Senate File 359

H - 8362

- 1 Amend the amendment, H-8313, to Senate File 359, as passed by
- 2 the Senate, as follows:
- 3 1. By striking page 1, line 1, through page 8, line 3, and
- 4 inserting:
- 5 <Amend Senate File 359, as passed by the Senate, as follows:
- 6 l. By striking everything after the enacting clause and
- 7 inserting:
- 8 <Section 1. NEW SECTION. 146C.1 Legislative findings and
- 9 intent.
- 10 1. The general assembly finds all of the following:
- 11 a. Abortion carries significant physical and psychological
- 12 risks to the pregnant woman, and these physical and
- 13 psychological risks increase exponentially with the
- 14 postfertilization age of the unborn child.
- 15 b. As the second trimester of a pregnancy progresses, in the
- 16 vast majority of uncomplicated pregnancies, the health risks to
- 17 the pregnant woman of undergoing an abortion are greater than
- 18 the risks of carrying a pregnancy to term.
- 19 c. Medical complications from dilation and evacuation
- 20 abortions include but are not limited to pelvic infection;
- 21 incomplete abortions and retained tissue; blood clots; heavy
- 22 bleeding or hemorrhage; laceration, tear, or other injury to
- 23 the cervix; puncture, laceration, tear, or other injury to the
- 24 uterus; injury to the bowel or bladder; depression; anxiety;
- 25 substance abuse; and other emotional or psychological problems.
- 26 Further, in abortions performed in the second trimester, there
- 27 is a higher risk of requiring a hysterectomy, other reparative
- 28 surgery, or blood transfusion.
- 29 d. The state of Iowa has legitimate interests from the
- 30 outset of pregnancy in protecting the health of women, as the
- 31 medical, emotional, and psychological consequences of abortion
- 32 are serious and can be lasting.
- 33 2. Based upon the findings specified in subsection 1, it is
- 34 the intent of the general assembly through application of this
- 35 chapter to restrict the practice of nontherapeutic or elective

- 1 abortion to the period prior to the unborn child achieving the
- 2 postfertilization age of fifteen weeks.
- 3 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 146C.2 Definitions.
- 4 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 5 requires:
- 6 1. "Abortion" means the termination of a human pregnancy
- 7 with the intent other than to produce a live birth or to remove
- 8 a dead fetus.
- 9 2. "Attempt to perform an abortion" means an act, or
- 10 an omission of a statutorily required act, that, under the
- 11 circumstances as the actor believes them to be, constitutes a
- 12 substantial step in a course of conduct planned to culminate in
- 13 the performing of an abortion.
- 3. "Department" means the department of public health.
- 15 4. "Fertilization" means the fusion of a human spermatozoon
- 16 with a human ovum.
- 17 5. "Major bodily function" includes but is not limited
- 18 to functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, and
- 19 digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory,
- 20 circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions.
- 21 6. "Medical emergency" means a situation in which an
- 22 abortion is performed to preserve the life of the pregnant
- 23 woman whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical
- 24 illness, or physical injury, including a life-endangering
- 25 physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy, or
- 26 when continuation of the pregnancy will create a serious risk
- 27 of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily
- 28 function of the pregnant woman.
- 29 7. "Medical facility" means any public or private hospital,
- 30 clinic, center, medical school, medical training institution,
- 31 health care facility, physician's office, infirmary,
- 32 dispensary, ambulatory surgical center, or other institution or
- 33 location where medical care is provided to any person.
- 34 8. "Perform", "performed", or "performing", relative to an
- 35 abortion, means the use of any means, including medical or

