

COLLEGE STUDENT AID COMMISSION[283]

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CHAPTER 1
ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION
[Prior to 8/10/88, see College Aid Commission, 245—Ch 12]

283—1.1(261) Purpose. This chapter describes the organization, operation, and location of the Iowa college student aid commission (hereinafter generally referred to as the commission, or the ICSAC) and describes the means by which any interested person may obtain information and make submittals or requests.

283—1.2(261) Organization and operations.

1.2(1) Location. The commission is located at 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608; telephone (515)725-3400; Internet site www.iowacollegeaid.gov. Office hours are 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday to Friday. Offices are closed on Saturdays and Sundays and on official state holidays designated in accordance with state law.

1.2(2) The commission. The commission consists of 15 members and functions under the leadership of a chairperson elected by the membership. Nine members are appointed by the governor to serve four-year terms. Four of the governor's appointees represent the general public, one represents parents of Iowa postsecondary students, one represents practitioners licensed under Iowa Code chapter 272, one represents Iowa independent colleges and universities, one represents Iowa community colleges, and one represents Iowa postsecondary students. One member is appointed by the board of regents. The president of the senate, the minority leader of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives, and the minority leader of the house of representatives each appoint one ex officio, nonvoting commission member. The director of the department of education serves as a continuous member of the commission and may appoint a designee to represent the department of education.

1.2(3) Meetings. The commission shall meet at regular intervals at least six times annually, but not more than eight times in person annually.

a. The chairperson of the commission presides at each meeting. Members of the public may be recognized at the discretion of the chairperson. All meetings are open to the public in accordance with the open meetings law, Iowa Code chapter 21.

b. The commission shall give advance public notice of the time and place of each commission meeting. The notice will include the specific date, time, and place of the meeting.

c. A quorum shall consist of two-thirds of the voting members of the commission. When a quorum is present, a position is carried by an affirmative vote of the majority of commission members eligible to vote.

d. A specific time is set aside at each meeting for the public to address the commission. As a general guideline, a limit of five minutes will be allocated for each of these presentations. If a large group seeks to address a specific issue, the chairperson may limit the number of speakers. Members of the public who wish to address the commission during this portion of the meeting are required to notify the commission's administrative secretary prior to the meeting. The person's name and the subject of the person's remarks must be provided. To accommodate maximum public participation, members of the public are encouraged to submit requests at least 72 hours in advance of the meeting.

1.2(4) Minutes. The minutes of all commission meetings are recorded and kept by the executive director in the commission office. Upon approval by the commission, minutes are posted on the commission's Internet site.

1.2(5) Records. The records of all business transacted and other information with respect to the operation of the commission are public records and are on file in the commission office. All records, except statements specified as confidential under these rules, are available for inspection during regular business hours. Copies of records up to 25 pages in number may be obtained without charge. The cost of reproduction will be charged for pages in excess of 25. Digital media will be provided for a fee equal to the cost of the physical device provided. The charge may be waived by the executive director.

1.2(6) Submission and requests. Inquiries, submissions, petitions, and other requests directed to the commission may be made by letter addressed to the executive director at the address listed in subrule

1.2(1). Any person may petition for a written or oral hearing before the commission. All requests for a hearing must be in writing and state the specific subject to be discussed and the reasons a personal appearance is necessary if one is requested.

1.2(7) Advisory councils. Rescinded IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14.

[ARC 9391B, IAB 2/23/11, effective 3/30/11; ARC 1318C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 3699C, IAB 3/28/18, effective 5/2/18; see Delay note at end of chapter; ARC 3844C, IAB 6/20/18, effective 5/18/18; ARC 3854C, IAB 6/20/18, effective 7/25/18; ARC 4373C, IAB 3/27/19, effective 5/1/19]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 17A.3(1)“a” and “b” and chapter 261.

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[Filed ARC 3699C (Notice ARC 3516C, IAB 12/20/17), IAB 3/28/18, effective 5/2/18]¹

[Filed Emergency ARC 3844C, IAB 6/20/18, effective 5/18/18]

[Filed ARC 3854C (Notice ARC 3711C, IAB 3/28/18), IAB 6/20/18, effective 7/25/18]

[Filed ARC 4373C (Notice ARC 4080C, IAB 10/24/18), IAB 3/27/19, effective 5/1/19]

¹ May 2, 2018, effective date of 1.2(3) [ARC 3699C] delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its meeting held April 6, 2018.

CHAPTER 2
COMMISSION PROCEDURE FOR RULE MAKING
[Prior to 8/10/88, see College Aid Commission, 245—13.1 and 13.2]

283—2.1(17A) Applicability. Except to the extent otherwise expressly provided by statute, all rules adopted by the commission are subject to the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 17A, the Iowa administrative procedure Act, and the provisions of this chapter.

283—2.2(17A) Advice on possible rules before notice of proposed rule adoption. In addition to seeking information by other methods, the commission may, before publication of a Notice of Intended Action under Iowa Code section 17A.4(1)“a,” solicit comments from the public on a subject matter of possible rule making by the commission by causing notice to be published in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin of the subject matter and indicating where, when, and how persons may comment.

283—2.3(17A) Public rule-making docket.

2.3(1) Docket maintained. The commission shall maintain a current public rule-making docket.

2.3(2) Anticipated rule making. The rule-making docket shall list each anticipated rule-making proceeding. A rule-making proceeding is deemed “anticipated” from the time a draft of proposed rules is distributed for internal discussion within the commission. For each anticipated rule-making proceeding the docket shall contain a listing of the precise subject matter which may be submitted for consideration by the executive director for subsequent proposal under the provisions of Iowa Code section 17A.4(1)“a,” the name and address of commission personnel with whom persons may communicate with respect to the matter, and an indication of the present status within the commission of that possible rule. The commission also may include in the docket other subjects upon which public comment is desired.

2.3(3) Pending rule-making proceedings. The rule-making docket shall list each pending rule-making proceeding. A rule-making proceeding is pending from the time it is commenced, by publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin of a Notice of Intended Action pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.4(1)“a,” to the time it is terminated, by publication of a Notice of Termination in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin or the rule becoming effective. For each rule-making proceeding, the docket shall indicate:

- a. The subject matter of the proposed rule;
- b. A citation to all published notices relating to the proceeding;
- c. Where written submissions on the proposed rule may be inspected;
- d. The time during which written submissions may be made;
- e. The names of persons who have made written requests for an opportunity to make oral presentations on the proposed rule, where those requests may be inspected, and where and when oral presentations may be made;
- f. Whether a written request for the issuance of a regulatory analysis, or a concise statement of reasons, has been filed, whether such an analysis or statement or a fiscal impact statement has been issued, and where any such written request, analysis, or statement may be inspected;
- g. The current status of the proposed rule and any commission determinations with respect thereto;
- h. Any known timetable for commission decisions or other action in the proceeding;
- i. The date of the rule’s adoption;
- j. The date of the rule’s filing, indexing, and publication;
- k. The date on which the rule will become effective; and
- l. Where the rule-making record may be inspected.

283—2.4(17A) Notice of proposed rule making.

2.4(1) Contents. At least 35 days before the adoption of a rule the commission shall cause Notice of Intended Action to be published in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin. The Notice of Intended Action shall include:

- a. A brief explanation of the purpose of the proposed rule;

- b. The specific legal authority for the proposed rule;
- c. Except to the extent impracticable, the text of the proposed rule;
- d. Where, when, and how views may be presented on the proposed rule; and
- e. Where, when, and how an oral proceeding may be demanded on the proposed rule if the notice does not already provide for one.

Where inclusion of the complete text of a proposed rule in the Notice of Intended Action is impracticable, the commission shall include in the notice a statement fully describing the specific subject matter of the omitted portion of the text of the proposed rule, the specific issues to be addressed by the omitted text of the proposed rule, and the range of possible choices being considered by the commission for the resolution of each of those issues.

2.4(2) *Incorporation by reference.* A proposed rule may incorporate other materials by reference only if it complies with all of the requirements applicable to the incorporation by reference of other materials in an adopted rule that are contained in subrule 2.12(2) of this chapter.

2.4(3) *Copies of notices.* Persons desiring to receive copies of all future Notices of Intended Action must file with the commission a written request indicating the name and address to which such notices should be sent. Within seven days after submission of a Notice of Intended Action to the administrative rules coordinator for publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin, the commission shall mail or electronically transmit a copy of that notice to those persons who have filed a written request for either mailing or electronic transmittal with the commission for Notices of Intended Action. The written request shall be accompanied by payment of the subscription price which may cover the full cost of the subscription service, including its administrative overhead and the cost of copying and mailing the Notices of Intended Action for a period of one year. Interested persons may also subscribe to the service provided at <https://www.legis.iowa.gov/Subscribe/agencyChanges.aspx> to receive rule-making information regarding the commission.

[ARC 1490C, IAB 6/11/14, effective 7/30/14]

283—2.5(17A) Public participation.

2.5(1) *Written comments.* For at least 20 days after publication of Notice of Intended Action, arguments, data, and views may be submitted in writing on the proposed rule. Such written submissions should identify the proposed rule to which they relate and should be submitted to Executive Director, College Student Aid Commission, 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608 or to the person designated in the Notice of Intended Action.

2.5(2) *Oral proceedings.* The commission may, at any time, schedule an oral proceeding on a proposed rule. The commission shall schedule an oral proceeding on a proposed rule if, within 20 days after the published Notice of Intended Action, a written request for an opportunity to make oral presentations is submitted to the commission by the administrative rules review committee, a governmental subdivision, an agency, an association having not less than 25 members, or at least 25 persons. That request must contain the following additional information:

a. A request by one or more individual persons must be signed by each individual and must include the address and telephone number of each individual.

b. A request by an association must be signed by an officer or designee of the association, must contain a statement that the association has at least 25 members, and must include the address and telephone number of the person signing the request.

c. A request by an agency or governmental subdivision must be signed by an official having authority to act on behalf of the entity and must contain the address and telephone number of the person signing the request.

2.5(3) *Conduct of oral proceedings.*

a. *Applicability.* This subrule applies only to those oral rule-making proceedings in which an opportunity to make oral presentations is authorized or required by Iowa Code section 17A.4(1) “b” as amended by 1998 Iowa Acts, chapter 1202, section 8, or this chapter.

b. *Scheduling and notice.* An oral proceeding on a proposed rule may be held in one or more locations and shall not be held earlier than 20 days after notice of its location and time is published in the

Iowa Administrative Bulletin. That notice shall identify the proposed rule by ARC number and citation to the Iowa Administrative Bulletin.

c. Presiding officer. The commission, a member of the commission, or another person designated by the commission who will be familiar with the substance of the proposed rule, shall preside at the oral proceeding on a proposed rule. If the commission does not preside, the presiding officer shall prepare a memorandum for consideration by the commission summarizing the contents of the presentations made at the oral proceeding unless the commission determines that such a memorandum is unnecessary because the commission will personally listen to or read the entire transcript of the oral proceeding.

d. Conduct of proceeding. At an oral proceeding on a proposed rule, oral statements and documentary and physical submissions may be made including data, views, comments, or arguments concerning the proposed rule. Persons wishing to make oral presentations at such a proceeding are encouraged to notify the commission at least one business day prior to the proceeding and indicate the general subject of the presentations. At the proceeding, those who participate shall indicate their names and addresses, identify any persons or organizations they represent, and provide any other information relating to their participation deemed appropriate by the presiding officer. Oral proceedings shall be open to the public and shall be recorded by stenographic or electronic means.

(1) At the beginning of the oral proceeding, the presiding officer shall give a brief synopsis of the proposed rule, a statement of the statutory authority for the proposed rule, and the reasons for the commission decision to propose the rule. The presiding officer may place time limitations on individual oral presentations when necessary to ensure the orderly and expeditious conduct of the oral proceeding. To encourage joint oral presentations and to avoid repetition, additional time may be provided for persons whose presentations represent the views of other individuals as well as their own views.

(2) Persons making oral presentations are encouraged to avoid restating matters submitted in writing.

(3) To facilitate the exchange of information, the presiding officer may, where time permits, open the floor to questions or general discussion.

(4) The presiding officer shall have the authority to take any reasonable action necessary for the orderly conduct of the meeting.

(5) Physical and documentary submissions presented by participants in the oral proceeding shall be submitted to the presiding officer. Such submissions become the property of the commission.

(6) The oral proceeding may be continued by the presiding officer to a later time without notice other than by announcement at the hearing.

(7) Participants in an oral proceeding shall not be required to take an oath or to submit to cross-examination. However, the presiding officer in an oral proceeding may question participants and permit the questioning of participants by other participants about any matter relating to that rule-making proceeding, including any prior written submissions made by those participants in that proceeding; but no participant shall be required to answer any question.

(8) The presiding officer in an oral proceeding may permit rebuttal statements and request the filing of written statements subsequent to the adjournment of the oral presentations.

2.5(4) Additional information. In addition to receiving written comments and oral presentations on a proposed rule according to the provisions of this rule, the commission may obtain information concerning a proposed rule through any other lawful means deemed appropriate.

2.5(5) Accessibility. The commission shall schedule oral proceedings in rooms accessible to, and functional for, persons with physical disabilities. Persons who have special requirements should contact the administrative secretary at College Student Aid Commission, 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608 in advance to arrange access or other needed services.

[ARC 1490C, IAB 6/11/14, effective 7/30/14; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—2.6(17A) Regulatory analysis.

2.6(1) Definition of small business. A small business is defined in Iowa Code section 17A.4A(7).

2.6(2) Mailing list. Small businesses or organizations of small businesses may be registered on the commission's small business impact list by making a written application addressed to College Student

Aid Commission, 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608. The application for registration shall state:

- a. The name of the small business or organization of small businesses;
- b. Its address;
- c. The name of a person authorized to transact business for the applicant;
- d. A description of the applicant's business or organization. An organization representing 25 or more persons who qualify as a small business shall indicate that fact.
- e. Whether the registrant desires copies of Notices of Intended Action at cost, or desires advance notice of the subject of all or some specific category of proposed rule making affecting small business.

The commission may, at any time, request additional information from the applicant to determine whether the applicant is qualified as a small business or as an organization of 25 or more small businesses. The commission may periodically send a letter to each registered small business or organization of small businesses asking whether that business or organization wants to remain on the registration list. The name of a small business or organization of small businesses will be removed from the list if a negative response is received or if no response is received within 30 days after the letter is sent.

2.6(3) *Time of mailing.* Within seven days after submission of a Notice of Intended Action to the administrative rules coordinator for publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin, the commission shall mail to all registered small businesses or organizations of small businesses, in accordance with their request, either a copy of the Notice of Intended Action or notice of the subject of that proposed rule making. In the case of a rule that may have an impact on small business adopted in reliance upon Iowa Code section 17A.4(2), the commission shall mail notice of the adopted rule to registered businesses or organizations prior to the time the adopted rule is published in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin.

2.6(4) *Qualified requesters for regulatory analysis—economic impact.* The commission shall issue a regulatory analysis of a proposed rule that conforms to the requirements of Iowa Code section 17A.4A(2a) after a proper request from:

- a. The administrative rules coordinator;
- b. The administrative rules review committee.

2.6(5) *Qualified requesters for regulatory analysis—business impact.* The commission shall issue a regulatory analysis of a proposed rule that conforms to the requirements of Iowa Code section 17A.4A(2b) after a proper request from:

- a. The administrative rules review committee;
- b. The administrative rules coordinator;
- c. At least 25 or more persons who sign the request provided that each represents a different small business;
- d. An organization representing at least 25 small businesses. That organization shall list the names, addresses and telephone numbers of not less than 25 small businesses it represents.

2.6(6) *Time period for analysis.* Upon receipt of a timely request for a regulatory analysis the commission shall adhere to the time lines described in Iowa Code section 17A.4A(4).

2.6(7) *Contents of request.* A request for a regulatory analysis is made when it is mailed or delivered to the commission. The request shall be in writing and satisfy the requirements of Iowa Code section 17A.4A(1).

2.6(8) *Contents of concise summary.* The contents of the concise summary shall conform to the requirements of Iowa Code section 17A.4A(4,5).

2.6(9) *Publication of a concise summary.* The commission shall make available, to the maximum extent feasible, copies of the published summary in conformance with Iowa Code section 17A.4A(5).

2.6(10) *Regulatory analysis contents—rules review committee or rules coordinator.* When a regulatory analysis is issued in response to a written request from the administrative rules review committee, or the administrative rules coordinator, the regulatory analysis shall conform to the requirements of Iowa Code section 17A.4A(2a), unless a written request expressly waives one or more of the items listed in the section.

2.6(11) *Regulatory analysis contents—substantial impact on small business.* When a regulatory analysis is issued in response to a written request from the administrative rules review committee,

the administrative rules coordinator, at least 25 persons signing that request who each qualify as representatives of a small business or by an organization representing at least 25 small businesses, the regulatory analysis shall conform to the requirements of Iowa Code section 17A.4A(2b).
[ARC 1490C, IAB 6/11/14, effective 7/30/14; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—2.7(17A,25B) Fiscal impact statement.

2.7(1) A proposed rule that mandates additional combined expenditures exceeding \$100,000 by all affected political subdivisions or agencies and entities which contract with political subdivisions to provide services must be accompanied by a fiscal impact statement outlining the costs associated with the rule. A fiscal impact statement must satisfy the requirements of Iowa Code section 25B.6.

2.7(2) If the commission determines, at the time it adopts a rule, that the fiscal impact statement upon which the rule is based contains errors, the commission shall, at the same time, issue a corrected fiscal impact statement and publish the corrected fiscal impact statement in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin.

283—2.8(17A) Time and manner of rule adoption.

2.8(1) *Time of adoption.* The commission shall not adopt a rule until the period for making written submissions and oral presentations has expired. Within 180 days after the later of the publication of the Notice of Intended Action, or the end of oral proceedings thereon, the commission shall adopt a rule pursuant to the rule-making proceeding or terminate the proceeding by publication of a notice to that effect in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin.

2.8(2) *Consideration of public comment.* Before the adoption of a rule, the commission shall consider fully all of the written submissions and oral submissions received in that rule-making proceeding or any memorandum summarizing such oral submissions, and any regulatory analysis or fiscal impact statement issued in that rule-making proceeding.

2.8(3) *Reliance on commission expertise.* Except as otherwise provided by law, the commission may use its own experience, technical competence, specialized knowledge, and judgment in the adoption of a rule.

283—2.9(17A) Variance between adopted rule and published notice of proposed rule adoption.

2.9(1) The commission shall not adopt a rule that differs from the rule proposed in the Notice of Intended Action on which the rule is based unless:

- a.* The differences are within the scope of the subject matter announced in the Notice of Intended Action and are in character with the issues raised in that notice; and
- b.* The differences are a logical outgrowth of the contents of that Notice of Intended Action and the comments submitted in response thereto; and
- c.* The Notice of Intended Action provided fair warning that the outcome of that rule-making proceeding could be the rule in question.

2.9(2) In determining whether the Notice of Intended Action provided fair warning that the outcome of that rule-making proceeding could be the rule in question, the commission shall consider the following factors:

- a.* The extent to which persons who will be affected by the rule should have understood that the rule-making proceeding on which it is based could affect their interests;
- b.* The extent to which the subject matter of the rule or the issues determined by the rule are different from the subject matter or issues contained in the Notice of Intended Action; and
- c.* The extent to which the effects of the rule differ from the effects of the proposed rule contained in the Notice of Intended Action.

2.9(3) The commission shall commence a rule-making proceeding within 60 days of its receipt of a petition for rule making seeking the amendment or repeal of a rule that differs from the proposed rule contained in the Notice of Intended Action on which the rule is based, unless the commission finds that the differences between the adopted rule and the proposed rule are so insubstantial as to make such a rule-making proceeding unnecessary. A copy of any such finding and the petition to which it

responds shall be sent to petitioner, the administrative rules coordinator, and the administrative rules review committee within three days of its issuance.

2.9(4) Concurrent rule-making proceedings. Nothing in this rule disturbs the discretion of the commission to initiate, concurrently, several different rule-making proceedings on the same subject with several different published Notices of Intended Action.

283—2.10(17A) Exemptions from public rule-making procedures.

2.10(1) Omission of notice and comment. To the extent the commission finds that public notice and participation are unnecessary, impracticable, or contrary to the public interest in the process of adopting a particular rule, the commission may adopt that rule without publishing advance Notice of Intended Action in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin and without providing for written or oral public submissions prior to its adoption. The commission shall incorporate the required finding and a brief statement of its supporting reasons in each rule adopted in reliance upon this subrule.

2.10(2) Public proceedings on rules adopted without them. The commission may, at any time, commence a standard rule-making proceeding for the adoption of a rule that is identical or similar to a rule it adopts in reliance upon subrule 2.10(1). Upon written petition by a governmental subdivision, the administrative rules review committee, an agency, the administrative rules coordinator, an association having not less than 25 members, or at least 25 persons, the commission shall commence a standard rule-making proceeding for any rule specified in the petition that was adopted in reliance upon subrule 2.10(1). Such a petition must be filed within one year of the publication of the specified rule in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin as an adopted rule. The rule-making proceeding on that rule must be commenced within 60 days of the receipt of such a petition. After a standard rule-making proceeding commenced pursuant to this subrule, the commission may either readopt the rule it adopted without benefit of all usual procedures on the basis of subrule 2.10(1), or may take any other lawful action, including the amendment or repeal of the rule in question, with whatever further proceedings are appropriate.

283—2.11(17A) Concise statement of reasons.

2.11(1) General. When requested by a person, either prior to the adoption of a rule or within 30 days after its publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin as an adopted rule, the commission shall issue a concise statement of reasons for the rule. Requests for such a statement must be in writing and be delivered to College Student Aid Commission, 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608. The request should indicate whether the statement is sought for all or only a specified part of the rule. Requests will be considered made on the date received.

2.11(2) Contents. The concise statement of reasons shall contain:

- a. The reasons for adopting the rule;
- b. An indication of any change between the text of the proposed rule contained in the published Notice of Intended Action and the text of the rule as finally adopted, with the reasons for any such change;
- c. The principal reasons urged in the rule-making proceeding for and against the rule, and the commission's reasons for overruling the arguments made against the rule.

2.11(3) Time of issuance. After a proper request, the commission shall issue a concise statement of reasons by the later of the time the rule is adopted or 35 days after receipt of the request.

[ARC 1490C, IAB 6/11/14, effective 7/30/14; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—2.12(17A) Contents, style, and form of rule.

2.12(1) Contents. Each rule adopted by the commission shall contain the text of the rule and, in addition:

- a. The date the commission adopted the rule;
- b. A brief explanation of the principal reasons for the rule-making action if such reasons are required by Iowa Code section 17A.4(1b), or the commission in its discretion decides to include such reasons;
- c. A reference to all rules repealed, amended, or suspended by the rule;

- d. A reference to the specific statutory or other authority authorizing adoption of the rule;
- e. Any findings required by any provision of law as a prerequisite to adoption or effectiveness of the rule;
- f. A brief explanation of the principal reasons for the failure to provide for waivers to the rule if no waiver provision is included and a brief explanation of any waiver or special exceptions provided in the rule if such reasons are required by Iowa Code section 17A.4(1b), or the commission in its discretion decides to include such reasons; and
- g. The effective date of the rule.

2.12(2) *Incorporation by reference.* The commission may incorporate by reference in a proposed or adopted rule, and without causing publication of the incorporated matter in full, all or any part of a code, standard, rule, or other matter if the commission finds that the incorporation of its text in the commission proposed or adopted rule would be unduly cumbersome, expensive, or otherwise inexpedient. The reference in the commission proposed or adopted rule shall fully and precisely identify the incorporated matter by location, title, citation, date, and edition, if any; shall briefly indicate the precise subject and the general contents of the incorporated matter; and shall state that the proposed or adopted rule does not include any later amendments or editions of the incorporated matter. The commission may incorporate such matter by reference in a proposed or adopted rule only if the commission makes copies of it readily available to the public. The rule shall state how and where copies of the incorporated matter may be obtained at cost from the commission, and how and where copies may be obtained from the agency of the United States, this state, another state, or the organization, association, or persons, originally issuing that matter. The commission shall retain permanently a copy of any materials incorporated by reference in a rule of the commission.

If the commission adopts standards by reference to another publication, it shall provide a copy of the publication containing the standards to the administrative rules coordinator for deposit in the state law library and may make the standards available electronically.

2.12(3) *References to materials not published in full.* When the administrative code editor decides to omit the full text of a proposed or adopted rule because publication of the full text would be unduly cumbersome, expensive, or otherwise inexpedient, the commission shall prepare and submit to the administrative code editor for inclusion in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin and Iowa Administrative Code a summary statement describing the specific subject matter of the omitted material. This summary statement shall include the title and a brief description sufficient to inform the public of the specific nature and subject matter of the proposed or adopted rules, and of significant issues involved in these rules. The summary statement also shall describe how a copy of the full text of the proposed or adopted rule, including any unpublished matter and any matter incorporated by reference, may be obtained from the commission. The commission will provide a copy of that full text at actual cost upon request and shall make copies of the full text available for review at the state law library and may make the standards available electronically.

At the request of the administrative code editor, the commission shall provide a proposed statement explaining why publication of the full text would be unduly cumbersome, expensive, or otherwise inexpedient.

2.12(4) *Style and form.* In preparing its rules, the commission shall follow the uniform numbering system, form, and style prescribed by the administrative rules coordinator.

283—2.13(17A) Agency rule-making record.

2.13(1) *Requirement.* The commission shall maintain an official rule-making record for each rule it proposes by publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin of a Notice of Intended Action, or adopts. The rule-making record and materials incorporated by reference must be available for public inspection.

2.13(2) *Contents.* The commission rule-making record shall contain:

- a. Copies of all publications in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin with respect to the rule or the proceeding upon which the rule is based and any file-stamped copies of commission submissions to the administrative rules coordinator concerning that rule or the proceeding upon which it is based;

b. Copies of any portions of the commission's public rule-making docket containing entries relating to the rule or the proceeding upon which the rule is based;

c. All written petitions, requests, and submissions received by the commission, and all other written materials of a factual nature as distinguished from opinion that are relevant to the merits of the rule and that were created or compiled by the commission and considered by the executive director, in connection with the formulation, proposal, or adoption of the rule or the proceeding upon which the rule is based, except to the extent the commission is authorized by law to keep them confidential; provided, however, that when any such materials are deleted because they are authorized by law to be kept confidential, the commission shall identify in the record the particular materials deleted and state the reasons for that deletion;

d. Any official transcript of oral presentations made in the proceeding upon which the rule is based or, if not transcribed, the stenographic record or electronic recording of those presentations, and any memorandum prepared by a presiding officer summarizing the contents of those presentations;

e. A copy of any regulatory analysis or fiscal impact statement prepared for the proceeding upon which the rule is based;

f. A copy of the rule and any concise statement of reasons prepared for that rule;

g. All petitions for amendments or repeal or suspension of the rule;

h. A copy of any objection to the issuance of that rule without public notice and participation that was filed pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.4(2) by the administrative rules review committee, the governor, or the attorney general;

i. A copy of any objection to the rule filed by the administrative rules review committee, the governor, or the attorney general pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.4(4), and any commission response to that objection;

j. A copy of any significant written criticism of the rule, including a separate file of any petitions for waiver of the rule; and

k. A copy of any executive order concerning the rule.

2.13(3) *Effect of record.* Except as otherwise required by a provision of law, the commission rule-making record required by this rule need not constitute the exclusive basis for commission action on that rule.

2.13(4) *Maintenance of files.* The commission shall maintain the rule-making file for a period of not less than five years from the later of the date the rule to which it pertains became effective, the date of the Notice of Intended Action, or the date of any written criticism as described in 2.13(2) "g," "h," "i," or "j."

283—2.14(17A) Filing of rules. The commission shall file each rule it adopts in the office of the administrative rules coordinator. The filing must be executed as soon after adoption of the rule as is practicable. At the time of filing, each rule must have attached to it any fiscal impact statement and any concise statement of reasons that was issued with respect to that rule. If a fiscal impact statement or statement of reasons for that rule was not issued until a time subsequent to the filing of that rule, the note or statement must be attached to the filed rule within five working days after the note or statement is issued. In filing a rule, the commission shall use the standard form prescribed by the administrative rules coordinator.

283—2.15(17A) Effectiveness of rules prior to publication.

2.15(1) *Grounds.* The commission may make a rule effective after its filing at any stated time prior to 35 days after its indexing and publication in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin if it finds that a statute so provides, the rule confers a benefit or removes a restriction on some segment of the public, or that the effective date of the rule is necessary to avoid imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare. The commission shall incorporate the required finding and a brief statement of its supporting reasons in each rule adopted in reliance upon this subrule.

2.15(2) *Special notice.* When the commission makes a rule effective prior to its indexing and publication in reliance upon the provisions of Iowa Code section 17A.5(2) "b"(3), the commission

shall employ all reasonable efforts to make its contents known to the persons who may be affected by that rule prior to the rule's indexing and publication. The term "all reasonable efforts" requires the commission to employ the most effective and prompt means of notice rationally calculated to inform potentially affected parties of the effectiveness of the rule that is justified and practical under the circumstances considering the various alternatives available for this purpose, the comparative costs to the commission of utilizing each of those alternatives, and the harm suffered by affected persons from any lack of notice concerning the contents of the rule prior to its indexing and publication. The means that may be used for providing notice of such rules prior to their indexing and publication include, but are not limited to, any one or more of the following means: radio, newspaper, television, signs, mail, telephone, personal notice or electronic means.

A rule made effective prior to its indexing and publication in reliance upon the provisions of Iowa Code section 17A.5(2) "b"(3) shall include in that rule a statement describing the reasonable efforts that will be used to comply with the requirements of subrule 2.15(2).

283—2.16(17A) General statements of policy.

2.16(1) *Compilation, indexing, public inspection.* The commission shall maintain an official, current, and dated compilation that is indexed by subject, containing all of its general statements of policy within the scope of Iowa Code section 17A.2(11) "a," "c," "f," "g," "h," "k." Each addition to, change in, or deletion from the official compilation must also be dated, indexed, and a record thereof kept. Except for those portions containing rules governed by Iowa Code section 17A.2(11) "f," or otherwise authorized by law to be kept confidential, the compilation must be made available for public inspection and copying.

2.16(2) *Enforcement of requirements.* A general statement of policy subject to the requirements of this subsection shall not be relied on by the commission to the detriment of any person who does not have actual, timely knowledge of the contents of the statement until the requirements of subrule 2.16(1) are satisfied. This provision is inapplicable to the extent necessary to avoid imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare.

283—2.17(17A) Review by commission of rules.

2.17(1) Any interested person, association, agency, or political subdivision may submit a written request to the administrative rules coordinator requesting the commission to conduct a formal review of a specified rule. Upon approval of that request by the administrative rules coordinator, the commission shall conduct a formal review of a specified rule to determine whether a new rule should be adopted instead or the rule should be amended or repealed. The commission may refuse to conduct a review if it has conducted such a review of the specified rule within five years prior to the filing of the written request.

2.17(2) In conducting the formal review, the commission shall prepare within a reasonable time a written report summarizing its findings, its supporting reasons, and any proposed course of action. The report must include a concise statement of the commission's findings regarding the rule's effectiveness in achieving its objectives, including a summary of any available supporting data. The report shall also concisely describe significant written criticisms of the rule received during the previous five years, including a summary of any petitions for waiver of the rule received by the commission or granted by the commission. The report shall describe alternative solutions to resolve the criticisms of the rule, the reasons any were rejected, and any changes made in the rule in response to the criticisms as well as the reasons for the changes. A copy of the commission's report shall be sent to the administrative rules review committee and the administrative rules coordinator. The report must also be available for public inspection.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 17A.

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[Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

CHAPTER 3
DECLARATORY ORDERS

[Prior to 8/10/88, see College Aid Commission, 245—13.4 and 13.5]

283—3.1(17A) Petition for declaratory order. Any person may file a petition with the college student aid commission for a declaratory order as to the applicability to specified circumstances of a statute, rule, or order within the primary jurisdiction of the commission, at 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608. A petition is deemed filed when it is received by the commission. The commission shall provide the petitioner with a file-stamped copy of the petition if the petitioner provides an extra copy for this purpose. The petition must be typewritten or legibly handwritten in ink and must substantially conform to the following form:

COLLEGE STUDENT AID COMMISSION	
Petition by (Name of Petitioner) for a Declaratory Order on (Cite provisions of law involved).	}
PETITION FOR DECLARATORY ORDER	

The petition must provide the following information:

1. A clear and concise statement of all relevant facts on which the order is requested.
2. A citation and the relevant language of the specific statutes, rules, policies, decisions, or orders, whose applicability is questioned, and any other relevant law.
3. The questions petitioner wants answered, stated clearly and concisely.
4. The answers to the questions desired by the petitioner and a summary of the reasons urged by the petitioner in support of those answers.
5. The reasons for requesting the declaratory order and disclosure of the petitioner's interest in the outcome.
6. A statement indicating whether the petitioner is currently a party to another proceeding involving the questions at issue and whether, to the petitioner's knowledge, those questions have been decided by, are pending determination by, or are under investigation by, any governmental entity.
7. The names and addresses of other persons, or a description of any class of persons, known by petitioner to be affected by, or interested in, the questions presented in the petition.
8. Any request by petitioner for a meeting provided for by 3.7(17A).

The petition must be dated and signed by the petitioner or the petitioner's representative. It must also include the name, mailing address, and telephone number of the petitioner and petitioner's representative and a statement indicating the person to whom communications concerning the petition should be directed.

[ARC 1490C, IAB 6/11/14, effective 7/30/14; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—3.2(17A) Notice of petition. Within 15 days after receipt of a petition for a declaratory order, the college student aid commission shall give notice of the petition to all persons not served by the petitioner pursuant to 3.6(17A) to whom notice is required by any provision of law. The commission may also give notice to any other persons.

