a source outside the state shall submit a report to the 29 board pursuant to rules adopted by the board.

30 2. A person who does not submit a report required under31 this section commits a serious misdemeanor.

32 Sec. 15. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 2048.6 EXCEPTIONS.

33 The requirements of sections 204B.2 through 204B.5 do not 34 apply to any of the following:

35 1. A licensed pharmacist or other person authorized under



1 chapter 155A to sell or furnish a precursor substance upon the 2 prescription of a practitioner.

3 2. A practitioner who administers or furnishes a precursor4 substance to a patient.

5 3. A vendor who holds a permit issued by the board and who 6 sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes a precursor substance 7 to a practitioner or a pharmacy as defined in section 155A.3. 8 4. A sale, transfer, furnishing, or receipt of a drug con-9 taining ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine or 10 of a cosmetic containing a precursor substance if the drug or 11 cosmetic is lawfully sold, transferred, or furnished over the 12 counter without a prescription in accordance with chapter 13 203B.

14 Sec. 16. NEW SECTION. 204B.7 REPORTING FORM.

15 1. The board shall adopt rules prescribing a common form 16 for the filing of reports required under this chapter. The 17 rules shall provide that the information which must be 18 submitted shall include but is not limited to all of the 19 following:

20 a. The name of the precursor substance.

b. The quantity of the precursor substance sold,transferred, or furnished.

c. The date the precursor substance was sold, transferred,24 or furnished.

25 d. The name and address of the recipient.

26 e. The name and address of the vendor.

Reports authorized under subsection 1 may be computer generated and submitted monthly in accordance with rules
 adopted by the board.

30 Sec. 17. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.8 MISSING QUANTITY -- RE-31 PORTING.

32 A person who is required to report to the board pursuant to 33 this chapter or a person listed as an exception under section 34 204B.6 shall report to the board either of the following 35 occurrences within seven days of knowledge of the loss or

-8-

S.F. <u>2413</u> H.F.

1 occurrence:

2 1. Loss or theft of a precursor substance.

2. A difference between the amount of a precursor
4 substance shipped and the amount of a precursor substance
5 received. If applicable, the report shall include the name of
6 the person who transported the precursor substance and the
7 date of shipment.

8 Sec. 18. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.9 SALE, TRANSFER, FURNISHING,
9 OR RECEIPT FOR UNLAWFUL PURPOSE -- PENALTY.

10 1. A person who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes a 11 precursor substance with knowledge or the intent that the 12 recipient will use the precursor substance to unlawfully manu-13 facture a controlled substance commits a class "C" felony.

14 2. A person who receives a precursor substance with intent 15 to use the substance unlawfully to manufacture a controlled 16 substance commits a class "C" felony.

Sec. 19. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.10 FALSE STATEMENT --PENALTY. A person who knowingly makes a false statement in connection with any report or record required to be made under this chapter commits an aggravated misdemeanor.

21 Sec. 20. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.11 PERMIT REQUIREMENTS --22 PENALTY.

1. A vendor or a recipient who receives a precursor substance from a source outside the state shall obtain a permit for the transaction from the board. However, a permit is not required of a vendor of a drug containing ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine or of a cosmetic that contains a precursor substance if the drug or cosmetic is lawfully sold, transferred, or furnished either over the counter without a prescription in accordance with chapter 203B or with a prescription pursuant to chapter 155A.

32 2. An application for a permit shall be filed in writing 33 and signed by the applicant, and shall set forth the name of 34 the applicant, the business in which the applicant is engaged, 35 the business address of the applicanc, and a full description

-9-

1 of any precursor substance sold, transferred, or otherwise
2 furnished or received.

3 3. The board may grant a permit on a form adopted by rule. 4 A permit shall be effective for not more than one year from 5 the date of issuance.

6 4. An applicant shall pay, at the time of filing an 7 application, a permit fee determined by the board.

8 5. A permit granted under this chapter may be annually re-9 newed on a date to be determined by the board pursuant to 10 rule, upon the filing of a renewal application and the payment 11 of a permit renewal fee.

12 6. Permit fees charged by the board shall not exceed the 13 costs incurred by the board in administering this chapter. 14 7. Selling, transferring, or otherwise furnishing, or re-15 ceiving a precursor substance without a permit obtained 16 pursuant to this section is a serious misdemeanor.

17 Sec. 21. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204B.12 PERMIT -- REFUSAL,
18 SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION.

19 The board shall refuse, suspend, or revoke a permit upon 20 finding that any of the following conditions exist: 21 1. The permit was obtained through fraud, misrepresenta-22 tion, or deceit.

23 2. The permittee has violated or has permitted any 24 employee of the permittee to violate any of the laws of this 25 state relating to drugs, controlled substances, cosmetics, or 26 nonprescription drugs, or has violated this chapter, a rule 27 adopted pursuant to this chapter, or any other rule of the 28 board.

29 Sec. 22. Section 232.8, Code 1989, is amended by adding 30 the following new unnumbered paragraph:

31 <u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. In a proceeding concerning a 32 child who is alleged to have committed a second delinquent act 33 or a second violation excluded from the jurisdiction of the 34 juvenile court, the court or the juvenile court shall 35 determine whether there is reason to believe that the child

-10-

S.F. <u>2413</u> H.F.

1 regularly abuses alcohol or other controlled substance and may 2 be in need of treatment. If the court so determines, the 3 court shall advise appropriate juvenile authorities and refer 4 such offenders to the juvenile court for disposition pursuant 5 to section 232.52A.

6 Sec. 23. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 232.52A DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN
7 JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

8 In addition to any other order of the juvenile court, a 9 person under age eighteen, who may be in need of treatment as 10 determined under section 232.8, may be ordered to participate 11 in an alcohol education or evaluation program approved by the 12 juvenile court. If recommended after evaluation, the court 13 may also order the person to participate in a treatment 14 program approved by the court. The juvenile court may also 15 require the custodial parent or parents or other legal 16 guardian to participate in an educational program with the 17 person under age eighteen if the court determines that such 18 participation is in the best interests of the person under age 19 eighteen.

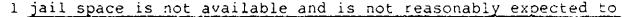
★ 20 Sec. 24. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 246.310A INSTITUTION READING 21 ROOMS.

The director shall, as necessary, provide for the provision 22 23 of suitable space and reading materials for inmates. Such 24 space shall be located so that any visitors, other than those 25 authorized pursuant to section 246.512, shall not be able to 26 view the space or the materials located within that space. Sec. 25. Section 246.513, subsection 1, unnumbered 27 28 paragraph 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 29 The department of corrections in cooperation with judicial 30 district departments of correctional services shall establish 31 in each judicial district bed space for the confinement and 32 treatment of offenders convicted of violating chapter 321J who 33 are sentenced to the custody of the director. The department 34 of corrections shall develop standardized assessment criteria 35 for the assignment of offenders to a facility established

-11-

......

1 pursuant to this section. The offender shall be assigned by 2 the director to a facility pursuant to section 3213.2, 3 subsection 2, paragraph "c", unless initial medical treatment 4 is necessary or there is insufficient space to accommodate the 5 person. The offenders shall first be assigned to the Iowa 6 medical classification facility at Oakdale for classification 7 and-after-classification-may-be-assigned-to if medical 8 treatment is necessary or if the offender fails to 9 satisfactorily perform in a treatment program conducted in a 10 residential facility operated by any a judicial district 11 department of correctional services. The offender shall be 12 assigned to an institution following classification. The 13 facilities established shall meet all the following 14 requirements: 15 Sec. 26. NEW SECTION. 246.902 WORK RELEASE -- PERSONS 16 SERVING MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE. 17 An inmate serving a mandatory minimum sentence of one year 18 or more, who is approved to participate in the work release 19 program, shall serve the final six months of the inmate's 20 sentence participating in the program. 21 Sec. 27. 22 Sections 28 and 29 of this Act, creating a new chapter 23 321L, shall be known and may be cited as "Consecutive Days 24 Served in County Jails for Convictions of Second and 25 Subsequent Violations of Chapter 321J and Treatment for those 26 Convicted". 27 Sec. 28. NEW SECTION. 321L.1 MINIMUM SENTENCE FOR 28 CERTAIN OFFENDERS. 29 A minimum term of imprisonment in a county jail or 30 community-based correctional facility imposed on a person 31 convicted of a second or subsequent offense under section 32 321J.2, subsection 2, paragraph "b" or "c", shall be served on 33 consecutive days. However, if the sentencing court finds that 34 service of the full minimum term on consecutive days would 35 work an undue hardship on the person, or finds that sufficient



2 become available within four months after sentencing to

3 incarcerate the person serving the minimum sentence on

4 consecutive days, the court may order the person to serve not

5 less than forty-eight consecutive hours of the minimum term

6 and to perform not less than two hundred forty hours of unpaid 7 community service.

8 Sec. 29. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.2 TREATMENT OF CERTAIN 9 OFFENDERS.

10 A person ordered to attend a course for drinking drivers, 11 or a substance abuse treatment program, upon successfully 12 completing or attending the course or treatment program, shall 13 be placed on probation for six months and as a condition of 14 probation, shall attend a program providing posttreatment 15 services related to drinking or substance abuse as approved by 16 the court.

A defendant who fails to carry out the order of the court or who fails to successfully complete or attend a course for of drinking drivers or an ordered substance abuse treatment program shall, in addition to any other condition of probation, attend a program providing substance abuse prevention services or posttreatment services related to substance abuse as ordered by the court. The person shall report to the person's probation officer as ordered concerning proof of attendance at the treatment program or posttreatment program ordered by the court. Failure to attend or complete the program shall be considered a violation of probation and sis punishable as contempt of court.

29 Sec. 30. <u>NEW SECTION. 421A.1 DEFINITIONS.</u>

30 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise

31 requires:

32 1. "Controlled substance" means controlled substance as 33 defined in section 204.101.

34 2. "Counterfeit substance" means a counterfeit substance 35 as defined in section 204.101.



1	3. "Dealer" means any person who ships, transports, or
2	imports into this state or acquires, purchases, possesses,
3	manufactures, or produces in this state any of the following:
4	a. Seven or more grams of a taxable substance other than
5	marijuana, but including a taxable substance that is a mixture
6	of marijuana and other taxable substances.
7	b. Forty-two and one-half grams or more of a substance
8	consisting of or containing marijuana.
9	c. Ten or more dosage units of a taxable substance which
10	is not sold by weight.
11	However, a person who lawfully ships, transports, cr
12	imports into this state or acquires, purchases, possesses,
13	manufactures, or produces a taxable substance in this state is
14	not considered a dealer.
15	4. "Department" means the department of revenue and
16	finance.
17	5. "Director" means the director of revenue and finance.
18	6. "Dosage unit" means the unit of measurement in which a
19	substance is dispensed to the ultimate user. Dosage unit
20	includes, but is not limited to, one pill, one capsule, or one
21	microdot.
22	7. "Marijuana" means marijuana as defined in section
23	204.101.
24	8. "Simulated controlled substance" means a simulated
25	controlled substance as defined in section 204.101.
26	9. "Taxable substance" means a controlled substance, a
27	counterfeit substance, a simulated controlled substance, or
28	marijuana, or a mixture of materials that contains a
29	controlled substance, counterfeit substance, simulated
30	controlled substance, or marijuana.
31	Sec. 31. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 421A.2 ADMINISTRATIONRULES.
32	The director shall administer this chapter. The director
33	shall collect all taxes, interest, and civil penalties imposed
34	under this chapter and deposit them in the general fund of the
35	state.

`

1	The director may adopt rules under chapter 17A that are
2	necessary to enforce this chapter. The director shall adopt a
3	uniform system of providing, affixing, and displaying official
4	stamps, labels, or other official indicia for taxable
5	substances.
6	Sec. 32. NEW SECTION. 421A.3 TAX PAYMENT REQUIRED FOR
7	POSSESSION PAYMENT DUE.
8	A dealer shall not possess, distribute, or offer to sell a
9	
10	
11	
12	Taxes imposed on taxable substances by this chapter are due
13	and payable immediately upon manufacture, production,
14	acquisition, purchase, or possession by a dealer.
15	If the indicia evidencing the payment of the tax imposed on
16	taxable substances under this chapter have not been affixed,
	the dealer shall have the indicia permanently affixed on the
18	taxable substance immediately after receiving the taxable
	substance. A stamp, label, or other official indicia shall be
20	
21	expiration.
22	
23	For purposes of measurements under this chapter, the weight
24	of a taxable substance shall be measured by its weight in
	metric grams in the dealer's possession. If a taxable
26	substance consists of a mixture containing both marijuana and
27	another substance or combination of substances listed in the
28	definition of taxable substance in section 421A.1, the taxable
29	substance shall be taxed under section 421A.7, subsection 2.
30	Sec. 34. NEW SECTION. 421A.5 DEFENSE OR IMMUNITY.
31	This chapter does not provide in any manner a defense or
32	affirmative defense to or immunity for a dealer from criminal
33	prosecution pursuant to Iowa law.
34	Sec. 35. NEW SECTION. 421A.6 PHARMACEUTICALS.
35	This chapter does not require persons lawfully in



-15-

1 possession of a taxable substance to pay the tax required 2 under this chapter or to purchase, acquire, or affix the 3 scamps, labels, or other official indicia otherwise required 4 by this chapter. 5 Sec. 36. NEW SECTION. 421A.7 TAX IMPOSED --RATE OF TAX. An excise tax is imposed on dealers at the following rates: 6 7 1. On each gram of marijuana, or each portion of a gram, 8 five dollars. 9 2. On each gram or portion of a gram of any taxable 10 substance sold by weight other than marijuana, two hundred 11 fifty dollars. 3. On each ten dosage units of any taxable substance that 12 13 is not sold by weight, or portion thereof, four hundred 14 dollars. Sec. 37. NEW SECTION. 421A.8 PRICE OF STAMPS, LABELS, OR 15 16 OTHER INDICIA. 17 Stamps, labels, or other official indicia to be affixed to 18 a taxable substance indicating the payment of the excise tax 19 shall be obtained and purchased from the department. The 20 dealer shall pay the entire excise tax listed in section 21 421A.7 at the time of purchase, except as provided in section 22 421A.13, and receive stamps, labels, or other official indicia 23 for the amount paid. However, the minimum purchase price to 24 be paid for any stamps, labels, or indicia shall be two 25 hundred fifteen dollars. 26 Sec. 38. NEW SECTION. 421A.9 ASSESSMENTS ARE JEOPARDY 27 ASSESSMENTS. All assessments of taxes made pursuant to this chapter. 28 29 shall be considered jeopardy assessments or collections as 30 provided in section 422.30. The director shall assess a tax, 31 interest, and applicable penalties based on knowledge or 32 information available to the director; mail to the taxpayer at 33 the taxpayer's last known address or serve in person, a 34 written notice of the amount of tax, interest, and penalty; 35 demand its immediate payment; and, if payment is not

1	immediately made, collect the tax, interest, and penalty by
2	any method prescribed in section 422.30. The period for
3	examination, determination of amount of tax owed, and
4	assessment is unlimited.
5	A person shall not bring suit to enjoin the assessment or
6	collection of any taxes, interest, or penalties imposed by
7	this chapter.
8	The tax, interest, and penalties assessed by the director
9	are presumed to be valid and correctly determined and
10	assessed. The burden is upon the taxpayer to show any
11	incorrectness or invalidity of an assessment. The burden is
	upon the taxpayer to prove that the shipment, transportation,
13	importation, acquisition, purchase, possession, manufacture,
14	or production of a taxable substance was lawful if a
15	taxpayer's status as a dealer is disputed. Any statement
16	filed by the director with the clerk of the district court, or
	any other certificate by the director of the amount of tax,
	interest, and penalties determined or assessed is admissible
19	in evidence and is prima facie evidence of the facts contained
	in the statement.
21	Sec. 39. NEW SECTION. 421A.10 CONFIDENTIAL NATURE OF
22	INFORMATION.
23	Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the director or an
24	employee of the department shall not reveal any information
25	obtained from a dealer; nor shall information obtained from a
26	dealer be used against the dealer in any criminal proceeding,
27	unless the information is independently obtained, except in
28	connection with a proceeding involving taxes due under this
29	chapter from the dealer against whom the tax was assessed.
30	A person who violates this section is guilty of a simple
31	misdemeanor.
32	This section does not prohibit the director from publishing
33	statistics that do not disclose the identity of the dealers.
34	A stamp, label, or other official indicia denoting payment
35	of the tax imposed under this chapter shall not be used



٠



•

-17-

1 against a taxpayer in a criminal proceeding, except that such 2 information may be used against the taxpayer in connection 3 with the administration or civil or criminal enforcement of 4 the tax imposed under this chapter or any similar tax imposed 5 by another state or local unit of government. Sec. 40. NEW SECTION. 421A.11 EXAMINATION OF RECORDS BY 6 7 DIRECTOR -- SUBPOENAS. For the purpose of determining whether or not the dealer 8 9 should have paid taxes, determining the amount of tax that 10 should have been paid, or collecting any taxes under this 11 chapter, the director may examine, or cause to be examined, 12 any books, papers, records, or memoranda that may be relevant 13 to making such determinations, whether the books, papers, 14 records, or memoranda are the property of or in the possession 15 of the dealer or another person. The director may require the 16 attendance of any person having knowledge or information that 17 may be relevant, compel the production of books, papers, 18 records, or memoranda by persons required to attend, take 19 testimony on matters material to the determination, and 20 administer oaths or affirmations. Upon demand of the director 21 or an examiner or investigator, the court shall issue a 22 subpoena for the attendance of a witness or the production of 23 books, papers, records, or memoranda. The director may also 24 issue subpoenas. Disobedience of subpoenas issued under this 25 chapter is punishable by the district court of the county in 26 which the subpoena is issued, or if the subpoena is issued by 27 the director, by the district court of the county in which the 28 party served with the subpoena is located, in the same manner 29 as a contempt of court. 30 The director may petition the district court or a 31 magistrate for an administrative search warrant as authorized 32 by section 808.14 to execute a distress warrant authorized by 33 section 422.26. 34 Sec. 41. NEW SECTION. 421A.12 CIVIL AND CRIMINAL 35 PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF ACT -- INTEREST.

•

.

1	A dealer who violates this chapter is subject to a penalty
2	equal to the amount of the tax imposed by section 421A.7, in
3	addition to the tax imposed by that section. The dealer shall
4	pay interest on the tax and penalty at the rate in effect
5	under section 421.7, counting each fraction of a month as an
6	entire month, computed from the date of assessment through the
7	date of payment. The penalty and interest shall be collected
	as part of the tax.
9	In addition to the civil tax penalty and interest imposed
10	by this section, a dealer distributing, offering to sell, or
11	possessing taxable substances without affixing the appropriate
12	stamps, labels, or other official indicia is guilty of a class
13	"D" felony.
14	A person who possesses, prints, engraves, makes, issues,
15	sells, or circulates a counterfeit taxable substance tax
16	stamp, label, or other official indicia, or places or causes
17	to be placed a counterfeit taxable substance tax stamp, label,
18	or other official indicia on a taxable substance, is guilty of
	a class "D" felony.
20	A person who uses, sells, offers for sale, or possesses for
21	use or sale a previously used or expired taxable substance tax
22	stamp, label, or other official indicia, or attaches or causes
23	to be attached a previously used or expired taxable substance
24	tax stamp, label, or other official indicia to a taxable
25	substance, is guilty of a class "D" felony.
26	Notwithstanding section 802.3, an indictment may be found
27	or information filed upon any criminal offense specified in
28	this chapter, in the proper court, within six years after the
	chip chapter, in the proper court, within Six years after the
29	commission of the offense.
29 30	
30	commission of the offense. Sec. 42. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 421A.13 CREDIT FOR PREVIOUSLY PAID
30	commission of the offense. Sec. 42. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 421A.13 CREDIT FOR PREVIOUSLY PAID
30 31 32	commission of the offense. Sec. 42. NEW SECTION. 421A.13 CREDIT FOR PREVIOUSLY PAID TAXES.
30 31 32 33	commission of the offense. Sec. 42. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 421A.13 CREDIT FOR PREVIOUSLY PAID TAXES. If another state or local unit of government has previously



l	paid to the other state or local unit of government was equal
2	to or greater than the tax imposed under this chapter, no tax
3	is due. The burden is on the taxpayer to show that an excise
4	tax on the taxable substances has been paid to another state
5	or local unit of government.
6	Sec. 43. <u>NEW SECTION</u> . 421A.14 REVISION OF TAXREFUNDS.
7	Sections 421.5, 422.26, 422.28, 422.29, 422.73, subsection
8	2, and 422.74 shall apply to this chapter, except that a
9	refund claim filed later than thirty days from the expiration
10	date of the stamps for which the refund is requested shall not
11	be allowed by the director.
12	
13	AND INFORMATION.
14	The director may request from state, county, and local
15	agencies, information and assistance deemed necessary to
16	administer this chapter. State, county, and local agencies,
17	officers, and employees shall cooperate with the director in
18	identifying dealers and shall, on request, supply the
19	department with available information and assistance which the
20	director deems necessary to administer this chapter,
21	notwithstanding any provisions of law making such information
22	confidential.
23	Sec. 45. Section 422.7, Code Supplement 1989, is amended
	by adding the following new subsection:
25	NEW SUBSECTION. 12A. If the adjusted gross income
26	includes income or loss from a business operated by the
27	taxpayer, and if the business does not qualify for the
28	adjustment under section 422.7, subsection 12, an additional
	deduction shall be allowed in computing the income or loss
	from the business if the business hired for employment in the
	state during its annual accounting period ending with or
32	during the taxpayer's tax year either of the following:
33	a. An individual domiciled in this state at the time of
	the hiring who meets any of the following conditions:
35	 Has been convicted of a felony in this or any other

-20-

S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 state or the District of Columbia.

2 (2) Is on parole pursuant to chapter 906.

3 (3) Is on probation pursuant to chapter 907, for an 4 offense other than a simple misdemeanor.

5 (4) Is in a work release program pursuant to chapter 246,6 division IX.

b. An individual, whether or not domiciled in this state 8 at the time of the hiring, who is on parole or probation and 9 to whom the interstate probation and parole compact under 10 section 907A.1 applies.

11 The amount of the additional deduction is equal to sixty-12 five percent of the wages paid to individuals, but shall not 13 exceed twenty thousand dollars per individual, named in 14 paragraphs "a" and "b" who were hired for the first time by 15 that business during the annual accounting period for work 16 done in the state. This additional deduction is allowed for 17 the wages paid to those individuals successfully completing a 18 probationary period during the twelve months following the 19 date of first employment by the business and shall be deducted 20 at the close of the annual accounting period.

The additional deduction shall not be allowed for wages paid to an individual who was hired to replace an individual whose employment was terminated within the twelve-month period preceding the date of first employment. However, if the individual being replaced left employment voluntarily without good cause attributable to the employer or if the individual was discharged for misconduct in connection with the individual's employment as determined by the division of job service of the department of employment services, the additional deduction shall be allowed.

31 A taxpayer who is a partner of a partnership or a 32 shareholder of a subchapter S corporation, may deduct that 33 portion of wages qualified under this subsection paid by the 34 partnership or subchapter S corporation based on the 35 taxpayer's pro rata share of the profits or losses from the

-21-

1 partnership or subchapter S corporation.

2 The department shall develop and distribute information 3 concerning the deduction available for businesses employing 4 persons named in paragraphs "a" and "b".

5 Sec. 46. Section 422.35, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 6 by adding the following new subsection:

7 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 6A. If the taxpayer is a business 8 corporation and does not qualify for the adjustment under 9 section 422.35, subsection 6, subtract an amount equal to 10 sixty-five percent of the wages paid to individuals, but shall 11 not exceed twenty thousand dollars per individual, named in 12 paragraphs "a" and "b" who were hired for the first time by 13 the taxpayer during the tax year for work done in this state: 14 a. An individual domiciled in this state at the time of 15 the hiring who meets any of the following conditions:

16 (1) Has been convicted of a felony in this or any other 17 state or the District of Columbia.

18 (2) Is on parole pursuant to chapter 906.

19 (3) Is on probation pursuant to chapter 907, for an20 offense other than a simple misdemeanor.

(4) Is in a work release program pursuant to chapter 246,22 division IX.

23 b. An individual, whether or not domiciled in this state 24 at the time of the hiring, who is on parole or probation and 25 to whom the interstate probation and parole compact under 26 section 907A.1 applies.

This deduction is allowed for the wages paid to the individuals successfully completing a probationary period named in paragraphs "a" and "b" during the twelve months following the date of first employment by the taxpayer and shall be deducted in the tax years when paid.

32 The department shall develop and distribute information 33 concerning the deduction available for businesses employing 34 persons named in paragraphs "a" and "b".

35 Sec. 47. NEW SECTION. 708.11 VEHICULAR ASSAULT.



1 A person commits a class "D" felony when the person 2 unintentionally causes a serious injury to another while 3 operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol 4 or a drug or a combination of such substances or while having 5 an alcohol concentration of .10 or more, in violation of 6 section 321J.2.

7 Sec. 48. Section 709.10, Code 1989, is amended to read as 8 follows:

9 709.10 COST OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION IN CRIMES OF SEXUAL 10 ABUSE.

11 The cost of a medical examination for the purpose of 12 gathering evidence and the cost of treatment for the purpose 13 of preventing venereal disease shall be borne by the Iowa 14 department of public-health justice.

15 Sec. 49. NEW SECTION. 723A.1 DEFINITIONS.

16 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 17 requires:

18 1. "Criminal acts" means any of the following or any 19 combination of the following:

20 a. An offense constituting a violation of section 204.401 21 involving a controlled substance, a counterfeit substance, or 22 a simulated controlled substance.

b. An offense constituting a violation of chapter 71124 involving a robbery or extortion.

c. An offense constituting a violation of section 708.626 involving an act of terrorism.

d. An offense constituting a violation of section 708.8.
e. An offense constituting a violation of section 720.4.
f. Any other offense constituting a forcible felony as

30 defined in section 702.11.

31 2. "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, 32 association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal 33 or informal, having as one of its primary activities the 34 commission of one or more criminal acts, which has an 35 identifiable name or identifying sign or symbol, and whose

S.F. 2413 H.F.

1 members individually or collectively engage in or have engaged 2 in a pattern of criminal gang activity.

3 3. "Pattern of criminal gang activity" means the 4 commission, attempt to commit, conspiring to commit, or 5 solicitation of two or more criminal acts, provided the 6 criminal acts were committed on separate dates or by two or 7 more persons who are members of, or belong to, the same 8 criminal street gang.

9 Sec. 50. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 723A.2 CRIMINAL GANG 10 PARTICIPATION.

11 A person who actively participates in or is a member of a 12 criminal street gang and who willfully aids and abets any 13 criminal act committed for the benefit of, at the direction 14 of, or in association with any criminal street gang, commits a 15 class "D" felony.

16 Sec. 51. Section 811.1, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 17 to read as follows:

18 811.1 BAILABLE AND NONBAILABLE OFFENSES.

All defendants are bailable both before and after 20 conviction, by sufficient surety, or subject to release upon 21 condition or on their own recognizance, except that the 22 following defendants shall not be admitted to bail:

23 1. A defendant awaiting judgment of conviction and 24 sentencing following either a plea or verdict of guilty of a 25 class "A" felony, murder, felonious assault, sexual abuse in 26 the second degree, sexual abuse in the third degree, 27 kidnapping, robbery in the first degree, arson in the first 28 degree, or burglary in the first degree, or any felony 29 included in section 204.401, subsection 1, paragraph "a". 30 2. A defendant appealing a conviction of a class "A" 31 felony, murder, felonious assault, sexual abuse in the second 32 degree, sexual abuse in the third degree, kidnapping, robbery 33 in the first degree, arson in the first degree, or burglary in 34 the first degree, or any felony included in section 204.401, 35 subsection 1, paragraph "a".

<u>3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2, a defendant</u>
 <u>awaiting judgment of conviction and sentencing following</u>
 <u>either a plea or verdict of guilty of, or appealing a</u>
 <u>conviction of, a felony offense under chapter 204 not provided</u>
 <u>for in subsection 1 or 2, is presumed to be ineligible to be</u>
 <u>admitted to bail unless the court determines that such release</u>
 <u>reasonably will not result in the person failing to appear as</u>
 <u>required and will not jeopardize the personal safety of</u>
 <u>another person or persons.</u>

10 Sec. 52. Section 901.2, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code
11 Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

Upon a plea of guilty, a verdict of guilty, or a special verdict upon which a judgment of conviction of a public d offense may be rendered, the court shall receive from the state, from the judicial district department of correctional services, and from the defendant any information which may be offered which is relevant to the question of sentencing. The scourt may consider information from other sources.

19 Notwithstanding section 13.10, the court may determine if the 20 defendant shall be required to provide a physical specimen to 21 be submitted for DNA profiling if the defendant is to be 22 placed on probation or work release. The court shall consider 23 the deterrent effect of DNA profiling, the likelihood of 24 repeated violations by the defendant, and the seriousness of 25 the offense. When funds have been allocated from the general 26 fund of the state, or funds are provided by other public or 27 private sources, the court shall order DNA profiling. The 28 court shall order a presentence investigation when the offense 29 is a class "B," class "C," or class "D" felony. A presentence 30 investigation for a class "B," class "C," or class "D" felony 31 shall not be waived. The court may order, with the consent of 32 the defendant, that the presentence investigation begin prior 33 to the acceptance of a plea of guilty, or prior to a verdict 34 of guilty. The court may order a presentence investigation 35 when the offense is an aggravated or serious misdemeanor.

-25-

1 Notwithstanding section 901.3, a presentence investigation 2 ordered by the court for a serious misdemeanor shall include 3 information concerning only the following: 1. The defendant's characteristics, family and financial 4 5 circumstances, needs, and potentialities, including the 6 presence of any previously diagnosed mental disorder. 7 2. The defendant's criminal record and social history. 8 The harm to the victim, the victim's immediate family, 3. 9 and the community, including any completed victim impact 10 statement or statements and restitution plan. Sec. 53. Section 901.3, Code 1989, is amended by adding 11 12 the following new subsection: 13 NEW SUBSECTION. 7. The defendant's potential as a 14 candidate for assignment to a treatment facility pursuant to 15 section 246.513 based upon the standardized assessment 16 criteria developed by the department of corrections. The 17 presentence investigation report shall contain the assessment 18 criteria commencing January 1, 1991. 19 Sec. 54. NEW SECTION. 901.4A SUBSTANCE ABUSE EVALUATION. 20 Upon a plea of guilty, a verdict of guilty, or a special 21 verdict upon which a judgment of conviction may be rendered, 22 the court may order the defendant to submit to and complete a 23 substance abuse evaluation, if the court determines that there 24 is reason to believe that the defendant regularly abuses 25 alcohol or other controlled substances and may be in need of 26 treatment. An order made pursuant to this section may be made 27 in addition to any other sentence or order of the court. Sec. 55. Section 901.3, Code 1989, is amended by adding 28 29 the following new subsection: 30 NEW SUBSECTION. 8. The court may order the defendant to 31 complete any treatment indicated by a substance abuse 32 evaluation ordered pursuant to section 901.4A or any other 33 section. Sec. 56. Section 903A.2, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 34

35 1989, is amended to read as follows:



1 Each inmate of an institution under the Iowa department of 2 corrections, is eligible for a reduction of sentence of one 3 day for each day of good conduct of the inmate while committed 4 to one of the department's institutions. In addition to the 5 sentence reduction of one day for each day of good conduct, 6 each inmate is eligible for an additional reduction of 7 sentence of up to five days a month if the inmate participates 8 satisfactorily in employment in the institution, in Iowa state 9 industries, in an inmate employment program established by the 10 director, in a substance abuse program established by the 11 director, or in an inmate educational program approved by the 12 director. Reduction of sentence pursuant to this section may 13 be subject to forfeiture pursuant to section 903A.3. 14 Computation of good conduct time is subject to the following 15 conditions:

16 Sec. 57. Section 906.4, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 17 by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

18 <u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. The board may establish as a 19 condition of a person's parole or work release that the person 20 perform a specified number of hours of unpaid community 21 service.

22 Sec. 58. Section 906.5, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 23 to read as follows:

24 906.5 RECORD REVIEWED -- RULES.

1. Within Except as provided in subsection 2, within one year after the commitment of a person other than a class "A" felon, class "B" felon convicted of murder in the second degree and serving a sentence of more than twenty-five years, or a felon serving a mandatory minimum sentence, other than a class "A" felon, to the custody of the director of the Iowa department of corrections, a member of the board shall interview the person. Thereafter, at regular intervals, not a to exceed one year, the board shall interview the person and department the person's prospects for perole or work release. However, if the registration of a victim prohibits conducting

-27-

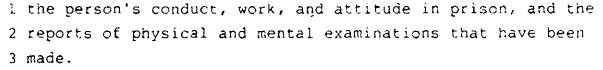
1 a timely interview as provided in this subsection, the 2 interview may be conducted within a reasonable period of time 3 after the one-year period or interval has expired in order to 4 provide the victim notice as provided in section 910A.10, 5 subsection 1, paragraph "a".

Not less than twenty days prior to conducting a hearing at 6 7 which the board will interview the person, the board shall 8 notify the department of corrections of the scheduling of the 9 interview, and the department shall make the person available 10 to the board at the person's institutional residence as 11 scheduled in the notice. However, if health, safety, or 12 security conditions require moving the person to another 13 institution or facility prior to the scheduled interview, the 14 department of corrections shall so notify the board. 15 2. Within six months after the commitment of a person 16 convicted of an offense under chapter 714, 715A, 716, or 716A, 17 a member of the board shall interview the person as provided 18 in subsection 1. The board shall develop a plan for the 19 purpose of early release of such persons when it is determined 20 that a person convicted of such an offense can be released 21 without detriment to the community or to the person.

It is the intent of the general assembly that the board shall implement this plan of early release in an effort to assist in controlling the prison population and assuring prison space for the confinement of offenders whose release would be detrimental to the citizens of this state. The board shall report to the legislative fiscal bureau on a monthly basis concerning the implementation of this plan and the number of inmates paroled pursuant to this plan and the average length of stay of those paroled.

31 2 3. At the time of an interview required under this 32 section, the board shall consider all pertinent information 33 regarding the person, including the circumstances of the 34 person's offense, any presentence report which is available, 35 the previous social history and criminal record of the person,

-28-



3 <u>4</u>. A person while on parole or work release is under the supervision of the district department of correctional
6 services of the district designated by the board of parole.
7 The department of corrections shall prescribe rules for
8 governing persons on parole or work release. The board may
9 adopt other rules not inconsistent with the rules of the
10 department of corrections as the board deems proper or
11 necessary for the performance of its functions.

12 Sec. 59. Section 906.9, Code 1989, is amended to read as 13 follows:

14 905.9 CLOTHING, TRANSPORTATION, AND MONEY.

When an inmate is discharged, paroled, <u>or</u> placed on work release, or-placed-in-a-community-based-correctional-program render-section-246.513, the warden or superintendent shall furnish the inmate, at state expense, appropriate clothing and ransportation to the place in this state indicated in the inmate's discharge, parole, <u>or</u> work release plan, or community-based-corrections-assignment. When an inmate is discharged, paroled, <u>or</u> placed on work release, or-placed-in-a community-based-correctional-program-under-section-246.5137 the warden or superintendent shall provide the inmate, at state expense, money in accordance with the following schedule:

Upon discharge or parole, one hundred dollars.
 Upon being placed on work release, fifty dollars.

3. Upon going from an educational work release to parole
 30 or discharge, fifty dollars.

31 4---Upon-being-placed-in-a-community-based-correctional 32 program-under-section-246-5137-fifty-dollars-

Those inmates receiving payment under subsection 2τ or 3τ 34 or-4 shall not be eligible for payment under subsection 1 35 unless they are returned to the institution. The warden or



-29-

1 superintendent shal: maintain an account of all funds expended
2 pursuant to this section.

3 Sec. 60. Section 906.15, Code 1989, is amended to read as 4 follows:

5 906.15 DISCHARGE FROM PAROLE.

6 Unless sooner discharged, a person released on parole shall 7 be discharged when the person's term of parole equals the 8 period of imprisonment specified in the person's sentence, 9 less all time served in confinement. Discharge from parole 10 may be granted prior to such time, when an early discharge is 11 appropriate. The board shall periodically review all paroles, 12 and when it-shall-determine the board determines that any 13 person on parole is able and willing to fulfill the 14 obligations of a law-abiding citizen without further 15 supervision, it the board shall discharge the person from 16 parole. A parole officer shall periodically review all 17 paroles assigned to the parole officer, and when the parole 18 officer determines that any person assigned to the officer is 19 able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a law-abiding 20 citizen without further supervision, the officer may discharge 21 the person from parole after notification and approval of the 22 district director and notification of the board of parole. ĭn 23 either any event, discharge from parole shall terminate the 24 person's sentence. However, a person convicted of a violation 25 of section 709.3, 709.4 or 709.8 committed on or with a child 26 shall not be discharged from parole until the person's term of 27 parole equals the period of imprisonment specified in the 28 person's sentence, less all time served in confinement. 29 A parole officer or the district director who acts in 30 compliance with this section is acting in the course of the 31 person's official duty and is not personally liable, either 32 civilly or criminally, for the acts of a person discharged 33 from parole by the officer after such discharge, unless the 34 discharge constitutes willful disregard of the person's duty. 35 Sec. 61. Section 907.9, Code 1989, is amended to read as

1 follows:

907.9 DISCHARGE FROM PROBATION. 2

At any time that the court determines that the purposes of 3 4 probation have been fulfilled, the court may order the 5 discharge of a person from probation. At any time that a 6 probation officer determines that the purposes of probation 7 have been fulfilled, the officer may order the discharge of a 8 person from probation after approval of the district director, 9 and notification of the sentencing court and county attorney 10 who prosecuted the case. The sentencing judge, unless the 11 judge is no longer serving or is otherwise unable to, may 12 order a hearing on its own motion, or shall order a hearing 13 upon the request of the county attorney, for review of such 14 discharge. If the sentencing judge is no longer serving or 15 unable to order such hearing, the chief judge of the district 16 or the chief judge's designee shall order any hearing pursuant 17 to this section. Following the hearing, the court shall 18 approve or rescind such discharge. If a hearing is not 19 ordered within thirty days after notification by the probation 20 officer, the person shall be discharged and the probation 21 officer shall notify the state court administrator of such 22 discharge. At the expiration of the period of probation, in 23 cases where the court fixes the term of probation, the court 24 shall order the discharge of the person from probation, and 25 the court shall forward to the governor a recommendation for 26 or against restoration of citizenship rights to that person. 27 A person who has been discharged from probation shall no 28 longer be held to answer for the person's offense. Upon 29 discharge from probation, if judgment has been deferred under 30 section 907.3, the court's criminal record with reference to 31 the deferred judgment shall be expunded. The record 32 maintained by the state court administrator as required by 33 section 907.4 shall not be expunded. The court's record shall 34 not be expunged in any other circumstances. 35

A probation officer who acts in compliance with this

-31-

1 section is acting in the course of the person's official duty 2 and is not personally liable, either civilly or criminally, 3 for the acts of a person discharged from probation by the 4 officer after such discharge, unless the discharge constitutes 5 willful disregard of the person's duty. Sec. 62. Section 910.1, subsection 1, Code 1989, is 6 7 amended to read as follows: 8 1. "Victim" means any a person who has suffered pecuniary 9 damages as a result of the offender's criminal activities. 10 However, for purposes of this chapter, an insurer is not a 11 victim and does not have a right of subrogation. The crime 12 victim reparation program is not an insurer for purposes of 13 this chapter, and the right of subrogation provided by section 14 912.12 does not prohibit restitution to the crime victim 15 reparation program. Sec. 63. Section 910.1, subsection 4, Code 1989, is 16 17 amended to read as follows: 4. "Restitution" means payment of pecuniary damages to a 18 19 victim in an amount and in the manner provided by the 20 offender's plan of restitution. Restitution shall also 21 include includes the payment of crime victim assistance 22 reimbursements, court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees 23 or the expense of a public defender, and the performance of a 24 public service by an offender in an amount set by the court 25 when the offender cannot reasonably pay all or part of the 26 court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees or the expense of 27 a public defender. Sec. 64. Section 910.2, Code 1989, is amended to read as 28 29 follows: 30 910.2 RESTITUTION OR COMMUNITY SERVICE TO BE ORDERED BY 31 SENTENCING COURT. 32 In all criminal cases except simple misdemeanors under 33 chapter 321, in which there is a plea of guilty, verdict of 34 guilty, or special verdict upon which a judgment of conviction 35 is rendered, the sentencing court shall order that restitution

-32-



1 be made by each offender to the victims of the offender's 2 criminal activities and, if the court so orders and to the 3 extent that the offender is reasonably able to do so, for 4 crime victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, court-5 appointed attorney's fees or the expense of a public defender 6 when applicable. However, victims shall be paid in full 7 before restitution is paid for crime victim assistance 8 reimbursement, court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees or 9 for the expense of a public defender. In structuring a plan 10 of restitution, the court shall provide for payments in the 11 following order of priority: victim, crime victim assistance 12 reimbursement, court costs, and court-appointed attorney's 13 fees or the expense of a public defender. When the offender 14 is not reasonably able to pay all or a part of the crime 15 victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, court-appointed 16 attorney's fees or the expense of a public defender, the court 17 may require the offender in lieu of that portion of the crime 18 victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, court-appointed 19 attorney's fees, or expense of a public defender for which the 20 offender is not reasonably able to pay, to perform a needed 21 public service for a governmental agency or for a private, 22 nonprofit agency which provides a service to the youth, 23 elderly or poor of the community. When community service is 24 ordered, the court shall set a specific number of hours of 25 service to be performed by the offender. The judicial 26 district department of correctional services shall provide for 27 the assignment of the offender to a public agency or private 28 nonprofit agency to perform the required service. 29 Sec. 65. Section 910A.7A, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 30 to read as follows: 31 910A.7A NOTIFICATION BY CLERK-OF-THE-SUPREME-COURT

32 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

33 The elerk-of-the-supreme-court <u>department of justice</u> shall 34 notify a registered victim of all dispositional orders of a 35 case currently on appeal in which the victim was involved.

