CHAPTER 8 PUBLIC RECORDS AND FAIR INFORMATION PRACTICES

PREAMBLE

The department of management hereby adopts, with the following exceptions and amendments, the Uniform Rules on Agency Procedure relating to public records and fair information practices which are published on the Iowa general assembly's Web site at https://www.legis.iowa.gov/DOCS/Rules/Current/UniformRules.pdf. [ARC 1371C, IAB 3/19/14, effective 4/23/14]

541—8.1(17A,22) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

"Agency." In lieu of the words "(official or body issuing these rules)" insert "department of management".

"Confidential record" means a record that is not available as a matter of right for examination and copying by members of the public under applicable provisions of law. Confidential records include records or information contained in records that the agency is prohibited by law from making available for examination by members of the public and records or information contained in records that are specified as confidential by Iowa Code section 22.7, Iowa Code chapter 8, or another provision of law.

"Nonincidental retrieval or supervisory service" means services provided by the department's staff (or staff from the department of administrative services) to persons requesting access to public documents, which exceed 20 hours in duration.

"Nonproprietary records" means those records which are in the possession of the department but which are generated for the purposes of other units of government.

"Open record" means a record other than a confidential record.

"Public record" means a record as defined in Iowa Code section 22.1. A public record includes both "confidential" and "open" records.

541—8.2(17A,22) Public record retention and access.

8.2(1) Record policy. The department of management is committed to ensuring that the workings of the department are open to public inspection. To that end, a public record in the custody of the department will be maintained and archived through a standard record retention policy, with public access to be given in full compliance with applicable provisions of law.

The record retention program will provide economy and efficiency in the creation, organization, administrative use, maintenance, security, availability, and disposition of public records to ensure that a needless record will not be created or retained, and a valuable record will be preserved, as provided under Iowa law. The department will preserve the integrity of public records, and reply to all open records requests in a timely, responsive, and efficient manner in full compliance with applicable provisions of law.

8.2(2) Record retention requirements. Every record made or received under the authority of, or coming into the custody, control, or possession of, department of management personnel, in connection with the transaction of official business of state government, and that has sufficient legal, fiscal, administrative, or historical value shall be retained in accordance with Iowa law. The director of the department of management shall designate a records retention officer to oversee the department's record retention program and to serve as the primary point of contact with the state archives.

The department will follow the records retention protocol that is established by the Iowa records retention commission. The department of management records officer shall select retention mechanisms that are designed to implement the commission protocol and arrange for training for the department's personnel on each selected mechanism.

8.2(3) Confidential records. Confidential records may be withheld, and confidential information within an otherwise open record may be redacted prior to a record's release for public examination and copying. If a confidential record is withheld from examination and copying, or confidential information within an otherwise open record is redacted, the department of management will identify

the document(s) and cite the applicable provision of law that supports the decision to withhold the confidential information from public examination.

541—8.3(17A,22) Requests for access to records.

8.3(1) Open records. Open records will be available to the public during customary office hours, which are 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday (except holidays). Immediate access to records may be affected by a good-faith effort to verify the scope of the records requested and to determine whether any of the records or information contained therein is confidential in nature.

In the event circumstances prolong a timely response, the department will notify the requester at once and attempt an alternate arrangement to provide the response in a manner satisfactory to the requester. For nonproprietary records, the department is only a repository and is not the "lawful custodian" of the records under the meaning of Iowa Code chapter 22. Nonproprietary records shall be provided only to the unit of state government which is the lawful custodian of such records under Iowa Code chapter 22.

- **8.3(2)** Requesting records. Requests for access to a public record may be made by mail, electronically, by telephone or in person. A request for access to a public record should be made to the director, who shall be responsible for implementing the requirements of public records laws inside the department.
- a. A person who submits a request for public records shall provide the person's name, address, and telephone number in order to facilitate effective communication with the department regarding the request.
- *b.* Mail requests shall be addressed to: Director, Department of Management, 1007 East Grand Avenue, State Capitol, Room 13, Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0015.
- c. Electronic requests shall include the term "Public Records Request" in the subject field, and should be sent to the director's E-mail address as found on the department's Web site at www.dom.state.ia.us.
 - d. Telephone requests should be made to (515)281-3322.
- e. A person who submits a request orally will receive a verification letter or electronic communication, whichever is preferred by the requester, from the department verifying the specific scope of the search requested. The verification letter or electronic communication will be transmitted before the request for documents is processed.