283—3.3(17A) Intervention.

3.3(1) Persons who qualify under any applicable provision of law as an intervenor and who file a petition for intervention within 15 days of the filing of a petition for declaratory order (after time for notice under 3.2(17A) and before 30-day time for agency action under 3.8(17A)) shall be allowed to intervene in a proceeding for a declaratory order.

3.3(2) Any person who files a petition for intervention at any time prior to the issuance of an order may be allowed to intervene in a proceeding for a declaratory order at the discretion of the commission.

3.3(3) A petition for intervention shall be filed at 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608. Such a petition is deemed filed when it is received by the commission. The commission will provide the petitioner with a file-stamped copy of the petition for intervention if the petitioner provides

an extra copy for this purpose. A petition for intervention must be typewritten or legibly handwritten in ink and must substantially conform to the following form:

COLLEGE STUDENT AID COMMISSION	
Petition by (Name of Original Petitioner) for a Declaratory Order on (Cite provisions of law cited in original petition).	} PETITION FOR INTERVENTION

The petition for intervention must provide the following information:

1. Facts supporting the intervenor's standing and qualifications for intervention.
2. The answers urged by the intervenor to the question or questions presented and a summary of the reasons urged in support of those answers.
3. Reasons for requesting intervention and disclosure of the intervenor's interest in the outcome.
4. A statement indicating whether the intervenor is currently a party to any proceeding involving the questions at issue and whether, to the intervenor's knowledge, those questions have been decided by, are pending determination by, or are under investigation by, any governmental entity.
5. The names and addresses of any additional persons, or a description of any additional class of persons, known by the intervenor to be affected by, or interested in, the questions presented.
6. Whether the intervenor consents to be bound by the determination of the matters presented in the declaratory order proceeding.

The petition must be dated and signed by the intervenor or the intervenor's representative. It must also include the name, mailing address, and telephone number of the intervenor and intervenor's representative, and a statement indicating the person to whom communications should be directed.

[ARC 1490C, IAB 6/11/14, effective 7/30/14; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—3.4(17A) Briefs. The petitioner or any intervenor may file a brief in support of the position urged. The commission may request a brief from the petitioner, any intervenor, or any other person concerning the questions raised.

283—3.5(17A) Inquiries. Inquiries concerning the status of a declaratory order proceeding may be made to Executive Director, College Student Aid Commission, 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608.

[ARC 1490C, IAB 6/11/14, effective 7/30/14; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—3.6(17A) Service and filing of petitions and other papers.

3.6(1) When service required. Except where otherwise provided by law, every petition for declaratory order, petition for intervention, brief, or other paper filed in a proceeding for a declaratory order shall be served upon each of the parties of record to the proceeding, and on all other persons identified in the petition for declaratory order or petition for intervention as affected by or interested in the questions presented, simultaneously with their filing. The party filing a document is responsible for service on all parties and other affected or interested persons.

3.6(2) Filing—when required. All petitions for declaratory orders, petitions for intervention, briefs, or other papers in a proceeding for a declaratory order shall be filed with the College Student Aid Commission, 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608. All petitions, briefs, or other papers that are required to be served upon a party shall be filed simultaneously with the commission.

3.6(3) Method of service, time of filing, and proof of mailing. Method of service, time of filing, and proof of mailing shall be as provided by uniform rule on contested cases 3.12(17A).

[ARC 1490C, IAB 6/11/14, effective 7/30/14; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—3.7(17A) Consideration. Upon request by petitioner, the college student aid commission must schedule a brief and informal meeting between the original petitioner, all intervenors, and the commission, a member of the commission, or a member of the staff of the commission, to discuss the questions raised. The commission may solicit comments from any person on the questions raised. Comments on the questions raised may be submitted to the commission by any person.

283—3.8(17A) Action on petition.

3.8(1) Within the time allowed by Iowa Code section 17A.9(5) after receipt of a petition for a declaratory order, the executive director or designee shall take action on the petition as required by Iowa Code section 17A.9(5).

3.8(2) The date of issuance of an order or of a refusal to issue an order is as defined in contested case uniform rule 283—4.2(17A).

283—3.9(17A) Refusal to issue order.

3.9(1) The commission shall not issue a declaratory order where prohibited by Iowa Code section 17A.9(1) and may refuse to issue a declaratory order on some or all questions raised for the following reasons:

1. The petition does not substantially comply with the required form.
2. The petition does not contain facts sufficient to demonstrate that the petitioner will be aggrieved or adversely affected by the failure of the commission to issue an order.
3. The commission does not have jurisdiction over the questions presented in the petition.
4. The questions presented by the petition are also presented in a current rule making, contested case, or other commission or judicial proceeding, that may definitively resolve them.
5. The questions presented by the petition would more properly be resolved in a different type of proceeding or by another body with jurisdiction over the matter.
6. The facts or questions presented in the petition are unclear, overbroad, insufficient, or otherwise inappropriate as a basis upon which to issue an order.
7. There is no need to issue an order because the questions raised in the petition have been settled due to a change in circumstances.
8. The petition is not based upon facts calculated to aid in the planning of future conduct but is, instead, based solely upon prior conduct in an effort to establish the effect of that conduct or to challenge a commission decision already made.
9. The petition requests a declaratory order that would necessarily determine the legal rights, duties, or responsibilities of other persons who have not joined in the petition, intervened separately, or filed a similar petition and whose position on the questions presented may fairly be presumed to be adverse to that of petitioner.
10. The petitioner requests the commission to determine whether a statute is unconstitutional on its face.

3.9(2) A refusal to issue a declaratory order must indicate the specific grounds for the refusal and constitutes final commission action on the petition.

3.9(3) Refusal to issue a declaratory order pursuant to this provision does not preclude the filing of a new petition that seeks to eliminate the grounds for the refusal to issue an order.

283—3.10(17A) Contents of declaratory order—effective date. In addition to the order itself, a declaratory order must contain the date of its issuance, the name of petitioner and all intervenors, the specific statutes, rules, policies, decisions, or orders involved, the particular facts upon which it is based, and the reasons for its conclusion.

A declaratory order is effective on the date of issuance.

283—3.11(17A) Copies of orders. A copy of all orders issued in response to a petition for a declaratory order shall be mailed promptly to the original petitioner and all intervenors.

283—3.12(17A) Effect of a declaratory order. A declaratory order has the same status and binding effect as a final order issued in a contested case proceeding. It is binding on the commission, the petitioner, and any intervenors who consent to be bound and is applicable only in circumstances where the relevant facts and the law involved are indistinguishable from those on which the order was

based. As to all other persons, a declaratory order serves only as precedent and is not binding on the commission. The issuance of a declaratory order constitutes final commission action on the petition.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 17A.

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[Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

CHAPTER 4
DUE PROCESS

[Prior to 8/10/88, see College Aid Commission, 245—Ch 11]

[Prior to 10/15/03, see 283—Ch 5]

283—4.1(261) Appeals. This chapter describes procedures for appeal to commission decisions covering student eligibility for state scholarship and grant awards, adjustment in award amounts, refunds of awards, and institutional eligibility for participation in state scholarship and grant programs.

4.1(1) Administrative staff of the commission shall make all decisions in accordance with established policies and published administrative rules approved by the commission and shall notify the concerned individual or institution of these decisions within a reasonable time after inquiry.

4.1(2) If an individual, institution, or any duly appointed representative thereof disagrees with a staff decision, written evidence setting forth the reasons for disagreement shall be presented to the executive director of the commission. The evidence must be presented within 60 days after notification of the staff decision, and the appellant may request a hearing.

a. If no hearing is requested, the executive director will consider all evidence provided and will notify the appellant within 30 days whether the decision is retracted, modified or upheld. The appellant will be advised of the appellant's right to carry the appeal to a meeting of the full commission or to an appeals panel appointed by the commission.

b. If a hearing is requested, the executive director will follow the contested case procedures in 283—Chapter 5.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.3.

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CHAPTER 5
CONTESTED CASES
[Prior to 10/15/03, see 283—Ch 4]

283—5.1(17A) Scope and applicability. This chapter applies to contested case proceedings conducted by the college student aid commission.

283—5.2(17A) Definitions. Except where otherwise specifically defined by law:

“*Contested case*” means a proceeding defined by Iowa Code section 17A.2(5) and includes any matter defined as a no factual dispute contested case under Iowa Code section 17A.10A.

“*Issuance*” means the date of mailing of a decision or order or date of delivery if service is by other means unless another date is specified in the order.

“*Party*” means each person or agency named or admitted as a party or properly seeking and entitled as of right to be admitted as a party.

“*Presiding officer*” means the executive director.

“*Proposed decision*” means the presiding officer’s recommended findings of fact, conclusions of law, decision, and order in a contested case in which the college student aid commission did not preside.

283—5.3(17A) Time requirements.

5.3(1) Time shall be computed as provided in Iowa Code section 4.1(34).

5.3(2) For good cause, the presiding officer may extend or shorten the time to take any action, except as precluded by statute. Except for good cause stated in the record, before extending or shortening the time to take any action, the presiding officer shall afford all parties an opportunity to be heard or to file written arguments.

283—5.4(17A) Requests for contested case proceeding. Any person claiming an entitlement to a contested case proceeding shall file a written request for such a proceeding within the time specified by the particular rules or statutes governing the subject matter or, in the absence of such law, the time specified in the commission action in question.

The request for a contested case proceeding should state the name and address of the requester, identify the specific commission action which is disputed, and, where the requester is represented by a lawyer, identify the provisions of law or precedent requiring or authorizing the holding of a contested case proceeding in the particular circumstances involved, and include a short and plain statement of the issues of material fact in dispute.

283—5.5(17A) Notice of hearing.

5.5(1) Delivery. Delivery of the notice of hearing constitutes the commencement of the contested case proceeding. Delivery may be executed by:

- a. Personal service as provided in the Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure; or
- b. Certified mail, return receipt requested; or
- c. First-class mail; or
- d. Publication, as provided in the Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure.

5.5(2) Contents. The notice of hearing shall contain the following information:

- a. A statement of the time, place, and nature of the hearing;
- b. A statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the hearing is to be held;
- c. A reference to the particular sections of the statutes and rules involved;
- d. A short and plain statement of the matters asserted. If the commission or other party is unable to state the matters in detail at the time the notice is served, the initial notice may be limited to a statement of the issues involved. Thereafter, upon application, a more definite and detailed statement shall be furnished;
- e. Identification of all parties including the name, address and telephone number of the person who will act as advocate for the commission or the state and of parties’ counsel where known;
- f. Reference to the procedural rules governing conduct of the contested case proceeding;

- g.* Reference to the procedural rules governing informal settlement;
- h.* Identification of the presiding officer, if known. If not known, a description of who will serve as presiding officer (e.g., agency head, members of multimembered agency head, administrative law judge from the department of inspections and appeals); and
- i.* Notification of the time period in which a party may request, pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.11(1) and rule 283—5.6(17A), that the presiding officer be an administrative law judge.

283—5.6(17A) Presiding officer.

5.6(1) Any party who wishes to request that the presiding officer assigned to render a proposed decision be an administrative law judge employed by the department of inspections and appeals must file a written request within 20 days or such other time period the commission designates after service of a notice of hearing which identifies or describes the presiding officer as the executive director or members of the commission.

5.6(2) The commission or its designee may deny the request only upon a finding that one or more of the following apply:

- a.* Neither the commission nor any officer of the commission under whose authority the contested case is to take place is a named party to the proceeding or a real party in interest to that proceeding.
- b.* There is a compelling need to expedite issuance of a final decision in order to protect the public health, safety, or welfare.
- c.* A qualified administrative law judge is unavailable to hear the case within a reasonable time.
- d.* The case involves significant policy issues of first impression that are inextricably intertwined with the factual issues presented.
- e.* The demeanor of the witnesses is likely to be dispositive in resolving the disputed factual issues.
- f.* Funds are unavailable to pay the costs of an administrative law judge and an interagency appeal.
- g.* The request was not timely filed.
- h.* The request is not consistent with a specified statute.

5.6(3) The commission or its designee shall issue a written ruling specifying the grounds for its decision within 20 days or such other time period the commission designates after a request for an administrative law judge is filed. The parties shall be notified at least 10 days prior to hearing if a qualified administrative law judge will not be available.

5.6(4) Except as provided otherwise by another provision of law, all rulings by an administrative law judge acting as presiding officer are subject to appeal to the commission. A party must seek any available intra-agency appeal in order to exhaust adequate administrative remedies.

5.6(5) Unless otherwise provided by law, agency heads and members of multimembered agency heads, when reviewing a proposed decision upon intra-agency appeal, shall have the powers of and shall comply with the provisions of this chapter which apply to presiding officers.

283—5.7(17A) Waiver of procedures. Unless otherwise precluded by law, the parties in a contested case proceeding may waive any provision of this chapter. However, the commission, in its discretion, may refuse to give effect to such a waiver when it deems the waiver to be inconsistent with the public interest.

283—5.8(17A) Telephone proceedings. The presiding officer may resolve preliminary procedural motions by telephone conference in which all parties have an opportunity to participate. Other telephone proceedings may be held with the consent of all parties. The presiding officer will determine the location of the parties and witnesses for telephone hearings. The convenience of the witnesses or parties, as well as the nature of the case, will be considered when location is chosen.

283—5.9(17A) Disqualification.

5.9(1) A presiding officer or other person shall withdraw from participation in the making of any proposed or final decision in a contested case if that person:

- a.* Has a personal bias or prejudice concerning a party or a representative of a party;

b. Has personally investigated, prosecuted or advocated in connection with that case, the specific controversy underlying that case, another pending factually related contested case, or a pending factually related controversy that may culminate in a contested case involving the same parties;

c. Is subject to the authority, direction or discretion of any person who has personally investigated, prosecuted or advocated in connection with that contested case, the specific controversy underlying that contested case, or a pending factually related contested case or controversy involving the same parties;

d. Has acted as counsel to any person who is a private party to that proceeding within the past two years;

e. Has a personal financial interest in the outcome of the case or any other significant personal interest that could be substantially affected by the outcome of the case;

f. Has a spouse or relative within the third degree of relationship that: (1) is a party to the case, or an officer, director or trustee of a party; (2) is a lawyer in the case; (3) is known to have an interest that could be substantially affected by the outcome of the case; or (4) is likely to be a material witness in the case; or

g. Has any other legally sufficient cause to withdraw from participation in the decision making in that case.

5.9(2) The term “personally investigated” means taking affirmative steps to interview witnesses directly or to obtain documents or other information directly. The term “personally investigated” does not include general direction and supervision of assigned investigators, unsolicited receipt of information which is relayed to assigned investigators, review of another person’s investigative work product in the course of determining whether there is probable cause to initiate a proceeding, or exposure to factual information while performing other commission functions, including fact gathering for purposes other than investigation of the matter which culminates in a contested case. Factual information relevant to the merits of a contested case received by a person who later serves as presiding officer in that case shall be disclosed if required by Iowa Code section 17A.17(3) and subrules 5.9(3) and 5.23(9).

5.9(3) In a situation where a presiding officer or other person knows of information which might reasonably be deemed to be a basis for disqualification and decides voluntary withdrawal is unnecessary, that person shall submit the relevant information for the record by affidavit and shall provide for the record a statement of the reasons for the determination that withdrawal is unnecessary.

5.9(4) If a party asserts disqualification on any appropriate ground, including those listed in subrule 5.9(1), the party shall file a motion supported by an affidavit pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.17(7). The motion must be filed as soon as practicable after the reason alleged in the motion becomes known to the party.

If, during the course of the hearing, a party first becomes aware of evidence of bias or other grounds for disqualification, the party may move for disqualification but must establish the grounds by the introduction of evidence into the record.

If the presiding officer determines that disqualification is appropriate, the presiding officer or other person shall withdraw. If the presiding officer determines that withdrawal is not required, the presiding officer shall enter an order to that effect. A party asserting disqualification may seek an interlocutory appeal under rule 283—5.25(17A) and seek a stay under rule 283—5.29(17A).

283—5.10(17A) Consolidation—severance.

5.10(1) Consolidation. The presiding officer may consolidate any or all matters at issue in two or more contested case proceedings where: (a) the matters at issue involve common parties or common questions of fact or law; (b) consolidation would expedite and simplify consideration of the issues involved; and (c) consolidation would not adversely affect the rights of any of the parties to those proceedings.

5.10(2) Severance. The presiding officer may, for good cause shown, order any contested case proceedings or portions thereof severed.

283—5.11(17A) Pleadings.

5.11(1) Pleadings may be required by rule, by the notice of hearing, or by order of the presiding officer.

5.11(2) Petition.

a. Any petition required in a contested case proceeding shall be filed within 20 days of delivery of the notice of hearing or subsequent order of the presiding officer, unless otherwise ordered.

b. A petition shall state in separately numbered paragraphs the following:

- (1) The persons or entities on whose behalf the petition is filed;
- (2) The particular provisions of statutes and rules involved;
- (3) The relief demanded and the facts and law relied upon for such relief; and
- (4) The name, address and telephone number of the petitioner and the petitioner's attorney, if any.

5.11(3) Answer. An answer shall be filed within 20 days of service of the petition unless otherwise ordered. A party may move to dismiss or apply for a more definite and detailed statement when appropriate.

An answer shall show on whose behalf it is filed and specifically admit, deny, or otherwise answer all material allegations of the pleading to which it responds. It shall state any facts deemed to show an affirmative defense and contain as many additional defenses as the pleader may claim.

An answer shall state the name, address and telephone number of the person filing the answer, the person or entity on whose behalf it is filed, and the attorney representing that person, if any.

Any allegation in the petition not denied in the answer is considered admitted. The presiding officer may refuse to consider any defense not raised in the answer which could have been raised on the basis of facts known when the answer was filed if any party would be prejudiced.

5.11(4) Amendment. Any notice of hearing, petition, or other charging document may be amended before a responsive pleading has been filed. Amendments to pleadings after a responsive pleading has been filed and to an answer may be allowed with the consent of the other parties or in the discretion of the presiding officer who may impose terms or grant a continuance.

283—5.12(17A) Service and filing of pleadings and other papers.

5.12(1) *When service required.* Except where otherwise provided by law, every pleading, motion, document, or other paper filed in a contested case proceeding and every paper relating to discovery in such a proceeding shall be served upon each of the parties of record to the proceeding, including the person designated as advocate or prosecutor for the state or the commission, simultaneously with their filing. Except for the original notice of hearing and an application for rehearing as provided in Iowa Code section 17A.16(2), the party filing a document is responsible for service on all parties.

5.12(2) *Service—how made.* Service upon a party represented by an attorney shall be made upon the attorney unless otherwise ordered. Service is made by delivery or by mailing a copy to the person's last-known address. Service by mail is complete upon mailing, except where otherwise specifically provided by statute, rule, or order.

5.12(3) *Filing—when required.* After the notice of hearing, all pleadings, motions, documents or other papers in a contested case proceeding shall be filed with the college student aid commission.

5.12(4) *Filing—when made.* Except where otherwise provided by law, a document is deemed filed at the time it is delivered to the college student aid commission, delivered to an established courier service for immediate delivery to that office, or mailed by first-class mail or state interoffice mail to that office, so long as there is proof of mailing.

5.12(5) *Proof of mailing.* Proof of mailing includes either: a legible United States Postal Service postmark on the envelope, a certificate of service, a notarized affidavit, or a certification in substantially the following form:

I certify under penalty of perjury and pursuant to the laws of Iowa that, on (date of mailing), I mailed copies of (describe document) addressed to the College Student Aid Commission, 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608, and to the names and addresses of the parties listed below by depositing the same in (a United States post office mailbox with correct postage properly affixed or state interoffice mail).

(Date) (Signature)
[ARC 1684C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—5.13(17A) Discovery.

5.13(1) Discovery procedures applicable in civil actions are applicable in contested cases. Unless lengthened or shortened by these rules or by order of the presiding officer, time periods for compliance with discovery shall be as provided in the Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure.

5.13(2) Any motion relating to discovery shall allege that the moving party has previously made a good-faith attempt to resolve the discovery issues involved with the opposing party. Motions in regard to discovery shall be ruled upon by the presiding officer. Opposing parties shall be afforded the opportunity to respond within ten days of the filing of the motion unless the time is shortened as provided in subrule 5.13(1). The presiding officer may rule on the basis of the written motion and any response, or may order argument on the motion.

5.13(3) Evidence obtained in discovery may be used in the contested case proceeding if that evidence would otherwise be admissible in that proceeding.

283—5.14(17A) Subpoenas.

5.14(1) Issuance.

a. An agency subpoena shall be issued to a party on request. Such a request must be in writing. In the absence of good cause for permitting later action, a request for a subpoena must be received at least three days before the scheduled hearing. The request shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the requesting party.

b. Except to the extent otherwise provided by law, parties are responsible for service of their own subpoenas and payment of witness fees and mileage expenses.

5.14(2) *Motion to quash or modify.* The presiding officer may quash or modify a subpoena for any lawful reason upon motion in accordance with the Iowa Rules of Civil Procedure. A motion to quash or modify a subpoena shall be set for argument promptly.

283—5.15(17A) Motions.

5.15(1) No technical form for motions is required. However, prehearing motions must be in writing, state the grounds for relief, and state the relief sought.

5.15(2) Any party may file a written response to a motion within ten days after the motion is served, unless the time period is extended or shortened by rules of the commission or the presiding officer. The presiding officer may consider a failure to respond within the required time period in ruling on a motion.

5.15(3) The presiding officer may schedule oral argument on any motion.

5.15(4) Motions pertaining to the hearing, except motions for summary judgment, must be filed and served at least ten days prior to the date of hearing unless there is good cause for permitting later action or the time for such action is lengthened or shortened by rule of the commission or an order of the presiding officer.

5.15(5) Motions for summary judgment. Motions for summary judgment shall comply with the requirements of Iowa Rule of Civil Procedure 1.981 and shall be subject to disposition according to the requirements of that rule to the extent such requirements are not inconsistent with the provisions of this rule or any other provision of law governing the procedure in contested cases.

Motions for summary judgment must be filed and served at least 45 days prior to the scheduled hearing date, or other time period determined by the presiding officer. Any party resisting the motion shall file and serve a resistance within 15 days, unless otherwise ordered by the presiding officer, from the date a copy of the motion was served. The time fixed for hearing or nonoral submission shall be not less than 20 days after the filing of the motion, unless a shorter time is ordered by the presiding officer. A summary judgment order rendered on all issues in a contested case is subject to rehearing pursuant to 283—5.28(17A) and appeal pursuant to 283—5.27(17A).

283—5.16(17A) Prehearing conference.

5.16(1) Any party may request a prehearing conference. A written request for prehearing conference or an order for prehearing conference on the presiding officer's own motion shall be filed not less than seven days prior to the hearing date. A prehearing conference shall be scheduled not less than three business days prior to the hearing date.

Written notice of the prehearing conference shall be given by the executive director to all parties. For good cause the presiding officer may permit variances from this rule.

5.16(2) Each party shall bring to the prehearing conference:

a. A final list of the witnesses who the party anticipates will testify at hearing. Witnesses not listed may be excluded from testifying unless there was good cause for the failure to include their names; and

b. A final list of exhibits which the party anticipates will be introduced at hearing. Exhibits other than rebuttal exhibits that are not listed may be excluded from admission into evidence unless there was good cause for the failure to include them.

c. Witness or exhibit lists may be amended subsequent to the prehearing conference within the time limits established by the presiding officer at the prehearing conference. Any such amendments must be served on all parties.

5.16(3) In addition to the requirements of subrule 5.16(2), the parties at a prehearing conference may:

a. Enter into stipulations of law or fact;

b. Enter into stipulations on the admissibility of exhibits;

c. Identify matters which the parties intend to request be officially noticed;

d. Enter into stipulations for waiver of any provision of law; and

e. Consider any additional matters which will expedite the hearing.

5.16(4) Prehearing conferences shall be conducted by telephone unless otherwise ordered. Parties shall exchange and receive witness and exhibit lists in advance of a telephone prehearing conference.

283—5.17(17A) Continuances. Unless otherwise provided, applications for continuances shall be made to the presiding officer.

5.17(1) A written application for a continuance shall:

a. Be made at the earliest possible time and no less than seven days before the hearing except in case of unanticipated emergencies;

b. State the specific reasons for the request; and

c. Be signed by the requesting party or the party's representative.

An oral application for a continuance may be made if the presiding officer waives the requirement for a written motion. However, a party making such an oral application for a continuance must confirm that request by written application within five days after the oral request unless that requirement is waived by the presiding officer. No application for continuance shall be made or granted without notice to all parties except in an emergency where notice is not feasible. The commission may waive notice of such requests for a particular case or an entire class of cases.

5.17(2) In determining whether to grant a continuance, the presiding officer may consider:

a. Prior continuances;

b. The interests of all parties;

c. The likelihood of informal settlement;

d. The existence of an emergency;

e. Any objection;

f. Any applicable time requirements;

g. The existence of a conflict in the schedules of counsel, parties, or witnesses;

h. The timeliness of the request; and

i. Other relevant factors.

The presiding officer may require documentation of any grounds for continuance.

283—5.18(17A) Withdrawals. A party requesting a contested case proceeding may withdraw that request prior to the hearing only in accordance with commission rules. Unless otherwise provided, a withdrawal shall be with prejudice.

283—5.19(17A) Intervention.

5.19(1) Motion. A motion for leave to intervene in a contested case proceeding shall state the grounds for the proposed intervention, the position and interest of the proposed intervenor, and the possible impact of intervention on the proceeding. A proposed answer or petition in intervention shall be attached to the motion. Any party may file a response within 14 days of service of the motion to intervene unless the time period is extended or shortened by the presiding officer.

5.19(2) When filed. Motion for leave to intervene shall be filed as early in the proceeding as possible to avoid adverse impact on existing parties or the conduct of the proceeding. Unless otherwise ordered, a motion for leave to intervene shall be filed before the prehearing conference, if any, or at least 20 days before the date scheduled for hearing. Any later motion must contain a statement of good cause for the failure to file in a timely manner. Unless inequitable or unjust, an intervenor shall be bound by any agreement, arrangement, or other matter previously raised in the case. Requests by untimely intervenors for continuances which would delay the proceeding will ordinarily be denied.

5.19(3) Grounds for intervention. The movant shall demonstrate that: (a) intervention would not unduly prolong the proceedings or otherwise prejudice the rights of existing parties; (b) the movant is likely to be aggrieved or adversely affected by a final order in the proceeding; and (c) the interests of the movant are not adequately represented by existing parties.

5.19(4) Effect of intervention. If appropriate, the presiding officer may order consolidation of the petitions and briefs of different parties whose interests are aligned with each other and limit the number of representatives allowed to participate actively in the proceedings. A person granted leave to intervene is a party to the proceeding. The order granting intervention may restrict the issues that may be raised by the intervenor or otherwise condition the intervenor's participation in the proceeding.

283—5.20(17A) Hearing procedures.

5.20(1) The presiding officer presides at the hearing, and may rule on motions, require briefs, issue a proposed decision, and issue such orders and rulings as will ensure the orderly conduct of the proceedings.

5.20(2) All objections shall be timely made and stated on the record.

5.20(3) Parties have the right to participate or to be represented in all hearings or prehearing conferences related to their case. Partnerships, corporations, or associations may be represented by any member, officer, director, or duly authorized agent. Any party may be represented by an attorney or another person authorized by law.

5.20(4) Subject to terms and conditions prescribed by the presiding officer, parties have the right to introduce evidence on issues of material fact, cross-examine witnesses present at the hearing as necessary for a full and true disclosure of the facts, present evidence in rebuttal, and submit briefs and engage in oral argument.

5.20(5) The presiding officer shall maintain the decorum of the hearing and may refuse to admit or may expel anyone whose conduct is disorderly.

5.20(6) Witnesses may be sequestered during the hearing.

5.20(7) The presiding officer shall conduct the hearing in the following manner:

a. The presiding officer shall give an opening statement briefly describing the nature of the proceedings;

b. The parties shall be given an opportunity to present opening statements;

c. Parties shall present their cases in the sequence determined by the presiding officer;

d. Each witness shall be sworn or affirmed by the presiding officer or the court reporter, and be subject to examination and cross-examination. The presiding officer may limit questioning in a manner consistent with law;

e. When all parties and witnesses have been heard, parties may be given the opportunity to present final arguments.

283—5.21(17A) Evidence.

5.21(1) The presiding officer shall rule on admissibility of evidence and may, where appropriate, take official notice of facts in accordance with all applicable requirements of law.

5.21(2) Stipulation of facts is encouraged. The presiding officer may make a decision based on stipulated facts.

5.21(3) Evidence in the proceeding shall be confined to the issues as to which the parties received notice prior to the hearing unless the parties waive their right to such notice or the presiding officer determines that good cause justifies expansion of the issues. If the presiding officer decides to admit evidence on issues outside the scope of the notice over the objection of a party who did not have actual notice of those issues, that party, upon timely request, shall receive a continuance sufficient to amend pleadings and to prepare on the additional issue.

5.21(4) The party seeking admission of an exhibit must provide opposing parties with an opportunity to examine the exhibit prior to the ruling on its admissibility. Copies of documents should normally be provided to opposing parties.

All exhibits admitted into evidence shall be appropriately marked and be made part of the record.

5.21(5) Any party may object to specific evidence or may request limits on the scope of any examination or cross-examination. Such an objection shall be accompanied by a brief statement of the grounds upon which it is based. The objection, the ruling on the objection, and the reasons for the ruling shall be noted in the record. The presiding officer may rule on the objection at the time it is made or may reserve a ruling until the written decision.

5.21(6) Whenever evidence is ruled inadmissible, the party offering that evidence may submit an offer of proof on the record. The party making the offer of proof for excluded oral testimony shall briefly summarize the testimony or, with permission of the presiding officer, present the testimony. If the excluded evidence consists of a document or exhibit, it shall be marked as part of an offer of proof and inserted in the record.

283—5.22(17A) Default.

5.22(1) If a party fails to appear or participate in a contested case proceeding after proper service of notice, the presiding officer may, if no adjournment is granted, enter a default decision or proceed with the hearing and render a decision in the absence of the party.

5.22(2) Where appropriate and not contrary to law, any party may move for default against a party who has requested the contested case proceeding and has failed to file a required pleading or has failed to appear after proper service.

5.22(3) Default decisions or decisions rendered on the merits after a party has failed to appear or participate in a contested case proceeding become final commission action unless, within 15 days or other period of time specified by statute or rule after the date of notification or mailing of the decision, a motion to vacate is filed and served on all parties or an appeal of a decision on the merits is timely initiated within the time provided by rule 283—5.27(17A). A motion to vacate must state all facts relied upon by the moving party which establish that good cause existed for that party's failure to appear or participate at the contested case proceeding. Each fact so stated must be substantiated by at least one sworn affidavit of a person with personal knowledge of each such fact, which affidavit(s) must be attached to the motion.

5.22(4) The time for further appeal of a decision for which a timely motion to vacate has been filed is stayed pending a decision on the motion to vacate.

5.22(5) Properly substantiated and timely filed motions to vacate shall be granted only for good cause shown. The burden of proof as to good cause is on the moving party. Adverse parties shall have ten days or other time specified by the commission to respond to a motion to vacate. Adverse parties shall be allowed to conduct discovery as to the issue of good cause and to present evidence on the issue prior to a decision on the motion, if a request to do so is included in that party's response.

5.22(6) “Good cause” for purposes of this rule shall have the same meaning as “good cause” for setting aside a default judgment under Iowa Rule of Civil Procedure 1.977.

5.22(7) A decision denying a motion to vacate is subject to further appeal within the time limit allowed for further appeal of a decision on the merits in the contested case proceeding. A decision granting a motion to vacate is subject to interlocutory appeal by the adverse party pursuant to rule 283—5.25(17A).

5.22(8) If a motion to vacate is granted and no timely interlocutory appeal has been taken, the presiding officer shall issue another notice of hearing and the contested case shall proceed accordingly.

5.22(9) A default decision may award any relief consistent with the request for relief made in the petition and embraced in its issues but, unless the defaulting party has appeared, it cannot exceed the relief demanded.

5.22(10) A default decision may provide either that the default decision is to be stayed pending a timely motion to vacate or that the default decision is to take effect immediately, subject to a request for stay under rule 283—5.29(17A).

283—5.23(17A) Ex parte communication.

5.23(1) Prohibited communications. Unless required for the disposition of ex parte matters specifically authorized by statute, following issuance of the notice of hearing, there shall be no communication, directly or indirectly, between the presiding officer and any party or representative of any party or any other person with a direct or indirect interest in such case in connection with any issue of fact or law in the case except upon notice and opportunity for all parties to participate. This does not prohibit persons jointly assigned such tasks from communicating with each other. Nothing in this provision is intended to preclude the presiding officer from communicating with members of the commission or seeking the advice or help of persons other than those with a personal interest in, or those engaged in personally investigating as defined in subrule 5.9(2), prosecuting, or advocating in, either the case under consideration or a pending factually related case involving the same parties as long as those persons do not directly or indirectly communicate to the presiding officer any ex parte communications they have received of a type that the presiding officer would be prohibited from receiving or that furnish, augment, diminish, or modify the evidence in the record.

5.23(2) Prohibitions on ex parte communications commence with the issuance of the notice of hearing in a contested case and continue for as long as the case is pending.

5.23(3) Written, oral or other forms of communication are “ex parte” if made without notice and opportunity for all parties to participate.

5.23(4) To avoid prohibited ex parte communications, notice must be given in a manner reasonably calculated to give all parties a fair opportunity to participate. Notice of written communications shall be provided in compliance with rule 283—5.12(17A) and may be supplemented by telephone, facsimile, electronic mail or other means of notification. Where permitted, oral communications may be initiated through conference telephone call including all parties or their representatives.