-33-

Sec. 66. Section 912.1, subsection 3, Code Supplement
 1989, is amended to read as follows:

3. "Crime" means conduct that occurs or is attempted in 3 4 this state, poses a substantial threat of personal injury or 5 death, and is punishable as a felony,-an-aggravated 6 misdemeanor; or a-serious misdemeanor, or would be so 7 punishable but for the fact that the person engaging in the 8 conduct lacked the capacity to commit the crime under the laws 9 of this state. "Crime" does not include conduct arising out 10 of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, 11 motorcycle, motorized bicycle, train, boat, or aircraft except 12 for violations of section 321J.2 or when the intention is to 13 cause personal injury or death. A plea or verdict of guilty 14 of a charge under section 321J.2 or a license revocation under 15 section 321J.9 or 321J.12 shall be considered by the 16 department as evidence of a violation of section 321J.2 for 17 the purposes of this chapter.

18 Sec. 67. Section 912.3, subsection 4, Code Supplement 19 1989, is amended to read as follows:

4. Request from the department of human services, the divisions of job service and industrial services of the department of employment services, the attorney-general <u>department of public safety</u>, the county sheriff departments, the municipal police departments, the county attorneys, or other public authorities or agencies reasonable assistance or data necessary to administer the crime victim reparation program.

28 Sec. 68. Section 912.3, subsection 7, Code Supplement 29 1989, is amended by striking the subsection.

30 Sec. 69. Section 912.5, Code Supplement 1989, is amended 31 by adding the following new subsection:

32 <u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 4. To a victim of an act committed 33 outside this state who is a resident of this state, if the act 34 would be compensable had it occurred within this state and the 35 act occurred in a state that does not have an eligible crime

-34-

1 victim compensation program, as defined in the federal Victims 2 of Crime Act of 1984, Pub. L. 98-473, section 1403(b), as 3 amended and codified in 42 U.S.C. § 10602(b).

4 Sec. 70. Section 912.6, subsection 1, Code Supplement 5 1989, is amended to read as follows:

1. Reasonable charges incurred for medical care not to
7 exceed ten thousand <u>five hundred</u> dollars. <u>Reasonable charges</u>
8 incurred for mental health care not to exceed one thousand
9 five hundred dollars which includes services provided by a
10 psychologist licensed under chapter 154B, a person holding at
11 least a master's degree in social work or counseling and
12 guidance, or a victim counselor as defined in section 236A.1.
13 Sec. 71. Section 912.6, subsections 2 and 3, Code
14 Supplement 1989, are amended by striking the subsections.
15 Sec. 72.

A pilot program shall be established for the purpose of determining the extent of drug and alcohol use and abuse among here is any correlation between drug and alcohol abuse and crime in this state, for developing data comparing rural and urban areas in this state, and for developing a comparison with similar data collected in other states. The program shall be under the direction of the drug enforcement and abuse prevention coordinator who shall adopt rules in consultation with the department of public safety to accomplish the purposes as provided in this section.

A peace officer who arrests a person for a felony offense shall request the withdrawal of specimens of the person's plood, breath, or urine for the purpose of administering one or more tests to determine alcohol concentration or the presence of drugs. The person arrested shall consent to such withdrawal unless the presence of alcohol or a drug in the person is a necessary element of the offense charged. Where the presence of alcohol or a drug in the person is a necessary selement of the offense charged, existing provisions relating



S.F. 2413 H.F. 1 to the request for, and taking of, a specimen shall apply. If 2 the presence of alcohol or a drug is not a necessary element 3 of the offense charged, the person shall submit to the 4 withdrawal and the specimen shall be taken pursuant to section 5 321J.11. The results of a test taken pursuant to this section 6 shall not be used in any prosecution of the offense charged 7 and shall not be recorded on the criminal record of the person 8 tested or identified in any way such that the person tested 9 can be identified. The test results shall be identified as to 10 the offense charged, the place of the arrest, the type of drug 11 involved, and the concentration level of the drug. 12 Sec. 73. 13 Chapter 421A, as enacted in this Act, takes effect 14 September 1, 1990. 15 Sec. 74. 16 The Code editor shall redesignate sections 321L.1 and 17 321L.2, as enacted in this Act, in a new or different chapter 18 so that these sections do not conflict with sections 321L.1 19 and 321L.2 as enacted during the 1989 session of the general 20 assembly and as appear in the 1989 Code Supplement. 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35

HOUSE AMENDMENT TO SENATE FILE 2413

S-5888 1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 3 1. Page 1, by inserting after line 4 the 4 following: 5 "Sec. . Section 22.7, subsection 18, paragraph 6 c, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as 7 follows: 8 c. Information contained in the communication is a 9 public record to the extent that it indicates the 10 date, time, specific location, and immediate facts and 11 circumstances surrounding the occurrence of a crime or 12 other illegal act, except to the extent that its 13 disclosure would plainly and seriously jeopardize a 14 continuing investigation, or would pose a clear and 15 present danger to the safety of any person, or would 16 reveal, prior to the filing of an information or 17 indictment as provided in section 802.8, the residence 18 or business address or telephone number of any victim 19 or witness to a violent crime against a person or a 20 crime using a dangerous weapon, as defined in section 21 702.7. In any action challenging the failure of the 22 lawful custodian to disclose any particular 23 information of the kind enumerated in this paragraph, 24 the burden of proof is on the lawful custodian to 25 demonstrate that the disclosure of that information 26 would jeopardize such an investigation, or would pose 27 such a clear and present danger, or would reveal such 28 identifying information prior to the filing of an 29 information or indictment. The communication shall be 30 disclosed after removal of the information which is 31 not to be disclosed pursuant to this paragraph." Page 1, line 24, by inserting after the word 32 2. 33 "services" the following: ", or an inmate providing 34 services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered 35 into pursuant to section 246.703,". 3. Page 1, line 32, by inserting after the word 36 37 "services," the following: "or an inmate providing 38 services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered 39 into pursuant to section 246.703,". 4. Page 2, line 7, by inserting after the word 40 41 "services," the following: "or in connection with the 42 provision of services pursuant to a chapter 28E 43 agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703,". 44 5. Page 2, line 25, by inserting after the word 45 "services," the following: "or in connection with the 46 provision of services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703,". 47 48By striking page 2, line 29 through page 3, 6. 49 line 8. 50 7. Page 3, line 13, by striking the word

Page 4

S-5888 Page 2 1 "counterfiet" and inserting the following: 2 "counterfeit". Page 3, by striking lines 19 through 21, and 3 8. 4 inserting the following: "private elementary, 5 vocational, or secondary school, or a public or 6 private college, junior college, or university, or 7 within one hundred feet of a public park, playground, 8 public or private youth center, public swimming pool, 9 or video arcade facility, may, at the judge's 10 discretion, be sentenced up to an additional term of ll confinement". 12 9. Page 3, by striking lines 31 and 32, and 13 inserting the following: "private elementary, 14 vocational, or secondary school, or a public or 15 private college, junior college, or university, or 16 within one hundred feet of a public park, playground, 17 public or private youth center, public swimming pool, 18 or video arcade facility, the person shall serve a". 19 10. Page 4, by striking lines 8 and 9 and 20 inserting the following: "elementary, vocational, or 21 secondary school, or a public or private college, 22 junior college, or university, or within one hundred 23 feet of a public park, playground, public or private 24 youth center, public swimming pool, or video arcade 25 facility, the person shall serve a minimum". 26 11. Page 4, by striking lines 11 through 24. 27 Page 4, by inserting after line 32 the 12. 28 following: 29 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 204.701 DRUG-RELATED 30 OBJECTS USED IN VIOLATION OF CHAPTER. 1. As used in this section, "drug-related object" 31 32 means a raw material, instrument, device, article, 33 contrivance, or other object commonly used to plant, 34 propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, 35 compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, 36 analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, 37 inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into 38 the human body a controlled substance. Drug-related 39 object includes but is not limited to: 40 a. Kits commonly used in planting, propagating, 41 cultivating, growing, or harvesting a species of plant 42 which is a controlled substance or from which a 43 controlled substance can be derived. 44 Kits commonly used in manufacturing, b. 45 compounding, converting, producing, processing, or 46 preparing controlled substances. 47 c. Isomerization devices commonly used in 48 increasing the potency of a species of plant which is 49 a controlled substance. 50 Testing equipment commonly used in identifying, d.

-2-

чыны чыла опшыл ARKTP 2' TAAN S-5888 Page 3 1 or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness, or purity 2. of a controlled substance. Scales and balances commonly used in weighing 3 e. 4 or measuring a controlled substance. Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine 5 £. 6 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose, and 7 lactose, commonly used in cutting a controlled 8 substance. Separation gins and sifters commonly used in 9 q. 10 removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise ll cleaning or refining, marijuana. 12 Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing h. 13 devices commonly used in compounding a controlled 14 substance. 15 i. Capsules, balloons, envelopes, and other 16 containers commonly used in packaging small quantities 17 of a controlled substance. j. Containers and other objects commonly used in 18 19 storing or concealing a controlled substance. 20 Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects k. 21 commonly used in parenterally injecting a controlled 22 substance into the human body. 23 Objects commonly used in ingesting, inhaling, 1. 24 or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, 25 or hashish oil into the human body, such as: 26 Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, (1)27 or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent 28 screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls. 29 Water pipes. (2) 30 (3) Carburetion tubes and devices. 31 (4) Smoking and carburetion masks. 32 Roach clips, meaning objects commonly used to (5) 33 hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, 34 that has become too small or too short to be held in 35 the hand. 36 Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials. (6) 37 (7) Chamber pipes. 38 (8) Carburetor pipes. 39 (9) Electric pipes. 40 (10)Air-driven pipes. 41 (11)Chillums. 42 (12)Bongs. 43 (13)Ice pipes or chillers. 44 In determining whether an object is commonly 2. 45 used in connection with a controlled substance, a 46 court or other authority may consider, in addition to 47 all other logically relevant factors, the following: Statements by an owner or by anyone in control a. 49 of the object concerning its use. A prior conviction of an owner or of anyone in

-3-

50

b.

48

SENATE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 5, 1990

S-5888 Page 1 control of the object under a state or federal law 2 relating to a controlled substance. 3 The proximity of the object, in time and space, c. 4 to a direct violation of this chapter. 5 The proximity of the object to a controlled d. 6 substance. The existence of a residue of a controlled 7 e. 8 substance on the object. 9 £. Instructions, oral or written, provided with 10 the object concerning its use. 11 g. Descriptive materials accompanying the object 12 which explain or depict its use. 13 National and local advertising concerning its h. 14 use. ľ5 i. The manner in which the object is displayed for 16 sale. 17 j. Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the 18 object, is a legitimate supplier of similar or related 19 items to the community, such as a licensed distributor 20 or dealer of tobacco products. 21 Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio k. 22 of sales of the object to the total sales of the 23 business enterprise. 24 The existence and scope of legitimate uses for 1. 25 the object in the community. 26 m. Expert testimony concerning its use. 27 a. A person shall not use or possess with 3. 28 intent to use a drug-related object to plant, 29 propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, 30 compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, 31 analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, 32 inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into 33 the human body a controlled substance in violation of 34 this chapter. A person who violates this paragraph is 35 guilty of a simple misdemeanor. 36 A person shall not deliver, possess with intent b. 37 to deliver, or manufacture with intent to deliver, a 38 drug-related object intending that the object will be 39 used, and knowing, or under circumstances where one 40 reasonably should know, that the object will be used 41 to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, 42 manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, 43 prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, 44 conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise 45 introduce into the human body a controlled substance 46 in violation of this chapter. A person eighteen years 47 of age or older who violates this paragraph by 48 delivering a drug-related object to a person under 49 eighteen years of age who is at least three years 50 younger than the person delivering the drug-related -4-

Page

1 object is guilty of an aggravated misdemeanor. Any 2 other person who violates this paragraph is guilty of 3 a serious misdemeanor.

A person shall not deliver, possess with intent 4 c. 5 to deliver, or manufacture with intent to deliver, a 6 drug-related object which has no common use other than 7 its use in connection with the use of a controlled 8 substance in violation of this chapter, knowing, or 9 under circumstances where one reasonably should know, 10 that the object will be used to plant, propagate, 11 cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, 12 convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, 13 pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, 14 inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a 15 controlled substance in violation of this chapter. А 16 person eighteen years of age or older who violates 17 this paragraph by delivering a drug-related object, 18 which has no common use other than its use in 19 connection with the use of a controlled substance in 20 violation of this chapter, to a person under eighteen 21 years of age who is at least three years younger than 22 the person delivering the drug-related object is 23 guilty of an aggravated misdemeanor. Any other person 24 who violates this paragraph is guilty of a serious 25 misdemeanor.

26 A person shall not place an advertisement in a d. 27 newspaper, magazine, handbill, or other publication, 28 intending, and knowing, or under circumstances where 29 one reasonably should know, that the purpose of the 30 advertisement, taken as a whole, is to promote the 31 sale in this state of a drug-related object that will 32 be used to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, 33 manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, 34 prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, 35 conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise 36 introduce into the human body a controlled substance 37 in violation of this chapter. A person who violates 38 this paragraph is guilty of a serious misdemeanor." 13. Page 9, line 17, by striking the word "--39 40 PENALTY" and inserting the following: "-- PENALTY". 41 14. Page 10, by inserting after line 28, the 42 following:

43 "Sec. ____. Section 232.2, subsection 6, paragraph 44 d, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as 45 follows:

d. Who has been, or is imminently likely to be,
47 sexually abused by the child's parent, guardian,
48 custodian or other member of the household in which
49 the child resides.
50 Sec. . Section 232.8, subsection 1, unnumbered

Sec. ____. Section 232.8, subsection 1, unnumbered ______



S-5888 Page 1 paragraph 2, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 2 Violations by a child of provisions of chapter 106, 3 106A, 109, 109A, 110, 110A, 110B, 111, 321, or 321G 4 which would be simple misdemeanors if committed by an 5 adult, and violations by a child of county or 6 municipal curfew or traffic ordinances, and-violations 7 by-a-child-of-section-123-477 are excluded from the 8 jurisdiction of the juvenile court and shall be 9 prosecuted as simple misdemeanors as provided by law. 10 The-court-may-advise-appropriate-juvenile-authorities 11 and-may-refer-violations-of-section-123:47-to-the 12 juvenile-court-when-there-is-reason-to-believe-the 13 child-regularly-abuses-alcohol-and-may-be-in-need-of 14 treatment --- The-court-shall-notify-the-parents-or 15 legal-guardians-of-a-child-who-appears-before-it-for-a 16 violation-of-section-123-47- A child convicted of a 17 violation excluded from the jurisdiction of the 18 juvenile court under this unnumbered paragraph shall 19 be sentenced pursuant to section 805.8, where 20 applicable, and pursuant to section 903.1, subsection 21 3, for all other violations." 22 15. Page 11, by inserting after line 5, the 23 following: 24 "Sec. Section 232.19, Code 1989, is amended 25 by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 3. Notwithstanding any other 26 27 provision of this chapter, a child shall not be placed 28 in detention as a result of a violation by that child 29 of section 123.47." Page 11, line 11, by inserting after the word 16. 30 31 "alcohol" the following: "or controlled substance". 32 17. Page 11, by inserting after line 19, the 33 following: 34 "Sec. Section 232.82, Code 1989, is amended 35 to read as follows: 232.82 REMOVAL OF SEXUAL OFFENDERS AND PHYSICAL 36 37 ABUSERS FROM THE RESIDENCE PURSUANT TO COURT ORDER. 38 1. Notwithstanding section 561.15, if it is 39 alleged by a person authorized to file a petition 40 under section 232.87, subsection 2, or by the court on 41 its own motion, that a parent, guardian, custodian, or 42 an adult member of the household in which a child 43 resides has committed a sexual offense with or against 44 the child, pursuant to chapter 709 or section 726.2, 45 or a physical abuse as defined by section 232.2, 46 subsection 38, the juvenile court may enter an ex 47 parte order requiring the alleged sexual offender or 48 physical abuser to vacate the child's residence upon a 49 showing that probable cause exists to believe that the 50 sexual offense or physical abuse has occurred and that -6-

S-5888 Page 1 substantial evidence exists to believe that the 2 presence of the alleged sexual offender or physical 3 abuser in the child's residence presents a danger to 4 the child's life or physical, emotional, or mental 5 health. 6 2. If an order is entered under subsection 1 and a 7 petition has not yet been filed under this chapter, 8 the petition shall be filed under section 232.87 by 9 the county attorney, the department of human services, 10 or a juvenile court officer within three days of the 11 entering of the order. The juvenile court may order on its own motion, 12 3. 13 or shall order upon the request of the alleged sexual 14 offender or physical abuser, a hearing to determine 15 whether the order to vacate the residence should be 16 upheld, modified, or vacated. The juvenile court may 17 in any later child in need of assistance proceeding 18 uphold, modify, or vacate the order to vacate the 19 residence. . Section 232.116, subsection 1, Code 20 Sec. 21 Supplement 1989, is amended by adding a new paragraph: The court finds that both of 22 NEW PARAGRAPH. 1. 23 the following have occurred: The child has been adjudicated a child in need 24 (1)25 of assistance pursuant to section 232.96 after finding 26 that the child has been physically or sexually abused 27 as a result of the acts or omissions of a parent. 28 (2) The parent found to have physically or 29 sexually abused the child has been imprisoned for such 30 abuse against the child, the child's sibling, or any 31 other child in the household and the court finds it is 32 unlikely that the parent will be released within five 33 years." 18. Page 11, line 22, by striking the word 34 35 "shall" and inserting the following: "may". 19. Page 11, by striking line 23, and inserting 36 37 the following: "of suitable space and reading 38 material for inmates. For purposes of this section, 39 "suitable reading materials" does not include material 40 depicting or describing the genitals, sex acts, 41 masturbation, excretory functions, or sadomasochistic 42 abuse which the average person, taking the material as 43 a whole and applying contemporary community standards 44 with respect to what is suitable material for inmates, 45 would find appeals to the prurient interest and is 46 patently offensive; and the material, taken as a 47 whole, lacks serious literary, scientific, political, 48 or artistic value. The director shall consider if the 49 availability or possession of the material represents 50 a potential danger to inmates, the community, or to -7S-5888 Page 1 personnel of the department of corrections. The". 2 20. By striking page 11, line 27, through page 3 12, line 14. 21. Page 12, by inserting after line 14, the 4 5 following: 6 "Sec. . Section 246.514, unnumbered paragraph 7 2, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: "Failure to comply with an order issued pursuant to 8 9 this section may result in the forfeiture of good 10 conduct time, not to exceed one year, earned up to the ll time of the failure to comply. If good conduct time 12 has not been earned, the person may be determined to 13 be ineligible by the department to earn good conduct 14 time for a period of up to three months." 15 22. Page 12, by inserting after line 14, the 16 following: 17 "Sec. . Section 246.703, Code 1989, is amended 18 by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph: NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH. The director may enter 19 20 into a chapter 28E agreement with a county board of 21 supervisors or county conservation board to provide 22 inmate services for environmental maintenance 23 including but not limited to brush and weed cutting, 24 tree planting, and erosion control. The board of 25 supervisors or conservation board shall reimburse the 26 department of corrections for the allowance paid the 27 inmates by the director. The supervision, security, 28 and transportation of inmates used pursuant to the 29 chapter 28E agreement shall be provided by the 30 department of corrections." 23. Page 12, by striking line 20, and inserting 31 "sentence performing labor in the 32 the following: 33 program. Duties, if possible, shall consist of 34 physical labor outside in plain view of the public. 35 However, an inmate shall not be required to perform 36 work which is beyond an inmate's physical ability, 37 which constitutes a physical hardship, or which is 38 dangerous or threatening to the inmate's life or 39 health, medically prohibited, or unduly painful." 24. Page 12, by inserting after line 20, the 40 41 following: "Sec. 101. Section 321.85, Code 1989, is amended 42 43 to read as follows:

321.85 STOLEN VEHICLES OR COMPONENT PARTS. 44 45 1. When a vehicle or component part is seized 46 under section 321.84 or is stolen or embezzled, and is 47 not claimed by the owner before the date on which the 48 person charged with its stealing or embezzling is 49 convicted, the officer having the vehicle or component 50 part in the officer's custody shall, on that date by

-8-

Page

1 certified regular mail, notify the department that the 2 officer has the vehicle or component part in the 3 officer's possession, giving a full and complete 4 description of it, including all vehicle 5 identification numbers and component part numbers. If 6 there is a dispute regarding a claim for the vehicle 7 or component part, the agency holding the vehicle or 8 component part shall conduct an evidentiary hearing to 9 adjudicate the claim. 10 2. If a person claims to be the owner, and there 11 is a dispute as to the claim, the department shall 12 hold an evidentiary hearing within thirty days of 13 receiving the claim. If it is shown that the vehicle 14 or component part is needed as evidence in a criminal 15 prosecution or that further investigation is needed to 16 identify the vehicle or part or its owner, the hearing 17 shall be continued a reasonable amount of time for the 18 completion of the prosecution or investigation. Ιf 19 the person from whom the vehicle or part was seized 20 establishes ownership of a vehicle or part, the 21 vehicle or part shall be returned to the person 22 without imposition of towing or storage fees. 23 3. A claimant may establish ownership of a motor 24 vehicle by demonstrating any of the following: That the claimant is the holder of a valid 25 a. 26 certificate of title, including rebuilt vehicle title, 27 or junking certificate which in fact corresponds to 28 all component parts of the vehicle, or by other 29 competent evidence. Ownership shall not be denied if 30 the only parts bearing numbers not corresponding to 31 the title are those found on the engine, door, or 32 fender of the vehicle unless the numbers are the 33 public vehicle identification number. However, if the 34 claimant cannot establish ownership of the engine, 35 door, or fender pursuant to subsection 4, the part 36 shall not be returned to the claimant. Numbers on 37 motorcycle engine cases are not engine numbers for 38 purposes of this paragraph. 39 That the claimant is the owner of all component b. 40 parts of the vehicle as set forth in subsection 4. 41 That the claimant is the legal owner of the C.

42 vehicle under the laws of another state if the vehicle 43 is registered or titled in that other state. 44 4. A claimant may establish ownership of a 45 component part by demonstrating that the claimant 46 holds a valid certificate of title or junking 47 certificate for the vehicle on which the part was 48 initially installed by the manufacturer, or was placed 49 in accordance with a valid rebuilt vehicle title, or 50 by evidence of a legitimate unbroken chain of -9-



S-5888 Page 10 1 ownership of the part back to the holder of such title 2 or certificate, or by other competent evidence. 3 Ownership of component parts on which the numbers have 4 been altered, defaced, switched, removed, or otherwise 5 disguised shall not be established unless there is 6 sufficient competent or physical evidence identifying 7 it as part of a vehicle owned by the claimant. 8 5. If a claimant establishes ownership of a 9 vehicle, the entire vehicle shall be awarded to the 10 claimant, unless ownership of a door or fender or of 11 the engine is established in another person, in which 12 case that part shall be awarded to that person. If 13 ownership of a vehicle is not established, the 14 component parts shall be awarded to the claimants 15 establishing title to the parts. 6. The final decision shall be served by certified 16 17 mail upon the persons found to be owners of vehicles 18 or parts, and shall notify such persons that the 19 vehicle or part is no longer needed for prosecution or 20 investigation and that they have forty-five days to 21 retrieve the vehicle or part from the agency having 22 custody of the vehicle or part. Failure to do so 23 shall result in the vehicle or part being deemed 24 abandoned for purposes of section 321.89. 25 7. If the ownership of a vehicle or part cannot be 26 established, the agency having custody of the vehicle 27 or part shall proceed as directed in sections 321.86 28 through 321.89. 29 Sec. 102. Section 321.88, Code 1989, is amended to 30 read as follows: 31 321.88 FAILURE OF OWNER TO CLAIM. 32 If the owner does not appear within forty-33 five days, the motor vehicle or component part shall 34 be deemed abandoned and the officer having possession 35 of the motor vehicle or component part shall proceed 36 as provided in section 321.89, subsections 3 and 4. Sec. 103. Section 321.89, Code 1989, is amended by 37 38 adding the following new subsection: 39 NEW SUBSECTION. 5. Component parts not claimed by 40 an owner as provided in section 321.88 shall be 41 disposed of as provided in subsections 3 and 4." 42 25. Page 12, by striking lines 21 through 26 and 43 inserting the following: 44 "Sec. • NEW SECTION. 321L.1 DEFINITIONS. 45 As used in this chapter unless the context 46 otherwise requires: 47 1. "Alcohol concentration" means the number of 48 grams of alcohol per any of the following: a. One hundred milliliters of blood. 49 50 b.

Two hundred ten liters of breath. -10-

S-5888 Page 11 1 Sixty-seven milliliters of urine. c. 2 "Alcoholic beverage" includes alcohol, wine, **√** 2. 3 spirits, beer, or any other beverage which contains 4 ethyl alcohol and is fit for human consumption. 5 "Arrest" includes but is not limited to taking 3. 6 into custody pursuant to section 232.19. "Department" means the state department of 7 4. 8 transportation. 9 5. "Director" means the director of transportation 10 or the director's designee. 11 "Motor vehicle license" means any license or 6. 12 permit issued to a person to operate a motor vehicle 13 in this state, including but not limited to an 14 operator, chauffeur, or motorized bicycle license and 15 an instruction or temporary permit. 16 7. "Peace officer" means: 17 A member of the highway patrol. a. 18 b. A police officer under civil service as 19 provided in chapter 400. 20 c. A sheriff. 21 d. A regular deputy sheriff who has had formal 22 police training. 23 e. Any other law enforcement officer who has 24 satisfactorily completed an approved course relating 25 to motor vehicle operators under the influence of 26 alcoholic beverages at the Iowa law enforcement 27 academy or a law enforcement training program approved 28 by the department of public safety. 29 8. "Serious injury" means a bodily injury which 30 creates a substantial risk of death, or which causes 31 serious permanent disfigurement, or which causes 32 protracted loss or impairment of the function of any 33 bodily organ or major bodily member, or which causes 34 the loss of any bodily member." 35 Page 12, line 27, by striking the figure 26. 36 "321L.1" and inserting the following: "321L.1A". 37 27. Page 12, line 32, by striking the figure 38 "321J.2" and inserting the following: "321L.2A". 39 28. Page 13, by striking lines 10 through 28, and 40 inserting the following: 41 "Failure to attend or complete a course for 42 drinking drivers, or a substance abuse treatment 43 program as ordered by the court is punishable as 44 contempt of court." 45 29. Page 13, by inserting after line 28 the 46 following: 47 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.2A OPERATING WHILE 48 UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR A DRUG OR WHILE 49 HAVING AN ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION OF .08 OR MORE. (OWI) 50 1. A person commits the offense of operating while -11-

S-5888 Page 12 1 intoxicated if the person operates a motor vehicle in 2 this state in either of the following conditions: While under the influence of an alcoholic a. 4 beverage or other drug or a combination of such 5 substances. While having an alcohol concentration as 6 b. 7 defined in section 321L.2 of .08 or more. 8 2. A person who violates this section commits: 9 a. A serious misdemeanor for the first offense and 10 shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less 11 than forty-eight hours to be served as ordered by the 12 court, less credit for any time the person was 13 confined in a jail or detention facility following 14 arrest, and assessed a fine of not less than five 15 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. 16 As an alternative to a portion or all of the fine, the 17 court may order the person to perform not more than 18 two hundred hours of unpaid community service. The 19 court may accommodate the sentence to the work 20 schedule of the defendant. b. An aggravated misdemeanor for a second offense 21 22 and shall be imprisoned in the county jail or 23 community-based correctional facility not less than 24 seven days, which minimum term cannot be suspended 25 notwithstanding section 901.5, subsection 3 and 26 section 907.3, subsection 3, and assessed a fine of 27 not less than seven hundred fifty dollars. A class "D" felony for a third offense and each 28 c. 29 subsequent offense and shall be imprisoned in the 30 county jail for a determinate sentence of not more 31 than one year but not less than thirty days, or 32 committed to the custody of the director of the 33 department of corrections, and assessed a fine of not 34 less than seven hundred fifty dollars. The minimum 35 jail term of thirty days cannot be suspended 36 notwithstanding section 901.5, subsection 3, and 37 section 907.3, subsection 3, however, the person 38 sentenced shall receive credit for any time the person 39 was confined in a jail or detention facility following 40 arrest. If a person is committed to the custody of 41 the director of the department of corrections pursuant 42 to this paragraph and the sentence is suspended, the 43 sentencing court shall order that the offender serve 44 the thirty-day minimum term in the county jail. If 45 the sentence which commits the person to the custody 46 of the director of the department of corrections is 47 later imposed by the court, all time served in a 48 county jail toward the thirty-day minimum term shall

49 count as time served toward the sentence which 50 committed the person to the custody of the director of -12HERTE D' TAAA

S-5888

Page 13

1 the department of corrections. A person convicted of 2 a second or subsequent offense shall be ordered to 3 undergo a substance abuse evaluation prior to 4 sentencing. If a person is convicted of a third or 5 subsequent offense or if the evaluation recommends 6 treatment, the offender may be committed to the 7 custody of the director of the department of 8 corrections, who, if the sentence is not suspended, 9 shall assign the person to a facility pursuant to 10 section 246.513 or the offender may be committed to 11 treatment in the community under the provisions of 12 section 907.6.

No conviction for, deferred judgment for, or 13 3. 14 plea of guilty to, a violation of this section which 15 occurred more than six years prior to the date of the 16 violation charged shall be considered in determining 17 that the violation charged is a second, third, or 18 subsequent offense. For the purpose of determining if 19 a violation charged is a second, third, or subsequent 20 offense, deferred judgments pursuant to section 907.3 21 for violations of this section and convictions or the 22 equivalent of deferred judgments for violations in any 23 other states under statutes substantially 24 corresponding to this section shall be counted as 25 previous offenses. The courts shall judicially notice 26 the statutes of other states which define offenses 27 substantially equivalent to the one defined in this 28 section and can therefore be considered corresponding 29 statutes. Each previous violation shall be considered 30 a separate previous offense without regard to whether 31 each was complete as to commission and conviction or 32 deferral of judgment following or prior to any other 33 previous violation.

34 4. A person shall not be convicted and sentenced 35 for more than one violation of this section if the 36 violation is shown to have been committed by either or 37 both of the means described in subsection 1 in the 38 same occurrence.

39 5. The clerk of court shall immediately certify to 40 the department a true copy of each order entered with 41 respect to deferral of judgment, deferral of sentence 42 or pronouncement of judgment and sentence for a 43 defendant under this section.

6. This section does not apply to a person for operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of a drug if the substance was prescribed for the person and was taken under the prescription and in accordance with the directions of a medical practitioner as defined in chapter 155A, if there is no evidence of the consumption of alcohol and the medical

-13-

S-5888 Page 14 1 practitioner had not directed the person to refrain 2 from operating a motor vehicle. 3 7. In any prosecution under this section, evidence 4 of the results of analysis of a specimen of the 5 defendant's blood, breath, or urine is admissible upon 6 proof of a proper foundation. The alcohol 7 concentration established by the results of an 8 analysis of a specimen of the defendant's blood, 9 breath, or urine withdrawn within two hours after the 10 defendant was driving or in physical control of a 11 motor vehicle is presumed to be the alcohol 12 concentration at the time of driving or being in 13 physical control of the motor vehicle. 14 The court shall order a defendant convicted of 8. 15 or receiving a deferred judgment for a violation of 16 this section to make restitution, in an amount not to 17 exceed two thousand dollars, for damages resulting 18 directly from the violation. An amount paid pursuant 19 to this restitution order shall be credited toward any 20 adverse judgment in a subsequent civil proceeding 21 arising from the same occurrence. However, other than 22 establishing a credit, a restitution proceeding 23 pursuant to this section shall not be given 24 evidentiary or preclusive effect in a subsequent civil 25 proceeding arising from the same occurrence. 9. In any prosecution under this section, the 26 27 results of a chemical test may not be used to prove a 28 violation of paragraph "b" of subsection 1 if the 29 alcohol concentration indicated by the chemical test 30 minus the established margin of error inherent in the 31 device or method used to conduct the chemical test 32 does not equal an alcohol concentration of .08 or 33 more. 34 . NEW SECTION. 321L.3 COURT ORDERED Sec. 35 SUBSTANCE ABUSE EVALUATION OR TREATMENT. 1. On a conviction for a violation of section 36 37 321L.2A, the court may order the defendant to attend a 38 course for drinking drivers under section 321L.22. If 39 the defendant submitted to a chemical test on arrest 40 for the violation of section 321L.2A and the test 41 indicated an alcohol concentration of .20 or higher, 42 or if the defendant is charged with a second or 43 subsequent offense, the court shall order the 44 defendant, on conviction, to undergo a substance abuse 45 evaluation and the court may order the defendant to 46 follow the recommendations proposed in the substance 47 abuse evaluation for appropriate substance abuse 48 treatment for the defendant. Court-ordered substance 49 abuse treatment is subject to the periodic reporting 50 requirements of section 125.86. If a defendant is -14APRIL D, 1990

S-5888

Page 15

1 committed by the court to a substance abuse treatment 2 facility, the administrator of the facility shall 3 report to the court when it is determined that the 4 defendant has received the maximum benefit of 5 treatment at the facility and the defendant shall be 6 released from the facility. The time for which the 7 defendant is committed for treatment shall be credited 8 against the defendant's sentence. The court may 9 prescribe the length of time for the evaluation and 10 treatment or it may request that the area school 11 conducting the course for drinking drivers which the 12 person is ordered to attend or the treatment program 13 to which the person is committed immediately report to 14 the court when the person has received maximum benefit 15 from the course for drinking drivers or treatment 16 program or has recovered from the person's addiction, 17 dependency, or tendency to chronically abuse alcohol 18 or drugs. A person committed under this section who 19 does not possess sufficient income or estate to make 20 payment of the costs of the treatment in whole or in 21 part shall be considered a state patient and the costs 22 of treatment shall be paid as provided in section 23 125.44. A defendant who fails to carry out the order 24 of the court or who fails to successfully complete or 25 attend a course for drinking drivers or an ordered 26 substance abuse treatment program shall be confined in 27 the county jail for twenty days in addition to any 28 other imprisonment ordered by the court or may be 29 ordered to perform unpaid community service work, and 30 shall be placed on probation for one year with a 31 violation of this probation punishable as contempt of 32 court. 33 As a condition of a suspended sentence or 2.

34 portion of sentence for a second, third, or subsequent 35 offense in violation of section 321L.2A, the court 36 upon hearing may commit the defendant for inpatient 37 treatment of alcoholism or drug addiction or 38 dependency to any hospital, institution, or community 39 correctional facility in Iowa providing such 40 treatment. The time for which the defendant is 41 committed for treatment shall be credited against the 42 defendant's sentence. The court may prescribe the 43 length of time for the evaluation and treatment or it 44 may request that the hospital to which the person is 45 committed immediately report to the court when the 46 person has received maximum benefit from the program 47 of the hospital or institution or has recovered from 48 the person's addiction, dependency, or tendency to 49 chronically abuse alcohol or drugs. A person 50 committed under this section who does not possess

-15-

50

(1)

Page 16

1 sufficient income or estate to make payment of the 2 costs of the treatment in whole or in part shall be 3 considered a state patient and the costs of treatment 4 shall be paid as provided in section 125.44. 5 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 321L.4 REVOCATION OF

6 LICENSE -- IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICES -- CONDITIONAL 7 TEMPORARY RESTRICTED LICENSE.

1. If a defendant is convicted of a violation of 8 9 section 321L.2A and the defendant's motor vehicle 10 license or nonresident operating privilege has not 11 been revoked under section 321L.9 or 321L.12 for the 12 occurrence from which the arrest arose, the department 13 shall revoke the defendant's motor vehicle license or 14 nonresident operating privilege for one hundred eighty 15 days if the defendant has had no previous conviction 16 under section 321L.2A or revocation under section 17 321L.9 or 321L.12 within the previous six years and 18 for one year if the defendant has had one or more 19 previous convictions or revocations under those 20 sections within the previous six years. 21 If the court defers judgment pursuant to 2. 22 section 907.3 for a violation of section 321L.2A, the 23 court shall order the department to revoke the

24 defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident 25 operating privilege for a period of not less than 26 thirty days nor more than ninety days if the 27 defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident 28 operating privilege has not been revoked under section 29 321L.9 or 321L.12 for the occurrence from which the 30 arrest arose. The court shall immediately require the 31 defendant to surrender to it all Iowa licenses or 32 permits held by the defendant, which the court shall 33 forward to the department with a copy of the order 34 deferring judgment.

35 3. a. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a third 36 or subsequent violation of section 321L.2A, the court 37 shall order the department to revoke the defendant's 38 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 39 privilege for a period of six years. The court shall 40 require the defendant to surrender to it all Iowa 41 licenses or permits held by the defendant, which the 42 court shall forward to the department with a copy of 43 the order for revocation.

b. After two years from the date of the order for revocation, the defendant may apply to the court for for estoration of the defendant's eligibility for a motor vehicle license. The application may be granted only if all of the following are shown by the defendant by a preponderance of the evidence:

> The defendant has completed an evaluation and, -16-

Page 17

للاسترشت فالمالي الماليا الماليات

1 if recommended by the evaluation, a program of 2 treatment for chemical dependency and is recovering, 3 or has substantially recovered, from that dependency 4 on or tendency to abuse alcohol or drugs.

5 (2) The defendant has not been convicted, since 6 the date of the revocation order, of any subsequent 7 violations of section 321L.2A or 123.46, or any 8 comparable city or county ordinance, and the defendant 9 has not, since the date of the revocation order, 10 submitted to a chemical test under this chapter that 11 indicated an alcohol concentration as defined in 12 section 321L.1 of .08 or more, or refused to submit to 13 chemical testing under this chapter.

14 (3) The defendant has abstained from the excessive 15 consumption of alcoholic beverages and the consumption 16 of controlled substances, except at the direction of a 17 licensed physician or pursuant to a valid 18 prescription.

19 (4) The defendant's motor vehicle license is not 20 currently subject to suspension or revocation for any 21 other reason.

c. The court shall forward to the department a record of any application submitted under paragraph 4 "b" and the results of the court's disposition of the paragraph.

Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a violation 26 4. 27 of section 321L.2A which involved a personal injury, 28 the court shall determine in open court, from 29 consideration of the information in the file and any 30 other evidence the parties may submit, whether a 31 serious injury was sustained by any person other than 32 the defendant and, if so, whether the defendant's 33 conduct in violation of section 321L.2A caused the 34 serious injury. If the court so determines, the court 35 shall order the department to revoke the defendant's 36 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 37 privilege for a period of one year in addition to any 38 other period of suspension or revocation. The 39 defendant shall surrender to the court any Iowa 40 license or permit and the court shall forward it to 41 the department with a copy of the order for 42 revocation.

5. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a violation 44 of section 321L.2A which involved a death, the court 45 shall determine in open court, from consideration of 46 the information in the file and any other evidence the 47 parties may submit, whether a death occurred and, if 48 so, whether the defendant's conduct in violation of 49 section 321L.2A caused the death. If the court so 50 determines, the court shall order the department to

-17-



Page 18 1 revoke the defendant's motor vehicle license or 2 nonresident operating privilege for a period of six 3 years. The defendant shall surrender to the court any 4 Iowa license or permit and the court shall forward it 5 to the department with a copy of the order for 6 revocation. 7 6. If a license or permit to operate a motor 8 vehicle is revoked or denied under this section or 9 section 321L.9 or 321L.12, the period of revocation or 10 denial shall be the period provided for such a 11 revocation or until the defendant reaches the age of 12 eighteen whichever period is longer. 13 7. On a conviction for or as a condition of a 14 deferred judgment for a violation of section 321L.2A, 15 the court may order the defendant to install ignition 16 interlock devices of a type approved by the 17 commissioner of public safety on all motor vehicles 18 owned or operated by the defendant which, without 19 tampering or the intervention of another person, would 20 prevent the defendant from operating the motor vehicle 21 with an alcohol concentration greater than a level set 22 by rule of the commissioner of public safety. The 23 commissioner of public safety shall adopt rules to 24 approve certain ignition interlock devices and the 25 means of installation of the devices, and shall 26 establish the level of alcohol concentration beyond 27 which an ignition interlock device will not allow 28 operation of the motor vehicle in which it is 29 installed. The order shall remain in effect for a 30 period of time as determined by the court which shall 31 not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment which the 32 court could have imposed according to the nature of 33 the violation. While the order is in effect, the 34 defendant shall not operate a motor vehicle which does 35 not have an approved ignition interlock device 36 installed. If the defendant's motor vehicle license 37 or nonresident operating privilege has been revoked, 38 the department shall not issue a temporary permit or a 39 motor vehicle license to the person without 40 certification that approved ignition interlock devices 41 have been installed in all motor vehicles owned or 42 operated by the defendant while the order is in 43 effect. A defendant who fails within a reasonable 44 time to comply with an order to install an approved 45 ignition interlock device may be declared in contempt 46 of court and punished accordingly. A person who 47 tampers with or circumvents an ignition interlock 48 device installed under a court order while an order is 49 in effect commits a serious misdemeanor. 50 8. A person whose motor vehicle license has been

-18-

Page 19

1 revoked under this chapter and who is not eligible for 2 a temporary restricted license under this chapter may 3 petition the court for an order to the department to 4 require the department to issue a temporary restricted The court shall determine if 5 license to the person. 6 the temporary restricted license is necessary for the 7 person to maintain the person's present employment. 8 If the court determines that the temporary restricted 9 license is necessary for the person to maintain the 10 person's present employment, the court shall order the 11 department to issue to the person a temporary 12 restricted license conditioned upon the person's 13 certification to the court of the installation of 14 approved ignition interlock devices in all motor 15 vehicles that it is necessary for the person to 16 operate to maintain the person's present employment. 17 If the person operates a motor vehicle which does not 18 have an approved ignition interlock device or if the 19 person tampers with or circumvents an ignition 20 interlock device, in addition to other penalties 21 provided, the person's temporary restricted license 22 shall be revoked.

