

REAL ESTATE APPRAISER EXAMINING BOARD[193F]

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CHAPTER 1
ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION

[Prior to 2/20/02, see 193F—Chapters 2, 9 and 11]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—1.1(543D) Description.

1.1(1) The purpose of the real estate appraiser examining board is to administer and enforce the provisions of Iowa Code chapter 543D with regard to the appraisal of real property in the state of Iowa, examination of candidates, issuance of licenses, investigation of alleged violations by licensees, and discipline of those regulated by the board. Through its actions, the board seeks to promote and maintain a high level of public trust in professional appraisal practice.

1.1(2) The board maintains an office at 6200 Park Avenue, Suite 100, Des Moines, Iowa 50321.

1.1(3) All board action under Iowa Code chapter 543D will be taken under the supervision of the director, as provided in Iowa Code section 543D.23 and these implementing rules.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24; Editorial change: IAC Supplement 1/22/25]

193F—1.2(543D) Administrative authority.

1.2(1) The director is vested with authority to review, approve, modify, or reject all board action pursuant to Iowa Code chapter 543D. The director may exercise all authority conferred upon the board and has to have access to all records and information to which the board has access. In supervising the board, the director will independently evaluate the substantive merits of recommended or proposed board actions which may be anticompetitive.

1.2(2) In performing its duties and in exercising its authority under Iowa Code chapter 543D, the board may take action without preclearance by the director if the action is ministerial or nondiscretionary. As used in this chapter, the words “ministerial or nondiscretionary” include any action expressly mandated by state or federal law, rule, or regulation; by the AQB; or by the appraisal subcommittee. The board may, for example, grant or deny an application for initial or reciprocal certification as a real estate appraiser, an application for registration as an associate real estate appraiser, or an application for a temporary practice permit by an out-of-state appraiser, on any ground expressly mandated by state or federal law, rule, or regulation; by the AQB; or by the appraisal subcommittee.

1.2(3) Prior to taking discretionary action under Iowa Code chapter 543D, the board will secure approval of the director if the proposed action is or may be anticompetitive. As used in this chapter, the word “discretionary” includes any action that is authorized but not expressly imposed by state or federal law, rule, or regulation; by the AQB; or by the appraisal subcommittee. Examples of discretionary action include orders in response to petitions for rulemaking, declaratory orders, or waivers from rules, rulemaking, disciplinary proceedings against licensees, administrative proceedings against unlicensed persons, or any action commenced in the district court.

1.2(4) Determining whether any particular action is or may be anticompetitive is necessarily a fact-based inquiry dependent on a number of factors, including potential impact on the market or restraint of trade. With respect to disciplinary actions, for instance, a proceeding against a single licensee for violating appraisal standards would not have an impact on the broader market and would accordingly not be an anticompetitive action. Commencement of disciplinary proceedings which affect all or a substantial subset of appraisers may have a significant market impact. When in doubt as to whether a proposed discretionary action is or may be anticompetitive, the board may submit the proposed action to the director for preclearance.

1.2(5) A person aggrieved by any final action of the board taken under Iowa Code chapter 543D may appeal that action to the director within 20 days of the date the board issues the action.

a. The appeal process applies whether the board action at issue was ministerial or nondiscretionary, or discretionary, and whether the proposed action was or was not submitted through a preclearance process before the director.

b. No person aggrieved by a final action of the board may seek judicial review of that action without first appealing the action to the director.

c. Records, filings, and requests for public information. Final board action, regardless of whether such board action is ministerial, nondiscretionary, or discretionary, will be immediately effective when issued by the board but is subject to review or appeal to the director. If a timely review is initiated or a timely appeal is taken, the effectiveness of such final board action will be delayed during the pendency of such review or appeal.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—1.3(543D) Annual meeting. The annual meeting of the board will be the first meeting scheduled after April 30. At this time, the chairperson and vice chairperson are elected to serve until their successors are elected.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—1.4(543D) Other meetings. In addition to the annual meeting, and in addition to other meetings, the time and place of which may be fixed by resolution of the board, any meeting may be called by the chairperson of the board or by joint call of a majority of its members.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—1.5(543D) Executive officer's duties.

1.5(1) The executive officer is to cause complete records to be kept of applications for examination and registration, certificates and permits granted, and all necessary information in regard thereto.

1.5(2) The executive officer is to determine when the legal obligations for certification and registration have been satisfied with regard to issuance of certificates or registrations, and the executive officer will submit to the board any questionable application.

