

**NINETY-FIRST GENERAL ASSEMBLY
2026 REGULAR SESSION
DAILY
HOUSE CLIP SHEET**

March 20, 2026

Clip Sheet Summary

Displays all amendments, fiscal notes, and conference committee reports for previous day.

| Bill | Amendment | Action | Sponsor |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| HF 2230 | H-8250 | Filed | MATSON of Polk |
| HF 2601 | H-8248 | Filed | SRINIVAS of Polk |
| SF 572 | H-8249 | Filed | SCHOLTEN of Woodbury |
| SF 572 | H-8251 | Filed | TUREK of Pottawattamie |

Fiscal Notes

[HF 2621](#) — [Intimidation with Dangerous Weapons](#) (LSB5939HV)

HOUSE FILE 2230

H-8250

- 1 Amend House File 2230 as follows:
- 2 1. Page 1, line 2, by striking <paragraphs> and inserting
- 3 <paragraph>
- 4 2. By striking page 2, line 2, through page 3, line 19.

By MATSON of Polk

H-8250 FILED MARCH 20, 2026

HOUSE FILE 2601

H-8248

- 1 Amend House File 2601 as follows:
- 2 1. Page 3, after line 17 by inserting:
- 3 <Sec. ____ . Section 68A.502, subsection 3, Code 2026, is
- 4 amended by adding the following new paragraph:
- 5 NEW PARAGRAPH. *d.* A contribution made to a candidate
- 6 or candidate's committee by a person who is not an eligible
- 7 elector, as defined in section 39.3, that is a resident of
- 8 the state, district, county, township, city, ward, or other
- 9 political subdivision that is represented by the office sought
- 10 by the candidate, as reflected in the statement of organization
- 11 filed pursuant to section 68A.201.>
- 12 2. Title page, line 2, after <nationals> by inserting <
- 13 illegal campaign contributions,>
- 14 3. By renumbering as necessary.

By SRINIVAS of Polk

H-8248 FILED MARCH 20, 2026

SENATE FILE 572

H-8249

1 Amend Senate File 572, as amended, passed, and reprinted by
2 the Senate, as follows:

3 1. Page 2, after line 28 by inserting:

4 <Sec. ____ . NEW SECTION. 189B.1 Slaughter establishments
5 — prohibitions on licensure.

6 1. For purposes of this chapter:

7 a. "*Department*" means the department of agriculture and land
8 stewardship.

9 b. "*Federal Acts*" means the Federal Meat Inspection Act
10 approved March 4, 1907, 34 Stat. 1260, as amended by the
11 Wholesome Meat Act, 81 Stat. 584, and the Federal Poultry
12 Products Inspection Act approved August 28, 1957, 71 Stat. 441,
13 as amended by the Wholesome Poultry Products Act, 82 Stat. 791.

14 c. "*Slaughter establishment*" means a person engaged in the
15 business of slaughtering live animals or receiving or buying
16 live animals for slaughter and who is subject to inspection by
17 the United States department of agriculture under either of the
18 federal Acts, or by the department.

19 2. The department shall not issue a license for a person to
20 establish, conduct, or maintain a slaughter establishment in
21 this state without a license issued under chapter 189A.

22 3. A license shall not be issued or renewed under chapter
23 189A for an instrumentality of the government of the People's
24 Republic of China, an individual who is a citizen of the
25 People's Republic of China, or a business entity in which
26 a majority interest is owned directly or indirectly by an
27 instrumentality of the government of the People's Republic
28 of China, or an individual who is a citizen of the People's
29 Republic of China.

30 4. A license shall not be issued or renewed under chapter
31 189A for an instrumentality of the government of the Russian
32 Federation, an individual who is a citizen of the Russian
33 Federation, or a business entity in which a majority interest
34 is owned directly or indirectly by an instrumentality of the
35 government of the Russian Federation, or an individual who is a

H-8249 (Continued)

1 citizen of the Russian Federation.

2 5. A license shall not be issued or renewed under chapter
3 189A for an instrumentality of the government of the Democratic
4 People's Republic of Korea, an individual who is a citizen of
5 the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, or a business entity
6 in which a majority interest is owned directly or indirectly by
7 an instrumentality of the government of the Democratic People's
8 Republic of Korea, or an individual who is a citizen of the
9 Democratic People's Republic of Korea.>

10 2. Title page, by striking line 4 and inserting <or maintain
11 a hospital, health facility, or slaughter establishment.>

12 3. By renumbering as necessary.

By SCHOLTEN of Woodbury

[H-8249](#) FILED MARCH 20, 2026

SENATE FILE 572

H-8251

1 Amend Senate File 572, as amended, passed, and reprinted by
2 the Senate, as follows:

3 1. Page 1, after line 30 by inserting:

4 <Sec. ____ . NEW SECTION. 135B.41 Hospital change of
5 ownership — prohibitions.

6 The department shall not approve the change of ownership of
7 a previously licensed hospital if the person seeking to obtain
8 ownership of the hospital is any of the following:

9 1. A private equity fund as defined in 12 U.S.C.
10 §1851(h)(2), as amended.

11 2. Majority owned by a private equity fund.

12 3. An affiliate of a private equity fund.

13 4. A real estate investment trust as defined in 26 U.S.C.
14 §856(a), as amended.

15 5. Majority owned by a real estate investment trust.

