

CHAPTER 86
HEALTHY AND WELL KIDS IN IOWA (HAWK-I) PROGRAM

PREAMBLE

These rules define and structure the department of human services healthy and well kids in Iowa (HAWK-I) program. The purpose of this program is to provide transitional health care coverage to uninsured children who are ineligible for Title XIX (Medicaid) assistance. The program is implemented and administered in compliance with Title XXI of the federal Social Security Act. The rules establish requirements for the third-party administrator responsible for the program administration and for the participating health plans that will be delivering services to the enrollees.

441—86.1(514I) Definitions.

“Applicant” shall mean all parents, spouses, and children under the age of 19 who are counted in the HAWK-I family size and who are listed on the application or renewal form.

“Benchmark benefit package” shall mean any of the following:

1. The standard Blue Cross Blue Shield preferred provider option service benefit plan, described in and offered under 5 U.S.C. Section 8903(1).
2. A health benefits coverage plan that is offered and generally available to state employees in this state.
3. The plan of a health maintenance organization, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 300e, with the largest insured commercial, nonmedical assistance enrollment of covered lives in the state.

“Capitation rate” shall mean the fee the department pays monthly to a participating health plan for each enrollee for the provision of covered medical services whether or not the enrollee received services during the month for which the fee is intended.

“Contract” shall mean the contract between the department and the person or entity selected as the third-party administrator or the contract between the department and the participating health plan for the provision of medical services to HAWK-I enrollees for whom the participating health plans assume risk.

“Cost sharing” shall mean the payment of a premium or copayment as provided for by Title XXI of the federal Social Security Act and Iowa Code section 514I.10.

“Covered services” shall mean all or a part of those medical and health services set forth in rule 441—86.14(514I).

“Department” shall mean the Iowa department of human services.

“Director” shall mean the director of the Iowa department of human services.

“Eligible child” shall mean an individual who meets the criteria for participation in the HAWK-I program as set forth in rule 441—86.2(514I).

“Emergency medical condition” shall mean a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in one of the following:

1. Placing the health of the person or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman and her unborn child, in serious jeopardy,
2. Serious impairment to bodily functions, or
3. Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

“Emergency services” shall mean, with respect to an individual enrolled with a plan, covered inpatient and outpatient services which are furnished by a provider qualified to furnish these services and which are needed to evaluate and stabilize an emergency medical condition.

“Enrollee” shall mean a child who has been determined eligible for the program and who has been enrolled with a participating health plan.

“Family” shall mean all parents, spouses, and children under the age of 19 who are counted in the HAWK-I family size.

“Federal poverty level” shall mean the poverty income guidelines revised annually and published in the Federal Register by the United States Department of Health and Human Services.

“*Good cause*” shall mean the family has demonstrated that one or more of the following conditions exist:

1. There was a serious illness or death of the enrollee or a member of the enrollee’s family.
2. There was a family emergency or household disaster, such as a fire, flood, or tornado.
3. There was a reason beyond the enrollee’s control.
4. There was a failure to receive the third-party administrator’s request for a reason not attributable to the enrollee. Lack of a forwarding address is attributable to the enrollee.

“*HAWK-I board*” or “*board*” shall mean the entity that adopts rules, establishes policy, and directs the department regarding the HAWK-I program.

“*HAWK-I program*” or “*program*” shall mean the healthy and well kids in Iowa program implemented in this chapter to provide health care coverage to eligible children.

“*Health insurance coverage*” shall mean health insurance coverage as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 300gg(c).

“*Institution for mental diseases*” shall mean a hospital, nursing facility, or other institution of more than 16 beds that is primarily engaged in providing diagnosis, treatment, or care of persons with mental diseases, including medical attention, nursing care and related services as defined at 42 CFR Section 435.1009 as amended November 10, 1994.

“*Nonmedical public institution*” shall mean an institution that is the responsibility of a governmental unit or over which a governmental unit exercises administrative control as defined in 42 CFR Section 435.1009 as amended November 10, 1994.

“*Participating health plan*” shall mean any entity licensed by the division of insurance of the department of commerce to provide health insurance in Iowa or an organized delivery system licensed by the director of public health that has contracted with the department to provide health insurance coverage to eligible children under this chapter.

“*Physician*” shall be defined as provided in Iowa Code subsection 135.1(4).

“*Provider*” shall mean an individual, firm, corporation, association, or institution that is providing or has been approved to provide medical care or services to an enrollee pursuant to the HAWK-I program.

“*Regions*” shall mean the six regions of the state as follows:

- Region 1: Lyon, Osceola, Dickinson, Emmet, Sioux, O’Brien, Clay, Palo Alto, Plymouth, Cherokee, Buena Vista, Woodbury, Ida, Sac, Monona, Crawford, and Carroll.
- Region 2: Kossuth, Winnebago, Worth, Mitchell, Howard, Hancock, Cerro Gordo, Floyd, Pocahontas, Humboldt, Wright, Franklin, Calhoun, Webster, Hamilton, Hardin, Greene, Boone, Story, Marshall, and Tama.
- Region 3: Winneshiek, Allamakee, Chickasaw, Fayette, Clayton, Butler, Bremer, Grundy, Black Hawk, Buchanan, Delaware, Dubuque, Jones, Jackson, Cedar, Clinton, and Scott.
- Region 4: Harrison, Shelby, Audubon, Pottawattamie, Cass, Mills, Montgomery, Fremont, and Page.
- Region 5: Guthrie, Dallas, Polk, Jasper, Adair, Madison, Warren, Marion, Adams, Union, Clarke, Lucas, Taylor, Ringgold, Decatur, and Wayne.
- Region 6: Benton, Linn, Poweshiek, Iowa, Johnson, Muscatine, Mahaska, Keokuk, Washington, Louisa, Monroe, Wapello, Jefferson, Henry, Des Moines, Appanoose, Davis, Van Buren, and Lee.

“*Third-party administrator*” shall mean the person or entity with which the department contracts to provide administrative services for the HAWK-I program.

441—86.2(514I) Eligibility factors. The decision with respect to eligibility shall be based primarily on information furnished by the applicant, the enrollee, or a person acting on behalf of the applicant or enrollee. A child must meet the following eligibility factors to participate in the HAWK-I program.

86.2(1) Age. The child shall be under 19 years of age. Eligibility for the program ends the first day of the month following the month of the child’s nineteenth birthday.

86.2(2) Income. Countable income shall not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty level for a family of the same size when determining initial and ongoing eligibility for the program.

a. Countable income. When determining initial and ongoing eligibility for the HAWK-I program, all earned and unearned income, unless specifically exempted, shall be countable.

(1) Earned income. The earned income of all parents, spouses, and children under the age of 19 who are not students who are living together shall be countable. Income shall be countable earned income when an individual produces it as a result of the performance of services. Earned income is income in the form of a salary, wages, tips, bonuses, and commissions earned as an employee, or net profit from self-employment.

1. Earned income from employment. Earned income from employment means total gross income.

2. Earned income from self-employment. Earned income from self-employment means the net profit determined by comparing gross income with the allowable costs of producing the income. The allowable costs of producing self-employment income shall be determined by the costs allowed for income tax purposes. Additionally, the cost of depreciation of capital assets identified for income tax purposes shall be allowed as a cost of doing business for self-employed persons. Losses from a self-employment enterprise may not be used to offset income from any other source. A person is considered self-employed when any of the following conditions exist. The person:

- Is not required to report to the office regularly except for specific purposes such as sales training meetings, administrative meetings, or evaluation sessions; or
- Establishes the person's own working hours, territory, and methods of work; or
- Files quarterly reports of earnings, withholding payments, and FICA payments to the Internal Revenue Service.

