Senate File 359

H-8313

- 1 Amend Senate File 359, as passed by the Senate, as follows:
- By striking everything after the enacting clause and
- 3 inserting:
- 4 <Section 1. NEW SECTION. 146C.1 Legislative findings and
- 5 intent.
- 6 l. The general assembly finds all of the following:
- 7 a. Abortion carries significant physical and psychological
- 8 risks to the pregnant woman, and these physical and
- 9 psychological risks increase exponentially with the
- 10 postfertilization age of the unborn child.
- 11 b. As the second trimester of a pregnancy progresses, in the
- 12 vast majority of uncomplicated pregnancies, the health risks to
- 13 the pregnant woman of undergoing an abortion are greater than
- 14 the risks of carrying a pregnancy to term.
- 15 c. Medical complications from dilation and evacuation
- 16 abortions include but are not limited to pelvic infection;
- 17 incomplete abortions and retained tissue; blood clots; heavy
- 18 bleeding or hemorrhage; laceration, tear, or other injury to
- 19 the cervix; puncture, laceration, tear, or other injury to the
- 20 uterus; injury to the bowel or bladder; depression; anxiety;
- 21 substance abuse; and other emotional or psychological problems.
- 22 Further, in abortions performed in the second trimester, there
- 23 is a higher risk of requiring a hysterectomy, other reparative
- 24 surgery, or blood transfusion.
- 25 d. The state of Iowa has legitimate interests from the
- 26 outset of pregnancy in protecting the health of women, as the
- 27 medical, emotional, and psychological consequences of abortion
- 28 are serious and can be lasting.
- 29 2. Based upon the findings specified in subsection 1, it is
- 30 the intent of the general assembly through application of this
- 31 chapter to restrict the practice of nontherapeutic or elective
- 32 abortion to the period prior to the unborn child achieving the
- 33 postfertilization age of fifteen weeks.
- 34 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 146C.2 Definitions.
- 35 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise

1 requires:

- 2 1. "Abortion" means the termination of a human pregnancy
- 3 with the intent other than to produce a live birth or to remove
- 4 a dead fetus.
- 5 2. "Attempt to perform an abortion" means an act, or
- 6 an omission of a statutorily required act, that, under the
- 7 circumstances as the actor believes them to be, constitutes a
- 8 substantial step in a course of conduct planned to culminate in
- 9 the performing of an abortion.
- 10 3. "Department" means the department of public health.
- 11 4. "Fertilization" means the fusion of a human spermatozoon
- 12 with a human ovum.
- 13 5. "Major bodily function" includes but is not limited
- 14 to functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, and
- 15 digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory,
- 16 circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions.
- 17 6. "Medical emergency" means a situation in which an
- 18 abortion is performed to preserve the life of the pregnant
- 19 woman whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical
- 20 illness, or physical injury, including a life-endangering
- 21 physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy, or
- 22 when continuation of the pregnancy will create a serious risk
- 23 of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily
- 24 function of the pregnant woman.
- 25 7. "Medical facility" means any public or private hospital,
- 26 clinic, center, medical school, medical training institution,
- 27 health care facility, physician's office, infirmary,
- 28 dispensary, ambulatory surgical center, or other institution or
- 29 location where medical care is provided to any person.
- 30 8. "Perform", "performed", or "performing", relative to an
- 31 abortion, means the use of any means, including medical or
- 32 surgical, to terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be
- 33 pregnant with the intent other than to produce a live birth or
- 34 to remove a dead fetus.
- 9. "Physician" means a person licensed under chapter 148.

