### Infrastructure Appropriations for Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS)

Location: Capitol Complex, Des Moines, and Statewide

Project: Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS)

#### Description of the Work:

The goal of the project is to enter criminal justice data only once, and then share the data automatically with other criminal justice agencies who need that data to increase efficiency and improve public safety.

Using a centralized computer system that meets or exceeds all federal and state security requirements, this initiative continues to develop a seamless, real-time, electronic information sharing "system of systems" for members of the criminal justice community in Iowa. Historically, criminal justice information systems have been developed in isolation, resulting in independent systems that may share many common data concepts without being able to effectively communicate. Iowa's CJIS project was created out of the need for these systems to share information and work product in a timely, secure, accurate, and comprehensive manner. As criminal justice information sharing is a high priority of federal law enforcement agencies, the CJIS system has adopted national standards that effectuate its design to enable the timely, efficient, and automated sharing of information within and between criminal justice entities at the state, local, and national levels. Sharing is accomplished without sacrificing the independence of criminal justice entities and without forcing them to incur costly upgrades to their distinct technological architectures.

All 99 counties in Iowa receive benefits from CJIS. The system has grown to include information exchanges between the Judicial Branch, Department of Corrections, Department of Transportation, Department of Public Safety, Department of Natural Resources, Department of Human Services, Secretary of State, Attorney General, State Public Defender, and County Attorneys in sixty-seven (67) Iowa counties.

In a typical month, CJIS performs approximately 400,000 separate secure information exchanges between these justice entities. State, county, and local agencies have come to rely on CJIS for their daily business practices in order to make their agencies more effective and efficient, and to better serve the public.

Iowa's CJIS system has received national awards for excellence and is a national leader in criminal justice information sharing.

Examples of the benefits that accrue to the public and to agencies participating in CJIS exchanges include:

As soon as a judge approves a **protective order**, the information is transmitted to the Iowa Online Warrants and Articles (IOWA) System. That information is now available to law enforcement responders anywhere from 12 to 36 hours sooner than it was with paper transmission. Since the first 24 hours following a domestic incident are the most dangerous, immediate information helps officers protect victims from further violence. This exchange is used **4,700 times per month**.

- Law enforcement agencies across the state and nation are routinely and instantly provided corrections-related information upon request, including **photographs of suspects**. As a result, the personal safety of officers and the public is enhanced. This exchange is used by law enforcement across the country over **18,000 times per** <u>day</u>, and Iowa is part of this crucial network of cooperation.
- Law enforcement officers are able to spend less time on paperwork and more time on investigations and patrol by preparing electronic citations and criminal complaints. The Complaint and Affidavit and/or ECCO (citation) exchanges are used in all 99 counties, including 260 local police departments, all 99 county sheriffs' offices, 3 university police departments, the State Fair Police, 1 airport police unit, the Meskwaki Nation Police Department, the BNSF Railway Police, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Police. When delivered, the complaint information is automatically populated in the Court and County Attorney databases. This exchange is also used by the lowa State Patrol, lowa DNR, lowa State Parks, IDOT Bureau of Investigation, IDOT Motor Vehicle Enforcement, IDOT Motor Vehicle Computer Lab, lowa Insurance Fraud, and the county conservation departments in 19 counties. These exchanges are used 38,000 times per month.
- The Office of Driver Services receives electronic conviction and suspension information from the Judicial Branch, increasing the Department of Transportation's efficiency in handling convictions and suspensions of driver licenses. This exchange is used 40,600 times per month.

The benefits of CJIS also include the elimination of information errors and redundant data entry, allowing for improved and more immediate decision-making, operational efficiency, and an enhanced ability to evaluate the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of local and statewide justice-related programs and laws. CJIS collaborates with <u>several criminal justice information systems throughout the State of lowa</u> including:

