Labor and Industrial Relations: Sherzan, Chair; Metcalf and Running.

nend year 50 21 4 Do Para 1/25/88 (\$-157)

JAN 2 7 1987

HOUSE FILE 102 SHERZAN BY

LABOR & INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Passed House, Date 2/3/88 (p. 123) Passed Senate, Date 3/30/88 (p. 1173) Vote: Ayes 75 Nays 20 Vote: Ayes 33 Nays 14

Approved Noy 12, 1988

motion to reconcided (4. 223) w/2 2/11. (4. 347)

A BILL FOR

l An Act relating to the prohibition of polygraph examinations as a condition of employment, and providing a penalty.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

HOUSE FILE 102

H-5043

Amend House File 102 as follows:

1. Page 1, line 25, by inserting after the word

3 "officer" the following: "or to an employer

4 administering a polygraph examination to an employee

5 who has access to controlled substances as defined in

6 section 204.101 but is not licensed to dispense the 7 controlled substances".

H-5043 FILED FEBRUARY 3, 1988 BY METCALF of Polk MOTION TO SUSPEND RULES LOST (9-223)

HOUSE FILE 102

H = 5048

Amend House File 102 as follows:

1. Page 1, line 35, by striking the word "serious"

and inserting the word "simple".

BY BENNETT of Ida H-5048 FILED FEBRUARY 3, 1988 MOTION TO SUSPEND RULES LOST (4.221)

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TLSB 1737HF 72 jw/sc/14

- Section 1. Section 730.4, Code 1987, is amended by
 - 2 striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the
 - 3 following:
 - 4 730.4 POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION PROHIBITED.
 - 5 1. As used in this section, "polygraph examination" means
 - 6 any procedure which involves the use of instrumentation or a
 - 7 mechanical or electrical device to enable or assist the
 - 8 detection of deception, the verification of truthfulness, or
 - 9 the rendering of a diagnostic opinion regarding either of
 - 10 these, and includes a lie detector or similar test.
 - 11 2. An employer shall not as a condition of employment,
 - 12 promotion, or change in status of employment, or as an express
 - 13 or implied condition of a benefit or privilege of employment,
 - 14 do any of the following:
 - 15 a. Request or require that an employee or applicant for
 - 16 employment take or submit to a polygraph examination.
 - b. Administer, cause to be administered, threaten to
 - 18 administer, or attempt to administer a polygraph examination
 - 19 to an employee or applicant for employment.
 - 20 c. Request or require that an employee or applicant for
 - 21 employment give an express or implied waiver of a practice
 - 22 prohibited by this section.
 - 3. Subsection 2 does not apply to the state or a political
 - 24 subdivision of the state when in the process of selecting a
- 25 candidate for employment as a peace officer.
- 4. An employee shall not be discharged, disciplined, or
- 27 discriminated against in any manner for filing a complaint or
- 28 testifying in any proceeding or action involving violations of
- 29 this section. An employee discharged, disciplined, or
- 30 otherwise discriminated against in violation of this section
- 31 shall be compensated by the employer in the amount of any loss
- 32 of wages and benefits arising out of the discrimination and
- 33 shall be restored to the employee's previous position of
- 34 employment.
- 35 5. A person who violates this section commits a serious

l misdemeanor.

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EXPLANATION

- 3 This bill broadens the prohibitions and increases the
- 4 penalties in the section prohibiting polygraph examinations by
- 5 employers. Under present law it is a simple misdemeanor for
- 6 an employer to require an employee or applicant to take a
- 7 polygraph examination as a condition of employment. This bill
- 8 makes it a serious misdemeanor for an employer, as a condition
- 9 of employment, promotion, or change in status, to request or
- 10 require an employee or applicant to take such an examination,
- 11 administer the examination to the employee or applicant, or
- 12 request or require a waiver by the employee or applicant. The
- 13 bill prohibits reprisals against employees who file complaints
- 14 or participate in litigation and provides for compensation of
- 15 lost wages and restoration of status. The exception for
- 16 candidates for employment as peace officers is retained.

HOUSE FILE 102 AMENDMENT H-5021 FISCAL NOTE

REQUESTED BY REPRESENTATIVE SHERZAN

In compliance with a written request received January 29, 1988, a fiscal note for H-5021 is hereby submitted pursuant to Joint Rule 17. Data used in developing this fiscal note are available from the Legislative Fiscal Bureau to members of the Legislature upon request.

