Standard Form For Members of the Legislature

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	George - Represented Van Buren County chown
	in the sour Park the state of
1.	Birthday and place 12 July 1816 Plack, Typer Francoins &
2.	Marriage (s) date place
	Ischella C. Christy
	Significant events for example:
	A. Business
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	B. Civic responsibilities Mason, Old Bellers association Prones
	Law Makera agracuation
	C. Profession Merchant
4.	Church membership Luthuran
	A .
6	Public Offices 9th Marcal assently, 1862 - Throng of Representation
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	A. Local
	B. State
	C. National
7.	Death 26 fet 1906 Okoboti Sone burnet Nordland lendery, der Many Ane
8.	Children Schiller C.; Herder S.; Charles F. alice C. Ella L.
	Margaret Mrs. Layman)
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12. Other applicable information Republican	/
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Schramm, George

Sources Log For Legislation Entries

Applicability

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DISTRICT CONVENTION

ns Will Probably Meet at linton On Aug. 24.

TY, Ia., July 26.—Special: The rict republican convention will held at Clinton on Aug. 24. not dut, but Chairman Joe R. avenport has written to the y chairman asking if that date satisfactory. Clinton, with its facilities, is abundantly able the convention.

EMOCRATS GATHER.

gressional and Judicial Delegations Elected

)VE. Ia., July 26,-Special: democrats yesterday selected o the state, congressional and inventions, and also a persolution as follows:

lved, That we, the democrats nty in convention assembled, declare our allegiance to the ed principles of the demo-

ates selected to the various are as follows:

F. Hutton, Robert Baxter, ver Varry Hazlitt, Dr. Blyby, r. Montgomery. VEY 31. mai. C. A. Britch, John Gal-Young, Aug. Frits, Jens Ber-Lohff, Seig Simon. J. M. White, A. C. Johnson, man, Thomas Hogan, Arthur Storck, David Warnock.

IT DEMOCRATS MEET.

In Sidney is Harmonious and Enthusiastic.

da., July 26.—Special: The unty democratic convention, held here yesterday to select the state, congressional, sen-

_judicial conventions, was and developed some enthusiwas a fairly good attendance, the townships being repreun's name was cheered to the lelegates were not instructed lidate, in fact, no candidate's nentioned. Resolutions were uncing high tariff, trusts, ans. Attorney J. S. Estes, oted chairman of the county mittee, made a rousing re were also brief talks by re Laird and Editor Jamieson. ems united and full of fight and the present indicawill conduct a strenu-1 tues fall.

GRADER LIDENTALLY DROWNS

CHAPTES DOUGHEM WAS ALSO AL . GOV DAPTIOL CONVENTION the bedside.

George Schramm was born in Ploch. Germany, in 1816, but came to America in 1836, at the age of 30 years, settling in Circleville, Pickaway county, O. There he became acquainted with and married Miss Isabella C. Christy, whose death preceded his own by about six years.

Was an Iowa Pioneer.

In 1845 Mr. Schramm came to Iowa, and made his home at Farmington, in Van Buren county, where he lived for twenty-two years. Twice during his residence in that county he was sent to the state legislature, and once to the state senate. He was a member of the latter body in 1852, and cast one of the votes resulting in the moving of the state capital from lowa City to Des Moines. He remained in Van Buren county until after the war, but in 1867 came with his family to Des Moines, and has been a constant resident here since that time.

Although he never turned his attention publicly to-music, Mr. Schramm was himself a musician of unusual talent. When a boy he studied music under some of the German masters, and even of recent years he has been accustomed to delight his most intimate friends on occasions with his playing and singing. He composed several pieces of piano music, one of which is a beautiful memorial to his dead daughters, but never permitted any of his productions to be published. He was widely read in both German and American literature, an ardent lover-of poetry, and an excellent recitationist.

On Feb. 12 of this year, the occasion of his ninetleth birthday, his Ninth street home was thrown open to his friends, and that evening he played and sang selection after selection, some of them of his own composition; where his favorite hymns, and still others the old songs of the fatherland which he never ceased to love. He played with the certain touch of a man of half his years, and his voice had retained its clearness in spite of his advanced age.

Honored By Legislature.

On his birthday he was also the special guest of the legislature, and the house and senate both passed a concurrent resolution of congratulation in his honor.