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- 1 surgical, to terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be
- 2 pregnant with the intent other than to produce a live birth or
- 3 to remove a dead fetus.
- 4 9. "Physician" means a person licensed under chapter 148.
- 5 10. "Postfertilization age" means the age of the unborn
- 6 child as calculated from fertilization.
- 7 11. "Probable postfertilization age" means what, in
- 8 reasonable medical judgment, will with reasonable probability
- 9 be the postfertilization age of the unborn child at the time
- 10 the abortion is to be performed.
- 11 12. "Reasonable medical judgment" means a medical judgment
- 12 made by a reasonably prudent physician who is knowledgeable
- 13 about the case and the treatment possibilities with respect to
- 14 the medical conditions involved.
- 15 13. "Severe fetal abnormality" means a life-threatening
- 16 physical condition that, in the physician's reasonable medical
- 17 judgment, regardless of the provision of life-saving medical
- 18 treatment, is incompatible with life outside the womb.
- 19 14. "Unborn child" means an individual organism of the
- 20 species homo sapiens from fertilization to live birth.
- 21 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 146C.3 Determination of
- 22 postfertilization age certain abortions prohibited —
- 23 exceptions reporting requirements penalties.
- 24 1. Except in the case of a medical emergency or a
- 25 severe fetal abnormality, in addition to compliance with
- 26 the prerequisites of chapter 146A, an abortion shall not be
- 27 performed or be attempted to be performed unless the physician
- 28 performing the abortion has first made a determination of the
- 29 probable postfertilization age of the unborn child or relied
- 30 upon such a determination made by another physician. In making
- 31 such a determination, a physician shall make such inquiries
- 32 of the pregnant woman and perform or cause to be performed
- 33 such medical examinations and tests the physician considers
- 34 necessary in making a reasonable medical judgment to accurately
- 35 determine the postfertilization age of the unborn child.

- 1 2. a. A physician shall not perform or attempt to perform
- 2 an abortion upon a pregnant woman when it has been determined,
- 3 by the physician performing the abortion or by another
- 4 physician upon whose determination that physician relies, that
- 5 the probable postfertilization age of the unborn child is
- 6 fifteen or more weeks unless, in the physician's reasonable
- 7 medical judgment, any of the following applies:
- (1) The pregnant woman has a condition which the physician
- 9 deems a medical emergency.
- (2) The abortion is necessary to preserve the life of an 10
- 11 unborn child.
- 12 (3) The unborn child is afflicted with a severe fetal
- 13 abnormality.
- If an abortion is performed under this subsection, the 14
- 15 physician shall terminate the pregnancy in the manner which,
- 16 in the physician's reasonable medical judgment, provides the
- 17 best opportunity for an unborn child to survive, unless, in the
- 18 physician's reasonable medical judgment, termination of the
- 19 pregnancy in that manner would pose a greater risk than any
- 20 other available method of the death of the pregnant woman or
- 21 of the substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a
- 22 major bodily function. A greater risk shall not be deemed to
- 23 exist if it is based on a claim or diagnosis that the pregnant
- 24 woman will engage in conduct which would result in the pregnant
- 25 woman's death or in substantial and irreversible physical
- 26 impairment of a major bodily function.
- 3. A physician who performs or attempts to perform an 27
- 28 abortion shall report to the department, on a schedule and in
- 29 accordance with forms and rules adopted by the department, all
- 30 of the following:
- If a determination of probable postfertilization age of 31
- 32 the unborn child was made, the probable postfertilization age
- 33 determined and the method and basis of the determination.
- If a determination of probable postfertilization age of 34
- 35 the unborn child was not made, the basis of the determination

- 1 that a medical emergency existed or that the unborn child was
 2 afflicted with a severe fetal abnormality.
- c. If the probable postfertilization age of the unborn
- 4 child was determined to be fifteen or more weeks, the basis
- 5 of the determination of a medical emergency, the basis of the
- 6 determination that the unborn child was afflicted with a severe
- 7 fetal abnormality, or the basis of the determination that the
- 8 abortion was necessary to preserve the life of an unborn child.
- 9 d. The method used for the abortion and, in the case of
- 10 an abortion performed when the probable postfertilization age
- 11 was determined to be fifteen or more weeks, whether the method
- 12 of abortion used was one that, in the physician's reasonable
- 13 medical judgment, provided the best opportunity for an unborn
- 14 child to survive or, if such a method was not used, the basis
- 15 of the determination that termination of the pregnancy in
- 16 that manner would pose a greater risk than would any other
- 17 available method of the death of the pregnant woman or of the
- 18 substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major
- 19 bodily function.
- 20 4. a. By April 1, annually, the department shall issue a
- 21 public report providing statistics for the previous calendar
- 22 year, compiled from the reports for that year submitted in
- 23 accordance with subsection 3. The department shall ensure that
- 24 none of the information included in the public reports could
- 25 reasonably lead to the identification of any woman upon whom an
- 26 abortion was performed.
- 27 b. (1) A physician who fails to submit a report by the end
- 28 of thirty days following the due date shall be subject to a
- 29 late fee of one hundred dollars for each additional thirty-day
- 30 period or portion of a thirty-day period the report is overdue.
- 31 (2) A physician required to report in accordance with
- 32 subsection 3 who has not submitted a report or who has
- 33 submitted only an incomplete report more than one year
- 34 following the due date, may, in an action brought in the
- 35 manner in which actions are brought to enforce chapter 148,

