

Fiscal Note



Fiscal Services Division

<u>SF 345</u> – Paraphernalia Regulation (LSB1126SV.4) Staff Contact: Evan Johnson (515.281.6301) <u>evan.johnson@legis.iowa.gov</u> Fiscal Note Version – Final Action

Description

<u>Senate File 345</u> relates to the regulation of certain tobacco-related products, including devices involved with the usage of these products, and establishes licensing fees and sales and excise tax collection procedures. The Bill defines "device" as any equipment or product, made in whole or in part of glass and metal, that is designed for use in inhaling through combustion tobacco, hemp, other plant materials, or a controlled substance. The definition of "device" does not include vapor products and other certain smokable tobacco-related products. Under the Bill, retailers who sell these devices will be taxed at a rate of 40.0% of the sales price in addition to sales and use tax.

In addition to a tobacco retailer permit, device retailers, including delivery sale device retailers, are required to apply for a device retailer permit. The device retailer permit fee totaling \$1,500 annually is to be collected by the State and may be remitted to cities and counties that approve such permits. Cities and counties that approve device retailer permits must submit the information to the Iowa Department of Revenue (IDR), and the IDR must submit the current list of all device retailer permits to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) quarterly.

The Bill creates a Specialty Courts and Diversion Programs Fund under the control of the Office of Drug Control Policy. All excise taxes collected on devices and permit fee revenue (except for fees remitted to counties and cities) are deposited into this Fund. Moneys in the Fund are appropriated to the Office of Drug Control Policy for support of specialty courts and diversion programs to address underlying substance use disorder-related and mental health-related issues that contribute to the contact of individuals with the justice system.

The sale of devices is prohibited to any individual under the age of 21. In addition to the provisions under lowa Code chapter 453A, the Bill creates various requirements for device retailers and establishes civil penalties for the willful violation of those requirements. Additionally, a device retailer permit holder, a device delivery sale permit holder, or another individual who violates the provisions of the Bill is guilty of a serious misdemeanor.

The Bill takes effect January 1, 2025.

Background

lowa Code chapter 453A provides for cigarette and tobacco taxation and regulation, including license suspension, license revocation provisions, and penalties that apply to tobacco retailers, device retailers, and device delivery sale permit holders, as well as those who do not hold permits.

A serious misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine of at least \$430 but no more than \$2,560.

Assumptions

- Marginal costs for county jails cannot be estimated due to a lack of data. For purposes of this analysis, the marginal cost for county jails is assumed to be \$50 per day.
- The IDR estimates there are approximately 100 currently licensed tobacco stores in the State. Of these stores, approximately 35 sell devices regulated under the Bill and will apply for a device retailer permit.
- Total device sales at these stores in FY 2022 were estimated as a percentage of the retailers' total sales. The estimations are as follows: 4 stores had 100.0% device sales, 7 stores had 50.0% device sales, and 24 stores had 25.0% device sales. Estimated sales of devices were approximately \$6.6 million in FY 2022.
- Additional non-tobacco-specific stores (convenience stores, gas stations, etc.) that currently sell devices regulated under the Bill will not apply for a device retailer permit.
- According to the HHS, there are currently 3,597 locations, including non-tobacco-specific stores, that sell tobacco and require compliance checks.
- The additional cost of devices will not affect sales for other products.
- Permit fees collected for out-of-state retailers cannot be determined.
- Sales tax growth from FY 2022 to FY 2023 is assumed to be 3.9%. Growth trends in future fiscal years are assumed to be 2.0%.

Correctional Impact

Senate File 345 establishes two new serious misdemeanors related to device retailer permit holders, device delivery sale permit holders, and other individuals who violate the provisions of new Iowa Code chapter 453E. Convictions related to new Iowa Code chapter 453E cannot be estimated due to a lack of data.

Figure 1 provides estimates for sentencing to State prison, parole, probation, or Community-Based Corrections (CBC) residential facilities; LOS under those supervisions; and supervision marginal costs per day for all convictions of serious misdemeanors. Refer to the Legislative Services Agency (LSA) memo addressed to the General Assembly, <u>Cost Estimates</u> <u>Used for Correctional Impact Statements</u>, dated January 16, 2024, for information related to the correctional system.

							Percent					
	Percent	FY 2023	Marginal		FY23		Sentenced		Percent		FY 23	Marginal
	Ordered	Avg LOS in	Cost Per	Percent	Field Avg	Avg Cost	to CBC	Marginal	Ordered	Marginal	Field Avg	Cost Per
	to State	Prison (All	Day	Ordered to	LOS on	Per Day on	Residential	Cost Per	to County	Cost Per	LOS on	Day
Conviction Offense Class	Prison	Releases)	Prison	Probation	Probation	Probation	Facility	Day CBC	Jail	Day Jail	Parole	Parole
Serious Misdemeanor	1.7%	6.6	\$24.94	53.0%	19.2	\$7.67	1.2%	\$20.00	74.2%	\$50.00	N/A	\$7.67

Figure 1 — Sentencing Estimates and LOS

Minority Impact

The minority impact of SF 345 is unknown. Refer to the LSA memo addressed to the General Assembly, *Minority Impact Statement*, dated January 16, 2024, for information related to minorities in the criminal justice system.

Fiscal Impact

Excise Tax

Senate File 345 is estimated to result in revenue of \$1.4 million in FY 2025 and \$2.9 million in FY 2026 to the Specialty Courts and Diversion Programs Fund as a result of the excise tax collected. **Figure 2** provides revenue estimates for the Fund through FY 2029.

Figure 2 — Revenue Estimates to the Specialty Courts and Diversion Programs Fund (In Millions)

Fiscal Year	Excise	Tax Revenue
FY 2025	\$	1.4
FY 2026		2.9
FY 2027		3.0
FY 2028		3.0
FY 2029		3.1

Permit Fee

Permit fee revenue is estimated to be \$50,000 annually. This revenue will be deposited into the Specialty Courts and Diversion Programs Fund unless remitted to a city or county. Any permit fee remitted to a city or county will be credited to the respective city or county's general fund.

Correctional Fiscal Impact

Senate File 345 establishes new crimes. The resulting cost to the justice system cannot be determined. The average State cost per serious misdemeanor conviction ranges from \$400 to \$6,900, which includes operating costs incurred by the Judicial Branch, the State Public Defender, and the Department of Corrections (DOC). In addition, the new offenses established by SF 345 may increase civil penalty revenue, but the impact is unknown.

Additional Fiscal Impact

The cost to the IDR to update its electronic I-PLEDGE Tobacco Enforcement Program reporting system, which would be used for data entry related to device retailer permit applications collected from localities, is estimated at \$11,000. If the number of licensed tobacco retailers increases, there may be increased costs for the HHS associated with the annual compliance checks on tobacco retailers, but the total impact is unknown. The cost of one compliance check on a tobacco retailer in the State is \$75. The HHS contracts with the IDR to perform the compliance checks.

<u>Sources</u>

Iowa Department of Revenue Department of Health and Human Services Department of Corrections Criminal and Juvenile Justice Planning, Department of Management Legislative Services Agency analysis

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The fiscal note for this Bill was prepared pursuant to <u>Joint Rule 17</u> and the Iowa Code. Data used in developing this fiscal note is available from the Fiscal Services Division of the Legislative Services Agency upon request.