3. Earned income deduction. Each person in the household whose nonexempt income, earned as an employee or from self-employment, is considered in determining HAWK-I eligibility is entitled to a 20 percent earned income deduction. The deduction is intended to include work-related expenses other than child care. These expenses may include taxes, transportation, meals, uniforms and other work-related expenses.

(2) Unearned income. The unearned income of all parents, spouses, and children under the age of 19 who are living together in accordance with subrule 86.2(3) shall be counted. Unearned income is any income in cash that is not gained by labor or service. The available unearned income shall be the amount remaining after the withholding of taxes (Federal Insurance Contribution Act, state and federal income taxes). Examples of unearned income include, but are not limited to:

1. Social security benefits. Social security income is the amount of the entitlement before withholding of a Medicare premium.
2. Child support and alimony payments received for a member of the family.
3. Unemployment compensation.
4. Veterans benefits.

(3) Recurring lump sum income. Earned and unearned lump sum income that is received on a regular basis shall be counted and prorated over the time it is intended to cover. These payments may include, but are not limited to:

1. Annual bonuses.
2. Lottery winnings that are paid out annually.

b. Exempt income. The following shall not be counted toward the income limit when establishing eligibility for the HAWK-I program.

(1) Nonrecurring lump sum income. Nonrecurring lump sum income is income that is not expected to be received more than once. These payments may include, but are not limited to:

1. An inheritance.
2. A one-time bonus.
3. Lump sum lottery winnings.
4. Other one-time payments.

(2) Food reserves from home-produced garden products, orchards, domestic animals, and the like, when used by the household for its own consumption.

(3) The value of the coupon allotment in the Food Stamp Program.

(4) The value of the United States Department of Agriculture donated foods (surplus commodities).

(5) The value of supplemental food assistance received under the Child Nutrition Act and the special food service program for children under the National School Lunch Act.

(6) Any benefits received under Title III-C, Nutrition Program for the Elderly, of the Older Americans Act.

(7) Benefits paid to eligible households under the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981.

(8) Any payment received under Title II of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 and the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1968.

(9) Interest and dividend income.

(10) Any judgment funds that have been or will be distributed per capita or held in trust for members of any Indian tribe.

(11) Payments to volunteers participating in the Volunteers in Service to America (VISTA) program.

(12) Payments for supporting services or reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses received by volunteers in any of the programs established under Titles II and III of the Domestic Volunteer Services Act.

(13) Tax-exempt portions of payments made pursuant to the Alaskan Native Claims Settlement Act.

(14) Experimental housing allowance program payments.

(15) The income of a Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipient.

(16) Income of an ineligible child if the family chooses not to include the child in the eligibility determination in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 86.2(3)“c.”

(17) Income in kind.

(18) Family support subsidy program payments.

(19) All earned and unearned educational funds of an undergraduate or graduate student or a person in training. However, any additional amount of educational funds received for the person's dependents that are in the eligible group shall be considered as nonexempt income.

(20) Bona fide loans.

(21) Payments made from the Agent Orange Settlement Fund or any other fund established pursuant to the settlement in the In re Agent Orange product liability litigation, M.D.L. No. 381 (E.D.N.Y.).

(22) Payment for major disaster and emergency assistance provided under the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 as amended by Public Law 100-707, the Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Amendments of 1988.

(23) Payments made to certain United States citizens of Japanese ancestry and resident Japanese aliens under Section 105 of Public Law 100-383, and payments made to certain eligible Aleuts under Section 206 of Public Law 100-383 entitled Wartime Relocation of Civilians.

(24) Payments received from the Radiation Exposure Compensation Act.

(25) Reimbursements from a third party or from an employer for job-related expenses.

(26) Payments received for providing foster care when the family is operating a licensed foster home.

(27) Any payments received as a result of an urban renewal or low-cost housing project from any governmental agency.

(28) Retroactive corrective payments.

(29) The training allowance issued by the division of vocational rehabilitation, department of education.

(30) Payments from the PROMISE JOBS program.

(31) The training allowance issued by the department for the blind.

(32) Payments from passengers in a car pool.

(33) Compensation in lieu of wages received by a child under the Job Training Partnership Act of 1982.

(34) Any amount for training expenses included in a payment issued under the Job Training Partnership Act of 1982.

(35) Earnings of a child under the age of 19 who is a full-time student as defined at 441—75.54(1)“b”(1) and (2).

(36) Incentive payments received from participation in the adolescent pregnancy prevention programs.

(37) Payments received from the comprehensive child development program, funded by the Administration for Children, Youth, and Families, provided the payments are considered complementary assistance by federal regulations.

(38) Incentive allowance payments received from the work force investment project, provided the payments are considered complementary assistance by federal regulation.

(39) Honorarium income and all moneys paid to an eligible family in connection with the welfare reform longitudinal study.

(40) Family investment program (FIP) benefits.

(41) Moneys received through pilot self-sufficiency grants or diversion programs.

(42) Income that has ended as of the date of application.

(43) Any income restricted by law or regulation that is paid to a representative payee living outside the home, other than to a parent who is the applicant or recipient, unless the income is actually made available to the applicant or recipient by the representative payee.

(44) A federal or state earned income tax credit, regardless of whether the payment is received with the regular paycheck or as a lump sum with the federal or state income tax refund.

(45) All earnings received by temporary workers from the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

c. Verification of income. Income shall be verified using the best information available. For example, earnings from the 30 days before the date of application may be used to verify earned income if it is representative of the income expected in future months.

(1) Pay stubs, tip records, tax records and employers' statements are acceptable forms of verification of earned income.

(2) Unearned income shall be verified through data matches when possible, award letters, warrant copies, or other acceptable means of verification.

(3) Self-employment income shall be verified using business records or income tax returns from the previous year if they are representative of anticipated earnings.

(4) When a child who has been determined ineligible for Medicaid is referred to the HAWK-I program, the third-party administrator shall use the income amount used by the Medicaid program unless rules in this chapter require the income to be treated differently.

d. Changes in income. Once initial eligibility is established, changes in income during the 12-month enrollment period shall not affect the child's eligibility to participate in the HAWK-I program. However, if income has decreased, the family may request a review of their income to establish whether they are required to continue paying a premium in accordance with rule 441—86.8(514I).

86.2(3) Family size. For purposes of establishing initial and ongoing eligibility under the HAWK-I program, the family size shall consist of all persons living together who are children under the age of 19 or who are parents of those children as defined below.

EXCEPTION: Persons who are receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI) under Title XVI of the Social Security Act or who are voluntarily excluded in accordance with the provisions of paragraph "c" below are not considered in determining family size.

a. Children. A child under the age of 19 and any siblings under the age of 19 of whole or half blood or adoptive shall be considered together unless the child is emancipated due to marriage, in which case, the emancipated child is not included in the family size unless the marriage has been annulled. Emancipated children, their spouses, and children who live with parents or siblings of the emancipated child shall be considered as a separate family when establishing eligibility for the HAWK-I program.

b. Parents. Any parent living with the child under the age of 19 shall be included in the family size. This includes the biological parent, stepparent, or adoptive parent of the child and is not dependent upon whether the parents are married to each other. In situations where the parents do not live together but share joint physical custody of the children, the family size shall be based on the household in which the child spends the majority of time. If both parents share physical custody equally, either parent may apply on behalf of the child and the family size shall be based on the household of the applying parent.

c. Persons who may be excluded when determining family size. If including a child in the family size causes siblings to be ineligible, the family may choose not to count the child in the family size. However, this rule shall not apply when the child is receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits because SSI recipients are not counted in determining family size for the purposes of HAWK-I eligibility.

d. Temporary absence from the home. The following policies shall be applied to any person who would be counted in the family size in accordance with paragraphs “a” and “b” who is temporarily absent from the home.