Father Schramm was a prominent member of the Octogenarian society, and was recently re-elected to succeed himself as president of the organization. He was also a member of the Old Settlers' society, the Tippecanoe club, and the Ploneer Lawmakers' association. He was a member of the Lutheran church, and always took an active interest in all church matters. He is survived by five children, Schiller, C. Schramm of Elk-hart, and Herder S., Charles, Alice, and Margaret, all of Des Moines.

A telegram was received last night from Okoboji saying that Mr. Schramm's body will be brought to Des Moines today, arriving here this evening, and the funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Lutheran church, Dr. Wirt-officiating.

OCCURS AT ATLANTIC

Great Day of Speech Making Yesterday, Many Welcoming Addresses and Responses Being Given.

The state of the s "The negro must work his way to civilization as other races have done," declared Rev. J. D. Rouse in the opening session of the Negro Baptist, convention yesterday. The convention is made upof Baptists from eleven states and two territories. "Civilization is not a garment to be purchased from the tailor or made to order," he continued, "but must represent years of hard study and work. We are no longer babies, but men, and as such we must work our way up in this country.

"We have reached the place in our history where we must go to work. We are no longer objects of charity, nor can we get the sympathy that-we had before we were free men."

The sentiment expressed by President Rouse opened one of the most important conventions ever held in this city among the negroes. Representative men and women are here from all parts of the country and are laboring for the moral, intellectual and spiritual development of their race in Ahis country.

Governor Cummins Speaks.

Gov. A. B. Cummins made the opening address to the convention yesterday

The Rev. Dr. D. A. Holmes of Davenport introduced the governor as one of the broadest hearted men in the state of Iowa.

Governor Cummins accepted the introduction, and assured the delegates that he did not come to speak to them as colored people, but as men and women. and declared that he was tired of differ, entiating between races, for although skins were different, all hearts were the same color. "The school will train the young men and women and make their brains fertile, but it is for the church to train their minds and hearts," said the governor.

"The laws that count are not the laws written by man and enforced by him, but the laws written by Almighty God on the hearts and conscience of men."

"He is the right man in the right place." shouled one of the delegates as the governor was leaving the church.

Dr. Wilcox Welcomes Gueste.

The Rev. Dr. S. E. Wilcox represented the Baptists of the state in an address of welcome. "The negro Baptists are. few and far between in the north, and are exceedingly numerous in the south." he said. "You number over 2,000,000 in this country. Your men now need to be trained how to use the sword of the spirit." He paid a compliment to the negro Baptists of Iewa, as well as to Rev. T. L. Griffith and his church, say-PUND THE ACCIDENTES IS and staff at the Sale Historical Society of the Charles Miles for the past twelve. months.

Michigal Van

Golden Wedding Anniversary.

Friday last was the fiftieth anniversarv of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brabham, and the event was duly celebrated by the home coming of the children. Their son Fred and Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hutchinson came from Iola, Kan., Mrs. H. W. Morris and three children came from Union. ville and Mrs. William Cowden and four children from Buxton. At the family gathering also were their daughter, Mrs. Nancy Hetzel and three children and Mr. Brabham's only sister, Mrs. M. J. Courtney of Farmington. Their daughter, Mrs. John Folker of Oklahoma City was the only absent member.

Mr. Brabham is 81 years old and came to Farmington in 1840. Miss Laura Fox, the bride of fifty years ago. is now 71 years old and came to Farmington in 1856. They lived continuously in Farmington. For many years Mr. Brabham has been almost blind yet he has been a familiar figure on the streets. With only his little walking stick he readily finds the walks and familiar stopping places in almost any part of town. The old gentleman has a very retentive memory and when any question of pioneer history is raised it is to Frank Brabham that people go for informa-

Their children will remain at the old home for a couple of weeks and enjoy the Chautaugua.

Iowa Octogenarian Dead.

The death of George Schramm of Des Moines removes another of the prominent Van Buren county pioneers. During his residence here he lived in what is now the Simmons brick on The Burling-South Fourth street. ton Hawkeye says of him:

George Schramm, affectionately known to thousands of people as Father Schramm, passed away at Okoboji, Iowa, where he was spending the heated term as had been his custom for many years. He had enjoyed Source: lowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection Compiled by success to typhold pneumonia. Father Schramm was a brother of the

late J. S and C. F. Schramm, had long been a resident of southeastern Iowa, but removed to Des Moines later on. He had been a frequent visitor in Burlington and leaves a host of relatives and friends here, who will keep his memory green. He was a member of one of the worthy German pioneer families, who contributed so much to the development of this section of the country and all of whom reached a ripe age.