5.23(5) Persons who jointly act as presiding officer in a pending contested case may communicate with each other without notice or opportunity for parties to participate.

5.23(6) The executive director or other persons may be present in deliberations or otherwise advise the presiding officer without notice or opportunity for parties to participate as long as they are not disqualified from participating in the making of a proposed or final decision under any provision of law and they comply with subrule 5.23(1).

5.23(7) Communications with the presiding officer involving uncontested scheduling or procedural matters do not require notice or opportunity for parties to participate. Parties should notify other parties prior to initiating such contact with the presiding officer when feasible, and shall notify other parties when seeking to continue hearings or other deadlines pursuant to rule 283—5.17(17A).

5.23(8) Disclosure of prohibited communications. A presiding officer who receives a prohibited ex parte communication during the pendency of a contested case must initially determine if the effect of the communication is so prejudicial that the presiding officer should be disqualified. If the presiding officer determines that disqualification is warranted, a copy of any prohibited written communication, all written

responses to the communication, a written summary stating the substance of any prohibited oral or other communication not available in written form for disclosure, all responses made, and the identity of each person from whom the presiding officer received a prohibited ex parte communication shall be submitted for inclusion in the record under seal by protective order or disclosed. If the presiding officer determines that disqualification is not warranted, such documents shall be submitted for inclusion in the record and served on all parties. Any party desiring to rebut the prohibited communication must be allowed the opportunity to do so upon written request filed within ten days after notice of the communication.

5.23(9) Promptly after being assigned to serve as presiding officer at any stage in a contested case proceeding, a presiding officer shall disclose to all parties material factual information received through ex parte communication prior to such assignment unless the factual information has already been or shortly will be disclosed pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.13(2) or through discovery. Factual information contained in an investigative report or similar document need not be separately disclosed by the presiding officer as long as such documents have been or will shortly be provided to the parties.

5.23(10) The presiding officer may render a proposed or final decision imposing appropriate sanctions for violations of this rule including default, a decision against the offending party, censure, or suspension or revocation of the privilege to practice before the commission. Violation of ex parte communication prohibitions by commission personnel shall be reported to the executive director for possible sanctions including censure, suspension, dismissal, or other disciplinary action.

283—5.24(17A) Recording costs. Upon request, the college student aid commission shall provide a copy of the whole or any portion of the record at cost. The cost of preparing a copy of the record or of transcribing the hearing record shall be paid by the requesting party.

Parties who request that a hearing be recorded by certified shorthand reporters rather than by electronic means shall bear the cost of that recordation, unless otherwise provided by law.

283—5.25(17A) Interlocutory appeals. Upon written request of a party or on its own motion, the commission may review an interlocutory order of the executive director. In determining whether to do so, the commission shall weigh the extent to which its granting the interlocutory appeal would expedite final resolution of the case and the extent to which review of that interlocutory order by the commission at the time it reviews the proposed decision of the presiding officer would provide an adequate remedy. Any request for interlocutory review must be filed within 14 days of issuance of the challenged order, but no later than the time for compliance with the order or the date of hearing, whichever is first.

283—5.26(17A) Final decision.

5.26(1) When the commission presides over the reception of evidence at the hearing, its decision is a final decision.

5.26(2) When the commission does not preside at the reception of evidence, the presiding officer shall make a proposed decision. The proposed decision becomes the final decision of the commission without further proceedings unless there is an appeal to, or review on motion of, the commission within the time provided in rule 283—5.27(17A).

283—5.27(17A) Appeals and review.

5.27(1) Appeal by party. Any adversely affected party may appeal a proposed decision to the commission within 30 days after issuance of the proposed decision.

5.27(2) Review. The commission may initiate review of a proposed decision on its own motion at any time within 30 days following the issuance of such a decision.

5.27(3) Notice of appeal. An appeal of a proposed decision is initiated by filing a timely notice of appeal with the college student aid commission. The notice of appeal must be signed by the appealing party or a representative of that party and contain a certificate of service. The notice shall specify:

- a. The parties initiating the appeal;
- b. The proposed decision or order appealed from;

c. The specific findings or conclusions to which exception is taken and any other exceptions to the decision or order;

d. The relief sought;

e. The grounds for relief.

5.27(4) Requests to present additional evidence. A party may request the taking of additional evidence only by establishing that the evidence is material, that good cause existed for the failure to present the evidence at the hearing, and that the party has not waived the right to present the evidence. A written request to present additional evidence must be filed with the notice of appeal or, by a nonappealing party, within 14 days of service of the notice of appeal. The commission may remand a case to the presiding officer for further hearing or may itself preside at the taking of additional evidence.

5.27(5) Scheduling. The college student aid commission shall issue a schedule for consideration of the appeal.

5.27(6) Briefs and arguments. Unless otherwise ordered, within 20 days of the notice of appeal or order for review, each appealing party may file exceptions and briefs. Within 20 days thereafter, any party may file a responsive brief. Briefs shall cite any applicable legal authority and specify relevant portions of the record in that proceeding. Written requests to present oral argument shall be filed with the briefs. The commission may resolve the appeal on the briefs or provide an opportunity for oral argument. The commission may shorten or extend the briefing period as appropriate.

283—5.28(17A) Applications for rehearing.

5.28(1) By whom filed. Any party to a contested case proceeding may file an application for rehearing from a final order.

5.28(2) Content of application. The application for rehearing shall state on whose behalf it is filed, the specific grounds for rehearing, and the relief sought. In addition, the application shall state whether the applicant desires reconsideration of all or part of the commission decision on the existing record and whether, on the basis of the grounds enumerated in subrule 5.27(4), the applicant requests an opportunity to submit additional evidence.

5.28(3) Time of filing. The application shall be filed with the college student aid commission within 20 days after issuance of the final decision.

5.28(4) Notice to other parties. A copy of the application shall be timely mailed by the applicant to all parties of record not joining therein. If the application does not contain a certificate of service, the commission shall serve copies on all parties.

5.28(5) Disposition. Any application for a rehearing shall be deemed denied unless the commission grants the application within 20 days after its filing.

283—5.29(17A) Stays of commission actions.

5.29(1) When available.

a. Any party to a contested case proceeding may petition the college student aid commission for a stay of an order issued in that proceeding or for other temporary remedies, pending review by the commission. The petition shall be filed with the notice of appeal and shall state the reasons justifying a stay or other temporary remedy. The commission may rule on the stay or authorize the presiding officer to do so.

b. Any party to a contested case proceeding may petition the college student aid commission for a stay or other temporary remedies pending judicial review, of all or part of that proceeding. The petition shall state the reasons justifying a stay or other temporary remedy.

5.29(2) When granted. In determining whether to grant a stay, the presiding officer or commission shall consider the factors listed in Iowa Code section 17A.19(5c).

5.29(3) Vacation. A stay may be vacated by the issuing authority upon application of the college student aid commission or any other party.

283—5.30(17A) No factual dispute contested cases. If the parties agree that no dispute of material fact exists as to a matter that would be a contested case if such a dispute of fact existed, the parties

may present all relevant admissible evidence either by stipulation or otherwise as agreed by the parties, without necessity for the production of evidence at an evidentiary hearing. If such agreement is reached, a jointly submitted schedule detailing the method and timetable for submission of the record, briefs and oral argument should be submitted to the presiding officer for approval as soon as practicable. If the parties cannot agree, any party may file and serve a motion for summary judgment pursuant to the rules governing such motions.

283—5.31(17A) Emergency adjudicative proceedings.

5.31(1) *Necessary emergency action.* To the extent necessary to prevent or avoid immediate danger to the public health, safety, or welfare, and consistent with the Constitution and other provisions of law, the commission may issue a written order in compliance with Iowa Code section 17A.18 to suspend a license in whole or in part, order the cessation of any continuing activity, order affirmative action, or take other action within the jurisdiction of the commission by emergency adjudicative order. Before issuing an emergency adjudicative order, the commission shall consider factors including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Whether there has been a sufficient factual investigation to ensure that the commission is proceeding on the basis of reliable information;
- b. Whether the specific circumstances which pose immediate danger to the public health, safety or welfare have been identified and determined to be continuing;
- c. Whether the person required to comply with the emergency adjudicative order may continue to engage in other activities without posing immediate danger to the public health, safety or welfare;
- d. Whether imposition of monitoring requirements or other interim safeguards would be sufficient to protect the public health, safety or welfare; and
- e. Whether the specific action contemplated by the commission is necessary to avoid the immediate danger.

5.31(2) *Issuance of order.*

a. An emergency adjudicative order shall contain findings of fact, conclusions of law, and policy reasons to justify the determination of an immediate danger in the commission's decision to take immediate action.

b. The written emergency adjudicative order shall be immediately delivered to persons who are required to comply with the order by utilizing one or more of the following procedures:

- (1) Personal delivery;
- (2) Certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last address on file with the commission;
- (3) Certified mail to the last address on file with the commission;
- (4) First-class mail to the last address on file with the commission; or
- (5) Fax. Fax may be used as the sole method of delivery if the person required to comply with the order has filed a written request that commission orders be sent by fax and has provided a fax number for that purpose.

c. To the degree practicable, the commission shall select the procedure for providing written notice that best ensures prompt, reliable delivery.

5.31(3) *Oral notice.* Unless the written emergency adjudicative order is provided by personal delivery on the same day that the order issues, the commission shall make reasonable immediate efforts to contact by telephone the persons who are required to comply with the order.

5.31(4) *Completion of proceedings.* After the issuance of an emergency adjudicative order, the commission shall proceed as quickly as feasible to complete any proceedings that would be required if the matter did not involve an immediate danger.

Issuance of a written emergency adjudicative order shall include notification of the date on which commission proceedings are scheduled for completion. After issuance of an emergency adjudicative order, continuance of further commission proceedings to a later date will be granted only in compelling circumstances upon application in writing.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 17A.

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CHAPTER 6
PUBLIC RECORDS AND FAIR INFORMATION PRACTICES

283—6.1(17A,22) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“*Commission*” means the Iowa college student aid commission.

“*Confidential record*” means a record which is not available as a matter of right for examination and copying by members of the public under applicable provisions of law. Confidential records include records or information contained in records that the commission is prohibited by law from making available for examination by members of the public, and records or information contained in records that are specified as confidential by Iowa Code section 22.7, or other provision of law, but that may be disclosed upon order of a court, the lawful custodian of the record, or by another person duly authorized to release the record. Mere inclusion in a record of information declared confidential by an applicable provision of law does not necessarily make that entire record a confidential record.

“*Custodian*” means the commission, or a person lawfully delegated authority by the commission to act for the commission in implementing Iowa Code chapter 22.

“*Open record*” means a record other than a confidential record.

“*Personally identifiable information*” means information about or pertaining to an individual in a record which identifies the individual and which is contained in a record system.

“*Record*” means the whole or a part of a “public record,” as defined in Iowa Code section 22.1, that is owned by or in the physical possession of the commission.

“*Record system*” means any group of records under the control of the commission from which a record may be retrieved by a personal identifier such as the name of an individual, number, symbol, or other unique retriever assigned to an individual.

283—6.2(17A,22) Statement of policy. The purpose of this chapter is to facilitate broad public access to open records. It also seeks to facilitate sound commission determinations with respect to the handling of confidential records and the implementation of the fair information practices Act. The commission is committed to the policies set forth in Iowa Code chapter 22; commission staff shall cooperate with members of the public in implementing the provisions of that chapter.

283—6.3(17A,22) Requests for access to records.

6.3(1) Location of record. A request for access to a record should be directed to the Executive Director, Iowa College Student Aid Commission, 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608. If a request for access to a record is misdirected, commission personnel will promptly forward the request to the appropriate person.

6.3(2) Office hours. Open records shall be made available during all customary office hours, which are 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Monday through Friday, except holidays.

6.3(3) Request for access. Requests for access to open records may be made in writing, in person, or by telephone. Requests shall identify the particular records sought by name or description in order to facilitate the location of the record. Mail or telephone requests shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting the information. A person shall not be required to give a reason for requesting an open record.

6.3(4) Response to requests. Access to an open record shall be provided promptly upon request unless the size or nature of the request makes prompt access infeasible. If the size or nature of the request for access to an open record requires time for compliance, the custodian shall comply with the request as soon as feasible. Access to an open record may be delayed for one of the purposes authorized by Iowa Code section 22.8(4) or 22.10(4). The custodian shall promptly give notice to the requester of the reason for any delay in access to an open record and an estimate of the length of that delay and, upon request, shall promptly provide that notice to the requester in writing.

The custodian of a record may deny access to the record by members of the public only on the grounds that such a denial is warranted under Iowa Code sections 22.8(4) and 22.10(4), or that it is a confidential record, or that its disclosure is prohibited by a court order. Access by members of the public

to a confidential record is limited by law and, therefore, may generally be provided only in accordance with the provisions of rule 283—6.4(17A,22) and other applicable provisions of law.

6.3(5) *Security of record.* No person may, without permission from the custodian, search or remove any record from commission files. Examination and copying of commission records shall be supervised by the custodian or a designee of the custodian. Records shall be protected from damage and disorganization.

6.3(6) *Copying.* A reasonable number of copies of an open record may be made in the commission's office. If photocopy equipment is not available in the commission office where an open record is kept, the custodian shall permit its examination in that office and shall arrange to have copies promptly made elsewhere.

6.3(7) *Fees.*

a. When charged. The commission may charge fees in connection with the examination or copying of records only if the fees are authorized by law. To the extent permitted by applicable provisions of law, the payment of fees may be waived when the imposition of fees is inequitable or when a waiver is in the public interest.

b. Copying and postage costs. Price schedules for published materials and for photocopies of records supplied by the commission shall be prominently posted in commission offices. Copies of records may be made by or for members of the public on commission photocopy machines or from electronic storage systems at cost as determined and posted in commission offices by the custodian. When the mailing of copies of records is requested, the actual costs of such mailing may also be charged to the requester.

c. Supervisory fee. An hourly fee may be charged for actual commission expenses in supervising the examination and copying of requested records when the supervision time required is in excess of one hour. The custodian shall prominently post in commission offices the hourly fees to be charged for supervision of records during examination and copying. That hourly fee shall not be in excess of the hourly wage of a commission clerical employee who ordinarily would be appropriate and suitable to perform this supervisory function.

d. Advance deposits.

(1) When the estimated total fee chargeable under this subrule exceeds \$25, the custodian may require a requester to make an advance payment to cover all or a part of the estimated fee.

(2) When a requester has previously failed to pay a fee chargeable under this subrule, the custodian may require advance payment of the full amount of any estimated fee before the custodian processes a new request from the requester.

[ARC 1869C, IAB 2/18/15, effective 3/25/15; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—6.4(17A,22) Access to confidential records. Under Iowa Code section 22.7 or other applicable provisions of law, the lawful custodian may disclose certain confidential records to one or more members of the public. Other provisions of law authorize or require the custodian to release specified confidential records under certain circumstances or to particular persons. In requesting the custodian to permit the examination and copying of such a confidential record, the following procedures apply and are in addition to those specified for requests for access to records in rule 283—6.3(17A,22).

6.4(1) *Proof of identity.* A person requesting access to a confidential record may be required to provide proof of identity or authority to secure access to the record.

6.4(2) *Requests.* The custodian may require a request to examine and copy a confidential record to be in writing. A person requesting access to such a record may be required to sign a certified statement or affidavit enumerating the specific reasons justifying access to the confidential record and to provide any proof necessary to establish relevant facts.

6.4(3) *Notice to subject of record and opportunity to obtain injunction.* After the custodian receives a request for access to a confidential record, and before the custodian releases such a record, the custodian may make reasonable efforts to notify promptly any person who is a subject of that record, is identified in that record, and whose address or telephone number is contained in that record. To the extent such a delay is practicable and in the public interest, the custodian may give the subject of such a confidential

record to whom notification is transmitted a reasonable opportunity to seek an injunction under Iowa Code section 22.8, and indicate to the subject of the record the specific period of time during which disclosure will be delayed for that purpose.

6.4(4) *Request denied.* When the custodian denies a request for access to a confidential record, the custodian shall promptly notify the requester. If the requester indicates to the custodian that a written notification of the denial is desired, the custodian shall promptly provide such a notification that is signed by the custodian and that includes:

- a.* The name and title or position of the custodian responsible for the denial; and
- b.* A citation to the provision of law vesting authority in the custodian to deny disclosure of the record and a brief statement of the reasons for the denial to this requester.

6.4(5) *Request granted.* When the custodian grants a request for access to a confidential record to a particular person, the custodian shall notify that person and indicate any lawful restrictions imposed by the custodian on that person's examination and copying of the record.

283—6.5(17A,22) Requests for treatment of a record as a confidential record and its withholding from examination. The custodian may treat a record as a confidential record and withhold it from examination only to the extent that the custodian is authorized by Iowa Code section 22.7, another applicable provision of law, or a court order, to refuse to disclose that record to members of the public.

6.5(1) *Persons who may request.* Any person who would be aggrieved or adversely affected by disclosure of a record and who asserts that Iowa Code section 22.7, another applicable provision of law, or a court order, authorizes the custodian to treat the record as a confidential record, may request the custodian to treat that record as a confidential record and to withhold it from public inspection.

6.5(2) *Request.* A request that a record be treated as a confidential record and be withheld from public inspection shall be in writing and shall be filed with the custodian. The request must set forth the legal and factual basis justifying such confidential record treatment for that record, and the name, address, and telephone number of the person authorized to respond to any inquiry or action of the custodian concerning the request. A person requesting treatment of a record as a confidential record may also be required to sign a certified statement or affidavit enumerating the specific reasons justifying the treatment of that record as a confidential record and to provide any proof necessary to establish relevant facts. Requests for treatment of a record as such a confidential record for a limited time period shall also specify the precise period of time for which that treatment is requested.

A person filing such a request shall, if possible, accompany the request with a copy of the record in question from which those portions for which such confidential record treatment has been requested have been deleted. If the original record is being submitted to the commission by the person requesting such confidential treatment at the time the request is filed, the person shall indicate conspicuously on the original record that all or portions of it are confidential.

6.5(3) *Failure to request.* Failure of a person to request confidential record treatment for a record does not preclude the custodian from treating it as a confidential record. However, if a person who has submitted business information to the commission does not request that it be withheld from public inspection under Iowa Code sections 22.7(3) and 22.7(6), the custodian of records containing that information may proceed as if that person has no objection to its disclosure to members of the public.

6.5(4) *Timing of decision.* A decision by the custodian with respect to the disclosure of a record to members of the public may be made when a request for its treatment as a confidential record that is not available for public inspection is filed, or when the custodian receives a request for access to the record by a member of the public.

6.5(5) *Request granted or deferred.* If a request for such confidential record treatment is granted, or if action on such a request is deferred, a copy of the record from which the matter in question has been deleted and a copy of the decision to grant the request or to defer action upon the request will be made available for public inspection in lieu of the original record. If the custodian subsequently receives a request for access to the original record, the custodian will make reasonable and timely efforts to notify any person who has filed a request for its treatment as a confidential record that is not available for public inspection of the pendency of that subsequent request.

6.5(6) *Request denied and opportunity to seek injunction.* If a request that a record be treated as a confidential record and be withheld from public inspection is denied, the custodian shall notify the requester in writing of that determination and the reasons therefor. On application by the requester, the custodian may engage in a good-faith, reasonable delay in allowing examination of the record so that the requester may seek injunctive relief under the provisions of Iowa Code section 22.8, or other applicable provision of law. However, such a record shall not be withheld from public inspection for any period of time if the custodian determines that the requester had no reasonable grounds to justify the treatment of that record as a confidential record. The custodian shall notify the requester in writing of the time period allowed to seek injunctive relief or the reasons for the determination that no reasonable grounds exist to justify the treatment of that record as a confidential record. The custodian may extend the period of good-faith, reasonable delay in allowing examination of the record so that the requester may seek injunctive relief only if no request for examination of that record has been received, or if a court directs the custodian to treat it as a confidential record, or to the extent permitted by another applicable provision of law, or with the consent of the person requesting access.

283—6.6(17A,22) Procedure by which additions, dissents, or objections may be entered into certain records. Except as otherwise provided by law, a person may file a request with the custodian to review, and to have a written statement of additions, dissents, or objections entered into, a record containing personally identifiable information pertaining to that person. However, this does not authorize a person who is a subject of such a record to alter the original copy of that record or to expand the official record of any commission proceeding. The requester shall send the request to review such a record or the written statement of additions, dissents, or objections to the custodian or to the Iowa college student aid commission. The request to review such a record or the written statement of such a record of additions, dissents, or objections must be dated and signed by the requester, and shall include the current address and telephone number of the requester or the requester's representative.

283—6.7(17A,22) Consent to disclosure by the subject of a confidential record. To the extent permitted by any applicable provision of law, a person who is the subject of a confidential record may have a copy of the portion of that record concerning the subject disclosed to a third party. A request for such a disclosure must be in writing and must identify the particular record or records that may be disclosed, and the particular person or class of persons to whom the record may be disclosed (and, where applicable, the time period during which the record may be disclosed). The person who is the subject of the record and, where applicable, the person to whom the record is to be disclosed, may be required to provide proof of identity. (Additional requirements may be necessary for special classes of records.) Appearance of counsel before the commission on behalf of a person who is the subject of a confidential record is deemed to constitute consent for the commission to disclose records about that person to the person's attorney.

283—6.8(17A,22) Notice to suppliers of information. When the commission requests a person to supply information about that person, the commission shall notify the person of the use that will be made of the information, which persons outside the commission might routinely be provided this information, which parts of the requested information are required and which are optional, and the consequences of a failure to provide the information requested. This notice may be given in these rules, on the written form used to collect the information, on a separate fact sheet or letter, in brochures, in formal agreements, in contracts, in handbooks, in manuals, verbally, or by other appropriate means.

283—6.9(17A,22) Routine use.

6.9(1) Defined. "Routine use" means the disclosure of a record without the consent of the subject or subjects, for a purpose which is compatible with the purpose for which the record was collected. It includes disclosures required to be made by statute other than the public records law, Iowa Code chapter 22.

6.9(2) To the extent allowed by law, the following are considered routine uses of all commission records:

a. Disclosure of officers, employees, and agents of the commission who have a need for the record in the performance of their duties. The custodian of the record may, upon request of an officer or employee, or on the custodian's own initiative, determine what constitutes legitimate need to use confidential records.

b. Disclosure of information indicating an apparent violation of the law to appropriate law enforcement authorities for investigation and possible prosecution, civil court action, or regulatory order.

c. Disclosure to the department of inspections and appeals regarding matters in which it performs services or functions on behalf of the commission.

d. Transfers of information within the commission, to other state agencies, or to local units of government, as appropriate, to administer the program for which the information is collected.

e. Information released to staff of federal and state entities for audit purposes or to determine whether the commission is lawfully operating a program.

f. Any disclosure specifically authorized by the statute under which the record is collected or maintained.

283—6.10(17A,22) Consensual disclosure of confidential records.

6.10(1) *Consent to disclosure by a subject.* The subject may consent in writing to commission disclosure of confidential records as provided in rule 283—6.7(17A,22).

6.10(2) *Complaints to public officials.* A letter from a subject of a confidential record to a public official which seeks the official's intervention on behalf of the subject in a matter that involves the commission may be treated as an authorization to release sufficient information about the subject to the official to resolve the matter.

283—6.11(17A,22) Release to subject. The subject of a confidential record may file a written request to review the subject's confidential records. However, the commission need not release the following records to the subject:

1. The identity of a person providing information to the commission when the information is authorized as confidential pursuant to Iowa Code subsection 22.7(18).
2. The work product of an attorney or otherwise privileged information.
3. Peace officers' investigative reports, except as required by Iowa Code subsection 22.7(5).
4. Those otherwise authorized by law.

283—6.12(17A,22) Availability of records. This rule lists the commission records which are open to the public, those which are confidential, and those which are partially open and partially confidential.

Commission records are listed by category, according to the legal basis for confidential treatment (if any). The commission administers federally funded programs, as well as state programs, and is authorized by Iowa Code section 22.9 to enforce confidentiality standards for federal law and regulations as are required for receipt of the funds. A single record may contain information from several categories.

The chart indicates whether the record contains personally identifiable information, and indicates the legal authority for confidentiality and for the collection of personally identifiable information.

Abbreviations are used in the chart as follows:

Code	Meaning	Code	Meaning
O	The records are open for public inspection.	O/C	The record is partially open and partially confidential.
C	The records are confidential and are not open to public inspection.	O/E	The record is partially open to the public and partially exempt from disclosure.
E	The record is exempt from mandatory disclosure to members of the public.	O/E/C	The record is partially open to the public, partially exempt from disclosure, and partially confidential and not open to the public.
E/C	The record is exempt from mandatory disclosure to the public and is confidential and not open to public inspection.	NA	Not applicable.

DESCRIPTION OF RECORD	TYPE OF RECORD	LEGAL AUTHORITY FOR CONFIDENTIALITY	PERSONALLY	LEGAL AUTHORITY
			IDENTIFIABLE INFORMATION	FOR INFORMATION
Records of Commission, Advisory Council, and Committees	O/E	Iowa Code 21.5	No	NA
Rule Making	O	NA	No	NA
Declaratory Ruling Records	O/C	Iowa Code 22.7	No	NA
Rules and Policy Manuals	O	NA	No	NA
General Correspondence	O/E/C	Iowa Code 22.7	Yes	NA
Publications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General • GSL • Scholarship 	O	NA	No	NA
Statistical Reports	O	NA	No	NA
Staff Reports	O	NA	No	NA
Financial & Administrative Records	O/E/C	Iowa Code 22.7	Yes	NA
Registration and Approval Records	O	NA	No	NA
Contracts and Interagency Agreements	O/C	Iowa Code 22.7(3)	No	NA
Sealed Bids Prior to Public Opening	C	Iowa Code 22.3, 22.7 and 72.3	No	NA
Appeal Records	O/C	Iowa Code 22.7	Yes	NA
Litigation Files	O/E/C	Iowa Code 22.7	Yes	NA
Privileged Communication and Products of Attorneys Representing the Commission	E/C	Iowa Code 22.7, Iowa Code of Professional Responsibility for Lawyers, Canon 4	No	NA
Individual Applicant/Recipient Records (such as those collected under the Iowa Tuition Grant and Iowa Vocational-Technical Tuition Grant Programs)	C	Iowa Code 22.7	Yes	P.L. 89-329
Collections	C	Iowa Code 22.7	Yes	Sec. 428[b-c] and Sec. 488[c]
State and Federal Program Records (such as those maintained under the Iowa Tuition Grant Program and the John R. Justice Student Loan Repayment Program)	O	NA	No	NA

[ARC 1869C, IAB 2/18/15, effective 3/25/15]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.3.

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[Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

CHAPTER 7
UNIFORM RULES FOR WAIVERS

283—7.1(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Waiver process. This chapter outlines a uniform process for granting waivers from rules adopted by the commission.

7.1(1) *Commission authority.* A waiver from rules adopted by the commission may be granted in accordance with this chapter if:

a. The commission has exclusive rule-making authority to promulgate the rule from which a waiver is requested or has final decision-making authority over a contested case in which a waiver is requested; and

b. No statute or rule otherwise controls the granting of a waiver from the rule for which a waiver is requested.

7.1(2) *Interpretive rules.* These uniform waiver rules shall not apply to rules defining a statute or other provisions of law or precedent if the commission does not have delegated authority to bind the courts with its definition.

7.1(3) *Compliance with statute.* No waiver shall be granted from a requirement that is imposed by statute. Any waiver must be consistent with statute.

283—7.2(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Definition. For purposes of this chapter, a waiver means action by the commission which suspends in whole or in part the requirements or provisions of a rule as applied to an identified person on the basis of the particular circumstances of that person.

283—7.3(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Scope of chapter. This chapter outlines generally applicable standards and a uniform process for the granting of individual waivers from rules adopted by the commission in situations where no other more specific applicable law provides for waivers. To the extent another more specific provision of law governs the issuance of a waiver from a particular rule, the more specific provision shall supersede this chapter with respect to any waiver from that rule.

283—7.4(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Applicability of chapter. The commission may grant a waiver from a rule only if the commission has jurisdiction over the rule and the requested waiver is consistent with applicable statutes, constitutional provisions, or other provisions of law. The commission may not waive requirements created or duties imposed by statute.

283—7.5(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Criteria for waiver. The commission may issue an order, in response to a completed petition or on its own motion, granting a waiver from a rule adopted by the commission, in whole or in part, as applied to the circumstances of a specified person if the commission finds, based on clear and convincing evidence, that:

7.5(1) Application of the rule would impose an undue hardship or injustice on the person for whom the waiver is requested; and

7.5(2) A waiver of the rule on the basis of the particular circumstances relative to that specified person would be consistent with the public interest; and

7.5(3) A waiver of the rule in the specific case would not prejudice the substantial legal rights of any person.

283—7.6(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Mandatory waivers. In response to the timely filing of a completed petition requesting a waiver, the commission shall grant a waiver from a rule, in whole or in part, as applied to the particular circumstances of a specified person, if the commission finds that the application of all or a portion of the circumstances of that specified person would not, to any extent, advance or serve any of the purposes of the rule.

283—7.7(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Burden of persuasion. The petitioner shall assume the burden of persuasion to demonstrate clear and convincing evidence when a petition is filed for a waiver from a commission rule.

283—7.8(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Special waiver rule not precluded. This uniform waiver rule shall not preclude the commission from granting waivers in other contexts or on the basis of other standards if a statute or other commission rule authorizes the commission to do so and the commission deems it appropriate to do so.

283—7.9(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Administrative deadlines. When the rule from which a waiver is sought establishes administrative deadlines, the commission shall balance the special individual circumstances of the petitioner with the overall goal of uniform treatment of all persons participating in a particular program offered by the commission.

283—7.10(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Filing of petition. A petition for a waiver must be submitted in writing to the commission's Executive Director, 475 S.W. Fifth Street, Suite D, Des Moines, Iowa 50309-4608. [ARC 1869C, IAB 2/18/15, effective 3/25/15; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

283—7.11(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Contested case. If the petition relates to a pending contested case, the petition shall be filed in the contested case proceeding, using the caption of the contested case.

283—7.12(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Contents of petition. A petition for waiver shall include the following information where applicable and known to the petitioner:

7.12(1) The name, address, telephone number, and social security number of the person or entity for whom a waiver is being requested and the case number of any related contested case, whether pending or closed.

7.12(2) A description and citation of the specific rule from which a waiver is requested.

7.12(3) The specific waiver requested, including the precise scope and duration.

7.12(4) The relevant facts that the petitioner believes would justify a waiver. This statement shall include a signed statement from the petitioner attesting to the accuracy of the facts provided in the petition and a statement of reasons that the petitioner believes will justify a waiver.

7.12(5) A history of any prior contacts between the commission and the petitioner. The historical summary shall include:

a. A list of all of the programs, contracts, allocations, bond issues, loans, grants, or other activities in which the petitioner has participated or from which the petitioner has received a benefit and which are affected by the proposed waiver.

b. A description of each instance when the petitioner has participated in or benefited from any of the commission's programs or contracts, including but not limited to allocations, grants, or loans held by the petitioner, any notices of noncompliance, other administrative events, whether federal or state, contested case hearings, or investigative reports relating to the program, allocation, grant, or loan.

7.12(6) Any information known to the petitioner about the commission's treatment of similar cases.

7.12(7) The name, address, and telephone number of any person or entity, inside or outside state government, who would be adversely affected by the granting of a petition.

7.12(8) The name, address, and telephone number of any person with knowledge of the relevant facts relating to the proposed waiver.

7.12(9) Signed releases of information authorizing persons with knowledge regarding the request to furnish the commission with information pertaining to the waiver.

283—7.13(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Additional information. If the petition for waiver is not filed in a contested case and prior to issuing an order granting or denying a waiver, the executive director may request additional information from the petitioner relative to the petition and circumstances relating to the request for waiver. The request may be in the form of written questions or oral interview. The executive director may interview or direct written questions to other persons in connection with the waiver requested. If the petition was not filed in a contested case, the commission, or its executive director, may, on its own motion or at the petitioner's request, schedule a telephonic or in-person meeting between the petitioner and the commission's executive director, a committee of the commission's staff, or a quorum or committee of the commission's board to consider the petition for waiver.

283—7.14(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Notice. The commission shall acknowledge a petition upon receipt. The commission shall ensure that notice of the pendency of the petition and a concise summary of its contents have been provided to all persons to whom notice is required by any provision of law within 30 days of the receipt of the petition. In addition, the commission may give notice to other persons. To accomplish this notice provision, the commission may require the petitioner to serve the notice on all persons to whom notice is required and provide a written statement that notice has been provided.

283—7.15(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Hearing procedures. The provisions of Iowa Code sections 17A.10 to 17A.18A regarding contested case hearings shall apply to any petition for a waiver filed within a contested case, and shall otherwise apply to commission proceedings for a waiver of a rule only when the commission so provides by rule or order or is required by statute to do so.

283—7.16(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Ruling. An order granting or denying a waiver shall be in writing and shall contain a reference to that particular person and rule or portion thereof to which the order pertains, a statement of the relevant facts and reasons upon which the action is based, and a description of the precise scope and operative period of the waiver if one is issued.

283—7.17(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Commission discretion. The final decision on whether the circumstances justify the granting of a waiver shall be made at the sole discretion of the commission, upon consideration of all relevant factors. Each petition for a waiver shall be evaluated by the commission based on the unique, individual circumstances set out in the petition.

283—7.18(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Narrowly tailored exception. A waiver, if granted, shall provide the narrowest exception possible to the provisions of a rule.

283—7.19(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Conditions. The commission may condition the granting of a waiver on such reasonable conditions as appropriate to achieve the objectives of the particular rule in question through alternative means.

