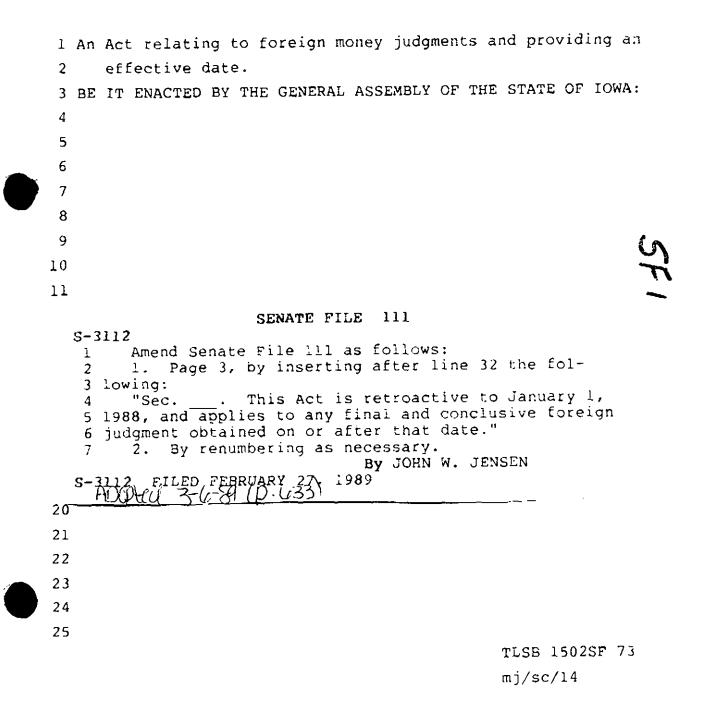
JUDICIARY. Drake. Chair: Hester and Varn. D. D.D.D.D. D. 2489 (p.502) FILEU JAN 30 1989 SENATE FILE III

BY JENSEN

Passed Senate, Date 3689(p3) assed House, Date 4-13.89 (P.1374) Vote: Ayes 47 Nays O vote: Ayes 95 Nays O May 18, 1989 Approved \_

A BILL FOR



S.F. 200 8.F.

Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.1 DEFINITIONS.
 As used in this chapter unless the context otherwise
 3 requires:

Poreign judgment" means a judgment, decree, or order
 of a court of a foreign state granting or denying recovery of
 a sum of money, other than a judgment for taxes, a fine or
 other penalty, or a judgment for support of dependents.
 2. "Foreign state" means any governmental unit other than
 the United States, a state, district, commonwealth, territory,
 insular possession of the United States, the Panama Canal
 Zone, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, or the

13 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.2 APPLICATION AND 14 ENFORCEABILITY.

This chapter applies to any foreign judgment which is final if and conclusive, and enforceable where rendered even though the judgment is subject to an appeal or an appeal from that is judgment is pending. Except as provided in section 626B.3, a foreign judgment is conclusive between the parties to the extent that the judgment grants or denies recovery of a sum of money. The final and conclusive foreign judgment is enforceable in the same manner and to the same extent as the judgment of a sister state which is entitled to full faith and credit.

25 Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.3 INCONCLUSIVE JUDGMENTS. 26 1. A foreign judgment is not conclusive in any of the 27 following cases:

a. The foreign judgment was rendered under a system which
29 does not provide impartial tribunals or procedures compatible
30 with the requirements of due process of law.

31 b. Except as provided in section \$25B.4, the court of the 32 foreign state did not have personal jurisdiction over the 33 defendant.

34 c. The court of the foreign state did not have 35 jurisdiction over the subject matter involved in the action.

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A foreign judgment need not be recognized in any of the
 following cases:

3 a. The defendant in the proceedings in the court of the 4 foreign state did not receive notice of the proceedings in 5 sufficient time to enable the defendant to defend against the 6 action.

7 b. The foreign judgment was obtained by fraud.

