IAC Ch 10, p.1

657—10.22(124) Schedule II emergency prescriptions.

10.22(1) *Emergency situation defined.* For the purposes of authorizing an oral or electronically transmitted prescription for a Schedule II controlled substance listed in Iowa Code section 124.206, the term "emergency situation" means those situations in which the prescribing practitioner determines that all of the following apply:

- a. Immediate administration of the controlled substance is necessary for proper treatment of the intended ultimate user.
- *b*. No appropriate alternative treatment is available, including administration of a drug that is not a Schedule II controlled substance.
- c. It is not reasonably possible for the prescribing practitioner to provide a written prescription to be presented to the person dispensing the substance prior to the dispensing.
- **10.22(2)** Requirements of emergency prescription. In the case of an emergency situation as defined herein, a pharmacist may dispense a controlled substance listed in Schedule II pursuant to an electronic transmission or upon receiving oral authorization of a prescribing individual practitioner provided that:
- a. The quantity prescribed and dispensed is limited to the smallest available quantity to meet the needs of the patient during the emergency period. Dispensing beyond the emergency period requires a written prescription manually signed by the prescribing individual practitioner.
- b. If the pharmacist does not know the prescribing individual practitioner, the pharmacist shall make a reasonable effort to determine that the authorization came from an authorized prescriber. The pharmacist shall record the manner by which the authorization was verified and include the pharmacist's name or unique identification.
- c. The pharmacist shall prepare a temporary written record of the emergency prescription. The temporary written record shall consist of a hard copy of the electronic transmission or a written record of the oral transmission authorizing the emergency dispensing.
- d. Within seven days after authorizing an emergency prescription, the prescribing individual practitioner shall cause a written prescription for the emergency quantity prescribed to be delivered to the dispensing pharmacist. In addition to conforming to the requirements of 657—10.21(124, 126,155A), the prescription shall have written on its face "Authorization for Emergency Dispensing" and the date of the emergency order. The written prescription may be delivered to the pharmacist in person or by mail, but if delivered by mail it must be postmarked within the seven-day period. The written prescription shall be attached to and maintained with the temporary written record prepared pursuant to paragraph "c."
- e. The pharmacist shall notify the board if the prescribing individual fails to deliver a written prescription. Failure of the pharmacist to so notify the board, or failure of the prescribing individual to deliver the required written prescription as herein required, shall void the authority conferred by this subrule.