283—7.20(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Time period of waiver. A waiver shall not be permanent unless the petitioner can show that a temporary waiver would be impracticable. If a temporary waiver is granted, there is no automatic right to renewal. At the sole discretion of the commission, a waiver may be renewed if the commission finds that grounds for a waiver continue to exist.

283—7.21(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Timing for ruling. The commission shall grant or deny a petition for a waiver as soon as practicable but, in any event, shall do so within 120 days of its receipt, unless the petitioner agrees to a later date. However, if a petition is filed in a contested case proceeding, the commission shall grant or deny the petition no later than the time at which the final decision in the contested case is issued.

283—7.22(261,ExecOrd11,17A) When deemed denied. Failure of the commission to grant or deny a petition within the required time period shall be deemed a denial of that petition by the commission. However, the commission shall remain responsible for issuing an order denying a waiver.

283—7.23(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Service of order. Within seven days of its issuance, any order issued under these uniform rules shall be transmitted to the petitioner or the person to whom the order pertains and to any other person entitled to such notice by any provision of law.

283—7.24(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Public availability. Subject to the provisions of Iowa Code section 17A.3(1)“e,” the commission shall maintain a record of all orders granting and denying waivers under these uniform rules. All records pertaining to waivers shall be indexed and available to members of the public at the commission’s office. Some petitions may contain information the commission is authorized

or required to keep confidential. The commission may accordingly edit confidential information from petitions or orders prior to public inspection.

283—7.25(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Voiding or cancellation. A waiver is void if the material facts upon which the request is based are not true or if material facts have been withheld. The commission may, at any time, cancel a waiver upon appropriate notice and hearing if the commission finds that the facts as stated in the petition are not true, material facts have been withheld, the alternative means of compliance provided in the waiver have failed to achieve the objectives of the statute or rule, or the petitioner has failed to comply with the conditions of the order.

283—7.26(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Violations. Violation of conditions in a waiver shall be treated as a violation of the particular rule for which the waiver is granted and is subject to the same remedies or penalties.

283—7.27(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Defense. After the commission issues an order granting a waiver, the order is a defense within its terms and the specific facts indicated therein for the person to whom the order pertains in any proceeding in which the rule in question is sought to be invoked. The order is not assignable, and it shall not inure to the benefit of the heirs or successors in interest of the person first obtaining the waiver.

283—7.28(261,ExecOrd11,17A) Judicial review. Judicial review of a commission decision to grant or deny a waiver petition may be taken in accordance with Iowa Code chapter 17A.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 17A and Executive Order Number 11.

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[Editorial change: IAC Supplement 2/10/21]

CHAPTER 8
ALL IOWA OPPORTUNITY SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

283—8.1(261) Basis of aid. Assistance available under the all Iowa opportunity scholarship program is based on the financial need of Iowa residents enrolled at eligible Iowa colleges and universities.
[ARC 1958C, IAB 4/15/15, effective 5/20/15]

283—8.2(261) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“Eligible college or university” means an Iowa community college, an institution of higher education governed by the state board of regents, or an accredited private institution located in Iowa that meets all eligibility requirements set forth in Iowa Code section 261.9. All eligible colleges and universities must submit annual reports which include student and faculty information, enrollment and employment information, and other information required by the commission as described in Iowa Code section 261.9.

“Eligible foster care student” means a person who has a high school diploma or a high school equivalency diploma under Iowa Code chapter 259A and is described by any of the following:

1. Is age 17 and is in a court-ordered placement under Iowa Code chapter 232 under the care and custody of the department of human services or juvenile court services.

2. Is age 17 and has been placed in a state juvenile institution pursuant to a court order entered under Iowa Code chapter 232 under the care and custody of the department of human services.

3. Is described by any of the following:

- On the date the person reached age 18 or during the 30 calendar days preceding or succeeding that date, the person was in a licensed foster care placement pursuant to a court order entered under Iowa Code chapter 232 under the care and custody of the department of human services or juvenile court services.

- On the date the person reached age 18 or during the 30 calendar days preceding or succeeding that date, the person was under a court order under Iowa Code chapter 232 to live with a relative or other suitable person.

- The person was in a licensed foster care placement pursuant to an order entered under Iowa Code chapter 232 prior to being legally adopted after reaching age 16.

- On the date the person reached age 18 or during the 30 calendar days preceding or succeeding that date, the person was placed in a state juvenile institution pursuant to a court order entered under Iowa Code chapter 232 under the care and custody of the department of human services.

“Eligible surviving-child student” means a person who is not a convicted felon as defined in Iowa Code section 910.15 and who meets any of the following criteria:

1. Is the child or stepchild of a peace officer, as defined in Iowa Code section 97A.1, who was killed in the line of duty as determined by the board of trustees of the Iowa department of public safety peace officers’ retirement, accident, and disability system in accordance with Iowa Code section 97A.6(16).

2. Is the child or stepchild of a police officer or fire fighter, as defined in Iowa Code section 411.1, who was killed in the line of duty as determined by the statewide fire and police retirement system in accordance with Iowa Code section 411.6(15).

3. Is the child or stepchild of a sheriff or deputy sheriff, as defined in Iowa Code section 97B.49C, who was killed in the line of duty as determined by the Iowa public employees’ retirement system in accordance with Iowa Code section 97B.52(2).

4. Is the child or stepchild of a fire fighter or police officer included under Iowa Code section 97B.49B, who was killed in the line of duty as determined by the Iowa public employees’ retirement system in accordance with Iowa Code section 97B.52(2).

5. Is the child or stepchild of an employee of the Iowa department of corrections, or of a judicial district department of correctional services, who was killed in the line of duty.

“Expected family contribution (EFC)” is the means by which the commission ranks the relative need of an applicant for financial assistance. Expected family contribution shall be evaluated annually on the basis of a confidential statement of family finances filed on a form designated by the commission. The commission has adopted the use of the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), a federal

form used to calculate a formula developed by the U.S. Department of Education, the results of which are used to determine expected family contribution. Relative need will be ranked based on the applicant's expected family contribution (EFC) provided by the U.S. Department of Education. The FAFSA must be received by the processing agent by the date specified by the commission.

"Full-time" means enrollment at an eligible college or university in a course of study including at least 12 semester hours or the trimester or quarter equivalent.

"Iowa resident" means a person who meets the residency requirements established in 283—Chapter 10.

"Part-time" means enrollment at an eligible college or university in a course of study including at least three semester hours or the trimester or quarter equivalent.

"Stepchild" means the same as defined in Iowa Code section 450.1.

[ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15; ARC 2206C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15; ARC 3381C, IAB 10/11/17, effective 9/20/17; ARC 4183C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19; ARC 4716C, IAB 10/23/19, effective 11/27/19; ARC 5966C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

283—8.3(261) Eligibility requirements.

8.3(1) Applicants for the all Iowa opportunity scholarship program must complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) by the date specified by the commission and any additional applications or documents required by the commission. In addition to completing the FAFSA, an applicant must be:

a. An Iowa resident who begins the initial period of postsecondary enrollment within two academic years of graduation from high school or within two academic years of completion of a high school equivalency diploma under Iowa Code chapter 259A; and

b. Enrolled for at least three semester hours, or the trimester or quarter equivalent, in a program eligible for federal student aid under Title IV of the federal Higher Education Act leading to an undergraduate degree, diploma, or certificate from an eligible college or university.

8.3(2) To maintain eligibility, recipients must maintain satisfactory academic progress as defined by the eligible college or university.

8.3(3) Individuals who have military obligations may delay the initial period of enrollment for up to four academic years beyond high school graduation and must begin postsecondary enrollment within two academic years of discharge. Exceptions for health or other personal reasons for delaying the initial period of enrollment will be reviewed by commission staff on a case-by-case basis.

8.3(4) If a scholarship recipient suspends enrollment at the eligible college or university after receipt of the scholarship due to military deployment; due to a temporary medical incapacity; in relation to the declaration of a national or state emergency; service in AmeriCorps, Volunteers in Service to America, or the federal Peace Corps; due to a period of religious missionary work conducted by an organization exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Service; or other exceptional circumstances approved by the commission, the recipient must apply for a waiver. If the waiver is approved, the recipient is not required to continuously receive the scholarship during the period covered by the waiver.

[ARC 8333B, IAB 12/2/09, effective 1/6/10; ARC 3381C, IAB 10/11/17, effective 9/20/17; ARC 5966C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

283—8.4(261) Awarding of funds.

8.4(1) *Selection criteria.* All applicants who submit applications that are received on or before the published deadline will be considered for funding.

8.4(2) *Priority for grants.* Only applicants with expected family contributions (EFCs) at or below the average tuition and fees for regent university students for the academic year for which awards are being made will be considered for awards.

a. All eligible new and renewal foster care students will receive first priority for funding. Awards to eligible foster care students will be made based on EFC levels within the parameters defined by the commission, with students in the lowest EFC levels awarded first and at increasing EFC levels until the

maximum EFC level is reached. If all students in a given EFC level cannot be funded, students will be ranked according to the date the state application was filed.

b. All new and renewal eligible surviving-child students will receive second priority for funding. Awards to eligible surviving-child students will be made based on EFC levels within the parameters defined by the commission, with students in the lowest EFC levels awarded first and at increasing EFC levels until the maximum EFC level is reached. If all students in a given EFC level cannot be funded, students will be ranked according to the date the state application was filed.

c. All eligible renewal applicants will receive third priority for funding. Awards to renewal applicants will be made based on EFC levels within the parameters defined by the commission, with students in the lowest EFC levels awarded first and at increasing EFC levels until the maximum EFC level is reached. If all students in a given EFC level cannot be funded, students will be ranked according to the date the state application was filed.

d. If funding remains after all eligible foster care students, eligible surviving-child students, and renewal students have been awarded, fourth priority will be given to students who participated in federal TRIO programs, participated in alternative programs in high school, or graduated from alternative high schools. Awards will be made to students in this category based on EFC levels within the parameters defined by the commission, with students in the lowest EFC levels awarded first and at increasing EFC levels until the maximum EFC level is reached. If all students in a given EFC level cannot be funded, students will be ranked according to the date the state application was filed.

e. If funding remains after all priority applicants have been awarded, fifth priority will be given to students who participated in federal GEAR UP programs. Awards will be made to students in this category based on EFC levels within the parameters defined by the commission, with students in the lowest EFC levels awarded first, followed by awards to students at increasing EFC levels until the maximum EFC level is reached. If all students in a given EFC level cannot be funded, students will be ranked according to the date the state application was filed.

f. If funding is available, awards to remaining eligible applicants will be made based on EFC levels within the parameters defined by the commission, with students in the lowest EFC levels awarded first, followed by awards to students at increasing EFC levels until the maximum EFC level is reached. If all students in a given EFC level cannot be funded, students will be ranked according to the date the state application was filed.

8.4(3) *Maximum award.* All Iowa opportunity scholarships are provided during the traditional nine-month academic year, which is generally defined as September through May. Effective in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017, new recipients attending eligible colleges and universities may receive no more than 8 full-time or 16 part-time semesters of all Iowa opportunity scholarships.

a. The maximum award for full-time students will be the lesser of:

- (1) The amount of financial need demonstrated by the student as calculated by the commission, or
- (2) One-half of the average tuition and fees for regent university students for the award year.

b. The maximum award for a full-time student will not be affected by the ranking system used to prioritize grants. A part-time student will receive a prorated award, as defined by the commission, based on the number of hours for which the student is enrolled.

8.4(4) *Awarding process.*

a. College and university officials will provide information about eligible students to the commission in a format specified by the commission.

b. The commission will designate recipients until all funding has been expended.

c. The commission will notify recipients and college and university officials of the awards, clearly indicating the award amount and the state program from which funding is being provided and stating that funding is contingent on the availability of state funds.

d. The college or university will apply awards directly to student accounts to cover tuition and fees, room and board, and other bona fide education expenses, such as books, equipment, and transportation.

e. The college or university is responsible for completing necessary verification and for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts. The college or university will report changes in student eligibility to the commission.

8.4(5) *Award transfers and adjustments.* Recipients are responsible for promptly notifying the appropriate college or university of any change in enrollment or financial situation. The college or university will make necessary changes and notify the commission.

8.4(6) *Renewal.* Applicants must complete and file annual applications (FAFSAs) for the all Iowa opportunity scholarship program by the deadline established by the commission. If funds remain available after the application deadline, the commission will continue to accept applications. To be eligible for renewal, a recipient must maintain satisfactory academic progress as defined by the eligible college or university and must not have exceeded the funding limit as described in 8.4(3).

[ARC 1958C, IAB 4/15/15, effective 5/20/15; ARC 2206C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15; ARC 2943C, IAB 2/15/17, effective 3/22/17; ARC 3381C, IAB 10/11/17, effective 9/20/17; ARC 4183C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19]

283—8.5(261) Restrictions. A student who is in default on a Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for assistance under the all Iowa opportunity scholarship program. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in an appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5. Credits that a student receives through “life experience credit” and “credit by examination” are not eligible for funding.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 261.

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CHAPTER 9
ALL IOWA OPPORTUNITY FOSTER CARE GRANT PROGRAM
Rescinded **ARC 3381C**, IAB 10/11/17, effective 9/20/17

CHAPTER 10
UNIFORM POLICIES

283—10.1(261) Purpose. This chapter describes criteria for determining whether a student is considered a resident of Iowa for the purposes of gaining eligibility for funding under programs administered by the college student aid commission.

[ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

283—10.2(261) Definition. “Iowa resident” means a person who:

10.2(1) If attending an Iowa regent university, Iowa private college or university, or Iowa barber or cosmetology college, meets the criteria used by the state board of regents to determine residency for tuition purposes as described in 681—1.4(262) and, if the person qualifies for residency only as described in 681—paragraph 1.4(2) “b,” meets the following additional criteria:

a. Is a veteran or qualifying military person domiciled in the state of Iowa who is not dependent upon a parent for financial support;

b. Is a dependent veteran or qualifying military person whose parent is domiciled in the state of Iowa; or

c. Is the spouse, domestic partner, or dependent child of a veteran or qualifying military person who is domiciled in the state of Iowa; or

10.2(2) If attending an Iowa community college, meets the criteria defined by the Iowa department of education to determine residency for community college tuition purposes as defined in 281—subrule 21.2(11) and, if the person qualifies for residency only as described in 281—subparagraph 21.2(11) “b”(5), meets the following additional criteria:

a. Is a veteran of uniformed service or a national guard member domiciled in the state of Iowa who is not dependent upon a parent for financial support;

b. Is a dependent veteran of uniformed service or a national guard member whose parent is domiciled in the state of Iowa; or

c. Is the spouse, domestic partner, or dependent child of a veteran of uniformed service or a national guard member who is domiciled in the state of Iowa.

[ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 261.

[Filed ARC 2205C (Notice ARC 2037C, IAB 6/24/15), IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

CHAPTER 11
IOWA TUITION GRANT PROGRAM—FOR-PROFIT INSTITUTIONS

283—11.1(261) Tuition grant based on financial need to Iowa residents enrolled at eligible private institutions of postsecondary education in Iowa.

11.1(1) *Financial need.* The need of an applicant for financial assistance under the Iowa tuition grant program—for-profit institutions shall be evaluated annually on the basis of a confidential statement of family finances filed on a form designated by the commission. For the purposes of determining financial need, the commission has adopted the use of the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), a federal form used to calculate a formula developed by the U.S. Department of Education, the results of which are used to determine relative need. The FAFSA must be received by the processing agent by the date specified in the application instructions.

11.1(2) *Tuition and mandatory fees.* Tuition and mandatory fees shall be defined as those college costs paid annually by all students enrolled in eligible institutions on a full-time basis as reported annually to the commission by each participating eligible institution. Each eligible institution also will provide annually its rates for part-time tuition and fees to the commission.

11.1(3) *Student eligibility.* A recipient must be an Iowa resident enrolled for at least three semester hours, or the quarter- or clock-hour equivalent, in a program of study eligible for federal student aid programs authorized under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. “Iowa resident” means an individual who meets the residency requirements established in 283—Chapter 10.

a. An eligible student attending a school defined in 11.2(1) “*a*” must be enrolled in a program of study that leads to a degree.

b. An eligible student attending a school defined in 11.2(1) “*b*” must be enrolled in a program of study that prepares the student for licensure as a barber in the state of Iowa as provided in Iowa Code chapter 158, or enrolled in a cosmetology arts and sciences program of study that prepares the student for licensure in the state of Iowa as provided in Iowa Code chapter 157.

11.1(4) *Extent of grant.* Iowa tuition grants are provided during the traditional nine-month academic year generally defined as September through May.

a. Students attending institutions defined in 11.2(1) “*a*” may receive no more than 8 semesters of full-time Iowa tuition grants or 16 part-time semesters.

b. Students attending institutions defined in 11.2(1) “*b*” may receive no more than 4 semesters, or the quarter- or clock-hour equivalent, of full-time Iowa tuition grants or 8 part-time semesters, or the quarter- or clock-hour equivalent.

c. Students may receive a combined total of no more than 8 full-time semesters or 16 part-time semesters under the Iowa tuition grant for-profit and not-for-profit programs.

d. A grant for summer enrollment may be provided if the recipient is enrolled in a commission-approved accelerated program that integrates summer attendance. The purpose of restricting summer Iowa tuition grants is to ensure that students who take classes during the summer do not exhaust Iowa tuition grant eligibility prior to completing four-year degree programs at eligible institutions, defined in 11.2(1) “*a*,” or prior to completing barber or cosmetology arts and sciences programs of study at eligible institutions, defined in 11.2(1) “*b*.”

11.1(5) *Priority for grants.* Applicants are ranked in order of the estimated amount which the family reasonably can be expected to contribute toward college expenses, and awards are granted to those who demonstrate need in order of expected family contribution, from lowest to highest, insofar as funds permit.

11.1(6) *Award notification.* A grant recipient is notified of the award by the eligible institution to which application is made. Each award notification must clearly indicate award amounts, the state programs from which funding will be received, and that funding is contingent upon the availability of state funds. Any award notification provided by an eligible institution on probation with the accrediting agency must be made contingent upon the eligible institution’s maintaining affiliation with the accrediting agency. The eligible institution is responsible for completing necessary verification and

for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts. The eligible institution reports changes in student eligibility to the commission.

11.1(7) *Award transfers and adjustments.* Recipients are responsible for promptly notifying the appropriate eligible institution of any change in enrollment or financial situation. The eligible institution will make necessary changes and notify the commission.

11.1(8) *Restrictions.*

a. A student who is in default on a Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance shall be ineligible for assistance under the Iowa tuition grant program. The student regains eligibility under this rule by providing documentation to the institution that the student has regained eligibility under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.

b. A student who is in default on a state award or owes a repayment on any state award is ineligible for assistance under the Iowa tuition grant program. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in an appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5. Credits that a student receives through “life experience credit” and “credit by examination” are not eligible for tuition grant funding.

[ARC 3382C, IAB 10/11/17, effective 9/20/17]

283—11.2(261) Tuition grant institutional eligibility requirements.

11.2(1) *Eligible institution.* An institution requesting participation in the Iowa tuition grant program must apply to the college student aid commission using the commission’s designated application.

a. A college or university participating in the Iowa tuition grant program under 2017 Iowa Acts, House File 642, section 15, must:

(1) Be accredited by the Higher Learning Commission (HLC); and
(2) Be an institution of higher learning located in Iowa which is operated privately and not controlled or administered by any state agency or any subdivision of the state, which is not exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and which meets all of the criteria described in Iowa Code section 261.9(1) “d” through “i”; and

(3) Annually provide matching aggregate institutional financial aid to Iowa tuition grant recipients equal to a required percentage of the amount received by its students as described under 2017 Iowa Acts, House File 642, section 15 (institutional financial aid qualifying as match includes only institutional financial aid provided to students in periods of enrollment during which students are also receiving Iowa tuition grants); and

(4) Effective January 8, 2010, have purchased an accredited private institution that was exempt from taxation under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, or have students who were eligible to receive tuition grants in the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2003; and

(5) Be located in Iowa. “Located in Iowa” means a college or university that is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission, that has made a substantial investment in a permanent Iowa campus and staff, that offers a full range of courses leading to the degrees offered by the institution as well as a full range of student services, and that is not required to register under Iowa Code chapter 261B.

b. A school of cosmetology or barbering participating in the Iowa tuition grant program under 2017 Iowa Acts, House File 642, section 15, must:

(1) Be a barber school licensed under Iowa Code section 158.7 or a school of cosmetology arts and sciences licensed under Iowa Code chapter 157 and be accredited by a national accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education; and

(2) Be an institution that is not exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and be operated privately and not controlled or administered by any state agency or any subdivision of the state and meet all of the criteria described in Iowa Code section 261.9(1) “d” through “i”; and

(3) For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017, provide a matching aggregate amount of institutional financial aid equal to at least 75 percent of the amount received by the institution’s students for Iowa

tuition grant assistance under 2017 Iowa Acts, House File 642, section 17; for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2018, provide a matching aggregate amount of institutional financial aid equal to at least 85 percent of the amount received in that fiscal year. Commencing with the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and each succeeding fiscal year, the matching aggregate amount of institutional financial aid shall be at least equal to the match provided by eligible institutions under 2017 Iowa Acts, House File 642, section 15 (institutional financial aid qualifying as match includes only institutional financial aid provided to students in periods of enrollment during which students are also receiving Iowa tuition grants); and

(4) Be located in Iowa. “Located in Iowa” means a school that is accredited by a national accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education, that has made a substantial investment in a permanent Iowa campus and staff, that offers a full range of courses preparing students for a professional license, and that is not required to register under Iowa Code chapter 261B.

11.2(2) *Processing institutional applications for participation.* Application forms will be provided by the commission.

a. Applicants are required to provide the commission with documentation establishing eligibility as described in 11.2(1).

b. Applicants seeking to participate in the Iowa tuition grant program must submit applications by October 1 of the year prior to the beginning of the academic year for which they are applying for participation.

c. Applicants must submit written plans outlining academic programs that integrate summer attendance in accelerated programs prior to making summer awards. If the summer program is approved by the commission, an applicant’s students may receive Iowa tuition grants beginning in the summer following approval.

d. Academic programs at eligible institutions defined in 11.2(1) “*a*” which allow full-time students to complete four-year baccalaureate programs in less than the normal prescribed time period while taking the same courses as students completing the same degree during a traditional four-year time period will be approved for summer Iowa tuition grants.

e. Academic programs at eligible institutions defined in 11.2(1) “*b*” which integrate summer attendance into the barber or cosmetology arts and sciences programs of study and allow full-time students to complete the program in less than the time period it would take to complete the same program of study without summer attendance will be approved for summer Iowa tuition grants.

f. A summer academic program may be defined for a group of students or may be a self-directed program in which a student has received approval from appropriate officials of the eligible institution.

11.2(3) *Notice of change of status.* Any eligible institution which fails to meet the criteria set forth in 11.2(1) must immediately notify the commission. Failure to comply with this notice of change requirement may result in the eligible institution’s being required to return Iowa tuition grant funds to the commission.

11.2(4) *Review of eligibility.*

a. The commission shall periodically, at least every three years, investigate and review compliance of institutions participating in the Iowa tuition grant program—for-profit institutions with criteria described in Iowa Code section 261.9 and this rule.

b. If the commission finds that an eligible institution fails to comply with the provisions of Iowa Code section 261.9 and this rule, participation in the Iowa tuition grant program—for-profit institutions shall be suspended.

11.2(5) *Reporting requirements.* Every eligible institution participating in the Iowa tuition grant program shall submit an annual report which includes student and faculty information, enrollment and employment information, the amount of institutional matching financial aid dollars, and other information required by the commission as described in Iowa Code section 261.9.

[ARC 3382C, IAB 10/11/17, effective 9/20/17]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 261 as amended by 2017 Iowa Acts, House File 642, sections 15 and 17.

[Filed Emergency After Notice ARC 3382C (Notice ARC 3126C, IAB 6/21/17), IAB 10/11/17, effective 9/20/17]

CHAPTER 12
IOWA TUITION GRANT PROGRAM
[Prior to 8/10/88, see College Aid Commission, 245—Ch 4]

283—12.1(261) Tuition grant based on financial need to Iowa residents enrolled at eligible private institutions of postsecondary education in Iowa.

12.1(1) *Financial need.* The need of an applicant for financial assistance under this program shall be evaluated annually on the basis of a confidential statement of family finances filed on a form designated by the commission. For the purposes of determining financial need, the commission has adopted the use of the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), a federal form used to calculate a formula developed by the U.S. Department of Education, the results of which are used to determine relative need. The FAFSA must be received by the processing agent by the date specified in the application instructions.

12.1(2) *Tuition and mandatory fees.* Tuition and mandatory fees shall be defined as those college costs paid annually by all students enrolled on a full-time basis as reported annually to the commission by each participating college or university. Each college or university also will provide annually its rates for part-time tuition and fees to the commission.

12.1(3) *Student eligibility.* A recipient must be an Iowa resident enrolled for at least three semester hours, or the trimester or quarter equivalent, in a program leading to a degree from an eligible Iowa college or university. “Iowa resident” means an individual who meets the residency requirements established in 283—Chapter 10.

Iowa tuition grants are provided during the traditional nine-month academic year generally defined as September through May. Students may receive no more than eight semesters of full-time Iowa tuition grants or 16 part-time semesters.

A recipient may receive this grant for summer enrollment if the recipient is enrolled in a commission-approved accelerated program that integrates summer attendance. The purpose of restricting summer Iowa tuition grants is to ensure that students who take classes during the summer do not exhaust Iowa tuition grant eligibility prior to completing four-year degree programs.

12.1(4) *Priority for grants.* Applicants are ranked in order of the estimated amount which the family reasonably can be expected to contribute toward college expenses, and awards are granted to those who demonstrate need in order of family contribution, from lowest to highest, insofar as funds permit.

12.1(5) *Award notification.* A grant recipient is notified of the award by the college or university to which application is made. Each award notification must clearly indicate award amounts, the state programs from which funding will be received, and that funding is contingent upon the availability of state funds. Any award notification provided by a college or university on probation with the accrediting agency must be made contingent upon the college’s or university’s maintaining affiliation with the accrediting agency. The college or university is responsible for completing necessary verification and for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts. The college or university reports changes in student eligibility to the commission.

12.1(6) *Award transfers and adjustments.* Recipients are responsible for promptly notifying the appropriate college or university of any change in enrollment or financial situation. The college or university will make necessary changes and notify the commission.

12.1(7) *Restrictions.* A student who is in default on a Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for assistance under the Iowa tuition grant program. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in an appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5. Credits that a student receives through “life experience credit” and “credit by examination” are not eligible for tuition grant funding.

[ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

283—12.2(261) Tuition grant institutional eligibility requirements.

12.2(1) Institutional eligibility under Iowa Code section 261.9. An Iowa college or university requesting participation in the Iowa tuition grant program must apply to the college student aid commission using the commission's designated application.

A college or university participating in the Iowa tuition grant program (Iowa Code section 261.9, et seq.) must:

- a. Be accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools (NCA); and
- b. Be exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code or, if not exempt under Section 501(c)(3), the college or university must have been an eligible participant during the 2003-04 academic year; and
- c. Annually provide matching aggregate institutional financial aid to Iowa tuition grant recipients equal to a required percentage of the amount received by its students under the Iowa tuition grant program. (Specialized colleges offering health professional programs affiliated with health care systems located in Iowa are exempt from this requirement.); and
- d. Be located in Iowa. "Located in Iowa" means a college or university accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, that has made a substantial investment in a permanent Iowa campus and staff, and that offers a full range of courses leading to the degrees offered by the institution as well as a full range of student services.

12.2(2) Processing college and university applications. Application forms will be provided by the commission.

Applicant colleges and universities are required to provide the commission with documentation establishing eligibility as described in 12.2(1).

Colleges and universities seeking to participate in the Iowa tuition grant program must submit applications by October 1 of the year prior to the beginning of the academic year for which they are applying for participation.

Applicant colleges and universities must submit written plans outlining academic programs that integrate summer attendance in accelerated programs prior to making summer awards. If the summer program is approved by the commission, an applicant's students may receive Iowa tuition grants beginning in the summer following approval. Academic programs, defined by colleges or universities, which allow students to complete four-year baccalaureate programs in less than the normal prescribed time period while taking the same courses as students completing the same degree during a traditional four-year time period will be approved. A summer academic program may be defined for a group of students or may be a self-directed program in which a student has received approval from appropriate officials of the college or university.

12.2(3) Notice of change of status. Any college or university which loses NCA accreditation or 501(c)(3) status or fails to make the institutional match must immediately notify the commission. Failure to comply with this notice of change requirement may result in the college or university being required to return Iowa tuition grant funds to the commission.

12.2(4) Review of eligibility.

a. The commission shall periodically, at least every three years, investigate and review compliance of institutions participating in the tuition grant program with criteria described in Iowa Code section 261.9 and this rule.

b. If the commission finds that a college or university fails to comply with the provisions of Iowa Code section 261.9 and this rule, participation in the tuition grant program shall be suspended.

12.2(5) Reporting requirements. Every college or university participating in the Iowa tuition grant program shall submit an annual report which includes student and faculty information, enrollment and employment information, the amount of institutional matching financial aid dollars, and other information required by the commission as described in Iowa Code sections 261.9 through 261.16.

[ARC 2752C, IAB 10/12/16, effective 11/16/16]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 261.

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CHAPTER 13
IOWA VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL TUITION GRANT PROGRAM
[Prior to 8/10/88, see College Aid Commission, 245—Ch 5]

283—13.1(261) Tuition grant based on financial need to Iowa residents enrolled in vocational or technical (career education) programs at community colleges in the state.

13.1(1) *Financial need.*

a. Financial need is defined as the lesser of the difference between the average expenses for tuition, fees, and books and supplies, as determined by the commission, and the amount of the federal Pell Grant for which the student qualifies or the difference between the average total budget at a community college, as determined by the commission, and the expected family contribution.

b. Financial need shall be evaluated annually on the basis of a confidential financial statement filed on a form designated by the commission. For the purposes of determining financial need, the commission has adopted the use of the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), a federal form used to calculate a formula developed by the U.S. Department of Education, the results of which are used to determine relative need. The FAFSA must be received by the processing agent by the priority date specified in the application instructions.

13.1(2) *Student eligibility.*

a. A recipient must be an Iowa resident as defined in 283—Chapter 10.

b. A recipient must be enrolled for at least three semester hours, or the trimester or quarter equivalent, in a vocational-technical or career option program at an Iowa community college.

c. A recipient may receive an award under this program for liberal arts classes identified by the community college as required for completion of a vocational-technical or career option program. A recipient must be concurrently enrolled in a vocational or technical (career education) program.

d. A full-time recipient may receive an award under this program for not more than four semesters or the trimester or quarter equivalent of two full years of study. A part-time recipient may receive an award under this program for not more than eight semesters or the trimester or quarter equivalent of two full years of full-time study. A recipient who is making satisfactory progress but cannot complete the course because of required liberal arts classes may receive the grant for one additional enrollment period.

e. A full-time recipient may receive no more than the amount specified by Iowa law or the amount of the student's established financial need, whichever is less. A part-time recipient's award shall be a prorated portion of the full-time award. The proration will be established by the commission in a manner consistent with federal Pell Grant Program proration. Part-time recipients taking from 3 to 5 credit hours will receive awards equal to one-fourth of the full-time award; recipients taking from 6 to 8 credit hours will receive awards equal to one-half of the full-time award; and recipients taking from 9 to 11 credit hours will receive awards equal to three-fourths of the full-time award.

f. A recipient may again be eligible for an award under 13.1(2) "*d*" if the recipient resumes study after at least a two-year absence, except for coursework for which credit was previously received.

13.1(3) *Priority for grants.* Applicants who apply by the priority date specified in the application are ranked in order of the estimated amount of the family's contribution toward college expenses; and awards are granted to those who demonstrate need in order of family contribution from lowest to highest, insofar as funds permit.

13.1(4) *Award notification.* A grant recipient is notified of the award by the community college to which application is made. The community college is responsible for completing necessary verification and for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts. The community college reports changes in student eligibility to the commission.

13.1(5) *Full year of study.* For purposes of this program, the commission has defined "full year of study" as either four quarters or two semesters. Grant payments are prorated according to this definition.

13.1(6) *Award transfers and adjustments.* Recipients are responsible for promptly notifying the appropriate community college of any change in enrollment or financial situation. The community college will make necessary changes and notify the commission.

13.1(7) Restrictions. A student who is in default on a Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for assistance under the Iowa vocational-technical tuition grant program. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in an appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.17.
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CHAPTER 14
HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL RECRUITMENT PROGRAM
[Prior to 8/10/88, see College Aid Commission, 245—Ch 7]

283—14.1(261) Definitions.

“Eligible institution” means an institution of higher learning governed by the state board of regents, a community college established under Iowa Code chapter 260C, or an accredited private institution as defined in Iowa Code section 261.9. Eligible institutions seeking to participate must complete an application provided by the commission and agree to place health care professionals in eligible rural communities.

“Eligible rural community” means a medically underserved rural Iowa city with a population of less than 26,000 that is located more than 20 miles from a city with a population of 50,000 or more. Locations and distances between cities will be consistently measured and verified by calculating the shortest travel distance on paved roads.

“Health care professional” means an individual who holds a practitioner’s license issued by an agency or board under the Iowa department of public health and is employed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner, athletic trainer, occupational therapist, physician, physician assistant, podiatrist, physical therapist, or registered nurse.

“Matching funds” means at least a dollar-for-dollar loan repayment match to the state health care professional recruitment program award.

[ARC 0108C, IAB 5/2/12, effective 6/6/12; ARC 5967C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21; ARC 6729C, IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

283—14.2(261) Health care professional loan repayment program.

