

Standard Form For Members of the Legislature

Name of Representative Short, Wallace M. Senator _____

Represented Woodbury County, Iowa

1. Birthday and place 28 June 1866 Page County, Iowa near
Colley Springs, Iowa

2. Marriage (s) date place
Mary Eliza Marcus 8 July 1896 Racine, Wisconsin

3. Significant events for example:

A. Business He was ordained a Congregational minister in 1896, he
was the founder of the West Shore Labor Party

B. Civic responsibilities _____

C. Profession Editor; minister; church proctor/employee; labor leader

4. Church membership Congregational

5. Sessions served 47th General Assembly 1931

6. Public Offices

A. Local Mayor of Sioux City 1918-1924

B. State _____

C. National _____

7. Death 3 Jan 1953 Sioux City, Iowa, Currier Logan Park Cemetery, Sioux City, Iowa

8. Children Emily Vestal (Mrs. Robert J. Hunter); Austin Harrison
(adopted); John Wallace (adopted)

9. Names of parents James Black and Eugenia (Noe) Short

Short, Wallace M.

10. Education He was educated in rural schools and then went to town school at College Springs, Iowa

11. Degrees Graduate of Beloit College at Beloit, Wisconsin in 1893;
he spent 3 years in Yale University and received a
Divinity Degree from Yale Divinity School in 1896

12. Other applicable information Republican

- He grew up on a farm in Colfax Township of Page County. He worked on the farm
- He taught rural school until age 22
- He was a pastor of a Congregational Church in Evansville, Wisconsin 1896-1903. Beacon Hill Church in Kansas City, Missouri 1903-1910; First Congregational Church, Sioux City, Iowa 1910-1914; Central Independent Church, Sioux City, Iowa 1914-1918
- He was an author of books and magazine articles and editor of a union weekly newspaper he had founded - the Union Advocate Labor Weekly
- He left the ministry and began his political and labor activities. For a while he served on the Iowa farmer-labor party in 1934
- His many years were filled with controversy because of his stand on organized labor.
- He left the church because of the prohibition issue and attacked the church for several years.
- He was restored to full fellowship of the Congregational Church in spring 1952.
- During his problematic years he was a minister of the Central Independent Church.
- Politics were too much pressure for him to continue.

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age was estimated at \$1,800.

Wallace Short, 86, Dies at Sioux City

SIoux CITY AP — Wallace M. Short, 86, onetime stormy petrel of Sioux City politics, died at a hospital here Saturday after a long illness.

Short, a clergyman, editor and a founder of the State Farmer-Labor Party, served three terms as Sioux City mayor from 1918-1924 but was defeated in his bid for a fourth term.

A recall election, launched by those who took exception to his militant stand in behalf of organized labor and an address he made to an I.W.W. Convention in 1919, was unsuccessful.

Short had been in poor health since retiring several years ago as editor of the Unionist and Public Forum, a labor paper. His last public office was as a Republican State Senator for a single term, beginning in 1930.

A native of College Springs, Ia., Short came to Sioux City from Kansas City in 1910 as pastor of the First Congregational Church. He left this post in 1914 after a disagreement with the elders which centered in part around his opposition to the Prohibition movement.

Defeated Coroner Renamed to Post

FT. DODGE AP — The Webster County Board of Supervisors Saturday appointed Welch Laufersweiler who was defeated in last

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Politics

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Forecasters

STON. — Although not become president in two weeks, much has already been seen ahead for ever. Some of these are from friendly perspective that he will not start; some come from those who do not wish him to start; some are merely awaiting a chance to attack.

These predictions are: (1) the longer there will be a breach between Eisenhower and Sen- (2) that big business in the cabinet and posts will cause of the "common that leaders of the nations, already become more so handicap the Eisen- ram; (4) that his of politics together satisfactory relations Washington corre- will make things im from the start; e "egg heads" of on campaign, still l to the Eisenhow- will try to finance senhower campaign nes of the old Ras-

POLITICS
n Page 8, Section 1)

S by Willis Forbes

All the polish some people have is on their fingernails.