مفجات عدد

23 Sec. . <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.5 PRELIMINARY 24 SCREENING TEST.

25 When a peace officer has reasonable grounds to 26 believe that a motor vehicle operator may be violating 27 or has violated section 321L.2A, or the operator has 28 been involved in a motor vehicle collision resulting 29 in injury or death, the peace officer may request the 30 operator to provide a sample of the operator's breath 31 for a preliminary screening test using a device 32 approved by the commissioner of public safety for that 33 purpose. The results of this preliminary screening 34 test may be used for the purpose of deciding whether 35 an arrest should be made and whether to request a 36 chemical test authorized in this chapter, but shall 37 not be used in any court action except to prove that a 38 chemical test was properly requested of a person 39 pursuant to this chapter.

40 Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.6 IMPLIED CONSENT TO 41 TEST.

1. A person who operates a motor vehicle in this state under circumstances which give reasonable qrounds to believe that the person has been operating a motor vehicle in violation of section 321L.2A is deemed to have given consent to the withdrawal of specimens of the person's blood, breath, or urine and to a chemical test or tests of the specimens for the purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or presence of drugs, subject to this section. The

-19-

S-5888 Page 20 1 withdrawal of the body substances and the test or 2 tests shall be administered at the written request of 3 a peace officer having reasonable grounds to believe 4 that the person was operating a motor vehicle in 5 violation of section 321L.2A, and if any of the 6 following conditions exist: A peace officer has lawfully placed the person 7 a. 8 under arrest for violation of section 321L.2A. The person has been involved in a motor vehicle 9 b. 10 accident or collision resulting in personal injury or ll death. 12 The person has refused to take a preliminary С. 13 breath screening test provided by this chapter. 14 The preliminary breath screening test was d. 15 administered and it indicated an alcohol concentration 16 as defined in section 321L.1 of .08 or more. 17 The preliminary breath screening test was е. 18 administered and it indicated an alcohol concentration 19 of less than .08 and the peace officer has reasonable 20 grounds to believe that the person was under the 21 influence of a drug other than alcohol or a 22 combination of alcohol and another drug. 2. The peace officer shall determine which of the 23 24 three substances, breath, blood, or urine, shall be 25 tested. Refusal to submit to a chemical test of urine 26 or breath is deemed a refusal to submit, and section 27 321L.9 applies. A refusal to submit to a chemical 28 test of blood is not deemed a refusal to submit, but 29 in that case, the peace officer shall then determine 30 which one of the other two substances shall be tested 31 and shall offer the test. If the peace officer fails 32 to offer a test within two hours after the preliminary 33 screening test is administered or refused or the 34 arrest is made, whichever occurs first, a test is not 35 required, and there shall be no revocation under 36 section 321L.9. 3. Notwithstanding subsection 2, if the peace 37 38 officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the 39 person was under the influence of a drug other than 40 alcohol or a combination of alcohol and another drug, 41 a urine test may be required even after a blood or 42 breath test has been administered. Section 321L.9 43 applies to a refusal to submit to a chemical test of 44 urine requested under this subsection. 45 NEW SECTION. 321L.7 DEAD OR Sec. 46 UNCONSCIOUS PERSONS. A person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in 47 48 a condition rendering the person incapable of consent 49 or refusal is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent 50 provided by section 321L.6, and the test may be given

-20-

S-5888 Page 21 1 if a licensed physician certifies in advance of the 2 test that the person is dead, unconscious, or 3 otherwise in a condition rendering that person 4 incapable of consent or refusal. 5 321L.8 STATEMENT OF NEW SECTION. Sec. 6 OFFICER. 7 A person who has been requested to submit to a 8 chemical test shall be advised by a peace officer of 9 the following: 10 If the person refuses to submit to the test, 1. 11 the person's license or operating privilege will be 12 revoked by the department for the applicable period 13 under section 321L.9. 14 If the person submits to the test and the 2. 15 results indicate an alcohol concentration as defined 16 in section 321L.1 of .08 or more, the person's license 17 or operating privilege will be revoked by the 18 department for the applicable period under section 19 321L.12. 20 This section does not apply in any case involving a 21 person described in section 321L.7. 22 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.9 REFUSAL TO SUBMIT 23 -- REVOCATION. 24 If a person refuses to submit to the chemical 25 testing, a test shall not be given, but the 26 department, upon the receipt of the peace officer's 27 certification, subject to penalty for perjury, that 28 the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the 29 person to have been operating a motor vehicle in 30 violation of section 321L.2A, that specified 31 conditions existed for chemical testing pursuant to 32 section 321L.6, and that the person refused to submit 33 to the chemical testing, shall revoke the person's 34 motor vehicle license and any nonresident operating 35 privilege for a period of two hundred forty days if 36 the person has no previous revocation within the 37 previous six years under this chapter; and five 38 hundred forty days if the person has one or more 39 previous revocations within the previous six years 40 under this chapter; or if the person is a resident 41 without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle 42 in this state, the department shall deny to the person 43 the issuance of a license or permit for the same 44 period a license or permit would be revoked, subject 45 to review as provided in this chapter. The effective 46 date of revocation shall be twenty days after the 47 department has mailed notice of revocation to the 48 person by certified mail or, on behalf of the 49 department, a peace officer offering or directing the 50 administration of a chemical test may serve immediate -21-

وقادة كانقلاء

Linger as 5

SENATE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 5, 1990

S-5888

Page 22 1 notice of intention to revoke and of revocation on a 2 person who refuses to permit chemical testing. If the 3 peace officer serves that immediate notice, the peace 4 officer shall take the Iowa license or permit of the 5 driver, if any, and issue a temporary license 6 effective for only twenty days. The peace officer 7 shall immediately send the person's license to the 8 department along with the officer's certificate 9 indicating the person's refusal to submit to chemical 10 testing. 11 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.10 TESTS PURSUANT TO 12 WARRANTS. 13 1. Refusal to consent to a test under section 14 321L.6 does not prohibit the withdrawal of a specimen 15 for chemical testing pursuant to a search warrant 16 issued in the investigation of a suspected violation 17 of section 707.5 if all of the following grounds 18 exist: 19 A traffic accident has resulted in a death or a. 20 personal injury reasonably likely to cause death. 21 There are reasonable grounds to believe that b. 22 one or more of the persons whose driving may have been 23 the proximate cause of the accident was violating 24 section 321L.2A at the time of the accident. Search warrants may be issued under this 25 2. 26 section in full compliance with chapter 808 or they 27 may be issued under subsection 3. 3. Notwithstanding section 808.3, the issuance of 28 29 a search warrant under this section may be based upon 30 sworn oral testimony communicated by telephone if the 31 magistrate who is asked to issue the warrant is 32 satisfied that the circumstances make it reasonable to 33 dispense with a written affidavit. The following 34 shall then apply: 35 a. When a caller applies for the issuance of a 36 warrant under this section and the magistrate becomes 37 aware of the purpose of the call, the magistrate shall 38 place under oath the person applying for the warrant. 39 The person applying for the warrant shall b. 40 prepare a duplicate warrant and read the duplicate 41 warrant, verbatim, to the magistrate who shall enter, 42 verbatim, what is read to the magistrate on a form 43 that will be considered the original warrant. The 44 magistrate may direct that the warrant be modified. 45 The oral application testimony shall set forth c. 46 facts and information tending to establish the 47 existence of the grounds for the warrant and shall 48 describe with a reasonable degree of specificity the 49 person or persons whose driving is believed to have 50 been the proximate cause of the accident and from whom -22-

Page 23

1 a specimen is to be withdrawn and the location where 2 the withdrawal of the specimen or specimens is to take 3 place.

d. If a voice recording device is available, the 5 magistrate may record by means of that device all of 6 the call after the magistrate becomes aware of the 7 purpose of the call. Otherwise, the magistrate shall 8 cause a stenographic or longhand memorandum to be made 9 of the oral testimony of the person applying for the 10 warrant.

11 e. If the magistrate is satisfied from the oral 12 testimony that the grounds for the warrant exist or 13 that there is probable cause to believe that they 14 exist, the magistrate shall order the issuance of the 15 warrant by directing the person applying for the 16 warrant to sign the magistrate's name on the duplicate 17 warrant. The magistrate shall immediately sign the 18 original warrant and enter on its face the exact time 19 when the issuance was ordered.

20 f. The person who executes the warrant shall enter 21 the time of execution on the face of the duplicate 22 warrant.

g. The magistrate shall cause any record of the call made by means of a voice recording device to be transcribed, shall certify the accuracy of the transcript, and shall file the transcript and the original record with the clerk. If a stenographic or longhand memorandum was made of the oral testimony of the person who applied for the warrant, the magistrate shall file a signed copy with the clerk.

31 h. The clerk of court shall maintain the original 32 and duplicate warrants along with the record of the 33 telephone call and any transcript or memorandum made 34 of the call in a confidential file until a charge, if 35 any, is filed.

4. Search warrants issued under this section shall authorize and direct peace officers to secure the withdrawal of blood specimens by medical personnel under section 321L.11. Reasonable care shall be exercised to ensure the health and safety of the persons from whom specimens are withdrawn in execution to be warrants. If a person from whom a specimen is to be withdrawn objects to the withdrawal of blood, and the person is capable of giving a specimen of breath, and a direct breath testing instrument is readily available, the warrant may be executed by the withdrawal of a specimen of breath for chemical testing.

49 5. The act of any person knowingly resisting or 50 obstructing the withdrawal of a specimen pursuant to a -23-

S-5888 Page 24 1 search warrant issued under this section constitutes a 2 contempt punishable by a fine not exceeding one 3 thousand dollars or imprisonment in a county jail not 4 exceeding one year or by both such fine and 5 imprisonment. Also, if the withdrawal of a specimen 6 is so resisted or obstructed, sections 321L.9 and 7 321L.16 apply. 8 6. Nonsubstantive variances between the contents 9 of the original and duplicate warrants shall not cause 10 a warrant issued under subsection 3 of this section to 11 be considered invalid. 12 7. Specimens obtained pursuant to warrants issued 13 under this section are not subject to disposition 14 under section 808.9 or chapter 809. Subsections 1 to 7 of this section do not apply 15 8. 16 where a test may be administered under section 321L.7. 17 9. Medical personnel who use reasonable care and 18 accepted medical practices in withdrawing blood 19 specimens are immune from liability for their actions 20 in complying with requests made of them pursuant to 21 search warrants or pursuant to section 321L.11. 22 NEW SECTION. 321L.11 TAKING SAMPLE FOR Sec. ____. 23 TEST. 24 Only a licensed physician, licensed physician 25 assistant as defined in section 148C.1, medical 26 technologist, or registered nurse, acting at the 27 request of a peace officer, may withdraw a specimen of 28 blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol 29 concentration or the presence of drugs. However, any 30 peace officer, using devices and methods approved by 31 the commissioner of public safety, may take a specimen 32 of a person's breath or urine for the purpose of 33 determining the alcohol concentration or the presence 34 of drugs. Only new equipment kept under strictly 35 sanitary and sterile conditions shall be used for 36 drawing blood. The person may have an independent chemical test or 37 38 tests administered at the person's own expense in **39** addition to any administered at the direction of a 40 peace officer. The failure or inability of the person 41 to obtain an independent chemical test or tests does 42 not preclude the admission of evidence of the results 43 of the test or tests administered at the direction of 44 the peace officer. Upon the request of the person who 45 is tested, the results of the test or tests 46 administered at the direction of the peace officer 47 shall be made available to the person. 48 NEW SECTION. 321L.12 TEST RESULT Sec. 49 REVOCATION.

50 Upon certification, subject to penalty for perjury, -24HERTT OF TOOM

S-5888

Page 25

1 by the peace officer that there existed reasonable 2 grounds to believe that the person had been operating 3 a motor vehicle in violation of section 321L.2A, that 4 there existed one or more of the necessary conditions 5 for chemical testing described in section 321L.6, 6 subsection 1, and that the person submitted to 7 chemical testing and the test results indicated an 8 alcohol concentration as defined in section 321L.1 of 9 .08 or more, the department shall revoke the person's 10 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 11 privilege for a period of one hundred eighty days if 12 the person has had no revocation within the previous 13 six years under this chapter, and one year if the 14 person has had one or more previous revocations within 15 the previous six years under this chapter.

16 The effective date of the revocation shall be 17 twenty days after the department has mailed notice of 18 revocation to the person by certified mail. The peace 19 officer who requested or directed the administration 20 of the chemical test may, on behalf of the department, 21 serve immediate notice of revocation on a person whose 22 test results indicated an alcohol concentration of .08 23 or more.

If the peace officer serves that immediate notice, the peace officer shall take the person's Iowa license or permit, if any, and issue a temporary license valid only for twenty days. The peace officer shall mediately send the person's driver's license to the department along with the officer's certificate indicating that the test results indicated an alcohol concentration of .08 or more.

The results of a chemical test may not be used as the basis for a revocation of a person's motor vehicle ticense or nonresident operating privilege if the s alcohol concentration indicated by the chemical test minus the established margin of error inherent in the device or method used to conduct the chemical test does not equal an alcohol concentration of .08 or more.

40 Sec. . <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.13 HEARING ON 41 REVOCATION -- APPEAL.

1. Notice of revocation of a person's motor vehicle license or operating privilege served pursuant to section 321L.9 or 321L.12 shall include a form accompanied by a preaddressed envelope on which the person served may indicate by a checkmark if the person wishes to request a temporary restricted license only or if the person wishes a hearing to on the revocation. The form shall clearly state on its face that the form must be completed and

-25-

S-5888 Page 26 1 returned within thirty days of receipt or the person's 2 right to a hearing to contest the revocation is 3 foreclosed. The form shall also be accompanied by a 4 statement of the operation of and the person's rights 5 under this chapter. 6 The department shall grant the person an 2. 7 opportunity to be heard within forty-five days of 8 receipt of a request for a hearing if the request is 9 made not later than thirty days after receipt of 10 notice of revocation served pursuant to section 321L.9 11 or 321L.12. The hearing shall be before the 12 department in the county where the alleged events 13 occurred, unless the director and the person agree 14 that the hearing may be held in some other county, or 15 the hearing may be held by telephone conference at the 16 discretion of the agency conducting the hearing. The 17 hearing may be recorded and its scope shall be limited 18 to the issues of whether a peace officer had 19 reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 20 operating a motor vehicle in violation of section 21 321L.2 and either of the following: 22 Whether the person refused to submit to the a. 23 test or tests. 24 b. Whether a test was administered and the test 25 results indicated an alcohol concentration as defined 26 in section 321L.1 of .08 or more. 27 3. After the hearing the department shall order 28 that the revocation be either rescinded or sustained. 29 If the revocation is sustained, the administrative law 30 judge who conducted the hearing may issue a temporary 31 restricted license to the person whose motor vehicle 32 license or operating privilege was revoked. Upon 33 receipt of the decision of the department to sustain a 34 revocation, the person contesting the revocation has 35 ten days to file a request for review of the decision 36 by the director. The director or the director's 37 designee shall review the decision within fifteen days 38 and shall either rescind or sustain the revocation or 39 order a new hearing. If the director orders a new 40 hearing, the department shall grant the person a new 41 hearing within thirty days of the director's order. 42 4. A person whose motor vehicle license or 43 operating privilege has been or is being revoked under 44 section 321L.9 or 321L.12 may reopen a department 45 hearing on the revocation if the person submits a 46 petition stating that new evidence has been discovered 47 which provides grounds for rescission of the 48 revocation, or prevail at the hearing to rescind the 49 revocation, if the person submits a petition stating 50 that a criminal action on a charge of a violation of

-26-

S-5888

Page 27

1 section 321L.2A filed as a result of the same 2 circumstances which resulted in the revocation has 3 resulted in a decision in which the court has held 4 that the peace officer did not have reasonable grounds 5 to believe that a violation of section 321L.2A had 6 occurred to support a request for or to administer a 7 chemical test or which has held the chemical test to 8 be otherwise inadmissible or invalid. Such a decision 9 by the court is binding on the department and the 10 department shall rescind the revocation.

11 5. The department shall stay the revocation of a 12 person's motor vehicle license or operating privilege 13 for the period that the person is contesting the 14 revocation under this section or section 321L.14 if it 15 is shown to the satisfaction of the department that 16 the new evidence is material and that there were valid 17 reasons for failure to present it in the contested 18 case proceeding before the department.

19 6. If the department fails to comply with the time 20 limitations of this section regarding granting a 21 hearing, review by the director or the director's 22 designee, or granting a new hearing, and if the 23 request for a hearing or review by the director was 24 properly made under this section, the revocation of 25 the motor vehicle license or operating privilege of 26 the person who made the request for a hearing or 27 review shall be rescinded. This subsection shall not 28 apply in those cases in which a continuance to the 29 hearing has been granted at the request of either the 30 person who requested the hearing or the peace officer 31 who requested or administered the chemical test. 32 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.14 JUDICIAL REVIEW.

Judicial review of an action of the department may sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa administrative procedure Act, chapter 17A.

36 Notwithstanding the terms of that chapter, a petition 37 for judicial review may be filed in the district court 38 in the county where the alleged events occurred or in 39 the county in which the administrative hearing was 40 held.

41 Sec. ____. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.15 EVIDENCE IN ANY 42 ACTION.

43 Upon the trial of a civil or criminal action or 44 proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been 45 committed by a person while operating a motor vehicle 46 in violation of section 321L.2A, evidence of the 47 alcohol concentration or the presence of drugs in the 48 person's body substances at the time of the act 49 alleged as shown by a chemical analysis of the 50 person's blood, breath, or urine is admissible. If it -27-

SENATE CLIP SHEET

- 28

S-5888 Page

2 specimen was performed by a certified operator using a 3 device and methods approved by the commissioner of 4 public safety, no further foundation is necessary for 5 introduction of the evidence. 6 NEW SECTION. 321L.16 PROOF OF REFUSAL Sec. 7 ADMISSIBLE.

8 If a person refuses to submit to a chemical test, 9 proof of refusal is admissible in any civil or 10 criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts 11 alleged to have been committed while the person was 12 operating a motor vehicle in violation of section 13 321L.2A.

14 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.17 CIVIL PENALTY --15 SEPARATE FUND -- REINSTATEMENT.

16 When the department revokes a person's motor 17 vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege 18 under this chapter, the department shall assess the 19 person a civil penalty of one hundred dollars. The 20 money collected by the department under this section 21 shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who 22 shall deposit the money in a separate fund dedicated 23 to and used for the purposes of chapter 912 and 24 section 709.10, and for the operation of a missing 25 person clearinghouse and domestic abuse registry by 26 the department of public safety. Notwithstanding 27 section 8.33, any balance in the fund on June 30 of 28 any fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund 29 of the state. A temporary restricted license shall 30 not be issued or a motor vehicle license or 31 nonresident operating privilege reinstated until the 32 civil penalty has been paid.

NEW SECTION. 321L.18 OTHER EVIDENCE. 33 Sec. 34 This chapter does not limit the introduction of any 35 competent evidence bearing on the question of whether 36 a person was under the influence of an alcoholic 37 beverage or a drug, including the results of chemical 38 tests of specimens of blood, breath or urine obtained 39 more than two hours after the person was operating a 40 motor vehicle.

41 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.19 INFORMATION . 42 RELAYED TO OTHER STATES.

When it has been finally determined under this 43 44 chapter that a nonresident's privilege to operate a 45 motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or 46 denied, the department shall give information in 47 writing of the action taken to the official in charge 48 of traffic control or public safety of the state of 49 the person's residence and of any state in which the 50 person has a license.





S-5888

Page 29

1 Sec. . <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.20 TEMPORARY 2 RESTRICTED LICENSE.

3 The department may, on application, issue a 1. 4 temporary restricted license to a person whose motor 5 vehicle license is revoked under this chapter allowing 6 the person to drive to and from the person's home and 7 specified places at specified times which can be 8 verified by the department and which are required by 9 the person's full-time or part-time employment, 10 continuing health care or the continuing health care 11 of another who is dependent upon the person, 12 continuing education while enrolled in an educational 13 institution on a part-time or full-time basis and 14 while pursuing a course of study leading to a diploma, 15 degree, or other certification of successful 16 educational completion, substance abuse treatment, and 17 court-ordered community service responsibilities if 18 the person's motor vehicle license has not been 19 revoked under 321L.4, 321L.9, or 321L.12 within the 20 previous six years and if any of the following apply: 21 The person's motor vehicle license is revoked а.

22 under section 321L.4, subsection 1, 2, 4, or 6. 23 b. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 24 under section 321L.9 and the person has entered a plea 25 of guilty on a charge of a violation of section 26 321L.2A which arose from the same set of circumstances 27 which resulted in the person's motor vehicle license 28 revocation under section 321L.9 and the guilty plea is 29 not withdrawn at the time of or after application for 30 the temporary restricted license.

31 c. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 32 under section 321L.12.

33 However, a temporary restricted license may be 34 issued if the person's motor vehicle license is 35 revoked under section 321L.9, and the revocation is a 36 second revocation under this chapter, and the first 37 three hundred and sixty days of the revocation have 38 expired.

39 2. This section does not apply to a person whose 40 license was revoked under section 321L.4, subsection 3 41 or 5, or to a person whose license is suspended or 42 revoked for another reason.

43 3. A person holding a temporary restricted license 44 issued by the department under this section shall not 45 operate a motor vehicle for pleasure.

46 Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.21 DRIVING WHILE 47 LICENSE DENIED OR REVOKED.

48 A person whose motor vehicle license or nonresident 49 operating privilege has been denied or revoked as 50 provided in this chapter and who drives a motor -29SENATE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 5, 1990

S-5**888**

Page 30 1 vehicle upon the highways of this state while the 2 license or privilege is denied or revoked commits a 3 serious misdemeanor. The department, upon receiving 4 the record of the conviction of a person under this 5 section upon a charge of driving a motor vehicle while 6 the license of the person was revoked or denied, shall 7 extend the period of revocation or denial for an 8 additional like period, and the department shall not 9 issue a new license during the additional period. 10 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.22 COURT-ORDERED 11 DRINKING DRIVERS COURSE. 12 As used in this section, unless the context 1. 13 otherwise requires: 14 "Course for drinking drivers" means an approved a. 15 course designed to inform the offender about drinking 16 and driving and encourage the offender to assess the 17 offender's own drinking and driving behavior in order 18 to select practical alternatives. 19 "Satisfactory completion of a course" means b. 20 receiving at the completion of a course a grade from 21 the course instructor of "C" or "2.0," or better. 22 2. After a conviction for, or a plea of guilty of, 23 a violation of section 321L.2A, the court in addition 24 to its power to commit the defendant for treatment of 25 alcoholism under section 321L.3, may order the 26 defendant, at the defendant's own expense, to enroll 27 in, attend, and successfully complete a course for 28 drinking drivers. The court may alternatively or 29 additionally require the defendant to seek evaluation, 30 treatment or rehabilitation services under section 31 125.33 at the defendant's expense and to furnish 32 evidence of successful completion. A copy of the 33 order shall be forwarded to the department. 34 The course provided in this section shall be 3. 35 offered on a regular basis at each area school as 36 defined in section 280A.2. Enrollment in the courses 37 is not limited to persons ordered to enroll, attend 38 and successfully complete the course under subsection 39 2, and any person convicted of a violation of section 40 321L.2A who was not ordered to enroll in a course may 41 enroll in and attend a course for drinking drivers. 42 The course required by this section shall be taught by 43 the area schools under the department of education and 44 approved by the department. The department of 45 education shall establish reasonable fees to defray 46 the expense of obtaining classroom space, instructor 47 salaries, and class materials. A person shall not be 48 denied enrollment in a course by reason of the 49 person's indigency. An employer shall not discharge a person from 50 4. -30APRIL 5, 1990

S-5888

Page 31

1 employment solely for the reason of work absence to 2 aftend a course required by this section. Any 3 employer who violates this section is liable for 4 damages which include but are not limited to actual 5 damages, court costs, and reasonable attorney fees. 6 The person may also petition the court for imposition 7 of a cease and desist order against the person's 8 employer and for reinstatement to the person's 9 previous position of employment.

10 5. The department of education shall prepare a 11 list of the locations of the courses taught under this 12 section, the dates and times taught, the procedure for 13 enrollment, and the schedule of course fees. The list 14 shall be kept current and a copy of the list shall be 15 sent to each court having jurisdiction over offenses 16 provided in this chapter.

17 6. The department of education shall maintain 18 enrollment, attendance, successful and nonsuccessful 19 completion data on the persons ordered to enroll, 20 attend and successfully complete a course for drinking 21 drivers. This data shall be forwarded to the court." 22 30. Page 13, by inserting after line 28 the fol-23 lowing:

24 "Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.3 SEIZURE OF 25 VEHICLE.

Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a third or subsequent violation of section 321J.2, which occurs while the person's license is suspended or revoked pursuant to chapter 321J, the court shall order the defendant to surrender to the state department of 1 transportation, the motor vehicle operated by the defendant at the time of the third or subsequent 3 violation.

However, the court shall stay such order upon proof by the owner or co-owner of the vehicle, if other than the defendant, that the owner or co-owner was not aware that the defendant's motor vehicle license was suspended or revoked pursuant to chapter 321J, or that the defendant operated the motor vehicle without the defendant operated the motor vehicle without the all. Page 20, line 6, by striking the word "--42 REFUNDS" and inserting the following: "-- REFUNDS". 32. Page 22, by inserting after line 34, the 44 following:

45 "Sec. 104. Section 602.6405, subsection 1, Code 46 1989, is amended to read as follows:

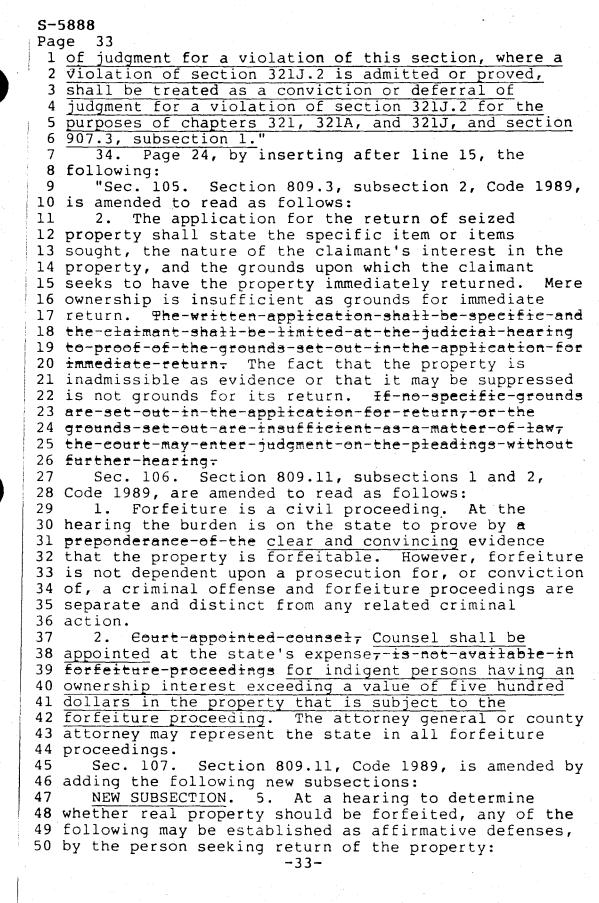
47 1. Magistrates have jurisdiction of simple
48 misdemeanors, including traffic and ordinance
49 violations, and preliminary hearings, search warrant
50 proceedings, county and municipal infractions, and
-31-

SENATE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 5, 1990

· S-5888

Page 32 1 small claims. They-also Magistrates have jurisdiction 2 to exercise the powers specified in sections 644.2 and 3 644.12, and to hear complaints or preliminary 4 informations, issue warrants, order arrests, make 5 commitments, and take bail. They-also Magistrates 6 have jurisdiction over violations of section 123.47 7 involving persons eighteen years of age, and section 8 123.49, subsection 2, paragraph "h". Magistrates have 9 jurisdiction to conduct hearings authorized under 10 section 809.4 and section 809.10, subsection 2." 11 33. By striking page 22, line 35 through page 23, 12 line 6, and inserting the following: "Sec. . Section 707.6A, Code Supplement 1989, 13 14 is amended to read as follows: 15 707.6A HOMICIDE OR SERIOUS INJURY BY VEHICLE. 1. A person commits a class "D" "C" felony when 16 17 the person unintentionally causes the death of another 18 by either of the following means: 19 Operating a motor vehicle while under the a. 20 influence of alcohol or a other drug or a combination 21 of such substances or while having an alcohol 22 concentration, as defined in section 321J.1, 23 subsection 1, of the .08 or more -in-violation-of 24 section-3213-2. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a 25 violation of this paragraph, the court shall order the 26 state department of transportation to revoke the 27 defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident 28 operating privileges for a period of six years. The 29 defendant shall surrender to the court any Iowa 30 license or permit and the court shall forward it to 31 the department with a copy of the revocation order. 32 b. Driving a motor vehicle in a reckless manner 33 with willful or wanton disregard for the safety of 34 persons or property, in violation of section 321.277. 35 2. A person commits an-aggravated-misdemeanor a 36 class "D" felony when the person unintentionally 37 causes the death of another by operating a motor 38 vehicle in any of the following manners: 39 Drag racing, in violation of section 321.278. a. 40 b. Eluding or attempting to elude a pursuing law 41 enforcement vehicle, in violation of section 321.279. 42 3. A person commits an aggravated misdemeanor when 43 the person unintentionally causes a serious injury, as 44 defined in section 321J.1, subsection 8, by either of 45 the means described in subsection 1 of this section. 3 4. As used in this section, "motor vehicle" 46 47 includes any vehicle defined as a motor vehicle in 48 section 321.1. 49 Except for the purpose of sentencing under 5. 50 section 321J.2, subsection 2, a conviction or deferral -32-



ENATE CLIP SHEET

APR-1.5, 1990 Page 36 S-5888 Page 34 That the person, who is not a party to the 1. a. 2 alleged criminal activity, before becoming aware of 3 the investigation, reported the alleged criminal 4 activity to the appropriate law enforcement agency 5 prior to the seizure of the property. 6 b. That the person acted reasonably in attempting 7 to prevent or terminate the unlawful use of the 8 property. 9 ***c.** That the person seeking return of the property 10 had no prior knowledge of the criminal activity. NEW SUBSECTION. 6. Cash found in close proximity 11 12 to controlled substances is presumed to be forfeitable 13 property." 14 35. Page 24, by inserting after line 15 the 15 following: #"Sec. 16 NEW SECTION. 809.17 PROCEEDS APPLIED 17 TO VARIOUS PROGRAMS. 18 Except as provided in section 809.21, proceeds from 19 the disposal of seized or forfeited property pursuant 20 to this chapter shall be divided equally and 21 transferred to the Iowa department of public health 22 for funding of youth education, prevention, and 23 treatment programs for substance abusers, to the 24 department of public safety for funding for law 25 enforcement of drug offenses, and to the department of 26 education for funding of drunk driving prevention and 27 education programs." 28 36. Page 25, by striking lines 1 through 9. 29 37. Page 26, by striking lines 4 through 7, and 30 inserting the following: "1. A brief personal and social history of the 31 32 defendant. 33 The defendant's criminal record." 2. 34 38. Page 26, by inserting after line 33, the 35 following: 36 "Sec. Section 903.1, subsection 3, unnumbered 37 paragraph 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 38 3. A person under eighteen years of age convicted 39 of a simple misdemeanor under chapter 106, 106A, 109, 40 109A, 110, 110A, 110B, 111, 321, or 321G, section 41 #123-47, or a violation of a county or municipal curfew 42 or traffic ordinance, except for an offense subject to 43 section 805.8, may be required to pay a fine, not to 44 exceed one hundred dollars, as fixed by the court, or 45 may be required to perform community service as 46 ordered by the court." 47 39. Page 27, line 10, by striking the words 48 "substance abuse" and inserting the following: 49 "treatment". 50 40. Page 27, by inserting after line 15, the -34SENATE CLIP SHEET

Page 37



35 Page 1 following:

S-5888

2

50

"Sec. Section 903A.5, unnumbered paragraph 1, 3 Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

An inmate shall not be discharged from the custody 4 5 of the director of the Iowa department of corrections 6 until the inmate has served the full term for which 7 the inmate was sentenced, less good conduct time 8 earned and not forfeited, unless the inmate is 9 pardoned or otherwise legally released. Good conduct 10 time earned and not forfeited shall apply to reduce a 11 mandatory minimum sentence being served pursuant to 12 section 204-4067-204-4137 902.7, 902.8, or 906.5. An 13 inmate shall be deemed to be serving the sentence from 14 the day on which the inmate is received into the 15 institution. However, if an inmate was confined to a 16 county jail or other correctional or mental facility 17 at any time prior to sentencing, or after sentencing 18 but prior to the case having been decided on appeal, 19 because of failure to furnish bail or because of being 20 charged with a nonbailable offense, the inmate shall 21 be given credit for the days already served upon the 22 term of the sentence. The clerk of the district court 23 of the county from which the inmate was sentenced, 24 shall certify to the warden the number of days so 25 served."

26 41. Page 27, by striking lines 16 through 21. 27 42. By striking page 27, line 22, through page 28 29, line 11.

29 43. By striking page 35, line 15, through page 30 36, line 11.

31 44. Page 36, by inserting after line 11 the 32 following:

"Sec. 33 ALTERNATIVE DRUG TESTING FOR OFFICERS. 34 The department of public safety shall develop a 35 plan for the implementation of alternative drug 36 testing programs for law enforcement, parole, and 37 probation officers. The plan shall be submitted to 38 the general assembly by January 15, 1991, in a form 39 which could be adopted and implemented by the 40 department of public safety or individual law 41 enforcement agencies throughout the state." 42 45. Page 36, by striking lines 16 through 20 and

43 inserting the following:

44 "The Code editor shall redesignate chapter 321L as 45 enacted in this Act, in a new chapter or different 46 chapter so that these sections do not conflict with 47 chapter 321L as enacted during the 1989 Session of the 48 General Assembly and as it appears in the 1989 Code 49 Supplement.

Sec. ____. Chapter 321J is repealed." -35-

APRIL 5, 1990

S-5888 Page 36 46. Page 36, by inserting after line 20, the 1 2 following: "Sec. 3 4 Sections 101 through 107 of this Act apply to any 5 seizure or forfeiture proceeding or action commenced 6 on or after the effective date of this Act." 7 47. Title page, by striking page 1, line 1 8 through page 2, line 12, and inserting the following: 9 "An Act relating to certain criminal offenses, 10 providing for the disposition, confinement, detention, 11 and treatment of certain offenders, providing 12 protections for certain victims or potential victims, 13 providing for the identification of certain precursor 14 drugs, establishing a tax on certain substances, 15 providing certain tax incentives relating to 16 employment of certain offenders, providing for victim 17 reparation, and providing penalties and an effective 18 date." 19 48. By renumbering, relettering, or redesignating 20 and correcting internal references as necessary. RECEIVED FROM THE HOUSE

S-5888 FILED APRIL 4, 1990 REFUSED TO CONCUR 4/4 (p. 1546) Hause insisted 4/5 (p. 2041) _____

SENATE FILE 2413 AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE FISCAL NOTE

A fiscal note for Senate File 2413 as Amended by the Senate is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

- 1. Senate File 2413 relates to the criminal code. Sections 1, 48, and 62 through 71 relate to the crime victim assistance program and crime victim reparation programs. The administration of sexual abuse medical investigation is transferred to the Department of Justice. The crime victim reparation program may receive reimbursement through a plan of restitution, and is to be reimbursed prior to reimbursements for court costs and court appointed attorney fees or a public defender. Eligibility for victim claims is expanded. The notification requirement of all dispositional orders of a case on appeal is transferred to the Department of Justice.
- 2. Sections 4 and 8 provide that law enforcement agencies are required to attempt to notify the parents or legal guardians if a person under 18 years old is stopped for possession of alcohol, beer, wine, liquor, a controlled substance, counterfeit substance, or simulated controlled substance. The attempt at notification is not contingent upon an arrest or a citation.
- 3. Sections 5, 6, 7, 10 to 21, 27, 28, 47, 49, and 50 make certain activities illegal which are currently legal (creation of new crimes). Section 27 provides that second or subsequent offenders of OWI, alcohol or drugs, shall serve the minimum term of confinement on consecutive days. Exceptions are provided for undue hardship, which if found to be the case, the court may order the offender to serve not less than 48 consecutive hours of the minimum term and perform not less than 240 hours of community service. Permit fees are to be established by the Board of Pharmacy Examiners for the implementation of Sections 9 through 20, but shall not exceed the cost for administering the new Chapter.
- 4. Sections 22 and 23 provide that the juvenile court may order a person under age 18 with a second delinquent act or a second violation, to participate in an alcohol education, evaluation, or treatment program.
- 5. Sections 25, 53, and 59 provide for the diversion of persons convicted of a third offense for OWI from prison to the appropriate treatment facility, unless no space is available or medical treatment is necessary. In the latter cases, the offender would be admitted to the Oakdale Correctional Facility. The presentence investigation shall include standardized assessment criteria for assignment to a treatment facility by January 1, 1991. Offenders who are diverted from prison will not receive clothing or gate money. Currently, counties are responsible for transporting these

OUSE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 29, 1990

-2-

GE 2 , FISCAL NOTE, SENATE FILE 2413

OWI offenders to the Oakdale Correctional Facility.