H-5021 to HF 102 would require polygraph examiners to be licensed and regulated by the Division of Labor Services. The Commissioner of Labor Services shall promulgate standards and license polygraph examiners. The bill limits the use of polygraph examinations as a condition to employment or a promotion to workers who are employed in nuclear facilities, dispense prescription drugs, or are peace officers.

Fiscal Impact

 The Department of Employment Services, Division of Labor Services, estimates that two additional FTE's and support cost would be need to regulate polygraph examiners. The aggregate cost need to administer HF 102 as amended by H-5021 would be approximately \$46,000.

(LSP-1737H, JEH)

HOUSE FILE 102

3-5021

Amend House File 102 as follows:

2 l. Page 1, by striking lines 1 through 5 and 3 inserting the following:

4 "Section 1. NEW SECTION. 730.7 POLYGRAPH 5 EXAMINATION PROHIBITED -- EXCEPTIONS -- REMEDIES -- 6 PENALTIES.

7 1. As used in this section and sections 730.8 and 8 730.9, "polygraph examination" means".

2. Page 1, line 25, by inserting after the word "officer" the following: ", to a person administering 11 a polygraph examination as part of a security 12 clearance required at a federally licensed nuclear 13 facility, or to an employer authorized to dispense 14 prescription drugs as defined in section 155A.3, 15 subsection 28, if the state or political subdivision, 16 person conducting the security clearance, or employer 17 authorized to dispense prescription drugs complies 18 with the minimum procedures set forth in section 730.8 19 and the person administering and interpreting the 20 polygraph examination is a licensed polygraph examiner 21 in compliance with section 730.9".

3. By striking page 1, line 35 through page 2,

23 line 1, and inserting the following:

- "5. If the labor commissioner finds, after notice and opportunity for a hearing pursuant to chapter 17A, that a person has violated this section, the labor commissioner may impose an administrative penalty of not more than five thousand dollars for each violation. The decision of the labor commissioner constitutes final agency action for purposes of judicial review."
- 32 4. Page 2, by inserting after line 1 the 33 following:

34 "Sec. . NEW SECTION. 730.8 PROCEDURES TO 35 PROTECT EXAMINEES.

- 1. A person described in section 730.7, subsection 37 3, who seeks to administer a polygraph examination 38 otherwise prohibited by section 730.7, subsection 2, 39 shall comply with the following minimum procedures to 40 protect examinees:
- 41 a. Prior to the beginning of a polygraph 42 examination, each prospective examinee shall be 43 provided with, and shall sign a receipt for, a 44 notification on a form prescribed by the labor 45 commissioner, which contains the following 46 information:
- 47 (1) That the examinee may refuse to take a 48 polygraph examination.
- 9 (2) That the examinee may refuse to answer any question.

her Tetras France 3/17 Amel per 53/7 , Do Bec Stic/84 (7 740)

HOUSE FILE /0 2 BY SHERZAN

(As Amended and Passed by the House February 3, 1988)

 Approved
 May
 12
 1988

 Passed Senate
 Date
 3/30/88 (4/173)

 Vote:
 Ayes
 82
 Nays
 17
 Vote:
 Ayes
 33
 Nays
 14

A BILL FOR

1	An Ac	ct relating to the prohibit	tion of	polygraph	examinations	as a	ì
2	co	ondition of employment, and	d provid	ding a pena	alty.		
3	BE IT	C ENACTED BY THE GENERAL AS	SSEMBLY	OF THE ST	ATE OF IOWA:		
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6			House	Amendments	s		
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TLSB 1737HF 72 jw/sc/14

- 1 Section 1. Section 730.4, Code 1987, is amended by
- 2 striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the
- 3 following:
- 4 730.4 POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION PROHIBITED.
- 5 l. As used in this section, "polygraph examination" means
- 6 any procedure which involves the use of instrumentation or a
- 7 mechanical or electrical device to enable or assist the
- 8 detection of deception, the verification of truthfulness, or
- 9 the rendering of a diagnostic opinion regarding either of
- 10 these, and includes a lie detector or similar test.
- 11 2. An employer shall not as a condition of employment,
- 12 promotion, or change in status of employment, or as an express
- 13 or implied condition of a benefit or privilege of employment,
- 14 knowingly do any of the following:
- 15 a. Request or require that an employee or applicant for
- 16 employment take or submit to a polygraph examination.
- b. Administer, cause to be administered, threaten to
- 18 administer, or attempt to administer a polygraph examination
- 19 to an employee or applicant for employment.
- 20 c. Request or require that an employee or applicant for
- 21 employment give an express or implied waiver of a practice
- 22 prohibited by this section.
- 3. Subsection 2 does not apply to the state or a political
- 24 subdivision of the state when in the process of selecting a
- 33 '25 candidate for employment as a peace officer.
 - 26 4. An employee who acted in good faith shall not be
 - 27 discharged, disciplined, or discriminated against in any
 - 28 manner for filing a complaint or testifying in any proceeding
 - 29 or action involving violations of this section. An employee
 - 30 discharged, disciplined, or otherwise discriminated against in
 - 31 violation of this section shall be compensated by the employer
 - 32 in the amount of any loss of wages and benefits arising out of
 - 33 the discrimination and shall be restored to the employee's
 - 34 previous position of employment.
 - 35 5. A person who violates this section commits a serious