- 1 10. "Postfertilization age" means the age of the unborn 2 child as calculated from fertilization.
- 3 11. "Probable postfertilization age" means what, in
- 4 reasonable medical judgment, will with reasonable probability
- 5 be the postfertilization age of the unborn child at the time
- 6 the abortion is to be performed.
- 7 12. "Reasonable medical judgment" means a medical judgment
- 8 made by a reasonably prudent physician who is knowledgeable
- 9 about the case and the treatment possibilities with respect to
- 10 the medical conditions involved.
- 11 13. "Severe fetal abnormality" means a life-threatening
- 12 physical condition that, in the physician's reasonable medical
- 13 judgment, regardless of the provision of life-saving medical
- 14 treatment, is incompatible with life outside the womb.
- 15 14. "Unborn child" means an individual organism of the
- 16 species homo sapiens from fertilization to live birth.
- 17 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 146C.3 Determination of
- 18 postfertilization age certain abortions prohibited —
- 19 exceptions reporting requirements penalties.
- 20 1. Except in the case of a medical emergency or a
- 21 severe fetal abnormality, in addition to compliance with
- 22 the prerequisites of chapter 146A, an abortion shall not be
- 23 performed or be attempted to be performed unless the physician
- 24 performing the abortion has first made a determination of the
- 25 probable postfertilization age of the unborn child or relied
- 26 upon such a determination made by another physician. In making
- 27 such a determination, a physician shall make such inquiries
- 28 of the pregnant woman and perform or cause to be performed
- 29 such medical examinations and tests the physician considers
- 30 necessary in making a reasonable medical judgment to accurately
- 31 determine the postfertilization age of the unborn child.
- a. A physician shall not perform or attempt to perform
- 33 an abortion upon a pregnant woman when it has been determined,
- 34 by the physician performing the abortion or by another
- 35 physician upon whose determination that physician relies, that

- 1 the probable postfertilization age of the unborn child is
- 2 fifteen or more weeks unless, in the physician's reasonable
- 3 medical judgment, any of the following applies:
- 4 (1) The pregnant woman has a condition which the physician
- 5 deems a medical emergency.
- 6 (2) The abortion is necessary to preserve the life of an
- 7 unborn child.
- 8 (3) The unborn child is afflicted with a severe fetal
- 9 abnormality.
- 10 b. If an abortion is performed under this subsection, the
- 11 physician shall terminate the pregnancy in the manner which,
- 12 in the physician's reasonable medical judgment, provides the
- 13 best opportunity for an unborn child to survive, unless, in the
- 14 physician's reasonable medical judgment, termination of the
- 15 pregnancy in that manner would pose a greater risk than any
- 16 other available method of the death of the pregnant woman or
- 17 of the substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a
- 18 major bodily function. A greater risk shall not be deemed to
- 19 exist if it is based on a claim or diagnosis that the pregnant
- 20 woman will engage in conduct which would result in the pregnant
- 21 woman's death or in substantial and irreversible physical
- 22 impairment of a major bodily function.
- 23 3. A physician who performs or attempts to perform an
- 24 abortion shall report to the department, on a schedule and in
- 25 accordance with forms and rules adopted by the department, all
- 26 of the following:
- 27 a. If a determination of probable postfertilization age of
- 28 the unborn child was made, the probable postfertilization age
- 29 determined and the method and basis of the determination.
- 30 b. If a determination of probable postfertilization age of
- 31 the unborn child was not made, the basis of the determination
- 32 that a medical emergency existed or that the unborn child was
- 33 afflicted with a severe fetal abnormality.
- 34 c. If the probable postfertilization age of the unborn
- 35 child was determined to be fifteen or more weeks, the basis

- 1 of the determination of a medical emergency, the basis of the
- 2 determination that the unborn child was afflicted with a severe
- 3 fetal abnormality, or the basis of the determination that the
- 4 abortion was necessary to preserve the life of an unborn child.
- 5 d. The method used for the abortion and, in the case of
- 6 an abortion performed when the probable postfertilization age
- 7 was determined to be fifteen or more weeks, whether the method
- 8 of abortion used was one that, in the physician's reasonable
- 9 medical judgment, provided the best opportunity for an unborn
- 10 child to survive or, if such a method was not used, the basis
- 11 of the determination that termination of the pregnancy in
- 12 that manner would pose a greater risk than would any other
- 13 available method of the death of the pregnant woman or of the
- 14 substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major
- 15 bodily function.
- 16 4. a. By June 30, annually, the department shall issue a
- 17 public report providing statistics for the previous calendar
- 18 year, compiled from the reports for that year submitted in
- 19 accordance with subsection 3. The department shall ensure that
- 20 none of the information included in the public reports could
- 21 reasonably lead to the identification of any woman upon whom an
- 22 abortion was performed.
- 23 b. (1) A physician who fails to submit a report by the end
- 24 of thirty days following the due date shall be subject to a
- 25 late fee of one hundred dollars for each additional thirty-day
- 26 period or portion of a thirty-day period the report is overdue.
- 27 (2) A physician required to report in accordance with
- 28 subsection 3 who has not submitted a report or who has
- 29 submitted only an incomplete report more than one year
- 30 following the due date, may, in an action brought in the
- 31 manner in which actions are brought to enforce chapter 148,
- 32 be directed by a court of competent jurisdiction to submit a
- 33 complete report within a time period stated by court order or
- 34 be subject to contempt of court.
- 35 (3) A physician who intentionally or recklessly falsifies