8 c. The cause of action on which the foreign judgment was 9 based is contrary to the public policy of this state. 10 d. The foreign judgment conflicts with a previous, final, 11 and conclusive foreign judgment or other judgment.

12 e. The proceeding in the foreign court was contrary to a 13 settlement agreement entered into between the parties prior to 14 the foreign judgment's being rendered by the court in the 15 foreign state.

16 f. The court where the plaintiff is seeking to enforce the 17 foreign judgment determines that jurisdiction in the court of 18 the foreign state was based upon personal service only, and 19 the doctrine of forum non conveniens applies to the original 20 action.

Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.4 PERSONAL JURISDICTION.
1. A foreign judgment shall not be refused recognition in
a court of this state for lack of personal jurisdiction if any
of the following occurred:

25 a. The defendant was served personally in the foreign26 state.

27 b. The defendant voluntarily appeared in the proceedings, 28 other than for the purpose of protecting property seized or 29 threatened with seizure in the proceedings or for the purpose 30 of contesting jurisdiction of the court in the foreign state 31 over the defendant.

32 c. The defendant, prior to the commencement of the 33 proceedings in the court of the foreign state, had agreed to 34 submit to the jurisdiction of that court in the action 35 concerning the subject matter involved.

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d. The defendant was domiciled, had its principal place of
 business, or otherwise had acquired corporate status in the
 foreign state when the proceedings were instituted.

e. The defendant had a business office in the foreign
5 state and the proceedings in the court of the foreign state
6 involved a cause of action arising out of business done by the
7 defendant through that office in the foreign state.

8 f. The defendant operated a motor vehicle or airplane in 9 the foreign state and the proceedings involved a cause of 10 action arising out of that operation.

11 2. A court of this state may recognize other bases of 12 jurisdiction.

13 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 626B.5 EFFECT OF APPEAL.

Upon satisfactory proof by the defendant that an appeal is pending or that the defendant is entitled to and intends to appeal the foreign judgment, the court may stay the proceedings until the appeal has been determined or until a sufficient period of time has expired during which the defendant could have commenced an appeal in the court of the foreign state.

Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.6 OTHER FOREIGN JUDGMENTS.
This chapter does not prevent the recognition of a foreign
judgment by a court of this state in a situation not
specifically covered in this chapter.

25 Sec. 7. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.7 UNIFORMITY OF 26 INTERPRETATION.

This chapter shall be so interpreted and construed as to 28 effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of 29 those states which enact it.

30 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 626B.8 SHORT TITLE.

31 This chapter may be cited as the uniform foreign money-32 judgments recognition Act.

33 Sec. 9. This Act, being deemed of immediate importance, is 34 effective upon enactment.

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EXPLANATION

S.F. /// H.F.

1 This bill establishes a new chapter entitled the uniform 2 foreign money-judgments recognition Act. The bill defines a 3 foreign judgment as a judgment of a court of a foreign state. 4 A foreign state is defined as any governmental unit other than 5 the United States, a state, district, commonwealth, territory, 6 insular possession of the United States, the Panama Canal 7 Zone, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, or the 8 Ryukyu Islands.

9 The provisions of the chapter are to apply to any judgment 10 which is final and conclusive. The bill sets forth those 11 instances where a judgment is not final and conclusive. 12 Several instances are described where a foreign judgment is 13 not to be refused recognition for lack of personal 14 jurisdiction and it is provided that a court of this state may 15 recognize other bases of jurisdiction.

16 The bill states that the chapter is to be interpreted and 17 construed so as to effectuate its general purpose to make 18 uniform the law of those states which enact the same law.

In contrast to this bill, chapter 626A, enforcement of 20 foreign judgments, affects judgments, orders, and decrees of a 21 court of the United States or of any other court which is 22 entitled to full faith and credit in this state.