1.5(3) The executive officer will keep accurate minutes of the meetings of the board. The executive officer will keep a list of the names of persons issued certificates as certified general real property appraisers, certified residential real property appraisers and associate real property appraisers.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—1.6(543D) Records, filings, and requests for public information. Unless otherwise specified by the rules of the department of inspections, appeals, and licensing, the board is the principal custodian of its own agency orders, statements of law or policy issued by the board, legal documents, and other public documents on file with the board.

1.6(1) Any person may examine public records promulgated or maintained by the board at its office during regular business hours.

1.6(2) Deadlines. Unless the context dictates otherwise, such as is the case for timely renewal of a registration or certificate, any deadline for filing a document will be extended to the next working day when the deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or official state holiday.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—1.7(543D) Adoption, amendment or repeal of administrative rules.

1.7(1) The board is authorized to adopt, amend or repeal its administrative rules in accordance with the provisions of Iowa Code section 17A.4. Prior to the adoption, amendment or repeal of any rule of the board, any interested person, as described in Iowa Code section 17A.4(1) "b," may submit any data, views, or arguments in writing concerning such rule or may request to make an oral presentation concerning such rule. Such written comments or requests to make oral presentations are to be filed with the board at its official address and should clearly state:

a. The name, address, and telephone number of the person or agency authoring the comment or request;

b. The number and title of the proposed rule, which is the subject of the comment or request as given in the Notice of Intended Action;

c. The general content of the oral presentation. A separate comment or request to make an oral presentation will be made for each proposed rule to which remarks are to be asserted.

1.7(2) The board will acknowledge receipt and acceptance for consideration of written comments and requests to make oral presentations.

1.7(3) Written comments received after the deadline set forth in the Notice of Intended Action may be accepted by the board although their consideration is not assured. Requests to make an oral presentation received after the deadline will not be accepted and will be returned to the requester.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—1.8(543D) Types of appraiser classifications. There are four types of appraiser classifications:

1. Associate residential real property appraiser. This classification consists of those persons who meet the obligations of 193F—Chapter 4.
2. Associate general property appraiser. This classification consists of those persons who meet the obligations of 193F—Chapter 4.
3. Certified residential real property appraiser. This classification consists of those persons who meet the obligations of 193F—Chapter 5.
4. Certified general real property appraiser. This classification consists of those persons who meet the obligations of 193F—Chapter 5.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—1.9(543D) Qualified state appraiser certifying agency.

1.9(1) The real estate appraiser examining board is a state appraiser certifying agency in compliance with Title XI of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 (FIRREA). As a result, persons who are issued certificates by the board to practice as certified real estate appraisers are authorized under federal law to perform appraisal services for federally related transactions and are identified as such in the National Registry maintained by the Appraisal Subcommittee (ASC).

1.9(2) The board will adhere to the criteria established by the Appraiser Qualifications Board (AQB) of the Appraisal Foundation when registering associate appraisers or certifying certified appraisers under Iowa Code chapter 543D. To the extent that the rules conflict with the minimum obligations outlined in the current version of the AQB criteria, the minimum standards established in the criteria will apply and these rules will give way to the minimum obligations to comply with federal rule, law, or policy.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—1.10(543D) AQB criteria.

1.10(1) No person may be certified as a certified appraiser unless the person is eligible under the January 1, 2022, AQB criteria.

1.10(2) The January 1, 2022, AQB criteria outline the conditions under which applicants for certification are eligible to take the mandated examinations.

[ARC 7837C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 543D.4, 543D.5, 543D.7, 543D.17, 543D.20 and 543D.22 and chapter 272C.

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[Editorial change: IAC Supplement 1/22/25]

CHAPTER 2
DEFINITIONS

[Prior to 2/20/02, see 193F—Chapter 1]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—2.1(543D) Applicability. The following definitions apply to the rules of the real estate appraiser examining board:

“*Appraisal Foundation*” means the same as defined in Iowa Code section 543D.2(3).

“*Appraisal subcommittee*” means the appraisal subcommittee of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council.

“*AQB*” means the Appraiser Qualifications Board of the Appraisal Foundation.

“*AQB Criteria*” or “*the Criteria*” means the Real Property Appraiser Qualification Criteria and Interpretations of the Criteria, effective as of January 1, 2022.

“*ASB*” means the Appraisal Standards Board of the Appraisal Foundation.

“*Associate real property appraiser*” means the same as defined in Iowa Code section 543D.2(6).

