

605—7.3(29C) Local emergency management commission.

7.3(1) The county board of supervisors, city councils, and school district boards of directors in each county shall cooperate with the emergency management division to establish a local emergency management commission to carry out the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 29C.

a. The local commission shall be named the (county name) county emergency management commission.

b. The commission shall be comprised of the following members:

- (1) A member of the county board of supervisors or its appointed representative.
 - (2) The county sheriff or the sheriff's appointed representative.
 - (3) The mayor or the mayor's appointed representative from each city within the county.
- c.* The commission is a municipality as defined in Iowa Code section 670.1.

7.3(2) Local commission bylaws. The commission shall develop bylaws to specify, at a minimum, the following information:

- a.* The name of the commission.
- b.* The list of members.
- c.* The date for the commencement of operations.
- d.* The commission's mission.
- e.* The commission's powers and duties.
- f.* The manner for financing the commission and its activities and maintaining a budget therefor.
- g.* The manner for acquiring, holding and disposing of property.
- h.* The manner for electing or appointing officers and the terms of office.
- i.* The manner by which members may vote.
- j.* The manner for appointing, hiring, disciplining and terminating employees.
- k.* The rules for conducting meetings of the commission.
- l.* Any other necessary and proper rules or procedures.

The bylaws, as adopted, shall be signed by each member of the commission. The commission shall record the signed bylaws with the county recorder and shall forward a copy of the bylaws to the administrator of the state emergency management division.

7.3(3) Commission business. Commission business shall be conducted in compliance with Iowa Code chapter 21, "Official Meetings Open to Public," and Iowa Code chapter 22, "Examination of Public Records."

7.3(4) The commission shall have the following minimum duties and responsibilities:

a. Administration and finance.

(1) Establish and maintain an agency responsible for the local emergency management program. The primary responsibility of this agency is to develop and maintain a comprehensive emergency management capability in cooperation with other governmental agencies, volunteer organizations, and private sector organizations. The name of this agency shall be the (county name) county emergency management agency.

(2) Determine the mission of the agency and its program.

(3) Develop and adopt a budget in accordance with the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 24 and Iowa Code section 29C.17 in support of the commission and its programs. The commission shall be the fiscal authority and the chairperson or vice chairperson shall be the certifying official for the budget.

(4) Appoint an emergency management coordinator who meets the qualifications established in subrule 7.4(3).

(5) Develop and adopt policies defining the rights and liabilities of commission employees, emergency workers and volunteers.

(6) Provide direction for the delivery of the emergency management services of planning, administration, coordination, training, exercising, and support for local governments and their departments.

(7) Coordinate emergency management activities and services among county and city governments and the private sector agencies within the county.

b. Hazard identification, risk assessment, and capability assessment.

(1) The commission should continually identify credible hazards that may affect their jurisdiction, the likelihood of occurrence, and the vulnerability of the jurisdiction to such hazards. Hazards to be considered should include natural, technological, and human-caused.

(2) The commission should conduct an analysis to determine the consequences and impact of identified hazards on the health and safety of the public, the health and safety of responders, property and infrastructure, critical and essential facilities, public services, the environment, the economy of the jurisdiction, and government operations and obligations.

(3) The hazard analysis should include identification of vital personnel, systems, operations, equipment, and facilities at risk.

(4) The commission should identify mitigation and preparedness considerations based upon the hazard analysis.

(5) A comprehensive assessment of the emergency management program elements should be conducted periodically to determine the operational capability and readiness of the jurisdiction to address the identified hazards and risks.

c. Resource management.

(1) The commission should develop a method to effectively identify, acquire, distribute, account for, and utilize resources essential to emergency functions.

(2) The commission shall utilize, to the maximum extent practicable, the services, equipment, supplies and facilities of the political subdivisions that are members of the commission.

(3) The commission should identify resource shortfalls and develop the steps and procedures necessary to overcome such shortfalls.