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> SENATE FILE III BY JENSEN

(AS AMENDED AND PASSED BY THE SENATE MARCH 6, 1989)

Passed Senate, Date 4-18-59(p.fx7) Passed House, Date 4-13-89(p.f574)Vote: Ayes 45 Nays 3 Vote: Ayes 95 Nays 95 Approved 32 May 18, 1989

## A BILL FOR

1 An Act relating to foreign money judgments and providing an effective date. 2 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA: 4 5 6 SENATE FILE 111 **H-3914** Amend Senate File 111, as amended, passed, and re-1 2 printed by the Senate, as follows: 1. Page 3, by striking lines 33 through 35. 3 By renumbering as necessary. 4 2. By COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT JAY of Appanoose, Chairperson H-3914 FILED APRIL 7, 1989 Adopted 4-13-59 (p.1573) 10 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 SF 111 ຫງ/ອ⊂/26

S.F. 111 H.F.

Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.1 DEFINITIONS.
 As used in this chapter unless the context otherwise
 requires:

"Foreign judgment" means a judgment, decree, or order
 of a court of a foreign state granting or denying recovery of
 a sum of money, other than a judgment for taxes, a fine or
 other penalty, or a judgment for support of dependents.
 "Foreign state" means any governmental unit other than
 the United States, a state, district, commonwealth, territory,
 insular possession of the United States, the Panama Canal
 Zone, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, or the
 Ryukyu Islands.

13 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.2 APPLICATION AND 14 ENFORCEABILITY.

This chapter applies to any foreign judgment which is final and conclusive, and enforceable where rendered even though the judgment is subject to an appeal or an appeal from that spending. Except as provided in section 626B.3, a foreign judgment is conclusive between the parties to the extent that the judgment grants or denies recovery of a sum of money. The final and conclusive foreign judgment is enforceable in the same manner and to the same extent as the judgment of a sister state which is entitled to full faith and credit.

25 Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.3 INCONCLUSIVE JUDGMENTS.
26 1. A foreign judgment is not conclusive in any of the
27 following cases:

a. The foreign judgment was rendered under a system which
29 does not provide impartial tribunals or procedures compatible
30 with the requirements of due process of law.

31 b. Except as provided in section 626B.4, the court of the 32 foreign state did not have personal jurisdiction over the 33 defendant.

34 c. The court of the foreign state did not have35 jurisdiction over the subject matter involved in the action.

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A foreign judgment need not be recognized in any of the
 following cases:

3 a. The defendant in the proceedings in the court of the 4 foreign state did not receive notice of the proceedings in 5 sufficient time to enable the defendant to defend against the 6 action.

7 b. The foreign judgment was obtained by fraud.

8 c. The cause of action on which the foreign judgment was 9 based is contrary to the public policy of this state. 10 d. The foreign judgment conflicts with a previous, final,

11 and conclusive foreign judgment or other judgment.

12 e. The proceeding in the foreign court was contrary to a 13 settlement agreement entered into between the parties prior to 14 the foreign judgment's being rendered by the court in the 15 foreign state.

16 f. The court where the plaintiff is seeking to enforce the 17 foreign judgment determines that jurisdiction in the court of 18 the foreign state was based upon personal service only, and 19 the doctrine of forum non conveniens applies to the original 20 action.

Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.4 PERSONAL JURISDICTION. 1. A foreign judgment shall not be refused recognition in a court of this state for lack of personal jurisdiction if any 4 of the following occurred:

25 a. The defendant was served personally in the foreign 26 state.

27 b. The defendant voluntarily appeared in the proceedings, 28 other than for the purpose of protecting property seized or 29 threatened with seizure in the proceedings or for the purpose 30 of contesting jurisdiction of the court in the foreign state 31 over the defendant.

32 c. The defendant, prior to the commencement of the 33 proceedings in the court of the foreign state, had agreed to 34 submit to the jurisdiction of that court in the action 35 concerning the subject matter involved.