- The **Traffic and Criminal Software (TraCS) system**, which is administered by the Iowa Department of Transportation (IDOT) and used by **390 law enforcement agencies** including the Iowa State Patrol and DOT Motor Vehicle Enforcement (compared to 168 at the end of 2015)
- The **Iowa Online Warrants and Articles (IOWA) System**, which is administered by the Department of Public Safety (DPS) and is accessed by all law enforcement agencies in the state
- The Department of Corrections (DOC), Iowa Corrections Offender Network (ICON)
- Judicial Branch Information Technology (JBIT) which is the case management system used by all judges and court clerks, and the companion Electronic Document Management System (EDMS)
- The County Attorneys' ProLaw Case Management System
- The County Attorneys' Judicial/Dialog Case Management System
- The County Attorneys' Karpel Case Management System
- The State Public Defender's IDOCIT Case Management System
- The County Sheriffs' **CivilServe System**, which is utilized by five high-volume sheriffs' offices

# Progress of the Work:

A significant amount of progress has been made on this project since its development began in 2007, and specifically during the last year. CJIS facilitates electronic exchanges of real-time justice information in more than 390 jurisdictions around the state, adding 9 to last year's total. The CJIS Program Office,

pursuant to CJIS Advisory Committee directives, maintains current data exchanges, and also plans and implements new exchanges based upon the needs and requests of criminal justice agencies. CJISbrokered information is now a part of the daily business process and workflow of the statewide court system and state and local criminal justice agencies and offices. On average, it takes approximately three seconds to perform a round trip, electronic transmission of CJIS information for any given information exchange.

CJIS currently performs and maintains the following data exchanges:

- Criminal Complaints and Electronic Citations (ECCO). (Law Enforcement → JBIT and/or County Attorney) These crucial exchanges automate delivery of Criminal Complaints and Citations from law enforcement via Iowa's Traffic and Criminal Software (TraCS) system, to the Courts' JBIT system for review and further processing. For certain charges, the complaints are also delivered directly to the County Attorney's office.
  - This Complaint filing process is used statewide by the Iowa State Patrol, IDOT-Motor Vehicle Enforcement, IDOT-Bureau of Investigation, IDOT Computer Lab, Department of Natural Resources (DNR), DNR-Parks Bureau, and Polk County Conservation.
  - 390 local agencies (Sheriff's Offices, local Police Departments, and University/Airport/Railway Police) are now able to electronically file complaints or citations, depending on their needs. (See Appendix for full list.)
  - Every month, approximately 13,600 Criminal Complaints and 24,300 Citations are sent through these two (2) exchanges. <u>Note</u>: This volume was lower in 2020 and 2021 due to the coronavirus pandemic, which reduced the volume of both criminal complaints and traffic citation from previous levels of 16,000 and 34,000 per month, respectively.
- Statewide Consolidated Charge Code Table. (CJIS → multiple) This exchange sends updates from a centralized table that manages all criminal charge codes to the Judicial Branch, DPS, DOC, DOT, and local law enforcement to ensure that all entities are using the same criminal charge codes, and that the information is current and consistent. Traditionally, each of these recipients had maintained its own version of a table listing all Iowa criminal statutes and municipal ordinances in various levels of detail. Now, these agencies all use an identical, up-to-date list of chargeable offenses. Every month, approximately 600 updates are sent. A significant rewrite of the Iowa Criminal Code in 2020 (to update scheduled fines) resulted in a major effort and deployment of 2,400 Charge Code updates to each of these agencies in July 2020, all through this CJIS exchange.
- Protective Order. (JBIT → DPS and local law enforcement) When a judge enters a Protective Order, that order is immediately sent from the courts (JBIT) to the Department of Public Safety and local law enforcement. In a typical month, over 4,700 protective orders are delivered from courts to law enforcement through this exchange.
- Order for Pre-Sentence Investigation. (JBIT → DOC) A judge's request for a pre-sentence investigation is sent from the Judicial Branch to the Dept. of Corrections approximately 800 times per month.