WALLACE SHORT BURIAL MONDAY

Ex-Pastor, City Mayor, Labor Editor Dies Here at 86

Funeral services for Wallace M. Short, prominent labor editor who also carved successful careers in city and state politics and the ministry, will be held here Monday.

Mr. Short succumbed at a hospital Saturday morning to a long illness which had forced his retirement three years ago as editor of a union labor weekly he had founded here. He was 86 years old.

Rev. J. Otis Smith will officiate at the services at 3 p. m. at May-

SHORT DEATH (Continued on Page 9, Section 1)



Wallace M. Short

of whom gave the Fifth street address. Booked as a material witness was Joseph Hickerson, 28, also of 1017 Fifth street. Hickerson said in a statement to detectives that he remonstrated with the other four during the alleged assaults and warned them they would get in trouble.

Lt. Dik, who took signed statements from the suspects, said the four men "confessed" they raped the woman. He said formal charges were not filed because it was too late in the day when questioning was completed.

Dik said DeWitt and White are Indians and that Kendall, Mason and Hickerson are Negroes. The victim is a white woman.

"Held for 9 Hours"

Miss Taylor's statement told of going to the apartment about 10:30 p. m. She said she was inside and seated before she realized the group present did not in-

RAPE CASE

(Continued on Page 8, Section 1)

Brodie Twins Now in 17th Day Apart; Roger Near Death

Chicago.—(P)—The Brodie siamese twins were in the 17th day of their separate lives Saturday. But, in terms of their condition, they had little in common.

Rodney was described as "fairly alert." Roger still was in a coma and very close to death.

The 15-month-old boys, who had been joined at the top of their heads, were divided December 17 in one of the rarest operations in medical history.

Rodney, the stronger twin, improved after the surgery. He was brought to the operating room again Tuesday and most of his brain was covered by a skin flap.

A spokesman for the University of Illinois medical center reported Saturday that Rodney has been taking cereal by spoon and milk from a bottle. He has been alert enough to pat a cake with a nurse

necessary to highway 75 to ing site a mi west of Hinto in the heavy e of land on wh installed must crete.

He said h being manu that a date tion has not Lloyd E. C the R. E. A S. D., will b of the home c Forsberg said

SENAT TAKES

BY RICH Special W Washington bar Senator from taking urday, but a vestigation o sorship of bills was re committee fo

The peti North Dal Langer be aside" and of office vestigation pleted.

However, of Ohio told new senators it was his ' senators, inc seats were c given the o dice" to such ate itself.

Taft said received aga did not discu tained.

No senat Langer's nar sworn in and

(Continued o

SHORT DEATH

(Continued from Page One)

for Congregational church. Burial will be in Logan park cemetery under direction of the Nelson-Berger funeral home.

Pallbearers will be Wallace Butler, Harry J. Gibbons, William Felton, Wayne Rogers, Lyle Weber and Robert Jorgenson.

Honorary pallbearers will be John Knutson, Fred Free, George Sahnitter, C. S. Van Eaton and Lawrence Baron. Present city council members will attend in a group.

About five years ago, Mr. Short suffered a stroke. He had been ill for some time before his death.

Survivors include the widow, Mary, and a daughter, Mrs. Robert Hunter and two sons, John and Burton, all of Sioux City, six grandchildren, a great-grandchild, and a brother, Frank Short of St. Petersburg, Fla.

Six Years as Mayor

Mr. Short came to Sioux City 42 years ago as a Congregational church minister. He later left the ministry and began careers in politics and labor activities. He rose to prominence in Iowa politics as a labor spokesman and was founder of the Iowa farmer-labor party in 1934.

Elected on a labor ticket, he served as mayor of Sioux City from 1918 to 1924.

During his terms in office, the bridge over the Big Sioux river, the municipal building at Sixth and Water streets, and the Perry creek conduit were constructed.

Riverside, War Eagle, Lyons, Anderson, Fairmount and Lewis parks were completed during Mayor Short's terms, and elm trees were set out along Memorial drive.