- 6. Section 26 provides that persons serving mandatory minimum terms of more than one year are to serve the final six months on Work Release, if approved.
- 7. Section 29 provides for post-treatment services related to substance abuse as a condition of probation. This Section applies to second or subsequent offenders.
- 8. Sections 30 to 44, and 73 impose a tax on the manufacturing, producing, shipping, transporting, or importing of marijuana or controlled substances. The criminal penalty for tax evasion is a Class D felony, while the tax penalty is 100 percent of the required tax. Provisions are made for the sale of official stamps, labels, and other indicia by the Director of the Department of Revenue and Finance.
- 9. Sections 45 and 46 expand the deduction for businesses hiring individuals on parole, work release, probation, or convicted of a felony to all businesses. This deduction is currently only provided to small businesses (20 employees or less).
- 10. Sections 9 and 51 establish that persons convicted under Chapter 204.401(1a) are ineligible for bail. Also, offenders convicted of all controlled substance felonies are ineligible for bail, unless the court determines that the offender will appear before the court, and the release of the offender will not jeopardize the safety of others.
- 11. Section 52 provides that presentence investigations for serious misdemeanor offenses shall only include certain information.
- 12. Sections 56 and 58 provide for eligibility of good conduct time for inmates who satisfactorily participate in an institutional substance abuse program. The Parole Board is required to develop an early release program for certain property offenders, and is required to report to the Legislative Fiscal Bureau concerning the implementation of this program.
- 13. Section 57 permits the Parole Board to require a specified number of unpaid community service hours as a condition of probation.
- 14. Section 60 and 61 authorize a parole or probation officer to discharge persons assigned to him or her for supervision, when the officer determines that the person is able and willing to be a law-abiding citizen without further supervision. The District Director must approve the discharge. Parole and probation officers and District Directors are granted immunity if they act within compliance of these Sections.
- 15. Section 72 establishes a pilot project for the criminal testing of persons arrested for felony offenses. The program shall be under the direction of the drug enforcement and abuse prevention coordinator. Rules will be adopted in consultation with the Department of Public Safety. A person shall not be tested if the presence of drugs or alcohol is a primary element of the offense for which the person was arrested. Results of the



HOUSE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 29, 1990

-3-

Page 43

PAGE 3 , FISCAL NOTE, SENATE FILE 2413



test shall not be used in the prosecution of the offense charged. Fiscal Impact

Paragraph	Source	Impact	
One	Crime Victim Fund	\$55,264 increased costs	
Тwo	Counties	Cannot be estimated	
IWU	State General Fund	\$37,625 increased costs	* *
Three	Counties	Cannot be estimated	
Inree	State General Fund	Cannot be estimated	
Roum	State, County and		
Four	Federal Funds	\$0 to \$2,395,000	
Pine	Counties	\$40,500 savings	
Five	State General Fund	\$164,110 to \$188,110	
a :	State General Fund	Cannot be estimated	
Six	State and Federal	\$4,934,400	
Seven		ų-1,55 tų 100	
	Funds	Additional revenues	
Eight	State General Funds	cannot be estimated	
	2000 - 1990 - <u>1</u> 990 - 19900 - 19900 - 19900 - 19900 - 19900 - 19900 - 19900 - 19900 - 19900 - 19900 - 19900 - 199	\$100,000 increased costs for administration	
		Increased costs for new	
		crimes cannot be estimated	
Nine	Community Based Corr.	Increased local revenue	
		cannot be estimated	
	State General Fund	Decreased revenue cannot	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -
		be estimated	
Ten	Counties	Increased costs cannot be	
		estimated	
Eleven	State General Fund	\$106,000 savings	
Twelve	State General Fund	\$180,000 increased costs	
Thirteen	State General Fund	\$ 40,000 increased costs	and the second
Fourteen	State General Fund	Impact cannot be estimated	
Fifteen	State General Fund	\$180,000 increased costs	
Sources:	Department of Corrections		
	Criminal and Juvenile Jus	tice Planning Division	
	Judicial Department		
	Department of Revenue and	Finance	
	Department of Public Safe		
	Iowa State Association of		
	Department of Public Heal		
	Department of Human Servi		
	Department of Justice		
	Department of Inspections	and Appeals	
	Parole Board	(LS	SB 8412xs.4, BAL)
	Tarore board	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
FILED MARC	CH 28, 1990	BY DENNIS PROUTY,	FISCAL DIRECTOR

nouse Chif Sheet

2

SENATE FILE 2413 AS AMENDED AND PASSED BY THE SENATE - REVISED FISCAL NOTE

A revised fiscal note for Senate File 2413 as Amended and Passed by the Senate is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

- 1. Senate File 2413 relates to the criminal code. Sections 1, 48, and 62 through 71 relate to the crime victim assistance program and crime victim reparation programs. The administration of sexual abuse medical investigation is transferred to the Department of Justice. The crime victim reparation program may receive reimbursement through a plan of restitution, and is to be reimbursed prior to reimbursements for court costs and court appointed attorney fees or a public defender. Eligibility for victim claims is expanded. The notification requirement of all dispositional orders of a case on appeal is transferred to the Department of Justice.
- 2. Sections 4 and 8 provide that law enforcement agencies are required to attempt to notify the parents or legal guardians if a person under 18 years old is stopped for possession of alcohol, beer, wine, liquor, a controlled substance, counterfeit substance, or simulated controlled substance. The attempt at notification is not contingent upon an arrest or a citation.
- 3. Sections 5, 6, 7, 10 to 21, 27, 28, 47, 49, and 50 make certain activities illegal which are currently legal (creation of new crimes). Assuming more offenders will be arrested, this will increase State costs for providing indigent defense. Section 27 provides that second or subsequent offenders of OWI, alcohol or drugs, shall serve the minimum term of confinement on consecutive days. Exceptions are provided for undue hardship, which if found to be the case, the court may order the offender to serve not less than 48 consecutive hours of the minimum term and perform not less than 240 hours of community service. Permit fees are to be established by the Board of Pharmacy Examiners for the implementation of Sections 9 through 20, but shall not exceed the cost for administering the new Chapter.
- 4. Sections 22 and 23 provide that the juvenile court may order a person under age 18 with a second delinquent act or a second violation, to participate in an alcohol education, evaluation, or treatment program.
- 5. Sections 25, 53, and 59 provide for the diversion of persons convicted of a third offense for OWI from prison to the appropriate treatment facility, unless no space is available or medical treatment is necessary. In the latter cases, the offender would be admitted to the Oakdale Correctional Facility. The presentence investigation shall include standardized assessment criteria for assignment to a treatment facility by January 1, 1991. Offenders who are diverted from prison will not receive clothing or

HOUSE CLIP SHEET

MARCH 30, 1990

-2-

Page 50

PAGE 2 , FISCAL NOTE, SENATE FILE 2413

- gate money. Currently, counties are responsible for transporting these OWI offenders to the Oakdale Correctional Facility.
- 6. Section 26 provides that persons serving mandatory minimum terms of more than one year are to serve the final six months on Work Release, if approved.
- 7. Section 29 provides for post-treatment services related to substance abuse as a condition of probation. This Section applies to second or subsequent offenders.
- 8. Sections 30 to 44, and 73 impose a tax on the manufacturing, producing, shipping, transporting, or importing of marijuana or controlled substances. The criminal penalty for tax evasion is a Class D felony, while the tax penalty is 100 percent of the required tax. Provisions are made for the sale of official stamps, labels, and other indicia by the Director of the Department of Revenue and Finance.
- 9. Sections 45 and 46 expand the deduction for businesses hiring individuals on parole, work release, probation, or convicted of a felony to all businesses. This deduction is currently only provided to small businesses (20 employees or less).
- 10. Sections 9 and 51 establish that persons convicted under Chapter 204.401(1a) are ineligible for bail. Also, offenders convicted of all controlled substance felonies are ineligible for bail, unless the court determines that the offender will appear before the court, and the release of the offender will not jeopardize the safety of others.
- 11. Section 52 provides that presentence investigations for serious misdemeanor offenses shall only include certain information.
- 12. Sections 56 and 58 provide for eligibility of good conduct time for inmates who satisfactorily participate in an institutional substance abuse program. The Parole Board is required to develop an early release program for certain property offenders, and is required to report to the Legislative Fiscal Bureau concerning the implementation of this program.
- 13. Section 57 permits the Parole Board to require a specified number of unpaid community service hours as a condition of probation.
- 14. Section 60 and 61 authorize a parole or probation officer to discharge persons assigned to him or her for supervision, when the officer determines that the person is able and willing to be a law-abiding citizen without further supervision. The District Director must approve the discharge. Parole and probation officers and District Directors are granted immunity if they act within compliance of these Sections.
- 15. Section 72 establishes a pilot project for the criminal testing of persons arrested for felony offenses. The program shall be under the direction of the drug enforcement and abuse prevention coordinator. Rules will be adopted in consultation with the Department of Public Safety. A person shall not be tested if the presence of drugs or alcohol is a primary

*

MARCIA JU, 1990

PAGE 3 , FISCAL NOTE, SENATE FILE 2413

-3-

element of the offense for which the person was arrested. Results of the test shall not be used in the prosecution of the offense charged. Fiscal Impact

Paragraph	Source	Impact	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
One .	Crime Victim Fund	\$55,264 increased costs	
Two	Counties	Cannot be estimated	
	State General Fund	\$37,625 increased costs	
Three	Counties	Cannot be estimated	
	State General Fund	\$466,300 to \$732,875	
		New crime costs cannot be	
		estimated	
Four	State, County and		
	Federal Funds	\$0 to \$2,395,000	
Five	Counties	\$40,500 savings	
	State General Fund	\$164,110 to \$188,110	
Six	State General Fund	Cannot be estimated	
Seven	State and Federal	\$4,934,400	
	Funds	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Eight	State General Funds	Additional revenues	
0		cannot be estimated	
		\$100,000 increased costs	
		for administration	
		Increased costs for new	and a second
		crimes cannot be estimated	
Vine	Community Based Corr.	Increased local revenue	
	contracticy buscu corre-	cannot be estimated	
	State General Fund	Decreased revenue cannot	
· · •		be estimated	
ſen	Counties	Increased costs cannot be	
	oodiictes	estimated	
Eleven	State General Fund	\$106,000 savings	
Swelve	State General Fund	\$180,000 increased costs	
Thirteen	State General Fund	\$ 40,000 increased costs	
ourteen	State General Fund	Impact cannot be estimated	
lifteen	State General Fund	\$180,000 increased costs	
		, co, co increased costs	
Sources:	Department of Corrections		
	Criminal and Juvenile Just	ice Planning Division	
	Judicial Department		
	Department of Revenue and	Finance	
	Department of Public Safet		
	Iowa State Association of		
	Department of Public Healt	-	
	Department of Human Servic		
	Department of Justice		
	Department of Inspections	and Appeals	
	Parole Board		B 8412xs.5, BAL)

MANULL 629 LODO

SENATE FILE 2413

H-5936 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 1 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: Page 1, by inserting after line 4 the 3 1. 4 following: "Sec. 5 Section 22.7, subsection 18, paragraph 6 c, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as 7 follows: Information contained in the communication is a 8 c. 9 public record to the extent that it indicates the 10 date, time, specific location, and immediate facts and 11 circumstances surrounding the occurrence of a crime or 12 other illegal act, except to the extent that its 13 disclosure would plainly and seriously jeopardize a 14 continuing investigation, or would pose a clear and 15 present danger to the safety of any person, or would 16 reveal, prior to the filing of an information or 17 indictment as provided in section 802.8, the residence 18 or business address or telephone number of any victim 19 or witness to a violent crime against a person or a 20 crime using a dangerous weapon, as defined in section 21 702.7. In any action challenging the failure of the 22 lawful custodian to disclose any particular 23 information of the kind enumerated in this paragraph, 24 the burden of proof is on the lawful custodian to 25 demonstrate that the disclosure of that information 26 would jeopardize such an investigation, or would pose 27 such a clear and present danger, or would reveal such 28 identifying information prior to the filing of an 29 information or indictment. The communication shall be 30 disclosed after removal of the information which is 31 not to be disclosed pursuant to this paragraph." By striking page 2, line 29 through page 3, 32 2. 33 line 8. 34 3. Page 4, by striking lines 11 through 24. 35 Page 10, by inserting after line 28, the 4. 36 following: 37 "Sec. Section 232.2, subsection 6, paragraph 38 d, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as 39 follows: 40 d. Who has been, or is imminently likely to be, 41 sexually abused by the child's parent, guardian, 42 custodian or other member of the household in which 43 the child resides. 44 Sec. Section 232.8, subsection 1, unnumbered . 45 paragraph 2, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: Violations by a child of provisions of chapter 106, 46 47 106A, 109, 109A, 110, 110A, 110B, 111, 321, or 321G 48 which would be simple misdemeanors if committed by an 49 adult, and violations by a child of county or 50 municipal curfew or traffic ordinances, and-violations -1HOUSE CLIP SHEET

H-5936

MARCH 29, 1990

ਇੰਨਪੁੱਖ ਤੱਕੇ

والتقاديات لالباره

Page 1 by-a-child-of-section-123-47, are excluded from the 2 jurisdiction of the juvenile court and shall be 3 prosecuted as simple misdemeanors as provided by law. 4 The-court-may-advise-appropriate-juvenile-authorities 5 and-may-refer-violations-of-section-123-47-to-the 6 juvenile-court-when-there-is-reason-to-believe-the 7 child-regularly-abuses-alcohol-and-may-be-in-need-of 8 treatment --- The-court-shall-notify-the-parents-or 9 legal-guardians-of-a-child-who-appears-before-it-for-a 10 violation-of-section-123.47. A child convicted of a 11 violation excluded from the jurisdiction of the 12 juvenile court under this unnumbered paragraph shall 13 be sentenced pursuant to section 805.8, where 14 applicable, and pursuant to section 903.1, subsection 15 3, for all other violations." 5. Page 11, by inserting after line 19, the 16 17 following: 18 "Sec. Section 232.82, Code 1989, is amended 19 to read as follows: 232.82 REMOVAL OF SEXUAL OFFENDERS AND PHYSICAL 20 21 ABUSERS FROM THE RESIDENCE PURSUANT TO COURT ORDER. 22 1. Notwithstanding section 561.15, if it is 23 alleged by a person authorized to file a petition 24 under section 232.87, subsection 2, or by the court on 25 its own motion, that a parent, guardian, custodian, or 26 an adult member of the household in which a child 27 resides has committed a sexual offense with or against 28 the child, pursuant to chapter 709 or section 726.2, 29 or a physical abuse as defined by section 232.2, 30 subsection 38, the juvenile court may enter an ex 31 parte order requiring the alleged sexual offender or 32 physical abuser to vacate the child's residence upon a 33 showing that probable cause exists to believe that the 34 sexual offense or physical abuse has occurred and that 35 substantial evidence exists to believe that the 36 presence of the alleged sexual offender or physical 37 abuser in the child's residence presents a danger to 38 the child's life or physical, emotional, or mental 39 health. If an order is entered under subsection 1 and a 40 2. 41 petition has not yet been filed under this chapter, 42 the petition shall be filed under section 232.87 by

42 the petition shall be filled under section 232.87 by
43 the county attorney, the department of human services,
44 or a juvenile court officer within three days of the
45 entering of the order.
46 3. The juvenile court may order on its own motion,

46 3. The juvenile court may order on its own motion, 47 or shall order upon the request of the alleged sexual 48 offender or physical abuser, a hearing to determine 49 whether the order to vacate the residence should be 50 upheld, modified, or vacated. The juvenile court may -2MARCH 29, 1990

H-5936 Page 3 1 in any later child in need of assistance proceeding 2 uphold, modify, or vacate the order to vacate the 3 residence. Section 232.116, subsection 1, Code 4 Sec. 5 Supplement 1989, is amended by adding a new paragraph: The court finds that both of NEW PARAGRAPH. 1. 6 7 the following have occurred: 8 (1)The child has been adjudicated a child in need 9 of assistance pursuant to section 232.96 after finding 10 that the child has been physically or sexually abused ll as a result of the acts or omissions of a parent. 12 (2) The parent found to have physically or 13 sexually abused the child has been imprisoned for such 14 abuse against the child, the child's sibling, or any 15 other child in the household and the court finds it is 16 unlikely that the parent will be released within five 17 years." 6. Page 11, line 23, by striking the word "and" 18 19 and inserting the following: "for". 7. Page 12, line 3, by striking the word 20 21 "paragraph" and inserting the following: "paragraphs 22 "b" and". Page 12, by inserting after line 20, the 23 8. 24 following: "Sec. 101. Section 321.85, Code 1989, is amended 25 26 to read as follows: 321.85 STOLEN VEHICLES OR COMPONENT PARTS. When a vehicle or component part is seized 1. 29 under section 321.84 or is stolen or embezzled, and is 30 not claimed by the owner before the date on which the 31 person charged with its stealing or embezzling is 32 convicted, the officer having the vehicle or component 33 part in the officer's custody shall, on that date by 34 certified regular mail, notify the department that the 35 officer has the vehicle or component part in the 36 officer's possession, giving a full and complete 37 description of it, including all vehicle 38 identification numbers and component part numbers. If 39 there is a dispute regarding a claim for the vehicle 40 or component part, the agency holding the vehicle or 41 component part shall conduct an evidentiary hearing to 42 adjudicate the claim. 43 2. If a person claims to be the owner, and there 44 is a dispute as to the claim, the department shall 45 hold an evidentiary hearing within thirty days of 46 receiving the claim. If it is shown that the vehicle 47 or component part is needed as evidence in a criminal 48 prosecution or that further investigation is needed to 49 identify the vehicle or part or its owner, the hearing 50 shall be continued a reasonable amount of time for the -3-

If

Ιf

H-5936 Page 1 completion of the prosecution or investigation. 2 the person from whom the vehicle or part was seized 3 establishes ownership of a vehicle or part, the 4 vehicle or part shall be returned to the person 5 without imposition of towing or storage fees. 6 A claimant may establish ownership of a motor 3. 7 vehicle by demonstrating any of the following: a. That the claimant is the holder of a valid 8 9 certificate of title, including rebuilt vehicle title, 10 or junking certificate which in fact corresponds to 11 all component parts of the vehicle, or by other 12 competent evidence. Ownership shall not be denied if 13 the only parts bearing numbers not corresponding to 14 the title are those found on the engine, door, or 15 fender of the vehicle unless the numbers are the 16 public vehicle identification number. However, if the 17 claimant cannot establish ownership of the engine, 18 door, or fender pursuant to subsection 4, the part 19 shall not be returned to the claimant. Numbers on 20 motorcycle engine cases are not engine numbers for 21 purposes of this paragraph. 22 b. That the claimant is the owner of all component 23 parts of the vehicle as set forth in subsection 4. c. That the claimant is the legal owner of the 24 25 vehicle under the laws of another state if the vehicle 26 is registered or titled in that other state. 27 4. A claimant may establish ownership of a 28 component part by demonstrating that the claimant 29 holds a valid certificate of title or junking 30 certificate for the vehicle on which the part was 31 initially installed by the manufacturer, or was placed 32 in accordance with a valid rebuilt vehicle title, or 33 by evidence of a legitimate unbroken chain of 34 ownership of the part back to the holder of such title 35 or certificate, or by other competent evidence. 36 Ownership of component parts on which the numbers have 37 been altered, defaced, switched, removed, or otherwise 38 disguised shall not be established unless there is 39 sufficient competent or physical evidence identifying 40 it as part of a vehicle owned by the claimant. 5. If a claimant establishes ownership of a 41 42 vehicle, the entire vehicle shall be awarded to the 43 claimant, unless ownership of a door or fender or of 44 the engine is established in another person, in which 45 case that part shall be awarded to that person. 46 ownership of a vehicle is not established, the

47 component parts shall be awarded to the claimants 48 establishing title to the parts. The final decision shall be served by certified 49 6. 50 mail upon the persons found to be owners of vehicles -4MARCH 29, 1990

	5936
	qe 5
	or parts, and shall notify such persons that the
· 1	vehicle or part is no longer needed for prosecution or
	venicle of part is no longer needed for prosecution of
	investigation and that they have forty-five days to
4	retrieve the vehicle or part from the agency having
5	custody of the vehicle or part. Failure to do so
	shall result in the vehicle or part being deemed
7	abandoned for purposes of section 321.89.
8	7. If the ownership of a vehicle or part cannot be
9	established, the agency having custody of the vehicle
10	or part shall proceed as directed in sections 321.86
	through 321.89.
	Sec. 102. Section 321.88, Code 1989, is amended to
	read as follows:
	If the owner does not appear within forty forty-
	five days, the motor vehicle or component part shall
	be deemed abandoned and the officer having possession
	of the motor vehicle or component part shall proceed
19	as provided in section 321.89, subsections 3 and 4.
20	Sec. 103. Section 321.89, Code 1989, is amended by
21	adding the following new subsection:
22	
	an owner as provided in section 321.88 shall be
24	disposed of as provided in subsections 3 and 4."
25	
	following:
7	• •
В	1989, is amended to read as follows:
29	
30	misdemeanors, including traffic and ordinance
	violations, and preliminary hearings, search warrant
32	proceedings, county and municipal infractions, and
33	small claims. They-also Magistrates have jurisdiction
34	to exercise the powers specified in sections 644.2 and
	644.12, and to hear complaints or preliminary
	informations, issue warrants, order arrests, make
	commitments, and take bail. They-also Magistrates
	have jurisdiction over violations of section 123.47
39	involving persons eighteen years of age, and section
40	123.49, subsection 2, paragraph "h". Magistrates have
41	jurisdiction to conduct hearings authorized under section 809.4 and section 809.10, subsection 2."
42	section 809.4 and section 809.10, subsection 2."
43	
	line 6, and inserting the following:
45	"Sec Section 707.6A, Code Supplement 1989,
46	is amended to read as follows:
47	707.6A HOMICIDE OR SERIOUS INJURY BY VEHICLE.
48	1. A person commits a class " \mathbb{P}^{μ} "C" felony when
	the person unintentionally causes the death of another
	by either of the following means:
00	-5-
	-2-

49 return.

ingle model the f

MARCH 29, 1990 H-5936 Page a. Operating a motor vehicle while under the 1 2 influence of alcohol or a other drug or a combination 3 of such substances or while having an alcohol 4 concentration, as defined in section 321J.1, 5 subsection 1, of .10 or more;-in-violation-of-section 6 3213-2. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a 7 violation of this paragraph, the court shall order the 8 state department of transportation to revoke the 9 defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident 10 operating privileges for a period of six years. The 11 defendant shall surrender to the court any Iowa 12 license or permit and the court shall forward it to 13 the department with a copy of the revocation order. Driving a motor vehicle in a reckless manner 14 b. 15 with willful or wanton disregard for the safety of 16 persons or property, in violation of section 321.277. 17 2. A person commits an-aggravated-misdemeanor a 18 class "D" felony when the person unintentionally 19 causes the death of another by operating a motor 20 vehicle in any of the following manners: 21 a. Drag racing, in violation of section 321.278. 22 b. Eluding or attempting to elude a pursuing law 23 enforcement vehicle, in violation of section 321.279. A person commits an aggravated misdemeanor when 24 3. 25 the person unintentionally causes a serious injury, as 26 defined in section 321J.1, subsection 8, by either of 27 the means described in subsection 1 of this section.
28 3 4. As used in this section, "motor vehicle" 29 includes any vehicle defined as a motor vehicle in . 30 section 321.1. 31 Except for the purpose of sentencing under 5. 32 section 321J.2, subsection 2, a conviction or deferral 33 of judgment for a violation of this section, where a 34 violation of section 321J.2 is admitted or proved, 35 shall be treated as a conviction or deferral of 36 judgment for a violation of section 321J.2 for the 37 purposes of chapters 321, 321A, and 321J, and section 38 907.3, subsection 1." Page 24, by inserting after line 15, the 39 11. 40 following: "Sec. 105. Section 809.3, subsection 2, Code 1989, 41 42 is amended to read as follows: 43 2. The application for the return of seized 44 property shall state the specific item or items 45 sought, the nature of the claimant's interest in the 46 property, and the grounds upon which the claimant 47 seeks to have the property immediately returned. Mere 48 ownership is insufficient as grounds for immediate

50 the-claimant-shall-be-limited-at-the-judicial-hearing -6-

The-written-application-shall-be-specific-and

Charles Contraction H-5936 Page 7 1 to-proof-of-the-grounds-set-out-in-the-application-for 2 immediate-return. The fact that the property is 3 inadmissible as evidence or that it may be suppressed 4 is not grounds for its return. If-no-specific-grounds 5 are-set-out-in-the-application-for-return;-or-the 6 grounds-set-out-are-insufficient-as-a-matter-of-law, 7 the-court-may-enter-judgment-on-the-pleadings-without 8 further-hearing-9 Sec. 106. Section 809.11, subsections 1 and 2, 10 Code 1989, are amended to read as follows: Forfeiture is a civil proceeding. 11 1. At the 12 hearing the burden is on the state to prove by a 13 preponderance-of-the clear and convincing evidence 14 that the property is forfeitable. However, forfeiture 15 is not dependent upon a prosecution for, or conviction 16 of, a criminal offense and forfeiture proceedings are 17 separate and distinct from any related criminal 18 action. 19 Court-appointed-counsel; Counsel shall be 2. 20 appointed at the state's expense,-is-not-available-in 21 forfeiture-proceedings for indigent persons having an 22 ownership interest exceeding a value of five hundred 23 dollars in the property that is subject to the 24 forfeiture proceeding. The attorney general or county 25 attorney may represent the state in all forfeiture 26 proceedings. 27 Sec. 107. Section 809.11, Code 1989, is amended by 28 adding the following new subsections: 29 NEW SUBSECTION. 5. At a hearing to determine 30 whether real property should be forfeited, any of the 31 following may be established as affirmative defenses, 32 by the person seeking return of the property: 33 That the person, who is not a party to the a. 34 alleged criminal activity, before becoming aware of 35 the investigation, reported the alleged criminal 36 activity to the appropriate law enforcement agency 37 prior to the seizure of the property. That the person acted reasonably in attempting 38 b. 39 to prevent or terminate the unlawful use of the 40 property. That the person seeking return of the property 41 🕾 c. 42 had no prior knowledge of the criminal activity. 43 NEW SUBSECTION. 6. Cash found in close proximity 44 to controlled substances is presumed to be forfeitable 45 property." 46 12. Page 26, by striking lines 4 through 7, and 47 inserting the following: "1. A brief personal and social history of the 48 49 defendant. The defendant's criminal record." 50 2. -7-

Edyc

، مدينديد بديد.

÷.

a second second

di min

H-5936 Page 8 1 13. Page 26, by inserting after line 33, the 2 following: "Sec. 3 . Section 903.1, subsection 3, unnumbered 4 paragraph 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 3. A person under eighteen years of age convicted 5 6 of a simple misdemeanor under chapter 106, 106A, 109, 7 109A, 110, 110A, 110B, 111, 321, or 321G, section 8 123-477 or a violation of a county or municipal curfew 9 or traffic ordinance, except for an offense subject to 10 section 805.8, may be required to pay a fine, not to 11 exceed one hundred dollars, as fixed by the court, or 12 may be required to perform community service as 13 ordered by the court." 14 14. Page 27, by striking lines 16 through 21. 15 15. By striking page 35, line 15, through page 16 36, line 11. 17 16. Page 36, by inserting after line 20, the 18 following: 19 "Sec. Sections 101 through 107 of this Act apply to any 20 21 seizure or forfeiture proceeding or action commenced 22 on or after the effective date of this Act." 23 17. By renumbering, relettering, or redesignating 24 and correcting internal references as necessary. By COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT JAY of Appanoose, Chairperson H-5936 FILED MARCH 28, 1990 adopted as amended by 6033 4/3(7. 1774 Line 18, 19, page 3, placed % by adoptie of H-6051 Lines 20, 22, "" ", " "



SENATE FILE 2413

H-5992

Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and
 reprinted by the Senate, as follows:
 By striking page 12, line 33, through page 13,

4 line 7, and inserting the following: "consecutive 5 days."

By BEAMAN of Clarke

H-5992 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 Love 4/3 (y. 1821)

SENATE FILE 2413

H-5993

5

A Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows:

3 1. By striking page 30, line 3, through page 32, 4 line 5.

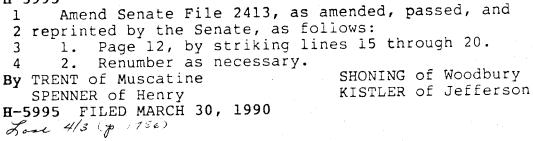
Renumber as necessary.

By TRENT of Muscatine

H-5993 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 Zore 4/3 (p. 1827)

SENATE FILE 2413

H-5995



SENATE FILE 2413

H-5996
1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and
2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows:
3 1. Page 25, by striking lines 1 through 9.
By IVERSON of Wright TYRRELL of Iowa
SPENNER of Henry KISTLER of Jefferson
H-5996 FILED MARCH 30, 1990
Udupted

	SENATE FILE 2413
H -9	5988
1	Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and
	reprinted by the Senate, as follows:
	1. Page 3, line 8, by inserting after the word
	"mail." the following: "The peace officer shall also
	notify the state department of transportation which
	shall suspend the person's motor vehicle operator's
	license or permit for three months, unless the
	person's custodial parent or legal guardian provides a
	written request for the reinstatement of the license
	or permit."
	2. Page 4, line 24, by inserting after the word
	"mail." the following: "The peace officer shall also
	notify the state department of transportation which
	shall suspend the person's motor vehicle operator's
	license or permit for three months, unless the
	custodial parent or legal guardian provides a written
	request for the reinstatement of the license or
	permit."
	BENNETT of Ida SPENNER of Henry
-	SIEGRIST of Pottawattamie LAGESCHULTE of Bremer
H-8	5988, FILED MARCH 30, 1990
	4/3 (p. 1776)
/-	\mathcal{O}

SENATE FILE 2413

н-5989

1 Amend Senate File 2413 as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 1. Page 12, by inserting after line 14, the 3 4 following: 5 "Sec. . Section 246.703, Code 1989, is amended 6 by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph: NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH. The director may enter 7 8 into a chapter 28E agreement with a county board of 9 supervisors or county conservation board to provide 10 inmate services for environmental maintenance 11 including but not limited to brush and weed cutting, 12 tree planting, and erosion control. The board of 13 supervisors or conservation board shall reimburse the 14 department of corrections for the allowance paid the 15 inmates by the director. The supervision, security, 16 and transportation of inmates used pursuant to the 17 chapter 28E agreement shall be provided by the 18 department of corrections." Renumber as necessary. 19 2.

By HALVORSON of Clayton SHERZAN of Polk KNAPP of Dubuque

H-5989 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 (idopted 4/3 (p. 1785)





997

APRIL 2, 1990

SENATE FILE 2413

Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 3 1. Page 3, by inserting after line 8, the 4 following: "Sec. Section 123.50, subsection 4, Code 5 6 Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows: 4. A person, other than a licensee or permittee or 7 8 a minor, who violates section 123.47 is guilty of a 9 serious misdemeanor punishable by a minimum fine of 10 one hundred dollars for a first offense, two hundred 11 and fifty dollars for a second offense, and five 12 hundred dollars for a third and subsequent offense, 13 and a maximum fine for any offense of not more than 14 one thousand dollars. 15 A person age eighteen or under who is guilty of 16 possessing any alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer in 17 violation of section 123.47, in addition to the 18 penalty provided in section 123.90, shall surrender 19 all motor vehicle licenses or permits which the court 20 shall forward to the state department of 21 transportation. The license or permit shall be 22 suspended by the department for a three-month period." 23 2. Page 12, by inserting after line 20, the 24 following: NEW SECTION. "Sec. 321.210B SUSPENSION FOR POSSESSION OF ALCOHOL BY PERSON UNDER LEGAL AGE. The department shall suspend the motor vehicle 41 28 license of a person age eighteen or under who is 29 guilty of a violation of section 123.47, as provided 30 in section 123.50, subsection 4." 3. Renumber as necessary. 31 By SIEGRIST of Pottawattamie HESTER of Pottawattamie LUNDBY of Linn KISTLER of Jefferson BENNETT of Ida SHONING of Woodbury MAULSBY of Calhoun H-5997 FILED MARCH 30, 1990

Jose 4/3 (p. 1778)



and the strength of the streng

اليجيها براغير ال

APRIL 2, 1990

SENATE FILE 2413

H-5998 1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 1. Page 13, by striking lines 10 through 28, and 4 inserting the following: "Failure to attend or complete a course for 5 6 drinking drivers, or a substance abuse treatment 7 program as ordered by the court is punishable as 8 contempt of court." 9 Page 24, by inserting after line 15 the 2. 10 following: 11 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 809.17 PROCEEDS APPLIED 12 TO TAXES AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS. 13 Except as provided in section 809.21, proceeds from 14 the disposal of seized or forfeited property pursuant 15 to this chapter shall be transferred to the Iowa 16 department of public health for funding of youth 17 education, prevention, and treatment programs for 18 substance abusers." 19 3. Page 27, line 10, by striking the words 20 "substance abuse" and inserting the following: 21 "treatment". 22 4. Renumber as necessary. By ROSENBERG of Story

H-5998 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 Adepted as amended by 6043 4/3 (g. 1823)

APRIL 2, 1990

SENATE FILE 2413

H-6001 Amend Senate File 2413 as amended, passed, and 1 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 3 1. Page 12, by inserting after line 20, the 4 following: Section 321J.4, subsection 8, Code 5 "Sec. 6 1989, is amended by striking the subsection. 7 Section 321J.13, subsection 5, Code Sec. 8 Supplement 1989, is amended by striking the 9 subsection. 10 Sec. Section 321J.20, subsection 1, Code 11 1989, is amended by striking the subsection." 2. Page 12, by striking line 22, and inserting 12 13 the following: "The sections of this Act creating a new chapter". 14 15 Page 13, by inserting after line 28, the 3. 16 following: "Sec. 321L.3 17 NEW SECTION. TEMPORARY 18 RESTRICTED LICENSE. 19 A person whose motor vehicle license has been 20 revoked under chapter 321J and who is not eligible for 21 a temporary restricted license under this chapter may 22 petition the court for an order to the department to 23 require the department to issue a temporary restricted 24 license to the person following the expiration of any 25 minimum revocation period provided for under section 26 321J.20. Notice of and an opportunity to request a 27 hearing on the petition shall be provided to the 28 department and to the prosecuting attorney by the 29 clerk of the district court in the county where the 30 violation resulting in the revocation was committed. 31 If the court determines that any minimum revocation 32 period provided for under section 321J.20 has expired 33 and the temporary restricted license is necessary for 34 the person to maintain the person's employment, the 35 court may order the department to issue to the person 36 a temporary restricted license conditioned upon the 37 person's certification to the court of the 38 installation of approved ignition interlock devices in 39 all motor vehicles that it is necessary for the person 40 to operate to maintain the person's employment. If 41 the person operates a motor vehicle which does not 42 have an approved ignition interlock device or if the 43 person tampers with or circumvents an ignition 44 interlock device, in addition to other penalties 45 provided, the person's temporary restricted license 46 shall be revoked. 47 NEW SECTION. 321L.4 Sec. STATEMENT OF 48 OFFICER. 49 A person who has been requested to submit to a

50 chemical test shall be advised by a peace officer of -1-

H-6001 Page 1 the following: 2 1. If the person refuses to submit to the test, 3 the person's motor vehicle license or operating 4 privilege will be revoked by the department for the 5 applicable period under section 321J.9 and the person 6 will not be eligible for a temporary restricted 7 license until at least the first ninety days of the 8 revocation period have expired. 9 2. If the person submits to the test and the 10 results indicate an alcohol concentration as defined 11 in section 321J.1 of .10 or more, the person's motor 12 vehicle license or operating privilege will be revoked 13 by the department for the applicable period under 14 section 321J.12 and the person will not be eligible 15 for a temporary restricted license until at least the 16 first thirty days of the revocation period have 17 expired. This section does not apply in any case involving a 18 19 person described in section 321J.7. 20 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.5 STAY OF LICENSE • 21 REVOCATION BY DEPARTMENT. 22 Notwithstanding the Iowa administrative procedure 23 Act, chapter 17A, the department shall not stay the 24 revocation of a person's motor vehicle license or 25 operating privilege for the period that the person is 26 contesting the revocation under this section or 27 section 321J.14 unless the first ninety days of the 28 revocation period under section 321J.9 or the first 29 thirty days of a revocation period under 321J.12 have 30 expired. Sec. NEW SECTION. 31 321L.6 TEMPORARY 32 RESTRICTED LICENSE. 33 The department may, on application, issue a 34 temporary restricted license to a person whose motor 35 vehicle license is revoked under chapter 321J allowing 36 the person to drive to and from the person's home and 37 specified places at specified times which can be 38 verified by the department and which are required by 39 the person's full-time or part-time employment, 40 continuing health care or the continuing health care 41 of another who is dependent upon the person, 42 continuing education while enrolled in an educational 43 institution on a part-time or full-time basis and 44 while pursuing a course of study leading to a diploma, 45 degree, or other certification of successful 46 educational completion, substance abuse treatment, and 47 court-ordered community service responsibilities if 48 the person's motor vehicle license has not been 49 revoked under section 321J.4, 321J.9, or 321J.12 50 within the previous six years and if any of the -2-

Page 57

3 Page 1 following apply: 2 7 a. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 3 under section 321J.4, subsection 1, 2, 4, or 6. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 4 b. 5 under section 321J.9, the person has entered a plea of 6 guilty on a charge of a violation of section 321J.2 7 which arose from the same set of circumstances which 8 resulted in the person's motor vehicle license 9 revocation under section 321J.9, the guilty plea is 10 not withdrawn at the time of or after application for 11 the temporary restricted license, and the first ninety 12 days of the revocation period have expired. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked 13 с. 14 under section 321J.12 and the first thirty days of the 15 revocation period have expired. 16 However, a temporary restricted license may be 17 issued if the person's motor vehicle license is 18 revoked under section 321J.9, and the revocation is a 19 second revocation under this chapter, and the first 20 three hundred sixty-five days of the revocation have 21 expired." Page 36, by inserting after line 11 the 22 4. 23 following: 24 "Sec. REPEAL. 25 Section 321J.8, Code 1989, is repealed."

26 5. Page 36, by striking lines 16 through 20, and 27 inserting the following:

28 "The Code editor shall redesignate chapter 321L, as 29 enacted by this Act, in a new and different chapter so 30 that these sections do not conflict with chapter 321L 31 as enacted during the 1989 Session of the General 32 Assembly and as it appears in the 1989 Code 33 Supplement."

34 6. Renumber as necessary.

By TRENT of Muscatine GARMAN of Story CLARK of Cerro Gordo

H-6001 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 Lost 4/3 (p. 1790)





APRIL 2, 1990

					- r c
Jan 1		Sec.		Sucharrow	an a
52. Tak	- market	Sec.	the start of the	- 404	Star .
- Nario Antonio	1999 P.		19.79		

		1
HOUSE CLIP SHEET APRIL 2, 1990	Page 59	
SENATE FILE 2413		
H-6005		
1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and		
2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows.		
J 1. Page 3, by striking lines 19 through 21 and		e P
4 Inserting the rollowing: "private elementary		
5 vocational, or secondary school, or a public or		
o private college, junior college or university or		
7 within one hundred feet of a public park, playground	d, sa	
8 public or private youth center, public swimming pool 9 or video arcade facility, may, at the judge's	1,	
10 discretion, be sentenced up to an additional term of	_	
ll confinement".	Constraint and the second s	
12 2. Page 3, by striking lines 31 and 32, and		
15 inserving the collowing: "private elementary		
14 vocational, or secondary school, or a public or		
15 private college, junior college, or university or		
16 within one hundred feet of a public park, playground	1,	
17 public or private youth center, public swimming pool	<u>· /</u>	
18 or video arcade facility, the person shall serve a". 19 3. Page 4, by striking lines 8 and 9 and		
- 20 inserting the tollowing: "elementary voperions: a		
25 facility, the person shall serve a minimum".	, , 1	
45 lest of a public park, playeround, public or private		
25 Sould Center, public swimming pool, or video arcade		
By RISTDER of Jefferson		
GARMAN OF Story		
E-6005 FILED MARCH 30, 1990		
Udepted 4/3 (p. 1779)		
SENATE FILE 2413		
	88	
Amend Senate File 2413 as amended, passed, and a reprinted by the Senate, as follows:		
1. By striking page 27, line 22, through page 29,		
5 2. By renumbering as necessary.	 State 	
By CLARK of Cerro Gordo		
H-6006 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 (clepted 4/3(4.1826)		
auguer 4/3 (g. 1826)		
SENATE FILE 2413		
H=6008		
1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and re	9 — (1997) (19977) (19977) (1997) (1997) (19977) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (
Struced by the Sendle, SS ICHOMS.		
3 1. Page 11, line 22, by striking the word "shall"		
a did inserting the forfowing: "may".		
H-6008 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 By MAULSBY of Calhoun		
i dopted 4/3 (p. 1783)		
v V		
		-

SENATE FILE 2413

*

Sec. 1

H-5983 Amend Senate File 2413 as follows: 1 1. Page 3, line 13, by striking the word ÷ 2 3 "counterfiet" and inserting the following: 4 "counterfeit". 2. Page 9, line 17, by striking the word "--5 6 PENALTY" and inserting the following: "-- PENALTY". 3. Page 20, line 6, by striking the word "--7 8 REFUNDS" and inserting the following: "-- REFUNDS". 4. Page 36, line 20, by inserting after the word 9 "they". 10 "as" the following: By JAY of Appanoose H-5983 FILED MARCH 29, 1990 adapted 4/3 (p. 1778) Fine 9,10 placed 0/0 by adoption of 6009 SENATE FILE 2413 H-5987 Amend Senate File 2413 as amended, passed, and 1 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: Page 27, by inserting after line 15, the 3 1. 4 following: 5 "Sec. . Section 903A.5, unnumbered paragraph 1, 6 Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: An inmate shall not be discharged from the custody 8 of the director of the Iowa department of corrections 9 until the inmate has served the full term for which 10 the inmate was sentenced, less good conduct time 11 earned and not forfeited, unless the inmate is 12 pardoned or otherwise legally released. Good conduct 13 time earned and not forfeited shall apply to reduce a 14 mandatory minimum sentence being served pursuant to 15 section 204-406,-204-413, 902.7, 902.8, or 906.5. An 16 inmate shall be deemed to be serving the sentence from 17 the day on which the inmate is received into the •18 institution. However, if an inmate was confined to a 19 county jail or other correctional or mental facility 20 at any time prior to sentencing, or after sentencing 21 but prior to the case having been decided on appeal, 22 because of failure to furnish bail or because of being 23 charged with a nonbailable offense, the inmate shall 24 be given credit for the days already served upon the 25 term of the sentence. The clerk of the district court 26 of the county from which the inmate was sentenced, 27 shall certify to the warden the number of days so 28 served." 29 Renumber as necessary. 2. By BENNETT of Ida

MAULSBY of Calhoun

H-5987 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 adapted 3/4 (A. 1826)

HOUSE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 2, 1990

SENATE FILE 2413 H-6009 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 1 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: Page 12, by striking lines 21 through 26 and 3 1. 4 inserting the following: 5 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.1 DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter unless the context 6 7 otherwise requires: "Alcohol concentration" means the number of 1. 9 grams of alcohol per any of the following: One hundred milliliters of blood. 10 а. Two hundred ten liters of breath. 11 b. 12 Sixty-seven milliliters of urine. c. "Alcoholic beverage" includes alcohol, wine, 13 2. 14 spirits, beer, or any other beverage which contains 15 ethyl alcohol and is fit for human consumption. 16 "Arrest" includes but is not limited to taking 3. 17 into custody pursuant to section 232.19. "Department" means the state department of 18 4. 19 transportation. "Director" means the director of transportation 20 5. 21 or the director's designee. "Motor vehicle license" means any license or 22 6. 23 permit issued to a person to operate a motor vehicle 24 in this state, including but not limited to an 25 operator, chauffeur, or motorized bicycle license and 26 an instruction or temporary permit. "Peace officer" means: 27 7. A member of the highway patrol. 28 a. 29 b. A police officer under civil service as 30 provided in chapter 400. 31 с. A sheriff. A regular deputy sheriff who has had formal 32 d. 33 police training. Any other law enforcement officer who has 34 e. 35 satisfactorily completed an approved course relating 36 to motor vehicle operators under the influence of 37 alcoholic beverages at the Iowa law enforcement 38 academy or a law enforcement training program approved 39 by the department of public safety. 40 8. "Serious injury" means a bodily injury which 41 creates a substantial risk of death, or which causes 42 serious permanent disfigurement, or which causes 43 protracted loss or impairment of the function of any 44 bodily organ or major bodily member, or which causes 45 the loss of any bodily member." 2. Page 12, line 27, by striking the figure 46 47 "321L.1" and inserting the following: "321L.1A". 48 3. Page 12, line 32, by striking the figure 49 "321J.2" and inserting the following: "321L.2A". 50 4. Page 13, by inserting after line 28 the -1-

H-6009

Page 2

l following:

"Sec. 2 . NEW SECTION. 321L.2A OPERATING WHILE 3 UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ALCOHOL OR A DRUG OR WHILE 4 HAVING AN ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION OF .08 OR MORE. (OWI) 1. A person commits the offense of operating while 5 6 intoxicated if the person operates a motor vehicle in 7 this state in either of the following conditions: a. While under the influence of an alcoholic 8 9 beverage or other drug or a combination of such 10 substances. 11 b. While having an alcohol concentration as 12 defined in section 321L.2 of .08 or more. 13 2. A person who violates this section commits: A serious misdemeanor for the first offense and 14 a. 15 shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less 16 than forty-eight hours to be served as ordered by the 17 court, less credit for any time the person was 18 confined in a jail or detention facility following 19 arrest, and assessed a fine of not less than five 20 hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars. 21 As an alternative to a portion or all of the fine, the 22 court may order the person to perform not more than 23 two hundred hours of unpaid community service. The 24 court may accommodate the sentence to the work 25 schedule of the defendant. 26 b. An aggravated misdemeanor for a second offense 27 and shall be imprisoned in the county jail or 28 community-based correctional facility not less than 29 seven days, which minimum term cannot be suspended 30 notwithstanding section 901.5, subsection 3 and 31 section 907.3, subsection 3, and assessed a fine of 32 not less than seven hundred fifty dollars. 33 A class "D" felony for a third offense and each с. 34 subsequent offense and shall be imprisoned in the 35 county jail for a determinate sentence of not more 36 than one year but not less than thirty days, or 37 committed to the custody of the director of the 38 department of corrections, and assessed a fine of not 39 less than seven hundred fifty dollars. The minimum 40 jail term of thirty days cannot be suspended 41 notwithstanding section 901.5, subsection 3, and 42 section 907.3, subsection 3, however, the person 43 sentenced shall receive credit for any time the person 44 was confined in a jail or detention facility following 45 arrest. If a person is committed to the custody of 46 the director of the department of corrections pursuant 47 to this paragraph and the sentence is suspended, the 48 sentencing court shall order that the offender serve

49 the thirty-day minimum term in the county jail.

