

261—195.7(15,22) Disclosure of records—consent.

195.7(1) *Disclosure for routine use.* In this chapter, “routine use” means the disclosure of a record without the consent of the subject or subjects, for a purpose that is compatible with the purpose for which the record was collected. To the extent allowed by law, the following uses are considered routine uses of all authority records, including confidential records:

a. Disclosure to those officers, employees, and agents of the authority who have a need for the record in the performance of their duties.

b. Disclosure to a contractor, including but not limited to the department of inspections, appeals, and licensing, for matters in which the contractor is performing services or functions on behalf of the authority.

c. Transfers of information within the authority, to other state agencies, or to units of local government as appropriate to administer the program for which the information is collected.

d. Information released to staff of federal and state entities for audit purposes or for purposes of determining whether the authority is operating a program lawfully.

e. Any disclosure specifically authorized by the statute under which the record was collected or maintained.

195.7(2) *Other disclosures of confidential records.* To the extent allowed by law, the following uses may result in disclosure of confidential records without the consent of the subject:

a. Disclosure to a recipient who has provided the authority with advance written assurance that the record will be used solely as statistical research or reporting record, provided that the record is transferred in a form that does not identify the subject.

b. Disclosure of information indicating an apparent violation of the law to appropriate law enforcement authorities for investigation and possible criminal prosecution, civil court action, or regulatory order.

c. Disclosure to another government agency or to an instrumentality of any governmental jurisdiction within or under the control of the United States for a civil or criminal law enforcement activity if the activity is authorized by law, and if the head of such government agency or instrumentality has submitted a written request to the authority specifying the record desired and the law enforcement activity for which the record is sought.

d. Disclosure pursuant to a showing of compelling circumstances affecting the health or safety of any individual.

e. Disclosure to the legislative services agency under Iowa Code section 2A.3.

f. Disclosures in the course of employee disciplinary proceedings.

g. Disclosure in response to a court order or subpoena.

195.7(3) *Consent to disclosure of confidential records.*

a. To the extent permitted by any applicable provision of law, a person who is the subject of a confidential record may have a copy of the portion of that record concerning the subject disclosed to the subject or to a third party. A request for such a disclosure must be in writing and must identify the particular record or records that may be disclosed, and the particular person or class of persons to whom the record may be disclosed and, if applicable, the time period during which the record may be disclosed. The person who is the subject of the record and, if applicable, the person to whom the record is to be disclosed may be required to provide proof of identity.

b. When a record has multiple subjects with interest in the confidentiality of the record, the authority may take reasonable steps to protect confidential information relating to another subject.

[ARC 9138C, IAB 4/16/25, effective 5/21/25]