- Pre-Sentence Investigation Report. (DOC → JBIT) The completed pre-sentence investigation report is transmitted from DOC's ICON system to the Court's JBIT system approximately 700 times per month.
- Mental Health Orders. (JBIT → DHS/FBI) Following the 2007 fatal shootings at Virginia Tech by an assailant who had a history of mental health orders, Congress expanded the National Instant Check System (NICS). This exchange automatically populates the NICS database maintained by the FBI with mental-health-related court orders, and judgments of Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity. Cases like these are sent through CJIS around 250 times per month.
- Firearms Prohibitors Iowa Code 724.31A. (JBIT → DPS/FBI) The passage of Iowa House File 756 regarding a person's ability to lawfully purchase or possess a firearm necessitated a new exchange in 2021, so that DPS and the FBI NICS system are now immediately notified when a person becomes ineligible to purchase or possess firearms according to the stated conditions in that law. This is a new exchange that, thus far, is averaging 900 notifications per month from the Courts to DPS and the FBI.
- Convictions and Driver's License Suspensions. (JBIT → DOT) When a defendant is found guilty of a traffic violation or select criminal offenses, the disposition is sent to the Dept. of Transportation's driver license system. Court-ordered suspensions and withdrawals of suspensions are sent through this exchange, keeping the Drivers' Records synchronized with orders that affect Driver's License status. These automatic updates at DOT ensure that the appropriate actions relating to driving privileges are enforced immediately. Approximately 41,000 of these notifications are delivered to the DOT every month through this exchange. Note: This volume was reduced during 2020 and 2021 due to the pandemic; there were fewer traffic violations overall.
- Sex Offender Address Updates. (DOC → DCI; and DCI → DOC) A change in the documented address of sex offender triggers an exchange to update the DPS-Division of Criminal Investigation's (DCI's) Sex Offender Registry, keeping this important public resource on sex offender tracking as current as possible. When sex offenders' addresses or other important information are updated on the sex offender registry by the DCI (information usually obtained from local Sheriffs), the information is pushed to the Department of Corrections. The DOC is then better able to supervise sex offenders, which may result in quicker probation/parole revocations of sex offenders who violate supervision terms. The volume of these two exchanges has historically averaged 6,000 per month. This exchange has been temporarily suspended since November 2020 as DPS makes changes to its CCH system; there are plans to reinstate the exchange once that system has been updated.
- Offender Query. (DPS → DOC → DPS) CJIS supports a query from DPS to DOC for offender information, including photo identification. Officers are able to access data on any person who has been incarcerated or is under community supervision. This capability has been extended to Nlets, the International Justice and Public Safety Network, providing information to investigators in other states, further leveraging Iowa's investigative resources.

- Court Disposition & Payments. (JBIT → Polk Co. Sheriff) Dramatically increases collections from convicted criminals by sending of disposition and collection information from the Polk County Court to the Polk County Sheriff's Office 8,300 times per month.
- New Felons. (JBIT → Secretary of State) The JBIT system pushes information to the Secretary of State's Office for each defendant newly convicted of a felony. This data transfer replaces a monthly paper report, which saves data-entry time for Secretary of State's staff, and keeps eligible-voter records current. This exchange sends around 960 new files every month.
- Disposition-Matching in Real Time. (JBIT → DPS) This exchange replaced a weekly, flat-file transfer from the Courts to the State's official Computerized Criminal History (CCH) housed at DPS. The exchange sends real-time updates every time a court clerk enters a disposition into JBIT, keeping the state's CCH accurate and up-to-date, around 27,000 times per month.
- Notice of Appeal. (JBIT → Attorney General) This exchange sends a notification to the Attorney General's office when a Notice of Appeal is filed on a case on which the AG's office will now be a party, around 270 times per month.
- County Attorney Exchanges: Currently, 67 of Iowa's 99 county attorneys rely on CJIS exchanges in their normal course of business. Counties, based on their needs, choose to participate in any of the following exchanges:
  - Court Notice. (JBIT → County Attorney) This exchange returns court case information to a County Attorney upon their filing of a complaint or trial information, enabling more up-to-date case tracking in County Attorneys' case management systems. Sixty (60) County Attorney offices currently receive this information directly from the Courts. CJIS continues to roll out this exchange to other eligible offices. CJIS sends 6,700 notifications per month through this exchange.
  - Hearing Order. (JBIT → County Attorney) This exchange sends information from the courts to County Attorneys for any scheduled hearing or event. The hearings are automatically placed on the calendar in the County Attorney's case management system, allowing for better management of heavy caseloads. Sixty (60) County Attorney offices currently receive this information directly from the Courts. CJIS continues to roll out this exchange to other eligible offices. CJIS sends 199,700 notifications per month through this exchange.
  - Offender Release. (DOC → County Attorney) This exchange allows the DOC to easily and automatically send information to County Attorneys when an offender is released from custody so that the County Attorney can better uphold his/her statutory obligation to notify registered victims of that offender's release. This exchange has now been rolled out to 49 County Attorney offices.
  - Victim Transfer. (County Attorney  $\rightarrow$  DOC) This exchange allows County Attorneys to easily and automatically send victim contact information to the DOC to enable