50 the sentence which commits the person to the custody -2-

Ιf

Page 61

н–6009

Page 3

1 of the director of the department of corrections is 2 later imposed by the court, all time served in a 3 county jail toward the thirty-day minimum term shall 4 count as time served toward the sentence which 5 committed the person to the custody of the director of 6 the department of corrections. A person convicted of 7 a second or subsequent offense shall be ordered to 8 undergo a substance abuse evaluation prior to 9 sentencing. If a person is convicted of a third or 10 subsequent offense or if the evaluation recommends 11 treatment, the offender may be committed to the 12 custody of the director of the department of 13 corrections, who, if the sentence is not suspended, 14 shall assign the person to a facility pursuant to 15 section 246.513 or the offender may be committed to 16 treatment in the community under the provisions of 17 section 907.6.

18 3. No conviction for, deferred judgment for, or 19 plea of guilty to, a violation of this section which 20 occurred more than six years prior to the date of the 21 violation charged shall be considered in determining 22 that the violation charged is a second, third, or 23 subsequent offense. For the purpose of determining if 24 a violation charged is a second, third, or subsequent 25 offense, deferred judgments pursuant to section 907.3 26 for violations of this section and convictions or the 27 equivalent of deferred judgments for violations in any 28 other states under statutes substantially 29 corresponding to this section shall be counted as 30 previous offenses. The courts shall judicially notice 31 the statutes of other states which define offenses 32 substantially equivalent to the one defined in this 33 section and can therefore be considered corresponding 34 statutes. Each previous violation shall be considered 35 a separate previous offense without regard to whether 36 each was complete as to commission and conviction or

37 deferral of judgment following or prior to any other 38 previous violation. 39 4. A person shall not be convicted and sentenced

40 for more than one violation of this section if the 41 violation is shown to have been committed by either or 42 both of the means described in subsection 1 in the 43 same occurrence.

44 5. The clerk of court shall immediately certify to 45 the department a true copy of each order entered with 46 respect to deferral of judgment, deferral of sentence 47 or pronouncement of judgment and sentence for a 48 defendant under this section.

49 6. This section does not apply to a person 50 operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of -3-



H-6009

Page 1 a drug if the substance was prescribed for the person 2 and was taken under the prescription and in accordance 3 with the directions of a medical practitioner as 4 defined in chapter 155A, if there is no evidence of 5 the consumption of alcohol and the medical 6 practitioner had not directed the person to refrain 7 from operating a motor vehicle. 7. In any prosecution under this section, evidence 8 9 of the results of analysis of a specimen of the 10 defendant's blood, breath, or urine is admissible upon 11 proof of a proper foundation. The alcohol 12 concentration established by the results of an 13 analysis of a specimen of the defendant's blood, 14 breath, or urine withdrawn within two hours after the 15 defendant was driving or in physical control of a 16 motor vehicle is presumed to be the alcohol 17 concentration at the time of driving or being in 18 physical control of the motor vehicle. The court shall order a defendant convicted of 19 8. 20 or receiving a deferred judgment for a violation of 21 this section to make restitution, in an amount not to 22 exceed two thousand dollars, for damages resulting 23 directly from the violation. An amount paid pursuant 24 to this restitution order shall be credited toward any 25 adverse judgment in a subsequent civil proceeding 26 arising from the same occurrence. However, other than 27 establishing a credit, a restitution proceeding 28 pursuant to this section shall not be given 29 evidentiary or preclusive effect in a subsequent civil 30 proceeding arising from the same occurrence. In any prosecution under this section, the 31 9. 32 results of a chemical test may not be used to prove a 33 violation of paragraph "b" of subsection 1 if the 34 alcohol concentration indicated by the chemical test 35 minus the established margin of error inherent in the 36 device or method used to conduct the chemical test 37 does not equal an alcohol concentration of .08 or 38 more. 39 NEW SECTION. 321L.3 COURT ORDERED Sec. 40 SUBSTANCE ABUSE EVALUATION OR TREATMENT. 1. On a conviction for a violation of section 41 42 321L.2A, the court may order the defendant to attend a 43 course for drinking drivers under section 321L.22. If 44 the defendant submitted to a chemical test on arrest 45 for the violation of section 321L.2A and the test 46 indicated an alcohol concentration of .20 or higher, 47 or if the defendant is charged with a second or 48 subsequent offense, the court shall order the 49 defendant, on conviction, to undergo a substance abuse 50 evaluation and the court may order the defendant to -4-

H-6009

5 Page 1 follow the recommendations proposed in the substance 2 abuse evaluation for appropriate substance abuse 3 treatment for the defendant. Court-ordered substance 4 abuse treatment is subject to the periodic reporting 5 requirements of section 125.86. If a defendant is 6 committed by the court to a substance abuse treatment 7 facility, the administrator of the facility shall 8 report to the court when it is determined that the 9 defendant has received the maximum benefit of 10 treatment at the facility and the defendant shall be 11 released from the facility. The time for which the 12 defendant is committed for treatment shall be credited 13 against the defendant's sentence. The court may 14 prescribe the length of time for the evaluation and 15 treatment or it may request that the area school 16 conducting the course for drinking drivers which the 17 person is ordered to attend or the treatment program 18 to which the person is committed immediately report to 19 the court when the person has received maximum benefit 20 from the course for drinking drivers or treatment 21 program or has recovered from the person's addiction, 22 dependency, or tendency to chronically abuse alcohol 23 or drugs. A person committed under this section who 24 does not possess sufficient income or estate to make 25 payment of the costs of the treatment in whole or in 26 part shall be considered a state patient and the costs 27 of treatment shall be paid as provided in section 28 125.44. A defendant who fails to carry out the order 29 of the court or who fails to successfully complete or 30 attend a course for drinking drivers or an ordered 31 substance abuse treatment program shall be confined in 32 the county jail for twenty days in addition to any 33 other imprisonment ordered by the court or may be 34 ordered to perform unpaid community service work, and 35 shall be placed on probation for one year with a 36 violation of this probation punishable as contempt of 37 court. As a condition of a suspended sentence or 2.

2. As a condition of a suspended sentence or 39 portion of sentence for a second, third, or subsequent 40 offense in violation of section 321L.2A, the court 41 upon hearing may commit the defendant for inpatient 42 treatment of alcoholism or drug addiction or 43 dependency to any hospital, institution, or community 44 correctional facility in Iowa providing such 45 treatment. The time for which the defendant is 46 committed for treatment shall be credited against the 47 defendant's sentence. The court may prescribe the 48 length of time for the evaluation and treatment or it 49 may request that the hospital to which the person is 50 committed immediately report to the court when the



5音 转数

H-6009

Page 6 1 person has received maximum benefit from the program 2 of the hospital or institution or has recovered from 3 the person's addiction, dependency, or tendency to 4 chronically abuse alcohol or drugs. A person 5 committed under this section who does not possess 6 sufficient income or estate to make payment of the 7 costs of the treatment in whole or in part shall be 8 considered a state patient and the costs of treatment 9 shall be paid as provided in section 125.44. 10 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.4 REVOCATION OF

11 LICENSE -- IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICES -- CONDITIONAL 12 TEMPORARY RESTRICTED LICENSE.

13 1. If a defendant is convicted of a violation of 14 section 321L.2A and the defendant's motor vehicle 15 license or nonresident operating privilege has not 16 been revoked under section 321L.9 or 321L.12 for the 17 occurrence from which the arrest arose, the department 18 shall revoke the defendant's motor vehicle license or 19 nonresident operating privilege for one hundred eighty 20 days if the defendant has had no previous conviction 21 under section 321L.2A or revocation under section 22 321L.9 or 321L.12 within the previous six years and 23 for one year if the defendant has had one or more 24 previous convictions or revocations under those 25 sections within the previous six years.

26 2. If the court defers judgment pursuant to 27 section 907.3 for a violation of section 321L.2A, the 28 court shall order the department to revoke the 29 defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident 30 operating privilege for a period of not less than 31 thirty days nor more than ninety days if the 32 defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident 33 operating privilege has not been revoked under section 34 321L.9 or 321L.12 for the occurrence from which the 35 arrest arose. The court shall immediately require the 36 defendant to surrender to it all Iowa licenses or 37 permits held by the defendant, which the court shall 38 forward to the department with a copy of the order 39 deferring judgment.

40 3. a. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a third 41 or subsequent violation of section 321L.2A, the court 42 shall order the department to revoke the defendant's 43 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 44 privilege for a period of six years. The court shall 45 require the defendant to surrender to it all Iowa 46 licenses or permits held by the defendant, which the 47 court shall forward to the department with a copy of 48 the order for revocation.

49 b. After two years from the date of the order for 50 revocation, the defendant may apply to the court for -6-







APRIL 2, 1990

and the second sec

H-6009

Page 7
1 restoration of the defendant's eligibility for a motor
2 vehicle license. The application may be granted only
3 if all of the following are shown by the defendant by
4 a preponderance of the evidence:

an and the second s

5 (1) The defendant has completed an evaluation and,
6 if recommended by the evaluation, a program of
7 treatment for chemical dependency and is recovering,
8 or has substantially recovered, from that dependency
9 on or tendency to abuse alcohol or drugs.

10 (2) The defendant has not been convicted, since 11 the date of the revocation order, of any subsequent 12 violations of section 321L.2A or 123.46, or any 13 comparable city or county ordinance, and the defendant 14 has not, since the date of the revocation order, 15 submitted to a chemical test under this chapter that 16 indicated an alcohol concentration as defined in 17 section 321L.1 of .08 or more, or refused to submit to 18 chemical testing under this chapter.

19 (3) The defendant has abstained from the excessive 20 consumption of alcoholic beverages and the consumption 21 of controlled substances, except at the direction of a 22 licensed physician or pursuant to a valid 23 prescription.

24 (4) The defendant's motor vehicle license is not 25 currently subject to suspension or revocation for any 26 other reason.

c. The court shall forward to the department a 28 record of any application submitted under paragraph 29 "b" and the results of the court's disposition of the 30 application.

31 4. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a violation 32 of section 321L.2A which involved a personal injury, 33 the court shall determine in open court, from 34 consideration of the information in the file and any 35 other evidence the parties may submit, whether a 36 serious injury was sustained by any person other than 37 the defendant and, if so, whether the defendant's 38 conduct in violation of section 321L.2A caused the 39 serious injury. If the court so determines, the court 40 shall order the department to revoke the defendant's 41 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 42 privilege for a period of one year in addition to any 43 other period of suspension or revocation. The 44 defendant shall surrender to the court any Iowa 45 license or permit and the court shall forward it to 46 the department with a copy of the order for 47 revocation.

48 5. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a violation 49 of section 321L.2A which involved a death, the court 50 shall determine in open court, from consideration of

H-6009

Page 1 the information in the file and any other evidence the 2 parties may submit, whether a death occurred and, if 3 so, whether the defendant's conduct in violation of 4 section 321L.2A caused the death. If the court so 5 determines, the court shall order the department to 6 revoke the defendant's motor vehicle license or 7 nonresident operating privilege for a period of six 8 years. The defendant shall surrender to the court any 9 Iowa license or permit and the court shall forward it 10 to the department with a copy of the order for ll revocation. 12 6. If a license or permit to operate a motor 13 vehicle is revoked or denied under this section or 14 section 321L.9 or 321L.12, the period of revocation or 15 denial shall be the period provided for such a 16 revocation or until the defendant reaches the age of 17 eighteen whichever period is longer. 18 7. On a conviction for or as a condition of a 19 deferred judgment for a violation of section 321L.2A, 20 the court may order the defendant to install ignition 21 interlock devices of a type approved by the 22 commissioner of public safety on all motor vehicles 23 owned or operated by the defendant which, without 24 tampering or the intervention of another person, would 25 prevent the defendant from operating the motor vehicle 26 with an alcohol concentration greater than a level set 27 by rule of the commissioner of public safety. The 28 commissioner of public safety shall adopt rules to 29 approve certain ignition interlock devices and the 30 means of installation of the devices, and shall 31 establish the level of alcohol concentration beyond 32 which an ignition interlock device will not allow 33 operation of the motor vehicle in which it is 34 installed. The order shall remain in effect for a 35 period of time as determined by the court which shall 36 not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment which the 37 court could have imposed according to the nature of 38 the violation. While the order is in effect, the 39 defendant shall not operate a motor vehicle which does 40 not have an approved ignition interlock device 41 installed. If the defendant's motor vehicle license 42 or nonresident operating privilege has been revoked, 43 the department shall not issue a temporary permit or a 44 motor vehicle license to the person without 45 certification that approved ignition interlock devices 46 have been installed in all motor vehicles owned or 47 operated by the defendant while the order is in 48 effect. A defendant who fails within a reasonable 49 time to comply with an order to install an approved 50 ignition interlock device may be declared in contempt -8APRIL 2, 1990

Sector and Sector Sector

H-6009

5 P

Page 9

1 pf court and punished accordingly. A person who 2 tampers with or circumvents an ignition interlock 3 device installed under a court order while an order is 4 in effect commits a serious misdemeanor.

5 A person whose motor vehicle license has been 8. 6 revoked under this chapter and who is not eligible for 7 a temporary restricted license under this chapter may 8 petition the court for an order to the department to 9 require the department to issue a temporary restricted The court shall determine if 10 license to the person. 11 the temporary restricted license is necessary for the 12 person to maintain the person's present employment. 13 If the court determines that the temporary restricted 14 license is necessary for the person to maintain the 15 person's present employment, the court shall order the 16 department to issue to the person a temporary 17 restricted license conditioned upon the person's 18 certification to the court of the installation of 19 approved ignition interlock devices in all motor 20 vehicles that it is necessary for the person to 21 operate to maintain the person's present employment. 22 If the person operates a motor vehicle which does not 23 have an approved ignition interlock device or if the 24 person tampers with or circumvents an ignition 25 interlock device, in addition to other penalties 26 provided, the person's temporary restricted license 27 shall be revoked.

28 Sec. . <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.5 PRELIMINARY 29 SCREENING TEST.

When a peace officer has reasonable grounds to 30 31 believe that a motor vehicle operator may be violating 32 or has violated section 321L.2A, or the operator has 33 been involved in a motor vehicle collision resulting 34 in injury or death, the peace officer may request the 35 operator to provide a sample of the operator's breath 36 for a preliminary screening test using a device 37 approved by the commissioner of public safety for that 38 purpose. The results of this preliminary screening 39 test may be used for the purpose of deciding whether 40 an arrest should be made and whether to request a 41 chemical test authorized in this chapter, but shall 42 not be used in any court action except to prove that a 43 chemical test was properly requested of a person 44 pursuant to this chapter.

45 Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.6 IMPLIED CONSENT TO 46 TEST.

47 1. A person who operates a motor vehicle in this 48 state under circumstances which give reasonable 49 grounds to believe that the person has been operating 50 a motor vehicle in violation of section 321L.2A is -9-

1988 C

HOUSE CLIP SHEET

H-6009

Page 10 1 deemed to have given consent to the withdrawal of 2 specimens of the person's blood, breath, or urine and 3 to a chemical test or tests of the specimens for the 4 purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or 5 presence of drugs, subject to this section. The 6 withdrawal of the body substances and the test or 7 tests shall be administered at the written request of 8 a peace officer having reasonable grounds to believe 9 that the person was operating a motor vehicle in 10 violation of section 321L.2A, and if any of the 11 following conditions exist: a. A peace officer has lawfully placed the person 12 13 under arrest for violation of section 321L.2A. 14 The person has been involved in a motor vehicle b. 15 accident or collision resulting in personal injury or 16 death. 17 The person has refused to take a preliminary с. 18 breath screening test provided by this chapter. The preliminary breath screening test was 19 d. 20 administered and it indicated an alcohol concentration 21 as defined in section 321L.1 of .08 or more. 22 e. The preliminary breath screening test was 23 administered and it indicated an alcohol concentration 24 of less than .08 and the peace officer has reasonable 25 grounds to believe that the person was under the 26 influence of a drug other than alcohol or a 27 combination of alcohol and another drug. 2. The peace officer shall determine which of the 28 29 three substances, breath, blood, or urine, shall be 30 tested. Refusal to submit to a chemical test of urine 31 or breath is deemed a refusal to submit, and section 32 321L.9 applies. A refusal to submit to a chemical 33 test of blood is not deemed a refusal to submit, but 34 in that case, the peace officer shall then determine 35 which one of the other two substances shall be tested 36 and shall offer the test. If the peace officer fails 37 to offer a test within two hours after the preliminary 38 screening test is administered or refused or the 39 arrest is made, whichever occurs first, a test is not 40 required, and there shall be no revocation under 41 section 321L.9. Notwithstanding subsection 2, if the peace 42 3. 43 officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the 44 person was under the influence of a drug other than 45 alcohol or a combination of alcohol and another drug, 46 a urine test may be required even after a blood or 47 breath test has been administered. Section 321L.9 48 applies to a refusal to submit to a chemical test of 49 urine requested under this subsection. Sec. . NEW SECTION. 50 321L.7 DEAD OR -10-

Page 69

HOUSE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 2, 1990

н-6009 1 🗶 🔭 managa atautik Page 11 1 UNCONSCIOUS PERSONS. 2 A person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in 3 a condition rendering the person incapable of consent 4 or refusal is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent 5 provided by section 321L.6, and the test may be given 6 if a licensed physician certifies in advance of the 7 test that the person is dead, unconscious, or 8 otherwise in a condition rendering that person 9 incapable of consent or refusal. NEW SECTION. 10 321L.8 STATEMENT OF Sec. 11 OFFICER. 12 A person who has been requested to submit to a 13 chemical test shall be advised by a peace officer of 14 the following: 15 If the person refuses to submit to the test, 1. 16 the person's license or operating privilege will be 17 revoked by the department for the applicable period 18 under section 321L.9. 19 If the person submits to the test and the 2. 20 results indicate an alcohol concentration as defined 21 in section 321L.1 of .08 or more, the person's license 22 or operating privilege will be revoked by the 23 department for the applicable period under section 24 321L.12. 25 This section does not apply in any case involving a 26 person described in section 321L.7. 27 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.9 REFUSAL TO SUBMIT 28 -- REVOCATION. 29 If a person refuses to submit to the chemical 30 testing, a test shall not be given, but the 31 department, upon the receipt of the peace officer's 32 certification, subject to penalty for perjury, that 33 the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the 34 person to have been operating a motor vehicle in 35 violation of section 321L.2A, that specified 36 conditions existed for chemical testing pursuant to 37 section 321L.6, and that the person refused to submit 38 to the chemical testing, shall revoke the person's 39 motor vehicle license and any nonresident operating 40 privilege for a period of two hundred forty days if 41 the person has no previous revocation within the 42 previous six years under this chapter; and five 43 hundred forty days if the person has one or more 44 previous revocations within the previous six years 45 under this chapter; or if the person is a resident 46 without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle 47 in this state, the department shall deny to the person 48 the issuance of a license or permit for the same 49 period a license or permit would be revoked, subject 50 to review as provided in this chapter. The effective -11-

H-6009 Page 12 1 date of revocation shall be twenty days after the 2 department has mailed notice of revocation to the 3 person by certified mail or, on behalf of the 4 department, a peace officer offering or directing the 5 administration of a chemical test may serve immediate 6 notice of intention to revoke and of revocation on a 7 person who refuses to permit chemical testing. If the 8 peace officer serves that immediate notice, the peace 9 officer shall take the Iowa license or permit of the 10 driver, if any, and issue a temporary license 11 effective for only twenty days. The peace officer 12 shall immediately send the person's license to the 13 department along with the officer's certificate 14 indicating the person's refusal to submit to chemical 15 testing. NEW SECTION. 321L.10 TESTS PURSUANT TO 16 Sec. 17 WARRANTS. 18 1. Refusal to consent to a test under section 19 321L.6 does not prohibit the withdrawal of a specimen 20 for chemical testing pursuant to a search warrant 21 issued in the investigation of a suspected violation 22 of section 707.5 if all of the following grounds 23 exist: a. A traffic accident has resulted in a death or 24 25 personal injury reasonably likely to cause death. There are reasonable grounds to believe that 26 b. 27 one or more of the persons whose driving may have been 28 the proximate cause of the accident was violating 29 section 321L.2A at the time of the accident. 30 Search warrants may be issued under this 2. 31 section in full compliance with chapter 808 or they 32 may be issued under subsection 3. 33 3. Notwithstanding section 808.3, the issuance of 34 a search warrant under this section may be based upon 35 sworn oral testimony communicated by telephone if the 36 magistrate who is asked to issue the warrant is 37 satisfied that the circumstances make it reasonable to 38 dispense with a written affidavit. The following 39 shall then apply: When a caller applies for the issuance of a 40 a. 41 warrant under this section and the magistrate becomes 42 aware of the purpose of the call, the magistrate shall 43 place under oath the person applying for the warrant. The person applying for the warrant shall 44 b. 45 prepare a duplicate warrant and read the duplicate 46 warrant, verbatim, to the magistrate who shall enter, 47 verbatim, what is read to the magistrate on a form 48 that will be considered the original warrant. The 49 magistrate may direct that the warrant be modified. The oral application testimony shall set forth 50 с. -12#-6009 Page 13

> 1 facts and information tending to establish the 2 existence of the grounds for the warrant and shall 3 describe with a reasonable degree of specificity the 4 person or persons whose driving is believed to have 5 been the proximate cause of the accident and from whom 6 a specimen is to be withdrawn and the location where 7 the withdrawal of the specimen or specimens is to take 8 place.

9 d. If a voice recording device is available, the 10 magistrate may record by means of that device all of 11 the call after the magistrate becomes aware of the 12 purpose of the call. Otherwise, the magistrate shall 13 cause a stenographic or longhand memorandum to be made 14 of the oral testimony of the person applying for the 15 warrant.

16 e. If the magistrate is satisfied from the oral 17 testimony that the grounds for the warrant exist or 18 that there is probable cause to believe that they 19 exist, the magistrate shall order the issuance of the 20 warrant by directing the person applying for the 21 warrant to sign the magistrate's name on the duplicate 22 warrant. The magistrate shall immediately sign the 23 original warrant and enter on its face the exact time 24 when the issuance was ordered.

25 f. The person who executes the warrant shall enter 26 the time of execution on the face of the duplicate 27 warrant.

g. The magistrate shall cause any record of the g call made by means of a voice recording device to be transcribed, shall certify the accuracy of the transcript, and shall file the transcript and the coriginal record with the clerk. If a stenographic or longhand memorandum was made of the oral testimony of the person who applied for the warrant, the magistrate shall file a signed copy with the clerk.

h. The clerk of court shall maintain the original and duplicate warrants along with the record of the telephone call and any transcript or memorandum made of the call in a confidential file until a charge, if 40 any, is filed.

41 4. Search warrants issued under this section shall 42 authorize and direct peace officers to secure the 43 withdrawal of blood specimens by medical personnel 44 under section 321L.11. Reasonable care shall be 45 exercised to ensure the health and safety of the 46 persons from whom specimens are withdrawn in execution 47 of the warrants. If a person from whom a specimen is 48 to be withdrawn objects to the withdrawal of blood, 49 and the person is capable of giving a specimen of 50 breath, and a direct breath testing instrument is -13APRIL 2, 1990

H-6009 Page 14 l readily available, the warrant may be executed by the 2 withdrawal of a specimen of breath for chemical 3 testing. The act of any person knowingly resisting or 4 5. 5 obstructing the withdrawal of a specimen pursuant to a 6 search warrant issued under this section constitutes a 7 contempt punishable by a fine not exceeding one 8 thousand dollars or imprisonment in a county jail not 9 exceeding one year or by both such fine and 10 imprisonment. Also, if the withdrawal of a specimen 11 is so resisted or obstructed, sections 321L.9 and 12 321L.16 apply. Nonsubstantive variances between the contents 13 6. 14 of the original and duplicate warrants shall not cause 15 a warrant issued under subsection 3 of this section to 16 be considered invalid. 7. Specimens obtained pursuant to warrants issued 17 18 under this section are not subject to disposition 19 under section 808.9 or chapter 809. 20 8. Subsections 1 to 7 of this section do not apply 21 where a test may be administered under section 321L.7. 22 Medical personnel who use reasonable care and 9. 23 accepted medical practices in withdrawing blood 24 specimens are immune from liability for their actions 25 in complying with requests made of them pursuant to 26 search warrants or pursuant to section 321L.11. TAKING SAMPLE FOR 27 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 321L.11 28 TEST. 29 Only a licensed physician, licensed physician 30 assistant as defined in section 148C.1, medical 31 technologist, or registered nurse, acting at the 32 request of a peace officer, may withdraw a specimen of 33 blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol 34 concentration or the presence of drugs. However, any 35 peace officer, using devices and methods approved by 36 the commissioner of public safety, may take a specimen 37 of a person's breath or urine for the purpose of 38 determining the alcohol concentration or the presence 39 of drugs. Only new equipment kept under strictly 40 sanitary and sterile conditions shall be used for 41 drawing blood. The person may have an independent chemical test or 42 43 tests administered at the person's own expense in 44 addition to any administered at the direction of a 45 peace officer. The failure or inability of the person 46 to obtain an independent chemical test or tests does 47 not preclude the admission of evidence of the results 48 of the test or tests administered at the direction of 49 the peace officer. Upon the request of the person who 50 is tested, the results of the test or tests

-14-



APRIL 2, 1990 HOUSE CLIP SHEET н-6009 The Areas 32 Page 15 1 administered at the direction of the peace officer 2 shall be made available to the person. 3 NEW SECTION. 321L.12 TEST RESULT Sec. 4 REVOCATION. Upon certification, subject to penalty for perjury, -5 6 by the peace officer that there existed reasonable 7 grounds to believe that the person had been operating 8 a motor vehicle in violation of section 321L.2A, that 9 there existed one or more of the necessary conditions 10 for chemical testing described in section 321L.6, 11 subsection 1, and that the person submitted to 12 chemical testing and the test results indicated an 13 alcohol concentration as defined in section 321L.1 of 14 .08 or more, the department shall revoke the person's 15 motor vehicle license or nonresident operating 16 privilege for a period of one hundred eighty days if 17 the person has had no revocation within the previous 18 six years under this chapter, and one year if the 19 person has had one or more previous revocations within 20 the previous six years under this chapter. The effective date of the revocation shall be 21 22 twenty days after the department has mailed notice of 23 revocation to the person by certified mail. The peace 24 officer who requested or directed the administration 25 of the chemical test may, on behalf of the department, 26 serve immediate notice of revocation on a person whose 27 test results indicated an alcohol concentration of .08 28 or more. 29 If the peace officer serves that immediate notice, 30 the peace officer shall take the person's Iowa license 31 or permit, if any, and issue a temporary license valid 32 only for twenty days. The peace officer shall 33 immediately send the person's driver's license to the 34 department along with the officer's certificate 35 indicating that the test results indicated an alcohol 36 concentration of .08 or more. 37 The results of a chemical test may not be used as 38 the basis for a revocation of a person's motor vehicle 39 license or nonresident operating privilege if the 40 alcohol concentration indicated by the chemical test 41 minus the established margin of error inherent in the 42 device or method used to conduct the chemical test 43 does not equal an alcohol concentration of .08 or 44 more. 45 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.13 HEARING ON 46 REVOCATION -- APPEAL. 47

Notice of revocation of a person's motor 1. 48 vehicle license or operating privilege served pursuant 49 to section 321L.9 or 321L.12 shall include a form 50 accompanied by a preaddressed envelope on which the -15-



اليجوعا ويراعها الأ

Page 74

Page 16

1 person served may indicate by a checkmark if the 2 person wishes to request a temporary restricted 3 license only or if the person wishes a hearing to 4 contest the revocation. The form shall clearly state 5 on its face that the form must be completed and 6 returned within thirty days of receipt or the person's 7 right to a hearing to contest the revocation is 8 foreclosed. The form shall also be accompanied by a 9 statement of the operation of and the person's rights 10 under this chapter.

11 The department shall grant the person an 2. 12 opportunity to be heard within forty-five days of 13 receipt of a request for a hearing if the request is 14 made not later than thirty days after receipt of 15 notice of revocation served pursuant to section 321L.9 16 or 321L.12. The hearing shall be before the 17 department in the county where the alleged events 18 occurred, unless the director and the person agree 19 that the hearing may be held in some other county, or 20 the hearing may be held by telephone conference at the 21 discretion of the agency conducting the hearing. The 22 hearing may be recorded and its scope shall be limited 23 to the issues of whether a peace officer had 24 reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 25 operating a motor vehicle in violation of section 26 321L.2 and either of the following:

27 a. Whether the person refused to submit to the 28 test or tests.

29 b. Whether a test was administered and the test 30 results indicated an alcohol concentration as defined 31 in section 321L.1 of .08 or more.

3. After the hearing the department shall order 32 33 that the revocation be either rescinded or sustained. 34 If the revocation is sustained, the administrative law 35 judge who conducted the hearing may issue a temporary 36 restricted license to the person whose motor vehicle 37 license or operating privilege was revoked. Upon 38 receipt of the decision of the department to sustain a 39 revocation, the person contesting the revocation has 40 ten days to file a request for review of the decision 41 by the director. The director or the director's 42 designee shall review the decision within fifteen days 43 and shall either rescind or sustain the revocation or 44 order a new hearing. If the director orders a new 45 hearing, the department shall grant the person a new 46 hearing within thirty days of the director's order. A person whose motor vehicle license or 47 4. 48 operating privilege has been or is being revoked under 49 section 321L.9 or 321L.12 may reopen a department 50 hearing on the revocation if the person submits a -16Page 17

APRIL 2, 1990

1 petition stating that new evidence has been discovered 2 which provides grounds for rescission of the 3 revocation, or prevail at the hearing to rescind the 4 revocation, if the person submits a petition stating 5 that a criminal action on a charge of a violation of 6 section 321L.2A filed as a result of the same 7 circumstances which resulted in the revocation has 8 resulted in a decision in which the court has held 9 that the peace officer did not have reasonable grounds 10 to believe that a violation of section 321L.2A had 11 occurred to support a request for or to administer a 12 chemical test or which has held the chemical test to 13 be otherwise inadmissible or invalid. Such a decision 14 by the court is binding on the department and the 15 department shall rescind the revocation.

H-6009

16 5. The department shall stay the revocation of a 17 person's motor vehicle license or operating privilege 18 for the period that the person is contesting the 19 revocation under this section or section 321L.14 if it 20 is shown to the satisfaction of the department that 21 the new evidence is material and that there were valid 22 reasons for failure to present it in the contested 23 case proceeding before the department.

6. If the department fails to comply with the time finitations of this section regarding granting a hearing, review by the director or the director's designee, or granting a new hearing, and if the request for a hearing or review by the director was properly made under this section, the revocation of the motor vehicle license or operating privilege of the person who made the request for a hearing or review shall be rescinded. This subsection shall not apply in those cases in which a continuance to the hearing has been granted at the request of either the person who requested the hearing or the peace officer who requested or administered the chemical test.

37 Sec. . <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 321L.14 JUDICIAL REVIEW. 38 Judicial review of an action of the department may 39 be sought in accordance with the terms of the Iowa 40 administrative procedure Act, chapter 17A. 41 Notwithstanding the terms of that chapter, a petition 42 for judicial review may be filed in the district court 43 in the county where the alleged events occurred or in 44 the county in which the administrative hearing was 45 held.

46 Sec. ____. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.15 EVIDENCE IN ANY 47 ACTION.

48 Upon the trial of a civil or criminal action or 49 proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been 50 committed by a person while operating a motor vehicle -17-



1. S. S. S. S.

APRIL 2, 1990

HOUSE CLIP SHEET

Page 77 H-6009 Page 18 1 in violation of section 321L.2A, evidence of the 2 alcohol concentration or the presence of drugs in the 3 person's body substances at the time of the act 4 alleged as shown by a chemical analysis of the 5 person's blood, breath, or urine is admissible. If it 6 is established at trial that an analysis of a breath 7 specimen was performed by a certified operator using a 8 device and methods approved by the commissioner of 9 public safety, no further foundation is necessary for 10 introduction of the evidence. 11 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.16 PROOF OF REFUSAL 12 ADMISSIBLE. 13 If a person refuses to submit to a chemical test, 14 proof of refusal is admissible in any civil or 15 criminal action or proceeding arising out of acts 16 alleged to have been committed while the person was 17 operating a motor vehicle in violation of section 18 321L.2A. 19 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.17 CIVIL PENALTY --20 SEPARATE FUND -- REINSTATEMENT. 21 When the department revokes a person's motor 22 vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege 23 under this chapter, the department shall assess the 24 person a civil penalty of one hundred dollars. The 25 money collected by the department under this section 26 shall be transmitted to the treasurer of state who 27 shall deposit the money in a separate fund dedicated 28 to and used for the purposes of chapter 912 and 29 section 709.10, and for the operation of a missing 30 person clearinghouse and domestic abuse registry by 31 the department of public safety. Notwithstanding 32 section 8.33, any balance in the fund on June 30 of 33 any fiscal year shall not revert to the general fund 34 of the state. A temporary restricted license shall 35 not be issued or a motor vehicle license or 36 nonresident operating privilege reinstated until the 37 civil penalty has been paid. NEW SECTION. 321L.18 OTHER EVIDENCE. 38 Sec. 39 This chapter does not limit the introduction of any 40 competent evidence bearing on the question of whether 41 a person was under the influence of an alcoholic 42 beverage or a drug, including the results of chemical 43 tests of specimens of blood, breath or urine obtained 44 more than two hours after the person was operating a 45 motor vehicle. 46 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.19 INFORMATION 47 RELAYED TO OTHER STATES. 48 When it has been finally determined under this 49 chapter that a nonresident's privilege to operate a 50 motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or -18e.

5 54 40

APRIL 2, 1990

بدينية بتعيادوات

	H-	6009 * ****
		ge 19
		denied, the department shall give information in
		writing of the action taken to the official in charge
		of traffic control or public safety of the state of
	1	the person's residence and of any state in which the
	1.	person has a license.
		Sec NEW SECTION. 321L.20 TEMPORARY
		RESTRICTED LICENSE.
	8	
		temporary restricted license to a person whose motor
	10	vehicle license is revoked under this chapter allowing
	11	the person to drive to and from the person's home and
	12	specified places at specified times which can be
		verified by the department and which are required by
		the person's full-time or part-time employment,
		continuing health care or the continuing health care
		of another who is dependent upon the person,
		continuing education while enrolled in an educational
		institution on a part-time or full-time basis and
		while pursuing a course of study leading to a diploma,
		degree, or other certification of successful
		educational completion, substance abuse treatment, and
		court-ordered community service responsibilities if
		the person's motor vehicle license has not been
		revoked under 321L.4, 321L.9, or 321L.12 within the
		previous six years and if any of the following apply:
	26	a. The person's motor vehicle license is revoked
		under section 321L.4, subsection 1, 2, 4, or 6.
/	28	
	29	under section 321L.9 and the person has entered a plea
	30	of guilty on a charge of a violation of section
	31	321L.2A which arose from the same set of circumstances
	32	which resulted in the person's motor vehicle license
		revocation under section 321L.9 and the guilty plea is
		not withdrawn at the time of or after application for
		the temporary restricted license.
	36	
		under section 321L.12.
	38	
		issued if the person's motor vehicle license is
	40	revoked under section 321L.9, and the revocation is a
		second revocation under this chapter, and the first
		three hundred and sixty days of the revocation have
		expired.
	44	
		license was revoked under section 321L.4, subsection 3
		or 5, or to a person whose license is suspended or
		revoked for another reason.
	48	
		issued by the department under this section shall not
	50	operate a motor vehicle for pleasure.
		-19-
	-	
	ļ	

APRIL 2, 1990

H-6009

Page 20 NEW SECTION. 321L.21 DRIVING WHILE 1 Sec. 2 LICENSE DENIED OR REVOKED. A person whose motor vehicle license or nonresident 3 4 operating privilege has been denied or revoked as 5 provided in this chapter and who drives a motor 6 vehicle upon the highways of this state while the 7 license or privilege is denied or revoked commits a 8 serious misdemeanor. The department, upon receiving 9 the record of the conviction of a person under this 10 section upon a charge of driving a motor vehicle while 11 the license of the person was revoked or denied, shall 12 extend the period of revocation or denial for an 13 additional like period, and the department shall not 14 issue a new license during the additional period. 15 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 321L.22 COURT-ORDERED 16 DRINKING DRIVERS COURSE. 17 1. As used in this section, unless the context 18 otherwise requires: 19 "Course for drinking drivers" means an approved a . 20 course designed to inform the offender about drinking 21 and driving and encourage the offender to assess the 22 offender's own drinking and driving behavior in order 23 to select practical alternatives. 24 "Satisfactory completion of a course" means b. 25 receiving at the completion of a course a grade from 26 the course instructor of "C" or "2.0," or better. 27 2. After a conviction for, or a plea of guilty of, 28 a violation of section 321L.2A, the court in addition 29 to its power to commit the defendant for treatment of 30 alcoholism under section 321L.3, may order the 31 defendant, at the defendant's own expense, to enroll 32 in, attend, and successfully complete a course for 33 drinking drivers. The court may alternatively or 34 additionally require the defendant to seek evaluation, 35 treatment or rehabilitation services under section 36 125.33 at the defendant's expense and to furnish 37 evidence of successful completion. A copy of the 38 order shall be forwarded to the department. 39 3. The course provided in this section shall be 40 offered on a regular basis at each area school as 41 defined in section 280A.2. Enrollment in the courses 42 is not limited to persons ordered to enroll, attend 43 and successfully complete the course under subsection 44 2, and any person convicted of a violation of section 45 321L.2A who was not ordered to enroll in a course may 46 enroll in and attend a course for drinking drivers. 47 The course required by this section shall be taught by 48 the area schools under the department of education and 49 approved by the department. The department of 50 education shall establish reasonable fees to defray -20-

H-6009

Page 21

1 the expense of obtaining classroom space, instructor salaries, and class materials. A person shall not be denied enrollment in a course by reason of the 4 person's indigency.

5 4. An employer shall not discharge a person from 6 employment solely for the reason of work absence to 7 attend a course required by this section. Any 8 employer who violates this section is liable for 9 damages which include but are not limited to actual 10 damages, court costs, and reasonable attorney fees. 11 The person may also petition the court for imposition 12 of a cease and desist order against the person's 13 employer and for reinstatement to the person's 14 previous position of employment.

15 5. The department of education shall prepare a 16 list of the locations of the courses taught under this 17 section, the dates and times taught, the procedure for 18 enrollment, and the schedule of course fees. The list 19 shall be kept current and a copy of the list shall be 20 sent to each court having jurisdiction over offenses 21 provided in this chapter.

6. The department of education shall maintain enrollment, attendance, successful and nonsuccessful completion data on the persons ordered to enroll, attend and successfully complete a course for drinking drivers. This data shall be forwarded to the court."

5. Page 36, by striking lines 16 through 20 and inserting the following:

"The Code editor shall redesignate chapter 321L as 30 enacted in this Act, in a new chapter or different 31 chapter so that these sections do not conflict with 32 chapter 321L as enacted during the 1989 Session of the 33 General Assembly and as it appears in the 1989 Code 34 Supplement.

