

481—780.1(148C) Definitions. In addition to the definitions herein, and unless otherwise stated, the board adopts by reference the definitions found in Iowa Code section 148C.1.

“Active license” means a license that is current and has not expired.

“Approved program” means a program for the education of physician associates that has been accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant, or its successor, or, if accredited prior to 2001, either by the Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation or the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs.

“CME” means continuing medical education.

“Collaboration” means consultation with or referral to the appropriate physician or other health care professional by a physician associate as indicated by the patient’s condition; the education, competencies, and experience of the physician associate; and the best practice guidelines.

“Direction” means authoritative policy or procedural guidance for the accomplishment of a function or activity.

“Grace period” means the 30-day period following expiration of a license when the license is still considered to be active. In order to renew a license during the grace period, a licensee is required to pay a late fee.

“HIPAA” means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, PL 104-191, August 21, 1996, 110 Stat 1936.

“Inactive license” means a license that has expired because it was not renewed by the end of the grace period. The category of “inactive license” may include licenses formerly known as lapsed, inactive, delinquent, closed, or retired.

“Licensee” means a person licensed by the board as a physician associate.

“Licensure by endorsement” means the issuance of an Iowa license to practice as a physician associate to an applicant who is or has been licensed in another state.

“Locum tenens” means the temporary substitution of one licensed physician associate for another.

“Mandatory training” means training on identifying and reporting child abuse or dependent adult abuse required of physician associates who are mandatory reporters. The full requirements on mandatory reporting of child abuse and the training requirements are found in Iowa Code section 232.69. The full requirements on mandatory reporting of dependent adult abuse and the training requirements are found in Iowa Code section 235B.16.

“NCCPA” means the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.

“Opioid” means a drug that produces an agonist effect on opioid receptors and is indicated or used for the treatment of pain or opioid use disorder.

“Other health care provider” means a person licensed as a physician associate under Iowa Code chapter 148C or an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed under Iowa Code chapter 152.

“Physician” means a person who is currently licensed in Iowa to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery. A physician supervising a physician associate practicing in a federal facility or under federal authority will not be required to obtain licensure beyond licensure requirements mandated by the federal government for supervising physicians.

“Prescription monitoring program database” or *“PMP database”* means the Iowa prescription monitoring program database administered by the board of pharmacy pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 124, subchapter VI, and 481—Chapter 556.

“Reactivate” or *“reactivation”* means the process as outlined in rule 481—780.9(17A,147,272C) by which an inactive license is restored to active status.

“Reinstatement” means the process as outlined in rule 481—506.31(272C) by which a licensee who has had a license suspended or revoked or who has voluntarily surrendered a license may apply to have the license reinstated, with or without conditions. Once the license is reinstated, the licensee may apply for active status.

“Supervising physician” means a physician who supervises the medical services provided by the physician associate engaged in independent practice consistent with the physician associate’s education, training, or experience. Supervision shall not be construed as a requirement to be applied to those physician associates who (1) are not engaged in an independent practice arrangement, (2) have already met the

requirements to practice independently, or (3) are not required by law to be supervised. Supervision shall not be construed as requiring the personal presence of a supervising physician at the place where such services are rendered, except insofar as the personal presence is expressly required by these rules or by Iowa Code chapter 148C.

“Supply prescription drugs” means to deliver to a patient or the patient’s representative a quantity of prescription drugs or devices that are properly packaged and labeled.

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