The Des Moines Capital had the following brief sketch of the life of this famous pioneer: George Schramm was born in Germany February 12, When 21 years of age he came 1816. to the United States, moving to Pickaway county, Ohio. He lived there for three or four years, where he was married to Isabelle Christy. In 1845 he moved to Van Buren county, Iowa, residing at Farmington. For twentytwo years he lived there, removing to Des Moines in 1867. While living in Van Buren county Mr. Schramm was representative twice and senator once. He has lived in Des Moines for almost forty years and has been a prominent citizen during his long residence here. He leaves five chidren: S. T. Schramm. H. S. Schramm, Alice Schramm, Chas. Schramm and Margaret Schramm. All live in, Des Moines with the exception of Charles, who is a resident of Elkhart.

Mr. Schramm was a prominent member of the Octogenarian society.

"Make Hay While the Sun Shimos."

There is a lesson in the work of the thrifty farmer. He knows that the bright sunshine may last but a day and he prepares for the showers which are so liable to follow. So it should be with every household. Dysentery, diarrhoes and cholers morbus may attack some member of the home without warning. Chilimberisin's Colic, Cholera and Distributa Remedy, which is the best known remedy for these diseases, should always be kept at hand, as immediate treatment is necessary, and delay may prove fatal. For volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa L

Everybody wishing for rain.

-Ora T. Boyer of the graduates ment of the Iowa at Cedar Falls, fc section of the h course, the exerc Thursday, July 26

-No one can r good digestion wh constipated. Edwardsville, Ill. from chronic cons ach troubles for thanks to Chambe Liver Tablets, am not get a package (get well and stay v Samples free. For

Farmington

There are a large ington families in (organized a societ nual reunion. explains itself:

Chicago. W. H. KNOTT.

Yourself and fa invited to attend as ington picnic to b Park pavilion (for ing), at 2:30 p. m. county friends with Van Buren ec Bring basket lunch. JAS. W. LAPSLEY, CLABA B. W.

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Farmington is sh ble spasm of ceme During the past we the following has be

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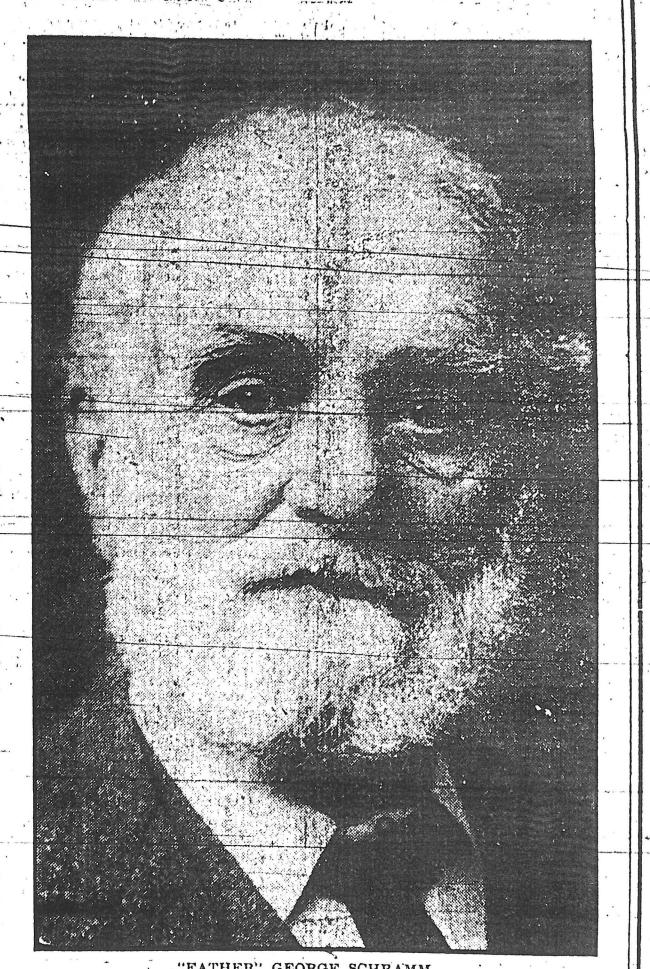
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"FATHER" GEORGE SCHRAMM.

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BY L. F. ANDREWS.