“*Certified appraiser*” means an individual who has been certified in one of the following two classifications:

1. The certified residential real property appraiser classification is qualified to appraise one to four residential units without regard to value or complexity.
2. The certified general real property appraiser classification is qualified to appraise all types of real property.

“*Director*” means the same as defined in Iowa Code section 543D.2(9) “a.”

“*FFIEC*” means the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council.

“*FIRREA*” means the Financial Institutions Reform Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989.

“*USPAP*” means the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice published by the Appraisal Foundation, effective as of January 1, 2024.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code section 543D.2.

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CHAPTER 3
GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR EXAMINATIONS

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—3.1(543D) Examinations. Applicants for a license from the board need to take the examination from the board-approved testing service.

[ARC 7839C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—3.2(543D) Conduct of applicant.

3.2(1) Any individual who subverts or attempts to subvert the examination process may, at the discretion of the board, have the individual's examination scores declared invalid for the purpose of certification in Iowa, be barred from the appraisal certification examinations in Iowa, or be subject to the imposition of other sanctions that the board deems appropriate.

3.2(2) Conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert the examination process includes, but is not limited to:

a. Conduct that violates the security of the examination materials, such as removing from the examination room any of the examination materials; reproducing or reconstructing any portion of the examination; aiding by any means in the reproduction or reconstruction of any portion of the examination; selling, distributing, buying, receiving, or having unauthorized possession of any portion of a future, current, or previously administered examination.

b. Conduct that violates the standard of test administration, such as communicating with any other examination candidate during the administration of the examination; copying answers from another candidate or permitting one's answers to be copied by another candidate during the examination; or referencing any books, notes, written or printed materials or data of any kind, other than the examination materials distributed.

c. Conduct that violates the examination process, such as falsifying or misrepresenting educational credentials or other information needed for admission to the examination; impersonating an examination candidate or having an impersonator take the examination on one's behalf.

3.2(3) Any examination candidate who challenges a decision of the board under this rule may request a contested case hearing. The request for hearing will be in writing, will briefly describe the basis for the challenge, and will be filed in the board's office within 30 days of the date of the board decision that is being challenged.

[ARC 7839C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—3.3(543D) Application for certification or registration. Applicants for certification or registration have to successfully complete the appropriate examination.

3.3(1) All initial applications for certification or associate registration will be made through the board's online system. The board may deny an application as described in Iowa Code sections 543D.12 and 543D.17. The board may also deny an application based on disciplinary action pending or taken against an applicant consistent with Iowa Code section 272C.12.

3.3(2) Reserved.

[ARC 7839C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 543D.8.

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CHAPTER 4
ASSOCIATE REAL ESTATE APPRAISER

[Prior to 2/20/02, see rule 193F—3.6(543D)]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—4.1(543D) Qualifications to register as an associate appraiser.

4.1(1) Education. A person applying for registration as an associate appraiser will, at a minimum, satisfactorily complete all AQB-approved, qualifying education courses needed under the AQB criteria specifying educational standards applicable for registration as an associate appraiser.

4.1(2) Background check. A state and national criminal history check will be performed on any new associate appraiser applicant. The applicant will authorize release of the results of the criminal history check to the board. If the criminal history check was not completed within 180 calendar days prior to the date the license application is received by the board, the board may perform a new state and national criminal history check or may reject and return the application to the applicant.

4.1(3) Application process. After completing the AQB associate appraiser obligations, a person applying as an associate appraiser can then access the application through the board's online system. A sufficient application within the meaning of Iowa Code section 17A.18(2) will include all information as outlined in the board's online system and be accompanied by the applicable fee.

4.1(4) Registration denial. The board may deny an application for registration as an associate appraiser on any ground identified in 193F—subrule 3.4(1) or on any ground upon which the board may impose discipline against an associate appraiser, as provided in 193F—Chapter 6.

[ARC 7840C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—4.2(543D) Supervision of associate appraisers.

4.2(1) Direct supervision. An associate appraiser is subject to the direct supervision obligations set by the AQB criteria.

4.2(2) Supervisor registration. An associate appraiser, other than a PAREA associate, will identify all supervisors by whom the associate will be supervised through the board's online system and will promptly notify the board in the event of any change in supervisors. An associate appraiser, other than a PAREA associate, who does not have at least one approved active supervisor meeting the supervision obligations will be placed in inactive status until such time as the associate finds a supervisor. Associate appraisers wishing to maintain an inactive license have to continue to renew on a biennial basis in accordance with rule 193F—4.3(543D).

