

**191—5.23(507C) Standards.** The following standards, either singly or a combination of two or more, may be considered by the commissioner to determine whether the continued operation of any insurer transacting an insurance business in this state might be deemed to be hazardous to the policyholders, creditors or the general public. The commissioner may consider:

**5.23(1)** Adverse findings reported in financial condition and market conduct examination reports.

**5.23(2)** The National Association of Insurance Commissioners Insurance Regulatory Information System and its related reports.

**5.23(3)** The ratios of commission expense, general insurance expense, policy benefits and reserve increases to annual premium and net investment income which could lead to an impairment of capital and surplus.

**5.23(4)** The insurer's asset portfolio when viewed in light of current economic conditions is not of sufficient value, liquidity, or diversity to ensure the company's ability to meet its outstanding obligations as they mature.

**5.23(5)** The ability of an assuming reinsurer to perform and whether the insurer's reinsurance program provides sufficient protection for the company's remaining surplus after taking into account the insurer's cash flow and the classes of business written as well as the financial condition of the assuming reinsurer.

**5.23(6)** The insurer's operating loss in the last 12-month period or any shorter period of time including, but not limited to: net capital gain or loss, change in nonadmitted assets, and cash dividends paid to shareholders reduces such insurer's remaining surplus as regards policyholders below the minimum required.

**5.23(7)** Whether any affiliate, subsidiary or reinsurer of the insurer is insolvent as defined in Iowa Code section 507C.2(11), is threatened with insolvency, or is delinquent in payment of its monetary or other obligation.

**5.23(8)** Contingent liabilities, pledges or guarantees which either individually or collectively involve a total amount which, in the opinion of the commissioner, may affect the solvency of the insurer.

**5.23(9)** Whether any "controlling person" of an insurer is delinquent in the transmitting to, or payment of, net premiums to such insurer.

**5.23(10)** The age and collectibility of receivables.

**5.23(11)** Whether the management of an insurer, including officers, directors, or any other person who directly or indirectly controls the operation of such insurer, fails to possess and demonstrate the competence, fitness and reputation deemed necessary to serve the insurer in such position.

**5.23(12)** Whether management of an insurer has failed to respond to inquiries relative to the condition of the insurer or has furnished false and misleading information concerning an inquiry.

**5.23(13)** Whether management of an insurer either has filed any false or misleading sworn financial statement, or has released false or misleading financial statement to lending institutions or to the general public, or has made a false or misleading entry, or has omitted an entry of material amount in the books of the insurer.

**5.23(14)** Whether the insurer has grown so rapidly and to such an extent that it lacks adequate financial and administrative capacity to meet its obligations in a timely manner.

**5.23(15)** Whether the company has experienced or will experience in the foreseeable future cash flow or liquidity problems.

**5.23(16)** Rescinded IAB 7/10/91, effective 6/21/91.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code sections 507C.9, 507C.12 and 507C.17.