

**701—215.17(423) Exemption for the sale of property directly and primarily used in research and development of new products or processes of processing.** The sales price of computers, computer peripherals, machinery, equipment, replacement parts, supplies, and materials used to construct or self-construct computers, computer peripherals, machinery, equipment, replacement parts, and supplies is exempt from sales and use tax when the property is directly and primarily used in research and development of new products or processes of processing.

**215.17(1)** Required elements. To qualify for exemption under this rule, the purchaser must prove the property is:

*a.* Computers, computer peripherals, machinery, equipment, replacement parts, supplies, or materials used to construct or self-construct computers, computer peripherals, machinery, equipment, replacement parts, or supplies (see subrule 230.14(2));

*b.* Directly used (see subrules 230.15(2) and 230.17(3));

*c.* Primarily used (see subrule 230.15(2)); and

*d.* Used in research and development (see subrule 230.17(2)) of:

(1) New products; or

(2) Processes of processing.

**215.17(2)** “Research and development” means experimental or laboratory activity that has as its ultimate goal the development of new products or processes of processing.

**215.17(3)** Property is used “directly” in research and development only if it is used in actual experimental or laboratory activity that qualifies as research and development under this rule.

**215.17(4)** Replacement parts and supplies.

*a. Replacement parts.* To qualify for exemption under this rule, replacement parts must satisfy the definition contained in Iowa Code section 423.3(47) “*d.*” In addition to the other requirements, an exempt replacement part must replace a component of a computer, computer peripheral, machinery, or equipment that is directly and primarily used in research and development of new products or processes of processing. Tangible personal property is not an exempt replacement part under this rule if the property exclusively replaces a component of a computer, computer peripheral, machinery, or equipment that is not directly and primarily used in research and development of new products or processes of processing.

*b. Supplies.* To qualify for exemption under this rule, supplies must satisfy the definition contained in Iowa Code section 423.3(47) “*d.*” In addition to the other requirements, an exempt supply must be connected to, be used in conjunction with, or come into physical contact with a computer, computer peripheral, machinery, or equipment that is directly and primarily used in research and development of new products or processes of processing, or an exempt supply must itself be directly and primarily used in research and development of new products or processes of processing. Tangible personal property is not an exempt supply under this rule if the property exclusively is connected to, is used in conjunction with, or comes into physical contact with a computer, computer peripheral, machinery, or equipment that is not directly and primarily used in research and development of new products or processes of processing.

**215.17(5)** Examples.

EXAMPLE A: Company A is a hybrid seed producer. Company A maintains a research and development laboratory for use in developing new varieties of corn seed. Company A purchases the following items for use in its research and development laboratory: a laboratory computer for processing data related to the genetic structure of various corn plants, an electron microscope for examining the structure of corn plant genes, a steam cleaner for cleaning rugs in the laboratory offices, and office furniture for use in the laboratory offices. The laboratory computer and the microscope are “directly” used in the research in which the laboratory is engaged; the steam cleaner and the office furniture are not directly used in research. Therefore, the sales prices of the laboratory computer and the microscope are exempt from sales and use tax. The sales prices of the steam cleaner and the office furniture are not exempt from tax under this rule.

EXAMPLE B: Company B is a manufacturer of agricultural equipment. Company B is researching and developing a new tractor. Company B purchases materials to produce a prototype of its new tractor. The prototype tractor will be tested in various settings, including a laboratory and actual agricultural production. The materials used to produce the prototype tractor are exempt supplies directly and

primarily used in research and production of new products. The sales price for the materials is exempt regardless of whether Company B sells the prototype tractor after testing, or if it scraps the prototype tractor after testing.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 423.3(47) "a"(3).  
[ARC 2768C, IAB 10/12/16, effective 11/16/16; ARC 5798C, IAB 7/28/21, effective 9/1/21; ARC 6508C, IAB 9/7/22, effective 10/12/22]