(1) When a person is absent from the home to secure education or training (e.g., the person is attending college), the person shall be included when establishing the size of the family at home and, if otherwise eligible, shall be covered under the program.

(2) When a person is absent from the home to secure medical care, the person shall be included when establishing the size of the family at home and, if otherwise eligible, shall be covered under the program when the reason for the absence is expected to last less than 12 months.

(3) When a person is absent from the home because the person is an inmate in a nonmedical public institution (e.g., a penal institution) in accordance with the provisions of subrule 86.2(9), the person shall be included when establishing the size of the family at home if the absence is expected to be less than three months. However, when the person is a child under the age of 19, coverage under the program shall not be provided pursuant to subrule 86.2(10) until the child returns to the home.

(4) When a child is absent from the home because the child is in foster care, the child shall not be included when establishing the size of the family at home.

(5) When a child is absent from the home for a vacation or a visit to an absent parent, for example, the child shall be included in establishing the size of the family at home and, if otherwise eligible, shall be covered under the program if the absence is expected to be less than three months.

86.2(4) Uninsured status. The child must be uninsured.

a. A child who is currently enrolled in an individual or group health plan is not eligible to participate in the HAWK-I program. However, a child who is enrolled in a plan shall not be considered insured for purposes of the HAWK-I program if:

(1) The plan provides coverage only for a specific disease or service (such as a vision, dental, or cancer policy), or

(2) The child does not have reasonable geographic access to care under that plan. “Reasonable geographic access” means that the plan or an option available under the plan does not have service area limitations or, if the plan has service area limitations, the child lives within 30 miles or 30 minutes of a network primary care provider.

b. Rescinded IAB 7/9/03, effective 7/1/03.

c. American Indian and Alaska Native. American Indian and Alaska Native children are eligible for the HAWK-I program on the same basis as other children in the state, regardless of whether or not they may be eligible for or served by Indian Health Services-funded care.

86.2(5) Ineligibility for Medicaid. The child shall not be receiving Medicaid or eligible to receive Medicaid if application were made except when the child would be required to meet a spenddown under the medically needy program in accordance with the provisions of 441—subrule 75.1(35).

a. A child who would be eligible for Medicaid except for the parent’s failure or refusal to cooperate in establishing initial or ongoing eligibility shall not be eligible for coverage under the HAWK-I program.

b. Children who are excluded from the Medicaid household due to the income or resources of the child may participate in the HAWK-I program if otherwise eligible.

86.2(6) Iowa residency. The child shall be a resident of the state of Iowa. A resident of Iowa is a person:

a. Who is living in Iowa voluntarily with the intention of making that person’s home in Iowa and not for a temporary purpose; or

b. Who, at the time of application, is not receiving assistance from another state and entered Iowa with a job commitment or to seek employment or who is living with parents or guardians who entered Iowa with a job commitment or to seek employment.

86.2(7) *Citizenship and alien status.* The child shall be a citizen or lawfully admitted alien. The criteria established under 8 U.S.C. Section 1612(a)(2)(A) and the Balanced Budget Act of 1997, subsection 5302, shall be followed when determining whether a lawfully admitted alien child is eligible to participate in the HAWK-I program. The citizenship or alien status of the parents or other responsible person shall not be considered when determining the eligibility of the child to participate in the program.

86.2(8) *Dependents of state of Iowa employees.* The child shall not be eligible for the HAWK-I program if the child is eligible for health insurance coverage as a dependent of a state of Iowa employee unless the state contributes only a nominal amount toward the cost of dependent coverage. “Nominal amount” shall mean \$10 or less per month.

86.2(9) *Inmates of nonmedical public institutions.* The child shall not be an inmate of a nonmedical public institution as defined at 42 CFR Section 435.1009 as amended November 10, 1994.

86.2(10) *Inmates of institutions for mental disease.* At the time of application or annual review of eligibility, the child shall not be an inmate of an institution for mental disease as defined at 42 CFR Section 435.1009 as amended November 10, 1994.

86.2(11) *Preexisting medical conditions.* The child shall not be denied eligibility based on the presence of a preexisting medical condition.

86.2(12) *Furnishing a social security number.* Rescinded IAB 10/20/99, effective 12/1/99.

441—86.3(514I) Application process.

86.3(1) *Who may apply.* Each person wishing to do so shall have the opportunity to apply without delay. When the request is made in person, the requester shall immediately be given an application form. When a request is made that the application form be mailed, it shall be sent in the next outgoing mail.

a. Child lives with parents. When the child lives with the child’s parents, including stepparents and adoptive parents, the parent shall file the application on behalf of the child unless the parent is unable to do so.

If the parent is unable to act on the child’s behalf because the parent is incompetent or physically disabled, another person may file the application on behalf of the child. The responsible person shall be a family member, friend or other person who has knowledge of the family’s financial affairs and circumstances and a personal interest in the child’s welfare or a legal representative such as a conservator, guardian, executor or someone with power of attorney. The responsible person shall sign the application form and assume the responsibilities of the incompetent or disabled parent in regard to the application process and ongoing eligibility determinations.

b. Child lives with someone other than a parent. When the child lives with someone other than a parent (e.g., another relative, friend, guardian), the person who has assumed responsibility for the care of the child may apply on the child’s behalf. This person shall sign the application form and assume responsibility for providing all information necessary to establish initial and ongoing eligibility for the child.

c. Child lives independently or is married. When a child under the age of 19 lives in an independent living situation or is married, the child may apply on the child’s own behalf, in which case, the child shall be responsible for providing all information necessary to establish initial and ongoing eligibility. If the child is married, both the child and the spouse shall sign the application form.

86.3(2) *Application form.* An application for the HAWK-I program shall be submitted on Comm. 156, HAWK-I Application, or on Form 470-4016, HAWK-I Electronic Application Summary and Signature, unless the family applies for the Medicaid program first.

a. When an application has been filed for the Medicaid program in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—76.1(249A) and Medicaid eligibility does not exist in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—75.1(249A), or the family must meet a spenddown in accordance with the provisions of 441—subrule 75.1(35) before the child can attain eligibility, the Medicaid application shall be used to establish eligibility for the HAWK-I program in lieu of the HAWK-I Application, Comm. 156, or Form 470-4016, HAWK-I Electronic Application Summary and Signature.

b. Applications may be obtained by telephoning the toll-free telephone number of the third-party administrator or by accessing the Web site at www.hawk-i.org.

86.3(3) *Place of filing.* An application for the HAWK-I program shall be filed with the third-party administrator responsible for making the eligibility determination. Any local or area office of the department of human services, disproportionate share hospital, federally qualified health center, other facilities in which outstationing activities are provided, school nurse, Head Start, maternal and child health center, WIC office, or other entity may accept the application. However, all applications shall be forwarded to the third-party administrator.

86.3(4) *Date and method of filing.* The application is considered filed on the date an identifiable application is received by the third-party administrator or the department. An identifiable application is an application containing a legible name, address, and signature.

a. Medicaid applications referred to the HAWK-I program. When the family has applied for Medicaid first and the department makes a referral to the third-party administrator, the date the Medicaid application was originally filed with the department shall be the filing date.

b. Electronic applications. When an application is submitted electronically to the third-party administrator, the application is considered filed on the date the third-party administrator receives Form 470-4016, HAWK-I Electronic Application Summary and Signature, containing a legible signature.