Mr. Short's mayoral years were stormy. His stand in behalf of organized labor brought complaints from many. A recall election was held in 1919 in which Mr. Short was victorious.

During his first term, Mr. Short was given an honorary membership card in the street car employes' union, in recognition of his efforts to mediate a controversy between the workers and the transit company.

He was severely criticized for addressing an International Workers of the World convention in Sioux City. He helped to defuse a threatening situation between packinghouse strikers and a trainload of strikebreakers in 1922.

Native of Iowa

Mr. Short was born June 28, 1866, on a farm near College Springs, Ia., the son of James Black Short and Legerina Wood.

HEAD MORNINGSIDE CLUB — Murlin L. Mosier (center), new president of the Morningside Commercial club, is congratulated by Don Severeide (right), retiring president. At left is Donald E. Linduski, secretary-treasurer.

When he took over the paper, it was receiving only \$112 in cash subscriptions. Within one year, he had built it up to between 2,500 and 3,000 subscriptions. He ended his connection with the paper in January 1927.

He then founded the Unionist and Public Forum, which he edited until 1949.

At the time of his resignation from the Union Advocate, the Cedar Rapids Tribune said: "... Mr. Short... worked faithfully and intelligently to build a bigger and better labor movement for the unionists of Sioux City..."

Defeated in 1926

Mr. Short was defeated in his try for his fourth term as Sioux City's mayor in 1926. He was also defeated in the 1926 republican primary race for state senator. He was elected state senator on the republican party ticket in 1930. He lost in his bid for re-election in 1932.

In the republican party gubernatorial primary of 1934, Mr. Short was its unsuccessful candidate for governor in 1934, 1936 and 1938.

Mr. Short was moderator of the Congregational Association of Missouri in 1905 and 1906 and member of industrial commission of the National Council of Congregational churches of the United States from 1907 to 1910. He was a member of Phi Beta Kappa, and was the author of The Deeper Meaning of the Temperance Question written in 1915. Let There Be Light, in 1916 and Can We Live Together in Peace in 1921. He published numerous sermons and contributed to magazines.

LANGER

(Continued from Page One)

middle aisle accompanied by his colleague, Senator Young (R., N. D.), to receive the oath of office from Vice President Barkley.

Langer told a reporter afterward that he would "coöperate fully" with any inquiry by the senate privileges and elections subcommittee, a subcommittee of the rules committee, into the charges contained in the petition.

Langer told a reporter that while he has no authority to

subpoena anyone himself, he will ask the senate privileges and elections committee to subpoena all 15 signers of the petition.

He said he will make the request to the committee as soon as it is organized, possibly within two or three days.

The petition said Langer's sponsorship of private immigration bills showed "a willingness to subordinate the welfare of the United States to his personal financial interests."

Langer said in a later statement issued from his office that it was a "great personal triumph" to be seated without contest from the senate floor "after the months of cunning and unprincipled manipulation on the part of my political enemies in North Dakota and elsewhere."

Langer said the committee filing the petition had "all of the alleged evidence" prior to the primary election last June but did not see fit to file it with the senate until a few days ago. He said copies of it had been mailed to some, if not all, of the senators in an attempt to prejudice them against him.

Taft Stands Firm

Taft said he would object to any effort being made from the floor to bar any senator from taking his seat Saturday. He said that any protests should be "filed and sent to committee for action in due course."

There was a brief exchange between Taft and Barkley as to whether it would take a bare majority or a two-thirds vote to unseat a senator. Taft said that was a matter that would be decided by the senate at the time.

The majority leader referred to charges made against Langer in 1940 when first elected to the senate. He said in that case the senate decided that it would take a two-thirds vote to deny him his seat.

In that instance, the privileges and elections committee voted 13 to 3, after a lengthy investigation, against seating Langer. The senate, however, voted 52 to 30 to permit him to be seated.