A pioneer of lowa and early settler of Des Moines who gave to the city of his adoption the energy and influence of a noble character and zealous loyalty, was George, or "Father Schramm," as he was familiarly called by the young and old.

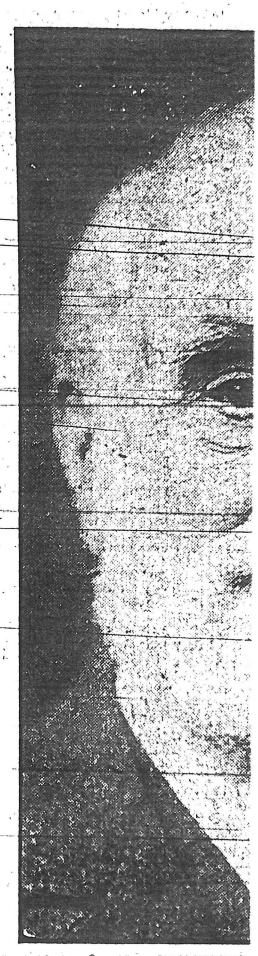
He was born in Piech, Upper Franconia, Germany, Feb. 12, 1816. His parents were devout Christians of the Lutheran faith. His father was an honored citizen, a prosperous merchant; and land owner, with musical ability and literary taste. He was unanimously and repeatedly elected mayor of his city until he declined longer to hold the place. Two hundred years ago the family of Von Schramm left their estate near Strasburg, when Alsace was selzed by France.

George, at the age of 6, was sent to the public schools, his mother having taught him the year prior to read German. At the age of S, under a tutor, he began the study of Eatin, Greek, Frenchand other branches. At the age of 14 a fall on the ice, which injured his head, defeated his purpose of a university education, and he began a mercantile business training, which was an apprenticeship in a storn five years, which he served, his father clothing him.

In 1835 his father decided to come to America, believing therein were wider fields and better opportunities for his son. It required two years to perfeet the emigration plans for his family and others, and Aug. 2, 1837, when George was 21, they left Bremen, arriving in New York two months later. George stopped at a hotel, where his trunk, containing all his clothing and valuables, was stolen. The family at once started for St. Louis by the canal route, but on arriving at Circleville, O., freezing weather set in and the boat captain refused to go farther. There the family settled and became American citizens. The financial panic of 1837 was raging, business was depressed, but George obtained a clerkship in a store at \$12.50 per month.

In July, 1845, with his wife and baby, he came down the Ohlo, up the Mississippi, and landed at Burlington. Thence he came to Farmington, in Van Buren county, then one of the most influential and promising towns in the state. There he started a general store and made his home in a log cabin. In 1848 he erected three story brick store, and in 4850 a fine brick mansion, which thenceforward was the center of freehanded hospitality. His children do not remember a meal when guests were not present.

rial and State Regislators collection compiled by yelunteers and state Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Mones 10 we. stone quarrying, oil prospecting, bridge building, pork packing, and railroad



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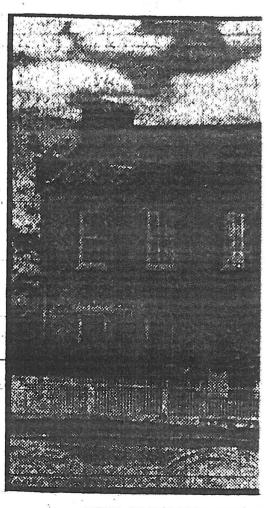
ment when guests were not present. Retaining his store, he plunged into stone quarrying, oil prospecting, bridge building, pork packing, and railroad building, with the purpose, primarily, to develop the resources of the country. In 1855 he formed a parnership with Dr. Joseph A. Smith in the pork packing business, which was continued twelve years, and the business became the largest of any like firm in America, the trade extending to Europe, one delivery of meat in New Orleans bringing a bank check for \$40,000 gold, over \$20,000 of which was paid to farmers. They furnished supplies to the Union army long before they received a government commission. Many of the Iowa boys on their way south to the army were entertained by Father Schramm at his home

Railroads were a great necessity in those days, and in 1859 he helped organize the Iowa & Missouri State Line Railroad-company, with Farmington as its initial point. The right of way for nearly 100 miles was secured, the financiering of nearly \$2,000,000 in bonds provided for, surveys made, and a bill was carried through the United States senate by Senator Harlan providing for an ample land grant to build the road, But 11 Lot lost in the lower house, and the project had to be abandoned, to the sore disappointment, loss of time and money to Father Schramm. I think James L. Loring of Dallas Center, who carried the chain and compass for the survey, has not forgotten it. Some of those \$2,000,000 bonds, bearing Schramm's signature, could probably be found now about the home on Ninth street.