14.2(1) Recruitment. The eligible institution shall communicate the availability of the health care professional loan repayment program to current students training to become health care professionals and alumni who are health care professionals. The commission will ensure, to the extent possible, that an equal number of new agreements are available to health care professionals in each occupation category. Selection of new applicants within each occupation category will be prioritized as follows:

- a. Students in their final year of a degree program leading to a license to practice as a health care professional;
- b. The most recent graduates of a degree program leading to a license to practice as a health care professional, with the most recent academic year graduates given priority;
- c. Date of application.

14.2(2) Health care professional service requirement. The health care professional service requirement for the health care professional loan repayment program is four years. The health care professional must annually verify, in a format acceptable to the commission, that the health care professional practiced in an eligible rural community for 12 consecutive months for each year of required service. An award will be prorated based on the months of service provided in a state fiscal year if less than 12 months. An award will also be prorated if the individual is employed on a less than full-time basis.

14.2(3) Award. The health care professional may receive up to \$50,000 in state-funded repayment benefits when an eligible rural community agrees to provide matching funds of an equal or greater amount. At least a dollar-for-dollar match must be provided. Matching funds from an eligible rural community totaling less than \$50,000 will result in an equally lower state health care professional recruitment program award.

14.2(4) Eligible loans. Eligible loans include subsidized and unsubsidized Stafford loans, Grad PLUS loans and consolidated loans. Only the outstanding portion of a Federal Consolidation Loan that was used to repay an eligible subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan, an eligible Direct Subsidized Loan, an eligible Direct Unsubsidized Loan, or an eligible Grad PLUS Loan qualifies for loan repayment. A health care professional who receives loan repayment under this program and who refinances an eligible loan by obtaining a private educational loan may continue to receive loan repayment awards.

14.2(5) Disbursement. The commission shall disburse the loan payment to the health care professional's loan holder in return for completion of the service requirements in an eligible rural community.

14.2(6) Restrictions. A recipient of a loan repayment award under Iowa Code section 261.113, 261.114, or 261.116 shall not be eligible for an award under this chapter. A health care professional who is in default on a Stafford loan, SLS loan, Grad PLUS loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense student loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for repayment benefits. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapter 5.

14.2(7) Repayment.

a. If loan repayment funds are applied prior to the health care professional's completion of the service requirement and the health care professional fails to complete the service requirement, repayment shall begin 30 days following termination of practice in an eligible rural community.

b. The commission shall prorate the award balance based on the months of service provided.

c. The health care professional shall repay the prorated balance of the loan repayment benefits and accrued interest at 12 percent per annum. Interest shall accrue on the unpaid principal balance of each loan from the effective date of the loan repayment agreement until the loan is paid in full.

d. The prorated balance owed by the health care professional must be paid in full within three years from the date the service ends.

[ARC 0108C, IAB 5/2/12, effective 6/6/12; ARC 5222C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20; ARC 5967C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21; ARC 6729C, IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

283—14.3(261) Osteopathic forgivable loan.

14.3(1) Physician service requirement. The physician service requirement for the osteopathic forgivable loan program is one year for borrowers who received up to two annual loans and two years for borrowers who received three or more annual loans.

14.3(2) Promissory note. Loans disbursed are subject to the terms and conditions specified in the promissory note. The college student aid commission shall honor master promissory notes signed while a borrower is attending the university and shall enforce the loans according to the terms and conditions provided in the master promissory note.

[ARC 0108C, IAB 5/2/12, effective 6/6/12]

These rules are intended to implement 2011 Iowa Code Supplement section 261.19.

[Filed 1/7/77, Notice 10/20/76—published 1/26/77, effective 3/2/77]

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[Filed ARC 0108C (Notice ARC 9920B, IAB 12/14/11), IAB 5/2/12, effective 6/6/12]

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[Filed ARC 5967C (Notice ARC 5855C, IAB 8/11/21), IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

[Filed ARC 6729C (Notice ARC 6478C, IAB 8/24/22), IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

CHAPTER 15

FUTURE READY IOWA SKILLED WORKFORCE LAST-DOLLAR SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

283—15.1(261) Basis for aid. The future ready Iowa skilled workforce last-dollar scholarship program provides scholarship assistance to Iowa residents enrolled in eligible programs aligned with high-demand jobs.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—15.2(261) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“Adult learner” means an eligible student who attains the age of 20 as of July 1 prior to the year of enrollment and who has not received an award under subparagraph 15.3(1) “j”(1) or 15.3(1) “j”(2).

“Approved program” means a career and technical education program that has a classification of instructional program code approved by the Iowa department of education and that meets similar criteria as established for career and technical education programs approved under 281—Chapter 21.

“Approved state-recognized work-based learning program” means a structured educational and training program that includes authentic worksite training and is approved by the Iowa department of education.

“Continuous enrollment” means an eligible student is enrolled in the fall and spring semesters, or the equivalent, of a single year. Enrollment in the summer semester is not required.

“Credential” means a Title IV-eligible program of study leading to a postsecondary certificate, diploma, or degree, conferring no more than an associate degree, which, upon completion, leads directly to employment, and is awarded by an eligible institution and earned in a program of study that leads to a designated high-demand job.

“Eligible program” means an approved program certified through the selection process described in rule 283—15.5(261).

“Full-time” means enrollment in at least 12 hours per semester or the equivalent.

“Part-time” means enrollment in at least 6 but less than 12 hours per semester or the equivalent.

“Semester” means the fall, spring, or summer term of enrollment at an eligible institution, if the eligible institution is on a semester system, or the equivalent, if the institution is on a system other than a semester system.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19; ARC 5223C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—15.3(261) Eligible students.

15.3(1) An applicant of the future ready Iowa skilled workforce last-dollar scholarship program must:

- a. Be an Iowa resident as defined in 283—Chapter 10.
- b. Annually complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid and any other application required by the college student aid commission by the priority application date specified by the college student aid commission.
- c. Attend an orientation session, in person or virtually, for the eligible institution.
- d. Register for courses with the assistance of an advisor, create a graduation plan as required under the eligible program, and participate in available academic advising sessions.
- e. Enroll in an eligible program at an eligible institution.
- f. Consider participating in the volunteer mentor program, as defined by the commission on volunteer service.
- g. Participate in available career advising sessions as required under the eligible program, including creation of a career plan when possible.
- h. Meet satisfactory academic progress standards as defined by the eligible institution in accordance with the provisions of the federal Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.
- i. Receive no more than the equivalent of five full-time awards or eight part-time awards.
- j. Meet one of the following three conditions:
 - (1) Prior to becoming an adult learner, enroll on a full-time or part-time basis following graduation from an Iowa high school, completion of private instruction under Iowa Code chapter 299A, or receipt of

a high school equivalency diploma under Iowa Code chapter 259A, and maintain continuous enrollment on a full-time or part-time basis in subsequent semesters, with the exception of the summer semester, to receive additional awards. An eligible student must enroll on at least a part-time basis during the summer semester to receive an award. An eligible student may enroll in fewer than 12 semester hours, or the equivalent, in the semester that the credential will be completed if full-time enrollment is not required to complete the program of study.

(2) Prior to becoming an adult learner, and following graduation from an Iowa high school, completion of private instruction under Iowa Code chapter 299A, or receipt of a high school equivalency diploma under Iowa Code chapter 259A, enter into full-time or part-time employment in a state-recognized work-based learning program approved by the Iowa department of education and enroll on a full-time or part-time basis and maintain continuous enrollment on a full-time or part-time basis in subsequent terms to receive additional awards. An eligible student may enroll in fewer than six semester hours, or the equivalent, in the semester that the credential will be completed if half-time enrollment is not required to complete the program of study.

(3) Following receipt of a high school diploma or high school equivalency diploma, and after becoming an adult learner, enroll on a full-time or part-time basis in an eligible program at an eligible institution, and maintain continuous enrollment on a full-time or part-time basis in subsequent semesters to receive additional awards. An eligible student may enroll in fewer than six semester hours, or the equivalent, in the semester that the credential will be completed if half-time enrollment is not required to complete the program of study.

If the student discontinues enrollment at the eligible institution due to military deployment, a temporary medical incapacity, in relation to the declaration of a national or state emergency, or other exceptional circumstances approved by the commission, the student must apply for a waiver. If the waiver is approved, the student is not required to maintain continuous enrollment during the period covered by the waiver.

15.3(2) Reserved.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19; ARC 5223C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20; ARC 6730C, IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

283—15.4(261) Award amounts.

15.4(1) Awards for eligible students attending Iowa community colleges shall not exceed the remaining tuition and mandatory institutionwide fees after applying federal and state nonrepayable aid. However, awards for eligible students enrolled on a full-time basis shall be at least \$250 per semester or the equivalent amount if the eligible institution operates on a system other than the semester system. Awards for eligible students enrolled on a part-time basis shall be the same amount prorated based on the number of semester hours, or the equivalent, in which the part-time student enrolls.

15.4(2) Awards for eligible students attending an accredited private institution or eligible institution, as defined in Iowa Code section 261.9, shall not exceed the average tuition and mandatory institutionwide fees at Iowa community colleges after applying federal and state nonrepayable aid. However, awards for eligible students enrolled on a full-time basis shall be at least \$250 per semester or the equivalent amount if the eligible institution operates on a system other than the semester system. Awards for eligible students enrolled on a part-time basis shall be the same amount prorated based on the number of semester hours, or the equivalent, in which the part-time student enrolls. The average resident tuition and mandatory institutionwide fees will be determined by the Iowa department of education.

15.4(3) A student must be enrolled as a regular student in an eligible program that qualifies for Title IV funds. Tuition and institutionwide mandatory fees associated only with coursework required for the student's Title IV-eligible program of study can be used to determine the award amount.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—15.5(261) Selection of eligible programs.

15.5(1) An eligible program must lead to a credential aligned with a high-demand job pursuant to Iowa Code section 84A.1B(14).

15.5(2) Before an approved program is considered an eligible program, the department of workforce development and the college student aid commission, in consultation with the Iowa department of education, must jointly certify that the program of study and credential are aligned with a high-demand job.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19; ARC 5223C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—15.6(261) Criteria for maintaining eligible program status. The following criteria shall be used in the certification process.

15.6(1) By providing student data in a form and manner prescribed by the college student aid commission, the eligible institution shall demonstrate the eligible program, upon completion, leads to employment and not primarily to transfer to baccalaureate degree programs. The college student aid commission, the department of workforce development, and the Iowa department of education shall jointly determine employment outcomes, including wage thresholds.

If an eligible institution fails to demonstrate that an eligible program meets the certified outcomes for three successive years, new eligible students entering the eligible program are prohibited from receiving awards under this rule until such time that the college student aid commission determines that certified outcomes are being met.

15.6(2) A list of all programs eligible for the future ready Iowa skilled workforce last-dollar scholarship program, as well as the required courses and the suggested course sequence, must be available in one prominent location on the eligible institution's website.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—15.7(261) Awarding of funds.

15.7(1) Eligible students who enroll in eligible programs at eligible institutions may receive awards during a semester.

15.7(2) In the first year that funding is appropriated, and in the event that funds available are insufficient to award all eligible students, awards are first prioritized to eligible students who were not enrolled during the previous academic year. Applications will be ranked in date-received order, and students who complete the application by the earliest date will receive awards insofar as funds permit.

15.7(3) In the event that funds available are insufficient to award all eligible students, awards are first prioritized to eligible students who received an award during the prior year, according to the date the student completes the application. Applications will be ranked in date-received order, and students who complete the application by the earliest date will receive awards insofar as funds permit.

15.7(4) In the event that funds available are sufficient to award all eligible students meeting the conditions specified in subrule 15.7(2) or 15.7(3) but are insufficient to award all eligible students, awards are provided to additional eligible students according to the date the student completes the application. Applications will be ranked in date-received order, and students who complete the application by the earliest date will receive awards insofar as funds permit.

15.7(5) If the state workforce development board or a community college district removes a high-demand job from a list created under 2018 Iowa Acts, House File 2458, section 7, as amended by 2019 Iowa Acts, House File 758, section 12, an eligible student who received an award in a program of study aligned with that high-demand job shall continue to receive the award as long as the student continues to meet all other eligibility criteria.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—15.8(261) Institution eligibility requirements.

15.8(1) *Application process.* An institution requesting to participate in the future ready Iowa skilled workforce last-dollar scholarship program must apply to the college student aid commission using the college student aid commission's designated application. An applicant institution must provide the college student aid commission with documentation establishing eligibility as described in subrule 15.8(2). Applicant institutions seeking to participate in the future ready Iowa skilled workforce last-dollar scholarship program must submit applications by October 1 of the year prior to the beginning

of the academic year for which they are applying for participation, with the exception of the first state fiscal year in which appropriations are authorized for expenditure.

15.8(2) Eligible institution. An Iowa community college as defined in Iowa Code section 260C.2 or an accredited private institution or eligible institution as defined in Iowa Code section 261.9 must:

- a. Require eligible students to:
 - (1) Attend an orientation session, in person or virtually, for the eligible institution.
 - (2) Register for courses with the assistance of an advisor, create a graduation plan as required under the eligible program, and participate in available academic advising sessions.
 - (3) Participate in available career advising sessions as required under the eligible program, including creation of a career plan when possible.
- b. Notify eligible students of the volunteer mentor program, encourage them to participate, and facilitate, in collaboration with the commission on volunteer service, the assignment of a volunteer mentor to each eligible student, based on the student's interests.
- c. Facilitate connections through campus career centers and services to internships and similar local, state, and federal programs.
- d. Market the eligible institution's eligible programs and optional incentives on the eligible institution's website and to other relevant agencies and organizations as recommended by the college student aid commission, commission on volunteer service, or department of workforce development.
- e. Submit information annually to the college student aid commission including, but not limited to, information regarding recipients, scholarship disbursements, recipients' eligible programs, recipient completion rates by eligible program, and recipient employment outcomes. Information shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the college student aid commission. The college student aid commission may collaborate with other state agencies to obtain data from existing sources to reduce eligible institution reporting requirements.

15.8(3) Compliance reviews. The college student aid commission shall periodically investigate and review compliance of institutions participating in the future ready Iowa skilled workforce last-dollar scholarship program.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—15.9(261) Award notification. A scholarship recipient will be notified of the award by the institution to which application is made. The institution is responsible for completing necessary verification and for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts. The eligible institution shall report changes in student eligibility to the college student aid commission.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—15.10(261) Award transfers and adjustments. Recipients are responsible for promptly notifying the appropriate eligible institution of any change in enrollment. The eligible institution will make necessary changes and notify the college student aid commission.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—15.11(261) Restrictions. A student who is in default on a Stafford Loan, an SLS Loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for assistance under the future ready Iowa skilled workforce last-dollar scholarship program. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by the college student aid commission's ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in an appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

[ARC 4607C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

These rules are intended to implement 2018 Iowa Acts, House File 2458, section 12.

[Filed ARC 4607C (Notice ARC 4474C, IAB 6/5/19), IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

[Filed ARC 5223C (Notice ARC 5125C, IAB 8/12/20), IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

[Filed ARC 6730C (Notice ARC 6479C, IAB 8/24/22), IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

CHAPTER 16
FUTURE READY IOWA SKILLED WORKFORCE GRANT PROGRAM

283—16.1(261) Basis for aid. The future ready Iowa skilled workforce grant program provides grant assistance to Iowa residents enrolled in eligible programs aligned with high-demand jobs.
[ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—16.2(261) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“Continuous enrollment” means an eligible student is enrolled in the fall and spring semesters of a single year. Enrollment in the summer semester is not required.

“Eligible program” means a curriculum leading to a baccalaureate degree that is eligible for Title IV financial aid and is aligned with a high-demand job designated by the state workforce development board pursuant to 2018 Iowa Acts, House File 2458, section 7, as amended by 2019 Iowa Acts, House File 758, section 12. The eligible program must be certified through the selection process described in rule 283—16.5(261).

“Full-time” means enrollment in at least 12 semester hours or the equivalent.

“Part-time” means enrollment in at least 6 but less than 12 semester hours or the equivalent. An eligible student may enroll in less than six semester hours in the semester in which the eligible program will be completed if less than six semester hours are required to complete the eligible program.

“Semester” means the fall, spring, or summer term of enrollment at an eligible institution, if the eligible institution is on a semester system, or the equivalent, if the institution is on a system other than a semester system.

[ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—16.3(261) Eligible students. An applicant of the future ready Iowa skilled workforce grant must:

1. Be an Iowa resident as defined in 283—Chapter 10.
2. Annually complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid and any other application required by the college student aid commission by the priority application date specified by the college student aid commission.
3. Attend an orientation session, in person or virtually, for the eligible institution.
4. Register for courses with the assistance of an advisor, create a graduation plan as required under the eligible program, and participate in available academic advising sessions.
5. Enroll in an eligible program at an eligible institution.
6. Consider participating in the volunteer mentor program, as defined by the commission on volunteer service.
7. Have earned at least half of the credits necessary to complete an eligible program. Preference will be given to applicants returning to complete their first baccalaureate degree.
8. Not have been enrolled in postsecondary education for two academic years prior to the academic year in which the grant is first received.
9. Upon receipt of the grant, maintain continuous full-time or part-time enrollment at an eligible institution.

If the student is granted a leave of absence by the eligible institution in accordance with provisions of the federal Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, the student is not required to maintain continuous enrollment during the period covered by the approved leave of absence.

10. Participate in available career advising sessions as required under the eligible program, including creation of a career plan when possible.

11. Meet satisfactory academic progress standards as defined by the eligible institution in accordance with the provisions of the federal Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.

12. Receive awards for no more than the equivalent of four full-time semesters or eight part-time semesters or until the eligible student completes the eligible program, whichever occurs first.

[ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—16.4(261) Award amounts. Awards for eligible students enrolled on a full-time basis shall be at least \$1,000 annually. Awards for eligible students enrolled on a part-time basis shall be the same amount prorated based on the number of semester hours in which the part-time student enrolls.

[ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—16.5(261) Selection of eligible programs.

16.5(1) An eligible program must lead to a credential aligned with a high-demand job pursuant to 2018 Iowa Acts, House File 2458, section 7, as amended by 2019 Iowa Acts, House File 758, section 12.

16.5(2) Before a program of study is considered an eligible program, the department of workforce development and the college student aid commission, in consultation with the eligible institution, must jointly certify that the program of study and credential are aligned with a high-demand job.

16.5(3) A list of required courses and the suggested course sequence for each eligible program must be available in a prominent location on the eligible institution's website.

16.5(4) Eligible programs may be reviewed by the commission periodically to ensure compliance with the criteria set forth in this rule.

[ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—16.6(261) Awarding of funds.

16.6(1) Selection criteria. Eligible students who enroll in eligible programs at eligible institutions may be considered for awards during a semester.

16.6(2) Priority for grants. In the event that funds available are insufficient to award all on-time applicants, awards are prioritized in the following order:

a. Eligible students who received the grant in the prior year.

In the event that funds available are insufficient to award all on-time applicants as specified in this paragraph, awards are prioritized to eligible students who received a grant during the prior year, according to the date the student completes the application. Applications will be ranked in date-received order, and students who complete the application by the earliest date will receive awards, insofar as funds permit.

b. Eligible students with 12 or fewer semester hours remaining to complete an eligible program.

In the event that funds available are insufficient to award all on-time applicants in an eligible program, as specified in this paragraph, awards are prioritized to eligible students according to the date the student completes the application. Applications will be ranked in date-received order, and students who complete the application by the earliest date will receive awards, insofar as funds permit.

c. Eligible students with more than 12 semester hours remaining to complete an eligible program.

In the event that funds available are insufficient to award all on-time applicants in an eligible program, as specified in this paragraph, awards are prioritized to eligible students according to the date the student completes the application. Applications will be ranked in date-received order, and students who complete the application by the earliest date will receive awards, insofar as funds permit.

16.6(3) Removal of high-demand job from list. If the state workforce development board removes a high-demand job from a list created under 2018 Iowa Acts, House File 2458, section 7, as amended by 2019 Iowa Acts, House File 758, section 12, an eligible student who received a grant in a program of study aligned with that high-demand job shall continue to receive the grant as long as the student continues to meet all other eligibility criteria.

[ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—16.7(261) Institution eligibility requirements.

16.7(1) Application process. An institution requesting to participate in the future ready Iowa skilled workforce grant program must apply to the college student aid commission using the college student aid commission's designated application. An applicant institution must provide the college student aid commission with documentation establishing eligibility as described in subrule 16.7(2). Applicant institutions seeking to participate in the future ready Iowa skilled workforce grant program must submit applications by October 1 of the year prior to the beginning of the academic year for which they are

applying for participation, with the exception of the first state fiscal year in which appropriations are authorized for expenditure.

16.7(2) Eligible institution. An institution of higher learning governed by the state board of regents or an accredited private institution or eligible institution as defined in Iowa Code section 261.9 must:

a. Require eligible students to:

- (1) Attend an orientation session, in person or virtually, for the eligible institution.
- (2) Register for courses with the assistance of an advisor, create a graduation plan as required under the eligible program, and participate in available academic advising sessions.
- (3) Participate in available career advising sessions as required under the eligible program, including creation of a career plan when possible.

b. Notify eligible students of the volunteer mentor program, encourage them to participate, and facilitate, in collaboration with the commission on volunteer service, the assignment of a volunteer mentor to each eligible student, based on the student's interests.

c. Facilitate connections through campus career centers and services to internships and similar local, state, and federal programs.

d. Market the eligible institution's eligible programs and optional incentives on the eligible institution's website and to other relevant agencies and organizations as recommended by the college student aid commission, commission on volunteer service, or department of workforce development.

e. Submit information annually to the college student aid commission including, but not limited to, information regarding recipients, grant disbursements, recipients' eligible programs, recipient completion rates by eligible program, and recipient employment outcomes. Information shall be submitted in the format prescribed by the college student aid commission.

16.7(3) Compliance reviews. The college student aid commission shall periodically investigate and review compliance of institutions participating in the future ready Iowa skilled workforce grant program. [ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—16.8(261) Award notification. A grant recipient will be notified of the award by the institution to which application is made. The institution is responsible for completing necessary verification and for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts. The eligible institution shall report changes in student eligibility to the college student aid commission. [ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—16.9(261) Award transfers and adjustments. Recipients are responsible for promptly notifying the appropriate eligible institution of any change in enrollment. The institution will make necessary changes and notify the college student aid commission. [ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

283—16.10(261) Restrictions. A student who is in default on a Stafford Loan, an SLS Loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for assistance under the future ready Iowa skilled workforce grant program. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by the college student aid commission's ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in an appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5. [ARC 4608C, IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

These rules are intended to implement 2018 Iowa Acts, House File 2458, section 13.

[Filed ARC 4608C (Notice ARC 4473C, IAB 6/5/19), IAB 8/14/19, effective 9/18/19]

CHAPTER 17

BARBER AND COSMETOLOGY ARTS AND SCIENCES TUITION GRANT PROGRAM

Rescinded **ARC 3854C**, IAB 6/20/18, effective 7/25/18

CHAPTER 18
IOWA WORK-STUDY PROGRAM
[Prior to 8/10/88, College Aid Commission, 245—Ch 18]

283—18.1(261) Administrative procedures. To facilitate efficient administration, the commission hereby adopts the federal work-study regulations found at 34 CFR 675 as of December 31, 1992. Provisions of the federal regulations include, but are not limited to:

1. Need analysis,
2. Student budgets,
3. Wage and salary administration,
4. Civil rights requirements,
5. Employee benefits,
6. State workers' compensation laws, and
7. Social security requirements.

A college or university must administer state-funded work-study funds for Iowa residents in the same manner as the college or university administers its federal work-study program, except that state funds may not be transferred to other student aid programs.

283—18.2(261) Student eligibility. A recipient must be an Iowa resident enrolled for at least three semester hours, or the trimester or quarter equivalent, in a program leading to a degree from an eligible Iowa college or university. "Iowa resident" means an individual who meets the residency requirements established in 283—Chapter 10.

Funds may be used to provide part-time or full-time work opportunities to students registered for classes at the college or university for the academic year. For this program, academic year is defined as July 1 through June 30. Work opportunities may be provided during the summer to students who are enrolled for the upcoming fall term.

[ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

283—18.3(261) College and university eligibility. To be eligible to participate in the Iowa work-study program, a college or university must be an Iowa regent university, an Iowa community college, or a college or university eligible to participate in the Iowa tuition grant program.

18.3(1) Application to participate. An Iowa college or university requesting participation in the Iowa work-study program must apply to the college student aid commission using the commission's designated application.

a. Applicant colleges and universities shall provide the commission with documentation that establishes their eligibility as described in Iowa Code section 261.83 on application forms provided by the commission.

b. Colleges and universities seeking initial approval to participate in the Iowa work-study program must submit applications by January 1 for participation in the upcoming academic year.

c. Colleges and universities approved for participation in the program must sign an agreement provided by the commission that defines the manner in which the Iowa work-study program is to be administered.

18.3(2) Annual application. Participating colleges and universities are required to submit annual applications on forms provided by the commission. The applications shall provide pertinent information deemed necessary by the commission for administration of the program.

18.3(3) Notice of change of status. Any college or university which loses eligibility to participate in the Iowa work-study program, as described in 283—18.3(261), must immediately notify the commission. A college or university that fails to comply with this notice of change of status requirement may be required to return Iowa work-study funds to the commission.

18.3(4) Reporting requirements. Every college or university participating in the Iowa work-study program shall submit an annual report which includes student and faculty information, enrollment and employment information, the amount of institutional matching dollars, and other information required by the commission as described in Iowa Code sections 261.9 through 261.16.

The commission's report format includes student-specific information, the number of students served, the amount of funds used during the academic year, and other information needed to prepare the commission's budget request for the next academic year. Student-specific information may include, but is not limited to, student name, address, social security number, number of hours worked, and the amount of the Iowa work-study award. Final reports must be submitted to the commission by July 31 of each year.

283—18.4(261) Award notices. The commission will annually provide award information based on college and university applications, each college or university's relative need for funding, and the program's appropriation. Updates will be provided in the event of adjustments to the appropriation or as a result of colleges or universities opting not to participate.

283—18.5(261) Disbursement schedule. Funds will be disbursed in equal installments at the beginning of each fall and spring term except that college and university awards of less than \$50,000 will be disbursed in one payment.

283—18.6(261) Matching funds. A college or university is required to provide at least 20 percent in institutional matching funds unless the college or university has received a waiver of the federal work-study match requirement from the federal government.

283—18.7(261) Due process. Students and college and university officials may appeal commission action in accordance with the commission's administrative rules, 283—Chapter 4.

283—18.8(261) Student award notification. The college or university shall notify work-study award recipients of the award. The award notification must clearly indicate that the award is funded through the Iowa work-study program and must include the award amount, the state program from which funding will be received, and notification that funding is contingent upon the availability of state funds. The college or university is responsible for completing necessary verification and for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts.

283—18.9(261) Unused funds. The commission will reallocate unused funds and, if necessary, deduct any excess funds from an institution's subsequent award.

283—18.10(261) Employment restrictions. The creation of work-study opportunities shall not result in the displacement of employed workers or impair or affect existing contracts for services. Moneys used by an institution for the work-study program shall supplement and not supplant jobs and existing financial aid programs provided to students through the institution.

283—18.11(261) Restrictions. A student who is in default on a Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for assistance under the Iowa work-study program. A student's eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in an appeal under the procedure set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.3.

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CHAPTER 19
ACCELERATED CAREER EDUCATION GRANT PROGRAM
Rescinded **ARC 1870C**, IAB 2/18/15, effective 3/25/15

CHAPTER 20
IOWA NATIONAL GUARD SERVICE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

283—20.1(261) Scholarships to Iowa national guard members for undergraduate studies at eligible Iowa institutions. The adjutant general shall determine eligibility requirements and select program recipients. The decision of the adjutant general is final.

20.1(1) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“*Federal active duty*” means military duty performed pursuant to orders issued under Title 10, United States Code, other than for training.

“*State-defined payment period*” means one of six payment terms and corresponding deadlines as defined by the college student aid commission.

20.1(2) Guard member eligibility. A recipient must:

a. Be a resident of Iowa, as defined by the adjutant general of Iowa, and a member of an Iowa army or air national guard unit throughout each term for which the member receives benefits.

b. Have satisfactorily completed required guard training.

c. Have maintained satisfactory performance of guard duty.

d. Have applied to the adjutant general of Iowa for program eligibility by the established application deadline date(s) by completing the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and any other application form required. The adjutant general shall accept an application from an eligible member of the Iowa national guard who was on federal active duty at the time of an application deadline if the application is received within 30 days after the eligible member returns to Iowa from federal active duty. The applicant will be considered for funding for the state-defined payment period in which the application was received and any future state-defined payment periods in that academic year.

e. Be pursuing a certificate or undergraduate degree program at an eligible Iowa college or university and maintaining satisfactory academic progress.

f. Provide notice of national guard status to the college or university at the time of registration.

20.1(3) Institutional eligibility. Guard members attending the following categories of colleges and universities located in Iowa are eligible to receive awards under this program:

a. Institutions accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools (NCA).

b. State-supported area community colleges accredited by the state department of education.

“*Located in Iowa*” means a college or university accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, that has made a substantial investment in a permanent Iowa campus and staff, and that offers a full range of courses leading to the degrees offered by the institution as well as a full range of student services.

20.1(4) Award notification. A guard member is notified of eligibility by the adjutant general of Iowa. The adjutant general will notify the Iowa college student aid commission (commission) of all eligible members. The commission will notify Iowa colleges and universities of guard member eligibility.

20.1(5) Award limitations. Awards may be used for tuition and fees; room and board; books, supplies, transportation and personal expenses; dependent care; and disability-related expenses. Individual award amounts shall be determined by the adjutant general and shall be neither less than an amount equal to 50 percent of the resident tuition rate established for students attending regent institutions nor exceed the amount of the resident tuition rate established for students attending regent institutions.

20.1(6) Restrictions.

a. A guard member may use scholarships only for undergraduate expenses described in subrule 20.1(5).

b. A guard member who has met the educational requirements for a baccalaureate degree is not eligible for benefits.

c. A qualified student may receive benefits for no more than 120 semester credit hours, or the equivalent, of undergraduate study. All credit hours within a term of enrollment to which a scholarship was applied must be reported to the commission within the state-defined payment period.

d. A qualified student who is enrolled in a postsecondary program of study that meets the eligibility requirements of the Edith Nourse Rogers STEM scholarship may receive benefits for no more than 130 credit hours, or the equivalent, of undergraduate study. All credit hours within a term of enrollment to which a scholarship is applied must be reported to the commission within the state-defined payment period.

20.1(7) Verification and compliance.

a. The adjutant general will notify the commission of all eligible guard members. Changes in member eligibility will be sent to the commission within 30 days of the change.

b. The commission will notify eligible Iowa colleges and universities of guard member eligibility.

c. The commission will coordinate the collection and dissemination of eligibility and enrollment information received from the adjutant general and colleges and universities.

d. The institution's financial aid administrator will be responsible for completing academic progress enrollment verifications and for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts. Colleges and universities will report changes in student enrollment to the commission within 30 days after the last day of the enrollment period.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.86.

[ARC 1319C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 2207C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15; ARC 2753C, IAB 10/12/16, effective 11/16/16; ARC 4184C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19; ARC 4717C, IAB 10/23/19, effective 11/27/19]

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CHAPTER 21
APPROVAL OF POSTSECONDARY SCHOOLS

283—21.1(261B,261G) Postsecondary registration, exemption from registration, and participation in the commission-approved reciprocity agreement. The college student aid commission examines college and university applications for registration to operate in Iowa or authorization to operate under an exemption from registration and monitors schools approved by the commission to operate in the state. The commission also examines Iowa college and university applications for participation in an interstate reciprocity agreement under which the commission is an approved participant.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16; ARC 5964C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

283—21.2(261B,261G) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“*Interstate reciprocity agreement administrator*” means the entity with which the commission has an agreement to participate in interstate reciprocity under Iowa Code chapter 261G.

“*Registration*” means the process by which a school must seek, or voluntarily seeks, the commission’s explicit approval to operate in Iowa or offer courses of instruction to Iowans under Iowa Code chapter 261B.

“*School*” means a postsecondary educational institution that applies to register or is currently registered to offer all or a portion of a program in Iowa, or applies to operate or is operating under an approved exemption from registration, under Iowa Code chapter 261B. “School” also means a postsecondary educational institution that is seeking to participate in the commission’s approved interstate reciprocity agreement under Iowa Code chapter 261G or that is a “participating resident institution” as defined in Iowa Code section 261G.2. A postsecondary educational institution that maintains a physical location outside of the state of Iowa and that must register under Iowa Code chapter 261B to operate at a physical location in this state is not a school that is eligible to participate in the commission’s approved interstate reciprocity agreement under Iowa Code chapter 261G.

“*School closure*” means a precipitous or abrupt closure of a school during a semester, school period, or term of enrollment that leaves students without an option to complete the courses or program they started and with no ability to receive credit.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16; ARC 5964C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

283—21.3(261B,261G) Registration approval criteria. The college student aid commission will approve an applicant school that completes a registration application provided by the commission and meets all of the following criteria:

21.3(1) The applicant school is accredited by an agency recognized by the United States Department of Education or its successor agency. The applicant school shall certify to the commission the school’s status with the accrediting agency at the time of the application and provide information about any pending or final action that may affect the school’s status with its accrediting agency.

As applicable, the applicant school shall provide the commission the name of any programmatic accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education that accredits the specific programs the applicant school proposes to offer under its registration.

21.3(2) The applicant school certifies to the commission that the applicant school’s approval to operate in a state has not been revoked by the state, the school has not been sanctioned by a state within a year prior to the date of its application, and the school is not under investigation or bound by the terms of a judgment issued by a state’s attorney general or other enforcement authority.