The present petition said the senate should inquire into Langer's sponsorship of some 400 private

Others elected include Harry W. Christy, vice president, and P. M. Mulford, Robert Severeide, Dale Caris and Ray Denning, members of the executive committee.

bills intended to allow 1,600 aliens including hundreds of Pakistanis threatened with deportation, to remain in the United States.

"Petitioners allege that the principal contact between Senator Langer and the Pakistani is Murabek Ali Khan of Phoenix, Ariz., who styles himself 'Dr. Ali Khan,' the petition said.

Charges 'Grave Threat'

"Your petitioners are informed and verily believes that 'Dr. Ali Khan' and others in connection with the Young Pakistan league make a regular practice of colluding from Pakistan nationals with deportation is threatened sum money, from \$200 to \$500, which consideration arrangements are made for the introduction of private bills by Senator Langer and other members of congress to deport such persons in this country."

The petition said that with power of subpoena that the senators were unable to trace and the payments to Langer but the entire matter should be completely investigated.

Referring to the fact that Langer is slated to become chairman of the senate judiciary committee the petition said he would be placed in a position "which would constitute a grave danger to safety and welfare of the United States of America."

CONGRESS

(Continued from Page One)

utes—no bills introduced, no legislative business transacted, in accordance with first day custom.

But the house was deluged with bills—1,100 of them that will take clerks all night to sort out, number and refer to the right committees.

Among them were measures giving a preview of some of legislative tussles ahead—bill to cut taxes, authorize the St. Lawrence seaway, revise the McCran-Walter immigration law, investigate this that or the other.

BRADY

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Native of Iowa

Mr. Short was born June 28, 1866, on a farm near College Springs, Ia., the son of James Black Short and Eugenia Noe. He received his primary education at country schools. He was graduated in 1887 from Amity college, Ia. He received a bachelor of arts in 1893 from Beloit college and a master of arts three years later from the same school. He received a bachelor of divinity in 1896 from Yale Divinity school. He married Miss Mary Elize Morse July 8, 1896.

He was ordained a Congregational minister in 1896. He served as pastor from 1896 to 1903 at Evansville, Wis., then went to Beacon Hill church at Kansas City where he stayed from 1903 to 1910.

When he left Kansas City to come to the pulpit of the First Congregational church in Sioux City, the Kansas City Star said: "Rev. Wallace M. Short is the sort of citizen that Kansas City dislikes most to lose. Dr. Short is a minister who gets the church into the life of the community and the life of men and women into the church."

He stayed at the First Congregational church from 1910 to 1914. He left the church because of the prohibition issue. Mr. Short had been an outspoken critic of the prohibition movement. While at Evansville, he had said: "Prohibition is the method of babes. The church is not a prohibition society." He had continued his attacks while at Kansas City.

Reinstated by Churches

Mr. Short was restored to full fellowship in the Sioux Association of Congregational Churches at its spring meeting in 1952.

Mrs. Short wrote a biography of her husband which was published in 1943. In it, she said: "Perhaps my husband might have been more diplomatic in several crises of his career, yet I would not care to say he should have been. These particular crises may be said to have arisen because of his attitude on four much debated subjects—labor unions, politics, religious beliefs and prohibition."

After he left the Congregational church, he founded and was pastor of Central Independent church. The church existed from 1914 until 1918, when Mr. Short found the pressure of politics too heavy to allow him to continue it.

After his three terms as mayor, Mr. Short made a bid to win the republican party nomination for congressman in 1924. He was defeated.

Built Up Paper

In October, 1924, Mr. Short became editor of the Union Advocate—a Sioux City labor weekly.

Source: Iowa Territorial and State Legislators Collection compiled by volunteers and staff at the State Historical Society of Iowa Library, Des Moines, Iowa.

charges contained in the petition. The present petition said the senator Langer told a reporter that he should inquire into Langer's while he has no authority to sponsorship of some 400 private



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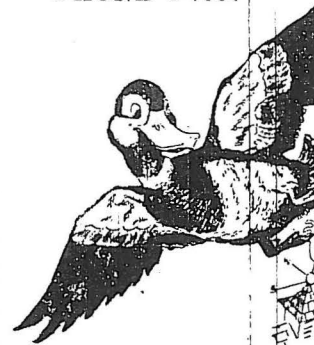
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Judy Schindel, Lee
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Wabash Knows the
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BOOKS

THE HISTORY OF WOODBURY COUNTY, IOWA



"We all become apart of history as we live out our lives."