86.3(5) *Right to withdraw application.* After an application has been filed, the applicant may withdraw the application at any time prior to the eligibility determination. Requests for voluntary withdrawal of the application shall be documented, and the applicant shall be sent a notice of decision confirming the request.

86.3(6) *Application not required.*

a. An application shall not be required when a child becomes ineligible for Medicaid and the local office of the department makes a referral to the HAWK-I program.

(1) A referral to the HAWK-I program pursuant to subrule 86.4(3) or 86.4(4) shall be accepted in lieu of an application.

(2) The original Medicaid application or the last review form that is on file in the local office of the department, whichever is more current, shall suffice to meet the signature requirements.

b. A new application shall not be required when an eligible child is added to an existing HAWK-I eligible group.

86.3(7) *Information and verification procedure.* The decision with respect to eligibility shall be based primarily on information furnished by the applicant, enrollee, or person acting on behalf of the applicant or enrollee.

a. The third-party administrator shall notify the applicant, enrollee, or person acting on behalf of the applicant or enrollee in writing of additional information or verification that is required to establish eligibility. The third-party administrator shall provide this notice personally, by mail, or by facsimile.

b. Failure to supply the information or verification or refusal to authorize the third-party administrator to secure the information shall serve as a basis for rejection of the application or cancellation of coverage.

c. The applicant, enrollee, or person acting on behalf of the applicant or enrollee shall have ten working days to supply the information or verification requested by the third-party administrator. The third-party administrator may extend the deadline for a reasonable period when the applicant, enrollee, or person acting on behalf of the applicant or enrollee is making every effort but is unable to secure the required information or verification from a third party.

86.3(8) *Time limit for decision.* The third-party administrator shall make a decision regarding the applicant's eligibility to participate in the HAWK-I program within ten working days from the date of receiving the completed application and all necessary information and verification unless the application cannot be processed within the period for a reason that is beyond the control of the third-party administrator.

a. EXCEPTION: When the application is referred for a Medicaid eligibility determination and Medicaid eligibility is denied, the third-party administrator shall determine HAWK-I eligibility no later than ten working days from the date the administrator receives the notice of Medicaid denial unless additional verification is needed.

b. “Day one” of the ten-day period shall mean the first working day following the date of receipt of a completed application and all necessary information and verification.

86.3(9) Applicant cooperation. An applicant must cooperate with the third-party administrator in the application process, which may include providing verification or signing documents. Failure to cooperate with the application process shall serve as basis for a denial of the application.

86.3(10) Waiting lists. When the department has established that all of the funds appropriated for this program are obligated, the third-party administrator shall deny all subsequent applications for HAWK-I coverage unless Medicaid eligibility exists.

a. The third-party administrator shall mail a notice of decision. The notice shall state that:

(1) The applicant meets the eligibility requirements but that no funds are available and that the applicant will be placed on a waiting list, or

(2) The person does not meet eligibility requirements. In which case, the applicant shall not be put on a waiting list.

b. Prior to an applicant’s being denied or placed on the waiting list, the third-party administrator shall refer the application to the Medicaid program for an eligibility determination. If Medicaid eligibility exists, the department shall approve the child for Medicaid coverage in accordance with 441—86.4(514I).

c. The third-party administrator shall enter applicants on the waiting list on the basis of the date an identifiable application form specified in subrule 86.3(2) is date-stamped by the third-party administrator. An identifiable application is an application containing a legible name, address, and signature.

(1) In the event that more than one application is received on the same day, the third-party administrator shall enter applicants on the waiting list on the basis of the day of the month of the oldest child’s birthday, the lowest number being first on the list.

(2) The third-party administrator shall decide any subsequent ties by the month of birth of the oldest child, January being month one and the lowest number.

d. If funds become available, the third-party administrator shall select applicants from the waiting list based on the order in which their names appear on the list and shall notify them of their selection.

e. After being notified of the availability of funding, the applicant shall have 15 working days to confirm the applicant’s continued interest in applying for the program and to provide any information necessary to establish eligibility. If the applicant does not confirm continued interest in applying for the program and does not provide any additional information necessary to establish eligibility within 15 working days, the third-party administrator shall delete the applicant’s name from the waiting list and shall contact the next applicant on the waiting list.

86.3(11) Falsification of information. Rescinded IAB 11/19/08, effective 1/1/09.

86.3(12) Applications pended due to unavailability of a plan. When there is no participating health plan in the applicant’s county of residence, the application shall be held until a plan is available. The application shall be processed when a plan becomes available and coverage shall be effective the first day of the month the plan becomes available.

441—86.4(514I) Coordination with Medicaid.

86.4(1) HAWK-I applicant appears eligible for Medicaid. At the time of initial application, if it appears the child may be eligible for Medicaid in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—75.1(249A), with the exception of meeting a spenddown under the medically needy program at 441—subrule 75.1(35), a referral shall be made by the third-party administrator to the department for a determination of Medicaid eligibility as follows:

a. The original Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (HAWK-I) Application, Form 470-3526, or Form 470-4016, HAWK-I Electronic Application Summary and Signature Page, and copies of any accompanying information and verification shall be forwarded to the department within 24 hours, or the next working day, whichever is sooner. The third-party administrator shall maintain a copy of all documentation sent to the department and a log to track the disposition of all referrals.

b. The third-party administrator shall notify the family that the referral has been made. The third-party administrator shall return to the family any original verification and information that was submitted with the application and retain a copy in the file record.

c. The referral shall be considered an application for Medicaid in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—76.1(249A). The time limit for processing the referred application begins with the date the Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (HAWK-I) Application, Form 470-3526, or Form 470-4016, HAWK-I Electronic Application Summary and Signature Page, is date-stamped as being received by the third-party administrator.

86.4(2) *HAWK-I enrollee appears eligible for Medicaid.* At the time of the annual review, if it appears the child may be eligible for Medicaid in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—75.1(249A), with the exception of meeting a spenddown under the medically needy program at 441—subrule 75.1(35), the third-party administrator shall make a referral to the department for a determination of Medicaid eligibility as stated in subrule 86.4(1) above. However, the child shall remain eligible for the HAWK-I program pending the Medicaid eligibility determination unless the 12-month certification period expires first.

86.4(3) *Medicaid applicant not eligible.* If a child is not eligible for Medicaid under the provisions of rule 441—75.1(249A), with the exception of meeting a spenddown under the medically needy program at 441—subrule 75.1(35), or is voluntarily excluded from the Medicaid eligible group under the provisions of 441—75.59(249A) and meets the criteria specified at 86.2(5), the department shall make a referral to the third-party administrator for an eligibility determination under the HAWK-I program as follows:

a. The department worker shall submit an electronic referral to the HAWK-I program or complete Form 470-3563, Referral to HAWK-I, and send the form and a copy of the Medicaid notice of decision to the third-party administrator.

b. The third-party administrator shall date-stamp Form 470-3563 with the date the completed form is received.

c. The third-party administrator shall notify the family of the referral and proceed with an eligibility determination under the HAWK-I program.

d. The period for processing the referral begins with the day on which:

(1) Form 470-3563, Referral to HAWK-I, is date-stamped as received by the third-party administrator; or

(2) The third-party administrator receives the electronic referral file.

86.4(4) *Medicaid member becomes ineligible.* If a child becomes ineligible for Medicaid under the provisions of rule 441—75.1(249A), with the exception of meeting a spenddown under the medically needy program at 441—subrule 75.1(35), or is voluntarily excluded from the Medicaid eligible group under the provisions of rule 441—75.59(249A) and meets the criteria specified at subrule 86.2(5), the department shall make a referral to the third-party administrator for an eligibility determination under the HAWK-I program as follows:

a. The department worker shall submit an electronic referral to the HAWK-I program or complete Form 470-3563, Referral to HAWK-I, and send the form and a copy of the Medicaid notice of decision to the third-party administrator.

b. The third-party administrator shall:

(1) Date-stamp Form 470-3563 with the date the completed form is received;

(2) Notify the family of the referral; and

(3) Proceed with an eligibility determination under the HAWK-I program.

c. The period for processing the referral begins with the day on which:

(1) Form 470-3563, Referral to HAWK-I, is date-stamped as received by the third-party administrator; or

(2) The third-party administrator receives the electronic referral file.