21.3(3) The applicant school certifies that it is not subject to a limitation, suspension or termination order issued by the United States Department of Education or its successor agency. The applicant school shall provide the commission with a copy of the school’s current program participation agreement with the United States Department of Education.

21.3(4) The applicant school complies with Iowa Code section 261B.7, which prohibits a school from advertising that the school is approved or accredited by the commission or the state of Iowa.

However, an applicant school must demonstrate the method by which it will disclose that the school is registered with the commission and provide the commission's contact information for students who wish to inquire about the school or file a complaint.

21.3(5) The applicant school provides the commission with institutional policies adopted by the school that comply with the requirements of Iowa Code section 261.9(1) "e" to "h."

a. For a program in which a student's academic progress is measured only in clock hours, the school shall provide a full refund of tuition and mandatory fees to a student who withdraws and who requests that benefit under Iowa Code section 261.9(1) "g" for the payment period in which the student withdrew. The payment period is determined under rules promulgated by the United States Department of Education for the disbursement of federal Stafford loan funds.

b. The employee policy for reporting suspected incidents of child physical or sexual abuse required by Iowa Code section 261.9(1) "h" shall apply to individuals the school compensates to conduct activities on the school's behalf at an Iowa location.

21.3(6) If required by the commission, the applicant school files annual reports that the commission also requires from all Iowa colleges and universities.

21.3(7) The applicant school demonstrates financial viability by providing a copy of the institution's most recent audit that was prepared by a certified public accounting firm no more than 12 months prior to the date of the application and that provides an unqualified opinion. An applicant school must provide the auditor's report as an attachment to the registration application, which is posted on the commission's Internet site. However, the school may provide financial statements associated with the audit in a separate electronic file that is marked "confidential." Financial statements that a school identifies as "confidential" will not be treated as public records under Iowa Code chapter 22.

21.3(8) The applicant school provides a description of the learning resources it offers to students, including appropriate library and other support services the school provides to its students.

21.3(9) The applicant school provides evidence that faculty within an appropriate discipline are involved in developing and evaluating curriculum for the program(s) being registered in Iowa.

21.3(10) The applicant school provides documentation or information posted on its Internet site that describes the educational and experiential qualifications of all faculty or instructors who teach in the programs the school proposes to offer under its registration and the general subject matter in which faculty members or instructors teach. The applicant school shall also provide the number of full-time and part-time faculty and instructors who will teach the courses offered to Iowans.

21.3(11) The applicant school provides documentation demonstrating that a program which prepares a student for an occupation that requires professional licensure in Iowa and which the school proposes to offer under its registration:

a. Has been approved by the appropriate state of Iowa licensing agency and accrediting agency, if such approval is required, or

b. Meets curriculum standards of the appropriate state of Iowa licensing agency such that the state of Iowa licensing agency does not require the student to complete additional coursework or practicum hours that the school did not offer in its professional licensure preparation program.

21.3(12) The school submits a request for amendment of its registration subject to commission approval in the event the school makes a substantive change in location, program offering, or accreditation during its registration term. A substantive change in program offering occurs when a school proposes to initiate a program that requires the approval of the state board of education or any other program that prepares a student for an occupation that requires professional licensure in this state.

21.3(13) During its registration term, the school notifies the commission within 90 days after adding a program that does not require the school to seek the commission's amendment approval under subrule 21.3(12).

21.3(14) The applicant school certifies that it will immediately notify the commission of any pending or final sanction issued by the school's accrediting agency, another state agency that registers or licenses the school during its registration term, or a state attorney general's office or other enforcement authority.

21.3(15) The applicant school provides a statement, signed by its chief executive officer, demonstrating the applicant school's commitment to the delivery of programs offered in Iowa and

agreeing to provide alternatives for students to complete their programs at the same or other schools if the applicant school discontinues a program, the applicant school closes, or the applicant school closes an Iowa site before students have completed their courses of study.

Notwithstanding any limitations on student eligibility for a teach-out plan approved by a school's accrediting agency, the alternatives that the school provides under this agreement with the commission shall ensure that all academically eligible students attending the programs the school offers under its registration are provided with a viable option(s) to finish the program(s).

21.3(16) If the applicant school is for profit, the applicant school provides evidence that its most recently calculated percentage of revenue derived from funds received under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, does not exceed the threshold established by the United States Department of Education.

21.3(17) If the applicant school is nonpublic, the applicant school provides evidence of its official financial responsibility composite score, as calculated using the method prescribed by the United States Department of Education.

a. A school demonstrates that its financial responsibility composite score is official by providing written confirmation of its composite score from the United States Department of Education.

b. A school that does not participate in the postsecondary student financial aid programs authorized by the United States Department of Education demonstrates that its financial responsibility composite score is official by providing written confirmation of its composite score from its accrediting agency. If the school's accrediting agency does not independently verify the school's composite score, the school must submit written confirmation from its independent auditor.

21.3(18) A nonpublic school that does not have a legal governing body, such as a board of directors or board of trustees, shall provide the names, titles, and educational and experiential qualifications of the persons holding key academic and operational leadership positions at the school.

21.3(19) A nonpublic school that is a subsidiary of another organization provides all of the following:

a. The name of the parent organization.

b. The names and titles of the members of the parent organization's legal governing body, such as a board of directors or board of trustees. In the absence of a legal governing body, the school provides the information described in subrule 21.3(18).

c. The name(s) of any other school(s) that is a subsidiary of the same parent organization.

21.3(20) The school posts a list of required and suggested textbooks for all courses and corresponding international standard book numbers for such textbooks at least 14 days before the start of each semester or term at the locations where textbooks are sold on campus and on the school's Internet site.

21.3(21) The school provides any additional information the commission requires to evaluate the school.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.4(261B,261G) Additional approval criteria for an applicant school that applies for registration to maintain a fixed location in Iowa. In addition to meeting the registration approval criteria in rule 283—21.3(261B,261G), a school that applies for registration to operate a campus, branch campus, student services center, or administrative office at a fixed location in Iowa shall meet all of the following additional criteria:

1. The applicant school employs at least one full-time Iowa faculty member or one program or student services coordinator devoted to Iowa students.

2. The applicant school provides to the commission the name of and business contact information for a contact person in Iowa.

3. The applicant school demonstrates that it has adequate physical facilities located in Iowa appropriate for the programs and services offered.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.5(261B,261G) Additional criteria for an out-of-state applicant school that applies for registration to offer programs via in-person instruction but in a nontraditional format.

21.5(1) In addition to meeting the approval criteria in rule 283—21.3(261B,261G), an out-of-state school that applies for registration to offer programs via in-person instruction but in a nontraditional format shall notify the commission in writing within 90 days of the date that the school establishes a new Iowa location at which Iowa students will receive instruction in the school’s nontraditional program. Notification to the commission via electronic mail is acceptable. If the school’s accrediting agency requires preapproval of the new Iowa location, the school’s notice to the commission must include a copy of that accrediting agency’s approval. If the school’s accrediting agency does not require preapproval of the new Iowa location, the school must certify that accrediting agency approval is not required. Such a school is not required to submit a registration amendment request under subrule 21.3(12).

21.5(2) For the purposes of this rule, “nontraditional format” includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- a. A program offered partially via distance education and partially via in-person instruction at a location in Iowa by faculty or instructors compensated by the applicant school.
- b. A program offered partially at the applicant school’s out-of-state campus and partially via in-person instruction at a location in Iowa by faculty or instructors compensated by the applicant school.
- c. A program offered at a location in Iowa through compressed courses scheduled on Saturday or Sunday.
- d. A program offered only during the summer months.
- e. A program offered at temporary locations in Iowa where the school identifies cohorts of students who have expressed interest in the program.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.6(261B,261G) Additional approval criteria and exception for an out-of-state applicant school that applies for registration to offer distance education programs.

21.6(1) An out-of-state school offering distance education programs is not required to register in Iowa if its home state approves the school to participate in a commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement. If an out-of-state applicant school providing distance education programs in Iowa is not approved by the school’s home state to participate in a commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement, in addition to meeting the approval criteria in rule 283—21.3(261B,261G), the out-of-state applicant school shall meet all of the following additional criteria:

- a. The applicant school discloses the name and business contact information of any person compensated by the school (including by honorarium) to remotely provide instruction or academic supervision in the school’s distance education courses from any Iowa location.
- b. The applicant school discloses the name, business contact information, and duties of any person the applicant school compensates to remotely perform operational activities from any Iowa location.

21.6(2) Exception. If a school applies for registration solely to offer distance education programs that include a structured field experience in which the student will participate at an Iowa location and the applicant school maintains no other presence in Iowa as defined in Iowa Code section 261B.2, the school is not required to implement a policy that complies with Iowa Code section 261.9(1) “h.”

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.7(261B,261G) Recruiting for an out-of-state applicant school’s residential programs from an Iowa location.

21.7(1) An out-of-state applicant school that compensates a party to recruit Iowans for its campus-based, residential programs shall apply for registration if the recruiter maintains an Iowa address. In addition to meeting all of the criteria in rule 283—21.3(261B,261G), the applicant school shall disclose the name of and business contact information for its Iowa-based recruiter.

21.7(2) An out-of-state applicant school that compensates a person to recruit students for its campus-based, residential programs is not required to apply for registration if the school’s recruitment activities at a location in Iowa are occasional and short-term; for example, at a college fair or conference.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.8(261B,261G) Provisional registration.

21.8(1) The commission may grant provisional registration under the following conditions:

a. An out-of-state applicant school is accredited by an entity or organization recognized by the United States Department of Education or its successor agency at the time the school submits its registration application; and

b. The applicant school must obtain the commission's approval before the school's accrediting agency will consider approving the applicant school to operate at a physical location in Iowa.

21.8(2) The commission may prohibit the school from initiating instruction at a location in Iowa until the school obtains its accrediting agency's approval to operate at an Iowa location.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.9(261B,261G) Duration of registration; application for renewal.

21.9(1) Upon approval by the commission, an applicant school is registered for a period of two calendar years, contingent upon the school's compliance with commission requirements as provided in this chapter.

21.9(2) A registered school shall submit a completed registration renewal application to the commission at least six months before the ending date of the school's current registration term. A school is solely responsible for submitting a timely renewal application.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.10(261B,261G) Limitation, denial, or revocation of registration.

21.10(1) At the time of initial registration or registration renewal and during a registration term, the commission may take action that includes, but is not limited to, limiting a school's program offerings or enrollment or denying or revoking the school's registration as a result of any of the following:

a. An adverse notice, warning, or other sanction issued by the school's accrediting agency.

b. An adverse action or sanction issued by the United States Department of Education.

c. A lawsuit filed by a state agency, a state attorney general's office, or another enforcement authority.

d. A judgment issued by a state attorney general's office or another enforcement authority.

e. A for-profit school's most recently calculated percentage of revenue derived from funds received under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, that exceeds the threshold established by the United States Department of Education.

f. Repeated complaints about a school received from the school's students by the commission, by another state, or by a state attorney general's office.

g. Notice that the school has experienced a change of ownership or governance. The school shall notify the commission no later than 30 calendar days after the change in ownership or governance.

h. Failure to pay fees due to the commission in accordance with rule 283—21.12(261B,261G).

i. Other actions deemed by the commission as significant evidence that the school should not be allowed to operate under this chapter.

21.10(2) Reserved.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.11(261B,261G) School, Iowa site, or program closure.

21.11(1) No later than 90 days before a registered school takes action to discontinue a program that is offered by the school under its registration, close an Iowa site, or close the school, the school must notify the commission in writing.

21.11(2) The school's notice to the commission shall include all of the following:

a. The full name, residential address, telephone number, email address, program name, and anticipated graduation date of affected Iowa resident students or, as applicable, affected students at the school's Iowa campus(es). The school shall organize this list in alphabetical order by student last name.

b. Documentation of the school's proposed notice to students.

c. The school's specific plan to provide alternatives for affected students to complete the programs offered under the school's registration in accordance with the agreement described in subrule 21.3(15). The school shall obtain the prior approval of the commission for any agreement the school proposes to

establish with another institution that provides completion alternatives for programs the school offered under its registration.

d. The school's plan for permanent storage and retrieval of student transcript information.
e. Specific information about how the school will provide transitional support to affected students.
f. Contact information for the specific entity and individual who will accept responsibility for all of the following:

(1) Ensuring that unearned federal student aid is returned to the United States Department of Education on a timely basis.

(2) Finalizing student account records and providing copies of the students' final account statements to the students and, upon request, to the commission.

(3) Collecting outstanding bills a student owes to the school for tuition and other educational expenses.

(4) Collecting on private education loans or other institutional loans made to students by the school and, if applicable, the school's private preferred lender(s).

21.11(3) The commission may require a registered school that has a continuous corporate surety bond in effect pursuant to Iowa Code section 714.18 to maintain the bond, at minimum, for one year after the school ceases operation in Iowa, closes an Iowa site, or ceases new enrollment in programs previously offered to Iowa resident students.

21.11(4) If the commission takes action to discontinue a school's program, close a school's Iowa site, or terminate a school's operation in Iowa, the school shall provide to the commission the information in subrule 21.11(2) and shall be subject to the requirements of subrule 21.11(3).

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.12(261B,261G) Initial registration application fees and subsequent annual fees.

21.12(1) A school that applies for initial registration as required under Iowa Code chapter 261B shall remit an initial registration application fee payable to the commission in the amount of \$5,000. This fee is nonrefundable regardless of the commission's decision with respect to the school's eligibility for registration in Iowa. A school that fails to pay the initial registration application fee shall be denied initial registration consideration.

21.12(2) A school that is approved for registration shall remit an annual fee payable to the commission in the amount due on July 15 of each year. If a school's registration terminates during a year, the school shall pay the annual fee to the commission if the school's registration is valid as of July 15 of that year. The annual fee is nonrefundable and will be assessed based on a school's full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment as follows:

- Under 2,500 FTE – \$2,000.
- 2,500 to 9,999 FTE – \$4,000.
- 10,000 FTE or more – \$6,000.

21.12(3) A school that registers and pays fees under rule 283—21.12(261B,261G) is not required to pay fees under rule 283—21.15(261B,261G) if participating in the interstate reciprocity agreement.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.13(261B,261G) Authorization to operate in Iowa for certain nonpublic, nonprofit colleges and universities exempt from registration.

21.13(1) The state of Iowa considers a nonpublic, nonprofit institution located in Iowa, which qualifies for an exemption from registration under Iowa Code section 261B.11(1)“j” and “l,” to be authorized to lawfully operate in Iowa as a postsecondary educational institution that grants a degree, diploma, or certificate for the purpose of state authorization regulations established by the United States Department of Education, provided the institution meets the following additional conditions:

a. The institution is exempt from federal taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code on or after July 1, 2013; and
b. The institution originated in this state and has undergone no change in ownership or control since July 1, 2011.

21.13(2) The following Iowa colleges and universities are authorized under subrule 21.13(1):

- a.* Allen College;
- b.* Briar Cliff University;
- c.* Buena Vista University;
- d.* Central College;
- e.* Clarke University;
- f.* Coe College;
- g.* Cornell College;
- h.* Des Moines University;
- i.* Divine Word College;
- j.* Dordt College;
- k.* Drake University;
- l.* Emmaus Bible College;
- m.* Faith Baptist Bible College and Theological Seminary;
- n.* Graceland University;
- o.* Grand View University;
- p.* Grinnell College;
- q.* Iowa Wesleyan College;
- r.* Loras College;
- s.* Luther College;
- t.* Maharishi University of Management;
- u.* Mercy College of Health Sciences;
- v.* Mercy St. Luke's School of Radiologic Technology;
- w.* Morningside College;
- x.* Mount Mercy College;
- y.* Northwestern College;
- z.* Palmer College of Chiropractic;
- aa.* Simpson College;
- ab.* St. Ambrose University;
- ac.* St. Luke's College;
- ad.* Unity Point Health – Des Moines School of Radiologic Technology;
- ae.* University of Dubuque;
- af.* Upper Iowa University;
- ag.* Wartburg College;
- ah.* Wartburg Theological Seminary; and
- ai.* William Penn University.

[ARC 1216C, IAB 12/11/13, effective 1/15/14; ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.14(261B,261G) Verification of exemption from registration to operate in Iowa.

21.14(1) A school claiming an exemption from registration under Iowa Code chapter 261B shall demonstrate the following:

a. The school provides the reference under which it requests exemption from registration under Iowa Code section 261B.11.

b. If the school offers a course of instruction leading to a degree, with the exception of a school that qualifies for an exemption under Iowa Code section 261B.11(1)“*h*,” the school is accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education and will notify the commission of any negative changes to its accrediting status.

c. The school has a policy that prohibits unlawful possession, use, or distribution of controlled substances by students and employees on school-owned or -leased property or in conjunction with activities sponsored by the school. The school will provide information about the policy to all students and employees, including any sanctions for violation of the policy and any substance abuse prevention programs for students and employees.

d. The school has a policy addressing sexual abuse including counseling, campus security, education, and facilitating accurate and prompt reporting of sexual abuse.

e. The school has an employee policy for reporting suspected incidents of child physical or sexual abuse that includes individuals whom the school compensates to conduct activities on the school's behalf at an Iowa location.

f. The school has a military refund policy for students who are members of the Iowa national guard or reserve forces of the United States and the spouses of such members if the members have dependent children when the members are ordered into active duty as required by Iowa Code sections 261.9(1) "g," 262.9(30), and 260C.14(20). The policy shall include:

(1) Withdrawal from all or a portion of the student's registration and receipt of a full refund of tuition and mandatory fees that the school assessed for courses from which the student withdrew. For a program in which a student's academic progress is measured only in clock hours, the school shall provide a full refund of tuition and mandatory fees to a student who withdraws and who requests that benefit for the payment period in which the student withdrew. The payment period is determined under rules promulgated by the United States Department of Education for the disbursement of federal Stafford loan funds.

(2) Making arrangements for instructors to report grades or report incomplete grades that will be completed at a later date.

g. The school posts a list of required and suggested textbooks for all courses and corresponding international standard book numbers for such textbooks at least 14 days before the start of each semester or term at the locations where textbooks are sold on campus and on the school's Internet site.

h. The school has procedures for preservation of student records and the contact information to be used by students and graduates who seek to obtain transcript information.

i. A covered institution under Iowa Code chapter 261F has a code of conduct that complies with Iowa Code section 261F.2.

j. A covered institution under Iowa Code chapter 261F with a preferred lender list meets the requirements of Iowa Code section 261F.6.

k. The school provides the commission with the name of and business contact information for a person whom the school designates to receive student complaints from the commission and coordinate the school's response. The commission will provide a link to a page on its website for students to use to seek additional information about a school or to file a complaint about a school. A school that is approved for an exemption from registration will prominently provide on its website the link to the commission's web page for students.

21.14(2) A nonpublic school must provide evidence of financial responsibility under Iowa Code section 714.18 or demonstrate eligibility for an exemption under Iowa Code section 714.19.

21.14(3) A for-profit school must demonstrate and maintain compliance with Iowa Code section 714.23. The school shall apply the policy it adopts under Iowa Code section 714.23 to students who attend its campus(es) in Iowa, if applicable, as well as to Iowa resident students who attend distance education programs.

21.14(4) A for-profit school that does not participate in the student financial assistance programs administered by the United States Department of Education must demonstrate and maintain compliance with Iowa Code section 714.25.

[ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16]

283—21.15(261B,261G) Approval criteria for a school seeking to participate or renew participation in a commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement under Iowa Code chapter 261G. A school that applies to participate in a commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement shall meet the following criteria:

21.15(1) The applicant school shall be in compliance with Iowa Code chapter 261B as provided in this chapter.

21.15(2) The applicant school shall submit an institutional participation application as required by the commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement. The application shall be signed by the school's chief executive officer or chief academic officer.

21.15(3) A nonpublic applicant school must submit evidence that its most recent, official financial responsibility composite score, as calculated using the method prescribed by the United States Department of Education, is at least 1.5. A school demonstrates that its financial responsibility composite score is official by providing written confirmation of its composite score from the United States Department of Education. In accordance with policies established by the interstate reciprocity agreement administrator, the commission shall determine the official financial responsibility composite score for a school that does not participate in the postsecondary student financial aid programs authorized by the United States Department of Education.

21.15(4) The commission will consider the application of a nonpublic school whose most recent, official financial responsibility composite score is between 1.0 and 1.49. The applicant school must submit a copy of the school's most recently audited financial statements accompanied by a written explanation of the circumstances that caused the school's composite score to be below 1.5 and the school's plan to raise its composite score to 1.5 within a time frame determined by the commission. The commission may approve, provisionally approve, or deny the school's application.

21.15(5) A for-profit applicant school must demonstrate and maintain compliance with Iowa Code sections 714.18 and 714.23. The school shall apply the policy it adopts under Iowa Code section 714.23 to students who attend its campus(es) in Iowa and to Iowa resident and nonresident students who attend distance education programs the school offers under the commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement.

21.15(6) The applicant school shall demonstrate that the military deployment tuition and fee refund policy required under Iowa Code sections 261.9(1) "g," 262.9(30), and 260C.14(20), subrule 21.3(5) and paragraph 21.14(1) "f" applies to students who attend its campus(es) in Iowa and to Iowa resident and nonresident students who attend distance education programs the school offers under the commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement.

21.15(7) An approved school will prominently disclose on its website the school's participation in the commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement and provide the commission's contact information in a format prescribed by the commission for students who wish to inquire about the school or file a complaint. The school will provide the commission with the name of and business contact information for a person whom the school designates to receive student complaints from the commission and coordinate the school's response.

21.15(8) A school that is approved to participate in the commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement shall remit an annual fee payable and due to the commission on July 15 of each year. The school shall pay the annual fee to the commission if the commission's approval to participate in the interstate reciprocity agreement is valid as of July 15 of that year. The annual fee is nonrefundable and will be assessed based on a school's full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment as follows:

- Under 2,500 FTE – \$2,000.
- 2,500 to 9,999 FTE – \$4,000.
- 10,000 FTE or more – \$6,000.

21.15(9) A school that is approved to participate in the commission-approved interstate reciprocity agreement shall remit to the interstate reciprocity agreement administrator any required fees.

21.15(10) Upon approval by the interstate reciprocity agreement administrator, a school may continue its participation in the reciprocity agreement as long as it meets all requirements of the interstate reciprocity agreement.

[ARC 2580C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 5/27/16; ARC 3678C, IAB 3/14/18, effective 4/18/18]

283—21.16(261B,261G) School closures. In the event of a school closure, the commission may use unobligated funds from the postsecondary registration fund, pursuant to Iowa Code section 261B.8, to assist impacted eligible students.

21.16(1) Student eligibility. The provisions of this rule apply to Iowa resident students who were enrolled in a postsecondary educational program that leads to a recognized educational credential or were on an approved leave of absence when the school abruptly closed.

21.16(2) Assistance to impacted eligible students. The commission may provide the following forms of assistance to eligible students impacted by a school closure:

- a. Procure, evaluate, and store records needed to establish the validity of claims against a school for failure to faithfully perform all contracts and agreements.
- b. Pay institutional charges on behalf of Iowans who enrolled at the school.
- c. Support an arrangement in which the school provides its current students with the opportunity to complete the students' courses of study after the school closes, including any activities designed to facilitate the transition of such students to another postsecondary educational institution.
- d. Pay private educational loan debt incurred by Iowans for attendance at the school during the enrollment term that the college closes.
- e. Reimburse Iowans who enrolled at the school for other financial loss, as determined by the commission.

21.16(3) Claims process. An eligible student making a claim for reimbursement under paragraph 21.16(2) "b," "d," or "e" must contact the commission for a claim form and provide the following supporting information and documentation:

- a. Proof of enrollment at the time of school closing.
- b. Proof of attendance at the time of school closing.
- c. Proof of Iowa residency at the time of school closing.
- d. Proof of payment of private educational loan debt, tuition, fees, or other financial loss as determined by the commission.
- e. Any other documentation to support a student's claim of enrollment, attendance, or payment.

21.16(4) Approval process. The commission will review a claim and the supporting information and documentation submitted by each eligible student seeking reimbursement under this rule. The commission may delay approval of claims for a period not to exceed one year to ensure all claims related to a school closure are received.

21.16(5) Awarding of approved claims.

- a. All claims for reimbursement shall be submitted and approved within one year of the date of the school closure.
- b. Claims for reimbursement will first be made against the school's surety bond.
- c. If the school's surety bond is insufficient to provide reimbursement to all approved claims, the postsecondary registration fund, pursuant to Iowa Code section 261B.8, may be used to reimburse any remaining approved claims.

In no case will the total approved claims related to a single school closure exceed one-half of the unobligated balance in the postsecondary registration fund pursuant to Iowa Code section 261B.8. If the postsecondary registration fund is insufficient to cover the full amount of all approved claims, the commission shall develop a method of allocating the funds.

21.16(6) Appeal process. The procedures set forth in 283—Chapter 4 will be followed in the event of an appeal to a decision by the commission.

[ARC 5964C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 261, 261B, and 261G.

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[Filed ARC 5964C (Notice ARC 5852C, IAB 8/11/21), IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

¹ Effective date of 3/24/04 delayed 70 days by the Administrative Rules Review Committee at its meeting held March 8, 2004.

CHAPTER 22
IOWA MINORITY GRANTS FOR ECONOMIC SUCCESS (IMAGES)

283—22.1(261) Iowa minority grants for economic success.

22.1(1) Definitions.

“Approved institution” means any institution which is eligible to participate in the Iowa tuition grant program which agrees to provide the 50 percent funding required by this program.

“Financial need” means the difference between the student’s financial resources, including resources available from the student’s parents and the student, as determined by a completed parent’s or student’s financial statement. Financial need shall be reconsidered on at least an annual basis.

“Iowa resident” means an individual who meets the residency requirements established in 283—Chapter 10.

“Minority person” means an American citizen who is black, Hispanic, Asian, or a Pacific islander, American Indian, or an Alaskan native American.

“Part-time student” means an individual who is enrolled at an approved private institution in a course of study including at least three semester hours or the trimester or quarter equivalent.

22.1(2) Award limits and eligibility requirements.

a. A grant may be awarded to any minority person who is accepted for admission or is enrolled for at least three semester hours or a trimester equivalent in a program leading to a degree from an approved private institution, and who demonstrates financial need.

b. Priority will be given to those minority persons who are residents of Iowa.

c. Applicants who hold vouchers earned through the Iowa college-bound program will receive priority in a manner similar to that used under the regents’ program.

d. The amount of the grant shall not exceed a student’s financial need or \$3500, whichever is less. Fifty percent of the grant shall be funded by the approved institution and 50 percent shall be funded by the commission.

e. Grants shall be awarded on an annual basis and shall be credited by the institution against the student’s tuition, fees, and room and board charges, at the beginning of each term in equal installments upon certification that the eligible student is enrolled.

f. If a student receiving a grant under the program discontinues attendance before the end of any academic period, but after receiving payment of grant funds for the academic period, the entire amount of any refund due the student, up to the amount of any payments made by the state, shall be remitted by the institution to the commission.

22.1(3) Application process.

a. Eligible students shall apply for this grant through the use of an approved financial aid form, which uses the federally accepted method of needs analysis.

b. Institutions shall coordinate aid packages and shall report need figures to the commission.

c. A student shall accept all available federal and state grants before being considered for grants under this program.

d. If funds are insufficient to pay all approved grants, funds will be prorated in a manner which provides meaningful grants to those qualified applicants demonstrating the greatest need.

22.1(4) Record keeping and reporting.

a. The commission will monitor the program according to this chapter and will require postsecondary institutions that receive funds for enrolled students to furnish any information necessary for the implementation or administration of the program.

b. The commission shall maintain records on the recipients of vouchers under the Iowa college-bound program.

c. The commission will report annually to the governor and the general assembly on the progress and implementation of the program.

22.1(5) Restrictions. A student who is in default on a Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for assistance under the Iowa minority grants for economic success (IMAGES)

program. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapter 5, Iowa Administrative Code.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.101.

[ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

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[Filed ARC 2205C (Notice ARC 2037C, IAB 6/24/15), IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

CHAPTER 23
SKILLED WORKFORCE SHORTAGE TUITION GRANT PROGRAM

283—23.1(261) Tuition grant based on financial need to Iowa residents enrolled in career-technical or career option programs at community colleges in the state. This grant shall commonly be known as the Kibbie grant.

23.1(1) *Financial need.*

a. Financial need shall be evaluated annually on the basis of a confidential financial statement filed on a form designated by the commission. For the purposes of determining financial need, the commission has adopted the use of the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), a federal form used to calculate a formula developed by the U.S. Department of Education, the results of which are used to determine relative need known as expected family contribution. The FAFSA must be received by the processing agent by the date specified by the college student aid commission.

b. Financial need is defined as the cost of attendance, minus the eligible applicant's expected family contribution, minus the federal Pell Grant received by the applicant, and minus the Iowa vocational-technical tuition grant received by the applicant. Awards will not exceed one-half of the average tuition and mandatory fees at Iowa community colleges and will not be less than \$200 per semester or the equivalent.

23.1(2) *Student eligibility.*

a. A recipient must be an Iowa resident as defined in 283—Chapter 10.

b. A recipient must be enrolled at an Iowa community college for at least three semester hours or the equivalent in a career-technical, career option, or other training program which is eligible for federal Title IV funding and is in an industry which has been identified as having a shortage of skilled workers by the community college in a regional skills gap analysis or by the department of workforce development. If a community college no longer identifies the industry as having a shortage of skilled workers or the department no longer identifies the industry as a high-demand job, an eligible student who received a grant for a career-technical or career option program based on that identification shall continue to receive the grant until achieving a postsecondary credential, up to an associate degree, as long as the student is continuously enrolled in that program and continues to meet all other eligibility requirements.

c. A recipient may receive an award under this program for general education classes identified by the community college as required for completion of a career-technical or career option program in an identified skilled workforce shortage area. A recipient must be concurrently enrolled in a career-technical or career option program.

d. A recipient may receive an award under this program for not more than the equivalent of four semesters. A recipient who is making satisfactory academic progress but cannot complete the course because of required classes may receive the grant for one additional semester.

e. A recipient who is a full-time student may receive no more than one-half of the student's tuition and fees, as established by the commission, or the amount of the student's established financial need, whichever is less. A recipient who is a part-time student shall receive a prorated portion of the full-time award. The proration will be established by the commission in a manner consistent with federal Pell Grant Program proration. Recipients who are part-time students enrolled in 3 to 5 credit hours will receive awards equal to one-fourth of the full-time award; recipients enrolled in 6 to 8 credit hours will receive awards equal to one-half of the full-time award; and recipients enrolled in 9 to 11 credit hours will receive awards equal to three-fourths of the full-time award.

f. A recipient may again be eligible for an award under paragraph 23.1(2) "d" if the recipient resumes study after at least a two-year absence, except that award assistance shall not be used for coursework for which credit was previously received.

23.1(3) *Priority for grants.*

a. Applicants enrolled in programs required to fill the needs of industry in areas which have been identified as having shortages of skilled workers by the community college in a regional skills gap analysis or by the department of workforce development will receive priority. Skill gap areas will be

ranked by each community college in order of the perceived need, and awards will be made to applicants as long as funding remains available.

b. Applicants who apply by the priority date specified in the application are ranked in order of the estimated amount of the family's contribution toward college expenses, and awards are granted to those who demonstrate need in order of family contribution from lowest to highest, insofar as funds permit.

23.1(4) Award notification. A grant recipient will be notified of the award by the community college to which application is made. The community college is responsible for completing necessary verification and for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts. The community college shall report changes in student eligibility to the commission.

23.1(5) Enrollment terms. For purposes of this program, the commission has defined "semester" as one of two terms of enrollment established by the community college between August 1 and May 30 of each academic year or the equivalent and a summer term of equal length or the equivalent. Grant payments are prorated according to paragraph 23.1(2) "e."

23.1(6) Award transfers and adjustments. Recipients are responsible for promptly notifying the appropriate community college of any change in enrollment or financial situation. The community college will make necessary changes and notify the commission.

23.1(7) Restrictions. A student who is in default on a Stafford Loan, an SLS Loan, or a Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for assistance under the skilled workforce shortage tuition grant program. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by the commission's ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in an appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.130.

[ARC 0397C, IAB 10/17/12, effective 11/21/12; ARC 1871C, IAB 2/18/15, effective 3/25/15; ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15; ARC 4718C, IAB 10/23/19, effective 11/27/19]

[Filed ARC 0397C (Notice ARC 0248C, IAB 8/8/12), IAB 10/17/12, effective 11/21/12]

[Filed ARC 1871C (Notice ARC 1688C, IAB 10/29/14), IAB 2/18/15, effective 3/25/15]

[Filed ARC 2205C (Notice ARC 2037C, IAB 6/24/15), IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

[Filed ARC 4718C (Notice ARC 4594C, IAB 8/14/19), IAB 10/23/19, effective 11/27/19]

CHAPTER 24
RURAL IOWA PRIMARY CARE LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM

283—24.1(261) Rural Iowa primary care loan repayment program. The rural Iowa primary care loan repayment program is a state-supported and administered loan repayment program for students who agree to practice as physicians in service commitment areas for five consecutive years and meet the requirements of these rules.

[ARC 1320C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1685C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14]

283—24.2(261) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“Contribution” means a nonrefundable \$20,000 contribution paid by the service commitment area to the rural Iowa primary care trust fund for each physician in the community who is participating in the program. Each physician participating in the program must contract with the service commitment area to ensure the service commitment area provides the nonrefundable contribution. Payment of the nonrefundable contribution to the trust fund can be made by, but is not limited to, the following organizations: community agencies, hospitals, medical groups, municipalities, community foundations, local government agencies, or other community entities.