--Lewis E. Heifner
President, W.C.G.S.

Compiled by the
WOODBURY COUNTY GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

SHIVER, ALBERT AND MABEL (LLOYD)

F776



Ernest and Flossie Shirley, taken in California.

Albert Allen Shiver was born on a farm southwest of Cushing to Fred and Sarah Adams Shiver on February 16, 1903. He grew up on the farm with his family and attended country school. The farm was owned by his father. He worked several years for farmers.

On August 7, 1929, Albert and Mabel Lloyd were married in Ida Grove, Iowa. Mabel, daughter of Delbert and Josephine Welch Lloyd, was born July 16, 1905, on a farm near Battle Creek, Iowa. She graduated from Ida Grove High School in 1923 and taught school until she was married.

Albert and Mabel first lived near Cushing, then moved to farms south of Battle Creek, and south of Arthur. On March 1, 1943, they moved to a farm north of Cushing which they bought from Clifford Law. In 1971 Albert sold the farm to his son Delbert and they moved to Cushing.

Albert and Mabel have one son and three daughters (Delbert, Delores, Janice, and Lois), twelve grandchildren, and six great grandchildren.

Albert passed away March 10, 1975. Mabel resides in the home in Cushing.

by Albert Shiver

where their daughter, Emily Vesta, was born June 9, 1908. In 1910 the First Congregational Church called them to Sioux City, Iowa. Here they adopted sons, Burton Harrison, born September 24, 1911, and John Wallace, born November 23, 1916.

"So much has been written about the Short family in Woodbury County that I will not repeat here, but refer the reader to books which are in the Sioux City Public Library and the Museum files. Mrs. Short wrote *Just One American* and Professor W.H. Cumberland of Beuna Vista College wrote *Wallace M. Short - Iowa Rebel*." Emily Short Hunter.

by Mrs. R. F. Hunter

SHUMATE, SILAS

F778

Silas Shumate (Shoemate in the 1890-91 History of Woodbury and Plymouth Counties) was born in 1841 in Jackson County, Ohio, son of Parkason and Abigail (Null) Shumate, natives of Virginia. He attended district school there and was wounded in the Civil War. After marrying Elizabeth Yeager (daughter of Sam Yeager, German descent) in 1868, he migrated to Plymouth County, Iowa, where he farmed, taught school, and politically Republican, served as Justice of the Peace-Trustee in Hungersford Township. In his middle years, he joined one of the Oklahoma land rushes. Upon returning to Siouxland, he continued to farm and teach. He died in 1916 after spending time in the Soldier's Home, Ft. Leavenworth, Kansas. Elizabeth died before 1920 in Leeds, Iowa. Frances May, who died in the mid-50's, was the last of their nine children (listed below, not necessarily in order of birth), all presumed to have been born near James, Iowa.

Stella J. married Bogenreif, lived in Hinton many years, and died before WWII; she had no children.

Frances May married Jack Crotty and lived in Leeds for many years. Their son, Ed (deceased), served in the Navy during WWI, fathered four children, and lived in Portland, Oregon, for many years. A daughter died in infancy.

Edgar Carleton spent his life in the Sioux City area, married Cora Luce (Leeds), operated a service station in Merville for many years. He died in 1943. Their son, Carol, died at 14 in 1920; daughter, Vesta Luverne (1910-77), married Quentin Hendrickson (Sioux City)(deceased); they had no children and lived in Los Angeles, California, for many years.

Clarence Adolphus never married. He spent much of his life in the Iowa State Mental Hospital in Cherokee and died in the 1950's.