441—86.5(514I) Effective date of coverage.

86.5(1) *Initial application.* Coverage for children who are determined eligible for the HAWK-I program on the basis of an initial application for either HAWK-I or Medicaid shall be effective the first

day of the month following the month in which the application is filed, regardless of the day of the month the application is filed, or when a plan becomes available in the applicant's county of residence.

86.5(2) Referrals from Medicaid.

a. Cancellation of Medicaid. Coverage for children who are determined eligible for the HAWK-I program on the basis of a referral from Medicaid due to cancellation of Medicaid benefits shall be effective the first day of the month after Medicaid eligibility is lost, regardless of the date of the referral, in order to ensure that there is no break in coverage. However, when such a child does not meet the provisions of subrule 86.2(4), coverage shall be effective the first day of the month following the month in which health insurance coverage is lost.

b. Denial of Medicaid. Coverage for children who are determined eligible for the HAWK-I program on the basis of a referral from Medicaid due to denial of Medicaid benefits shall be effective no earlier than the first day of the month following the month in which the Medicaid application was received in accordance with 441—subrule 76.1(2). However, when such a child does not meet the provisions of subrule 86.2(4), coverage shall be effective the first day of the month following the month in which health insurance coverage is lost.

441—86.6(514I) Selection of a plan. At the time of initial application, if there is more than one participating plan available in the child's county of residence, the applicant shall select the plan in which the applicant wishes to enroll as part of the eligibility process. The enrollee may change plans only at the time of the annual review unless the provisions of subrule 86.7(1) or paragraph 86.6(2) "a" apply. The applicant may designate the plan choice verbally or in writing. Form 470-3574, Selection of Plan, may be used for this purpose but is not required.

86.6(1) Coverage in another county's plan. If a child traditionally travels to another county to receive medical care, the applicant may choose to participate in the plan available in the county in which the child receives medical care.

86.6(2) Period of enrollment. Once enrolled in a plan, the child shall remain enrolled in the selected plan for a period of 12 months unless:

a. There is a substantial change in the provider panel of the health plan originally chosen, as determined by the board. A substantial change means, but is not limited to, loss of a contracted hospital or provider group. When there is another participating health plan available in the child's county of residence, the child may disenroll from the current plan and enroll in the other health plan.

b. The child is disenrolled in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—86.7(514I). If a child is disenrolled from the plan and subsequently reapplies before the end of the original 12-month enrollment period, the child shall be enrolled in the plan from which the child was originally disenrolled unless the provisions of subrule 86.7(1) apply.

c. The child is added to an existing enrollment. When a family requests to add an eligible child, the child shall be enrolled for the months remaining in the current enrollment period.

86.6(3) Failure to select a plan. When more than one plan is available, if the applicant fails to select a plan within ten working days of the written request to make a selection, the third-party administrator shall select the plan and notify the family of the enrollment. The third-party administrator shall select the plan on a rotating basis to ensure an equitable distribution between participating plans.

If the third-party administrator has assigned a child a plan, the family has 30 days to request enrollment into another participating plan. All changes shall be made prospectively and shall be effective on the first day of the month following the month of the request. If the family has not requested a change of enrollment into another available plan within 30 days, the provisions of 86.6(2) shall apply.

441—86.7(514I) Disenrollment. The child shall be disenrolled from the selected plan prior to the end of the 12-month enrollment period for any of the following:

86.7(1) Child moves from the service area. The child may be disenrolled from the plan when the child moves to an area of the state in which the plan does not have a provider network established. If the child is disenrolled, the child shall be enrolled in a participating plan in the new location. The period of enrollment shall be the number of months remaining in the original certification period.

86.7(2) Age. The child shall be disenrolled from the plan and canceled from the HAWK-I program as of the first day of the month following the month in which the child attained the age of 19.

86.7(3) Nonpayment of premiums. The child shall be disenrolled from the plan and canceled from the program as of the first day of the month in which premiums are not paid in accordance with the provisions of subrules 86.8(3) and 86.8(5).

86.7(4) Iowa residence abandoned. The child shall be disenrolled from the plan and canceled from the program as of the first day of the month following the month in which the child relocated to another state. A child shall not be disenrolled when the child is temporarily absent from the state in accordance with the provisions of subrule 86.2(6).

86.7(5) Eligible for Medicaid. The child shall be disenrolled from the plan and canceled from the program as of the first day of the month following the month in which the third-party administrator is notified of Medicaid eligibility. If there are months during which the child is covered by both the Medicaid and HAWK-I programs, the HAWK-I program shall be the primary payor and Medicaid shall be the payor of last resort.

86.7(6) Enrolled in other health insurance coverage. The child shall be disenrolled from the plan as of the first day of the month following the month in which the third-party administrator is notified that the child has other health insurance coverage. If there are months during which the child is covered by both another insurance plan and the HAWK-I program, the other insurance plan shall be the primary payor and HAWK-I shall be the payor of last resort.

86.7(7) Admission to a nonmedical public institution. The child shall be disenrolled from the plan and canceled from the program as of the first day of the month following the month in which the child enters a nonmedical public institution unless the temporary absence provisions of paragraph 86.2(3) “d” apply.

86.7(8) Admission to an institution for mental disease. The child shall be disenrolled from the plan and canceled from the program if the child is a patient in an institution for mental disease at the time of annual review.

86.7(9) Employment with the state of Iowa. The child shall be disenrolled from the plan and canceled from the HAWK-I program as of the first day of the month in which the child’s parent became eligible to participate in a health plan available to state of Iowa employees.

441—86.8(514I) Premiums and copayments.

86.8(1) Income limit. No premium shall be assessed when countable income is less than 150 percent of the federal poverty level for a family of the same size. When countable income is equal to or greater than 150 percent of the federal poverty level for a family of the same size, participation in the program is contingent upon the payment of a monthly premium.

EXCEPTION: No cost sharing shall be imposed on eligible American Indian or Alaskan Native children regardless of family income.

86.8(2) Premium amount. The premium amount shall be \$10 per month per child up to a maximum of \$20 per month per family.

86.8(3) Due date.

a. Payment upon initial application. “Initial application” means the first program application or a subsequent application that is not a renewal. Upon approval of an initial application, the first month for which a premium is due is the third month following the month of decision. The due date of the first premium shall be the tenth day of the second month following the month of decision.

b. Payment upon renewal. “Renewal” means any application used to establish ongoing eligibility, without a break in coverage, for any enrollment period subsequent to an enrollment period established by an initial application.

(1) Upon approval of a renewal, the first month for which a premium is due is the first month of the enrollment period. The premium for the first month of the enrollment period shall be due by the tenth day of the month before the month of coverage or the tenth business day following the date of decision, whichever is later.

(2) All premiums due must be paid before the child will be enrolled for coverage. When the premium is received, the third-party administrator shall notify the plan of the enrollment.

c. Subsequent payments. All subsequent premiums are due by the tenth day of each month for the next month's coverage and must be postmarked no later than the last day of the month before the month of coverage. Failure to pay the premium by the last day of the month before the month of coverage shall result in disenrollment from the plan. Premiums may be paid in advance (e.g., on a quarterly or semiannual basis) rather than a monthly basis.

