

**641—11.6 (141A) Reporting of diagnoses and HIV-related tests, events, and conditions to the department.**

**11.6(1)** The following constitute reportable events related to HIV infection:

- a.* A test result indicating HIV infection, including:
  - (1) Confirmed positive results on any HIV-related test or combination of tests, including antibody tests, antigen tests, cultures, and nucleic acid amplification tests.
  - (2) A positive result or report of a detectable quantity on any other HIV detection (non-antibody) tests, and results of all viral loads, including nondetectable levels.
- b.* AIDS and AIDS-related conditions, including all levels of CD4+ T-lymphocyte counts.
- c.* Birth of an infant to an HIV-infected mother (perinatal exposure) or any (positive, negative, or undetectable) non-antibody detection test (antigen test, viral culture, viral load, or qualitative nucleic acid amplification test) on an infant 18 months of age or younger.
- d.* Death resulting from an AIDS-related condition, or death of a person with HIV infection.

**11.6(2)** Within seven days of the receipt of a person's confirmed positive test result indicating HIV infection, the director of a plasma center, blood bank, organ procurement organization, clinical laboratory or public health laboratory that performed the test or that requested the confirmatory test shall make a report to the department on a form provided by the department.

**11.6(3)** Within seven days of the receipt of a test result indicating HIV infection, which has been confirmed as positive according to prevailing medical technology, or immediately after the initial examination or treatment of a person infected with HIV, the physician or other health care provider at whose request the test was performed or who performed the initial examination or treatment shall make a report to the department on a form provided by the department.

**11.6(4)** Within seven days of diagnosing a person as having AIDS or an AIDS-related condition, the diagnosing physician shall make a report to the department on a form provided by the department.

**11.6(5)** Within seven days of the death of a person with HIV infection, the attending physician shall make a report to the department on a form provided by the department.

**11.6(6)** Within seven days of the birth of an infant to an HIV-infected mother or a receipt of a laboratory result (positive, negative, or undetectable) of a non-antibody detection test (antigen test, viral culture, viral load, or qualitative nucleic acid amplification test) on an infant 18 months of age or younger, the attending physician shall make a report to the department on a form provided by the department.

**11.6(7)** The report shall include:

- a.* The person's name, address, date of birth, gender, race and ethnicity, marital status, and telephone number.
- b.* The name, address and telephone number of the plasma center, blood bank, clinical laboratory or public health laboratory that performed or requested the test, if a test was performed.
- c.* The address of the physician or other health care provider who requested the test.
- d.* If the person is female, whether the person is pregnant.

**11.6(8)** All persons who experience a reportable event while receiving services in the state, regardless of state of residence, shall be reported.