35 Sec. Chapter 321J is repealed." 36 6. Renumber as necessary.

> By McKEAN of Jones HERMANN of Scott

H-6009 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 a depted 4/3 (p 18 21)

SENATE FILE 2413

H-6010 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 1 1 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: Page 23, by inserting after line 6, the 3 1. 4 following: 5 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 708.12 ASSAULT AGAINST A 6 PEACE OR CORRECTIONAL OFFICER. 7 A person who commits an assault, as defined in 8 section 708.1, against a peace officer or correctional officer in the performance of the officer's duty, is juilty of a class "D" felony." 2. Renumber as necessary. By TYRRELL of Iowa H-6010 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 Lou 4/ 2 (p. 1826)

APRIL 2, 1990

HOU	SE CLIP	SHEET	APRIL	2,	1990		Page 81	
				aning diffe Name		6. I : A : A	re in	
	2		SENATE FILE 2	413				
H-(6011							
 1	Amei	nd amendme	nt, H-5936, t	o S	enate Fil	e 2413, as		
2	amended	l, passed,	and reprinte	d b	y the Sen	ate, as		
3	follows	5:			-			
4	1.	Page 1, b	y inserting a	fte	r line 43	, the		
5	follow	ing:						
6	" <u>Fo</u> r	purposes	of this para	gra	ph, "immi	nently		
7	likely'	' includes	an immediate	th	reat base	d on seriou	15	
8	threats	s made, or	actions take	n, (against t	ne child,		
9	other n	nembers of	the househol	d i	n which t	ne child		
10	resides	, or other	c children."					
			Ву	KR	EMER of B	uchanan		
		LED MARCH	30, 1990				· · · ·	
do	~ 4/3 (·	p. (773)						

H-6012

APRIL 2, 1990

1.10

SENATE FILE 2413

Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and
 reprinted by the Senate, as follows:
 1. Page 4, by inserting after line 32 the

4 following: 5 "Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204.701 DRUG-RELATED 6 OBJECTS USED IN VIOLATION OF CHAPTER.

7 1. As used in this section, "drug-related object" 8 means a raw material, instrument, device, article, 9 contrivance, or other object commonly used to plant, 10 propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, 11 compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, 12 analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, 13 inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into 14 the human body a controlled substance. Drug-related 15 object includes but is not limited to:

16 a. Kits commonly used in planting, propagating, 17 cultivating, growing, or harvesting a species of plant 18 which is a controlled substance or from which a 19 controlled substance can be derived.

20 b. Kits commonly used in manufacturing, 21 compounding, converting, producing, processing, or 22 preparing controlled substances.

23 c. Isomerization devices commonly used in 24 increasing the potency of a species of plant which is 25 a controlled substance.

26 d. Testing equipment commonly used in identifying, 27 or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness, or purity 28 of a controlled substance.

29 e. Scales and balances commonly used in weighing 30 or measuring a controlled substance.

31 f. Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine 32 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose, and 33 lactose, commonly used in cutting a controlled 34 substance.

35 g. Separation gins and sifters commonly used in 36 removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise 37 cleaning or refining, marijuana.

38 h. Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing 39 devices commonly used in compounding a controlled 40 substance.

41 i. Capsules, balloons, envelopes, and other
42 containers commonly used in packaging small quantities
43 of a controlled substance.

44 j. Containers and other objects commonly used in
45 storing or concealing a controlled substance.
46 k. Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects
47 commonly used in parenterally injecting a controlled

48 substance into the human body.

49 1. Objects commonly used in ingesting, inhaling, 50 or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, -1-



HOUSE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 2, 1990

H-6012 Page 2 1 or hashish oil into the human body, such as: 2 (1)Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, 3 or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent 4 screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls. 5 (2) Water pipes. 6 (3)Carburction tubes and devices. 7 (4)Smoking and carburetion masks. 8 (5)Roach clips, meaning objects commonly used to 9 hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, 10 that has become too small or too short to be held in 11 the hand. 12 (6) Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials. 13 (7) Chamber pipes. 14 (8) Carburetor pipes. 15 (9) Electric pipes. 16 (10) Air-driven pipes. 17 (11)Chillums. 18 Bongs. (12)19 (13) Ice pipes or chillers. 20 2. In determining whether an object is commonly 21 used in connection with a controlled substance, a 22 court or other authority may consider, in addition to 23 all other logically relevant factors, the following: 24 Statements by an owner or by anyone in control a. 25 of the object concerning its use. 26 b. A prior conviction of an owner or of anyone in 27 control of the object under a state or federal law 28 relating to a controlled substance. 29 The proximity of the object, in time and space, с. 30 to a direct violation of this chapter. 31 d. The proximity of the object to a controlled 32 substance. 33 e. The existence of a residue of a controlled 34 substance on the object. 35 f. Instructions, oral or written, provided with 36 the object concerning its use. Descriptive materials accompanying the object 37 q. 38 which explain or depict its use. 39 h. National and local advertising concerning its 40 use. 41 i. The manner in which the object is displayed for 42 sale. 43 Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the j. 44 object, is a legitimate supplier of similar or related 45 items to the community, such as a licensed distributor 46 or dealer of tobacco products. 47 k. Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio 48 of sales of the object to the total sales of the 49 business enterprise. 50 1. The existence and scope of legitimate uses for -23

APRIL 2, 1990

а H-601**2** Page

1 the object in the community.

2 • m. Expert testimony concerning its use. 3 3. A person shall not use or possess with a. 4 intent to use a drug-related object to plant, 5 propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, 6 compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, 7 analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, 8 inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into 9 the human body a controlled substance in violation of 10 this chapter. A person who violates this paragraph is 11 guilty of a simple misdemeanor.

and a second and a In the second and a s

12 A person shall not deliver, possess with intent b. 13 to deliver, or manufacture with intent to deliver, a 14 drug-related object intending that the object will be 15 used, and knowing, or under circumstances where one 16 reasonably should know, that the object will be used 17 to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, 18 manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, 19 prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, 20 conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise 21 introduce into the human body a controlled substance 22 in violation of this chapter. A person eighteen years 23 of age or older who violates this paragraph by 24 delivering a drug-related object to a person under 25 eighteen years of age who is at least three years 26 younger than the person delivering the drug-related 27 object is guilty of an aggravated misdemeanor. Any 28 other person who violates this paragraph is guilty of 29 a serious misdemeanor.

A person shall not deliver, possess with intent 30 с. 31 to deliver, or manufacture with intent to deliver, a 32 drug-related object which has no common use other than 33 its use in connection with the use of a controlled 34 substance in violation of this chapter, knowing, or 35 under circumstances where one reasonably should know, 36 that the object will be used to plant, propagate, 37 cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, 38 convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, 39 pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, 40 inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a 41 controlled substance in violation of this chapter. A 42 person eighteen years of age or older who violates 43 this paragraph by delivering a drug-related object, 44 which has no common use other than its use in 45 connection with the use of a controlled substance in 46 violation of this chapter, to a person under eighteen 47 years of age who is at least three years younger than 48 the person delivering the drug-related object is 49 guilty of an aggravated misdemeanor. Any other person 50 who violates this paragraph is guilty of a serious

-3-

H-6012 Page 4 1 misdemeanor. 2 d. A person shall not place an advertisement in a 3 newspaper, magazine, handbill, or other publication, 4 intending, and knowing, or under circumstances where 5 one reasonably should know, that the purpose of the 6 advertisement, taken as a whole, is to promote the 7 sale in this state of a drug-related object that will 8 be used to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, 9 manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, 10 prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, 11 conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise 12 introduce into the human body a controlled substance 13 in violation of this chapter. A person who violates 14 this paragraph is guilty of a serious misdemeanor." 15 2. Renumber as necessary. By BLACK of Jasper

H-6012 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 adopted 4/3 (p. 1782) APRIL 2, 1990

SENATE FILE 2413 H-É013 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 1 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 3 Page 12, by inserting after line 20 the 1. 4 following: 5 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 321J.23 PERSONS UNDER 6 AGE TWENTY-ONE. 7 If a person under the age of twenty-one consents to 8 a chemical test under this chapter and the test 9 results indicate an alcohol concentration of more than 10 .02 but less than the level established in section 11 321J.2, subsection 1, the person's motor vehicle 12 license or nonresident operating privilege shall be 13 revoked for a period of one year or until the person 14 reaches eighteen years of age, whichever is longer, if 15 the person is less than eighteen years of age, or for 16 thirty days as provided in section 321L.10 if the 17 person is at least eighteen years of age but less than 18 twenty-one years of age, and sections 321L.10 through 19 321L.19 apply." 20 2. Page 12, by striking line 22, and inserting 21 the following: "The sections in this Act creating a 22 new chapter". 23 Page 13, by inserting after line 28, the 3. 24 following: 25 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.3 DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter unless the context 26 27 otherwise requires: 28 "Alcohol concentration" means the number of l. 29 grams of alcohol per any of the following: 30 One hundred milliliters of blood. â. 31 Two hundred ten liters of breath. b. 32 Sixty-seven milliliters of urine. с. 33 "Alcoholic beverage" includes alcohol, wine, 2. 34 spirits, beer, or any other beverage which contains 35 ethyl alcohol and is fit for human consumption. "Arrest" includes but is not limited to taking 36 3. 37 into custody pursuant to section 232.19. "Department" means the state department of 38 4. 39 transportation. 40 5. "Director" means the director of transportation 41 or the director's designee. 42 6. "Motor vehicle license" means any license or 43 permit issued to a person to operate a motor vehicle 44 in this state. 7. "Peace officer" means: 45A member of the highway patrol. 46 a. b. A police officer under civil service as 47 48 provided in chapter 400. 49 c. A sheriff. 50 d. A regular deputy sheriff who has had formal -1HOUSE CLIP SHEET

APRIL 2, 1990

H-6013 Page 2 1 police training. Any other law enforcement officer who has e. 2 3 satisfactorily completed an approved course relating 4 to motor vehicle operators under the influence of 5 alcoholic beverages at the Iowa law enforcement 6 academy or a law enforcement training program approved 7 by the department of public safety. NEW SECTION. 8 Sec. 321L.4 PRELIMINARY . 9 SCREENING TEST. When a peace officer has reasonable grounds to 10 11 believe that a motor vehicle operator under the age of 12 twenty-one may be or has been operating a motor 13 vehicle while having an alcohol concentration as 14 defined in section 321L.3 of more than .02, the peace 15 officer may request the operator to provide a sample 16 of the operator's breath for a preliminary screening 17 test using a device approved by the commissioner of 18 public safety for that purpose. The results of this 19 preliminary screening test may be used for the purpose 20 of deciding whether an arrest should be made and 21 whether to request a chemical test authorized in this 22 chapter or chapter 321J, as evidence of the presence 23 of alcohol in the operator, and to prove that a 24 chemical test was properly requested of a person 25 pursuant to this chapter or chapter 321J. 26 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 321L.5 IMPLIED CONSENT TO 27 TEST. 28 1. A person under the age of twenty-one who 29 operates a motor vehicle in this state under 30 circumstances which give reasonable grounds to believe 31 that the person has been operating a motor vehicle 32 while having an alcohol concentration of more than .02 33 is deemed to have given consent to the withdrawal of 34 specimens of the person's blood, breath, or urine and 35 to a chemical test or tests of the specimens for the 36 purpose of determining the alcohol concentration, 37 subject to this section. The withdrawal of the body 38 substances and the test or tests shall be administered 39 at the written request of a peace officer having 40 reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 41 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 42 concentration of more than .02. The peace officer shall determine which of the 43 2. 44 three substances, breath, blood, or urine, shall be 45 tested. Refusal to submit to a chemical test of urine 46 or breath is deemed a refusal to submit, and section 47 321L.6 applies. A refusal to submit to a chemical 48 test of blood is not deemed a refusal to submit, but 49 in that case, the peace officer shall then determine 50 which one of the other two substances shall be tested

-2-



APRIL 2, 1990

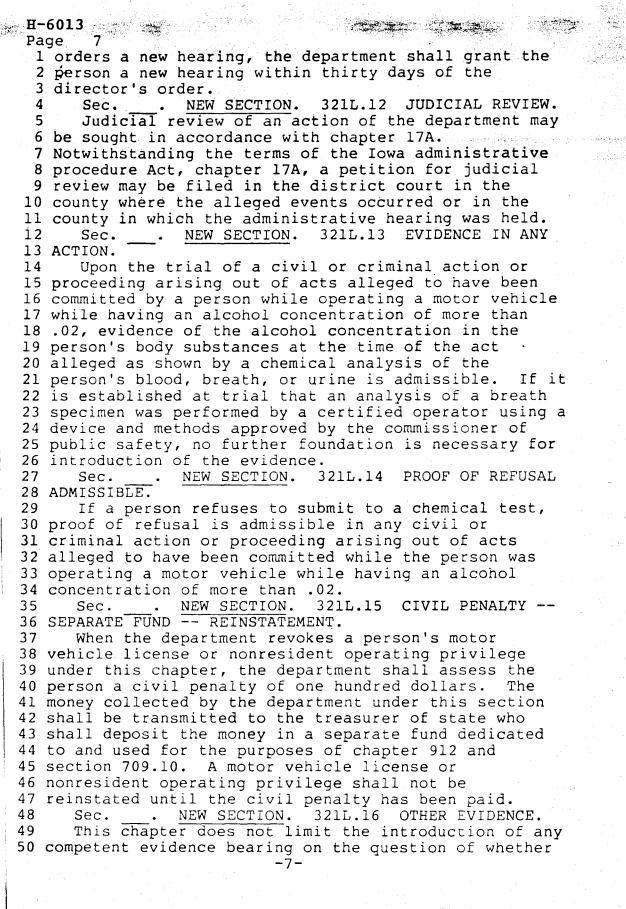
H-6013 **** and the second second Page -3 8 1 and shall offer the test. If the peace officer fails 2 to offer a test within two hours after the preliminary 3 screening test is administered or refused or the 4 arrest is made, whichever occurs first, a test is not 5 required, and there shall be no revocation under and the second second 6 section 321L.8. 7 NEW SECTION. 321L.6 DEAD OR Sec. 8 UNCONSCIOUS PERSONS. 9 A person who is dead, unconscious, or otherwise in 10 a condition rendering the person incapable of consent 11 or refusal is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent 12 provided by section 321L.5, and the test may be given 13 if a licensed physician certifies in advance of the 14 test that the person is dead, unconscious, or 15 otherwise in a condition rendering that person 16 incapable of consent or refusal. STATEMENT OF NEW SECTION. 321L.7 17 Sec. 18 OFFICER. 19 A person who has been requested to submit to a 20 chemical test shall be advised by a peace officer of 21 the following: If the person refuses to submit to the test and 22 1. 23 is less than eighteen years of age, the person's 24 license or operating privilege will be revoked by the 25 department for one year or until the person's 26 eighteenth birthday, whichever is longer, without 27 eligibility for a temporary restricted license. If 28 the person refuses to submit to the test and is at 29 least eighteen years of age but less than twenty-one 30 years of age, the person's motor vehicle license or 31 operating privilege will be revoked by the department 32 for ninety days without eligibility for a temporary 33 restricted license. 34 If the person submits to the test and the 2. 35 results indicate an alcohol concentration as defined 36 in section 321L.3 of more than .02, and the person is 37 under eighteen years of age, the person's license or 38 operating privilege will be revoked by the department 39 for a period of two hundred seventy days, without 40 eligibility for a temporary restricted license. 41 If the person submits to the test and the results 42 indicate an alcohol concentration as defined in 43 section 321L.3 of more than .02, and the person is at 44 least eighteen years of age but less than twenty-one 45 years of age, the person's motor vehicle license or 46 operating privilege will be revoked by the department 47 for thirty days without eligibility for a temporary 48 restricted license. 49 This section does not apply in any case involving a 50 person described in section 321L.6. -3H-6013

Page 1 Sec. NEW SECTION. 321L.8 REFUSAL TO SUBMIT 2 -- REVOCATION. If a person who is under eighteen years of age 3 4 refuses to submit to the chemical testing, a test 5 shall not be given, but the department, upon the 6 receipt of the peace officer's certification, subject 7 to penalty for perjury, that the officer had 8 reasonable grounds to believe the person to have been 9 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 10 concentration of more than .02, and that the person 11 refused to submit to the chemical testing, shall 12 revoke the person's motor vehicle license and any 13 nonresident operating privilege for a period of one 14 year or until the person's eighteenth birthday, 15 whichever is longer. If a person who is at least eighteen years of age 16 17 but less than twenty-one years of age refuses to 18 submit to the chemical testing, a test shall not be 19 given, but the department, upon the receipt of the 20 peace officer's certification, subject to penalty for 21 perjury, that the officer had reasonable grounds to 22 believe the person to have been operating a motor 23 vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of more 24 than .02, and that the person refused to submit to the 25 chemical testing, shall revoke the person's motor 26 vehicle license and any nonresident operating 27 privilege for a period of ninety days. The effective date of revocation shall be twenty 28 29 days after receipt of notice of revocation to the 30 person by certified mail or, on behalf of the 31 department, a peace officer offering or directing the 32 administration of a chemical test may serve immediate 33 notice of intention to revoke and of revocation on a 34 person who refuses to permit chemical testing. If the 35 peace officer serves that immediate notice, the peace 36 officer shall take the Iowa license or permit of the 37 driver, if any, and issue a temporary license 38 effective for only twenty days. The peace officer 39 shall immediately send the person's license to the 40 department along with the officer's certificate 41 indicating the person's refusal to submit to chemical 42 testing. Sec. ____. 321L.9 TAKING SAMPLE FOR 43 NEW SECTION. 44 TEST. 45 Only a licensed physician, licensed physician 46 assistant as defined in section 148C.1, medical 47 technologist, or registered nurse, acting at the 48 request of a peace officer, may withdraw a specimen of 49 blood for the purpose of determining the alcohol 50 concentration. However, any peace officer, using - 4 --

APRIL 2, 1990 H-6013 Page 1 devices and methods approved by the commissioner of public safety, may take a specimen of a person's breath or urine for the purpose of determining the 4 alcohol concentration. Only new equipment kept under 5 strictly sanitary and sterile conditions shall be used 6 for drawing blood. The person may have an independent chemical test or 7 8 tests administered at the person's own expense in 9 addition to any administered at the direction of a 10 peace officer. The failure or inability of the person 11 to obtain an independent chemical test or tests does 12 not preclude the admission of evidence of the results 13 of the test or tests administered at the direction of 14 the peace officer. Upon the request of the person who 15 is tested, the results of the test or tests 16 administered at the direction of the peace officer 17 shall be made available to the person. 18 NEW SECTION. 321L.10 REVOCATION BASED Sec. 19 ON TEST RESULTS. Upon certification, subject to penalty for perjury, 20 21 by the peace officer that there existed reasonable 22 grounds to believe that the person had been operating 23 a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration 24 of more than .02, and that the person submitted to 25 chemical testing and the test results indicated an 26 alcohol concentration of more than .02, the department shall revoke the person's motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privilege for a period of two 29 hundred seventy days if the person is less than 30 eighteen years of age, or for a period of thirty days 31 if the person is at least eighteen years of age but 32 less than twenty-one years of age. 33 The effective date of the revocation shall be 34 twenty days after the receipt of notice of revocation 35 to the person by certified mail. The peace officer 36 who requested or directed the administration of the 37 chemical test may, on behalf of the department, serve 38 immediate notice of revocation on a person whose test 39 results indicated an alcohol concentration of more 40 than .02. If the peace officer serves that immediate 41 notice, the peace officer shall take the person's Iowa 42 license or permit, if any, and issue a temporary 43 license valid only for twenty days. The peace officer 44 shall immediately send the person's motor vehicle 45 license to the department along with the officer's 46 certificate indicating that the test results indicated 47 an alcohol concentration of more than .02. The results of a chemical test shall not be used as 48 49 the basis for a revocation of a person's motor vehicle 50 license or nonresident operating privilege if the -5-

Catering Horizonte . .X H-6013 Page age 6 1 alcohol concentration indicated by the chemical test 6 2 minus the established margin of error inherent in the 3 device or method used to conduct the chemical test 4 does not equal an alcohol concentration of more than 5.02. Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.11 HEARING ON 6 7 REVOCATION -- APPEAL. 8 1. Notice of revocation of a person's motor 9 vehicle license or operating privilege served pursuant 10 to section 321L.8 or 321L.10 shall include a form 11 accompanied by a preaddressed envelope on which the 12 person served may indicate by a checkmark if the 13 person wishes to contest the revocation. The form 14 shall clearly state on its face that the form must be 15 completed and returned within thirty days of receipt 16 or the person's right to a hearing to contest the 17 revocation is foreclosed. The form shall also be 18 accompanied by a statement of the operation of and the 19 person's rights under this chapter. 20 2. The department shall grant the person an 21 opportunity to be heard within forty-five days of 22 receipt of a request for a hearing if the request is 23 made not later than thirty days after receipt of 24 notice of revocation served pursuant to section 321L.8 25 or 321L.10. The hearing shall be before the 26 department in the county where the alleged events 27 occurred, unless the director and the person agree 28 that the hearing may be held in some other county, or 29 the hearing may be held by telephone conference at the 30 discretion of the agency conducting the hearing. The 31 hearing may be recorded and its scope shall be limited 32 to the issues of whether a peace officer had 33 reasonable grounds to believe that the person was 34 operating a motor vehicle while having an alcohol 35 concentration of more than .02 and either of the 36 following: 37 Whether the person refused to submit to the a. 38 test or tests. 39 b. Whether a test was administered and the test 40 results indicated an alcohol concentration of more 41 than .02. 3. After the hearing the department shall order 42 43 that the revocation be either rescinded or sustained. 44 Upon receipt of the decision of the department to 45 sustain a revocation, the person contesting the 46 revocation has ten days to file a request for review 47 of the decision by the director. The director or the 48 director's designee shall review the decision within 49 fifteen days and shall either rescind or sustain the 50 revocation or order a new hearing. If the director -6-

Sec. 5. 5. 54



APRIL 2, 1990

H-6013 Page 8 l a person was under the influence of an alcoholic 2 beverage, including the results of chemical tests of 3 specimens of blood, breath or urine obtained more than 4 two hours after the person was operating a motor 5 vehicle. 6 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 321L.17 INFORMATION 7 RELAYED TO OTHER STATES. 8 When it has been finally determined under this 9 chapter that a nonresident's privilege to operate a 10 motor vehicle in this state has been revoked or 11 denied, the department shall give information in 12 writing of the action taken to the official in charge 13 of traffic control or public safety of the state of 14 the person's residence and of any state in which the 15 person has a license. 321L.18 TEMPORARY 16 Sec. NEW SECTION. . 17 RESTRICTED LICENSE PROHIBITED. 18 A person whose motor vehicle license has been 19 revoked under this chapter is not eligible for a 20 temporary restricted license during the period of 21 revocation. 22 Sec. 321L.19 DRIVING WHILE NEW SECTION. 23 LICENSE DENIED OR REVOKED. 24 A person whose motor vehicle license or nonresident 25 operating privilege has been denied or revoked as 26 provided in this chapter and who drives a motor 27 vehicle upon the highways of this state while the 28 license or privilege is denied or revoked commits a 29 serious misdemeanor. The department, upon receiving 30 the record of the conviction of a person under this 31 section upon a charge of driving a motor vehicle while 32 the license of the person was revoked or denied, shall 33 extend the period of revocation or denial for an 34 additional like period, and the department shall not 35 issue a new license during the additional period." 36 4. Page 36, by striking lines 16 through 20 and 37 inserting the following: 38 "The Code editor shall redesignate chapter 321L, as 39 enacted in this Act, in a new or different chapter so 40 that this chapter does not conflict with chapter 321L, 41 as enacted during the 1989 Session of the General 42 Assembly and as it appears in the 1989 Code 43 Supplement." By renumbering as necessary. 44 5. By GARMAN of Story CLARK of Cerro Gordo TRENT of Muscatine

H-6013 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 A- ω/σ; B- Low 4/3 (p.p. 1898, 1825

SENATE FILE 2413

H-6033

1 Amend the amendment H-5936 to Senate File 2413, as 2 amended, passed, and reprinted by the Senate, as 3 follows:

4 l. Page 6, line 5, by striking the figure ".10" 5 and inserting the following: " $\pm \theta$.08".

By McKEAN of Jones

H-6033 FILED APRIL 2, 1990 adapted 4/3 (p. 1774)

SENATE FILE 2413

H-6035

1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows:

3 1. Page 12, by inserting after line 20, the 4 following:

5 "Sec. . Section 260.6, Code Supplement 1989, is 6 amended by adding the following new unnumbered

7 paragraph:

8 <u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. A practitioner's license 9 shall be revoked upon the conviction of the

10 practitioner for the crime or crimes of possession, 11 manufacture, or sale of a controlled substance under 12 sections 204.401 through 204.413."

13 2. By renumbering as necessary.

By DIEMER of Black Hawk KREMER of Buchanan H-6035 FILED APRIL 2, 1990 Ruld net Gerunne 4/3 (p. 1799)





SENATE FILE 2413

H-6024

Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and
 reprinted by the Senate, as follows:
 1. Page 11, line 11, by inserting after the word

4 "alcohol" the following: "or controlled substance". By TRENT of Muscatine

H-6024 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 adopted 4/3 (p. 1783)

SENATE FILE 2413

H-6025

adapted 4/3 (p. 1783)

1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 3 1. Page 11, by inserting after line 5, the 4 following: 5 "Sec. Section 232.19, Code 1989, is amended 6 by adding the following new subsection: 7 NEW SUBSECTION. 3. Notwithstanding any other 8 provision of this chapter, a child shall not be placed 9 in detention as a result of a violation by that child 10 of section 123.47." 11 2. Renumber as necessary.

H-6025 FILED MARCH 30, 1990 By ROSENBERG of Story





H - 6043

SENATE FILE 2413

Amend the amendment, H-5998, to Senate File 2413, 2 as amended, passed, and reprinted by the Senate, as 3 follows:

4 1. Page 1, line 12, by striking the words "TAXES
5 AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE" and inserting the following:
6 "VARIOUS".

7 2. Page 1, line 15, by inserting after the word 8 "be" the following: "divided equally and".

9 3. Page 1, line 18, by inserting after the word 10 "abusers" the following: ", to the department of 11 public safety for funding for law enforcement of drug 12 offenses, and to the department of education for 13 funding of drunk driving prevention and education 14 programs".

By TRENT of Muscatine ROSENBERG of Story

H-6043 FILED APRIL 2, 1990 adapted 4/3 (p. 18 22)

SENATE FILE 2413

H-6044

1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows:



2 reprinted by the senate, as follows. 3 1. Page 23, by striking line 6, and inserting the 4 following: "section 321J.2. The state department of 5 transportation shall immediately revoke the operator's 6 license of a person charged pursuant to this section. 7 The person shall not be issued a temporary license for 8 any time period, including a temporary license issued 9 for twenty days, pursuant to chapter 321J until after 10 disposition of the charge made pursuant to this 11 section."

By SVOBODA of Tama

H-6044 FILED APRIL 2, 1990 . Placed 0/0 4/3 (p. 1825)

H-6039

SENATE FILE 2413

1 Amend the amendment, H-5998, to Senate File 2413, 2 as amended, passed, and reprinted by the Senate, as 3 follows:

4 1. Page 1, line 12, by striking the words "TAXES
5 AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE" and inserting the following:
6 "VARIOUS".

7 2. Page 1, line 15, by inserting after the word 8 "be" the following: "divided equally and".

9 3. Page 1, line 18, by inserting after the word 10 "abusers" the following: ", to the department of 11 public safety for funding for law enforcement of drug 12 offenses, and to the department of education for 13 funding of programs or treatment ordered pursuant to 14 chapter 321J".

By TRENT of Muscatine

H-6039 FILED APRIL 2, 1990 ω/β' 4/3 ($\frac{1}{2}$. 1822)

SENATE FILE 2413

н-6040

1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and 2 reprinted by the Senate as follows: 3 1. Page 36, by inserting after line 11 the 4 following: "Sec. . ALTERNATIVE DRUG TESTING FOR OFFICERS. 5 The department of public safety shall develop a 6 7 plan for the implementation of alternative drug 8 testing programs for law enforcement, parole, and 9 probation officers. The plan shall be submitted to 10 the general assembly by January 15, 1991, in a form 11 which could be adopted and implemented by the 12 department of public safety or individual law 13 enforcement agencies throughout the state." 2. By renumbering as necessary. 14 By JAY of Appanoose

SHERZAN OF Polk

H-6040 FILED APRIL 2, 1990 adapted 4/3 (p. 1828)

SENATE FILE 2413

H-6051 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and] 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 1. Page 11, by striking line 23, and inserting 4 the following: "of suitable space and reading 5 material for inmates. For purposes of this section, 6 "suitable reading materials" does not include material 7 depicting or describing the genitals, sex acts, 8 masturbation, excretory functions, or sadomasochistic 9 abuse which the average person, taking the material as 10 a whole and applying contemporary community standards 11 with respect to what is suitable material for inmates, 42 would find appeals to the prurient interest and is 13 patently offensive; and the material, taken as a 14 whole, lacks serious literary, scientific, political, 15 or artistic value. The director shall consider if the 16 availability or possession of the material represents 17 a potential danger to inmates, the community, or to 18 personnel of the department of corrections. The". CORBETT of Linn By TYPRELL of Iowa GARMAN of Story McKEAN of Jones HERMANN of Scott BRANSTAD of Winnebago IVERSON of Wright RENKEN of Grundy BANKS of Plymouth H-6051 FILED APRIL 3, 1990

ADOPTED (p. 1784)

ADOPTED (p. 1785 -

SENATE FILE 2413

E-6052 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and ì 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 1. By striking page 11, line 27, through page 12, 3 4 line 14. By renumbering as necessary. 5 2. TRENT of Muscatine By SPENNER of Henry HALVORSON of Clayton HERMANN of Scott H-6052 FILED APRIL 3, 1990 ADOPTED (p. 1784)

SENATE FILE 2413

H-6048 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and ì 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 1. Page 12, by inserting after line 14, the 3 4 following: 5 "Sec. Section 246.514, unnumbered paragraph 6 2, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows: 7 "Failure to comply with an order issued pursuant to 8 this section may result in the forfeiture of good 9 conduct time, not to exceed one year, earned up to the 10 time of the failure to comply. If good conduct time 11 has not been earned, the person may be determined to 12 be ineligible by the department to earn good conduct 13 time for a period of up to three months." 14 Renumber as necessary. 2. By MCKEAN of Jones H-6048 FILED APRIL 3, 1990

H-6058

SENATE FILE 2413

Amend Senate File 2413 as amended, passed, and 1 2 reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 3 Title page, by striking page 1, line 1 through 1. 4 page 2, line 12, and inserting the following: "An Act 5 relating to certain criminal offenses, providing for 6 the disposition, confinement, detention, and treatment 7 of certain offenders, providing protections for 8 certain victims or potential victims, providing for 9 the identification of certain precursor drugs, 10 establishing a tax on certain substances, providing 11 certain tax incentives relating to employment of 12 certain offenders, providing for victim reparation, 13 and providing penalties and an effective date." By JAY of Appanoose

H-6058 FILED APRIL 3, 1990 ADOPTED (7. 1830)

SENATE FILE 2413

H-6062

1 Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and re-2 printed by the Senate, as follows: 3 1. Page 13, by inserting after line 28 the fol-4 lowing:

5 "Sec. ___. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321L.3 SEIZURE OF 6 VEHICLE.

7 Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a third or 8 subsequent violation of section 321J.2, which occurs 9 while the person's license is suspended or revoked 10 pursuant to chapter 321J, the court shall order the 11 defendant to surrender to the state department of 12 transportation, the motor vehicle operated by the 13 defendant at the time of the third or subsequent 14 violation.

However, the court shall stay such order upon proof how the owner or co-owner of the vehicle, if other than the defendant, that the owner or co-owner was not aware that the defendant's motor vehicle license was suspended or revoked pursuant to chapter 321J, or that the defendant operated the motor vehicle without the the defendant operated the motor vehicle without the owner's or co-owner's knowledge or permission." 2. Renumber as necessary.

By JESSE of Jasper BROWN of Lucas OSTERBERG of Linn

H-6062 FILED APRIL 3, 1990 ADOPTED (p. 1825)





___^

H-6063

H-6077

WLKTT 2' TAAA

raye 07

SENATE FILE 2413

Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and reprinted by the Senate, as follows:

3 1. Page 12, by striking line 20, and inserting 4 the following: "sentence performing labor in the 5 program. Duties, if possible, shall consist of 6 physical labor outside in plain view of the public. 7 However, an inmate shall not be required to perform 8 work which is beyond an inmate's physical ability, 9 which constitutes a physical hardship, or which is 10 dangerous or threatening to the inmate's life or 11 health, medically prohibited, or unduly painful." By TRENT of Muscatine

H-6063 FILED APRIL 3, 1990 ADOPTED (71785)

SENATE FILE 2413

Amend Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and
 reprinted by the Senate, as follows:
 l. Page 3, by inserting after line 8, the

4 following:

5 "Sec. Section 123.50, subsection 4, Code 6 Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows: 7 4. A person, other than a licensee or permittee or a minor, who violates section 123.47 is guilty of a serious misdemeanor punishable by a minimum fine of

10 one hundred dollars for a first offense, two hundred 11 and fifty dollars for a second offense, and five 12 hundred dollars for a third and subsequent offense, 13 and a maximum fine for any offense of not more than 14 one thousand dollars.

15 A person age eighteen or under who is guilty of 16 possessing any alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer in 17 violation of section 123.47, in addition to the 18 penalty provided in section 123.90, shall participate 19 in a substance abuse treatment program as ordered by 20 the court for at least three months." 21 2. Renumber as necessary.

By SVOBODA of Tama

H-6077 FILED APRIL 3, 1990 LOST (p. 1829) APRIL 4, 1990

Page 90

1

SENATE FILE 2413		
	H-6071	
	ĺ	Amend Senate File 2413 as amended, passed, and
	2	reprinted by the Senate, as follows:
		1. Page 1, line 24, by inserting after the word
	4	"services" the following: ", or an inmate providing
		services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered
		into pursuant to section 246.703,".
A	7	2. Page 1, line 32, by inserting after the word
	8	"services," the following: "or an inmate providing
	9	services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered
	10	into pursuant to section 246.703,".
	11	3. Page 2, line 7, by inserting after the word
	12	"services," the following: "or in connection with the
	13	provision of services pursuant to a chapter 28E
	14	agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703,".
	15	4. Page 2, line 25, by inserting after the word
	16	"services," the following: "or in connection with the
	17	provision of services pursuant to a chapter 28E
		agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703,".
В	19	
		following:
	21	"Sec Section 246.703, Code 1989, is amended
		by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:
	23	4
		into a chapter 28E agreement with a county board of
		supervisors or county conservation board to provide
		inmate services for environmental maintenance
		including but not limited to brush and weed cutting,
		tree planting, and erosion control. The board of
		supervisors or conservation board shall reimburse the
		department of corrections for the allowance paid the inmates by the director. The supervision, security,
		and transportation of inmates used pursuant to the
	32	chapter 28E agreement shall be provided by the
		department of corrections."
	35	
		By HALVORSON of Clayton
		SHERZAN OF POlk
		KNAPP of Dubuque
TEAT ETTER ADDIT 2 1000		

H-6071 FILED APRIL 3, 1990 DIVISION A - ADOPTED, DIVISION B - WITHDRAWN (p./829)

APRIL 5, 1990

SENATE FILE 2413

S-5896 Amend the House amendment, S-5888, to Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and reprinted by the Senate, as follows: 1. Page 32, by inserting after line 10 the 4 5 following: "Sec. . Section 702.11, Code Supplement 1989, 6 7 is amended to read as follows: 702.11 FORCIBLE FELONY. 8 9 A "forcible felony" is any felonious child 10 endangerment, assault, murder, sexual abuse other than 11 sexual abuse in the third degree committed between 12 spouses or in violation of section 709.4, subsection 13 2, paragraph "c", subparagraph (4), kidnapping, 14 robbery, arson in the first or second degree, or 15 burglary in the first degree." 16 Page 33, by inserting after line 6, the 2. 17 following: 11 Page 23, by inserting after line 14, the 18 19 following: 20 "Sec. NEW SECTION. 712.1A ARSON IN THE 21 FIRST DEGREE. 22 Arson in the first degree is arson which results in 23 the death of a person, including the death of a paid 24 or volunteer firefighter. Arson in the first degree 25 is a class "A" felony. Section 712.2, Code 1989, is amended to Sec. read as follows: 712.2 ARSON IN THE FIRST SECOND DEGREE. 29 Arson is arson in the first second degree when the 30 property which the defendant intends to destroy or 31 damage, or which the defendant knowingly endangers, is 32 property in which the presence of one or more persons 33 can be reasonably anticipated - or - the - arson - results - in 34 the-death-of-a-fire-fighter,-whether-paid-or 35 volunteer. 36 Arson in the first second degree is a class "B" 37 felony. Section 712.3, Code 1989, is amended to 38 Sec. 39 read as follows: 40 712.3 ARSON IN THE SECOND THIRD DEGREE. 41 Arson which is not arson in the first or second 42 degree is arson in the second third degree when the 43 property which the defendant intends to destroy or 44 damage, or which the defendant knowingly endangers, is 45 a building or a structure, or real property of any 46 kind, or standing crops, or is personal property the 47 value of which exceeds five hundred dollars. Arson in 48 the second third degree is a class "C" felony. 49 Sec. . Section 712.4, Code 1989, is amended to 50 read as follows: -1-

S-5896

Page 2

712.4 ARSON IN THE THIRD FOURTH DEGREE.
 Arson which is not arson in the first, second, or
 third degree or-arson-in-the-second-degree is arson in
 the third fourth degree. Arson in the third fourth
 degree is an aggravated misdemeanor.""
 Renumber as necessary.
 By DONALD V. DOYLE

S-5896 FILED APRIL 4, 1990 WITHDRAWN (p. 1544)

SENATE FILE 2413 S-5895 Amend the House amendment, S-5888, to Senate File 2 2413, as amended, passed, and reprinted by the Senate, 3 as follows: 4 1. Page 1, by striking lines 48 and 49. 5 2. Page 2, by striking line 26. 6 3. Renumber as necessary. By JIM LIND

S-5895 FILED APRIL 4, 1990 ADOPTED (p. 1543)



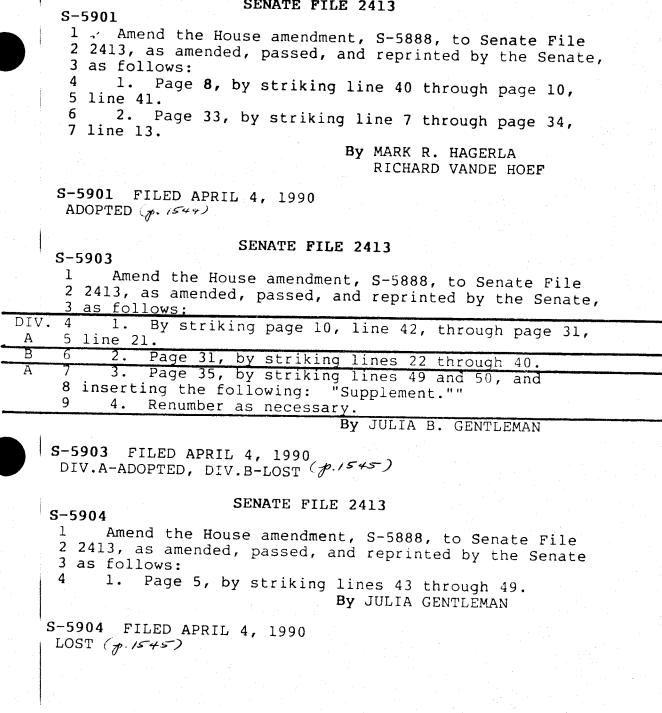








SENATE FILE 2413



REPORT OF THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON SENATE FILE 2413

To the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned members of the conference committee appointed to resolve the differences between the Senate and the House of Representatives on Senate File 2413, An Act relating to certain specific crimes and the disposition of offenders by providing for payment of sexual abuse medical examinations, providing for workers' compensation coverage and the liability of certain persons performing community service, providing for notification of the parents of persons under age eighteen discovered to be in possession of alcohol or drugs, providing for a term of confinement for distribution of illegal drugs within one thousand feet of a public park, providing for the reporting and identification of certain precursor drugs, providing for the disposition of certain juvenile offenders, establishing institutional reading room requirements, providing for the diversion of certain offenders to treatment facilities, providing that certain persons serving mandatory minimum sentences serve a portion of their sentence on work release, establishing a penalty for certain persons who cause a serious injury to another while operating a motor vehicle, providing for certain offenders to serve their sentence on consecutive days, providing for posttreatment services as a condition of probation,

-1.

2

APRIL 9, 1990

Page 117

CCR-2413

Page

establishing a tax on marijuana and controlled substances, providing an expansion of the business deduction for businesses employing individuals on parole, probation, work release, or convicted of a felony, establishing penalties for participation in criminal gang activity, providing for the nonbailability of certain offenders, providing requirements for presentence investigations, providing for early release of offenders participating in certain treatment or for certain property offenders, making certain changes relating to conditions of parole and work release, authorizing parole and probation officers to discharge certain offenders, making certain changes relating to the victim reparation program, establishing a pilot project for the chemical testing of persons arrested for felony offenses, and providing penalties, respectfully make the following report:

1. That the House recedes from its amendment, S-5888.

2. That Senate File 2413, as amended, passed, and reprinted by the Senate, is amended as follows:

1. Page 1, line 24, by inserting after the word "<u>services</u>" the following: ", or an inmate providing services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703,".