- 1 be directed by a court of competent jurisdiction to submit a
- 2 complete report within a time period stated by court order or
- 3 be subject to contempt of court.
- 4 (3) A physician who intentionally or recklessly falsifies
- 5 a report required under this section is subject to a civil
- 6 penalty of five hundred dollars.
- 7 5. Any medical facility in which a physician is authorized
- 8 to perform an abortion shall implement written medical
- 9 policies and procedures consistent with the requirements and
- 10 prohibitions of this chapter.
- 11 6. The department shall adopt rules to implement this
- 12 section.
- 13 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 146C.4 Civil actions and penalties.
- 14 l. Failure of a physician to comply with any provision of
- 15 section 146C.3, with the exception of the late filing of a
- 16 report or failure to submit a complete report in compliance
- 17 with a court order, is grounds for licensee discipline under
- 18 chapter 148.
- 19 2. A woman upon whom an abortion has been performed in
- 20 violation of this chapter may maintain an action against the
- 21 physician who performed the abortion in intentional or reckless
- 22 violation of this chapter for actual damages.
- 23 3. A woman upon whom an abortion has been attempted in
- 24 violation of this chapter may maintain an action against the
- 25 physician who attempted the abortion in intentional or reckless
- 26 violation of this chapter for actual damages.
- 27 4. A cause of action for injunctive relief to prevent a
- 28 physician from performing abortions may be maintained against a
- 29 physician who has intentionally violated this chapter by the
- 30 woman upon whom the abortion was performed or attempted, by
- 31 a parent or guardian of the woman if the woman is less than
- 32 eighteen years of age at the time the abortion was performed
- 33 or attempted, by a current or former licensed health care
- 34 provider of the woman, by a county attorney with appropriate
- 35 jurisdiction, or by the attorney general.

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- 5. If the plaintiff prevails in an action brought under this section, the plaintiff shall be entitled to an award for reasonable attorney fees.
- 4 6. If the defendant prevails in an action brought under 5 this section and the court finds that the plaintiff's suit was 6 frivolous and brought in bad faith, the defendant shall be 7 entitled to an award for reasonable attorney fees.
- 8 7. Damages and attorney fees shall not be assessed against 9 the woman upon whom an abortion was performed or attempted 10 except as provided in subsection 6.
- 11 In a civil proceeding or action brought under this 12 chapter, the court shall rule whether the anonymity of any 13 woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or attempted 14 shall be preserved from public disclosure if the woman does not 15 provide consent to such disclosure. The court, upon motion 16 or on its own motion, shall make such a ruling and, upon 17 determining that the woman's anonymity should be preserved, 18 shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel 19 and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of 20 individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent 21 necessary to safeguard the woman's identity from public 22 disclosure. Each such order shall be accompanied by specific 23 written findings explaining why the anonymity of the woman 24 should be preserved from public disclosure, why the order is 25 essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to 26 serve that interest, and why no reasonable less restrictive 27 alternative exists. In the absence of written consent of the 28 woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or attempted, 29 anyone, other than a public official, who brings an action 30 under this section shall do so under a pseudonym. 31 subsection shall not be construed to conceal the identity 32 of the plaintiff or of witnesses from the defendant or from 33 attorneys for the defendant.
- 9. This chapter shall not be construed to impose civil or criminal liability on a woman upon whom an abortion is

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- 1 performed or attempted.
- 2 Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act, being deemed of immediate
- 3 importance, takes effect upon enactment.>>
- 4 2. Title page, lines 1 and 2, by striking <fetal body parts
- 5 and providing penalties. > and inserting <an unborn child,
- 6 providing penalties, and including effective date provisions.>
- 7 3. By renumbering as necessary.>

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