4.2(3) Scope of practice. The scope of practice for an associate appraiser is set by the AQB criteria.

4.2(4) Logs. An associate appraiser will maintain an appraisal experience log consistent with the AQB criteria.

[ARC 7840C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—4.3(543D) Renewal of associate appraiser registration. An associate appraiser registration has to be renewed on a biennial basis as more fully described in 193F—Chapter 8. An associate appraiser is subject to the same continuing education obligations applicable to a certified appraiser as a precondition for renewal. Continuing education obligations are outlined in 193F—Chapter 10.

[ARC 7840C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—4.4(543D) Progress toward certification as a certified residential appraiser or certified general appraiser.

4.4(1) Associate classification. The associate appraiser classification is intended for those persons training to become certified appraisers and is not intended as a long-term method of performing appraisal services under the supervision of a certified appraiser in the absence of progress toward certification. As a result, the board may impose deadlines for achieving certification, or for satisfying certain prerequisites toward certification.

4.4(2) Progress reports. In order to assess an associate appraiser's progress toward certification, the board may request periodic progress reports from the associate appraiser and from the associate appraiser's supervisory appraiser or appraisers.

[ARC 7840C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—4.5(543D) Applying for certification as a certified residential appraiser or certified general appraiser. An associate appraiser may apply for certification as a certified residential real estate appraiser or as a certified general real estate appraiser as set by the AQB criteria and consistent with Iowa Code chapter 543D and the rules of the board.

[ARC 7840C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—4.6(272C,543D) Reinstating or reactivating an associate registration.

4.6(1) In order to reinstate or reactivate an associate registration that has lapsed or been placed in inactive or retired status, the applicant has to complete all continuing education obligations for reinstatement as required by board rule and the AQB criteria. Any qualifying education course taken under this rule as continuing education will also apply as qualifying education toward certification. If the applicant has completed all qualifying education prior to applying to reinstate a lapsed, retired, or inactive associate registration, the applicant may use any approved continuing education course as required by board rule and the AQB criteria.

4.6(2) If an appraiser's registration is placed in inactive status as a result of the appraiser's failure to maintain at least one approved active supervisor meeting the obligations of this chapter pursuant to subrule 4.2(2), the applicant will complete the continuing education in accordance with subrule 4.6(1) in order to reinstate the associate registration but is not obligated to pay any reinstatement fee otherwise due so long as the associate has not renewed the registration to inactive status or allowed the registration to lapse prior to reinstating or reactivating the registration.

[ARC 7840C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—4.7(543D) Supervisory appraiser requirements. Iowa follows the AQB criteria and USPAP concerning supervisory appraiser requirements.

[ARC 7840C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 543D and 272C.

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CHAPTER 5
CERTIFIED REAL ESTATE APPRAISER

[Prior to 4/17/24, see 193F—Chapter 6]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—5.1(543D) General.

5.1(1) Iowa Code chapter 543D regulates appraisal services performed in this state when appraiser certification is needed under federal law. Iowa recognizes two types of certification: certified residential real estate appraiser and certified general real estate appraiser. Iowa does not provide licenses for the “licensed real estate appraiser” category recognized under federal law. More information can be found in 12 CFR Section 34.43. Therefore, appraisal services involving federally related transactions in the state have to be performed by an Iowa certified real estate appraiser with the appropriate certification for the property at issue, or by a person holding an appropriate license or certification from a foreign jurisdiction who also has been issued a temporary practice permit under Iowa Code section 543D.11(2).

5.1(2) The chart below outlines the differences between two certifications issued by the board.

	Certified Residential Real Estate Appraiser	Certified General Real Estate Appraiser
Property type that can be appraised	Residential units ranging from one to four tenants	All real estate, including commercial and agricultural
Qualifying education core curriculum	200 hours	300 hours
Qualifying education	Bachelor’s degree or higher from an accredited college, junior college, community college, or university; or, an associate’s degree in specific fields, 30 semester hours of college-level course working in specific areas, 30 semester hours of CLEP examinations, or any combination CLEP/college-level covering appropriate hours and topics	Bachelor’s degree or higher from an accredited college, junior college, community college, or university
Experience	1,500 hours accumulated in no less than 12 months	3,000 hours with a minimum of 1,500 hours general accumulated in no less than 18 months
Examination	Certified residential real property appraiser examination or the certified general real property appraiser examination	Certified general real property appraiser examination

5.1(3) All appraisers performing services regulated by the board are obligated to comply with USPAP. [ARC 7842C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—5.2(543D) Education. Applicants for certification by the board have to meet the educational obligations of the AQB criteria.

