

701—81.13(453A) Permit applications and denials.

81.13(1) *Applications for permits.* The application forms for all permits issued under Iowa Code chapter 453A are available from the department upon request. The applications shall include, but not be limited to:

- a. The nature of the applicant's business;
- b. The type of permit requested;
- c. The address of the principal office of the applicant;
- d. The place of business for which the permit is to apply;
- e. The names and addresses of principal officers or members, not to exceed three, if the business is not a sole proprietorship;
- f. A list of persons who will be the applicant's suppliers or customers or both (whichever is applicable);
- g. If the applicant intends to operate as a cigarette distributor, a certificate from a manufacturer of cigarettes indicating an intention to sell unstamped cigarettes to the applicant;
- h. Whether or not the applicant possesses any other permit issued under Iowa Code chapter 453A; and
- i. The signature of the person making the application. For electronically transmitted applications, the application form shall state that, in lieu of the person's handwritten signature, the person's E-mail address or the person's fax signature will constitute a valid signature.

81.13(2) *Denial of application for permit.* The department may deny a permit to any applicant who is, at the time of application, substantially delinquent in paying any tax due which is administered by the department or the interest or penalty on the tax. If the applicant is a partnership, a permit may be denied if a partner is substantially delinquent in paying any tax, penalty, or interest regardless of whether the tax is in any way a liability of or associated with the partnership. If an applicant for a permit is a corporation, the department may deny the applicant a permit if any officer, with a substantial legal or equitable interest in the ownership of the corporation, owes any delinquent tax, penalty, or interest of the applicant corporation. In this latter instance, the corporation must, initially, owe the delinquent tax, penalty, or interest, and the officer must be personally and secondarily liable for the tax. This is in contrast to the situation regarding a partnership. See rule 701—13.16(422) for characterizations of the terms "tax administered by the department" and "substantially delinquent" in paying a tax. This subrule is applicable to tax, interest, and penalty due and payable on and after January 1, 1987.

The director will deny a permit to any applicant, who is an individual, if the department has received a certificate of noncompliance from the child support recovery unit in regard to the individual, unless the unit furnishes the department with a withdrawal of the certificate of noncompliance.

81.13(3) *Revocation of a permit.* The department may revoke the permit of any permit holder who becomes substantially delinquent in paying any tax which is administered by the department or the interest or penalty on the tax. If the permit holder is a corporation, the department may revoke the permit if any officer, with a substantial legal or equitable interest in the ownership of the corporation, owes any delinquent tax, penalty, or interest of the applicant corporation. In this latter instance, the corporation must, initially, owe the delinquent tax, penalty, or interest, and the officer must be personally and secondarily liable for the tax. If the permit holder is a partnership, a permit cannot be revoked for a partner's substantial delinquency in paying any tax, penalty, or interest which is not a liability of the partnership. See rule 701—13.16(422) for characterizations of the terms "tax administered by the department" and "substantially delinquent" in paying a tax. This subrule is applicable to tax, interest, and penalty due and payable on and after January 1, 1987.

The department will revoke the permit of any permit holder, who is an individual, if the department has received a certificate of noncompliance from the child support recovery unit in regard to the individual, unless the unit furnishes the department with a withdrawal of the certificate of noncompliance.

81.13(4) *Applications for retail cigarette permits.* Applications for retail cigarette permits are supplied by the department to city councils and county boards of supervisors. The application must be obtained from and filed with the individual council or board. The board of supervisors or the city

council is required by 1995 Iowa Acts, chapter 115, to deny a retail permit to any applicant, who is an individual, if the board or council has received a certificate of noncompliance from the child support recovery unit in regard to the individual, unless the unit furnishes the board of supervisors or city council with a withdrawal of the certificate of noncompliance.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 453A.13, 453A.16, 453A.17, 453A.22, 453A.23, and 453A.44, and 1995 Iowa Acts, chapter 115.