Claude Thomas (1877-1950), carpenter, homesteaded in Colorado, managed Fullerton Lumber Companies in Merville and South Dakota, and farmed near Merville from 1924-28. He built a number of homes in Merville. In the early 40's, he moved to Oregon, lived in Idaho for a time, and died in Leeds in 1950. He married Florence Lucinda Mullen, daughter of Clark and Sarah (Newman) Mullen, in Burlington, Colorado, March 24, 1909. Florence (1887-1973) was born in Montgomery County, Iowa, graduated from Merville High School about 1905, and moved

SHORT, WALLACE AND MARY

F777

The families of James Black Short and Eugenia Noe came from Ohio and Illinois to settle in Page County, Iowa, in the mid 1850's. James and Eugenia attended Amity College in southwestern Iowa and were married November 7, 1861. Their children were Wallace, Jessie, Frank and William, all of whom attended Amity College. Wallace was born June 28, 1866, attended country school, worked in a cheese factory, took post-graduate work at Amity, then went to Beloit, Wisconsin, where he graduated from Beloit College.

James Gillespie Birney Morse and Jennie Smith were teachers in the farm community of Racine, Wisconsin. They married October 9, 1867, and started farming and built a house near what is now Johnson Park. Their children, May, Samuel, Royal and Harriet, graduated from Ripon College, Ripon, Wisconsin. May, born September 19, 1868, attended rural schools and taught at Franksville before attending Ripon College.

Wallace Short participated in many debates and oratorical contests. In fact, he often said the prize money attached to winning contests helped pay his way through college. He and May Morse met at a meeting of Oratorical Societies held at Ripon College the winter of 1893. Before he left for Yale Divinity School, New Haven, Connecticut, that fall, May had promised to be a minister's wife. Their wedding took place at the Morse family home in Racine July 8, 1896, and they went to their first home and pastorate at Evansville, Wisconsin.

After seven years there, they were called to Beacon Hill Church, Kansas City, Missouri,

Illinois Central Railroad Depot Agent and Telegraph Operator. They were married at Anthon December 20, 1923. The five-room house over the depot was their home until the railroad discontinued the train service in 1942. They then moved to Quimby for five months; June 16, 1943, they moved back to Anthon and bought a home. Ernest had started his railroad career in Anthon after graduating from college in Springfield, Illinois, and Chicago, and he ended his career there when he passed away February 21, 1962.

Flossie had a sale June 5, 1982, and moved into the Anthon Retirement Home where she now lives. She has been a member of the O.E.S. Order of the Eastern Star since 1925 and is a Past Matron. She is also a Past Noble Grand of the Rebekah Lodge and is now the Goodwill Industries Ambassador since 1963 and a past officer of the American Legion Auxiliary. She held several offices in the W.S.C.S. (now U.M.W.) from 1944 to 1982, when she gave up her office of Christian Personhood which she had held for 18 years. She was honored at the meeting in December, 1982, by the U.M.W. President.

While in Oto, Flossie earned her Red Cross pin. She belonged to Women's Club and held the office of Secretary of Mite Society several years. She enjoys attending Sunday School and church, crocheting, reading, attending card parties, traveling, and her hobbies and collections: she had over a thousand sets of salt and pepper, 48 bells, 50 souvenir spoons, 50 plates, several cup and saucer sets, and numerous stamps and view cards. She has been in every state but Arizona.

by Mrs. Flossie F. Shirley



1900 United States Federal Census

Name: **Wallace M Short**
[Wallace Short]

Home in 1900: **Evansville, Rock, Wisconsin**

Age: **33**

Birth Date: **Jun 1866**

Birthplace: **Iowa**

Race: **White**

Gender: **Male**

Relationship to Head of House: **Head**

Father's Birthplace: **Illinois**

Mother's Birthplace: **Ohio**

Spouse's name: **Mary E**

Marriage Year: **1896**

Marital Status: **Married**

Years Married: **4**


Occupation: [View on Image](#)

Neighbors: [View others on page](#)

Household Members:	Name	Age
	Wallace M Short	33
	Mary E Short	31
	Zella Noe	15

Source Citation: Year: 1900; Census Place: *Evansville, Rock, Wisconsin*; Roll T623_1814; Page: 11B; Enumeration District: 170.