2. Page 1, line 32, by inserting after the word "<u>services</u>," the following: "<u>or an inmate providing services</u> <u>pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered into pursuant to</u> section 246.703,".

3. Page 2, line 7, by inserting after the word "<u>services</u>," the following: "<u>or in connection with the</u> provision of services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703,".

4. Page 2, line 25, by inserting after the word "services," the following: "or in connection with the provision of services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered into pursuant to section 16.703,".

5. Page 2, by striking lines and 32, and inserting the following:

-2-

SENATE CLIP SHEET

3

APRIL 9, 1990

CCR-2413

age

"A peace officer shall make a reasonable effort to identify a person under the age of eighteen discovered to be in possession of".

6. Page 2, line 34, by inserting after the figure "123.47" the following: "and if the person is not referred to juvenile court".

7. Page 3, line 13, by striking the word "counterfiet" and inserting the following: "counterfeit".

8. Page 4, by striking lines 13 and 14, and inserting the following:

"A peace officer shall make a reasonable effort to identify a person under the age of eighteen discovered to be in possession of a".

9. Page 4, line 16, by inserting after the word "chapter," the following: "and if the person is not referred to juvenile court".

10. Page 9, line 17, by striking the word "--PENALTY" and inserting the following: "-- PENALTY".

11. Page 10, by inserting after line 28, the following:

"Sec. ____. Section 232.2, subsection 6, paragraph d, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

d. Who has been, or is imminently likely to be, sexually abused by the child's parent, guardian, custodian or other member of the household in which the child resides.

Sec. ____. Section 232.8, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

Violations by a child of provisions of chapter 106, 106A, 109, 109A, 110, 110A, 110B, 111, 321, or 321G which would be simple misdemeanors if committed by an adult, and violations by a child of county or municipal curfew or traffic ordinances, and-violations-by-a-child-of-section-123-47, are excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and shall be prosecuted as simple misdemeanors as provided by law. The court-may-advise-appropriate-j-remile-authorities-and-may refer-violations-of-section-1 i7-to-the-juvenile-court-when there-is-reason-to-believe-trained wild-regularly-abuses-alcohol

-3-

CCR-2413

Page 4

and-may-be-in-need-of-treatment.--The-court-shall-notify-the parents-or-legal-guardians-of-a-child-who-appears-before-it for-a-violation-of-section-123.47. A child convicted of a violation excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under this unnumbered paragraph shall be sentenced pursuant to section 805.8, where applicable, and pursuant to section 903.1, subsection 3, for all other violations."

12. Page 11, by inserting after line 5, the following:

"Sec. ____. Section 232.19, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a child shall not be placed in detention as a result of a violation by that child of section 123.47."

13. Page 11, line 11, by inserting after the word "alcohol" the following: "or controlled substance".

14. Page 11, by inserting after line 19, the following:

"Sec. ____. Section 232.82, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

232.82 REMOVAL OF SEXUAL OFFENDERS AND PHYSICAL ABUSERS FROM THE RESIDENCE PURSUANT TO COURT ORDER.

1. Notwithstanding section 561.15, if it is alleged by a person authorized to file a petition under section 232.87, subsection 2, or by the court on its own motion, that a parent, guardian, custodian, or an adult member of the household in which a child resides has committed a sexual offense with or against the child, pursuant to chapter 709 or section 726.2, or a physical abuse as defined by section 232.2, subsection 38, the juvenile court may enter an ex parte order requiring the alleged sexual offender or physical abuser to vacate the child's residence upon a showing that probable cause exists to believe that the sexual offense or physical abuse has occurred and that substantial evidence exists to believe that the presence of the alleged sexual offender or physical abuser to the child's residence presents a danger to the child's life or physical emotional, or mental health.

2. If an order is entern under subsection 1 and a

APRIL 9, 1990

CCR-2413

Page 5

petition has not yet been filed under this chapter, the petition shall be filed under section 232.87 by the county attorney, the department of human services, or a juvenile court officer within three days of the entering of the order.

3. The juvenile court may order on its own motion, or shall order upon the request of the alleged sexual offender <u>or</u> <u>physical abuser</u>, a hearing to determine whether the order to vacate the residence should be upheld, modified, or vacated. The juvenile court may in any later child in need of assistance proceeding uphold, modify, or vacate the order to vacate the residence.

Sec. ____. Section 232.116, subsection 1, Code Supplement 1989, is amended by adding a new paragraph:

<u>NEW PARAGRAPH</u>. 1. The court finds that both of the following have occurred:

(1) The child has been adjudicated a child in need of assistance pursuant to section 232.96 after finding that the child has been physically or sexually abused as a result of the acts or omissions of a parent.

(2) The parent found to have physically or sexually abused the child has been imprisoned for such abuse against the child, the child's sibling, or any other child in the household and the court finds it is unlikely that the parent will be released within five years."

15. Page 11, by striking line 23, and inserting the Following: "of suitable space for reading material for inmates. For purposes of this section, "suitable reading materials" does not include material depicting or describing the genitals, sex acts, masturbation, excretory functions, or sadomasochistic abuse which the average person, taking the material as a whole and applying contemporary community standards with respect to what is suitable material for inmates, would find appeals to the prurient interest and is patently offensive; and the material, taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, scient c, political, or artistic value. The". APRIL 9, 1990

CCR-2413

Page 6

16. Page 12, line 3, by inserting after the word
"paragraph" the following: ""b" or".

17. Page 12, by inserting after line 14, the following:
 "Sec. ____. Section 246.703, Code 1989, is amended by
adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH. The director may enter into a chapter 28E agreement with a county board of supervisors or county conservation board to provide inmate services for environmental maintenance including but not limited to brush and weed cutting, tree planting, and erosion control. The board of supervisors or conservation board shall reimburse the department of corrections for the allowance paid the inmates by the director. The supervision, security, and transportation of inmates used pursuant to the chapter 28E agreement shall be provided by the department of corrections."

18. Page 12, line 19, by inserting after the word "inmate's" the following: "mandatory minimum".

19. By striking page 12, line 20, through page 13, line 28, and inserting the following: "sentence performing labor in the program. Duties, if possible, shall consist of physical labor in plain view of the public. However, an inmate shall not be required to perform work which is beyond an inmate's physical ability, which constitutes a physical hardship, or which is dangerous or threatening to the inmate's life or health, medically prohibited, or unduly painful.

Sec. ____. Section 321J.2, subsection 2, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH. A minimum term of imprisonment in a county jail or community-based correctional facility imposed on a person convicted of a second or subsequent offense under paragraph "b" or "c" shall be served on consecutive days. However, if the sentencing court finds that service of the full minimum term on consecutive days would work an undue hardship on the person, or finds that sufficient jail space is not ava ble and is not reasonably expected to become available with four months after sentencing to

6-

CCR-2413

age 7

incarcerate the person serving the minimum sentence on consecutive days, the court may order the person to serve not less than forty-eight consecutive hours of the minimum term and to perform a specified number of hours of unpaid community service as deemed appropriate by the sentencing court.

Sec. ____. Section 321J.3, subsection 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

1. On a conviction for a violation of section 321J.2, the court may order the defendant to attend a course for drinking drivers under section 321J.22. If the defendant submitted to a chemical test on arrest for the violation of section 321J.2 and the test indicated an alcohol concentration of .20 or higher, or if the defendant is charged with a second or subsequent offense, the court shall order the defendant, on conviction, to undergo a substance abuse evaluation and the court may shall order the defendant to follow the recommendations proposed in the substance abuse evaluation for appropriate substance abuse treatment for the defendant. Court-ordered substance abuse treatment is subject to the periodic reporting requirements of section 125.86. If a defendant is committed by the court to a substance abuse treatment facility, the administrator of the facility shall report to the court when it is determined that the defendant has received the maximum benefit of treatment at the facility and the defendant shall be released from the facility. The time for which the defendant is committed for treatment shall be credited against the defendant's sentence. The court may prescribe the length of time for the evaluation and treatment or it may request that the area school conducting the course for drinking drivers which the person is ordered to attend or the treatment program to which the person is committed immediately report to the court when the person has received maximum benefit from the course for drinking drivers or treatment program or has recovered from the person's addiction, dependen ... or tendency to chronically abuse alcohol or drugs. -n successfully completing or attending a

-7-

CCR-2413

Page 8

course for drinking drivers or an ordered substance abuse treatment program, the person may be placed on probation for six months and as a condition of probation, shall attend a program providing posttreatment services relating to substance abuse as approved by the court. A person committed under this section who does not possess sufficient income or estate to make payment of the costs of the treatment in whole or in part shall be considered a state patient and the costs of treatment shall be paid as provided in section 125.44. A defendant who fails to carry out the order of the court or who fails to successfully complete or attend a course for drinking drivers or an ordered substance abuse treatment program shall be confined in the county jail for twenty days in addition to any other imprisonment ordered by the court or may be ordered to perform unpaid community service work, and shall be placed on probation for one year with a violation of this probation punishable as contempt of court. In addition to any other condition of probation, the person shall attend a program providing substance abuse prevention services or posttreatment services related to substance abuse as ordered by the court. The person shall report to the person's probation officer as ordered concerning proof of attendance at the treatment. program or posttreatment program ordered by the court. Failure to attend or complete the program shall be considered a violation of probation and is punishable as contempt of court.

____Sec. 200. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 321J.4A SURRENDER OF REGISTRATION AND PLATES.

1. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a third or subsequent violation of section 321J.2, the court shall issue an impoundment order requiring the surrender to the court of the registration certificate and registration plates of all of the following:

a. All vehicles registered to the defendant, or jointly to the defendant an the defendant's spouse.

b. All vehice owned by the defendant, or jointly by the

-8-

APRIL 9, 1990

Page 124

CCR-2413 age 9

defendant and the defendant's spouse.

c. All vehicles leased to the defendant, or jointly to the defendant and the defendant's spouse. This paragraph does not apply to a rental vehicle which is one of a fleet of two or more vehicles rented for periods of four months or less.

2. For purposes of this subsection, a conviction for, deferred judgment for, or plea of guilty to, a violation of section 321J.2, which occurred more than six years prior to the date of the most recent violation charged, shall not be considered in determining that the most recent violation is a third or subsequent violation.

3. If the court issues an impoundment order, the registration certificate and registration plates shall be surrendered to the court either three days after the order is issued or on the date specified by the court, whichever is later. The court shall forward surrendered registration certificates to the county recorder within seven days after surrender. The court may destroy the surrendered registration plates. Except as provided in subsection 5, new registration plates shall not be issued to the defendant or owner until the driver's license of the violator has been reissued or reinstated. The court shall notify the director within ten days after issuing an impoundment order.

4. a. A defendant or an owner may apply to the director for new registration plates, which must bear a special series of numbers or letters so as to be readily identified by traffic law enforcement officers. Application for and acceptance of special plates constitutes implied consent for law enforcement officers to stop the vehicle bearing special plates at any time. The director shall authorize the issuance of special plates if any of the following apply:

(1) A member of the defendant's household has a valid driver's license.

(2) The defendant or owner has a temporary restricted license pursua to section 321J.20.

The direct may issue the special plates on payment of a

-9-

Page 125

CCR-2413

Page 10

fifty dollar fee for each vehicle for which special plates are requested.

b. Until the driver's license of the defendant is reinstated or reissued, the defendant shall inform the department that an impoundment order is in effect when requesting any new registration plates.

5. A registered owner shall not sell a motor vehicle during the time its registration plates and registration certificate have been ordered surrendered or during the time its registration plates bear a special series number, unless the registered owner applies to the department for consent to transfer title to the motor vehicle. If the department is satisfied that the proposed sale is in good faith and for valid consideration, that the registered owner will be deprived of custody and control of the motor vehicle, and that the sale is not for the purpose of circumventing the provisions of this section, the department may certify its consent to the county recorder. The county recorder shall then transfer the registration certificate to the new owner upon proper application and issue new registration plates. After the registration plates and registration certificate have been ordered surrendered to the court under this section, if the title to the motor vehicle is transferred by the cancellation of a conditional sales contract, a sale upon execution, or by decree or order of a court of competent. jurisdiction, the department shall order the registration certificate surrendered to the new registered owner. The county recorder shall then transfer the registration certificate and issue new registration plates to the new registered owner.

6. This section is not intended to change or modify taxation of motor vehicles or the time within which a motor vehicle tax must be paid.

7. a. A person who fails to surrender any registration plates or a gistration certificate to the court upon demand under this section or who fails to comply with this section is

-10-

APRIL 9, 1990

SER-2413

Rage 11

guilty of a simple misdemeanor and contempt of court.

b. A person who operates a motor vehicle on a street or highway at a time when a court has ordered the surrender of its registration plate and registration certificate is guilty of a simple misdemeanor as a separate and distinct offense from any other penalty imposed in connection with driving while under a license suspension or revocation.

8. The director may adopt such rules as may be necessary or convenient for the implementation and administration of this section.

Sec. ____. Section 356.26, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

<u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. The district court may also grant by order to any person sentenced to a county jail the privilege of a sentence of in-home detention where the county sheriff has certified to the court that the jail has an inhome detention program. The department of corrections shall report to the legislative fiscal bureau on a semiannual basis concerning utilization of in-home detention, including the counties which have established such programs and the number of prisoners allowed in-home detention privileges."

20. Page 20, line 6, by striking the word "--REFUNDS" and inserting the following: "-- REFUNDS".

21. Page 22, by inserting after line 34, the following: "Sec. 104. Section 602.6405, subsection 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

1. Magistrates have jurisdiction of simple misdemeanors, including traffic and ordinance violations, and preliminary hearings, search warrant proceedings, county and municipal infractions, and small claims. They-also <u>Magistrates</u> have jurisdiction to exercise the powers specified in sections 644.2 and 644.12, and to hear complaints or preliminary informations, issue warrants, order arrests, make commitments, and take mail. They-also <u>Magistrates</u> have jurisdiction over violatio. of section 123.47 <u>involving persons eighteen years</u> of age, section 123.49, subsection 2, paragraph "h".

-11-

3

1

- 「「「「」」、

CCR-2413

Page 12

Magistrates have jurisdiction to conduct hearings authorized under section 809.4 and section 809.10, subsection 2."

22. By striking page 22, line 35 through page 23, line 6, and inserting the following:

"Sec. ____. Section 707.6A, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

707.6A HOMICIDE OR SERIOUS INJURY BY VEHICLE.

1. A person commits a class " \mathbb{P}^{μ} "C" felony when the person unintentionally causes the death of another by either of the following means:

a. Operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or a <u>other</u> drug or a combination of such substances or while having an alcohol concentration, as defined in section <u>321J.1, subsection 1, of .10 or more7-in-violation-of-section</u> 321J.2. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a violation of this paragraph, the court shall order the state department of transportation to revoke the defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privileges for a period of six years. The defendant shall surrender to the court any Iowa license or permit and the court shall forward it to the department with a copy of the revocation order.

b. Driving a motor vehicle in a reckless manner with willful or wanton disregard for the safety of persons or property, in violation of section 321.277.

2. A person commits an-aggravated-misdemeanor <u>a class "D"</u> <u>felony</u> when the person unintentionally causes the death of another by operating a motor vehicle in any of the following manners:

a. Drag racing, in violation of section 321.278.

b. Eluding or attempting to elude a pursuing law enforcement vehicle, in violation of section 321.279.

3. A person commits an aggravated misdemeanor when the person unintentionally causes a serious injury, as defined in section 321J.1, subsection 8, by either of the means described in sub-stion 1 of this section.

As used in this section, "motor vehicle" includes any

-12-

CCR-2413

Page 13

vehicle defined as a motor vehicle in section 321.1.

5. Except for the purpose of sentencing under section 321J.2, subsection 2, a conviction or deferral of judgment for a violation of this section, where a violation of section 321J.2 is admitted or proved, shall be treated as a conviction or deferral of judgment for a violation of section 321J.2 for the purposes of chapters 321, 321A, and 321J, and section 907.3, subsection 1."

23. Page 24, by inserting after line 15, the following: "Sec. ____. Section 809.10, subsection 3, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

3. Upon a finding by the court that the property is forfeitable, the court shall may as a matter of equity enter an order transferring title to the property to the state.

Sec. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 809.17 PROCEEDS APPLIED TO VARIOUS PROGRAMS.

Except as provided in section 809.21, proceeds from the disposal of seized or forfeited property pursuant to this chapter may be transferred in whole or in part to the victim reparation fund created in pursuant to chapter 912 at the discretion of the recipient agency, political subdivision, or department."

24. Page 26, by striking lines 4 through 7, and inserting the following:

"1. A brief personal and social history of the defendant.
2. The defendant's criminal record."

25. Page 26, by inserting after line 33, the following: "Sec.____. Section 903.1, subsection 3, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

3. A person under eighteen years of age convicted of a simple misdemeanor under chapter 106, 106A, 109, 109A, 110, 110A, 110B, 111, 321, or 321G, section-123-477 or a violation of a county or municipal curfew or traffic ordinance, except for an offense subject to section 805.8, may be required to pay fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars, as fixed by the comparison or may be required to perform community service as

-13-

ALKIP A' TAAN

CCR-2413

Page 14

ordered by the court."

26. Page 27, line 10, by striking the words "<u>substance</u> abuse" and inserting the following: "treatment".

27. Page 27, line 21, by inserting after the word "service." the following: "The board shall not make community service a uniform or mandatory requirement for all or substantially all parolees or work release inmates but shall exercise discretion in ordering community service as a condition of parole or work release. The board shall report to the general assembly on the implementation of community service as a condition of parole or work release. The report shall be submitted on or before January 1, 1991."

28. Page 35, by striking line 16, and inserting the following:

"The department of public safety shall study the feasibility and usefulness of implementing a pilot program for".

29. Page 35, line 22, by striking the word "program" and inserting the following: "study".

30. Page 35, by striking lines 24 through 26, and inserting the following: "prevention coordinator who shall consult with the department of public safety to accomplish the purposes described in this section."

31. By striking page 35, line 27, through page 36, line 11, and inserting the following:

"Sec. . ALTERNATIVE DRUG TESTING FOR OFFICERS.

The department of public safety shall develop a plan for the implementation of alternative drug testing programs for law enforcement, parole, and probation officers. The plan shall be submitted to the general assembly by January 15, 1991, in a form which could be adopted and implemented by the department of public safety or individual law enforcement agencies throughout the state."

32. Page 36, by striking lines 16 through 20, and erting the following:

"Sec. . Section 200 takes effect July 1, 1991."

-14-

APRIL 9, 1990

CCR-2413

i .

*

Page 15

By renumbering, relettering, and redesignating as 33. necessary.

ON THE PART OF THE SENATE:

ON THE PART OF THE HOUSE:

MICHAEL E. GRONSTAL, Chairperson LINN FUHRMAN MARK R. HAGERLA RICHARD VARN

DANIEL JAY, Chairperson MICHAEL PETERSON

FILED APRIL 8, 1990 Have adapted 4/8 (p. 2396) (A. 1745) CCR-2413 ADOPTED (7. 1745)

GARY SHERZAN BILL TRENT

Senate Pile 2413, p. 2

SENATE FILE 2413

AN ACT

RELATING TO CERTAIN SPECIFIC CRIMES AND THE DISPOSITION OF OFFENDERS BY PROVIDING FOR PAYMENT OF SEXUAL ABUSE MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS, PROVIDING FOR WORKERS' COMPENSATION COVERAGE AND THE LIABILITY OF CERTAIN PERSONS PERPORMING COMMUNITY SERVICE, PROVIDING FOR NOTIFICATION OF THE PARENTS OF PER-SONS UNDER AGE EIGHTEEN DISCOVERED TO BE IN POSSESSION OF ALCOHOL OR DRUGS, PROVIDING FOR A TERM OF CONFINEMENT FOR DISTRIBUTION OF ILLEGAL DRUGS WITHIN ONE THOUSAND FEET OF A PUBLIC PARK, PROVIDING FOR THE REPORTING AND IDENTIFICATION OP CERTAIN PRECURSOR DRUGS, PROVIDING FOR THE DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN JUVENILE OFPENDERS, ESTABLISHING INSTITUTIONAL READING ROOM REQUIREMENTS, PROVIDING FOR THE DIVERSION OF CERTAIN OFFENDERS TO TREATMENT FACILITIES, PROVIDING THAT CERTAIN PERSONS SERVING MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCES SERVE A PORTION OF THEIR SENTENCE ON WORK RELEASE, ESTABLISHING A PENALTY FOR CERTAIN PERSONS WHO CAUSE & SERIOUS INJURY TO ANOTHER WHILE OPERATING A NOTOR VEHICLE, PROVIDING POR CER-TAIN OFFENDERS TO SERVE THEIR SENTENCE ON CONSECUTIVE DAYS, PROVIDING FOR POSTTREATMENT SERVICES AS A CONDITION OF PRO-BATION, ESTABLISHING A TAX ON MARIJUANA AND CONTROLLED SUB-STANCES, PROVIDING AN EXPANSION OF THE BUSINESS DEDUCTION FOR BUSINESSES EMPLOYING INDIVIDUALS ON PAROLE, PROBATION, WORK RELEASE, OR CONVICTED OF A PELONY, ESTABLISHING PENAL-TIES FOR PARTICIPATION IN CRIMINAL GANG ACTIVITY, PROVIDING FOR THE NONBAILABILITY OF CERTAIN OFFENDERS, PROVIDING RE-QUIREMENTS FOR PRESENTENCE INVESTIGATIONS, PROVIDING FOR EARLY RELEASE OF OFFENDERS PARTICIPATING IN CERTAIN TREAT-HENT OR FOR CERTAIN PROPERTY OFFENDERS, MAKING CERTAIN CHANGES RELATING TO CONDITIONS OF PAROLE AND WORK RELEASE, AUTHORIZING PAROLE AND PROBATION OFFICERS TO DISCHARGE CER-TAIN OFFENDERS, MAKING CERTAIN CHANGES RELATING TO THE VIC-TIM REPARATION PROGRAM, ESTABLISHING A PILOT PROJECT FOR

THE CHEMICAL TESTING OF PERSONS ARRESTED FOR PELONY OFFENSES, AND PROVIDING PENALTIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

Section 1. Section 13.31, Code Supplement 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

<u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 5. Administer payment for sexual abuse medical examinations pursuant to section 709.10.

Sec. 2. Section 25A.2, subsection 3, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

3. "Employee of the state" includes any one or more officers, agents, or employees of the state or any state agency, including members of the general assembly, and persons acting on behalf of the state or any state agency in any official capacity, temporarily or permanently in the service of the state of Iowa, whether with or without compensation but does not include a contractor doing business with the state. Professional personnel, including physicians, osteopathic physicians and surgeons, osteopathic physicians, optometriats and dentists, who render services to patients and inmates of state institutions under the jurisdiction of the department of human services or the Iowa department of corrections are to be considered employees of the state, whether the personnel are employed on a full-time basis or render services on a parttime basis on a fee schedule or other arrangement. Criminal defendants while performing unpaid community service ordered by the district court, board of parole, or judicial district department of correctional services, or an inmate providing services pursuant to a chapter 20E agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703, are to be considered employees of the state.

Sec. 3. Section 85.59, unnumbered paragraphs 2, 4, and 5, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

Por purposes of this section, "inmate" includes a person who is performing unpaid community service under sections 907:13 and 918-2 the direction of the district court, board of parole, or judicial district department of correctional services, or an inmate providing services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703, or who is performing a work assignment of value to the state or to the public under chapter 232.

If an inmate is permanently incapacitated by injury in the performance of the inmate's work in connection with the maintenance of the institution or in an industry maintained in the institution, while on detail to perform services on a public works project, or is permanently or temporarily incapacitated in connection with the performance of unpaid community service under sections-907-13-and-910-2 the direction of the district court, board of parole, or judicial district department of correctional services, or in connection with the provision of services pursuant to a chapter 28E agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703, or who is performing a work assignment of value to the state or to the public under chapter 232, that inmate shall be awarded only the benefits provided in section 85.27 and section 85.34, subsections 2 and 3. The weekly rate for such permanent disability is equal to sixty-six and two-thirds percent of the state average weekly wage paid employees as determined by the department of employment services under section 96.19, subsection 42, and in effect at the time of the injury.

Weekly compensation benefits under this section may be determined prior to the inmate's release from the institution, but payment of benefits to an inmate shall commence as of the time of the inmate's release from the institution either upon parole or final discharge. However, if the inmate is awarded benefits for an injury incurred in connection with the performance of unpaid community service under sections-907x13 and-910x2 the direction of the district court, board of parole, or judicial district department of correctional services, or in connection with the provision of services pursuant to a chapter 282 agreement entered into pursuant to section 246.703, or who is performing a work assignment of value to the state or to the public under chapter 232, weekly compensation benefits under this section shall be determined and paid as in other workers' compensation cases.

Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 123.47B PARENTAL NOTIFICATION --PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE.

A peace officer shall make a reasonable effort to identify a person under the age of eighteen discovered to be in possession of alcoholic liquor, wine, or beer in violation of section 123.47 and if the person is not referred to juvenile court, the law enforcement agency of which the peace officer is an employee shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the person's custodial parent or legal guardian of such possession, whether or not the person is arrested or a citation is issued pursuant to section 805.16, unless the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that such notification is not in the best interests of the person or will endanger that person. A reasonable attempt to notify the person includes but is not limited to a telephone call or notice by first class mail.

Sec. 5. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204.401A DISTRIBUTION TO PERSONS ON CERTAIN REAL PROPERTY.

In addition to any other penalties provided in this chapter, a person who is eighteen years of age or older who unlawfully distributes a substance or counterfeit substance listed in schedule I or II which is a narcotic or cocaine, or a simulated controlled substance represented to be a narcotic or cocaine classified in schedule I or II, to another person who is eighteen years of age or older in or on, or within one thousand feet of the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school, or in or on the real property comprising a public park, may, at the judge's discretion, be sentenced up to an additional term of confinement of five years.

Sec. 6. Section 204.406, subsection 1, paragraph a, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

2413 - 5

Senate File 2413, p. 5

a. Unlawfully distributes a substance listed in schedule I or II, which is a narcotic or cocaine, to a person under eighteen years of age commits a class "B" felony and shall serve a minimum term of confinement of five years. However, if the substance was distributed in or on, or within one thousand feet of, the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school, or in or on the real <u>property comprising a public park</u>, the person shall serve a minimum term of confinement of ten years.

Sec. 7. Section 204.406, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

a. Unlawfully distributes a counterfeit substance listed in schedule I or II which is a narcotic or cocaine, or a simulated controlled substance represented to be a narcotic or cocaine classified in schedule I or II, to a person under eighteen years of age commits a class "B" felony. However, if the substance was distributed in or on, or within one thousand feet of, the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school, or in or on the real property <u>comprising a public park</u>, the person shall serve a minimum term of confinement of ten years.

Sec. 8. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204.415 PARENTAL NOTIFICATION --PERSONS UNDER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE.

A peace officer shall make a reasonable effort to identify a person under the age of eighteen discovered to be in possession of a controlled substance, counterfeit substance, or simulated controlled substance in violation of this chapter, and if the person is not referred to juvenile court the law enforcement agency of which the peace officer is an employee shall make a reasonable attempt to notify the person's custodial parent or legal guardian of such possession, whether or not the person is arrested, unless the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that such notification is not in the best interests of the person or will endanget that person. A reasonable attempt to notify the person includes but is not limited to a telephone call or notice by first class mail. Sec. 9. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 204.416 EXCEPTION TO NONBAILABLE OFFENSE.

Notwithstanding section 811.1, the court, in its discretion, may admit a person convicted of a violation of section 204.401, subsection 1 or 2, or of a violation of section 204.406, to ball if the prosecuting attorney in the action and the defendant's counsel jointly petition the court to admit the person to ball.

Sec. 10. NEW SECTION. 2048.1 DEPINITIONS.

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Board" means the board of pharmacy examiners.

2. "Controlled substance" means a controlled substance as defined in section 204.101.

3. "Practitioner" means a practitioner as defined in section 155A.3.

4. "Precursor substance" means a substance which may be used as a precursor in the illegal production of a controlled substance and is specified under section 204B.2.

5. "Recipient" means a person in this state who purchases, transfers, or otherwise receives a precursor substance.

6. "Vendor" means a person who manufactures, wholesales, retails, or otherwise sells, transfers, or furnishes in this state a precursor substance.

Sec. 11. NEW SECTION. 2048.2 REPORTING REQUIRED.

1. Effective July 1, 1990, a report to the board shall be submitted in accordance with this chapter by a manufacturer, retailer, or other person who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes to any person in this state any of the following substances:

a. Anthranilic acid and its salts.

b. Benzyl Cyanide.

c. Ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers.

d. Brgonovine and its salts.

e. Ergotamine and its salts.

f. 3,4 - methylenedioxyphenyl-2-propanone.

g. N-acetylanthranilic acid and its salts.

 h. Norpseudoephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers.

i. Phenylacetic acid and its salts.

 phenylpropanolamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers.

k. Piperidine and its salts.

 Pseudoephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers.

2. The board shall administer the regulatory provisions of this chapter and may, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 17A, add a substance to or remove a substance from the list in subsection 1. In determining whether to add or remove a substance from the list, the board shall consider the following:

a. The likelihood that the substance may be used as a precursor in the illegal production of a controlled substance.

b. The availability of the substance.

c. The appropriateness of including the substance under this chapter or under chapter 204.

d. The extent and nature of legitimate uses for the substance.

3. On or before November 1 of each year, the board shall inform the general assembly of any substances added, deleted, or changed in the list contained in section 2048.2 and shall provide an explanation of any addition, deletion, or change.

Sec. 12. NEW SECTION. 2048.3 IDENTIFICATION REQUIRED.

1. Before selling, transferring, or otherwise furnishing any substance specified in section 2048.2 to a person in this state, a vendor shall require proper identification from the purchaser.

 For the purposes of this section, in the case of a face-to-face purchase, "proper identification" means all of the following: a. A motor vehicle operator's license containing the purchaser's photograph and residential or mailing address, other than a post office box number, or any other official stateissued identification containing this information.

b. The motor vehicle license number of the vehicle owned or operated by the purchaser.

c. A letter of authorization from the person who is making the purchase. The letter shall include the person's business license number and business address, a description as to how the substance will be used, and the purchaser's signature. The vendor shall affix the vendor's signature as a witness to the signature and identification of the purchaser.

3. The board shall provide by rule for the form of proper identification required for purchases which are not face to face.

4. A person who violates this section or rules adopted pursuant to this section commits a simple misdemeanor.

Sec. 13. NEW SECTION. 2048.4 VENDOR REPORTING.

1. At least twenty-one days prior to the delivery of a precursor substance to a recipient, the vendor shall submit a report of the transaction to the board. The report must contain the identification information specified under section 204B.3. However, if regular, repeated transactions of a particular precursor substance occur between the vendor and the recipient, the board may authorize the vendor to report the transactions monthly if either of the following conditions exists:

a. A pattern of regular supply of the precursor substance exists between the vendor and the recipient.

b. The recipient has established a record of lawfully using the precursor substance.

2. A vendor who does not submit a report pursuant to this section commits a serious misdemeanor.

Sec. 14. <u>New Section</u>. 2048.5 RECEIPT OF SUBSTANCE FROM OUTSIDE THE STATE -- PENALTY. 1. A vendor, recipient, or other person required to report pursuant to this chapter who receives a precursor substance from a source outside the state shall submit a report to the board pursuant to rules adopted by the board.

2. A person who does not submit a report required under this section commits a serious misdemeanor.

Sec. 15. NEW SECTION. 2048.6 BXCEPTIONS.

The requirements of sections 2048.2 through 2048.5 do not apply to any of the following:

1. A licensed pharmacist or other person authorized under chapter 155A to sell or furnish a precursor substance upon the prescription of a practitioner.

2. A practitioner who administers or furnishes a precursor substance to a patient.

3. A vendor who holds a permit issued by the board and who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes a precursor substance to a practitioner or a pharmacy as defined in section 155A.3.

4. A sale, transfer, furnishing, or receipt of a drug containing ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine or of a cosmetic containing a precursor substance if the drug or cosmetic is lawfully sold, transferred, or furnished over the counter without a prescription in accordance with chapter 2038.

Sec. 16. NEW SECTION. 2048.7 REPORTING FORM.

1. The board shall adopt rules prescribing a common form for the filing of reports required under this chapter. The rules shall provide that the information which must be submitted shall include but is not limited to all of the following:

a. The name of the precursor substance.

b. The quantity of the precursor substance sold, transferred, or furnished.

c. The date the precursor substance was sold, transferred, or furnished.

d. The name and address of the recipient.

e. The name and address of the vendor.

2. Reports authorized under subsection 1 may be computergenerated and submitted monthly in accordance with rules adopted by the board.

Sec. 17. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 2048.8 MISSING QUANTITY -- RE-Porting.

A person who is required to report to the board pursuant to this chapter or a person listed as an exception under section 204B.6 shall report to the board either of the following occurrences within seven days of knowledge of the loss or occurrence:

1. Loss or theft of a precursor substance.

2. A difference between the amount of a precursor substance shipped and the amount of a precursor substance received. If applicable, the report shall include the name of the person who transported the precursor substance and the date of shipment.

Sec. 18. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 2048.9 SALE, TRANSPER, FURNISHING, OR RECEIPT FOR UNLAWFUL PURPOSE -- PENALTY.

1. A person who sells, transfers, or otherwise furnishes a precursor substance with knowledge or the intent that the recipient will use the precursor substance to unlawfully manufacture a controlled substance commits a class "C" felony.

2. A person who receives a precursor substance with intent to use the substance unlawfully to manufacture a controlled substance commits a class "C" felony.

Sec. 19. <u>NEW Section</u>. 2048.10 FALSE STATEMENT --PENALTY.

A person who knowingly makes a false statement in connection with any report or record required to be made under this chapter commits an aggravated misdemeanor.

Sec. 20. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 2048.11 PERMIT REQUIREMENTS --PENALTY.

1. A vendor or a recipient who receives a precursor substance from a source outside the state shall obtain a permit for the transaction from the board. However, a permit is not required of a vendor of a drug containing ephedrine, phenylpropanolamine, or pseudoephedrine or of a cosmetic that contains a precursor substance if the drug or cosmetic is lawfully sold, transferred, or furnished either over the counter without a prescription in accordance with chapter 2038 or with a prescription pursuant to chapter 155A.

2. An application for a permit shall be filed in writing and signed by the applicant, and shall set forth the name of the applicant, the business in which the applicant is engaged, the business address of the applicant, and a full description of any precursor substance aold, transferred, or otherwise furnished or received.

3. The board may grant a permit on a form adopted by rule. A permit shall be effective for not more than one year from the date of issuance.

4. An applicant shall pay, at the time of filing an application, a permit fee determined by the board.

5. A permit granted under this chapter may be annually renewed on a date to be determined by the board pursuant to rule, upon the filing of a renewal application and the payment of a permit renewal fee.

6. Permit fees charged by the board shall not exceed the costs incurred by the board in administering this chapter.

7. Selling, transferring, or otherwise furnishing, or receiving a precursor substance without a permit obtained pursuant to this section is a serious misdemeanor.

Sec. 21. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 2048.12 PERMIT -- REFUSAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION.

The board shall refuse, suspend, or revoke a permit upon finding that any of the following conditions exist:

1. The permit was obtained through fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit.

2. The permittee has violated or has permitted any employee of the permittee to violate any of the laws of this state relating to drugs, controlled substances, cosmetics, or nonprescription drugs, or has violated this chapter, a rule adopted pursuant to this chapter, or any other rule of the board. Senate File 2413, p. 12

Sec. 22. Section 232.2, subsection 6, paragraph d, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

d. Who has been, or is imminently likely to be, sexually abused by the child's parent, guardian, custodian or other member of the household in which the child resides.

Sec. 23. Section 232.8, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 2, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

Violations by a child of provisions of chapter 106, 106A, 109, 109A, 110, 110A, 110B, 111, 321, or 321G which would be simple misdemeanors if committed by an adult, and violations by a child of county or municipal curfew or traffic ordinances, and-violations-by-a-child-of-section-123-477 are excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and shall be prosecuted as simple misdemeanors as provided by law. The court-may-advise-appropriate-juvenile-authorities-and-may refer-violations-of-section-123:47-to-ths-juvenile-court-when there-is-reason-to-believe-the-child-regularly-abuses-alcohol and-may-be-in-need-of-treatment---The-court-shall-notify-the parents-or-legal-quardians-of-a-child-who-appears-before-it for-a-violation-of-section-123:47: A child convicted of a violation excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under this unnumbered paragraph shall be sentenced pursuant to section 805.8, where applicable, and pursuant to section 903.1, subsection 3, for all other violations.

Sec. 24. Section 232.8, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH. In a proceeding concerning a child who is alleged to have committed a second delinquent act or a second violation excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, the court or the juvenile court shall determine whether there is reason to believe that the child regularly abuses alcohol or other controlled substance and may be in need of treatment. If the court so determines, the court shall advise appropriate juvenile authorities and refer such offenders to the juvenile court for disposition pursuant to section 232.52A.

Sec. 25. Section 232.19, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

<u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a child shall not be placed in detention as a result of a violation by that child of section 123.47.

Sec. 26. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 232.52A DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN JUVENILE OFFENDERS.

In addition to any other order of the juvenile court, a person under age eighteen, who may be in need of treatment as determined under section 232.8, may be ordered to participate in an alcohol or controlled substance education or evaluation program approved by the juvenile court. If recommended after evaluation, the court may also order the person to participate in a treatment program approved by the court. The juvenile court may also require the custodial parent or parents or other legal guardian to participate in an educational program with the person under age eighteen if the court determines that such participation is in the best interests of the person under age eighteen.

Sec. 27. Section 232.82, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

232.82 REMOVAL OF SEXUAL OFFENDERS AND PHYSICAL ABUSERS FROM THE RESIDENCE PURSUANT TO COURT ORDER.

1. Notwithstanding section 561.15, if it is alleged by a person authorized to file a petition under section 232.87, subsection 2, or by the court on its own motion, that a parent, guardian, custodian, or an adult member of the household in which a child resides has committed a sexual offense with or against the child, pursuant to chapter 709 or section 726.2, or a physical abuse as defined by section 232.2, subsection 38, the juvenile court may enter an exparte order requiring the alleged sexual offense or physical abuser to vacate the child's residence upon a showing that probable cause exists to believe that the sexual offense or physical abuse has occurred and that substantial evidence exists to believe that the presence of the alleged sexual offender or

physical abuser in the child's residence presents a danger to the child's life or physical, emotional, or mental health.

2. If an order is entered under subsection 1 and a petition has not yet been filed under this chapter, the petition shall be filed under section 232.87 by the county attorney, the department of human services, or a juvenile court officer within three days of the entering of the order.

3. The juvenile court may order on its own motion, or shall order upon the request of the alleged sexual offender or <u>physical abuser</u>, a hearing to determine whether the order to vacate the residence should be upheld, modified, or vacated. The juvenile court may in any later child in need of assistance proceeding uphold, modify, or vacate the order to vacate the residence.

Sec. 28. Section 232.116, subsection 1, Code Supplement 1989, is amended by adding a new paragraph:

NEW PARAGRAPH. 1. The court finds that both of the following have occurred:

(1) The child has been adjudicated a child in need of assistance pursuant to section 232.96 after finding that the child has been physically or sexually abused as a result of the acts or omissions of a parent.

(2) The parent found to have physically or sexually abused the child has been imprisoned for such abuse against the child, the child's sibling, or any other child in the household and the court finds it is unlikely that the parent will be released within five years.

Sec. 29. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 246.310A INSTITUTION READING ROOMS.

The director shall, as necessary, provide for the provision of suitable space for reading material for inmates. For purposes of this section, "suitable reading materials" does not include material depicting or describing the genitals, sex acts, masturbation, excretory functions, or sadomasochistic abuse which the average person, taking the material as a whole and applying contemporary community standards with respect to what is suitable material for inmates, would find appeals to the prurient interest and is patently offensive; and the material, taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, scientific, political, or artistic value. The space shall be located so that any visitors, other than those authorized pursuant to section 246.512, shall not be able to view the space or the materials located within that space.

Sec. 30. Section 246.513, subsection 1, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

The department of corrections in cooperation with judicial district departments of correctional services shall establish in each judicial district bed space for the confinement and treatment of offenders convicted of violating chapter 321J who are sentenced to the custody of the director. The department of corrections shall develop standardized assessment criteria for the assignment of offenders to a facility established pursuant to this section. The offender shall be assigned by the director to a facility pursuant to section 3213.2, subsection 2, paragraph "b" or "c", unless initial medical treatment is necessary or there is insufficient space to accommodate the person. The offenders shall first be assigned to the lowa medical classification facility at Oakdale for classification and after classification may be assigned to if medical treatment is necessary or if the offender fails to satisfactorily perform in a treatment program conducted in a residential facility operated by any a judicial district department of correctional services. The offender shall be assigned to an institution following classification. The facilities established shall meet all the following requirements:

Sec. 31. Section 246.703, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

<u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. The director may enter into a chapter 28E agreement with a county board of supervisors or county conservation board to provide inmate services for environmental maintenance including but not limited to brush Senate Pile 2413, p. 16

.

and weed cutting, tree planting, and erosion control. The board of supervisors or conservation board shall reim. The department of corrections for the allowance paid the inmates by the director. The supervision, security, and transportation of inmates used pursuant to the chapter 28E agreement shall be provided by the department of corrections.

