## House File 2589

H-8397

Amend House File 2589 as foll

- Amend House File 2589 as follows:
- 2 l. Page 7, after line 3 by inserting:
- 3 <DIVISION \_\_\_\_
- 4 SECOND AMENDMENT PRESERVATION ACT
- 5 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 724A.1 Short title.
- 6 This chapter may be cited and referred to as the "Second
- 7 Amendment Preservation Act".
- 8 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 724A.2 Definition.
- 9 As used in this chapter, "law-abiding citizen" means a person
- 10 who is not otherwise precluded under state law from possessing
- ll a firearm and shall not be construed to include anyone who is
- 12 not legally present in the United States or the state of Iowa.
- 13 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 724A.3 Legislative findings.
- 14 The general assembly finds and declares the following:
- 1. The general assembly is firmly resolved to support and
- 16 defend the Constitution of the United States against every
- 17 aggression, whether foreign or domestic, and is duty-bound to
- 18 oppose every infraction of those principles that constitute the
- 19 basis of the United States because only a faithful observance
- 20 of those principles can secure the nation's existence and the
- 21 public happiness.
- 22 2. Acting through the Constitution of the United States, the
- 23 people of the several states created the federal government to
- 24 be their agent in the exercise of a few defined powers, while
- 25 reserving for the state governments the power to legislate on
- 26 matters concerning the lives, liberties, and properties of
- 27 citizens in the ordinary course of affairs.
- 28 3. The limitation of the federal government's power is
- 29 affirmed under the tenth amendment to the Constitution of the
- 30 United States, which defines the total scope of federal power
- 31 as being that which has been delegated by the people of the
- 32 several states to the federal government, and all power not
- 33 delegated to the federal government in the Constitution of the
- 34 United States is reserved to the states respectively or to the
- 35 people themselves.

- 1 4. If the federal government assumes powers that the people 2 did not grant it in the Constitution of the United States, its 3 acts are unauthoritative, void, and of no force.
- 4 5. The several states of the United States respect
- 5 the proper role of the federal government but reject the
- 6 proposition that such respect requires unlimited submission.
- 7 If the government, created by a compact among the states,
- 8 was the exclusive or final judge of the extent of the powers
- 9 granted to it by the states through the Constitution of the
- 10 United States, the federal government's discretion, and not
- 11 the Constitution of the United States, would necessarily
- 12 become the measure of those powers. To the contrary, as in
- 13 all other cases of compacts among powers having no common
- 14 judge, each party has an equal right to judge for itself as to
- 15 whether infractions of the compact have occurred, as well as
- 16 to determine the mode and measure of redress. Although the
- 17 several states have granted supremacy to laws and treaties made
- 18 under the powers granted in the Constitution of the United
- 19 States, such supremacy does not extend to various federal
- 20 statutes, executive orders, administrative orders, court
- 21 orders, rules, regulations, or other actions that collect data
- 22 or restrict or prohibit the manufacture, ownership, and use
- 23 of firearms, firearm accessories, or ammunition exclusively
- 24 within the borders of Iowa. Such statutes, executive orders,
- 25 administrative orders, court orders, rules, regulations,
- 26 and other actions exceed the powers granted to the federal
- 27 government except to the extent they are necessary and proper
- 28 for governing and regulating the United States armed forces
- 29 or for organizing, arming, and disciplining militia forces
- 30 actively employed in the service of the United States armed
- 31 forces.
- 32 6. The people of the several states have given the United
- 33 States Congress the power "to regulate commerce with foreign
- 34 nations, and among the several states", but "regulating
- 35 commerce" does not include the power to limit citizens' right