While engaged in his various business enterprises he was persuaded by the whigs in 1852 to accept the nomination for senator in the Fourth general assembly, and was elected by a majority of 248 in a a strong democratic district. He was re-elected, served through the Fifth general assembly and its extra gasion in 1856. He supported and voted for the bill to remove the capital from Iowa City to Des Moines.

In the early days travel was by horse or boat. The nearest bank was at Keokuk. St. Louis was the center for the purchase of goods and sale of pork. To pay the farmers it was necessary to carry large sums of money from St. Louis or Keckuk to Farmington, but it was safer than it would be now, yet Schramm has some perlious adventures. One dismal day business delayed him in Keokuk until late in the afternoon, He had cashed a check for several thousand dollars. He and his wife started to drive to Farmington. Night was approaching, and when near the junction of another road from Keckuk they passed a muffled horseman, who did

evidently-for a-signal to others secreted m a wild ravine through which they i



THE OLD SCHRAMM

boat landing on the east bank of Mississippi river which was swollen ice floes. Crossing to Burlington wa small boats manned by so-called "wrers." Courtesy demanded that the wo and children, several of whom were r ing should be carried first. A nigh that lawless place of low dives and g geries meant certain robbery. As the boat was to pass a big fat woman ru: into the boat weighing it down to danger point, but he risked it, and a crossing was made over the swift rent and huge ice cakes.

During the general excitement w prevailed consequent upon the exodu Mormons from Nauvoo, and the rough ment following in their wake, Schran wagon one day got stuck in the mud, he was striving to extricate it, who horseman stopped, procured a rail, helped to get him out of the diffici then doffinig his hat and bowing gr fully to Schramm said: "I am Porte Rockwell. I am not as black painted," and mounting his rode quickly away. He Was. murderer of notorlous Mormons whom the state of Missouri offerenot respond to the customary round reward of \$100 dead or alive ered Source: lowa Territorial and State detistators Collection source power and state detistations of the war, Schra

with others, formed a company of H Guards to protect their town

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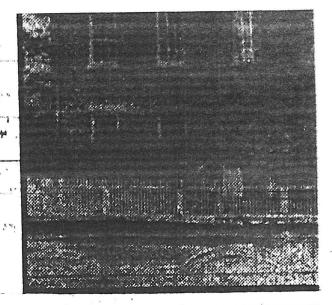
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On another occasion, with fifteen thousand dollars in his grip, he reached the



THE OLD SCHRAMM HOME

boat landing on the east bank of the Mississippi river which was swollen with ice floes. Crossing to Burlington was in small boats manned by so-called "wreckers." Courtesy demanded that the women and children, several of whom were waiting should be carried first. A night in that lawless place of low dives and groggeries meant certain robbery. As the last boat was to pass a big fat woman rushed into the boat weighing it down to the danger point, but he risked it, and a safe crossing was made over the swift current and huge ice cakes.

During the general excitement which prevailed consequent upon the exodus of Mormons from Nauvoo, and the rough element following in their wake, Schramm's wagon one day got stuck in the mud, and he was striving to extricate it, when a horseman stopped, procured a rail, and helped to get him out of the difficulty, then doffinig his hat and bowing gracefully to Schramm said: "I am Porter O. as black as I am not Rockwell. painted," and mounting his horse, quickly away. He was the rode of Mormons notorious murderer of Mormons for whom the state of Missouri offered a reward of \$100 dead or alive.

At the beginning of the war, Schramm with others, formed a company of Home Guards to protect their town against a rumored raid of one hundred rebel cavalry from Missouri, They were to cross the Des Moines river at a ford near the town, The river was narrow, the current swift, and the crossing must be made diagonally, at some length. The men were placedin ambush so that each could pick off the rebels one at a time as they approached the ford supposedly in single file. About two o'clock in the morning, a tramping of feet was heard on the opposite shore. lit was quite dark; no object could be identified a short distance away, and of the State Historical Society of lowa Library Des Moines lowa man, but they did not come; instead, drove of cows came along the road on

Source: lowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and sta

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"FATHER" GEORGE SCHRAMM.

