

## National Economic Indicators

Calendar Year	(1) Consumer Price Index	Percent Change from Previous Year	(2) United States Unemployment Rate	(3) United States Gross Domestic Product	Percent Change from Previous Year
1994	148.2	2.6%	6.1%	\$ 7,287	6.2%
1995	152.4	2.8	5.6	7,640	4.8
1996	156.9	2.9	5.4	8,073	5.7
1997	160.5	2.3	4.9	8,578	6.2
1998	163.0	1.6	4.5	9,063	5.7
1999	166.6	2.2	4.2	9,631	6.3
2000	172.2	3.4	4.0	10,252	6.5
2001	177.1	2.8	4.7	10,582	3.2
2002	179.9	1.6	5.8	10,936	3.4
2003	184.0	2.3	6.0	11,458	4.8
2004	188.9	2.7	5.5	12,214	6.6
2005	195.3	3.4	5.1	13,037	6.7
2006	201.6	3.2	4.6	13,815	6.0
2007	207.3	2.9	4.6	14,452	4.6
2008	215.3	3.8	5.8	14,713	1.8
2009	214.5	(0.4)	9.3	14,449	(1.8)
2010	218.1	1.6	9.6	14,992	3.8
2011	224.9	3.2	8.9	15,543	3.7
2012	229.6	2.1	8.1	16,197	4.2
2013	233.0	1.5	7.4	16,785	3.6
2014	236.7	1.6	6.2	17,522	4.4
2015	237.0	0.1	5.3	18,219	4.0
2016	240.0	1.3	4.9	18,707	2.7
2017	245.1	2.1	4.4	19,485	4.2

### Notes:

- 1) Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The base year for the Consumer Price Index is 1982-84=100. The calendar year value listed is the 12-month average for the year.
- 2) Unemployment rate is a measure of the average percentage of the U.S. civilian labor force unemployed each year. The value is the unadjusted annual rate.
- 3) Gross Domestic Product is the value of all goods and services produced in the United States in one year in billions of current dollars (not adjusted for inflation). Historical numbers are subject to revision in future years.