(4) The commission shall, in collaboration with other public and private agencies within this state, develop written mutual aid agreements. Such agreements shall provide reciprocal disaster services and recovery aid and assistance in case of disaster too great to be dealt with by the jurisdiction unassisted. Mutual aid agreements shall be in compliance with the appropriate requirements contained in Iowa Code chapter 28E.

d. Planning.

(1) The commission shall develop comprehensive countywide emergency operations plans that are multihazard and multifunctional in nature and that shall include, but not be limited to, a part "A" operations plan, part "B" mitigation plan, and part "C" recovery plan that may be contained in a single document or multiple documents. Part A, B, and C plans must be completed and submitted to the division on or before October 5, 2003.

1. A part "A" operations plan assigns responsibilities to organizations and individuals for carrying out specific actions at projected times and places in an emergency or disaster.

2. The part "B" mitigation plan shall establish interim and long-term strategies to eliminate hazards or to reduce the impact of those hazards that cannot be eliminated. This requirement notwithstanding, to qualify for federal funding for mitigation assistance, the eligible applicant must comply with the mitigation planning requirements set forth in 44 CFR Section 201.6 and the Iowa Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Administrative Plan, as appropriate.

3. A part "C" recovery plan shall identify the short-term and long-term strategic priorities, processes, vital resources, and acceptable time frames and procedures for restoration.

(2) Plans shall contain the following common elements.

1. The functional roles and responsibilities of internal and external agencies, organizations, departments, and individuals during mitigation, preparedness, response and recovery shall be identified.

2. Lines of authority for those agencies, organizations, departments, and individuals shall be established and identified.

(3) Plans shall be regularly reviewed and amended as appropriate in accordance with a five-year schedule established by the commission, to include at a minimum:

1. A complete review, and amendment as appropriate, of the part "A" operations plan at a minimum of every five years. However, a review, and amendment as appropriate, of the hazardous materials portion and of a minimum of 20 percent of the remaining annexes or portions of the plan shall be conducted on a yearly basis. The complete operations plan must be entirely reviewed and amended

as appropriate every five years. A printed copy of the portions of the plan that are reviewed, regardless of amendment, must be certified and submitted to the division for approval.

2. A complete review, and amendment as appropriate, of the part “B” mitigation plan at a minimum of every five years at such time a printed copy of the plan, regardless of amendment, must be submitted to the division for approval. Part “B” mitigation plans must also be reviewed and amended, as appropriate, certified and submitted to the division for approval within 180 days of the formal closing of the disaster incident period for a presidential declaration for major disaster.

3. A complete review, and amendment as appropriate, of the part “C” recovery plan at a minimum of every five years at such time a printed copy of the plan, regardless of amendment, must be submitted to the division for approval. Part “C” recovery plans must also be reviewed and amended, as appropriate, certified and submitted to the division for approval within 180 days of the formal closing of the disaster incident period for a presidential declaration for major disaster.

(4) To be certified, the plan must be adopted by the members of the local or joint emergency management commission and attested to by the chairperson and the local emergency management coordinator on a form to be provided by the division.

(5) In addition to the standards heretofore established in paragraph 7.3(4)“d,” the operations plan shall include provisions for damage assessment.

(6) Hazardous materials plans shall meet the minimum requirements of federal law, 42 U.S.C., Sec. 11003.

(7) Counties designated as risk or host counties for a nuclear facility emergency planning zone shall meet the standards and requirements as published by the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the Federal Emergency Management Agency in NUREG-0654, FEMA-REP-1, Rev. 1, March 1987.

(8) Local or joint emergency management commissions participating in or conducting exercises or experiencing real disaster incidents, which require after action and corrective action reports, have 180 days from the date of the publication of the corrective action report to incorporate the corrective actions, as appropriate, in their plans.

