IAC Ch 123, p.1

567—123.2(455B,455D,455F) Definitions. The definitions set out in Iowa Code section 455B.301 shall be considered to be incorporated verbatim in these rules. For the purposes of this chapter, these terms shall have the following meanings:

"Conditionally exempt small quantity generator" or "CESQG" means a generator that in a calendar month generates no more than 100 kilograms of hazardous waste in that month and is further defined by 40 CFR 261.5.

"Consolidation center for CESQG and HHM" means a building for the sorting, packaging, and temporary storage of materials collected from mobile events. Household hazardous materials (HHM) are not collected from the public at the consolidation center.

"Hazardous waste contractor" means a private company that provides proper management (e.g., disposal, recycling) of hazardous waste. "Hazardous waste contractor" does not include regional collection centers.

"Household hazardous materials" or "HHM" means the same as defined in Iowa Code subsection 455F.1(4).

"Mobile unit collection and consolidation center" or "MUCCC" means a government agency or private agency under contract with a government agency as part of a solid waste comprehensive plan that provides HHM collection events at temporary sites. Collection events are held a minimum of 16 hours per month in each county served by the MUCCC. MUCCCs do not provide public access to a fixed facility. Materials collected are consolidated and stored for removal by a hazardous waste contractor. MUCCCs do not include RCCs that utilize a mobile collection unit along with access to a permanent facility.

"Mobile unit for CESQG and HHM" means a unit that can be moved to different sites within a service area. The mobile unit is used to perform collection events and to transport collected materials to a fixed RCC or consolidation center.

"Public access" means the public has regularly scheduled right of access during the facility's hours of operation as specified in the facility's permit.

"Regional collection center" or "RCC" means a secured facility at which collection, sorting, and packaging of household hazardous materials and hazardous materials from CESQGs are accomplished prior to transportation of these wastes to the final disposal site. RCCs have regular hours during which the public may drop off hazardous materials. An RCC may be a government agency or a private agency under contract with a government agency as part of a solid waste comprehensive plan. RCCs are referred to as temporary collection sites in Iowa Code subsection 455F.8A(1).

"Secondary containment" means providing an impervious surface that is curbed, sloped, or sumped to retain spilled materials with storage volume equal to the largest container or 10 percent of all containers, whichever is larger.