Sec. 32. <u>New Section</u>. 246.902 Work Release -- Persons Serving Nandatory Minimuk Sentence.

An inmate serving a mandatory minimum sentence of one year or more, who is approved to participate in the work release program, shall serve the final six months of the inmate's mandatory minimum sentence performing labor in the program. Duties, if possible, shall consist of physical labor in plain view of the public. However, an inmate shall not be required to perform work which is beyond an inmate's physical ability, which constitutes a physical hardship, or which is dangerous or threatening to the inmate's life or health, medically prohibited, or unduly painful.

Sec. 33. Section 321J.2, subsection 2, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

<u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. A minimum term of imprisonment in a county jail or community-based correctional facility imposed on a person convicted of a second or subsequent offense under paragraph "b" or "c" shall be served on consecutive days. However, if the sentencing court finds that service of the full minimum term on consecutive days would work an undue hardship on the person, or finds that sufficient jail space is not available and is not reasonably expected to become available within four months after sentencing to incarcerate the person serving the minimum sentence on consecutive days, the court may order the person to serve not less than forty-eight consecutive hours of the minimum term and to perform a specified number of hours of unpaid community service as deemed appropriate by the sentencing court.

Sec. 34. Section 321J.3, subsection 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

Senate Pile 2413, p. 18

shall be considered a state patient and the costs of treatment shall be paid as provided in section 125.44. A defendant who fails to carry out the order of the court or who fails to successfully complete or attend a course for drinking drivers or an ordered substance abuse treatment program shall be confined in the county fail for twenty days in addition to any other imprisonment ordered by the court or may be ordered to perform unpaid community service work, and shall be placed on probation for one year with a violation of this probation punishable as contempt of court. In addition to any other condition of probation, the person shall attend a program providing substance abuse prevention services or posttreatment services related to substance abuse as ordered by the court. The person shall report to the person's probation officer as ordered concerning proof of attendance at the treatment program or posttreatment program ordered by the court. Failure to attend or complete the program shall be considered a violation of probation and is punishable as contempt of court.

Sec. 35. <u>New Section</u>. 321J.4A SURRENDER OF REGISTRATION AND PLATES.

1. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a third or subsequent violation of section 321J.2, the court shall issue an impoundment order requiring the surrender to the court of the registration certificate and registration plates of all of the following:

a. All vehicles registered to the defendant, or jointly to the defendant and the defendant's spouse.

b. All vehicles owned by the defendant, or jointly by the defendant and the defendant's spouse.

c. All vehicles leased to the defendant, or jointly to the defendant and the defendant's spouse. This paragraph does not apply to a rental vehicle which is one of a fleet of two or more vehicles rented for periods of four months or less.

2. Por purposes of this subsection, a conviction for, deferred judgment for, or plea of guilty to, a violation of

Senate File 2413, p. 17

1. On a conviction for a violation of section 321J.2. the court may order the defendant to attend a course for drinking drivers under section 3213.22. If the defendant submitted to a chemical test on arrest for the violation of section 321J.2 and the test indicated an alcohol concentration of .20 or higher, or if the defendant is charged with a second or subsequent offense, the court shall order the defendant, on conviction, to undergo a substance abuse evaluation and the court may shall order the defendant to follow the recommendations proposed in the substance abuse evaluation for appropriate substance abuse treatment for the defendant. Court-ordered substance abuse treatment is subject to the periodic reporting requirements of section 125.86. If a defendant is committed by the court to a substance abuse treatment facility, the administrator of the facility shall report to the court when it is determined that the defendant has received the maximum benefit of treatment at the facility and the defendant shall be released from the facility. The time for which the defendant is committed for treatment shall be credited against the defendant's sentence. The court may prescribe the length of time for the evaluation and treatment or it may request that the area school conducting the course for drinking drivers which the person is ordered to attend or the treatment program to which the person is committed immediately report to the court when the person has received maximum benefit from the course for drinking drivers or treatment program or has recovered from the person's addiction, dependency, or tendency to chronically abuse alcohol or drugs. Upon successfully completing or attending a course for drinking drivers or an ordered substance abuse treatment program, the person may be placed on probation for six months and as a condition of probation, shall attend a program providing posttreatment services relating to substance abuse as approved by the court. A person committed under this section who does not possess sufficient income or estate to make payment of the costs of the treatment in whole or in part

section 3213.2, which occurred more than six years prior to the date of the most recent violation charged, shall not be considered in determining that the most recent violation is a third or subsequent violation.

3. If the court issues an impoundment order, the registration certificate and registration plates shall be surrendered to the court either three days after the order is issued or on the date specified by the court, whichever is later. The court shall forward surrendered registration certificates to the county recorder within seven days after surrender. The court may destroy the surrendered registration plates. Except as provided in subsection 5, new registration plates shall not be issued to the defendant or owner until the driver's license of the violator has been relasued or reinstated. The court shall notify the director within ten days after issuing an impoundment order.

4. a. A defendant or an owner may apply to the director for new registration plates, which must bear a special series of numbers or letters so as to be readily identified by traffic law enforcement officers. Application for and acceptance of special plates constitutes implied consent for law enforcement officers to stop the vehicle bearing special plates at any time. The director shall authorize the issuance of special plates if any of the following apply:

(1) A member of the defendant's household has a valid driver's license.

(2) The defendant or owner has a temporary restricted license pursuant to section 3213.20.

The director may issue the special plates on payment of a fifty dollar fee for each vehicle for which special plates are requested.

b. Until the driver's license of the defendant is reinstated or reissued, the defendant shall inform the department that an impoundment order is in effect when requesting any new registration plates. .

5. A registered owner shall not sell a motor vehicle during the time its registration plates and registration certificate have been ordered surrendered or during the time its registration plates bear a special series number, unless the registered owner applies to the department for consent to transfer title to the motor vehicle. If the department is satisfied that the proposed sale is in good faith and for valid consideration, that the registered owner will be deprived of custody and control of the motor vehicle, and that the sale is not for the purpose of circumventing the provisions of this section, the department may certify its consent to the county recorder. The county recorder shall then transfer the registration certificate to the new owner upon proper application and issue new registration plates. After the registration plates and registration certificate have been ordered surrendered to the court under this section. if the title to the motor vehicle is transferred by the cancellation of a conditional sales contract, a sale upon execution, or by decree or order of a court of competent jurisdiction, the department shall order the registration certificate surrendered to the new registered owner. The county recorder shall then transfer the registration certificate and issue new registration plates to the new registered owner.

6. This section is not intended to change or modify texation of motor vehicles or the time within which a motor vehicle tax must be paid.

7. a. A person who fails to surrender any registration plates or a registration certificate to the court upon demand under this section or who fails to comply with this section is guilty of a simple misdemeanor and contempt of court.

b. A person who operates a motor vehicle on a street or highway at a time when a court has ordered the surrender of its registration plate and registration certificate is guilty of a simple misdemeanor as a separate and distinct offense from any other penalty imposed in connection with driving while under a license suspension or revocation. 8. The director may adopt such rules as may be necessary or convenient for the implementation and administration of this section.

Sec. 36. Section 356.26, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH. The district court may also grant by order to any person sentenced to a county jail the privilege of a sentence of in-home detention where the county sheriff has certified to the court that the jail has an inhome detention program. The department of corrections shall report to the legislative fiscal bureau on a semiannual basis concerning utilization of in-home detention, including the counties which have established such programs and the number of prisoners allowed in-home detention privileges.

Sec. 37. NEW SECTION. 421A.1 DEPINITIONS.

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Controlled substance" means controlled substance as defined in section 204.101.

2. "Counterfeit substance" means a counterfeit substance as defined in section 204.101.

3. "Dealer" means any person who ships, transports, or imports into this state or acquires, purchases, possesses, manufactures, or produces in this state any of the following:

a. Seven or more grams of a taxable substance other than marijuana, but including a taxable substance that is a mixture of marijuana and other taxable substances.

b. Forty-two and one-half grams or more of a substance consisting of or containing marijuana.

c. Ten or more dosage units of a taxable substance which is not sold by weight.

However, a person who lawfully ships, transports, or imports into this state or acquires, purchases, possesses, manufactures, or produces a taxable substance in this state is not considered a dealer. 4. "Department" means the department of revenue and finance.

5. "Director" means the director of revenue and finance.

6. "Dosage unit" means the unit of measurement in which a substance is dispensed to the ultimate user. Dosage unit includes, but is not limited to, one pill, one capsule, or one microdot.

"Marijuana" means marijuana as defined in section
 204.101.

8. "Simulated controlled substance" means a simulated controlled substance as defined in section 204.101.

9. "Taxable substance" means a controlled substance, a counterfeit substance, a simulated controlled substance, or marijuana, or a mixture of materials that contains a controlled substance, counterfeit substance, simulated controlled substance, or marijuana.

Sec. 38. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.2 ADMINISTRATION -- RULES. The director shall administer this chapter. The director shall collect all taxes, interest, and civil penalties imposed under this chapter and deposit them in the general fund of the state.

The director may adopt rules under chapter 17A that are necessary to enforce this chapter. The director shall adopt a uniform system of providing, afflying, and displaying official stamps, labels, or other official indicia for taxable substances.

Sec. 39. <u>New Section</u>. 421A.3 TAX PAYMENT REQUIRED FOR POSSESSION -- PAYMENT DUE.

A dealer shall not possess, distribute, or offer to sell a taxable substance unless the tax imposed under this chapter has been paid as evidenced by a stamp, label, or other official indicia permanently affixed to the taxable substance.

Taxes imposed on taxable substances by this chapter are due and payable immediately upon manufacture, production, acquisition, purchase, or possession by a dealer. If the indicia evidencing the payment of the tax imposed on taxable substances under this chapter have not been affixed, the dealer shall have the indicia permanently affixed on the taxable substance immediately after receiving the taxable substance. A stamp, label, or other official indicia shall be used only once and shall not be used after the date of expiration.

Sec. 40. NEW SECTION. 421A.4 MEASUREMENTS.

For purposes of measurements under this chapter, the weight of a taxable substance shall be measured by its weight in metric grams in the dealer's possession. If a taxable substance consists of a mixture containing both marijuana and another substance or combination of substances listed in the definition of taxable substance in section 421A.1, the taxable substance shall be taxed under section 421A.7, subsection 2.

Sec. 41. NEW SECTION. 421A.5 DEPENSE OR IMMUNITY.

This chapter does not provide in any manner a defense or affirmative defense to or immunity for a dealer from criminal prosecution pursuant to Iowa law.

Sec. 42. NEW SECTION. 4218.6 PHARMACEUTICALS.

This chapter does not require persons lawfully in possession of a taxable substance to pay the tax required under this chapter or to purchase, acquire, or affix the stamps, labels, or other official indicia otherwise required by this chapter.

Sec. 43. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.7 TAX IMPOSED -- RATE OF TAX. An excise tax is imposed on dealers at the following rates:

 On each gram of marijuana, or each portion of a gram, five dollars.

2. On each gram or portion of a gram of any taxable substance sold by weight other than marijuana, two hundred fifty dollars.

3. On each ten dosage units of any taxable substance that is not sold by weight, or portion thereof, four hundred dollars. Sec. 44. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.8 PRICE OF STAMPS, LABELS, OR OTHER INDICIA.

Stamps, labels, or other official indicia to be affixed to a taxable substance indicating the payment of the excise tax shall be obtained and purchased from the department. The dealer shall pay the entire excise tax listed in section 421A.7 at the time of purchase, except as provided in section 421A.13, and receive stamps, labels, or other official indicia for the amount paid. However, the minimum purchase price to be paid for any stamps, labels, or indicia shall be two hundred fifteen dollars.

Sec. 45. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.9 ASSESSMENTS ARE JEOPARDY ASSESSMENTS.

All assessments of taxes made pursuant to this chapter shall be considered jeopardy assessments or collections as provided in section 422.30. The director shall assess a tax, interest, and applicable penalties based on knowledge or information available to the director; mail to the taxpayer at the taxpayer's last known address or serve in person, a written notice of the amount of tax, interest, and penalty; demand its immediate payment; and, if payment is not immediately made, collect the tax, interest, and penalty by any method prescribed in section 422.30. The period for examination, determination of amount of tax owed, and assessment is unlimited.

A person shall not bring suit to enjoin the assessment or collection of any taxes, interest, or penalties imposed by this chapter.

The tax, interest, and penalties assessed by the director are presumed to be valid and correctly determined and assessed. The burden is upon the taxpayer to show any incorrectness or invalidity of an assessment. The burden is upon the taxpayer to prove that the shipment, transportation, importation, acquisition, purchase, possession, manufacture, or production of a taxable substance was lawful if a taxpayer's status as a dealer is disputed. Any statement

Senate File 2413, p. 26

filed by the director with the clerk of the district court, or any other certificate by the director of the amount of tax, interest, and penalties determined or assessed is admissible in evidence and is prima facie evidence of the facts contained in the statement.

Sec. 46. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.10 CONFIDENTIAL NATURE OF INFORMATION.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the director or an employee of the department shall not reveal any information obtained from a dealer; nor shall information obtained from a dealer be used against the dealer in any criminal proceeding, unless the information is independently obtained, except in connection with a proceeding involving taxes due under this chapter from the dealer against whom the tax was assessed.

A person who violates this section is guilty of a simple misdemeanor.

This section does not prohibit the director from publishing statistics that do not disclose the identity of the dealers.

A stamp, label, or other official indicia denoting payment of the tax imposed under this chapter shall not be used against a taxpayer in a criminal proceeding, except that such information may be used against the taxpayer in connection with the administration or civil or criminal enforcement of the tax imposed under this chapter or any similar tax imposed by another state or local unit of government.

Sec. 47. <u>New Section</u>. 421A.11 EXAMINATION OF RECORDS BY DIRECTOR -- SUBPOENAS.

For the purpose of determining whether or not the dealer should have paid taxes, determining the amount of tax that should have been paid, or collecting any taxes under this chapter, the director may examine, or cause to be examined, any books, papers, records, or memoranda that may be relevant to making such determinations, whether the books, papers, records, or memoranda are the property of or in the possession of the dealer or another person. The director may require the attendance of any person having knowledge or information that may be relevant, compel the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda by persons required to attend, take testimony on matters material to the determination, and administer oaths or affirmations. Upon demand of the director or an examiner or investigator, the court shall issue a subpoena for the attendance of a witness or the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda. The director may also issue subpoenas. Disobedience of subpoenas issued under this chapter is punishable by the district court of the county in which the subpoena is issued, or if the subpoena is issued by the director, by the district court of the county in which the party served with the subpoena is located, in the same manner as a contempt of court.

The director may petition the district court or a magistrate for an administrative search warrant as authorized by section 808.14 to execute a distress warrant authorized by section 422.26.

Sec. 40. <u>New Section</u>. 421A.12 CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF ACT -- INTEREST.

A dealer who violates this chapter is subject to a penalty equal to the amount of the tax imposed by section 421A.7, in addition to the tax imposed by that section. The dealer shall pay interest on the tax and penalty at the rate in effect under section 421.7, counting each fraction of a month as an entire month, computed from the date of assessment through the date of payment. The penalty and interest shall be collected as part of the tax.

In addition to the civil tax penalty and interest imposed by this section, a dealer distributing, offering to sell, or possessing taxable substances without affixing the appropriate stamps, labels, or other official indicia is guilty of a class "D" felony.

A person who possesses, prints, engraves, makes, issues, sells, or circulates a counterfeit taxable substance tax stamp, label, or other official indicia, or places or causes to be placed a counterfeit taxable substance tax stamp, label, or other official indicia on a taxable substance, is guilty of a class "D" felony.

A person who uses, sells, offers for sale, or possesses for use or sale a previously used or expired taxable substance tax stamp, label, or other official indicia, or attaches or causes to be attached a previously used or expired taxable substance tax stamp, label, or other official indicia to a taxable substance, is guilty of a class "D" felony.

Notwithstanding section 802.3, an indictment may be found or information filed upon any criminal offense specified in this chapter, in the proper court, within six years after the commission of the offense.

Sec. 49. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.13 CREDIT FOR PREVIOUSLY PAID TAXES.

If another state or local unit of government has previously assessed an excise tax on a taxable substance, the taxpayer shall pay the difference between the tax imposed under this chapter and the tax previously paid. If the tax previously paid to the other state or local unit of government was equal to or greater than the tax imposed under this chapter, no tax is due. The burden is on the taxpayer to show that an excise tax on the taxable substances has been paid to another state or local unit of government.

Sec. 50. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.14 REVISION OF TAX --REFUNDS.

Sections 421.5, 422.26, 422.28, 422.29, 422.73, subsection 2, and 422.74 shall apply to this chapter, except that a refund claim filed later than thirty days from the expiration date of the stamps for which the refund is requested shall not be allowed by the director.

Sec. 51. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 421A.15 AVAILABILITY OF RECORDS AND INFORMATION.

The director may request from state, county, and local agencies, information and assistance deemed necessary to administer this chapter. State, county, and local agencies, officers, and employees shall cooperate with the director in identifying dealers and shall, on request, supply the department with available information and assistance which the director deems necessary to administer this chapter, notwithstanding any provisions of law making such information confidential.

Sec. 52. Section 422.7, Code Supplement 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

<u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 12A. If the adjusted gross income includes income or loss from a business operated by the taxpayer, and if the business does not qualify for the adjustment under section 422.7, subsection 12, an additional deduction shall be allowed in computing the income or loss from the business if the business hired for employment in the state during its annual accounting period ending with or during the taxpayer's tax year either of the following:

a. An individual domiciled in this state at the time of the hiring who meets any of the following conditions:

(1) Has been convicted of a felony in this or any other state or the District of Columbia.

(2) Is on parole pursuant to chapter 906.

(3) Is on probation pursuant to chapter 907, for an offense other than a simple misdemeanor.

(4) Is in a work release program pursuant to chapter 246, division IX.

b. An individual, whether or not domiciled in this state at the time of the hiring, who is on parole or probation and to whom the interstate probation and parole compact under section 907A.1 applies.

The amount of the additional deduction is equal to sixtyfive percent of the wages paid to individuals, but shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars per individual, named in paragraphs "a" and "b" who were hired for the first time by that business during the annual accounting period for work done in the state. This additional deduction is allowed for the wages paid to those individuals successfully completing a probationary period during the twelve months following the date of first employment by the business and shall be deducted at the close of the annual accounting period.

The additional deduction shall not be allowed for wages paid to an individual who was hired to replace an individual whose employment was terminated within the twelve-month period preceding the date of first employment. However, if the individual being replaced left employment voluntarily without good cause attributable to the employer or if the individual was discharged for misconduct in connection with the individual's employment as determined by the division of job service of the department of employment services, the additional deduction shall be allowed.

A taxpayer who is a partner of a partnership or a shareholder of a subchapter S corporation, may deduct that portion of wages qualified under this subsection paid by the partnership or subchapter S corporation based on the taxpayer's pro rate share of the profits or losses from the partnership or subchapter S corporation.

The department shall develop and distribute information concerning the deduction available for businesses employing persons named in paragraphs "a" and "b".

Sec. 53. Section 422.35, Code Supplement 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

<u>NEW_SUBSECTION</u>. 6A. If the taxpayer is a business corporation and does not qualify for the adjustment under section 422.35, subsection 6, subtract an amount equal to sixty-five percent of the wages paid to individuals, but shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars per individual, named in paragraphs "a" and "b" who were hired for the first time by the taxpayer during the tax year for work done in this state:

a. An individual domiciled in this state at the time of the hiring who meets any of the following conditions:

(1) Has been convicted of a felony in this or any other state or the District of Columbia.

(2) Is on parole pursuant to chapter 906.

(3) Is on probation pursuant to chapter 907, for an offense other than a simple misdemeanor.

(4) Is in a work release program pursuant to chapter 246, division IX.

b. An individual, whether or not domiciled in this state at the time of the hiring, who is on parole or probation and to whom the interstate probation and parole compact under section 907A.1 applies.

This deduction is allowed for the wages paid to the individuals successfully completing a probationary period named in paragraphs "a" and "b" during the twelve months following the date of first employment by the taxpayer and shall be deducted in the tax years when paid.

The department shall develop and distribute information concerning the deduction available for businesses employing persons named in paragraphs "a" and "b".

Sec. 54. Section 602.6405, subsection 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

1. Magistrates have jurisdiction of simple misdemeanors, including traffic and ordinance violations, and preliminary hearings, search warrant proceedings, county and municipal infractions, and small claims. They-also <u>Magistrates</u> have jurisdiction to exercise the powers specified in sections 644.2 and 644.12, and to hear complaints or preliminary informations, issue warrants, order arrests, make commitments, and take bail. They-also <u>Magistrates</u> have jurisdiction over violations of section 123.47 <u>involving persons eighteen years</u> <u>of age</u>, and section 123.49, subsection 2, paragraph "h". <u>Magistrates have jurisdiction to conduct hearings authorized</u> <u>under section 309.4 and section 809.10</u>, subsection 2.

Sec. 55. Section 707.6A, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

707.6A HOMICIDE OR SERIOUS INJURY BY VEHICLE.

1. A person commits a class "B" <u>"C"</u> felony when the person unintentionally causes the death of another by either of the following means:

SF 2413

Senate File 2413, p. 31

a. Operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or a <u>other</u> drug or a combination of such substances or while having an alcohol concentration, as <u>defined in section</u> <u>3213.1</u>, <u>subsection 1</u>, of .10 or morer-in-violation-of-section <u>3213.2</u>. Upon a plea or verdict of guilty of a violation of this paragraph, the court shall order the state department of transportation to revoke the defendant's motor vehicle license or nonresident operating privileges for a period of six years. The defendant shall surrender to the court any Iowa license or permit and the court shall forward it to the department with a copy of the revocation order.

b. Driving a motor vehicle in a reckless manner with willful or wanton disregard for the safety of persons or property, in violation of section 321.277.

2. A person commits an-aggrevated-misdemeanor <u>a class "D"</u> <u>felony</u> when the person unintentionally causes the death of another by operating a motor vehicle in any of the following manners:

a. Drag racing, in violation of section 321.278.

 Eluding or attempting to elude a pursuing law enforcement vehicle, in violation of section 321,279.

3. A person commits an aggravated misdemeanor when the person unintentionally causes a serious injury, as defined in section 3213.1, subsection 8, by either of the means described in subsection 1 of this section.

 3 ± 4 . As used in this section, "motor vehicle" includes any vehicle defined as a motor vehicle in section 321.1.

5. Except for the purpose of sentencing under section 121J.2, subsection 2, a conviction or deferral of judgment for a violation of this section, where a violation of section 121J.2 is admitted or proved, shall be treated as a conviction or deferral of judgment for a violation of section 121J.2 for the purposes of chapters 321, 321A, and 321J, and section 907.3, subsection 1.

Sec. S6. Section 709.10, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

709.10 COST OF NEDICAL EXAMINATION IN CRIMES OF SEXUAL ABUSE.

The cost of a medical examination for the purpose of gathering evidence and the cost of treatment for the purpose of preventing venereal disease shall be borne by the towa department of public-health justice.

Sec. 57. NEW SECTION. 723A.1 DEPINITIONS.

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

 "Criminal acts" means any of the following or any combination of the following:

a. An offense constituting a violation of section 204.401 involving a controlled substance, a counterfeit substance, or a simulated controlled substance.

b. An offense constituting a violation of chapter 711 involving a robbery or extortion.

c. An offense constituting a violation of section 708.6 involving an act of terrorism.

d. An offense constituting a violation of section 708.8.

e. An offense constituting a violation of section 720.4.

f. Any other offense constituting a forcible felony as defined in section 702.11.

2. "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities the commission of one or more criminal acts, which has an identifiable name or identifying sign or symbol, and whose members individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal gang activity.

3. "Pattern of criminal gang activity" means the commission, attempt to commit, conspiring to commit, or solicitation of two or more criminal acts, provided the criminal acts were committed on separate dates or by two or more persons who are members of, or belong to, the same criminal street gang.

Sec. 58. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 723A.2 CRIMINAL GANG PARTICIPATION.

A person who actively participates in or is a member of a criminal street gang and who willfully alds and abets any criminal act committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, commits a class "D" felony.

Sec. 59. Section 809.10, subsection 3, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

3. Upon a finding by the court that the property is forfeitable, the court shall may as a matter of equity enter an order transferring title to the property to the state.

Sec. 60. NEH SECTION. 809.17 PROCEEDS APPLIED TO VARIOUS PROGRAMS.

Except as provided in section 809.21, proceeds from the disposal of seized or forfeited property pursuant to this chapter may be transferred in whole or in part to the victim reparation fund created in pursuant to chapter 912 at the discretion of the recipient agency, political subdivision, or department.

Sec. 61. Section 811.1, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

811.1 BAILABLE AND NONBAILABLE OFFENSES.

All defendants are bailable both before and after conviction, by sufficient surety, or subject to release upon condition or on their own recognizance, except that the following defendants shall not be admitted to bail:

1. A defendant awaiting judgment of conviction and sentencing following either a plea or verdict of guilty of a class "A" felony, murder, felonious assault, sexual abuse in the second degree, sexual abuse in the third degree, kidnapping, robbery in the first degree, arson in the first degree, or burglary in the first degree, <u>or any felony</u> included in section 204.401, subsection 1, paragraph "a".

 A defendant appealing a conviction of a class "A" felony, murder, felonious assault, sexual abuse in the second degree, sexual abuse in the third degree, kidnapping, robbery in the first degree, arson in the first degree, or burglary in the first degree, or any felony included in section 204.401, subsection 1, paragraph "a".

3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2, a defendant awaiting judgment of conviction and sentencing following either a plea or verdict of guilty of, or appealing a conviction of, a felony offense under chapter 204 not provided for in subsection 1 or 2, is presumed to be ineligible to be admitted to bail unless the court determines that such release reasonably will not result in the person failing to appear as required and will not jeopardize the personal safety of another person or persons.

Sec. 62. Section 901.2, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

Upon a plea of guilty, a verdict of guilty, or a special verdict upon which a judgment of conviction of a public offense may be rendered, the court shall receive from the state, from the judicial district department of correctional services, and from the defendant any information which may be offered which is relevant to the question of sentencing. The court may consider information from other sources. Notwithstanding section 13.10, the court may determine if the defendant shall be required to provide a physical specimen to be submitted for DNA profiling if the defendant is to be placed on probation or work release. The court shall consider the deterrent effect of DNA profiling, the likelihood of repeated violations by the defendant, and the seriousness of the offense. When funds have been allocated from the general fund of the state, or funds are provided by other public or private sources, the court shall order DNA profiling. The court shall order a presentence investigation when the offense is a class "B," class "C," or class "D" felony. A presentence investigation for a class "B," class "C," or class "D" felony shall not be waived. The court may order, with the consent of the defendant, that the presentence investigation begin prior

Senate File 2413, p. 34

Senate File 2413, p. 36

to the acceptance of a plea of guilty, or prior to a verdict of guilty. The court may order a presentence investigation when the offense is an aggravated or serious misdemeanor. Notwithstanding section 901.3, a presentence investigation ordered by the court for a serious misdemeanor shall include information concreteing only the following:

1. A brief personal and social history of the defendant.

2. The defendant's criminal record.

3. The harm to the victim, the victim's immediate family, and the community, including any completed victim impact statement or statements and restitution plan.

Sec. 63. Section 901.3, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

<u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 7. The defendant's potential as a candidate for assignment to a treatment facility pursuant to section 246.513 based upon the standardized assessment criteria developed by the department of corrections. The presentence investigation report shall contain the assessment criteria commencing January 1, 1991.

Sec. 64. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 901.4A SUBSTANCE ABUSE EVALUATION. Upon a plea of guilty, a verdict of guilty, or a special verdict upon which a judgment of conviction may be rendered, the court may order the defendant to submit to and complete a substance abuse evaluation, if the court determines that there is reason to believe that the defendant regularly abuses alcohol or other controlled substances and may be in need of treatment. An order made pursuant to this section may be made in addition to any other sentence or order of the court.

Sec. 65. Section 901.5, Code 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 8. The court may order the defendant to complete any treatment indicated by a substance abuse evaluation ordered pursuant to section 901.4A or any other section.

Sec. 66. Section 903.1, subsection 3, unnumbered paragraph
1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

3. A person under eighteen years of age convicted of a simple misdemeanor under chapter 106, 106A, 109, 109A, 110, 110A, 110B, 111, 321, or 321G, section-1237477 or a violation of a county or municipal curfew or traffic ordinance, except for an offense subject to section 805.8, may be required to pay a fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars, as fixed by the court, or may be required to perform community service as ordered by the court.

Sec. 67. Section 903A.2, unnumbered paragraph 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

Each inmate of an institution under the Towa department of corrections, is eligible for a reduction of sentence of one day for each day of good conduct of the inmate while committed to one of the department's institutions. In addition to the sentence reduction of one day for each day of good conduct, each inmate is eligible for an additional reduction of sentence of up to five days a month if the inmate participates satisfactorily in employment in the institution, in Towa state industries, in an inmate employment program established by the director, <u>in a treatment program established by the director</u>, or in an inmate educational program approved by the director. Reduction of sentence pursuant to this section may be subject to forfeiture pursuant to section 903A.3. Computation of good conduct time is subject to the following conditions:

Sec. 68. Section 906.4, Code Supplement 1989, is amended by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

<u>NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH</u>. The board may establish as a condition of a person's parole or work release that the person perform a specified number of hours of unpaid community service. The board shall not make community service a uniform or mandatory requirement for all or substantially all parolees or work release inmates but shall exercise discretion in ordering community service as a condition of parole or work release. The board shall report to the general assembly on the implementation of community service as a condition of parole or work release. The report shall be submitted on or before January 1, 1991.

Senate File 2413, p. 38

Senate File 2413, p. 37

Sec. 69. Section 906.5, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

906.5 RECORD REVIEWED -- RULES.

1. Within Except as provided in subsection 2, within one year after the commitment of a person other than a class "A" felon, class "8" felon convicted of murder in the second decree and serving a sentence of more than twenty-five years. or a felon serving a mandatory minimum sentence, other than a class "A" felon, to the custody of the director of the Iowa department of corrections, a member of the board shall interview the person. Thereafter, at regular intervals, not to exceed one year, the board shall interview the person and consider the person's prospects for parole or work release. However, if the registration of a victim prohibits conducting a timely interview as provided in this subsection, the interview may be conducted within a reasonable period of time after the one-year period or interval has expired in order to provide the victim notice as provided in section 910A.10. subsection 1, paragraph "a".

Not less than twenty days prior to conducting a hearing at which the board will interview the person, the board shall notify the department of corrections of the scheduling of the interview, and the department shall make the person available to the board at the person's institutional residence as scheduled in the notice. However, if health, safety, or security conditions require moving the person to another institution or facility prior to the scheduled interview, the department of corrections shall so notify the board.

2. Within six months after the commitment of a person convicted of an offense under chapter 714, 715A, 716, or 716A, a member of the board shall interview the person as provided in subsection 1. The board shall develop a plan for the purpose of early release of such persons when it is determined that a person convicted of such an offense can be released without detriment to the community or to the person. It is the intent of the general assembly that the board shall implement this plan of early release in an effort to assist in controlling the prison population and assuring prison space for the confinement of offenders whose release would be detrimental to the citizens of this state. The board shall report to the legislative fiscal bureau on a monthly basis concerning the implementation of this plan and the number of inmates paroled pursuant to this plan and the average length of stay of those paroled.

23. At the time of an interview required under this section, the board shall consider all pertinent information regarding the person, including the circumstances of the person's offense, any presentence report which is available, the previous social history and criminal record of the person, the person's conduct, work, and attitude in prison, and the reports of physical and mental examinations that have been made.

 $\exists \underline{4}$. A person while on parole or work release is under the supervision of the district department of correctional aervices of the district designated by the board of parole. The department of corrections shall prescribe rules for governing persons on parole or work release. The board may adopt other rules not inconsistent with the rules of the department of corrections as the board deems proper or necessary for the performance of its functions.

Sec. 70. Section 906.9, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

906.9 CLOTHING, TRANSPORTATION, AND WONEY.

When an inmate is discharged, paroled, or placed on work release, or-placed-in-a-community-based-correctional-program under-section-24655137 the warden or superintendent shall furnish the inmate, at state expense, appropriate clothing and transportation to the place in this state indicated in the inmate's discharge, parole, or work release plan, or community-based-correctiona-assignment. When an inmate is discharged, paroled, or placed on work release, or-placed-in-a community-based correctional program-under section-246.5137 the warden or superintendent shall provide the inmate, at state expense, money in accordance with the following schedule:

1. Upon discharge or parole, one hundred dollars.

2. Upon being placed on work release, fifty dollars.

 Upon going from an educational work release to parole or discharge, fifty dollars.

4---Upon-being-placed-in-a-community-based-correctional program-under-section-246-5137-fifty-dollars-

Those inmates receiving payment under subsection 27 or 37 or -4 shall not be eligible for payment under subsection 1 unless they are returned to the institution. The warden or superintendent shall maintain an account of all funds expended pursuant to this section.

Sec. 71. Section 906.15, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

906.15 DISCHARGE FROM PAROLE.

Unless sooner discharged, a person released on parole shall be discharged when the person's term of parole equals the period of imprisonment specified in the person's sentence, less all time served in confinement. Discharge from parole may be granted prior to such time, when an early discharge is appropriate. The board shall periodically review all paroles, and when it-shall-determine the board determines that any person on parole is able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a law-abiding citizen without further supervision, it the board shall discharge the person from parole. A parole officer shall periodically review all paroles assigned to the parole officer, and when the parole officer determines that any person assigned to the officer is able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a law-abiding citizen without further supervision, the officer may discharge the person from parole after notification and approval of the district director and notification of the board of parole. In either any event, discharge from parole shall terminate the

person's sentence. However, a person convicted of a violation of section 709.3, 709.4 or 709.8 committed on or with a child shall not be discharged from parole until the person's term of parole equals the period of imprisonment specified in the person's sentence, less all time served in confinement.

A parole officer or the district director who acts in compliance with this section is acting in the course of the person's official duty and is not personally liable, either civilly or criminally, for the acts of a person discharged from parole by the officer after such discharge, unless the discharge constitutes willful disregard of the person's duty.

Sec. 72. Section 907.9, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

907.9 DISCHARGE FROM PROBATION.

At any time that the court determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled, the court may order the discharge of a person from probation. At any time that a probation officer determines that the purposes of probation have been fulfilled, the officer may order the discharge of a person from probation after approval of the district director, and notification of the sentencing court and county attorney who prosecuted the case. The sentencing judge, unless the judge is no longer serving or is otherwise unable to, may order a hearing on its own motion, or shall order a hearing upon the request of the county attorney, for review of such discharge. If the sentencing judge is no longer serving or unable to order such hearing, the chief judge of the district or the chief judge's designee shall order any hearing pursuant to this section. Following the hearing, the court shall approve or rescind such discharge. If a hearing is not ordered within thirty days after notification by the probation officer, the person shall be discharged and the probation officer shall notify the state court administrator of such discharge. At the expiration of the period of probation, in cases where the court fixes the term of probation, the court shall order the discharge of the person from probation, and

Senate File 2413, p. 41

the court shall forward to the governor a recommendation for or against restoration of citizenship rights to that person. A person who has been discharged from probation shall no longer be held to answer for the person's offense. Upon discharge from probation, if judgment has been deferred under section 907.3, the court's criminal record with reference to the deferred judgment shall be expunged. The record maintained by the state court administrator as required by section 907.4 shall not be expunged. The court's record shall not be expunged in any other circumstances.

A probation officer who acts in compliance with this section is acting in the course of the person's official duty and is not personally liable, either civilly or criminally, for the acts of a person discharged from probation by the officer after such discharge, unless the discharge constitutes willful disregard of the person's duty.

Sec. 73. Section 910.1, subsection 1, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

1. "Victim" means any a person who has suffered pecuniary damages as a result of the offender's criminal activities. However, for purposes of this chapter, an insurer is not a victim and does not have a right of subrogation. The crime victim reparation program is not an insurer for purposes of this chapter, and the right of subrogation provided by section 912.12 does not prohibit restitution to the crime victim reparation program.

Sec. 74. Section 910.1, subsection 4, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

4. "Restitution" means payment of pecuniary damages to a victim in an amount and in the manner provided by the offender's plan of restitution. Restitution shall also include includes the payment of <u>crime victim assistance</u> <u>reimbursements</u>, court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees or the expense of a public defender, and the performance of a public service by an offender in an amount set by the court when the offender cannot reasonably pay all or part of the

court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees or the expense of a public defender.

Sec. 75. Section 910.2, Code 1989, is amended to read as follows:

910.2 RESTITUTION OR COMMUNITY SERVICE TO BE ORDERED BY SERVENCING COURT.

In all criminal cases except simple misdemeanors under chapter 321, in which there is a plea of guilty, verdict of guilty, or special verdict upon which a judgment of conviction is rendered, the sentencing court shall order that restitution be made by each offender to the victime of the offender's criminal activities and, if the court so orders and to the extent that the offender is reasonably able to do so, for crime victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, courtappointed attorney's fees or the expense of a public defender when applicable. However, victime shall be paid in full before restitution is paid for crime victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees or for the expense of a public defender. In structuring a plan of restitution, the court shall provide for payments in the following order of priority: victim, crime victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, and court-appointed attorney's fees or the expense of a public defender. When the offender is not reasonably able to pay all or a part of the crime victim assistance reinburgement, court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees or the expense of a public defender, the court may require the offender in lieu of that portion of the crime victim assistance reimbursement, court costs, court-appointed attorney's fees, or expense of a public defender for which the offender is not reasonably able to pay, to perform a needed public service for a governmental agency or for a private, nonprofit agency which provides a service to the youth, elderly or poor of the community. When community service is ordered, the court shall set a specific number of hours of service to be performed by the offender. The judicial district department of correctional services shall provide for

the assignment of the offender to a public agency or private nonprofit agency to perform the required service.

Sec. 76. Section 910A.7A, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

910A.7A NOTIFICATION BY CLEAN-OF-THE-SUPREME-COURT DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

The eleck-of-the-supreme-court <u>department of justice</u> shall notify a registered victim of all dispositional orders of a case currently on appeal in which the victim was involved.

Sec. 77. Section 912.1, subsection 3, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

3. "Crime" means conduct that occurs or is attempted in this state, poses a substantial threat of personal injury or death, and is punishable as a felony--an-aggravated misdemeanory or a-serious misdemeanor, or would be so punishable but for the fact that the person engaging in the conduct lacked the capacity to commit the crime under the laws of this state. "Crime" does not include conduct arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, motorcycle, motorized bicycle, train, boat, or aircraft except for violations of section 321J.2 or when the intention is to cause personal injury or death. A plea or verdict of guilty of a charge under section 321J.2 or a license revocation under section 321J.9 or 321J.12 shall be considered by the department as evidence of a violation of section 321J.2 for the purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 78. Section 912.3, subsection 4, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

4. Request from the department of human services, the divisions of job service and industrial services of the department of employment services, the attorney-general <u>department of public safety</u>, the county sheriff departments, the municipal police departments, the county attorneys, or other public authorities or agencies reasonable assistance or data necessary to administer the crime victim reparation program. Sec. 79. Section 912.3, subsection 7, Code Supplement 1989, is amended by striking the subsection.

Sec. 80. Section 912.5, Code Supplement 1989, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

<u>NEW SUBSECTION</u>. 4. To a victim of an act committed outside this state who is a resident of this state, if the act would be compensable had it occurred within this state and the act occurred in a state that does not have an eligible crime victim compensation program, as defined in the federal Victims of Crime Act of 1984, Pub. L. 98-473, section 1403(b), as amended and codified in 42 U.S.C. \$ 10602(b).

Sec. 01. Sect. --- 912.6, subsection 1, Code Supplement 1989, is amended to read as follows:

1. Reasonable charges incurred for medical care not to exceed ten thousand <u>five hundred</u> dollars. <u>Reasonable charges</u> <u>incurred for mental health care not to exceed one thousand</u> <u>five hundred dollars which includes services provided by a</u> <u>psychologist licensed under chapter 1548</u>, a person holding at <u>least a master's degree in social work or counseling and</u> <u>guidance, or a victim counselor as defined in section 236A.1.</u>

Sec. 82. Section 912.6, subsections 2 and 3, Code Supplement 1989, are amended by striking the subsections. Sec. 83.

The department of public safety shall study the feasibility and usefulness of implementing a pilot program for determining the extent of drug and alcohol use and abuse among persons arrested for felony offenses, of determining whether there is any correlation between drug and alcohol abuse and crime in this state, for developing data comparing rural and urban areas in this state, and for developing a comparison with similar data collected in other states. The study shall be under the direction of the drug enforcement and abuse prevention coordinator who shall consult with the department of public safety to accomplish the purposes described in this section.

Sec. 84. ALTERNATIVE DRUG TESTING FOR OFFICERS.

Senate File 2413, p. 45

The department of public safety shall develop a plan for the implementation of alternative drug testing programs for law enforcement, parole, and probation officers. The plan shall be submitted to the general assembly by January 15, 1991, in a form which could be adopted and implemented by the department of public safety or individual law enforcement agencies throughout the state.

Sec. 85.

Chapter 421A, as enacted in this Act, takes effect September 1, 1990.

Sec. 86. Section 35 takes effect July 1, 1991.

JO ANN ZIMMERMAN President of the Senate

DONALD D. AVENSON Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that this bill originated in the Senate and is known as Senate File 2413, Seventy-third General Assembly.

Approved

JOHN F. DWYER Secretary of the Senate 1990

TERRY E. BRANSTAD Governor