In the event that a request cannot be fulfilled within a reasonable time, the requester will be so notified and an estimated completion date will be provided.

- **8.3(3)** Record identification. Requests for access to a public record shall identify the particular public record to which access is requested by name or description in order to identify efficiently the desired record.
 - a. The requester's description should specify:
 - (1) The particular type of record sought.
 - (2) The particular time period to be searched by start and end date.
 - (3) The author or recipient, or both, of the record requested, to the extent possible.
- (4) To the extent possible, the particular records medium to be searched (i.e., letters, memoranda, reports, recordings).
 - (5) Any other pertinent information that will assist the department in locating the record requested.
- b. The requester shall specify if the request applies to a record stored in an electronic form and shall list the search terms to be used.
- **8.3(4)** Record search. Department of management personnel should direct public records requests to the director for docketing and processing. Before a search is conducted, the director may contact the requester if there are questions concerning the scope of the record request. The department of management shall employ a staff member who is proficient in conducting electronic records searches within the department. This individual will be responsible for conducting all searches for electronic records that are accessible inside the department of management.
- a. Upon receipt of a request for access to a public record, the department will promptly take all reasonable steps to preserve a public record while the request is pending.

- b. Every public record that is gathered pursuant to a records request will be examined to determine whether the record is confidential and for completeness in response to the request.
- c. Every record that is presented to the public for review shall be attached to a transmittal letter that specifies the manner in which the records search was performed.
- d. Questions by the public regarding the scope of a records search or requests for an expanded search should be submitted to the director in writing.
- **8.3(5)** Fees. A fee for time spent retrieving an open record or supervising the public examination of an open record, or both, may be charged to the requester of the record in an amount equal to the actual cost of time spent providing nonincidental retrieval or supervisory services, or both, as provided under applicable law. Whenever possible, an estimate of fees will be provided to the requester before a search is initiated.
- a. The actual cost for nonincidental retrieval or supervisory services, or both, may vary according to the nature of the search that is specified by the requester. However, the fees for nonincidental retrieval or supervisory services, or both, performed by department of management staff pursuant to a request for records that are accessible inside the department of management will ordinarily be set at \$15 per hour. The fees for department of management records that are accessible only with the assistance of department of administrative services or state archives personnel will be based on the fee structure that is established by those agencies. Requesters are generally billed for fees after their request has been processed. However, if total fees are expected to exceed \$250, the department of management may require payment in advance of processing.
- *b.* Photocopies of open records located in the department office will be provided at no charge for the first 25 pages, and \$0.20 cents per page for each additional page.

 [ARC 1371C, IAB 3/19/14, effective 4/23/14]

541—8.9(17A,22) Disclosures without the consent of the subject.

- **8.9(1)** Open records are routinely disclosed without the consent of the subject.
- **8.9(2)** To the extent allowed by law, disclosure of confidential records may occur without the consent of the subject. Following are instances where disclosure, if lawful, will generally occur without notice to the subject:
- a. For a routine use as defined in rule 541—8.10(17A,22) or in any notice for a particular record system.
- b. To a recipient who has provided the agency with advance written assurance that the record will be used solely as a statistical research or reporting record, provided that the record is transferred in a form that does not identify the subject.
- c. To another government agency or to an instrumentality of any governmental jurisdiction within or under the control of the United States for a civil or criminal law enforcement activity if the activity is authorized by law, and if an authorized representative of such government agency or instrumentality has submitted a written request to the agency specifying the record desired and the law enforcement activity for which the record is sought.
- d. To an individual pursuant to a showing of compelling circumstances affecting the health or safety of any individual if a notice of the disclosure is transmitted to the last-known address of the subject.
 - e. To the legislative services agency under Iowa Code section 2A.3.
 - f. Disclosures in the course of employee disciplinary proceedings.
 - g. In response to a court order or subpoena.

541—8.10(17A,22) Routine use.