Source Information: Ancestry.com. 1900 United States Federal Census [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations Inc, 2004.



Original data: United States of America, Bureau of the Census. *Twelfth Census of the United States, 1900*. Washington, D.C.: National Archives and Records Administration, 1900. T623, 1854 rolls.

Description: This database is an index to individuals enumerated in the 1900 United States Federal Census, the Twelfth Census of the United States. Census takers recorded many details including each person's name, address, relationship to the head of household, color or race, sex, month and year of birth, age at last birthday, marital status, number of years married, the total number of children born of the mother, the number of those children living, birthplace, birthplace of father and mother, if the individual was foreign born, the year of immigration and the number of years in the United States, the citizenship status of foreign-born individuals over age twenty-one, occupation, and more. Additionally, the names of those listed on the population schedule are linked to actual images of the 1900 Federal Census. [Learn more...](#)

You searched for **Wallace M. Short** in **Iowa**

Iowa State Census Collection, 1836-1925

Name: **Wallace M Short**

Birth Year: **abt 1867**

Birth Place: **Iowa**

Gender: **Male**

Race: **White**

Marital Status: **Married**

Census Date: **1915**

Residence State: **Iowa**

Residence County: **Woodbury**

Locality: **Sioux City**

Mother's Birthplace: **Ohio**

Father's Birthplace: **Illinois**

Roll: **IA1915_526**

Line: **C828**

Neighbors: [View others on page](#)

Household Members:	Name	Age
	Wallace M Short	48

Source Information:
 Ancestry.com. *Iowa State Census Collection, 1836-1925* [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations Inc, 2007.
 Original data: Microfilm of Iowa State Censuses, 1856, 1885, 1895, 1905, 1915, 1925 as well various special censuses from 1836-1897 obtained from the State Historical Society of Iowa via Heritage Quest.

Description:
 This database contains Iowa state censuses for the following years: 1856, 1885, 1895, 1905, 1915, and 1925. It also includes some head of household censuses and other special censuses from 1836-1897. Information available for an individual will vary according to the census year and the information requested on the census form. Some of the information contained in this database though includes: name, age, gender, race, birthplace, marital status, and place of enumeration. [Learn more...](#)

FIND A GRAVE



Actions

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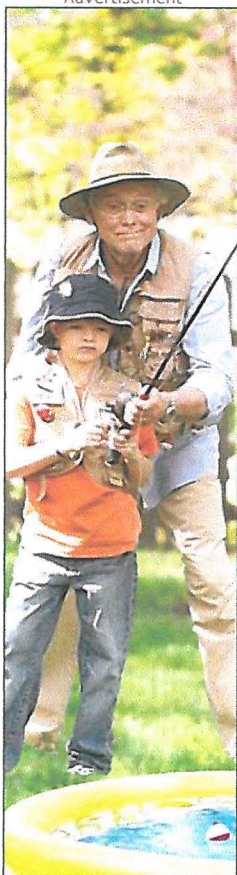
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Wallace M Short

Memorial Photos Flowers [Edit](#)

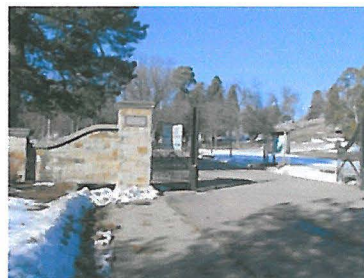
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Birth: unknown
 Death: 1953

Note: Interment date January 5, 1953

Burial:
[Logan Park Cemetery](#)
 Sioux City
 Woodbury County
 Iowa, USA
 Plot: Section 12 Plot 200

Created by: [Shiver](#)
 Record added: May 17, 2004
 Find A Grave Memorial# 8787758



Cemetery Photo
 Added by: Shiver

Add a photo for this person

Request A Photo

Photos may be scaled.
 Click on image for full size.

Leave flowers and a note

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