S.F. _____ H.F. 10 2

1 misdemeanor.

HF 102

-2- jw/pk/25

H-5021 Page Two

- 1 (3) That the examinee may terminate the 2 examination at any time.
- 4 to the examiner within thirty days after the 5 examination that the results of the examination be 6 furnished to the examinee. The examiner shall within 7 thirty days after receipt of the request provide the 8 examinee with a written copy of any opinions or 9 conclusions rendered as a result of the examination.
- 10 (5) That the examinee may make a written request 11 to the examiner that an audio recording be made of the 12 examination and pretest interview. The examiner shall 13 furnish the examinee a copy of the recording within 14 thirty days after receipt of the request.
- 15 (6) That the examinee may file a complaint with 16 the labor commissioner if the examinee feels 17 mistreated in connection with the polygraph 18 examination. The employer shall include the name and 19 business address of the labor commissioner and the 20 polygraph examiner in the notification.
- b. Each prospective examinee shall be shown a list 22 of all questions to be asked, on a form prescribed by 23 the labor commissioner. The questions shall be 24 reviewed with the examinee prior to the commencement 25 of the examination.
- c. If the polygraph examiner is a law enforcement officer or other officer of the court, that fact shall be disclosed to the examinee prior to the commencement of the examination, and the examiner shall further inform the examinee that if the examinee chooses to proceed with the examination, under such circumstances, any illegal activity disclosed during the examination may be used against the examinee in court.
- 35 2. The labor commissioner shall adopt rules, 36 prescribe forms, receive complaints, and conduct 37 investigations as necessary to administer this 38 section.
- 39 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 730.9 LICENSE REQUIRED 40 FOR POLYGRAPH EXAMINERS -- RULES -- PENALTIES.
- 1. An employer or person acting on behalf of an 42 employer shall not administer a polygraph examination 43 to an employee or applicant for employment or 44 interpret the results of such an examination without 45 holding a valid license to do so issued by the labor 46 commissioner as provided in this section.
- 2. A person is qualified to receive a license as a 48 polygraph examiner if the person meets all of the 49 following requirements:
 - a. Is at least eighteen years of age.

HOUSE FILE 102

S-5448

Amend the amendment, S-5317, to House File 102 as 2 amended, passed, and reprinted by the House, as 3 follows:

Page 1, by striking lines 24 through 28 and 1.

5 inserting the following:

"A person who in good faith brings an action under 7 this subsection alleging that an employer has required 8 or requested a polygraph examination in violation of 9 this section shall establish that sufficient evidence 10 exists upon which a reasonable person could find that ll a violation has occurred. Upon proof that sufficient 12 evidence exists upon which a finding could be made 13 that a violation has occurred as required under this 14 paragraph, the employer has the burden of proving that 15 the requirements of this section were met.""

S-5448 Filed March 18, 1988 adotal 3/30 (y. 1172)

BY LINN FUHRMAN RICHARD VARN

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Amend House File 102 as amended, passed, and
        2 reprinted by the House, as follows:

    Page 1, line 25, by inserting after the word
    "officer" the following: "or a corrections officer".

             2. Page 1, by inserting after line 34 the
        6 following:
             "5. This section may be enforced through a civil
        8 action.
             a. A person who violates this section or who aids
       10 in the violation of this section is liable to an
       ll aggrieved employee or applicant for employment for
       12 affirmative relief including reinstatement or hiring,
       13 with or without back pay, or any other equitable
       14 relief as the court deems appropriate including
       15 attorney fees and court costs.
             b. When a person commits, is committing, or
       17 proposes to commit, an act in violation of this
       18 section, an injunction may be granted through an
      19 action in district court to prohibit the person from
       20 continuing such acts. The action for injunctive
       21 relief may be brought by an aggrieved employee or
       22 applicant for employment, the county attorney, or the
       23 attorney general.
            In an action brought under this subsection alleging
5848, 5333 24
       25 that an employer has required or requested a polygraph
       26 examination in violation of this section, the employer
       27 has the burden of proving that the requirements of
       28 this section were met."