- **8.10(1)** Defined. "Routine use" means the disclosure of a record without the consent of the subject or subjects, for a purpose which is compatible with the purpose for which the record was collected. It includes disclosures required to be made by statute other than the public records law, Iowa Code chapter 22.
- **8.10(2)** To the extent allowed by law, the following uses are considered routine uses of all agency records:

- a. Disclosure to those officers, employees, and agents of the agency who have a need for the record in the performance of their duties. The custodian of the record may upon request of any officer or employee, or on the custodian's own initiative, determine what constitutes legitimate need to use confidential records.
- b. Disclosure of information indicating an apparent violation of the law to appropriate law enforcement authorities for investigation and possible criminal prosecution, civil court action, or regulatory order.
- c. Disclosure to the department of inspections and appeals for matters in which it is performing services or functions on behalf of the agency.
- d. Transfers of information within the agency, to other state agencies, or to local units of government as appropriate to administer the program for which the information is collected.
- *e*. Information released to staff of federal and state entities for audit purposes or for purposes of determining whether the agency is operating a program lawfully.
- f. Any disclosure specifically authorized by the statute under which the record was collected or maintained.

541—8.11(17A,22) Consensual disclosure of confidential records.

- **8.11(1)** Consent to disclosure by a subject individual. To the extent permitted by law, the subject may consent in writing to agency disclosure of confidential records as provided in rule 541—8.7(17A,22).
- **8.11(2)** Complaints to public officials. A letter from a subject of a confidential record to a public official which seeks the official's intervention on behalf of the subject in a matter that involves the agency may, to the extent permitted by law, be treated as an authorization to release sufficient information about the subject to the official to resolve the matter.

541—8.12(17A,22) Release to subject.

- **8.12(1)** The agency need not release the following records to the subject:
- a. The identity of a person providing information to the agency need not be disclosed directly or indirectly to the subject of the information when the information is authorized to be held confidential pursuant to Iowa Code section 22.7(18) or other provision of law.
- b. Records need not be disclosed to the subject when they are the work product of an attorney or are otherwise privileged.
- c. Peace officers' investigative reports may be withheld from the subject, except as required by the Iowa Code. (See Iowa Code section 22.7(5))
 - d. As otherwise authorized by law.
- **8.12(2)** Where a record has multiple subjects with interest in the confidentiality of the record, the agency may take reasonable steps to protect confidential information relating to another subject.

541—8.13(17A,22) Availability of records.

- **8.13(1)** General. Agency records are open for public inspection and copying unless otherwise provided by rule or law.
- **8.13(2)** Confidential records. The department of management may withhold information reflecting departmental budget recommendations for the following fiscal year until it is made public by the governor.
- **8.13(3)** Authority to release confidential records. The agency may have discretion to disclose some confidential records which are exempt from disclosure under Iowa Code section 22.7 or other law.

541—8.14(17A,22) Personally identifiable information. Rescinded IAB 2/2/05, effective 3/9/05.

541—8.15(17A,22) Other records. The agency maintains a variety of records which do not generally contain information pertaining to named individuals. The agency maintains the following records, not heretofore listed, which do not generally contain personally identifiable or confidential information: Annual reports, press releases, budget information (following presentation by the governor), receipt statements, revenue information, newsletters, public meeting agendas and minutes, budget information

relating to cities, counties or school districts, state revenue forecasts, policy information as recommended to the governor, progress review materials and targeted small business compliance reports.

541—8.16(17A,22) Applicability. This chapter does not:

- 1. Require the agency to index or retrieve records which contain information about individuals by that person's name or other personal identifier.
- 2. Make available to the general public records which would otherwise not be available under the public records law, Iowa Code chapter 22.
- 3. Govern the maintenance or disclosure of, notification of or access to, records in the possession of the agency which are governed by the rules of another agency.
- 4. Apply to grantees, including local governments or subdivisions thereof, administering state-funded programs, unless otherwise provided by law or agreement.
- 5. Make available records compiled by the agency in reasonable anticipation of court litigation or formal administrative proceedings. The availability of such records to the general public or to any subject individual or party to such litigation or proceedings shall be governed by applicable legal and constitutional principles, statutes, rules of discovery, evidentiary privileges, and applicable rules of the agency.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 22.11.

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