notifications to those victims through the VINE network. This exchange has now been rolled out to 49 County Attorney offices.

- Victim Assignment. (DOC → County Attorney) This exchange sends confirmation from the DOC to county attorneys that it received the victim's contact information. This exchange has now been rolled out to 49 County Attorney offices.
- Charge Code Updates. (CJIS → County Attorneys) When changes are made to the Master Charge Code Table, the 67 county attorneys who participate in CJIS receive automatic updates to their case management systems 70 times per month.
- Juvenile Casework. (JBIT → Dept. of Human Services) This exchange replaced an onerous paper system and now allows Iowa's Juvenile Court Officers to more easily track and report the time they spend with delinquent youth who are also in foster care. The exchange volume is 550 per month.
- Attorney General Hearing Order. (JBIT → AG Area Prosecution Unit) This exchange allows attorneys with the AG Area Prosecution Unit to receive hearing orders in the same manner that County Attorneys do, in cases where the AG is involved in the prosecution of a criminal case.
- Public Defender Court Notice. (JBIT → Public Defender) This exchange serves Iowa's 18 Public Defender offices in the same manner CJIS currently serves Iowa's County Attorneys, allowing Public Defenders' Case Management Systems to automatically receive case information for new court appointments, eliminating the need for staff to manually enter arduous data. New case information is routed to the correct Public Defender office 6,700 times per month upon an Order Appointing Counsel entered by a court.
- Community Services Network. (JBIT → CSN) This exchange sends initial criminal complaint data to lowa County Technology Services, which operates the Community Services Network (CSN). The CSN is a robust existing database that connects county mental health workers with individuals who may benefit from mental health or other community-based services. Delivering timely criminal complaints to the CSN via 13,200 exchanges per month helps county mental health workers locate individuals shortly following an arrest to connect them to services.
- Citation Disposition to Law Enforcement. (JBIT → TraCS/Law Enforcement) This exchange sends valuable traffic citation disposition information back to the originating law enforcement agency that filed the original citation. CJIS transmits these dispositions from the Courts back to TraCS, which, in turn, makes the dispositions available to individual agencies with 23,900 notifications per month. This assists law enforcement with training and effectiveness.

CJIS is not a static system; it continues to grow as lowa's criminal justice agencies make more requests for data-sharing. CJIS has a number of new exchanges in various stages of development at the end of calendar year 2021:

Corrections to Health. (Jails → DOC → State Health Information Exchange) This is an exchange that is supported by both the state CJIS program and by the federal Coronavirus Emergency

Supplemental Funding (CESF) grant intended to prevent and prepare for the spread of Covid-19 and other infectious diseases in the corrections population. Aided by \$50,000 in CJIS funds, this \$412,779 grant will support the development of a multi-prong exchange where jails and the DOC will query the State Health Information Exchange (CyncHealth) for a new inmate's medical records, and jails can send medical records to the DOC if an inmate moves to the prison system. This will replace a manual and fractured current system which does not always allow a person's medical history to follow them through the system. The exchange will improve the continuity of care for individuals and protect the corrections community by providing faster and more accurate information about inmate health and infectious diseases.