“Eligible loan” means the physician’s total subsidized, unsubsidized, and consolidated Federal Stafford Loan amount under the Federal Family Education Loan Program, Federal Direct Loan Program, federal Graduate PLUS Loan, or federal Perkins Loan, including principal and interest. Only the outstanding portion of a federal consolidation loan that was used to repay an eligible subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan qualifies for loan repayment. A physician who receives loan repayment under this program and who refinances an eligible loan by obtaining a private educational loan may continue to receive loan repayment awards.

“Eligible university” means either the State University of Iowa Carver College of Medicine or Des Moines University College of Osteopathic Medicine.

“Maximum award” means the maximum amount of loan repayments that the physician can receive after completing all obligations under the rural Iowa primary care loan repayment program, not to exceed a total of \$200,000. The maximum award can be applied only to eligible loans; thus, payments cannot exceed the outstanding eligible loan balance at the time of payment.

“Part-time practice” means that the physician is employed at least 28 hours of a 40-hour workweek in a service commitment area.

“Physician” means an individual who holds a practitioner’s license issued by an agency or board under the Iowa department of public health and is employed in the practice of medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery, specializing in family medicine, pediatrics, psychiatry, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, neurology, or general surgery.

“Residency program” means an accredited medical residency program.

“Service commitment area” means a medically underserved Iowa city that provides a nonrefundable contribution for each physician in the community who is participating in the rural Iowa primary care loan repayment program, and the city meets any of the following conditions:

1. Is a city within a federal mental health shortage area, as designated by the Health Resources and Services Administration of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, if the physician participating in the rural Iowa primary care loan repayment program specializes in psychiatry.

2. Is a city with a population of less than 26,000 that is located more than 20 miles from a city with a population of 50,000 or more. Locations and distances between cities will be consistently measured and verified by calculating the shortest travel distance on paved roads.

[ARC 1320C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1685C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14; ARC 5137C, IAB 8/12/20, effective 9/16/20; ARC 5222C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20; ARC 5965C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21; ARC 6731C, IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

283—24.3(261) Eligibility requirements.

24.3(1) An eligible university will recommend applicants to the commission for loan repayment benefits. Priority will be given to students who are Iowa residents upon enrolling in the eligible university.

“Iowa resident” means an individual who meets the residency requirements established in 283—Chapter 10. The percentage of the agreements to be entered into by students attending each eligible university shall be evenly divided.

a. The commission will annually determine and communicate the number of recommendations that can be funded at each eligible university.

b. If fewer than the recommendations in 24.3(1)“*a*” are fulfilled by students at one eligible university, the commission may obtain additional recommendations from the other eligible university to award the remaining agreements.

c. If fewer than the total number of recommendations in 24.3(1)“*a*” are filled by students at the eligible universities, the commission may enter into additional agreements under the surplus funds provisions.

24.3(2) An applicant must enter into an agreement with the commission during the applicant’s final year of study leading to a doctor of medicine or osteopathy degree.

24.3(3) An applicant must be enrolled on a full-time basis and graduate with a doctor of medicine or osteopathy degree from an eligible university. The commission may waive the full-time enrollment requirement for a temporary time frame only in the instance of a leave of absence approved by an eligible university. The applicant must request a waiver from the commission in writing.

24.3(4) An applicant must apply for, enter, and complete a residency program.

24.3(5) Within nine months of graduating from the residency program, an applicant must receive a permanent license to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Iowa and engage in full-time or part-time practice of medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery specializing in family medicine, pediatrics, psychiatry, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, neurology, or general surgery for a period of five consecutive years in a service commitment area.

24.3(6) An applicant must annually complete and return to the commission an affidavit of acceptance into and completion of residency programs and acceptance of and completion of employment obligations in a service commitment area.

24.3(7) Prior to or upon engagement in full-time or part-time practice in a service commitment area, the physician must contract with a service commitment area to provide a nonrefundable \$20,000 contribution for deposit in the rural Iowa primary care trust fund. Payment must be received by the commission from a service commitment area prior to payment of any loan repayment awards.

24.3(8) Failure by the applicant to meet all eligibility requirements under this rule and in the agreement will result in forfeiture of all remaining unpaid payments.

[ARC 1320C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1685C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14; ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15; ARC 5965C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21; ARC 6731C, IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

283—24.4(261) Awarding of funds.

24.4(1) Prior to accepting an offer of employment, the physician must notify the commission of the service commitment area in which the physician will be employed, and the commission will verify the eligibility of the service commitment area.

24.4(2) The maximum award will be paid to the physician’s eligible loan holder in five equal installments, upon successful completion of each of five 12-month employment obligations. Failure to complete all, or any portion, of the five-consecutive-year employment obligation will result in the forfeiture of all remaining unpaid payments. A physician who fails to meet the requirements of these rules may also be subject to repayment of moneys advanced by the service commitment area as provided in any contract between the physician and the service commitment area.

24.4(3) No loan repayment amounts will be paid until the service commitment area provides the nonrefundable \$20,000 contribution for deposit into the rural Iowa primary care trust fund.

[ARC 1320C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1685C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14]

283—24.5(261) Waivers.

24.5(1) Service commitment area. The commission may waive the requirement that the physician practice in the same service commitment area for five years. The physician must request a waiver from the commission in writing.

24.5(2) Full-time employment. The commission may waive the requirement that the physician be employed full-time if the physician requests a waiver from the commission in writing and is working at least 28 hours per week. If a waiver request is granted by the commission, the agreement will be amended to provide an allowance for part-time employment. For agreements entered into pursuant to 24.3(2) prior to July 1, 2022, the five-year employment obligation will be proportionally extended to ensure the physician is employed in a service commitment area for the equivalent of five full-time years.

24.5(3) Postponement of physician employment. The physician obligation to engage in practice in accordance with 24.3(5) may be postponed for no more than two years from the time full-time or part-time practice was to commence. The physician must request a waiver from the commission in writing for one of the following purposes:

- a. Active duty service in the armed forces, the armed forces military reserve, or the national guard.
- b. Service in Volunteers in Service to America or the federal Peace Corps.
- c. A service commitment to the United States Public Health Service Commissioned Corps.
- d. A period of religious missionary work conducted by an organization exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The physician obligation to engage in practice in accordance with 24.3(5) may be postponed for a period exceeding two years for any period of temporary medical incapacity, including leave approved under the Family and Medical Leave Act, during which the physician is unable to engage in full-time or part-time practice. The physician must request a waiver from the commission in writing.

24.5(4) Satisfaction of physician employment. All obligations under the rural Iowa primary care loan repayment program are considered to be satisfied when any of the following conditions are met:

- a. All terms of the agreement are met.
- b. The person who entered into the agreement dies.
- c. The person who entered into the agreement, due to permanent disability, is unable to meet the requirements of these rules.
- d. The person who entered into the agreement has no remaining eligible loan balance to repay.

[ARC 1320C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1685C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14; ARC 5965C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21; ARC 6731C, IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

283—24.6(261) Surplus funds.

24.6(1) In the event that fewer than the total number of recommendations in 24.3(1)“a” are filled by students at the eligible universities, the commission may enter into additional agreements.

24.6(2) A surplus funds applicant must meet the following criteria:

- a. Must have graduated with a doctor of medicine or osteopathy degree from an eligible university and completed a residency program.
- b. Must receive a permanent license to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Iowa and engage in full-time or part-time practice of medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery specializing in family medicine, pediatrics, psychiatry, internal medicine, obstetrics and gynecology, neurology, or general surgery for a period of five consecutive years in a service commitment area. The applicant must notify the commission of the applicant’s service commitment area prior to beginning practice in the service commitment area.
- c. Must complete and return to the commission an affidavit of acceptance into and completion of a residency program, acceptance of employment, and completion of annual employment obligations in a service commitment area.
- d. Must contract with a service commitment area to provide a nonrefundable \$20,000 contribution for deposit in the rural Iowa primary care trust fund. Payment must be received by the commission from a service commitment area prior to payment of any loan repayment awards.

24.6(3) An applicant under rule 283—24.6(261) is subject to the provisions in 24.4(2) and rules 283—24.5(261), 283—24.7(261), and 283—24.8(261).

24.6(4) In the event that the total amount of surplus funds is insufficient to award all eligible applicants, awards will be prioritized as follows:

a. Physicians employed in a different state than Iowa and individuals in their final year of residency or fellowship, by date of application.

b. All other applicants by date of application.

[ARC 6731C, IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

283—24.7(261) Loan repayment cancellation.

24.7(1) Within 30 days following withdrawal from an eligible university, or termination of employment from a residency program or as a physician in a service commitment area, the applicant must notify the commission.

24.7(2) The applicant is responsible for notifying the commission immediately of a change in contact information including, but not limited to, name, telephone number, email address, and place of employment.

[ARC 1320C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 6731C, IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

283—24.8(261) Restrictions. A physician who is in default on a Federal Stafford Loan, Grad PLUS Loan, SLS Loan, Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan, Health Professions Student Loan (HPSL), or Health Education Assistance Loan (HEAL) or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for loan repayment. Eligibility may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

[ARC 1320C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 6731C, IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.113 as amended by 2014 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2347.

[Filed ARC 1320C (Notice ARC 1121C, IAB 10/16/13), IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14]

[Filed ARC 1685C (Notice ARC 1586C, IAB 8/20/14), IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14]

[Filed ARC 2205C (Notice ARC 2037C, IAB 6/24/15), IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

[Filed ARC 5137C (Notice ARC 5031C, IAB 5/6/20), IAB 8/12/20, effective 9/16/20]

[Filed ARC 5222C (Notice ARC 5124C, IAB 8/12/20), IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

[Filed ARC 5965C (Notice ARC 5853C, IAB 8/11/21), IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

[Filed ARC 6731C (Notice ARC 6480C, IAB 8/24/22), IAB 12/14/22, effective 1/18/23]

CHAPTER 25
RURAL IOWA ADVANCED REGISTERED NURSE PRACTITIONER AND
PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM

283—25.1(261) Rural Iowa advanced registered nurse practitioner and physician assistant loan repayment program. The rural Iowa advanced registered nurse practitioner and physician assistant loan repayment program is a state-supported and administered loan repayment program for applicants who agree to practice as advanced registered nurse practitioners or physician assistants in service commitment areas for five consecutive years and meet the requirements of these rules.
[ARC 1321C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1686C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14]

283—25.2(261) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“Advanced registered nurse practitioner” means an individual who graduated from a graduate-level credential program at an eligible university, holds a practitioner’s license to practice as an advanced registered nurse practitioner pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 152, and is employed in the practice of nursing in an eligible service commitment area.

“Eligible loan” means the advanced registered nurse practitioner’s or physician assistant’s total subsidized, unsubsidized, and consolidated Federal Stafford Loan amount under the Federal Family Education Loan Program, Federal Direct Loan Program, federal Graduate PLUS Loan, or federal Perkins Loan, including principal and interest. Only the outstanding portion of a federal consolidation loan that was used to repay an eligible subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan qualifies for loan repayment.

“Eligible university” means a college or university that meets the requirements of Iowa Code section 261.2, subsection 11, and is an institution of higher learning under the control of the state board of regents or an accredited private institution as defined in Iowa Code section 261.9. An eligible university must complete and return the forms to the commission to participate in the program.

“Maximum award” means the maximum amount of loan repayments that the advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant can receive after completing all obligations under the rural Iowa advanced registered nurse practitioner and physician assistant loan repayment program, not to exceed a total of \$20,000. The maximum award can be applied only to eligible loans; thus, payments cannot exceed the outstanding eligible loan balance at the time of payment.

“Physician assistant” means an individual who graduated with a master’s degree in a physician assistant studies program at an eligible university, holds a practitioner’s license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 148C, and is employed as a physician assistant in an eligible service commitment area.

“Service commitment area” means a medically underserved Iowa city with a population of less than 26,000 that is located more than 20 miles from a city with a population of 50,000 or more. Each applicant participating in the program must contract with the service commitment area to ensure the service commitment area provides a nonrefundable \$2,000 contribution for deposit in the rural Iowa advanced registered nurse practitioner and physician assistant trust fund. Payment of the nonrefundable contribution to the trust fund can be made by, but is not limited to, the following organizations: community agencies, hospitals, medical groups, municipalities, community foundations, local government entities, or other community entities. Locations and distances between cities will be consistently measured and verified by calculating the shortest travel distance on paved roads.

“Surplus funds” means funding available after the maximum award has been obligated to all recommended applicants in accordance with rule 283—25.3(261).

[ARC 1321C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1686C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14; ARC 5137C, IAB 8/12/20, effective 9/16/20]

283—25.3(261) Eligibility requirements.

25.3(1) The commission will annually determine and communicate the number of physician assistant and advanced registered nurse practitioner recommendations that can be funded at each eligible university. The intent of this determination will be to ensure that an equal number of students

in each program at eligible universities are able to enter into an agreement. Priority will be given to applicants who are Iowa residents upon enrolling in the eligible university. "Iowa resident" means an individual who meets the residency requirements established in 283—Chapter 10. If fewer than the maximum number of physician assistants or advanced registered nurse practitioners are recommended at an eligible university, the commission may obtain additional recommendations from the other eligible universities to award the remaining agreements.

25.3(2) An applicant must enter into an agreement with the commission during the applicant's final year of study leading to eligibility for licensure as an advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant.

25.3(3) An applicant must be enrolled on a full-time basis and graduate from an eligible university with a graduate-level credential that qualifies the applicant to work as a physician assistant or advanced registered nurse practitioner. The commission may waive the full-time enrollment requirement for a temporary time frame only in the instance of a leave of absence approved by an eligible university. The applicant must request a waiver from the commission in writing.

25.3(4) Within nine months of graduating from an eligible university, an applicant must receive a permanent license to practice nursing or to work as a physician assistant in the state of Iowa and engage in full-time practice, as defined by the service commitment area, as an advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant for a period of five consecutive years in a service commitment area.

25.3(5) An applicant must annually complete and return to the commission an affidavit of completion of the employment obligation in a service commitment area.

25.3(6) Prior to or upon engagement in full-time employment in a service commitment area, the advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant must contract with the service commitment area to provide a nonrefundable \$2,000 contribution for deposit in the rural Iowa advanced registered nurse practitioner and physician assistant trust fund. Payment must be received by the commission from the service commitment area prior to payment of any loan repayment awards to the advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant.

25.3(7) Failure by the applicant to meet all eligibility requirements under these rules and in the agreement will result in forfeiture of all remaining unpaid payments.

[ARC 1321C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1686C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14; ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

283—25.4(261) Awarding of funds.

25.4(1) Prior to accepting an offer of employment, the advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant must notify the commission of the service commitment area in which the advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant will be employed, and the commission will verify the eligibility of the service commitment area.

25.4(2) The maximum award will be paid to the advanced registered nurse practitioner's or physician assistant's eligible loan lender in five equal installments, upon successful completion of each of the five 12-month employment obligations. Failure to complete all, or any portion, of the five-consecutive-year employment obligation will result in the forfeiture of all remaining unpaid payments. An advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant who fails to meet the requirements of these rules may also be subject to repayment of moneys advanced by the service commitment area as provided in any contract between the advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant and the service commitment area.

25.4(3) No loan repayment amounts will be paid until the service commitment area provides the nonrefundable \$2,000 contribution for deposit into the rural Iowa advanced registered nurse practitioner and physician assistant trust fund.

25.4(4) If surplus funds are available, the commission will accept applications from physician assistants and advanced registered nurse practitioners practicing full-time in service commitment areas. Recipient selections shall be evenly divided between physician assistants and advanced registered nurse practitioners, to the extent possible. If surplus funds are not sufficient to fund all applicants, physician assistant and advanced registered nurse practitioner applicants will be prioritized by Iowa residency

status, full-time employment status, individuals working in a federally designated Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA) or a Governor's Designated Rural Health Clinic county, total eligible student loan debt (highest receiving priority), and application date (earliest submitted receiving priority). Recipients will enter into agreements with the commission, and payments will be made in accordance with subrules 25.4(2) and 25.4(3).

[ARC 1321C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1686C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14]

283—25.5(261) Waivers.

25.5(1) Service commitment area. The commission may waive the requirement that the advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant practice in the same service commitment area for five years. The advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant must request a waiver from the commission in writing.

25.5(2) Satisfaction of advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant employment. All obligations under the rural Iowa advanced registered nurse practitioner and physician assistant loan repayment program are considered to be satisfied when any of the following conditions are met:

- a. All terms of the agreement are met.
- b. The person who entered into the agreement dies.
- c. The person who entered into the agreement, due to permanent disability, is unable to meet the requirements of these rules.
- d. The person who entered into the agreement has no remaining eligible loan balance to repay.

[ARC 1321C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14; ARC 1686C, IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14; ARC 4185C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19]

283—25.6(261) Loan repayment cancellation.

25.6(1) Within 30 days following withdrawal from an eligible university, or termination of employment from a residency program or as an advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant in a service commitment area, the applicant must notify the commission.

25.6(2) The applicant is responsible for notifying the commission immediately of a change in contact information including, but not limited to, name, telephone number, email address, and place of employment.

[ARC 1321C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14]

283—25.7(261) Restrictions. An advanced registered nurse practitioner or physician assistant who is in default on a Federal Stafford Loan, Grad PLUS Loan, SLS Loan, Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan, Health Professions Student Loan (HPSL), or Health Education Assistance Loan (HEAL) or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for loan repayment. Eligibility may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

[ARC 1321C, IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.114.

[Filed ARC 1321C (Notice ARC 1120C, IAB 10/16/13), IAB 2/19/14, effective 3/26/14]

[Filed ARC 1686C (Notice ARC 1587C, IAB 8/20/14), IAB 10/29/14, effective 12/3/14]

[Filed ARC 2205C (Notice ARC 2037C, IAB 6/24/15), IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

[Filed ARC 4185C (Notice ARC 3941C, IAB 8/15/18), IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19]

[Filed ARC 5137C (Notice ARC 5031C, IAB 5/6/20), IAB 8/12/20, effective 9/16/20]

CHAPTER 26
HEALTH CARE LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM

283—26.1(261) Health care loan repayment program. The health care loan repayment program is a state-supported and state-administered program established to repay the qualified student loans of nurse educators teaching at eligible Iowa colleges and universities, as well as applicants who agree to practice as registered nurses, advanced registered nurse practitioners, or physician assistants in service commitment areas for five consecutive years, and who meet the requirements of these rules.

[ARC 4186C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19]

283—26.2(261) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“Advanced registered nurse practitioner” means an individual who graduated from an accredited graduate or postgraduate advanced practice educational program, is licensed by the board of nursing as a registered nurse, is licensed by the board of nursing as an advanced registered nurse practitioner, and is employed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner in an eligible service commitment area.

“Nurse educator” means a registered nurse who holds a master’s or doctorate degree and is employed by an Iowa community college, an accredited private institution defined in Iowa Code section 261.9, or an institution of higher learning governed by the state board of regents as a faculty member who teaches nursing as provided in 655—Chapter 2 at a nursing program approved by the board of nursing pursuant to Iowa Code section 152.5.

“Physician assistant” means an individual who graduated with a master’s degree, holds a practitioner’s license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 148C, and is employed as a physician assistant in an eligible service commitment area.

“Qualified student loan” means a loan that was made, insured, or guaranteed under Title IV of the federal Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, or under Title VII or VIII of the federal Public Health Service Act, as amended, directly to the borrower for attendance at an approved postsecondary institution. Only the outstanding portion of a federal consolidation loan that was used to repay a qualified student loan qualifies for loan repayment. A recipient who refinances a qualified student loan by obtaining a private educational loan may continue to receive loan repayment awards.

“Registered nurse” means a nurse who is licensed by the board of nursing as a registered nurse and is employed as a registered nurse in an eligible service commitment area.

“Service commitment area” means a city in Iowa with a population of less than 26,000 that is located more than 20 miles from a city with a population of 50,000 or more. Locations and distances between cities will be consistently measured and verified by calculating the shortest travel distance on paved roads.

[ARC 4186C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19; ARC 5137C, IAB 8/12/20, effective 9/16/20; ARC 5222C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—26.3(261) Eligibility requirements.

26.3(1) An eligible applicant must be an advanced registered nurse practitioner, nurse educator, physician assistant, or registered nurse.

26.3(2) An eligible applicant must annually complete and file an application for the program by the deadline established by the commission. If funds remain available after the application deadline, the commission will continue to accept applications.

26.3(3) An eligible applicant must annually complete and return to the commission an affidavit of practice verifying full-time employment, as defined by the employer, in a service commitment area during the entire year as an advanced registered nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or registered nurse, or full-time employment, as defined by the employer, as a nurse educator.

[ARC 4186C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19]

283—26.4(261) Awarding of funds.

26.4(1) Selection criteria. All completed applications received on or before the published deadline will be considered for funding. To the extent possible, an equal number of new advanced registered

nurse practitioners, nurse educators, physician assistants, and registered nurses will be offered awards based on the availability of appropriated funds. In the event that funding is insufficient to award all eligible applicants within an occupation category, criteria for selection of eligible applicants within each occupation category will be prioritized as follows:

a. Renewal status. Recipients of awards through the registered nurse and nurse educator loan forgiveness program during the 2018 state fiscal year will be eligible for funding under the health care loan repayment program if the eligible applicants meet the eligibility criteria of the health care loan repayment program. Under this provision, no recipient will receive more than five consecutive awards between the registered nurse and nurse educator loan forgiveness program and the health care loan repayment program;

b. Iowa residency status;

c. Members of the Iowa national guard, if requested by the adjutant general.

(1) Members of the Iowa national guard are exempt from the service commitment area requirement, and

(2) Members of the Iowa national guard must have satisfactorily completed required guard training and must maintain satisfactory performance of guard duty;

d. Date of application.

26.4(2) Annual award. The maximum annual award shall be the lesser of:

a. \$6,000, or

b. Twenty percent of the eligible applicant's total outstanding qualified student loan.

26.4(3) Extent of repayment. Eligible applicants may receive loan repayment for no more than five consecutive years. Eligible applicants who fail to receive loan repayment awards in consecutive years will not be considered for subsequent years of loan repayment.

26.4(4) Disbursement of loan repayment funds.

a. Loan repayment awards will be disbursed upon completion of the year for which the award was approved and upon certification from the employer that the advanced registered nurse practitioner, nurse educator, physician assistant, or registered nurse was employed full-time, as defined by the employer, during the entire year and completed the year in good standing.

b. Loan repayment awards will be distributed to the eligible applicant's student loan holder and applied directly to qualified student loans.

[ARC 4186C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19]

283—26.5(261) Loan repayment cancellation.

26.5(1) An eligible applicant who has been designated for a loan repayment award shall notify the commission within 30 days following termination or cessation of full-time practice in a service commitment area as an advanced registered nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or registered nurse, or termination or cessation of full-time employment as a nurse educator.

26.5(2) A recipient of an award is responsible for notifying the commission immediately of a change in name, place of employment, or home address.

[ARC 4186C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19]

283—26.6(261) Restrictions. An advanced registered nurse practitioner, nurse educator, physician assistant, or registered nurse who is in default on a qualified student loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for loan repayment benefits. Eligibility may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

[ARC 4186C, IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.116.

[Filed ARC 4186C (Notice ARC 3939C, IAB 8/15/18), IAB 12/19/18, effective 1/23/19]

[Filed ARC 5137C (Notice ARC 5031C, IAB 5/6/20), IAB 8/12/20, effective 9/16/20]

[Filed ARC 5222C (Notice ARC 5124C, IAB 8/12/20), IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

CHAPTER 27
RURAL VETERINARIAN LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM

283—27.1(261) Rural veterinarian loan repayment program. The rural veterinarian loan repayment program is a state-supported and state-administered loan repayment program established to repay the eligible loans of veterinarians who agree to practice in service commitment areas or in veterinary shortage areas for four consecutive years and meet the requirements of these rules.

[ARC 5224C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—27.2(261) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“Eligible loan” means the veterinarian’s total subsidized, unsubsidized, and consolidated Federal Stafford Loan amount under the Federal Family Education Loan Program, Federal Direct Loan Program, or federal Graduate PLUS Loan, including principal and interest. Only the outstanding portion of a federal consolidation loan that was used to repay an eligible subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan qualifies for loan repayment.

“Eligible university” means a college or university that offers a veterinary medicine degree program; is eligible to participate in federal student aid programs authorized under Title IV of the federal Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended; and is accredited by the American Veterinary Medical Association Council on Education.

“Food supply veterinary medicine” means corporate and private practices devoted to food animal medicine, mixed animal medicine, food safety, epidemiology, public health, animal health, and other public and private practices that contribute to the production of a safe and wholesome food supply.

“Maximum award” means the maximum amount of loan repayments that the veterinarian can receive after completing all obligations under the rural veterinarian loan repayment program, not to exceed a total of \$60,000. The maximum award can be applied only to eligible loans; thus, payments cannot exceed the outstanding eligible loan balance at the time of payment.

“Service commitment area” means an Iowa city with a population of less than 26,000 that is located more than 20 miles from a city with a population of 50,000 or more. If a veterinarian is not working in a veterinary shortage area but is working in a service commitment area, the veterinarian must contract with the service commitment area to ensure the service commitment area provides a nonrefundable contribution equivalent to 12.5 percent of the veterinarian’s eligible loan balance for deposit in the rural veterinarian trust fund. The veterinarian’s eligible loan balance will be calculated after the program agreement is signed. Payment of the nonrefundable contribution to the trust fund can be made by, but is not limited to, the following organizations: community agencies, medical groups, municipalities, community foundations, local government entities, or other community entities. Locations and distances between cities will be consistently measured and verified by calculating the shortest travel distance on paved roads.

“Veterinarian” means an individual who holds a practitioner’s license pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 169 and is engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine in a service commitment area or a veterinary shortage area in Iowa.

“Veterinary shortage area” means a designated veterinary service shortage in Iowa recommended for designation in accordance with the federal National Veterinary Medical Service Act and published by the United States Department of Agriculture. Data from the most recent year for which data is available will be used to award funds to new eligible applicants. In addition to the veterinary shortage areas published by the United States Department of Agriculture, the state veterinarian may designate additional veterinary shortage areas in Iowa. All veterinary shortage areas designated in a given year will be published by the commission prior to soliciting applications from eligible applicants.

[ARC 5224C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—27.3(261) Eligible applicant. An individual who is enrolled in the final year of a veterinary degree program at an eligible university or who has received a veterinary medicine degree from an eligible

university within the past five years may sign a program agreement. The individual must commit to meeting the eligibility requirements described in rule 283—27.4(261).

[ARC 5224C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—27.4(261) Eligibility requirements.

27.4(1) In order to be considered an eligible veterinarian under the program, the eligible applicant must:

- a.* Complete an application and sign a program agreement by the date(s) specified by the commission.
- b.* Complete a doctor of veterinary medicine degree, or the equivalent, at an eligible university.
- c.* Within one year of completing a doctor of veterinary medicine degree, or the equivalent, or signing a program agreement, whichever is most recent, an eligible applicant must have a permanent license to practice veterinary medicine under Iowa Code chapter 169 and engage in full-time practice as a veterinarian in a service commitment area or veterinary shortage area in Iowa.

Prior to engaging in the practice of veterinary medicine in a service commitment area or veterinary shortage area, the veterinarian must notify the commission of the service commitment area or veterinary shortage area in which the veterinarian will be engaged in veterinary practice, and the commission will verify the eligibility of the service commitment area or veterinary shortage area.

27.4(2) Eligible applicants not working in a veterinary shortage area. Prior to or upon engagement in full-time practice in a service commitment area, the veterinarian must contract with a service commitment area to provide a nonrefundable contribution for deposit in the rural veterinarian trust fund. The nonrefundable contribution must be received by the commission from a service commitment area prior to payment of any loan repayment awards.

27.4(3) Failure by the applicant to meet all eligibility requirements under this rule and in the program agreement will result in forfeiture of all remaining unpaid payments.

[ARC 5224C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—27.5(261) Priority for program agreements.

27.5(1) In the event that all on-time eligible applicants cannot be funded with the available appropriation, program agreements will be prioritized as follows:

- a.* Eligible applicants who will practice as private practice food supply veterinarians in a veterinary shortage area and have graduated from an Iowa high school or completed private instruction under Iowa Code chapter 299A; followed by eligible applicants who will practice as private practice food supply veterinarians in a veterinary shortage area and have not graduated from an Iowa high school or completed private instruction under Iowa Code chapter 299A.
- b.* Eligible applicants who will practice as private practice food supply veterinarians in a service commitment area and have graduated from an Iowa high school or completed private instruction under Iowa Code chapter 299A; followed by eligible applicants who will practice as private practice food supply veterinarians in a service commitment area and have not graduated from an Iowa high school or completed private instruction under Iowa Code chapter 299A.
- c.* Eligible applicants who will practice as a veterinarian in a service commitment area and have graduated from an Iowa high school or completed private instruction under Iowa Code chapter 299A; followed by eligible applicants who will practice as veterinarians in a service commitment area and have not graduated from an Iowa high school or completed private instruction under Iowa Code chapter 299A.

27.5(2) In the event that all on-time eligible applicants within a priority group described in subrule 27.5(1) cannot be funded, eligible applicants within that priority group will be prioritized according to the date the application was received by the commission.

[ARC 5224C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—27.6(261) Awarding of funds.

27.6(1) The maximum award will be paid to the veterinarian's eligible loan holder in four equal installments, upon successful completion of each of four 12-month practice obligations. Failure to complete all, or any portion, of the four-consecutive-year practice obligation will result in the forfeiture

of all remaining unpaid payments. A veterinarian who fails to meet the requirements of these rules may also be subject to repayment of moneys advanced by the service commitment area or veterinary shortage area as provided in any contract between the veterinarian and the service commitment area or veterinary shortage area.

27.6(2) An eligible applicant must annually complete and return to the commission an affidavit of completion of practice in a service commitment area or veterinary shortage area.

[ARC 5224C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—27.7(261) Waivers.

27.7(1) *Service commitment area or veterinary shortage area.* The commission may waive the requirement that the veterinarian practice in the same service commitment area or veterinary shortage area for four years as long as the veterinarian continues to practice in a service commitment area or veterinary shortage area. The veterinarian must request a waiver from the commission in writing.

27.7(2) *Postponement of veterinarian practice.* The veterinarian obligation to engage in practice in accordance with rule 283—27.4(261) may be postponed for no more than two years from the time full-time practice was to commence. The veterinarian must request a waiver from the commission in writing for one of the following purposes:

- a. Active duty service in the armed forces, the armed forces military reserve, or the national guard.
- b. Service in Volunteers in Service to America or the federal Peace Corps.
- c. A rural service commitment to the United States Public Health Service Commissioned Corps.
- d. A period of religious missionary work conducted by an organization exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The veterinarian obligation to engage in practice in accordance with rule 283—27.4(261) may be postponed for a period exceeding two years for any period of temporary medical incapacity, including leave approved under the Family and Medical Leave Act, during which the veterinarian is unable to engage in full-time practice. The veterinarian must request a waiver from the commission in writing.

27.7(3) *Satisfaction of the veterinarian practice obligation.* All obligations under the rural veterinarian loan repayment program are considered to be satisfied when any of the following conditions are met:

- a. All terms of the agreement are met.
- b. The person who entered into the agreement dies.
- c. The person who entered into the agreement, due to permanent disability, is unable to meet the requirements of these rules.
- d. The person who entered into the agreement has no remaining eligible loan balance to repay.

[ARC 5224C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—27.8(261) Loan repayment cancellation.

27.8(1) Within 30 days following termination of practice as a veterinarian in a service commitment area or a veterinary shortage area, the applicant must notify the commission.

27.8(2) The applicant is responsible for notifying the commission immediately of a change in contact information including, but not limited to, name, telephone number, email address, and location of practice.

[ARC 5224C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

283—27.9(261) Restrictions.

27.9(1) A veterinarian who is in default on a Federal Stafford Loan, Grad PLUS Loan, SLS Loan, Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan, Health Professions Student Loan (HPSL), or Health Education Assistance Loan (HEAL) or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for loan repayment. Eligibility may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

27.9(2) A veterinarian who participated in and received loan repayment awards through the veterinary medicine loan repayment program administered by the United States Department of

Agriculture is ineligible to enter into a program agreement or receive loan repayment benefits under this program.

[ARC 5224C, IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.120 as enacted by 2020 Iowa Acts, Senate File 2398.

[Filed ARC 5224C (Notice ARC 5123C, IAB 8/12/20), IAB 10/7/20, effective 11/11/20]

CHAPTER 28
TEACH IOWA SCHOLAR PROGRAM

283—28.1(261) Teach Iowa scholar program. The teach Iowa scholar program is a state-funded and administered benefit for high-achieving Iowans teaching in eligible teaching fields in Iowa.
[ARC 1572C, IAB 8/20/14, effective 9/24/14]

283—28.2(261) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“*Commission*” means the Iowa college student aid commission.

“*Department*” means the Iowa department of education.

“*Eligible school or agency*” means a public school district, area education agency, charter school, and accredited nonpublic school recognized and approved by the department.

“*Eligible student loan*” means a recipient’s total subsidized, unsubsidized, and consolidated Federal Stafford Loan amount under the Federal Family Education Loan Program, Federal Direct Loan Program, federal Graduate PLUS Loan, or federal Perkins Loan, including principal and interest. Only the outstanding portion of a federal consolidation loan that was used to repay an eligible subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan qualifies as an eligible student loan.

“*Eligible teaching field*” means hard-to-staff subjects as identified by the director of the department. In selecting hard-to-staff subjects, the department shall consider the varying regional needs in the state.

“*Preparation program*” means the programs of practitioner preparation leading to licensure of teachers, administrators, and other professional school personnel.