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1 to keep and bear arms in defense of their families, neighbors,
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- 2 persons, or property, or to dictate what sort of arms and
- 3 accessories law-abiding Iowans may buy, sell, exchange, or
- 4 otherwise possess within the borders of this state.
- 5 7. The people of the several states have also granted the
- 6 United States Congress the power "to lay and collect taxes,
- 7 duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for
- 8 the common defense and general welfare of the United States"
- 9 and "to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for
- 10 carrying into execution" the powers vested by the Constitution
- 11 of the United States "in the government of the United States,
- 12 or in any department or officer thereof". These constitutional
- 13 provisions merely identify the means by which the federal
- 14 government may execute its limited powers and shall not be
- 15 construed to grant unlimited power because to do so would be
- 16 to destroy the carefully constructed equilibrium between the
- 17 federal and state governments. Consequently, the general
- 18 assembly rejects any claim that the taxing and spending powers
- 19 of the United States Congress may be used to diminish in any
- 20 way the right of the people to keep and bear arms.
- 21 8. The general assembly finds that the federal excise tax
- 22 rate on arms and ammunition in effect prior to January 1,
- 23 2022, which funds programs under the Act of Congress described
- 24 in section 456A.27, does not have a chilling effect on the
- 25 purchase or ownership of such arms and ammunition.
- 26 9. The people of Iowa have vested the general assembly
- 27 with the authority to regulate the manufacture, possession,
- 28 exchange, and use of firearms firearm accessories, or
- 29 ammunition within the borders of this state, subject only to
- 30 the limits imposed by the second amendment to the Constitution
- 31 of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Iowa.
- 32 10. The general assembly of the state of Iowa strongly
- 33 promotes responsible firearm ownership, including parental
- 34 supervision of minors in the proper use, storage, and ownership
- 35 of all firearms; the prompt reporting of stolen firearms; and

- 1 the proper enforcement of all state firearm laws. The general
- 2 assembly of the state of Iowa hereby condemns any unlawful
- 3 transfer of firearms and the use of any firearm in any criminal
- 4 or unlawful activity.
- 5 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 724A.4 Federal infringements on the
- 6 right to keep and bear arms.
- 7 Federal infringements on the people's right to keep and bear
- 8 arms, as guaranteed by the second amendment to the Constitution
- 9 of the United States, within the borders of this state include
- 10 but shall not be limited to the following federal acts, laws,
- 11 executive orders, administrative orders, court orders, rules,
- 12 and regulations:
- 13 1. Any tax, levy, fee, or stamp imposed on firearms, firearm
- 14 accessories, or ammunition not common to all other goods and
- 15 services and that might reasonably be expected to create a
- 16 chilling effect on the purchase or ownership of firearms,
- 17 firearm accessories, or ammunition by law-abiding citizens.
- 18 2. Any registering or tracking of firearms, firearm
- 19 accessories, or ammunition that might reasonably be expected
- 20 to create a chilling effect on the purchase or ownership of
- 21 firearms, firearm accessories, or ammunition by law-abiding
- 22 citizens.
- Any registering or tracking of the owners of firearms,
- 24 firearm accessories, or ammunition that might reasonably
- 25 be expected to create a chilling effect on the purchase or
- 26 ownership of firearms, firearm accessories, or ammunition by
- 27 law-abiding citizens.
- 28 4. Any act forbidding the possession, ownership, use, or
- 29 transfer of firearms, firearm accessories, or ammunition by
- 30 law-abiding citizens.
- 31 5. Any act ordering the confiscation of firearms, firearm
- 32 accessories, or ammunition from law-abiding citizens.
- 33 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 724A.5 Federal infringement void.
- 34 All federal acts, laws, executive orders, administrative
- 35 orders, court orders, rules, and regulations, regardless if

