

**701—405.7(422) Determination of composite return tax.**

**405.7(1)** Each nonresident member's distributive share of Iowa-source income from the pass-through entity shall be determined at the entity level in accordance with the Iowa statutes, administrative rules, and tax forms applicable to the pass-through entity's tax type, including provisions related to the allocation and apportionment of income.

**405.7(2)** A partner's Iowa-source income includes the amount of nonseparately stated income, separately stated income including guaranteed payments, and separately stated deductions, attributable to Iowa as properly reported on the partner's IA 1065 Schedule K-1. A shareholder's Iowa-source income includes the amount of nonseparately stated income, separately stated income, and separately stated deductions, attributable to Iowa as properly reported on the shareholder's IA 1120S Schedule K-1. A beneficiary's Iowa-source income includes the amount of distributable net income attributable to Iowa as properly reported on the beneficiary's IA 1041 Schedule K-1.

**405.7(3)** No net operating loss or other owner-level tax attribute modification, or reduction for Iowa tax credits, is allowed in the computation of each nonresident member's Iowa-source income for purposes of the composite return. To claim an owner-level tax attribute modification, or an Iowa tax credit, the nonresident member must file the nonresident member's own Iowa tax return.

**405.7(4)** If a nonresident member's Iowa-source income is a loss, that loss cannot be netted against the Iowa-source income of another nonresident member.

**405.7(5)** The composite return tax for each nonresident member is computed by multiplying the nonresident member's Iowa-source income, if positive, by the highest tax rate applicable to that nonresident member. C corporations, or tax-exempt entities with unrelated business income, will be taxed at the highest corporate tax rate in Iowa Code section 422.33. Financial institutions will be taxed at the franchise tax rate in Iowa Code section 422.63. Individuals, estates, trusts, partnerships, and S corporations (except those subject to the franchise tax) will be taxed at the highest individual tax rate in Iowa Code section 422.5A. The sum of the composite return tax for all nonresident members is the pass-through entity's total composite return tax liability.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 422.16B.

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