THE OLD SCHRAMM HOMESTEAD IN FARMINGTON.

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At the beginning of the war, Schramm with others, formed a company of Home

not vote for the dog law. Father Schramm voted against the law.

n

While he was in the Ninth general assembly his wife and baby—that baby is now one of the city government reform commissioners-made him a visit, coming up Des Moines river on the steamboat Alice, Capfain_Ferris, landing at 'Coon point, and "putting up" at Colonel Spofford's Demoine house, on the new postoffice site. James Tuttle, father of General-Tuttle-rowed them in a boat to the foot of Capitol hill.

That visit had great influence toward a decision of Father Schramm to come to Des Moines, and which was not finally made, because of his numerous business connections., until Oct. 17, 1867, when with his family and household goods, he came. The family passed the first night at the home of their old friend Judge Wright. He bought a house on Eighth street, but two years later on an acre of hazel brush he owned at Ninth and School he built a two-story brick residence, where he passed the remainder of his days. He also purchased a section of land now a part of the army post; also, a large tract out in the country, now adjoining on the arthe state Historical society of lowa History Des Mondes, Towa

the Des Moines Valley Railroad company,

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Made Black and Tan No. Seam Over the, \$1.50 Per Box

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fully to Schramm said: "I am Porter O. Rockwell. I am not as black as Rockwell. I am not as painted," and mounting. 23 black as his horse, He was away. the rode quickly notorious murderer of Mormons for whom the state of Missouri offered a reward of \$100 dead or alive.

-At the beginning of the war, Schramm with others, formed a company of Home Guards to protect their town against a rumpred raid of one hundred rebel cavalry from Missouri, They were to cross the Des Moines river at a ford near the town, The river was narrow, the current swift, and the crossing must be made diagonally, at some length. The men were placed in ambush so that each could pick off the rebels one at a time as they approached the ford supposedly in single file. About two o'clock in the morning, a tramping. of feet was heard on the opposite shore. lit was quite dark; no object could be identified a short distance away, and every guardsman was alert to pick his man, but they did not come; instead, a drove of cows came along the road on their homeward way. The tramping heard was when they crossed the bridge not far away. Two days later, came the notable battle of Athens in which Colonel David Moore scattered the rebels all over the eastern part of Missouri.

In 1862, Schramm was elected representative to the Ninth general assembly, which was largely devoted to the war, the relief of soldiers and their widows. It also passed the memorable 'dog law," as a measure to increase the revenue of townships throughout, the state, which proved a veritable boomerang. It required every dog over 3 months old in the state to be registered and described, in the office of the clerk of the town-ship in which the owner or keeper of the dog resided. A tax of \$1 for each male dog and \$3 for each female must be paid to the clerk, who must issue a registration certificate for which 25 cents must be paid, and every dog must have a collar bearing its registry number. All dogs caught without a collar must be shot on sight by constables, police officers and peace officers, and may be shot by others at will. The fine for putting a collar on an unregistered dog was \$10. bonus of 25 cents went to an officer who killed a dog.

As every farmer is presumed to have one or more dogs, when the members of the general assembly went home every farmer in the state had a shot gun ready to greet him. The whole state was in an uproar, and so continued until an extra session of the general assembly was called in September, ostensibly to complete unfinished business of the regular session, but really to devise ways and means to get rid of the deg law, which was finally accomplished by its repeal, excepting the section providing for the recovery of damages done to sheep by victous, dogs, which was retained to placate farmers. So strong was the opposition to the law, candidates for reelection to the Tenth general assembly

hazel brush he owned at Ninth and School he built a two-story brick residence, where he passed the remainder of his days. He also purchased a section of land now a part of the army post; also, a large tract out in the country, now adjoining on the west, the Home for the Aged on University avenue. He was a stockholder-inthe Des Moines Valley Railroad company, at one time.

Soon-after his arrival, he putchased the grecery store of Martin Tuttle, a twostory wooden structure next east of Hurlbut's drug store on Walnut. During the summer of 1872, he purchased all the product of the Iowa hen he could get, twentyseven thousand dozen, at ten cents per dozen, treated them to a preserving process, which would keep them fresh for several months, and a few days before the second election of General Grant as president, started for New Orleans where eggs were selling at fifty cents per dozen, but when he arrived there the influx of aggs had glutted the market. With the kindly assistance of General Bussey, who was living there, he succeeded in disposing of his shipment for twenty-five cents per dozen.