(9) Required plans or portions of plans, submitted for approval to the division by a local or joint emergency management commission, shall be reviewed within 60 calendar days from the receipt of the plan. The division shall notify the local emergency management coordinator in writing of the approval or nonapproval of the plan. If the plan is not approved, the division shall state the specific standard or standards that are not being met and offer guidance on how the plan may be brought into compliance.

(10) A comprehensive countywide emergency operations plan shall not be considered approved by the emergency management division as required in Iowa Code subsection 29C.9(8) unless such plan adheres to and meets the minimum standards as established in paragraph 7.3(4)“d.”

(11) Iowa Code section 29C.6 provides that state participation in funding financial assistance in a presidentially declared disaster is contingent upon the local government’s having on file a state-approved, comprehensive, countywide plan as provided in Iowa Code subsection 29C.9(8). Required plans must be received by the division within 180 days of the formal closing of the disaster incident period for a presidential declaration for major disaster for the affected county, and must be approved by the division within 240 days of this date for public or private nonprofit entities within the county to be eligible to receive state financial assistance.

e. Direction, control and coordination.

(1) The commission shall execute and enforce the orders or rules made by the governor, or under the governor’s authority.

(2) The commission shall establish and maintain the capability to effectively direct, control and coordinate emergency and disaster response and recovery efforts.

(3) The commission shall establish a means of interfacing on-scene management with direction and control personnel and facilities.

(4) The commission should actively support use of the Incident Command System (ICS) model by all emergency and disaster response agencies within the jurisdiction.

f. Damage assessment.

(1) The commission shall develop and maintain a damage assessment capability consistent with local, state and federal requirements and shall designate individuals responsible for the function of damage assessment.

(2) Individuals identified by the commission to perform the function of damage assessment shall be trained through a course of instruction approved by the division.

g. Communications and warning.

(1) The commission should identify a means of disseminating a warning to the public, key officials, emergency response personnel and those other persons within the jurisdiction that may be potentially affected.

(2) The commission should identify the primary and secondary means of communications to support direction, control, and coordination of emergency management activities.

h. Operations and procedures. The commission should encourage public and private agencies, having defined responsibilities in the countywide emergency operations plan, to develop standard operating procedures, policies, and directives in support of the plan.

i. Training.

(1) The commission shall require the local emergency management coordinator to meet the minimum training requirements as established by the division and identified in subrule 7.4(4).

(2) The commission should, in conjunction with the local emergency management coordinator, arrange for and actively support ongoing emergency management related training for local public officials, emergency responders, volunteers, and support staff.

(3) Persons responsible for emergency plan development or implementation should receive training specific to, or related to, hazards identified in the local hazard analysis.

(4) The commission should encourage individuals, other than the emergency management coordinator, with emergency management responsibilities as defined in the countywide emergency operations plan, to complete, within two years of appointment, training consistent with their emergency management responsibilities.

(5) The commission should encourage all individuals with emergency management responsibilities to maintain current and adequate training consistent with their responsibilities.

j. Exercises.

(1) The commission shall ensure that exercise activities are conducted annually in accordance with local, state and federal requirements.

(2) Exercise activities should follow a progressive five-year plan that is designed to meet the needs of the jurisdiction.

(3) Local entities assigned to an exercise should actively participate and support the role of the entity in the exercise.

(4) Local entities assigned to an exercise should actively participate in the design, development, implementation, and evaluation of the exercise activity.

k. Public education and information.

(1) The commission should designate the individual or individuals who are responsible for public education and information functions.

(2) The commission should ensure a public information capability, to include:

1. Designated public information personnel trained to meet local requirements.
2. A system of receiving and disseminating emergency public information.
3. A method to develop, coordinate, and authorize the release of information.
4. The capability to communicate with special needs populations.

(3) The commission should actively support the development of capabilities to electronically collect, compile, report, receive, and transmit emergency public information.

7.3(5) Two or more commissions. Two or more local commissions may, upon review by the state administrator and with the approval of their respective boards of supervisors and cities, enter into agreements pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 28E for the joint coordination and administration of emergency management services throughout the multicounty area.