“*Teacher*” means an individual who holds a practitioner’s license or a statement of professional recognition issued under Iowa Code chapter 272 and who is employed in a nonadministrative position by a school district or area education agency pursuant to a contract issued by a board of directors under Iowa Code section 279.13. “Teacher” also includes a preschool teacher who is licensed by the board of educational examiners under Iowa Code chapter 272 and is employed by an eligible school or agency.
[ARC 1572C, IAB 8/20/14, effective 9/24/14]

283—28.3(261) Eligibility requirements. An applicant must:

28.3(1) Have graduated in the top 25 percent academically of students completing teacher preparation programs, as certified by the postsecondary institution offering the teacher preparation program from which the applicant graduates.

28.3(2) Be a teacher providing instruction on a full-time basis in an eligible teaching field or in a combination of eligible teaching fields in an eligible school or agency.

28.3(3) File an application annually on or before the deadline established by the commission to be considered for funding.

28.3(4) Annually complete and return to the commission an affidavit of practice verifying annual employment in an eligible teaching field.
[ARC 1572C, IAB 8/20/14, effective 9/24/14]

283—28.4(261) Awarding of funds.

28.4(1) Selection criteria. All applicants meeting the eligibility requirements will be considered for funding. In the event that all on-time applicants cannot be funded with the available appropriation, criteria for selection of recipients will be prioritized as follows:

- a. Award renewal status;
- b. Graduation date, grouped by academic year, with the most recent academic year graduates given priority;
- c. Prioritized annual ranking of eligible teaching fields by the department, with the highest ranking fields being served first, if information is available;
- d. Prioritized annual ranking of regional need within eligible teaching fields by the department, with the highest ranking regions being served first within each ranked eligible teaching field, if information is available;
- e. Iowa resident status;

f. Date of application.

28.4(2) *Maximum award and extent of receipt.*

a. The maximum annual award shall not exceed \$4,000.

b. A recipient may receive up to \$20,000 over a five-year period, beginning with the first year of receipt.

c. Designated applicants teaching hard-to-staff subjects shall not be impacted in subsequent years if the subject is no longer identified by the department as a hard-to-staff subject.

28.4(3) *Disbursement of award.* The maximum annual award will be paid either directly to the teacher or to the teacher's eligible student loan holder upon successful completion of each annual employment obligation. The commission will annually verify completion of the teacher's employment obligation with the eligible school or agency prior to payment.

[ARC 1572C, IAB 8/20/14, effective 9/24/14; ARC 2209C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

283—28.5(261) Award cancellation.

28.5(1) The teacher must notify the commission within 30 days following termination or change of employment in an eligible teaching field or an eligible school or agency.

28.5(2) The teacher is responsible for notifying the commission immediately of a change in contact information including, but not limited to, name, telephone number and e-mail address.

[ARC 1572C, IAB 8/20/14, effective 9/24/14]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.110.

[Filed ARC 1572C (Notice ARC 1419C, IAB 4/16/14), IAB 8/20/14, effective 9/24/14]

[Filed ARC 2209C (Notice ARC 2110C, IAB 8/19/15), IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

CHAPTER 29
IOWA NATIONAL GUARD MASTER'S DEGREE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

283—29.1(261) Scholarships to Iowa national guard members for master's degree studies at eligible Iowa institutions. In the event that the adjutant general authorizes the expenditure of unencumbered or unobligated funds from Iowa Code section 261.86(6) for the recruitment or retention of individuals by providing a scholarship award to an eligible member of the Iowa national guard, this chapter shall be used to administer authorized scholarships. The adjutant general shall select program recipients and authorize scholarship awards under this chapter. The decision of the adjutant general is final.

29.1(1) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“Eligible program of study” means a master's degree program in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics-related military occupational specialties or air force specialty codes that is in compliance with the federal Edith Nourse Rogers STEM Scholarship program established under 38 United States Code §3320.

“Federal active duty” means military duty performed pursuant to orders issued under Title 10, United States Code, other than for training.

“State-defined payment period” means one of six payment terms and corresponding deadlines as defined by the college student aid commission.

29.1(2) Eligible guard member. A recipient must:

a. Be a resident of Iowa, as defined by the adjutant general of Iowa, and a member of an Iowa army or air national guard unit throughout each term for which the member receives benefits.

b. Have satisfactorily completed required guard training.

c. Have maintained satisfactory performance of guard duty.

d. Have applied to the adjutant general of Iowa for program eligibility by the established application deadline date(s) by completing the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and any other application form required. The adjutant general shall accept an application from an eligible member of the Iowa national guard who was on federal active duty at the time of an application deadline if the application is received within 30 days after the eligible member returns to Iowa from federal active duty. The applicant will be considered for funding for the state-defined payment period in which the application was received and any future state-defined payment periods in that academic year.

e. Be pursuing an eligible program of study at an institution of higher education governed by the state board of regents or an accredited private institution or eligible institution located in Iowa that meets all eligibility requirements set forth in Iowa Code section 261.9.

f. Be maintaining satisfactory academic progress.

g. Have been offered the scholarship incentive either:

(1) In the military entrance process, or

(2) Within the final year of the service member's initial contract obligation, if the individual signs a six-year extension.

29.1(3) Selection criteria. The adjutant general will select eligible guard members to receive the scholarship benefit. Neither eligibility nor scholarship award determinations shall be based upon an eligible guard member's unit, the location at which drills are attended, or whether the eligible guard member is a member of the Iowa army or air national guard.

29.1(4) Award limitations. Awards may be used for tuition and fees; room and board; books, supplies, transportation and personal expenses; dependent care; and disability-related expenses. Individual award amounts shall be determined by the adjutant general and shall neither be less than an amount equal to 50 percent of the resident tuition rate established for students attending the eligible program of study at regent institutions nor exceed the amount of the resident tuition rate established for students attending the eligible program of study at regent institutions.

29.1(5) Restrictions. An eligible guard member may receive the scholarship award for no more than 36 semester credit hours, or the equivalent, of graduate degree study. All credit hours applicable to the

eligible program of study in a term of enrollment in which a scholarship was received must be reported to the commission within the state-defined payment period.

29.1(6) *Verification and compliance.*

a. The adjutant general will notify the commission of all eligible guard members. Changes in member eligibility will be sent to the commission within 30 days of the change.

b. The commission will notify eligible Iowa colleges and universities of guard member eligibility.

c. The commission will coordinate the collection and dissemination of eligibility and enrollment information received from the adjutant general and colleges and universities.

d. The institution's financial aid administrator will be responsible for completing academic progress enrollment verifications and for coordinating other aid to ensure compliance with student eligibility requirements and allowable award amounts. Colleges and universities will report changes in student enrollment to the commission within 30 days after the last day of the enrollment period.

[ARC 5968C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

This rule is intended to implement 2021 Iowa Acts, House File 428.

[Filed ARC 5968C (Notice ARC 5856C, IAB 8/11/21), IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

CHAPTER 30
IOWA NATIONAL GUARD STUDENT LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAM

283—30.1(261) Loan repayment awards to Iowa national guard members. In the event that the adjutant general authorizes the expenditure of unencumbered or unobligated funds from Iowa Code section 261.86(6) for the recruitment or retention of individuals by issuing student loan repayment awards to an eligible member of the Iowa national guard, this chapter shall be used to administer authorized awards. The adjutant general shall select program recipients and authorize awards under this chapter.

30.1(1) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“Eligible program of study” means a program of study in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics-related military occupational specialties or air force specialty codes that is in compliance with the federal Edith Nourse Rogers STEM Scholarship program established under 38 United States Code §3320.

“Federal active duty” means military duty performed pursuant to orders issued under Title 10, United States Code, other than for training.

“Qualified student loan” means a federally guaranteed Stafford Loan under the Federal Family Education Loan Program or the Federal Direct Loan Program, a federal Grad PLUS Loan, or a federal Perkins Loan, including principal and interest. Only the outstanding portion of a federal consolidation loan that was used to repay a qualified student loan qualifies for loan repayment.

30.1(2) Eligibility requirements. An eligible guard member must:

a. Be a resident of Iowa, as defined by the adjutant general of Iowa, and a member of an Iowa army or air national guard unit.

b. Have satisfactorily completed required guard training.

c. Have maintained satisfactory performance of guard duty.

d. Have applied to the adjutant general of Iowa by the established application deadline date(s) by completing any application form required. The adjutant general shall accept an application from an eligible member of the Iowa national guard who was on federal active duty at the time of an application deadline if the application is received within 30 days after the eligible member returns to Iowa from federal active duty. A new application may be required in subsequent years to renew loan repayment eligibility.

e. Be pursuing or have completed an eligible program of study.

f. Have been offered the loan repayment incentive either:

(1) In the military entrance process, or

(2) Within the final year of the service member’s initial contract obligation, and the individual must sign a six-year extension.

g. Continue to meet the requirements of the contract with the Iowa national guard and the provisions of this chapter.

30.1(3) Selection criteria. The adjutant general will select eligible guard members to receive the student loan repayment benefit. Neither eligibility nor loan repayment award determinations shall be based upon an eligible guard member’s unit, the location at which drills are attended, or whether the eligible guard member is a member of the Iowa army or air national guard.

30.1(4) Annual award. The maximum award shall be the lesser of:

a. \$5,000, or

b. 100 percent of the eligible guard member’s outstanding qualified student loan.

30.1(5) Extent of repayment. Eligible guard members may receive loan repayment for no more than six consecutive years. Eligible guard members who fail to receive loan repayment awards in consecutive years will not be considered for subsequent years of loan repayment.

30.1(6) Disbursement of loan repayment funds.

a. Loan repayment awards will be disbursed upon completion of the year for which the award was approved. Prior to issuing the loan repayment award, commission staff will certify that the eligible guard member meets the eligibility requirements.

b. Following completion of the provisions in paragraph 30.1(6) “*a.*,” loan repayment awards will be distributed to the eligible guard member’s student loan holder and applied directly to qualified student loans.

30.1(7) *Loan repayment cancellation.* The adjutant general may cancel future loan repayment benefits for an individual if the individual does not continue to meet the provisions under this chapter or if funding is insufficient to provide future loan repayment awards.

30.1(8) *Restrictions.* An eligible guard member who is in default on a qualified student loan or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for loan repayment benefits. Eligibility may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5. Changes in eligible guard member eligibility will be sent to the commission within 30 days of the change.

[ARC 5969C, IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

This rule is intended to implement 2021 Iowa Acts, House File 428.

[Filed ARC 5969C (Notice ARC 5857C, IAB 8/11/21), IAB 10/6/21, effective 11/10/21]

CHAPTER 31
IOWA WORK FOR COLLEGE PROGRAM
Rescinded IAB 6/18/97, effective 7/23/97

CHAPTER 32
CHIROPRACTIC GRADUATE STUDENT FORGIVABLE LOAN PROGRAM

283—32.1(261) Chiropractic graduate student forgivable loan program. The chiropractic graduate student forgivable loan program is a state-supported and administered forgivable loan program for Iowans enrolled at Palmer College of Chiropractic, hereinafter “the college.”

32.1(1) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“*Chiropractic practice*” means working full-time as a licensed chiropractor in the state of Iowa as certified by the state board of examiners.

“*Graduate student*” means a student who has completed at least 90 semester hours, or the trimester or quarter equivalent, of postsecondary coursework at a public higher education institution or at an accredited private institution, as defined under Iowa Code section 261.9.

“*Iowa resident student*” means an individual who meets the criteria established in 283—Chapter 10.

“*Underserved area*” means a geographical area included on the Iowa governor’s health practitioner shortage area list, which is compiled by the center for rural health and primary care of the Iowa department of public health.

32.1(2) Recipient eligibility.

a. Graduate students who are enrolled at the college on or after July 1, 1999, who meet the Iowa residency requirements established in 283—Chapter 10 and agree to practice chiropractic in underserved areas in Iowa are eligible to apply for program benefits.

b. The annual amount of the forgivable loan to an eligible chiropractic student is determined by dividing the annual appropriation by the number of eligible students. The loan amount shall not exceed the student’s annual cost of tuition and fees.

c. Eligible students who borrowed prior to July 1, 1999, and seek additional assistance must agree to practice in underserved areas in Iowa to qualify for cancellation benefits for all loans.

d. Rescinded IAB 8/6/03, effective 9/10/03.

32.1(3) Promissory note. The chiropractic recipient of a loan under this program shall sign a promissory note agreeing to practice chiropractic in an underserved area in Iowa for one full year for each loan received or to repay the loan and accrued interest according to repayment terms specified in the note.

32.1(4) Interest rate. The rate of interest on loans under this program shall be 10.5 percent per annum on the unpaid principal balance.

32.1(5) Disbursement of loan proceeds.

a. The full loan amount will be disbursed when the college certifies that the borrower is an Iowa resident and enrolled in good standing.

b. Loan proceeds will be disbursed to the college as requested by the college.

c. The college will apply loan proceeds directly to the borrowers’ tuition accounts.

d. If the borrower withdraws from attendance and is entitled to a refund of tuition and fees, the pro-rata share of the refund attributable to the state loan must be refunded to the commission.

32.1(6) Loan cancellations.

a. Thirty days following the termination of enrollment at the college or termination of a chiropractic practice in the state of Iowa, the borrower shall notify the commission of the nature of the borrower’s employment or educational status.

b. To certify eligibility for cancellation, the borrower must annually verify, in a format acceptable to the commission, that the borrower practiced as a licensed chiropractor in the state of Iowa for 12 consecutive months for each annual loan to be canceled.

c. If the borrower qualifies for partial loan cancellation, the commission shall notify the borrower promptly and revise the repayment schedule accordingly.

d. In the event of death or total and permanent disability, a borrower’s obligation to pay this loan is canceled. Borrowers seeking forgiveness as a result of total or permanent disability must submit

sufficient information substantiating the claim to the commission. Reports of a borrower's death will be referred to the licensing board for confirmation.

32.1(7) *Loan payments.*

a. Prior to the start of the repayment period, the commission shall provide the borrower with a repayment schedule, modified to reflect any applicable cancellation benefits.

b. It shall be the borrower's responsibility to remit payments to the commission as required by the repayment schedule.

c. In the event the borrower fails to abide by any material provision of the promissory note or fails to make any payment due under the promissory note within ten days after the date the payment is due, the commission may declare the borrower in default and declare the entire unpaid balance and accrued interest on the promissory note due.

d. The borrower is responsible for notifying the commission immediately of a change in name, place of employment, or home address.

32.1(8) *Deferral of repayment.*

a. Repayment of the borrower's loan obligation shall begin one year after the borrower graduates if the borrower does not practice chiropractic in an underserved area in Iowa.

b. Repayment of the borrower's loan obligation may be deferred under the following circumstances: return to full-time study; active duty in the United States military service, not to exceed three years; or during a period of temporary disability, not to exceed three years.

c. Repayment of the borrower's loan obligation under this loan program is not required during periods of enrollment as a student at the college or while fulfilling the physician service requirement.

d. Forbearance is a revision in repayment terms to temporarily postpone payments. It may be granted when a borrower experiences a temporary hardship and is willing but unable to pay in accordance with the repayment schedule. Borrowers remain responsible for interest accrual during forbearance periods. The program administrator may grant forbearance for periods of less than six months; periods of greater than six months but less than one year must be approved by the executive director. Forbearance periods exceeding one year must be approved by the commission.

e. Borrowers failing to meet the service requirement shall be required to repay the loan on a prorated basis. The prorated balance will be calculated by dividing the number of days remaining in the service period by the number of days in the service period multiplied by the loan amount.

f. Loans not forgiven may be sold to a bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or nonprofit agency eligible to participate in the guaranteed student loan program under the federal Higher Education Act of 1965, 20 U.S.C. §1071 et seq., by the commission when the loans become due for repayment.

32.1(9) *Restrictions.* A borrower who is in default on a Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan, Health Professions Student Loan (HPSL), or Health Education Assistance Loan (HEAL) or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for loan payments. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapter 5, Iowa Administrative Code.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.71.

[ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

[Filed 9/18/97, Notice 6/18/97—published 10/8/97, effective 11/12/97]

[Filed 8/20/99, Notice 6/16/99—published 9/8/99, effective 10/13/99]

[Filed 7/17/03, Notice 4/30/03—published 8/6/03, effective 9/10/03]

[Filed ARC 2205C (Notice ARC 2037C, IAB 6/24/15), IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15]

CHAPTER 33
CHIROPRACTIC LOAN FORGIVENESS PROGRAM

283—33.1(261) Chiropractic loan forgiveness program.

33.1(1) The chiropractic loan forgiveness program is a state-supported and state-administered loan forgiveness program for Iowans who are chiropractors practicing in Iowa.

33.1(2) Definition. As used in this chapter, “chiropractic practice” means working as a licensed chiropractor in the state of Iowa as certified by the state board of chiropractic under Iowa Code chapter 151.

283—33.2(261) Eligibility.

33.2(1) Applicants must be:

- a. Residents of the state of Iowa; and
- b. Employed in chiropractic practice in Iowa.

33.2(2) Applicants must complete and file annual applications for the chiropractic loan forgiveness program by the deadline established by the commission. If funds remain available after the application deadline, the commission will continue to accept applications.

33.2(3) Applicants must annually complete and return to the commission affidavits of practice verifying that they are employed as licensed chiropractors in Iowa.

33.2(4) Applicants must begin their first licensed chiropractic positions in Iowa on or after July 1, 2008.

283—33.3(261) Awarding of funds.

33.3(1) *Selection criteria.* All applications received on or before the published deadline will be considered for funding. In the event that all applications for the program cannot be funded with the available appropriations, criteria for selection of recipients will be prioritized as follows.

- a. Applicant renewal status:
 - (1) Date of application;
 - (2) Applicant debt level;
- b. Full-time employment status:
 - (1) Date of application;
 - (2) Applicant debt level;
- c. Part-time employment status:
 - (1) Date of application;
 - (2) Applicant debt level.

33.3(2) *Annual award.* The maximum annual award to an eligible chiropractor shall be the lesser of:

- a. The average resident tuition rate established for students attending universities governed by the Iowa board of regents for the first year following the chiropractor’s graduation from a college of chiropractic approved by the board of chiropractic in accordance with Iowa Code section 151.4; or
- b. Twenty percent of the chiropractor’s total federally guaranteed Stafford loan balance, including principal and interest, under the Federal Family Education Loan Program (FFELP) or the Federal Direct Loan Program (FDLP). Eligible loans include subsidized and unsubsidized Stafford loans and consolidated loans. Only the outstanding portion of a Federal Consolidation Loan that was used to repay an eligible subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan, an eligible Direct Subsidized Loan, or an eligible Direct Unsubsidized Loan qualifies for loan forgiveness.

33.3(3) *Extent of forgiveness.* Recipients may receive loan forgiveness for no more than five consecutive years. Recipients who fail to complete five consecutive years as chiropractors in Iowa will not be considered for subsequent years of forgiveness.

33.3(4) *Disbursement of loan forgiveness funds.*

- a. Loan payments will be disbursed upon completion of the year for which forgiveness was approved and upon certification from the employer or by submission of an affidavit of practice that the chiropractor was employed during the entire year and completed the year in good standing.

b. Loan proceeds will be distributed to the recipient's student loan holder and applied directly to eligible loans. Unless otherwise instructed by the recipient, the holder will be instructed to apply the proceeds of the loan forgiveness program first to any outstanding unsubsidized Stafford loan balances, next to any outstanding subsidized Stafford loan balances, then to any eligible outstanding consolidation loan balances.

283—33.4(261) Loan forgiveness cancellation.

33.4(1) Within 30 days following termination of employment as a chiropractor in Iowa, the recipient shall notify the commission of the nature of the chiropractor's employment status.

33.4(2) The chiropractor is responsible for notifying the commission immediately of a change in name, place of employment, home address, or lender.

283—33.5(261) Restrictions. A chiropractor who is in default on a Federal Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan, Health Professions Student Loan (HPSL), or Health Education Assistance Loan (HEAL) or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for loan forgiveness benefits. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

These rules are intended to implement 2008 Iowa Acts, House File 2679, section 34.

[Filed emergency 8/1/08—published 8/27/08, effective 8/1/08]

[Filed 11/26/08, Notice 8/27/08—published 12/17/08, effective 1/21/09]

CHAPTER 34
REGISTERED NURSE AND NURSE EDUCATOR LOAN FORGIVENESS PROGRAM
Rescinded **ARC 4374C**, IAB 3/27/19, effective 5/1/19

CHAPTER 35
IOWA TEACHER SHORTAGE LOAN FORGIVENESS PROGRAM

283—35.1(261) Iowa teacher shortage loan forgiveness program. The Iowa teacher shortage loan forgiveness program is a state-supported and administered loan forgiveness program for Iowans teaching in designated teacher shortage areas as certified by the director of the Iowa department of education.

283—35.2(261) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“*Eligible school or agency*” means a public school district, area education agency, charter school, or accredited nonpublic school recognized and approved by the Iowa department of education.

“*Shortage area*” means a geographic or subject area in which there exists a teacher shortage as determined annually by the director of the Iowa department of education.

“*Teacher*” means an individual holding a practitioner’s license or a statement of professional recognition issued under Iowa Code chapter 272 and who is employed in a nonadministrative position by a school district or area education agency pursuant to a contract issued by a board of directors under Iowa Code section 279.13. “Teacher” also includes a preschool teacher who is licensed by the board of educational examiners under Iowa Code chapter 272 and is employed by an eligible school or agency.
[ARC 2943C, IAB 2/15/17, effective 3/22/17]

283—35.3(261) Eligibility requirements.

35.3(1) Applicants must be teaching in approved shortage areas at an eligible school or agency.

35.3(2) Applicants must complete and file annual applications for the Iowa teacher shortage loan forgiveness program by the deadline established by the commission. If funds remain available after the application deadline, the commission will continue to accept applications.

35.3(3) Applicants must annually complete and return to the commission affidavits of practice verifying that they are teaching in eligible teacher shortage areas.

35.3(4) Applicants must begin their first teaching jobs in Iowa on or after July 1, 2007.
[ARC 2943C, IAB 2/15/17, effective 3/22/17]

283—35.4(261) Awarding of funds.

35.4(1) Selection criteria. All applications received on or before the published deadline will be considered for funding. In the event that all on-time applicants for the program cannot be funded with the available appropriation, criteria for selection of recipients will be prioritized as follows:

- a. Renewal status;
- b. Instructional shortage area being served, with the highest need areas as ranked by the Iowa department of education being served first;
- c. Geographic shortage area being served, with the highest need areas as ranked by the Iowa department of education being served first;
- d. Iowa residency status;
- e. Full-time employment status;
- f. Part-time employment status;
- g. Total indebtedness; and
- h. Date of application.

35.4(2) Annual award. The maximum annual award to an eligible recipient shall be the lesser of:

a. The average undergraduate resident tuition rate established for students attending universities governed by the Iowa board of regents for the first year following the teacher’s graduation from an approved practitioner preparation program, or

b. Twenty percent of the teacher’s total federally guaranteed Stafford loan balance, including principal and interest, under the Federal Family Education Loan Program (FFELP) or the Federal Direct Loan Program (FDLP). Eligible loans include subsidized and unsubsidized Stafford loans and consolidated loans. Only the outstanding portion of a Federal Consolidation Loan that was used to repay an eligible subsidized or unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan, an eligible Direct Subsidized Loan, or an eligible Direct Unsubsidized Loan qualifies for loan forgiveness.

35.4(3) *Extent of forgiveness.* Recipients may receive loan forgiveness for no more than five consecutive years. Recipients who fail to complete five consecutive years of teaching in the designated shortage areas will not be considered for subsequent years of forgiveness.

35.4(4) *Disbursement of loan forgiveness funds.*

a. Loan payments will be disbursed upon completion of the academic year for which forgiveness was approved and upon certification from the school district that the teacher was employed as a teacher during the entire academic year and completed the academic year in good standing.

b. Loan proceeds will be distributed to the teacher's student loan holder and applied directly to the teacher's eligible loans. Unless otherwise instructed by the teacher, the holder will be instructed to apply the proceeds of the Iowa teacher shortage loan forgiveness program first to any outstanding unsubsidized Stafford loan balances, next to any outstanding subsidized Stafford loan balances, then to any eligible outstanding consolidation loan balances.

[ARC 9393B, IAB 2/23/11, effective 3/30/11]

283—35.5(261) Loan forgiveness cancellation.

35.5(1) Within 30 days following termination of employment as a teacher in a designated teacher shortage area, the teacher shall notify the commission of the nature of the teacher's employment status.

35.5(2) The teacher is responsible for notifying the commission immediately of a change in name, place of employment, or home address.

283—35.6(261) Restrictions. A teacher who is in default on a Federal Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan, Health Professions Student Loan (HPSL), or Health Education Assistance Loan (HEAL) or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for loan payments. Eligibility may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 261 as amended by 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 588.

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CHAPTER 36
GOVERNOR TERRY E. BRANSTAD
IOWA STATE FAIR SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

283—36.1(77GA,ch1215) Governor Terry E. Branstad Iowa state fair scholarship program. The Governor Terry E. Branstad Iowa state fair scholarship program is a privately funded scholarship program for Iowa residents who actively participate in the Iowa state fair and enroll as undergraduate students in eligible Iowa institutions.

36.1(1) Definitions. As used in this chapter:

“*Eligible institution*” means an institution of higher learning located in Iowa under the control of the state board of regents, a North Central Association of Colleges and Schools (NCA) accredited independent institution as defined in Iowa Code section 261.9, or a state-supported community college.

“*Iowa resident student*” means an individual who meets the criteria established in 283—Chapter 10.

“*Located in Iowa*” means a college or university accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, that has made a substantial investment in a permanent Iowa campus and staff, and that offers a full range of courses leading to the degrees offered by the institution as well as a full range of student services.

36.1(2) Eligibility for scholarship.

a. An applicant must be an Iowa resident who has graduated from an accredited secondary school in Iowa.

b. An applicant for assistance under this program must enroll at an eligible institution.

c. An applicant must release grade point average and need analysis information to the commission on forms specified by the commission, by the deadline date determined by the commission. In addition, each applicant must provide the following information, as stated in the application instructions: essay, description of state fair participation, description of school and community activities, and description of community services.

36.1(3) Selection. A panel of judges representing the following agencies will choose recipients: governor’s staff, the Iowa state fair board, the Iowa department of education, the Iowa department of agriculture and land stewardship, and the Iowa college student aid commission.

36.1(4) Monetary award.

a. Up to ten awards, not to exceed \$5,000 per award, will be awarded annually. No student shall receive more than the student’s established financial need.

b. A scholarship of up to \$5,000 will be awarded each year to the Iowa state fair queen.

c. The Governor Terry E. Branstad Iowa state fair scholarship fund will be established in the office of the state treasurer.

36.1(5) Restrictions. An applicant who is in default on a Stafford Loan, SLS Loan, Perkins/National Direct/National Defense Student Loan, Health Professions Student Loan (HPSL), or Health Education Assistance Loan (HEAL) or who owes a repayment on any Title IV grant assistance or state award shall be ineligible for this scholarship. Eligibility for state aid may be reinstated upon payment in full of the delinquent obligation or by commission ruling on the basis of adequate extenuating evidence presented in appeal under the procedures set forth in 283—Chapters 4 and 5, Iowa Administrative Code.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 261.24.

[ARC 0246C, IAB 8/8/12, effective 7/13/12; ARC 0945C, IAB 8/21/13, effective 9/25/13; ARC 2205C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15; ARC 2208C, IAB 10/28/15, effective 12/2/15; ARC 2581C, IAB 6/22/16, effective 7/27/16]

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CHAPTER 37
STUDENT LOAN DEBT COLLECTION

283—37.1(261) General purpose. In collection of defaulted student loans, the commission may apply administrative wage garnishment and state tax offset procedures established under Iowa Code chapter 261, specifically including private partnership loans authorized for collection under Iowa Code section 261.38.

[ARC 4719C, IAB 10/23/19, effective 11/27/19]

283—37.2(261) Definitions.

37.2(1) A “debtor” is a person who has defaulted on any obligation owed to or collected by the commission.

37.2(2) A debtor is in “default” if:

a. The debtor is obligated to pay under a federal student loan guaranteed by the commission pursuant to the provisions of Iowa Code sections 261.35 to 261.43, and the debtor’s defaulted loan has been purchased by the commission from an eligible lender;

b. The debtor is obligated to pay under a partnership student loan issued by Iowa Student Loan Liquidity Corporation (ISLLC), and the commission acquires the debtor’s loan as a default pursuant to Iowa Code section 261.38 due to the debtor’s failure to make payments to ISLLC;

c. The debtor becomes obligated to repay the commission under any forgivable loan program administered by the commission, and fails to make an agreed payment within 20 days of the agreed due date; or

d. The debtor enters into a written repayment agreement with the commission and fails to make an agreed payment within 20 days of the due date stated in the repayment agreement.

37.2(3) The phrase “defaulted obligation owed” means the total amount of the debtor’s obligation, including principal and unpaid accrued interest, and may include collection costs and other allowable fees.

283—37.3(261) License sanction program. Rescinded ARC 4719C, IAB 10/23/19, effective 11/27/19.

283—37.4(261) Administrative wage garnishment procedures. The commission shall apply administrative wage garnishment procedures established under the federal Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended and codified in 20 U.S.C. § 1071 et seq., in the collection of all defaulted student loans owed to the commission.

37.4(1) *Notice prior to wage withholding.* A debtor shall receive a “notice prior to wage withholding” from the commission inviting the debtor to enter into voluntary monthly payments with the commission within 30 days after receipt of the notice.

37.4(2) *Right to hearing.* A debtor is entitled to a hearing before an administrative law judge if a petition is filed requesting a hearing on or before the fifteenth day following mailing of the “notice prior to wage withholding.”

37.4(3) *Repayment agreement.* A debtor who negotiates a monthly payment with the commission shall receive a “repayment agreement in lieu of wage withholding” reflecting the payment amount and payment date agreed upon (20-day grace period) for the debtor’s signature and return to the commission.

37.4(4) *Debtor’s failure to arrange timely voluntary payments.*

a. The employer of a debtor who is financially capable of paying, but who fails to make voluntary payments after receiving a “notice prior to wage withholding” from the commission, or who signs a “repayment agreement in lieu of wage withholding” but subsequently fails to make regular monthly payments, shall receive an “order of withholding from earnings” from the commission, directing the debtor’s employer to deduct and pay to the commission from the debtor’s wages an amount that does not exceed the amount authorized by federal legislation, unless the debtor provides the commission with written consent to deduct a greater amount. A duplicate copy of the order shall be provided to the debtor by the employer.

b. The employer also shall receive from the commission an “employer acknowledgment of wage withholding” which should be completed and returned to the commission within ten business days.

c. The employer shall notify the commission if the debtor changes employment. The employer shall provide the debtor’s date of termination, last-known address, and current employer and telephone number (if known).

d. The commission will send the employer a “release of order of withholding from earnings” when the debtor’s loan being collected by the commission is paid in full.

283—37.5(261) Offset against state income tax refund or rebate.

37.5(1) General. A claim against a defaulted borrower’s state income tax refund or rebate will be made to receive payment against any defaulted student loan owed to the commission.

37.5(2) Certification. The commission shall submit to the department of revenue a list of defaulted borrowers to certify for offset.

37.5(3) Borrower notification. The commission shall mail a preoffset notice to a defaulted borrower when:

a. The commission is notified by the department of revenue that the defaulted borrower is entitled to a state income tax refund or rebate; and

b. The commission makes claim to the defaulted borrower’s state income tax refund or rebate.

The preoffset notice will inform the defaulted borrower of the amount the commission intends to claim and apply to the outstanding defaulted student loan.

37.5(4) Challenge of offset. When the defaulted borrower contests a claim, a written request shall be submitted to the commission within 15 calendar days after the preoffset notice is mailed. When the request is received within the 15-day limit, a hearing shall be granted.

37.5(5) Spousal share. The spouse’s proportionate share of a joint return filed with a defaulted borrower, as determined by the department of revenue, shall be released by the department of revenue unless other claims are made on that portion of the joint income tax refund. The request for release of the spouse’s proportionate share shall be in writing and received by the commission within 15 calendar days after the mailing date of the preoffset notice.

37.5(6) Claim of offset. The commission may make claim to a defaulted borrower’s state income tax refund or rebate when the defaulted borrower has not made a voluntary payment which has been posted to the borrower’s account during the 120 days preceding the day an offset tape match is run. A voluntary payment toward a defaulted loan is defined as making an agreed-upon monthly payment through a means other than by offset or garnishment.

37.5(7) Appeals.

a. *General.* Borrowers with defaulted student loans may appeal commission decisions to offset their state tax refunds or rebates pursuant to the procedures provided in this rule.

b. *Procedures.* If a defaulted borrower contests a claim, written appeal shall be presented to the commission’s state offset coordinator, setting forth reasons for disagreement. The evidence must be presented within 15 calendar days after notification of the proposed offset, and the appellant may request a hearing.

(1) If no hearing is requested, the state offset coordinator will consider all evidence provided and will notify the appellant within 30 calendar days whether the decision is retracted, modified, or upheld. The appellant will be advised of the appellant’s right to carry the appeal to an administrative law judge.

(2) If a hearing is requested, the state offset coordinator will set a date for the hearing no later than 30 calendar days from the date that the request was received.

(3) An administrative law judge will preside at the hearing and will consider any written material presented before the hearing as well as other evidence presented during the course of the hearing.

(4) After considering all evidence presented, the administrative law judge will notify the appellant in writing as to the decision on the appeal, advising the appellant of the appellant’s right to carry the appeal to a full meeting of the commission or to its appointed appeals panel.

c. Additional provisions. Except as specifically provided in this rule, administrative hearings will be governed by 283—Chapter 4.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 261.37 and 261.38.

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