- Trial Information. (County Attorney → JBIT) This exchange, in the final stage of testing, is delayed due to other development priorities at the Judicial Branch. Once completed, this exchange will allow County Attorneys with a Case Management System (CMS) to directly file a Trial Information (i.e. indictment or charging document) with the court through that CMS. The exchange has already been deployed to 49 county attorneys, awaiting use.
- Sheriff Return of Service. (Sheriff → JBIT) This exchange is in final testing. Once completed, this exchange will allow five (5) high-volume sheriffs' offices to electronically transmit all returns of service to the court for filing. They will do this directly from their return of service software, CivilServe. This will replace a manual and burdensome process where high-volume counties scan and upload individual documents to the corresponding case on EDMS. The county sheriffs that will immediately benefit from this exchange are Story, Dallas, Linn, Pottawattamie, and Scott. The exchange will be available to other counties that wish to participate at a later phase of the project.
- Judicial Hotfile Query. (JBIT → DPS → JBIT) This exchange replaces a daily batch file and allows judges to do a real-time query on the status of a warrant for a person, rather than relying on out-of-date information for an individual standing before them in court. Final testing on this exchange is delayed due to other priorities in the Judicial Branch development queue.
- Complaint Disposition to Law Enforcement. (JBIT → TraCS) This exchange will provide valuable criminal complaint disposition information back to the originating law enforcement agency that filed it. CJIS will transmit these dispositions from the court back to TraCS, which will in turn make the dispositions available to individual agencies. This will assist law enforcement with training and effectiveness.
- Offender Movement. (DOC → DPS) This exchange between DOC and DPS will update the DPS Computerized Criminal History (CCH) every time there is offender movement in the system (i.e. prison transfer, prison to jail). This will replace a manual process.
- Juvenile Greensheets. (JBIT → DPS) This exchange from Juvenile Court Services to DPS would fill
  a current gap in the system of matching fingerprint records to case dispositions. Currently,
  juvenile cases that are informally adjusted are not being sent to DPS, leaving case files open when
  they should be closed and expunged when appropriate.
- DHS Child Welfare Exchanges. (JBIT → DHS) This suite of two exchanges from the Courts to DHS Child Welfare caseworkers will consist of two separate data exchanges to send (1) new criminal

complaints and (2) new post-service protective orders or no-contact orders. This will greatly assist DHS workers who manage over-sized child welfare caseloads. Currently, workers struggle to manually look up parents and guardians on a monthly basis to search for new criminal complaints and protective orders. These exchanges will send all new complaints and protective orders to DHS, where a table will sort, match, and notify workers of any new concerns for the parents and guardians on their case rolls.

Sheriff Jail Exchanges. (JBIT → Jail Administrators) This suite of three exchanges from the Courts to Sheriffs at County Jails will consist of three separate data exchanges to send (1) Bond Orders, (2) Hearing Orders, and (3) Disposition or Sentencing Orders. This will replace manual and fractured processes that currently exist, and will allow bond information, hearing orders, and final sentencing to transmit directly from the Courts into a Sheriff's Jail Management System (JMS) for ready access. This will assist with jails having up-to-date bond orders and bond adjustments, which will also make it easier for inmates to quickly bond out when eligible. This will assist jails with their transport schedules by knowing when hearings have been set, continued, or cancelled. Finally, it will assist jails in knowing what to do with inmates when their case is complete at the court (i.e. release, retain, transport to prison).

# Total Estimated Cost of the Project:

Project planning began in 2001, and the total estimated cost of project development (from all sources of funds) through FY2023 is expected to be \$23,000,000. Total expenditures for the project through the end of fiscal year 2021 are \$19,762,611.

# List of All Revenue Sources Used for the Project:

The only current recurring source of funding for CJIS is the state infrastructure appropriation. In 2020 and 2021, CJIS was awarded Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding (CESF) totaling \$412,779, to support the development of the Corrections to Health Data Exchange, described in the report above.

Past revenue sources at the inception of the project included the National Governor's Association (NGA) Grants, Byrne Grants, Justice Assistance Grants (JAG), National Criminal History Improvement Program (NCHIP) Grants, Return on Investment (ROI) Funds, Homeland Security Funds, Local Government Innovation Funds, Agency Operating Funds, and American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Funds.