- 1 a report required under this section is subject to a civil
- 2 penalty of five hundred dollars.
- 3 5. Any medical facility in which a physician is authorized
- 4 to perform an abortion shall implement written medical
- 5 policies and procedures consistent with the requirements and
- 6 prohibitions of this chapter.
- 7 6. The department shall adopt rules to implement this 8 section.
- 9 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 146C.4 Civil actions and penalties.
- 10 1. Failure of a physician to comply with any provision of
- 11 section 146C.3, with the exception of the late filing of a
- 12 report or failure to submit a complete report in compliance
- 13 with a court order, is grounds for licensee discipline under
- 14 chapter 148.
- 15 2. A woman upon whom an abortion has been performed in
- 16 violation of this chapter may maintain an action against the
- 17 physician who performed the abortion in intentional or reckless
- 18 violation of this chapter for actual damages.
- 19 3. A woman upon whom an abortion has been attempted in
- 20 violation of this chapter may maintain an action against the
- 21 physician who attempted the abortion in intentional or reckless
- 22 violation of this chapter for actual damages.
- 23 4. A cause of action for injunctive relief to prevent a
- 24 physician from performing abortions may be maintained against a
- 25 physician who has intentionally violated this chapter by the
- 26 woman upon whom the abortion was performed or attempted, by
- 27 a parent or quardian of the woman if the woman is less than
- 28 eighteen years of age at the time the abortion was performed
- 29 or attempted, by a current or former licensed health care
- 30 provider of the woman, by a county attorney with appropriate
- 31 jurisdiction, or by the attorney general.
- 32 5. If the plaintiff prevails in an action brought under
- 33 this section, the plaintiff shall be entitled to an award for
- 34 reasonable attorney fees.
- 35 6. If the defendant prevails in an action brought under

- 1 this section and the court finds that the plaintiff's suit was
- 2 frivolous and brought in bad faith, the defendant shall be
- 3 entitled to an award for reasonable attorney fees.
- 4 7. Damages and attorney fees shall not be assessed against
- 5 the woman upon whom an abortion was performed or attempted
- 6 except as provided in subsection 6.
- 7 8. In a civil proceeding or action brought under this
- 8 chapter, the court shall rule whether the anonymity of any
- 9 woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or attempted
- 10 shall be preserved from public disclosure if the woman does not
- 11 provide consent to such disclosure. The court, upon motion
- 12 or on its own motion, shall make such a ruling and, upon
- 13 determining that the woman's anonymity should be preserved,
- 14 shall issue orders to the parties, witnesses, and counsel
- 15 and shall direct the sealing of the record and exclusion of
- 16 individuals from courtrooms or hearing rooms to the extent
- 17 necessary to safeguard the woman's identity from public
- 18 disclosure. Each such order shall be accompanied by specific
- 19 written findings explaining why the anonymity of the woman
- 20 should be preserved from public disclosure, why the order is
- 21 essential to that end, how the order is narrowly tailored to
- 22 serve that interest, and why no reasonable less restrictive
- 23 alternative exists. In the absence of written consent of the
- 24 woman upon whom an abortion has been performed or attempted,
- 25 anyone, other than a public official, who brings an action
- 26 under this section shall do so under a pseudonym. This
- 27 subsection shall not be construed to conceal the identity
- 28 of the plaintiff or of witnesses from the defendant or from
- 29 attorneys for the defendant.
- 30 9. This chapter shall not be construed to impose civil
- 31 or criminal liability on a woman upon whom an abortion is
- 32 performed or attempted.
- 33 Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. This Act, being deemed of immediate
- 34 importance, takes effect upon enactment.>
- 35 2. Title page, lines 1 and 2, by striking <fetal body parts</p>

1 and providing penalties. > and inserting <an unborn child,

2 providing penalties, and including effective date provisions.>

3 3. By renumbering as necessary.

RIZER of Linn