S.F. **[**[] H.F.

d. The defendant was domiciled, had its principal place of
 business, or otherwise had acquired corporate status in the
 3 foreign state when the proceedings were instituted.

e. The defendant had a business office in the foreign
5 state and the proceedings in the court of the foreign state
6 involved a cause of action arising out of business done by the
7 defendant through that office in the foreign state.

8 f. The defendant operated a motor vehicle or airplane in 9 the foreign state and the proceedings involved a cause of 10 action arising out of that operation.

11 2. A court of this state may recognize other bases of 12 jurisdiction.

13 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 626B.5 EFFECT OF APPEAL.

Upon satisfactory proof by the defendant that an appeal is pending or that the defendant is entitled to and intends to appeal the foreign judgment, the court may stay the proceedings until the appeal has been determined or until a sufficient period of time has expired during which the gefendant could have commenced an appeal in the court of the foreign state.

Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.6 OTHER FOREIGN JUDGMENTS.
This chapter does not prevent the recognition of a foreign
judgment by a court of this state in a situation not
specifically covered in this chapter.

25 Sec. 7. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.7 UNIFORMITY OF 26 INTERPRETATION.

This chapter shall be so interpreted and construed as to 8 effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of 29 those states which enact it.

30 Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 626B.8 SHORT TITLE.

31 This chapter may be cited as the uniform foreign money-32 judgments recognition Act.

3914-33 Sec. 9. This Act is retroactive to January 1, 1988, and 34 applies to any final and conclusive foreign judgment obtained 35 on or after that date.

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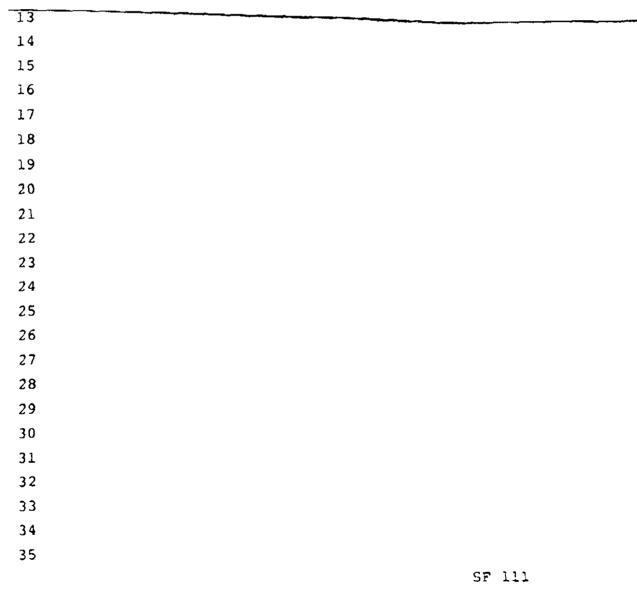
Sec. 10. This Act, being deemed of immediate importance,
 2 is effective upon enactment.
 3

## HOUSE AMENDMENT TO SENATE FILE 111

S-3719 I Amend Senate File 111, as amended, passed, and re-2 printed by the Senate, as follows: 3 1. Page 3, by striking lines 33 through 35. 4 2. By renumbering as necessary.

RECEIVED FROM THE HOUSE

S-3719 FILED APRIL 17, 1989 Servet (MCcurred 4-18-59(p. 2017)



mj/cc/26

## Senate File 111, p. 2

SENATE FILE 111

AN ACT RELATING TO FOREIGH MONEY JUDGMENTS AND PROVIDING AN REFECTIVE DATE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

Section 1. NEW SECTION. 626B.1 DEFINITIONS.

As used in this chapter unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Foreign judgment" means a judgment, decree, or order of a court of a foreign state granting or denying recovery of a sum of money, other than a judgment for taxes, a fine or other penalty, or a judgment for support of dependents.

 "Foreign state" means any governmental unit other than the United States, a state, district, commonwealth, territory, insular possession of the United States, the Panama Canal Zone, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, or the Ryukyu Islands.

Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 626B.2 APPLICATION AND ENFORCEABILITY.