ITEM	FY 2018		FY 2019		FY 2020		FY 2021		Expected FY22	
Reimbursements to other agencies	\$	3,807	\$	2,486	\$	2,478	\$	2,416	\$	2,500
IT Outside Services	\$	1,089,274	\$	1,186,899	\$	1,267,065	\$	1,079,735	\$	1,250,000
Software, Licenses, and Hardware	\$	173,794	\$	264,821	\$	201,972	\$	177,287	\$	220,000
Exchange Endpoint Support	\$	872	\$	24,817	\$	18,303	\$	0	\$	5,000
TOTAL		\$ 1,267,747		\$ 1,476,537		\$ 1,487,340	\$	1,259,438	\$ 1,477,500	

# Financial Summary (state funds only; excludes CESF grant noted above)

#### **Estimated Completion Date of the Project:**

CJIS has become a necessary part of the day-to-day operations of Iowa's criminal justice agencies, and has no foreseeable plans to cease development or maintenance. The project will continue to require funding to support its existing exchanges and to build new exchanges to comply with federal regulations, changes in state laws, and needs of the Judicial Branch, Executive Branch, and local law enforcement agencies. There will also remain a need to update hardware and maintain current software licenses as long as information continues to be exchanged using CJIS. In Iowa, when an exchange of criminal justice information is necessary, CJIS is the first and most cost-effective option.

### Appendix

The following agencies utilize CJIS through the TraCS system for the transmission of Criminal Complaints, Traffic Citations, or both.

#### State and County Agencies:

Department of Natural Resources DNR - Parks Bureau IDOT Bureau of Investigation IDOT Motor Vehicle Enforcement IDOT Motor Vehicle Computer Lab Iowa Insurance Fraud Iowa State Patrol

**Benton County Conservation** Black Hawk County Conservation **Boone County Conservation Carroll County Conservation** Cedar County Conservation **Clarke County Conservation Clinton County Conservation** Franklin County Conservation **Greene County Conservation** Hamilton County Conservation Linn County Conservation Mahaska County Conservation Marshall County Conservation Pocahontas County Conservation Polk County Conservation Pottawattamie County Conservation Washington County Conservation Webster County Conservation

Woodbury County Conservation **County Sheriffs:** All 99 County Sheriffs Local Police Departments: **Ackley Police Department** Adair Police Department Adel Police Department Afton Police Department **Akron Police Department** Albia Police Department Algona Police Department Altoona Police Department Ames Police Department Anamosa Police Department **Ankeny Police Department Aplington Police Department Armstrong Police Department** Arnolds Park Police Department Asbury Police Department Atalissa Police Department **Atlantic Police Department** Audubon Police Department Aurelia Police Department Avoca Police Department

**Baxter Police Department Belle Plaine Police Department Bellevue Police Department** Belmond Police Department **Bettendorf Police Department Bloomfield Police Department Blue Grass Police Department Boone Police Department Britt Police Department Buffalo Center Police Department Buffalo Police Department Burlington Police Department Calmar Police Department Camanche Police Department Carlisle Police Department Carroll Police Department Carter Lake Police Department Cascade Police Department Cedar Falls Police Department** Cedar Rapids Police Department **Centerville Police Department** Chariton Police Department **Charles City Police Department** Charter Oak Police Department **Cherokee Police Department Clarence Police Department Clarinda Police Department Clarion Police Department Clarksville Police Department Clear Lake Police Department Clinton Police Department Clive Police Department Colfax Police Department Columbus Junction Police Department Conesville Police Department Coon Rapids Police Department Coralville Police Department Council Bluffs Police Department Cresco Police Department Creston Police Department Davenport Police Department Dayton Police Department** De Soto Police Department

**Decorah Police Department Denison Police Department Denver Police Department Des Moines Police Department DeWitt Police Department Dubuque Police Department Duncombe Police Department Dunkerton Police Department Dunlap Police Department Durant Police Department Dyersville Police Department Dysart Police Department Eagle Grove Police Department Earlham Police Department Eldora Police Department Eldridge Police Department** Elkader Police Department **Emmetsburg Police Department Epworth Police Department Estherville Police Department Evansdale Police Department** Fairbank Police Department **Fairfield Police Department Farley Police Department** Farnhamville Police Department **Fayette Police Department Fonda Police Department** Forest City Police Department Fort Dodge Police Department Fort Madison Police Department Garnavillo Police Department Garner Police Department Gilbertville Police Department **Glenwood Police Department Gowrie Police Department** Granger Police Department **Greenfield Police Department Grinnell Police Department Grundy Center Police Department Guttenberg Police Department** Hampton Police Department Harlan Police Department Hartley Police Department