    By renumbering as necessary.

       S-5317
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S-5317 Filed March 10, 1988 adopted as amended by 5448 3/30 (4 1172) BY COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS AND DABOR RELATIONS JAMES D. WELLS, Chairporyco

HOUSE FILE 102

s-5338

Amend the Committee amendment, S-5317, to House; 2 File 102, as amended and passed by the House, as 3 follows:

Page I, by striking lines 24 through 28.

S-5338
Filed March 11, 1988
W/S 3/30 (p //72

BY LINN FUHRMAN

B-6169

Amend House File 102 as amended, passed, and reprinted by the House, as follows:

3 1. Page 1, line 25, by inserting after the word 4 "officer" the following: "or a corrections officer".

2. Page 1, by inserting after line 34 the

6 following:
7 "5. This section may be enforced through a civil 8 action.

a. A person who violates this section or who aids in the violation of this section is liable to an aggrieved employee or applicant for employment for affirmative relief including reinstatement or hiring, with or without back pay, or any other equitable relief as the court deems appropriate including attorney fees and court costs.

b. When a person commits, is committing, or proposes to commit, an act in violation of this section, an injunction may be granted through an action in district court to prohibit the person from continuing such acts. The action for injunctive relief may be brought by an aggrieved employee or applicant for employment, the county attorney, or the attorney general.

A person who in good faith brings an action under this subsection alleging that an employer has required or requested a polygraph examination in violation of this section shall establish that sufficient evidence exists upon which a reasonable person could find that a violation has occurred. Upon proof that sufficient evidence exists upon which a finding could be made that a violation has occurred as required under this paragraph, the employer has the burden of proving that the requirements of this section were met."

3. By renumbering as necessary.

RECEIVED FROM THE SENATE

H-6169 FILED APRIL 4. 1988

H-5021 Page Three

- b. Is a citizen of the United States.
- c. Has not been convicted of a felony.
- 3 d. Has not been released or discharged with other 4 than honorable conditions from any of the armed 5 services of the United States or any other nation.
- 6 e. Has passed a test conducted by the labor 7 commissioner to determine the person's competency as a 8 polygraph examiner.
- 9 f. Has satisfactorily completed not less than six 10 months of internship training approved by the labor 11 commissioner.
- 12 g. Has met any other qualifications of education 13 or training established by the labor commissioner, 14 which qualifications shall be at least as stringent as 15 those recommended by the American polygraph 16 association.
- 3. The labor commissioner may design or adopt, and thereafter administer, any test deemed appropriate to determine the competency of an applicant for a polygraph examiner license. The test shall be so designed as to ensure that the applicant is thoroughly familiar with the code of ethics of the American polygraph association and has been trained in accordance with association rules. The test shall include a rigorous examination of the applicant's knowledge of and familiarity with all aspects of operating polygraph equipment.
- 28 4. A polygraph examiner license shall be issued 29 for a period of one year. It may be reissued from 30 year to year.
- 31 5. The labor commissioner shall charge a fee of 32 one hundred dollars for each issuance or reissuance of 33 a polygraph examiner license. The fees shall be 34 deposited in the general fund of the state.
- 35 6. The commissioner of labor shall adopt rules to 36 govern the licensing of polygraph examiners and the 37 administration and interpretation of polygraph 38 examinations by licensed examiners. The rules shall 39 include:
- 40 a. The type and amount of training or schooling 41 required before a person may be licensed.
- b. Standards of accuracy which shall be met by 43 machines or other devices to be used in polygraph 44 examinations.
- 45 c. The conditions under which a polygraph 46 examination may be given.
- 7. If the labor commissioner finds, after notice 48 and opportunity for a hearing pursuant to chapter 17A, 49 that a person has administered or interpreted a 50 polygraph examination in violation of subsection 1,

11-5021 Page Four

I the labor commissioner may impose an administrative

2 penalty of not more than five thousand dollars for

3 each violation. The decision of the labor

4 commissioner constitutes final agency action for

5 purposes of judicial review.

8. This section does not authorize any polygraph 7 examination otherwise prohibited by law.

. REPEAL. Section 730.4, Code 1987, is

9 repealed."