This chapter applies to any foreign judgment which is final and conclusive, and enforceable where rendered even though the judgment is subject to an appeal or an appeal from that judgment is pending. Except as provided in section 6268.3, a foreign judgment is conclusive between the parties to the extent that the judgment grants or denies recovery of a sum of money. The final and conclusive foreign judgment is enforceable in the same manner and to the same extent as the judgment of a sister state which is entitled to full faith and credit.

Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 626B.3 INCONCLUSIVE JUDGMENTS.

 A foreign judgment is not conclusive in any of the following cases: a. The foreign judgment was rendered under a system which does not provide impartial tribunals or procedures compatible with the requirements of due process of law.

b. Except as provided in section 626B.4, the court of the foreign state did not have personal jurisdiction over the defendant.

c. The court of the foreign state did not have jurisdiction over the subject matter involved in the action.

2. A foreign judgment need not be recognized in any of the following cases:

a. The defendant in the proceedings in the court of the foreign state did not receive notice of the proceedings in sufficient time to enable the defendant to defend against the action.

b. The foreign judgment was obtained by fraud.

c. The cause of action on which the foreign judgment was based is contrary to the public policy of this state.

d. The foreign judgment conflicts with a previous, final, and conclusive foreign judgment or other judgment.

e. The proceeding in the foreign court was contrary to a settlement agreement entered into between the parties prior to the foreign judgment's being rendered by the court in the foreign state.

E. The court where the plaintiff is seeking to enforce the foreign judgment determines that jurisdiction in the court of the foreign state was based upon personal service only, and the doctrine of forum non conveniens applies to the original action.

Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 6268.4 PERSONAL JURISDICTION.

1. A foreign judgment shall not be refused recognition in a court of this state for lack of personal jurisdiction if any of the following occurred:

a. The defendant was served personally in the foreign state. Senate File 111, p. 3.

b. The defendant voluntarily appeared in the proceedings, other than for the purpose of protecting property seized or threatened with seizure in the proceedings or for the purpose of contesting jurisdiction of the court in the foreign state over the defendant.

c. The defendant, prior to the commencement of the proceedings in the court of the foreign state, had agreed to submit to the jurisdiction of that court in the action concerning the subject matter involved.

d. The defendant was demiciled, had its principal place of business, or otherwise had acquired corporate status in the foreign state when the proceedings were instituted.

e. The defendant had a business office in the foreign state and the proceedings in the court of the foreign state involved a cause of action arising out of business done by the defendant through that office in the foreign state.

f. The defendant operated a motor vehicle or airplane in the foreign state and the proceedings involved a cause of action arising out of that operation.

2. A court of this state may recognize other bases of jurisdiction.

Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 626B.5 EFFECT OF APPEAL.

Upon satisfactory proof by the defendant that an appeal is pending or that the defendant is entitled to and intends to appeal the foreign judgment, the court may stay the proceedings until the appeal has been determined or until a sufficient period of time has expired during which the defendant could have commenced an appeal in the court of the foreign state.

Sec. 6. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 626B.6 OTHER FOREIGN JUDGMENTS. This chapter does not prevent the recognition of a foreign judgment by a court of this state in a situation not specifically covered in this chapter.

Sec. 7. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 6268.7 UNIFORMITY OF INTERPRETATION.

Senate File 111, p. 4

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This chapter shall be so interpreted and construed as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it.

Sec. 8. NEW SECTION. 626B.8 SHORT TITLE.

Tois chapter may be cited as the uniform foreign moneyjudgments recognition Act.

Sec. 9. This Act, being deened of immediate importance, is effective upon enactment.

JO ANN ZIMMERMAN President of the Senate

DONALD D. AVENSON Speaker of the Bouse

I hereby certify that this bill originated in the Senate and is known as Senate File 111, Seventy-third General Assembly.

18 Approved

JOHN F. DWYER Secretary of the Senate

TERRY E. BRANSTAD