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Hawarden Police Department Hiawatha Police Department **Hinton Police Department** Hudson Police Department Humboldt Police Department Huxley Police Department **Independence Police Department** Indianola Police Department Iowa City Police Department Iowa Falls Police Department Janesville Police Department Jefferson Police Department Jesup Police Department Jewell Police Department Johnston Police Department Kanawha Police Department **Keokuk Police Department Keota Police Department Kingsley Police Department Knoxville Police Department** La Porte City Police Department Lake City Police Department Lake Park Police Department Lake View Police Department Lamoni Police Department Lansing Police Department Laurens Police Department Le Claire Police Department Le Mars Police Department Leon Police Department Lisbon Police Department Logan Police Department Madrid Police Department Manchester Police Department Manilla Police Department Manning Police Department Manson Police Department **Mapleton Police Department** Maguoketa Police Department Marcus Police Department Marengo Police Department Marion Police Department Mar-Mac Police Department Marshalltown Police Department

Mason City Police Department Mechanicsville Police Department **Melcher-Dallas Police Department Melbourne Police Department Merrill Police Department** Milford Police Department Missouri Valley Police Department Mitchellville Police Department Monona Police Department **Monroe Police Department** Monticello Police Department Montrose Police Department Mount Pleasant Police Department **Moville Police Department** Mt Vernon Police Department Muscatine Police Department Nashua Police Department Nevada Police Department **New Hampton Police Department** New London Police Department **New Sharon Police Department** New Vienna Police Department **Newell Police Department Newton Police Department Nichols Police Department** North Liberty Police Department Norwalk Police Department **Oelwein Police Department Ogden Police Department** Okoboji Police Department **Orange City Police Department Osage Police Department** Osceola Police Department Oskaloosa Police Department **Otho Police Department Ottumwa Police Department** Panora Police Department Parkersburg Police Department Paullina Police Department Pella Police Department **Peosta Police Department Perry Police Department Pleasant Hill Police Department** 

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**Pleasantville Police Department Pocahontas Police Department** Polk City Police Department Postville Police Department Prairie City Police Department Preston Police Department **Princeton Police Department Red Oak Police Department Rembrandt Police Department Remsen Police Department Robins Police Department Rock Valley Police Department Rockwell City Police Department** Sabula Police Department Sac City Police Department Sanborn Police Department Sergeant Bluff Police Department Seymour Police Department Sheffield Police Department Sheldon Police Department Shenandoah Police Department Sigourney Police Department Sioux Center Police Department Sioux City Police Department Sioux Rapids Police Department Spencer Police Department Spirit Lake Police Department State Center Police Department Storm Lake Police Department Story City Police Department Strawberry Point Police Department **Stuart Police Department** 

Sumner Police Department Sutherland Police Department **Tabor Police Department** Tama Police Department **Tipton Police Department Toledo Police Department Tripoli Police Department** University Heights Police Department Urbana Police Department **Urbandale Police Department** Van Meter Police Department Vinton Police Department Walcott Police Department Wapello Police Department Washington Police Department Waterloo Police Department Waukee Police Department Waukon Police Department Waverly Police Department Webster City Police Department West Bend Police Department West Branch Police Department West Burlington Police Department West Des Moines Police Department West Liberty Police Department West Point-Donnellson Police Department West Union Police Department Williamsburg Police Department Wilton Police Department Windsor Heights Police Department Winfield Police Department Winterset Police Department Woodbine Police Department Woodward Police Department

#### **University and Other Police:**

BNSF Railway Police Canadian Pacific Railway Police Eastern Iowa Airport Police Iowa State University DPS Meskwaki Nation Police Department State Fair Police University of Iowa Police University of Northern Iowa Police