- 1 enacted before or after the provisions this chapter, that
- 2 infringe on the people's right to keep and bear arms as
- 3 guaranteed by the second amendment to the Constitution of the
- 4 United States shall be invalid in this state, shall not be
- 5 recognized by this state, shall be specifically rejected by
- 6 this state, and shall have no effect in this state.
- 7 Sec. \_\_\_. NEW SECTION. 724A.6 Protection of right to keep
- 8 and bear arms.
- 9 It shall be the duty of the courts and law enforcement
- 10 agencies of this state to protect the rights of law-abiding
- 11 citizens to keep and bear arms within the borders of this state
- 12 and to protect these rights from the infringements described
- 13 in section 724A.4.
- 14 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 724A.7 Enforcement of infringement
- 15 of right to keep and bear arms prohibited.
- No person, including any public officer or employee of this
- 17 state or any political subdivision of this state, shall have
- 18 the authority to enforce or attempt to enforce any federal
- 19 acts, laws, executive orders, administrative orders, court
- 20 orders, rules, regulations, statutes, or ordinances infringing
- 21 on the right to keep and bear arms as described in section
- 22 724A.4. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit
- 23 Iowa officials from accepting aid from federal officials in an
- 24 effort to enforce Iowa laws.
- 25 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 724A.8 Liability for violation —
- 26 actions for violations attorney fees.
- 27 l. a. Any political subdivision or law enforcement agency
- 28 that employs a law enforcement officer who acts knowingly to
- 29 violate the provisions of this chapter while acting under color
- 30 of any state or federal law shall be liable to the injured
- 31 party in an action at law, suit in equity, or other proper
- 32 proceeding for redress, and subject to a civil penalty of fifty
- 33 thousand dollars per violation.
- 34 b. Any person injured under this subsection shall have
- 35 standing to pursue an action for injunctive relief in the

- 1 district court of the county in which the action allegedly
- 2 occurred or in the district court of Polk county. The court
- 3 shall hold a hearing on the motion for a temporary restraining
- 4 order or a preliminary injunction within thirty days of service
- 5 of the petition.
- 6 2. Any political subdivision or law enforcement agency that
- 7 knowingly employs an individual acting or who previously acted
- 8 as an official, agent, employee, or deputy of the government
- 9 of the United States, or otherwise acted under the color of
- 10 federal law within the borders of this state, who has knowingly
- ll enforced or attempted to enforce any of the infringements
- 12 identified in section 724A.4, or has knowingly given material
- 13 aid and support to the efforts of another who enforces or
- 14 attempts to enforce any of the infringements identified in
- 15 section 724A.4, shall be subject to a civil penalty of fifty
- 16 thousand dollars per such employee hired by the political
- 17 subdivision or law enforcement agency. Any person residing
- 18 or conducting business in a jurisdiction who believes that an
- 19 individual has taken action in that jurisdiction that would
- 20 violate the provisions of this subsection shall have standing
- 21 to pursue an action for injunctive relief in the district court
- 22 of the county in which the action allegedly occurred or in
- 23 the district court of Polk county. The court shall hold a
- 24 hearing on the motion for a temporary restraining order or a
- 25 preliminary injunction within thirty days of service of the
- 26 petition.
- 27 3. In actions under this section, the court may award
- 28 the prevailing party, other than the state or any political
- 29 subdivision of the state, reasonable attorney fees and costs.
- 30 4. Sovereign immunity shall not be an affirmative defense in
- 31 any action pursued under this section.
- 32 Sec. . NEW SECTION. 724A.9 When action is not a
- 33 violation.
- 1. A person does not violate the provisions of this chapter
- 35 when the person provides material aid to federal officers

- 1 who are in pursuit of a suspect when there is a demonstrable
- 2 criminal nexus with another state or country and such suspect
- 3 is either not a citizen of this state or is not present in this 4 state.
- 2. A person does not violate the provisions of this chapter
- 6 when the person provides material aid to federal prosecutors
- 7 for felony violations involving controlled substances or
- 8 violations against another person when such prosecution
- 9 includes weapons violations substantially similar to the laws
- 10 of this state so long as such weapons violations are merely
- 11 ancillary to such prosecution.
- 12 Sec. \_\_\_. EFFECTIVE DATE. This division of this Act, being
- 13 deemed of immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.>
- 14 2. By renumbering as necessary.

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