16 6. An affiliate of a real estate investment trust.>

17 2. Page 2, after line 28 by inserting:

18 <Sec. ____ . Section 135C.7A, Code 2026, is amended by adding
19 the following new subsection:

20 NEW SUBSECTION. 6A. The department shall not approve the
21 change of ownership of a previously licensed nursing facility
22 if the person seeking to obtain ownership of the nursing
23 facility is any of the following:

24 a. A private equity fund as defined in 12 U.S.C.
25 §1851(h)(2), as amended.

26 b. Majority owned by a private equity fund.

27 c. An affiliate of a private equity fund.

28 d. A real estate investment trust as defined in 26 U.S.C.
29 §856(a), as amended.

30 e. Majority owned by a real estate investment trust.

31 f. An affiliate of a real estate investment trust.>

32 3. Title page, by striking lines 1 through 4 and inserting
33 <An Act relating to the ownership of hospitals, health care
34 facilities, and nursing facilities.>

35 4. By renumbering as necessary.

H-8251 (Continued)

By TUREK of Pottawattamie

H-8251 FILED MARCH 20, 2026



Fiscal Note

Fiscal Services Division



[House File 2621](#) – Intimidation with Dangerous Weapons (LSB5939SV)
Staff Contact: Justus Thompson (515.725.2249) justus.thompson@legis.iowa.gov
Fiscal Note Version – New

Description

[House File 2621](#) removes language that refers to the shooting, throwing, launching, or discharging of a dangerous weapon within an assembly of people, and thereby placing the occupants or people in reasonable apprehension of serious injury, from Iowa Code section [708.6](#) (crime of intimidation with a dangerous weapon) and adds language for the shooting, throwing, launching, or discharging of a dangerous weapon at another person.

Background

Penalties under Iowa Code section 708.6 range from a Class D felony to a Class C felony depending on the circumstances. A Class D felony is punishable by confinement for up to five years and a fine of at least \$1,025 but not more than \$10,245. A Class C felony is punishable by confinement for up to 10 years and a fine of at least \$1,370 but not more than \$13,660.

In FY 2025, there were 98 convictions under Iowa Code section 708.6. Of those convictions, 89 offenders were involved. During the same time period, 59 individuals were admitted to prison, 43 individuals were admitted to probation, and 27 individuals were admitted to parole under an Iowa Code section 708.6 offense.

Assumptions

- The following will not change over the projection period: charge, conviction, and sentencing patterns and trends; prisoner length of stay (LOS); revocation rates; plea bargaining; and other criminal justice system policies and practices.
- County jail data is unavailable. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.
- Conviction data reflects the total number of convictions in adult court, which may include multiple convictions per individual. Not all convictions lead to incarceration, and there may be a delay between conviction and prison admission, which can contribute to differences in totals.
- A six-month delay is assumed from the effective date of the Bill to the date the first offender will enter the correctional system.
- Offender-based convictions are a count of individuals convicted of the same offense. Each offender is counted only once per Iowa Code section, regardless of the number of individual convictions.
- Admissions are a count of individuals newly admitted to the Department of Corrections (DOC) for supervision during a selected time period, based on the most serious offense committed.

Correctional Impact

The correctional impact of the Bill cannot be determined because the number of new convictions cannot be estimated. **Figure 1** shows sentencing estimates to State prison, parole, probation, or Community-Based Corrections (CBC) residential facilities; LOS in months under

those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for a Class C felony and Class D felony. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, [Cost Estimates Used for Correctional Impact Statements](#), dated January 12, 2026, for information related to the correctional system.

Figure 1 — Sentencing Estimates and Length of Stay (LOS) in Months

| Conviction Offense Class | Percent Ordered to State Prison | FY 2025 Avg LOS in Prison (All Releases) | Marginal Cost Per Day Prison | Percent Ordered to Probation | FY 2025 Field Avg LOS on Probation | Avg Cost Per Day Probation | Marginal Cost Per Day CBC | Marginal Cost Per Day Jail | FY 2025 Field Avg LOS on Parole | Marginal Cost Per Day Parole |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| D Felony Persons | 79.7% | 18.1 | \$23.07 | 57.6% | 40.0 | \$8.00 | \$16.35 | \$50.00 | 16.8 | \$8.00 |
| C Felony Persons | 89.1% | 39.1 | \$23.07 | 30.1% | 42.8 | \$8.00 | \$16.35 | \$50.00 | 27.2 | \$8.00 |

Minority Impact

The minority impact cannot be determined since it is not known how many additional convictions would result from the changes under the Bill. However, the Bill may disproportionately impact Black individuals if trends remain constant. Of the 89 individuals convicted under Iowa Code section 708.6 in FY 2025, 31.5% of offenders were White, 60.3% were Black, and 8.2% were other races. Iowa’s population is 83.2% White, 4.2% Black, and 12.6% other races. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, [Minority Impact Statements](#), dated January 12, 2026, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

The fiscal impact of the Bill cannot be determined because the number of new convictions cannot be estimated. **Figure 2** shows the average State cost per offense for a Class C felony and Class D felony. The estimated impact to the General Fund includes operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the Indigent Defense Fund, and the DOC. The costs would be incurred across multiple fiscal years for prison and parole supervision.

Figure 2 — Average State Cost Per Offense

| Offense Class | Average Cost |
|----------------|----------------------|
| Class D Felony | \$13,000 to \$18,100 |
| Class C Felony | \$15,000 to \$25,200 |

Sources

Department of Corrections
 Division of Data, Planning, and Improvement (DPI), Department of Management (DOM)

/s/ Jennifer Acton

March 20, 2026

Doc ID 1603386

The Fiscal Note for this Bill was prepared pursuant to [Joint Rule 17](#) and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this Fiscal Note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.
