

**EIGHTY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY
2016 REGULAR SESSION
DAILY
HOUSE CLIP SHEET**

FEBRUARY 22, 2016

HOUSE FILE 2193

H-8009

1 Amend [House File 2193](#) as follows:

2 1. Page 1, by striking lines 1 through 14.

3 2. By striking page 1, line 35, through page 2,
4 line 12.

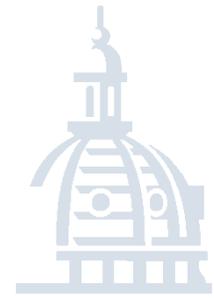
5 3. By renumbering as necessary.

COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

BALTIMORE of Boone, Chairperson

H-8009

FILED FEBRUARY 19, 2016



HF 2262 – Fishing License Exemption on Private Property (LSB5003HV)
Analyst: Debra Kozel (Phone: (515) 281-6767) (deb.kozel@legis.iowa.gov)
Fiscal Note Version – New

Description

House File 2262 eliminates the need for a person to purchase a fishing license when the owner of a pond on private land gives them permission to fish.

Background

Currently, Iowa Code section **483A.24** allows the owners and their minor-aged children to fish on the land they own without purchasing a fishing license. Other persons wanting to fish at a pond on private property must purchase a fishing license.

Assumptions

Fishing license fees are deposited in the Fish and Game Protection Fund to pay for programs related to hunting, fishing, law enforcement, and other wildlife programs within the Department of Natural Resources (DNR). When there is a reduction in the number of licenses sold, this reduces the revenue to the Fish and Game Protection Fund.

The DNR does not collect information on the number of people that fish only at private ponds. Information from the 2008 Iowa Angler Survey (Responsive Management) reported that 27.0% of Iowa's licensed anglers fish on private ponds and 20.0% of licensed anglers prefer to fish at private ponds. The survey did not include unlicensed anglers.

The table below provides a range of revenue loss by using percentages. The following table lists the number of fishing licenses sold in 2015, the fee paid for the license, and the total revenue generated. The three columns to the right estimate the reduction in revenue to the Fish and Game Protection Fund using an estimated percentage reduction in the number of licenses sold.

2015 Fishing License Sales

License Description	# Sold	License Fee	Total Revenue	Estimated Reduction Percentage		
				3.0%	5.0%	10.0%
Resident Annual Fishing	236,526	\$ 19.00	\$ 4,493,994	\$ 134,820	\$ 224,700	\$ 449,399
Resident 3-Year Fishing	5,212	53.00	276,236	8,287	13,812	27,624
Resident 1-Day Fishing	2,874	9.50	27,303	819	1,365	2,730
Resident 7-Day Fishing	1,145	13.50	15,458	464	773	1,546
Resident Fishing/Hunting Combination	45,254	47.00	2,126,938	63,808	106,347	212,694
Nonresident Annual Fishing	17,855	41.00	732,055	21,962	36,603	73,206
Nonresident 1-Day Fishing	12,851	10.50	134,936	4,048	6,747	13,494
Nonresident 3-Day Fishing	11,750	17.50	205,625	6,169	10,281	20,563
Nonresident 7-Day Fishing	2,091	32.00	66,912	2,007	3,346	6,691
Totals	335,558		\$ 8,079,456	\$ 242,384	\$ 403,973	\$ 807,946

Fiscal Impact

There is no impact to the State General Fund. The reduction in fishing license revenue to the Fish and Game Protection Fund is estimated as follows: \$243,000 if there is a 3.0% reduction; \$404,000 if there is a 5.0% reduction; and \$808,000 if there is a 10.0% reduction in fishing license sales for calendar year 2017.

Correctional Impact

The correctional impact is expected to be minimal.

Sources

Department of Natural Resources

2008 Iowa Angler Survey (Responsive Management)

2011 National Survey of Fishing, Hunting, and Wildlife Associated Recreation – Iowa

/s/ Holly M. Lyons

February 18, 2016

The fiscal note for this bill was prepared pursuant to [Joint Rule 17](#) and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.



HF 2146 – Lottery Self-Service Kiosks (LSB5208HV)

Analyst: Christin Mechler (Phone: (515) 281-6561) (christin.mechler@legis.iowa.gov)

Fiscal Note Version – New

Description

House File 2146 authorizes the dispensing of lottery tickets and related products by self-service kiosks. The bill is effective on enactment.

Background

Lottery tickets are currently sold at approximately 2,400 retail locations across the state of Iowa. Approximately 260 of these locations carry specific scratch ticket vending machines, and approximately 800 locations carry pull tab vending machines. Scratch ticket games accounted for 65.0% of total lottery sales of \$324.5 million in FY 2015. In FY 2015, scratch ticket and pull tab ticket sales realized \$21.6 million in sales, providing for 10.0% of all scratch ticket sales. Pull tab games accounted for 5.0% of lottery sales in FY 2015, where lotto games achieved 30.0% of total sales. Nearly 70.0% of all scratch ticket sales were generated from vending machines. The current vending machines have been in use since 1991 and are in need of replacement, as some older parts are no longer being manufactured. The contract for the current vending machines expires in September 2016. The table below summarizes FY 2015 sales.

Table 1: Lottery Ticket Sales Revenue - FY 2015

(dollars in millions)

<u>Game type</u>	<u>Revenue</u>	<u>% of total</u>			
Scratch Ticket	\$ 212.0	65%			
Pull Tab	16.0	5%			
Lotto/Other	96.5	30%			
	<u>\$ 324.5</u>				
<u>Estimated FY 2015</u>			<u>Locations</u>	<u>Est. Rev</u>	<u>% of Type</u>
Number of retail locations selling tickets			2,400	\$ 324.5	
Number selling scratch tickets from vending machines			260	21.6	10%
Number selling pull tabs from vending machines			800	16.0	100%

Current law prohibits the use of self-service kiosks or monitor vending machines when audio or video representation of the lottery game is initiated by player interaction.

The Lottery Authority makes an annual transfer of revenue to the General Fund and to the Veterans Trust Fund after all lottery related expenses have been paid. The Lottery transferred \$72.1 million to the General Fund in FY 2014 and \$72.3 million in FY 2015. **Senate File 323**, as signed into law by Governor Branstad on March 31, 2015, requires \$2.5 million of lottery revenue to be transferred to the Veterans Trust Fund annually.

Assumptions

- Assumes lottery revenues generated through the new kiosk machinery will increase revenue by an estimated \$30.5 million annually.
- For FY 2017 and FY 2018, total lottery revenues are projected to be \$291.0 million.

Fiscal Impact

No fiscal impact to the State General Fund is projected for the remainder of FY 2016. Through the addition of updated self-service kiosks at retail locations after the expiration of the current vending contract, the Lottery Authority projects an increase of \$30.5 million in revenue per year for FY 2017 and FY 2018, increasing total lottery revenue to approximately \$321.5 million.

[HF 2146](#) will increase the Authority's annual General Fund transfer by an additional \$6.2 million for both FY 2017 and FY 2018. The annual amount transferred to the Veterans Trust Fund will remain the same.

Sources

Iowa Lottery Authority
Legislative Services Agency

/s/ Holly M. Lyons

February 18, 2016

The fiscal note for this bill was prepared pursuant to [Joint Rule 17](#) and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.