On the packet when going down the Mississippi, there were about fifty passengers southbound, composed of northerners and southerners. Respecting the approaching election, the southerners kept silent; the northerners said little. On election day a tall southerner called all the passengers to go on deck and poll their votes for president. When Father Schramm was reached he said: "If I was at home, I should vote for Grant." The courtesy of his manner gained him many friends among the southerners. The northerners showed the white feather, and did not vote at all. and Grant only recieved one vote.

. For several years after Schramm came to Des Moines, he was much of the time, in Farmington attending to his interests

In 1873 he opened a store in the Reinking building at Eighth and Walnut streets. There was then no paved streets, and when the snow melted and heavy rains in springtime came the streets were converted into liquid sticky clay mud; wagon traffic was impossible, and store deliveries were made by wheelbarrows.

In 1876 he started the first suburban store in the town at Ninth and School streets, then being considered "out in the country," where he continued in business until 1896, when he sold out to his son Charles W. Schramm, and thereafter attended to his rentals and property affairs, so arranging it that he could spend his summer vacation at Lake Okoboji, which began in 1884, conthued for iwenty years, and there, in his lovely cottage, he passed to his final rest July 26, 1906, at the age of 90.

Socially, he was the friend of every-body. The love of children-a true index of a man's character for him was wonderful; maldens loved him; the aged Shand Store had state relationed to the state of the stat



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was proverbial, and toward his enildren it was as earnest and sincere as toward the most refined society. He was for more than fifty years a Mason, a member of Capital lodge, Tippecanoe club, Octogenarian association, Old Settlers' association, and lowar Pioneer Law Makers' association. In token of the latter membership, on the anniversary of his ninetieth birthday, February, 1906, the legislature, then in session, sent him a series of resolutions finely engrossed on

parchment, expressive of its appreciation of his faithful stewardship.

He was a voluminous reader, a profound thinker, possessed a wonderfulmemory, so that his conversation was always interesting and inspiring. He was
a good writer of prose and poetry; had
good musical ability and composed several fine melodies, but would never permit them to be published. He was a
thorough student of nature, and never
wearled in portraying its beauties.

When on accordance church; a firmed, an Christian founders i John's Lits meetin building a cust stree and many was crected.



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was al-He was ry; had ed sever perwas a 1 neverWhen one week old he was baptised in accordance with the faith-of-the Lutheran church; at the age of 14 he was confirmed, and was a consistent, exemplary Christian all his life. He was one of the founders and an active supporter of St. John's Lutheran church, which held its meetings first in the public school building at the corner of Ninth and Locust streets, and after a long struggle and many discouragements a building was creeted at West Grand avenue and

Seventh street, which after several years was sold and the large brick edifice and parsonage at Sixth and Chestnut streets erected.

His dominant trait was to ennoble the community in which he lived and make others happy. His rule of life was the Word of God. The last ten years of his life gave time for cultivation and enjoyment of his tastes and accomplishments, and the society of his numerous friends, young and old, rich and poor.

istorical Society of lowa Library, Des Moines

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Source: Ioya Telatronal and State Legislators Collect



1870 United States Federal Census



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Iowa State Census Collection, 1836-1925

Name:	George Schramm	
Birth Year:	abt 1817	
Birth Place:	Bay	
Gender:	Male	
Marital Status:	Married	
Census Date:	1885	
Residence State:	Iowa	
Residence County:	Polk	
Locality:	Des Moines	
Roll:	IA1885_250	
Line:	15	
Family Number:	720	
Neighbors:	View others on page	
Household	Name	Ago
Members:	George Schramm	68
	Isabella C Schramm	58
	Alice C Schramm	28
	Maggie M Schramm	12
	Charles W Schramm	23
	Margarte P Russell	52
Ancestry.com Operation Original data: Microfilm various special censuse: Heritage Quest. Description: This database contains and 1925. It also includ 1836-1897. Information information requested to	te Census Collection, 1836-1925 [database on-line	1915, 1925 as well al Society of Iowa via 1885, 1895, 1905, 1915, cial censuses from the census year and the ined in this database

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1900 United States Federal Census

