

871—24.9(96) Determination of benefit rights.**24.9(1) Monetary determinations.**

a. When an initial claim for benefits is filed, the department shall mail to the individual claiming benefits a Form 65-5318, Iowa Monetary Record, which is a statement of the individual's weekly benefit amount, total benefits, base period wages, and other data pertinent to the individual's benefit rights.

b. The monetary record shall constitute a final decision unless newly discovered facts which affect the validity of the original determination or a written request for reconsideration is filed by the individual within ten days of the date of the mailing of the monetary record specifying the grounds of objection to the monetary record.

c. If newly discovered facts are obtained by the department or a written request for reconsideration is filed by the individual and is timely, an unemployment insurance representative shall examine the facts or the written request for reconsideration and shall promptly issue a redetermination or transfer the written request to an administrative law judge. The redetermination of the monetary record shall constitute a final decision unless a written appeal to an administrative law judge is filed by the individual within ten days of the date of the mailing of the redetermination specifying the grounds of objection to the redetermined monetary record. For the purposes of this paragraph, if the newly discovered facts obtained by the department would result in a change of the individual's maximum benefit amount of \$25 or less, the department representative is not required to issue a redetermination unless a redetermination is requested by the individual, the employer, or a representative of another state or federal agency responsible for the administration of an unemployment insurance law.

d. For the purposes of this subrule, the appeal period is extended to the next working day of the department in the event that the tenth day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday. Also, failure of an individual to properly complete and sign any document relating to the adjudication of a claim shall result in the return of the document to the individual for proper completion or signature; however, an extension of the appeal period to allow for the return of the documents shall not be granted.

24.9(2) Nonmonetary determinations.

a. When a protest of an initial claim for benefits is filed, the department shall mail to the individual claiming benefits, and the most recent or any other base period employing unit, either a Form 60-0186 (manually generated) or a Form 65-5323 (computer generated), Unemployment Insurance Decision, which affects the individual's right to benefits.

b. The interested parties shall be afforded the opportunity to present facts and evidence in person or by telephone at an informational fact-finding interview scheduled by the department. An interested party, at the party's expense and with the party's equipment, may tape (video or audio) the proceedings. All participants must be informed of the taping of the interview. The taping of the interview must not be disruptive or distracting in nature.

c. Each of these decisions of the unemployment insurance representative shall constitute a final decision unless there are newly discovered facts which affect the validity of the original decision or a written request for reconsideration is filed by the individual, or the most recent or any other base period employing unit, within ten days of the date of the mailing of the decision specifying the grounds of objection to the decision.

d. If newly discovered facts are obtained by the department or a written request for reconsideration is timely filed by the individual, or the most recent or any other base period employing unit, an unemployment insurance representative shall examine the newly discovered facts or the written request for reconsideration and shall promptly issue a redetermination or transfer the written request to an administrative law judge. The redetermination of the decision shall constitute a final decision unless a written appeal to an administrative law judge is filed by the individual, or the most recent or any other base period employing unit, within ten days of the date of the mailing of the redetermination specifying the grounds for objection to the redetermined decision.

e. For the purposes of this subrule, the protest period is extended to the next working day of the department in the event that the tenth day falls on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday. Also, failure by an individual or an employing unit to properly complete or sign any document relating to the adjudication of a claim shall result in the return of the document to the individual or employing unit for proper completion

or signature; however, an extension of the protest period to allow for the return of the document shall not be granted.