86.8(4) Reinstatement. A child may be reinstated once per enrollment period when the family fails to pay the premium by the last day of the month for the next month's coverage. If the premium is subsequently received, coverage will be reinstated if the premium was postmarked or otherwise paid in the calendar month immediately following disenrollment.

86.8(5) Method of premium payment. Premiums may be submitted in the form of cash, personal checks, automatic bank account withdrawals, or other methods established by the third-party administrator.

86.8(6) Failure to pay premium. Failure to pay the premium in accordance with subrules 86.8(3) and 86.8(5) shall result in disenrollment from the plan and cancellation from the program unless the reinstatement provisions of subrule 86.8(4) apply. Once a child is disenrolled and canceled from the program due to nonpayment of premiums, the family must reapply for coverage.

86.8(7) Copayment. There shall be a \$25 copayment for each emergency room visit if the child's medical condition does not meet the definition of emergency medical condition.

EXCEPTION: A copayment shall not be imposed when family income is less than 150 percent of the federal poverty level for a family of the same size or when the child is an eligible American Indian or Alaskan Native.

441—86.9(514I) Annual reviews of eligibility. All eligibility factors shall be reviewed at least every 12 months to establish ongoing eligibility for the program. "Month one" shall be the first month in which coverage is provided.

86.9(1) Review form. The third-party administrator shall send the family Form 470-3526, Healthy and Well Kids in Iowa (HAWK-I) Application, on which the answers, except for income, have been completed based on the information on file. The family shall review the completed information for accuracy and fill in the income section of the form. The family shall be required to provide verification of current income and sign and date the form attesting to its accuracy as part of the review process.

86.9(2) Failure to provide information. The child shall not be enrolled for the next 12-month period if the family fails to provide information and verification of income or otherwise fails to cooperate in the annual review process.

86.9(3) Change in plan. At the time of the annual review of eligibility, if more than one plan is available, the child may be enrolled in another plan. The plan choice may be designated verbally or in writing. Form 470-3574, Selection of Plan, may be used for this purpose. The child shall remain enrolled in the current plan if the family does not notify the third-party administrator, either verbally or in writing, of a new plan choice by the end of the current 12-month enrollment period.

441—86.10(514I) Reporting changes. Changes that may affect eligibility shall be reported timely to the third-party administrator. "Timely" shall mean no later than ten working days after the change occurred. "Day one" of the ten-day period shall mean the first working day following the date of the change. The parent, guardian, or other adult responsible for the child shall report the change. If the child is emancipated, married, or otherwise in an independent living situation, the child shall be responsible for reporting the change.

86.10(1) Pregnancy. The pregnancy of a child shall be reported when the pregnancy is diagnosed.

86.10(2) Entry to a nonmedical public institution. The entry of a child into a nonmedical public institution, such as a penal institution, shall be reported following entry to the institution.

86.10(3) Iowa residence is abandoned. The abandonment of Iowa residence shall be reported following the move from the state.

86.10(4) *Other insurance coverage.* Enrollment of the child in other health insurance coverage shall be reported.

86.10(5) *Employment with the state of Iowa.* The employment of the child's parent with the state of Iowa shall be reported.

86.10(6) *Decrease in income.* If the family reports a decrease in income, the third-party administrator shall ascertain whether the change affects the premium obligation of the family. If the change is such that the family is no longer required to pay a premium in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—86.8(514I), premiums will no longer be charged beginning with the month following the month of the report of the change.

86.10(7) *Failure to report changes.* Rescinded IAB 11/19/08, effective 1/1/09.

86.10(8) *Information reported by a third party.* Information reported by a third party shall not be acted upon until the information is verified in accordance with subrule 86.3(7).

86.10(9) *Cooperation.* The provisions of subrule 86.3(7) shall apply when a request for information or verification is made due to a change. In addition, failure of the enrollee or of the person acting on behalf of the enrollee to provide requested information or verification that may affect eligibility for the program shall result in cancellation and recoupment of all payments made by the department on behalf of the enrollee during the period in question.

86.10(10) *Effective date of change in eligibility.*

a. When a change in circumstances has a positive effect on eligibility, the change in eligibility shall be effective no earlier than the month following the month in which the change in circumstances was reported, regardless of when the change was reported.

b. When a change in circumstances has an adverse effect on eligibility, the change in eligibility shall be effective no earlier than the month following the issuance of a timely notification, in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—86.11(514I). When the change in circumstances was not reported timely, as defined in this rule, benefits shall be recouped beginning with the month following the month in which the change occurred.

c. When an anticipated change in circumstances is reported before the change occurs, no action shall be taken until the change actually occurs and is verified in accordance with the provisions of subrule 86.3(7).

441—86.11(514I) *Notice requirements.* The applicant shall be provided an adequate written notice of the decision of the third-party administrator regarding the applicant's eligibility for the HAWK-I program. The enrollee shall be notified in writing of any decision that adversely affects the enrollee's eligibility or the amount of benefits. The notice shall be timely and adequate as provided in 441—subrule 7.7(1).

441—86.12(514I) *Appeals and fair hearings.* If the applicant or enrollee disputes a decision by the third-party administrator to reduce, cancel or deny participation in the HAWK-I program, the applicant or enrollee may appeal the decision in accordance with 441—Chapter 7.

441—86.13(514I) *Third-party administrator.* The third-party administrator shall have the following responsibilities:

86.13(1) *Determination of eligibility.* The third-party administrator shall determine eligibility in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—86.2(514I).

86.13(2) *Dissemination of application forms and information.* The third-party administrator shall disseminate the following:

a. Rescinded IAB 10/17/01, effective 12/1/01.

b. Outreach materials, application forms, or other materials developed and produced by the department to any organization or individual making a request for the materials. If the request is for quantities exceeding ten, the third-party administrator shall forward the request to Iowa prison industries for dissemination.

c. Participating health plan information.

d. Other materials as specified by the department.

86.13(3) Toll-free dedicated customer services line. The third-party administrator shall maintain a toll-free multilingual dedicated customer service line in accordance with the requirements of the department.

86.13(4) HAWK-I program web site. The third-party administrator shall work in cooperation with the department to maintain a web site providing information about the HAWK-I program.

86.13(5) Application process. The third-party administrator shall process applications in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—86.3(514I).

a. Processing applications and mailing of approvals and denials shall be completed within ten working days of receipt of the application and all necessary information and verification unless the application cannot be processed within this period for a reason beyond the control of the third-party administrator.

b. Original verification information shall be returned to the applicant or enrollee upon completion of review.

86.13(6) Tracking of applications. The third-party administrator shall track and maintain applications. This includes, but is not limited to, the following procedures:

a. Date-stamping all applications with the date of receipt.

b. Screening applications for completeness and requesting in writing any additional information or verification necessary to establish eligibility. All information or verification of information attained shall be logged.

c. Entering all applications received into the data system with an identifier status of pending, approved, or denied.

d. Referring applications to the county office of the department, when appropriate, and receiving application referrals from the department.

e. Rescinded IAB 7/9/03, effective 7/1/03.

f. Notifying the plans when the number of enrollees who speak the same non-English language equals or exceeds 10 percent of the number of enrollees in the plan.

86.13(7) Effective date of coverage. The third-party administrator shall establish effective date of coverage in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—86.5(514I).

86.13(8) Selection of plan. The third-party administrator shall provide participating health plan information to families of eligible children by telephone or mail and, if necessary, offer unbiased assistance in the selection of a plan in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—86.6(514I).

86.13(9) Enrollment. The third-party administrator shall notify participating health plans of enrollments.