5. Title page, by striking line 2 and inserting It the following: "condition of employment, providing 12 exceptions, providing protective procedures, providing 13 for the licensing of polygraph examiners, and

14 providing administrative penalties."

BY COMMITTEE ON LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS Farm of 15th and the second

H-5021 FILED JANUARY 25, 1988 12/27 -2/3 (4.217) Objective (4.220) strag sid (igo tao)

HOUSE FILE 102

H-5024

Amend the Committee Amendment, H-5021, to House

2 File 102 as follows:

1. Page 1, by striking lines 13 through 15 and 4 inserting the following: "facility, or to an

5 employer, other than a hospital licensed pursuant to

6 chapter 135B, authorized to dispense prescription

7 drugs as defined in section 155A.3, subsection 28,

8 administering a polygraph examination to an employee

9 who has access to the prescription drugs, if the state 10 or political subdivision,".

H-5024 FILED JANUARY 26, 1988 BY SHERZAN of Polk w/15 3/3 (x 2 20)

HOUSE FILE 102

 $i \sim 5030$

Amend House File 102 as follows:

1. Page 1, line 13, by inserting after the word

"employment," the following: "knowingly".

2. Page 1, line 26, by inserting after the word 5 "employee" the words "who acted in good faith".

1-5030 FILED JANUARY 28, 1988 BY HERMANN of Scott a depter (3/3 (p. 220)

HOUSE FILE 102

H-5038

Amend Amendment, H-5021, to House File 102, as 2 follows:

1. Page 1, line 10, by inserting before the

6 employee could present a danger to the public,".

4 word "to" the following: "to an employer

5 involved in interstate transportation if the

H-5038 FILED FEBRUARY 2, 1988 BY HERMANN of Scott The state of the state of the

HOUSE FILE 102

AN ACT

RELATING TO THE PROHIBITION OF POLYGRAPH EXAMINATIONS AS A CONDITION OF EMPLOYMENT, AND PROVIDING A PENALTY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ICWA:

Section 1. Section 730.4, Code 1987, is amended by striking the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

730.4 POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION PROHIBITED.

- 1. As used in this section, "polygraph examination" means any procedure which involves the use of instrumentation or a mechanical or electrical device to enable or assist the detection of deception, the verification of truthfulness, or the rendering of a diagnostic opinion regarding either of these, and includes a lie detector or similar test.
- 2. An employer shall not as a condition of employment, promotion, or change in status of employment, or as an express or implied condition of a benefit or privilege of employment, knowingly do any of the following:
- a. Request or require that an employee or applicant for employment take or submit to a polygraph examination.
- b. Administer, cause to be administered, threaten to administer, or attempt to administer a polygraph examination to an employee or applicant for employment.
- c. Request or require that an employee or applicant for employment give an express or implied waiver of a practice prohibited by this section.

- 3. Subsection 2 does not apply to the state or a political subdivision of the state when in the process of selecting a candidate for employment as a peace officer or a corrections officer.
- 4. An employee who acted in good faith shall not be discharged, disciplined, or discriminated against in any manner for filing a complaint or testifying in any proceeding or action involving violations of this section. An employee discharged, disciplined, or otherwise discriminated against in violation of this section shall be compensated by the employer in the amount of any loss of wages and benefits arising out of the discrimination and shall be restored to the employee's previous position of employment.
 - 5. This section may be enforced through a civil action.
- a. A person who violates this section or who aids in the violation of this section is liable to an aggrieved employee or applicant for employment for affirmative relief including reinstatement or hiring, with or without back pay, or any other equitable relief as the court deems appropriate including attorney fees and court costs.
- b. When a person commits, is committing, or proposes to commit, an act in violation of this section, an injunction may be granted through an action in district court to prohibit the person from continuing such acts. The action for injunctive relief may be brought by an aggreeved employee or applicant for employment, the county attorner, or the attorney general.

A person who in good faith brings an action under this subsection alleging that an employer has required or requested a polygraph examination in violation of this section shall establish that sufficient evidence exists upon which a reasonable person could find that a violation has occurred. Upon proof that sufficient evidence exists upon which a finding could be made that a violation has occurred as required under this paragraph, the employer has the burden of proving that the requirements of this section were met.

6. A person who violates this section commits a serious misdemeanor.

> DONALD D. AVENSON Speaker of the House

JO ANN ZIMMERMAN President of the Senate

I hereby certify that this bill originated in the House and is known as House File 102, Seventy-second General Assembly.

JOSEPH O'HERN

Chief Clerk of the House

Approved May 12, 1988

TERRY E. BRANSTAD

Governor