Name:	Geo Schramm	
Home in 1900:	Des Moines, Polk, Iowa	
Age:	84	
Birth Date:	Feb 1816	
Birthplace:	Germany	
Race:	White	
Gender:	Male	
Immigration Year:	1837	
Relationship to Head of House:	Head	
Father's Birthplace:	Germany	
Mother's Birthplace:	Germany	
Marital Status:	Widowed	
Residence:	Des Moines City, Polk, Iowa	
Occupation:	View on Image	
Neighbors:	View others on page	
Household	Name	Age
Members:	Geo Schramm	84
	Alice C Schramm	88
	Margret M Schramm	28
	Laura A Girton	49
	Lida Schmelzer	23
Enumeration District: 7		ge: 44;
THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES GOV	neestry.com. 1900 United States Federal Census [database on-line]. ovo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations Inc. 2004. ates of America, Bureau of the Census. Twelfth Census of the Unite on, D.C.: National Archives and Records Administration. 1900. T62	d
the Twelfth Census of the person's name, address, of birth, age at last birth children born of the mo and mother, if the indivin the United States, the occupation, and more.	x to individuals enumerated in the 1900 United States Federal Cense United States. Census takers recorded many details including ear relationship to the head of household, color or race, sex, month an day, marital status, number of years married, the total number of ther, the number of those children living, birthplace, birthplace of fidual was foreign born, the year of immigration and the number of etitzenship status of foreign-born individuals over age twenty-one, additionally, the names of those listed on the population schedule a of the 1900 Federal Census. Learn more	h d year ather years

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Nash Family Tree View Family Tree Owner: mimiku	Home Person find a person in this tree			
George Schramm	Save this person to your tree			
Birth 1816 in Plech, Bavaria, Germany Death 1906 in Lake Okoboji Iowa	Comment on this			
Show immediate family More options				
Overview Facts and Sources Media Gallery Comments Member Con	nect			
Media Gallery	Family Members			
No photos, stories, audio or video have been added yet.	Parents			
Timeline (View details)	John Christopher Schramm 1782 – 1849			
1816 Birth				
Plech, Bavaria, Germany	Anna Barbara Kessling			
1906 Age: 90 Lake Okoboji Iowa	Show siblings			
Comments	Spouse & Children			
No comments have been added yet.	No Spouse or Children			
Add a comment				
	Family group sheet			
	Historical Records			
	No historical records have been attached to this person.			
	Web Links			
	There are no weblinks available for this person.			
	Search the web for George Schramm			
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Iowa Cemetery Records

Name: George Schram

Death Date: 26 Jul 1906

Page #: 703

Birth Date: 12 Feb 1816 Cemetery: Woodland

Relative: 90

Level Info: Iowa Graves Registration Survey W P A Polk County Iowa

Source Information:

Ancestry.com. *Ioua Cemetery Records* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations Inc., 2000.

Original data: Works Project Administration. Graves Registration Project. Washington, D.C.: n.p., n.d.

Description:
These cemetery records represent seventy-six counties and Graceland Cemetery of Sioux City,
Iowa, in the united States, that were transcribed by the Works Project Administration. Records in
this database generally include the page number where the record can be found in the WPA index,
the name of the deceased, birth date, death date, age, cemetery name, town name, and additional
comments if any. Learn more...

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GEORGE SCHRAMM

George was born to an old Alsatian family and came to America at the age of nineteen. He studied the languages, and joined his brother in Farmington, Iowa in the merchandise business. At the age of thirty-six, he entered the Iowa Senate. In 1862, he was a Republican representative in the Ninth General Assembly. He was described as a unique and popular member of the Senate, being known as "Father Schramm."

"The golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. George Schramm, in the spring of 1893, was a gala day for the pioneers and their descendants. Mr. Schramm was a senator from Van Buren Co. in 1851, and then came to Des Moines, a representative from that county in '62. Later, after the war, the family removed to Des Moines where George took an active part in public affairs. He was prominent in the Lutheran Church and Masonic circles. In 1906, he died in Des Moines at the age of ninety.

Blk. 14, Section 00185

George Schramm, buried 29 July 1906, 90 years
Mrs. Allia C., buried 26 March 1895, 44 years
Mrs. Charles Schramm, buried 17 January 1946, 83 years
Charles William Schramm, buried 27 November 1950, 89 years (ashes)
Herder S. Schramm, buried 15 December 1916, 67 years
Isabella Schramm, buried 3 June 1900, 74 years

Blk. 14, Section 00186

Alice C. Schramm, buried 26 March 1916, 90 years S.O. Schramm, buried 1 June 1925, 77 years Elizabeth Schramm, buried 2 July 1905, 7 years