86.13(10) Disenrollments. The third-party administrator shall disenroll an enrollee in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—86.7(514I). The third-party administrator shall notify the participating health plan when an enrollee is disenrolled.

86.13(11) Annual reviews of eligibility. The third-party administrator shall annually review eligibility in accordance with the provisions of rules 441—86.2(514I) and 86.9(514I).

86.13(12) Acting on reported changes. The third-party administrator shall ensure that all changes reported by the HAWK-I enrollee in accordance with rule 441—86.10(514I) are acted upon no later than ten working days from the date the change is reported.

86.13(13) Premiums. The third-party administrator shall:

a. Calculate premiums in accordance with the provisions of rule 441—86.8(514I).

b. Collect HAWK-I premium payments. The funds shall be deposited into an interest-bearing account maintained by the department for periodic transmission of the funds and any accrued interest to the HAWK-I trust fund in accordance with state accounting procedures.

c. Track the status of the enrollee premium payments and provide the data to the department.

d. Mail a reminder notice to the family if the premium is not received by the due date.

86.13(14) Notices to families. The third-party administrator shall develop and provide timely and adequate approval, denial, and cancellation notices to families that clearly explain the action being taken

in regard to an application or an existing enrollment. Denial and cancellation notices shall clearly explain the appeal rights of the applicant or enrollee. All notices shall be available in English and Spanish.

86.13(15) Records. The third-party administrator shall at a minimum maintain the following records:

- a. All records required by the department and the department of inspections and appeals.
- b. Records which identify transactions with or on behalf of each enrollee by social security number or other unique identifier.
- c. Application, case and financial records.
- d. All other records as required by the department in determining compliance with any federal or state law or rule or regulation promulgated by the United States Department of Health and Human Services or by the department.

86.13(16) Confidentiality. The third-party administrator shall protect and maintain the confidentiality of HAWK-I applicants and enrollees in accordance with 441—Chapter 9.

86.13(17) Reports to the department. The third-party administrator shall submit reports as required by the department.

86.13(18) Systems. The third-party administrator shall maintain data files that are compatible with the department's and the health plans' data files and shall make the system accessible to department staff.

441—86.14(514I) Covered services. The benefits provided under the HAWK-I program shall meet a benchmark, benchmark equivalent, or benefit plan that complies with Title XXI of the federal Social Security Act.

86.14(1) Required services. The participating health plan shall cover at a minimum the following medically necessary services:

- a. Inpatient hospital services (including medical, surgical, intensive care unit, mental health, and substance abuse services).
- b. Physician services (including surgical and medical, and including office visits, newborn care, well-baby and well-child care, immunizations, urgent care, specialist care, allergy testing and treatment, mental health visits, and substance abuse visits).
- c. Outpatient hospital services (including emergency room, surgery, lab, and x-ray services and other services).
- d. Ambulance services.
- e. Physical therapy.
- f. Nursing care services (including skilled nursing facility services).
- g. Speech therapy.
- h. Durable medical equipment.
- i. Home health care.
- j. Hospice services.
- k. Prescription drugs.
- l. Dental services (including restorative and preventative services).
- m. Hearing services.
- n. Vision services (including corrective lenses).

86.14(2) Abortion. Payment for abortion shall only be made under the following circumstances:

- a. The physician certifies that the pregnant enrollee suffers from a physical disorder, physical injury, or physical illness, including a life-endangering physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself, that would place the enrollee in danger of death unless an abortion is performed.
- b. The pregnancy was the result of an act of rape or incest.

441—86.15(514I) Participating health plans.

86.15(1) Licensure. The participating health plan must be licensed by the division of insurance of the department of commerce to provide health care coverage in Iowa or be an organized delivery system licensed by the director of public health to provide health care coverage.

86.15(2) Services. The participating health plan shall provide health care coverage for the services specified in rule 441—86.14(514I) to all children determined eligible by the third-party administrator.

a. The participating health plan shall make services it provides to HAWK-I enrollees at least as accessible to the enrollees (in terms of timeliness, duration and scope) as those services are accessible to other commercial enrollees in the area served by the plan.

b. Participating health plans shall ensure that emergency services (inpatient and outpatient) are available for treatment of an emergency medical condition 24 hours a day, seven days a week, either through the health plan's own providers or through arrangements with other providers.

c. If a participating plan does not provide statewide coverage, the plan shall participate in every county within the region in which the plan has contracted to provide services in which it is licensed and in which a provider network has been established. Regions are specified in rule 441—86.1(514I).

86.15(3) Premium tax. Premiums paid to participating health plans by the third-party administrator are exempt from premium tax.

86.15(4) Provider network. The participating health plan shall establish a network of providers. Providers contracting with the participating health plan shall comply with HAWK-I requirements, which shall include collecting copayments, if applicable.

86.15(5) Medical cards. Medical identification cards shall be issued by the participating health plan to the enrollees for use in securing covered services.

86.15(6) Marketing.

a. Participating health plans may not distribute directly or through an agent or independent contractor any marketing materials.

b. All marketing materials require prior approval from the department.

c. At a minimum, participating health plans must provide the following material in writing or electronically:

(1) A current member handbook that fully explains the services available, how and when to obtain them, and special factors applicable to the HAWK-I enrollees. At a minimum the handbook shall include covered services, network providers, exclusions, emergency services procedures, 24-hour toll-free number for certification of services, daytime number to call for assistance, appeal procedures, enrollee rights and responsibilities, and definitions of terms.

(2) All plan literature and brochures shall be available in English and any other language when enrollment in the plan by enrollees who speak the same non-English language equals or exceeds 10 percent of all enrollees in the plan and shall be made available to the third-party administrator for distribution.

d. All health plan literature and brochures shall be approved by the department.

e. The participating health plans shall not, directly or indirectly, conduct door-to-door, telephonic, or other "cold-call" marketing.

f. The participating health plan may make marketing presentations at the discretion of the department.

86.15(7) Appeal process. The participating health plan shall have a written procedure by which enrollees may appeal issues concerning the health care services provided through providers contracted with the plan and which:

a. Is approved by the department prior to use.

b. Acknowledges receipt of the appeal to the enrollee.

c. Establishes time frames which ensure that appeals be resolved within 60 days, except for appeals which involve emergency medical conditions, which shall be resolved within time frames appropriate to the situations.

d. Ensures the participation of persons with authority to take corrective action.

e. Ensures that the decision be made by a physician or clinical peer not previously involved in the case.

f. Ensures the confidentiality of the enrollee.

g. Ensures issuance of a written decision to the enrollee for each appeal which shall contain an adequate explanation of the action taken and the reason for the decision.

- h.* Maintains a log of the appeals which is made available to the department at its request.
- i.* Ensures that the participating health plan's written appeal procedures be provided to each newly covered enrollee.
- j.* Requires that the participating health plan make quarterly reports to the department summarizing appeals and resolutions.

86.15(8) *Appeals to the department.* Rescinded IAB 1/13/99, effective 1/1/99.

86.15(9) *Records and reports.* The participating health plan shall maintain records and reports as follows:

a. The plan shall comply with the provisions of rule 441—79.3(249A) regarding maintenance and retention of clinical and fiscal records and shall file a letter with the commissioner of insurance as described in Iowa Code section 228.7. In addition, the plan or subcontractor of the plan, as appropriate, must maintain a medical records system that:

- (1) Identifies each medical record by HAWK-I enrollee identification number.
- (2) Maintains a complete medical record for each enrollee.
- (3) Provides a specific medical record on demand.
- (4) Meets state and federal reporting requirements applicable to the HAWK-I program.
- (5) Maintains the confidentiality of medical records information and releases the information only in accordance with established policy below:

1. All medical records of the enrollee shall be confidential and shall not be released without the written consent of the enrollee or responsible party.

2. Written consent is not required for the transmission of medical records information to physicians, other practitioners, or facilities that are providing services to enrollees under a subcontract with the plan. This provision also applies to specialty providers who are retained by the plan to provide services which are infrequently used, which provide a support system service to the operation of the plan, or which are of an unusual nature. This provision is also intended to waive the need for written consent for department staff and the third-party administrator assisting in the administration of the program, reviewers from the peer review organization (PRO), monitoring authorities from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS), the plan itself, and other subcontractors which require information as described under numbered paragraph "5" below.

3. Written consent is not required for the transmission of medical records information to physicians or facilities providing emergency care pursuant to paragraph 86.15(2) "b."

4. Written consent is required for the transmission of the medical records information of a former enrollee to any physician not connected with the plan.

5. The extent of medical records information to be released in each instance shall be based upon a test of medical necessity and a "need to know" on the part of the practitioner or a facility requesting the information.

6. Medical records maintained by subcontractors shall meet the requirements of this rule.

EXCEPTION: Written consent is required for the transmission of medical records relating to substance abuse, HIV, or mental health treatment in accordance with state and federal laws.

b. Each plan shall provide at a minimum reports and plan information to the third-party administrator as follows:

- (1) A list of providers of medical services under the plan.
- (2) Rescinded IAB 10/17/01, effective 12/1/01.
- (3) Rescinded IAB 10/17/01, effective 12/1/01.
- (4) Rescinded IAB 10/17/01, effective 12/1/01.
- (5) Encounter data on a monthly basis as required by the department.
- (6) Rescinded IAB 10/17/01, effective 12/1/01.
- (7) Other information as directed by the department.

c. Each plan shall at a minimum provide reports and plan information to the department as follows:

- (1) Information regarding the plan's appeal process.
- (2) A plan for a health improvement program.
- (3) Periodic financial, utilization and statistical reports as required by the department.

(4) Time-specific reports which define activity for child health care, appeals and other designated activities which may, at the department's discretion, vary among plans, depending on the services covered or other differences.

(5) Other information as directed by the department.

86.15(10) Systems. The participating health plan shall maintain data files that are compatible with the department's and third-party administrator's systems.

86.15(11) Payment to the participating health plan.

a. In consideration for all services rendered by a plan, the plan shall receive a payment each month for each enrollee. This capitation rate represents the total obligation of the department with respect to the costs of medical care and services provided to the enrollees.

b. The capitation rate shall be actuarially determined by the department July of 2000 and each fiscal year thereafter using statistics and data assumptions and relevant experience derived from similar populations.

c. The capitation rate does not include any amounts for the recoupment of losses suffered by the plan for risks assumed under the current or any previous contract. The plan accepts the rate as payment in full for the contracted services. Any savings realized by the plan due to lower utilization from a less frequent incidence of health problems among the enrolled population shall be wholly retained by the plan.

d. If an enrollee has third-party coverage or a responsible party other than the HAWK-I program available for purposes of payment for medical expenses, it is the right and responsibility of the plan to investigate these third-party resources and attempt to obtain payment. The plan shall retain all funds collected through third-party sources. A complete record of all income from these sources must be maintained and made available to the department.

86.15(12) Quality assurance. The plan shall have in effect an internal quality assurance system.

441—86.16(514I) Clinical advisory committee. Members of the clinical advisory committee established in accordance with the provisions of 441—paragraph 1.10(2) "c" shall be appointed to three-year terms. Members may be appointed for more than one term. No more than one-third of the membership of the committee shall rotate off the committee in any given calendar year.

441—86.17(514I) Use of donations to the HAWK-I program. If an individual or other entity makes a monetary donation to the HAWK-I program, the department shall deposit the donation into the HAWK-I trust fund. The department shall track all donations separately and shall not commingle the donations with other moneys in the trust fund. The department shall report the receipt of all donations to the HAWK-I board.

86.17(1) If the donor specifically identifies the purpose of the donation, regardless of the amount, the donation shall be used as specified by the donor as long as the identified purpose is permissible under state and federal law.

86.17(2) If the donation is less than \$5,000 and the donor does not specifically identify how it is to be used, the department shall use the moneys in the following order:

- a.* For the direct benefit of enrollees (e.g., premium payments).
- b.* For outreach activities.
- c.* For other purposes as determined by the HAWK-I board.

86.17(3) If the donation is more than \$5,000 and the donor does not specify how the funds are to be used, the HAWK-I board shall determine how the funds are to be used.

441—86.18(505) Health insurance data match program. All carriers, as defined in Iowa Code section 514C.13, shall enter into an agreement with the department to provide data necessary to allow the department to comply with the mandate of Iowa Code section 505.25. Each carrier shall either:

1. Enter into and maintain an agreement with the department on Form 470-4435, HAWK-I Data Use Agreement; or
2. Provide proof of an existing agreement with the department or the department's designee.

441—86.19(514I) Recovery.**86.19(1) Definitions.**

“*Administrative error*” means an action attributed to the department or to the HAWK-I third-party administrator that results in incorrect payment of benefits, including premiums paid to a health plan, due to one or more of the following circumstances:

1. Misfiled or lost form or document.
2. Error in typing or copying.
3. Computer input error.
4. Mathematical error.
5. Failure to determine eligibility correctly when all essential information was available to the HAWK-I third-party administrator.
6. Failure to request essential verification necessary to make an accurate eligibility determination.
7. Failure to make timely revision in eligibility following a change in policy requiring application of the policy change as of a specific date.
8. Failure to issue timely notice to cancel benefits that results in benefits continuing in error.
9. Failure of the department to provide correct information to the HAWK-I third-party administrator regarding a child’s Medicaid eligibility.

“*Client error*” means an intentional or negligent action attributed to the enrollee that results in incorrect payment of benefits, including premiums paid to a health plan, because the enrollee or the enrollee’s representative:

1. Failed to disclose information or gave a false or misleading statement, oral or written, regarding income or another eligibility factor; or
2. Failed to timely report a change as defined in rule 441—86.10(514I).

86.19(2) Amount subject to recovery from the enrollee or representative. The department may recover from the enrollee or the enrollee’s representative the amount of premiums incorrectly paid to a health plan on behalf of the enrollee due to client error, minus any premium payments made by the enrollee, in accordance with 441—Chapter 11.

a. Premiums incorrectly paid to a health plan on behalf of an enrollee due to an administrative error are not subject to recovery from the enrollee.

b. Payments made by a health plan to a provider of medical services are not subject to recovery from the enrollee regardless of the cause of the error.

86.19(3) Notification. The enrollee shall be promptly notified when it is determined that funds were incorrectly paid due to a client error. Notification shall include:

- a.* The name of the person for whom funds were incorrectly paid;
- b.* The period during which the funds were incorrectly paid;
- c.* The amount subject to recovery; and
- d.* The reason for the incorrect payment.

86.19(4) Recovery.

a. Recovery shall be made:

(1) From the enrollee when the enrollee completed the application and had responsibility for reporting changes, or

(2) From the enrollee’s representative (i.e., the parent, guardian, or other responsible person acting on behalf of an enrollee who is under the age of 19) when the representative completed the application and had responsibility for reporting changes.

b. The enrollee or representative shall repay to the department the funds incorrectly expended on behalf of the enrollee.

c. Recovery may come from income, income tax refunds, lottery winnings, or other resources of the enrollee or representative.

86.19(5) Appeals. The enrollee shall have the right to appeal a decision to recover benefits under the provisions of 441—Chapter 7.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 514I.

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