[ARC 7842C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—5.3(543D) Examination. The prerequisites for taking the AQB-approved examination are collegiate education, experience, work product review, and completion of all creditable course hours as specified in this chapter. The core criteria hours, collegiate education, and all experience have to be completed as specified in this chapter. Equivalency will be determined in accordance with the AQB. USPAP qualifying education will be awarded only when the class is instructed by at least one AQB-certified USPAP instructor who holds a state-issued certified appraiser credential in active status and good standing.

5.3(1) In order to qualify to sit for the appropriate certified real estate appraiser examination, the applicant has to complete the board’s application form and provide copies of documentation of completion of all courses claimed that qualify the applicant to sit for the examination.

a. A sufficient application within the meaning of Iowa Code section 17A.18(2) has to:

(1) Be through the board’s online system;

(2) Be signed by the applicant, be certified as accurate, or display an electronic signature by the applicant if submitted electronically;

(3) Be fully completed;

(4) Reflect, on its face, full compliance with all applicable continuing education obligations; and

(5) Be accompanied by the fee specified in 193F—Chapter 11.

b. The core criteria, collegiate education, experience, and work product review have to be completed and documentation submitted to the board at the time of application to sit for the examination.

5.3(2) The board may verify educational credits claimed. Undocumented credits will be sufficient cause to invalidate the examination results.

5.3(3) Responsibility for documenting the educational credits claimed rests with the applicant.

5.3(4) An applicant has to supply a true and accurate copy of the original examination scores when applying for certification.

5.3(5) If an applicant who has passed an examination does not obtain the related appraiser credential within 24 months after passing the examination, that examination result loses its validity to support issuance of an appraiser credential. To regain eligibility for the credential, the applicant has to retake and pass the examination. This obligation applies to individuals obtaining an initial certified credential or upgrading from an associate credential.

[ARC 7842C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—5.4(543D) Supervised experience needed for initial certification. Except as otherwise permitted herein, all experience needed to obtain certification has to be obtained consistent with Iowa Code section 543D.9.

5.4(1) *Acceptable experience.* The board will accept as qualifying experience the documented experience attained while the applicant for initial certification was in an educational program recognized by the Appraiser Qualifications Board and Appraisal Subcommittee as providing qualifying experience for certification, whether or not the applicant was registered as an associate real estate appraiser at the time the educational program was completed. Such programs approved by federal authorities (e.g., practical applications of real estate appraisal (PAREA)) will incorporate direct supervision by a certified real estate appraiser and such additional program features as to satisfy the purpose of requiring that qualifying experience be attained by the applicant as a real estate appraiser.

5.4(2) *Exceptions.* Applicants for certified real estate appraiser certification in Iowa may utilize experience obtained in the absence of registration as an associate real estate appraiser under the following circumstances:

a. Subject to any obligations or limitations established by applicable federal authorities, including the AQB and appraisal subcommittee (ASC), or applicable federal law, rule, or policy, hours qualifying for experience in any jurisdiction will be considered qualifying hours for experience in Iowa without board approval or authorization, as long as the applicant is able to establish by clear and convincing evidence all of the following:

(1) The qualifying hours obtained were completed in another jurisdiction under the direct supervision of an appropriate active certified real estate appraiser in that jurisdiction in accordance with the AQB and the jurisdiction's laws, rules, or policies.

(2) The nature of the experience attained in another jurisdiction is qualitatively and substantially equivalent to the experience an associate real estate appraiser would receive under the direct supervision of a certified real estate appraiser in this state.

b. Reserved.

[ARC 7842C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—5.5(543D) Demonstration of experience. The board applies the dictates of Iowa Code section 543D.9 and the AQB criteria in determining whether the experience necessary for certification has been met.

5.5(1) An applicant is obligated to appear before the board to supplement or verify evidence of experience.

5.5(2) The board may inspect documentation relating to an applicant's claimed experience.

[ARC 7842C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—5.6(543D) Work product review.

5.6(1) An applicant will submit a complete appraisal log at the time of application for examination and experience consistent with the AQB criteria. Three appraisal reports will be selected by the board from the log. The applicant will submit electronically one copy of each report and work file for each of the selected appraisals along with the appropriate fee. The work product submission will not be redacted by the applicant. The board reserves the right to request additional appraisals if those submitted by the applicant raise issues concerning the applicant's competency or compliance with applicable appraisal standards or the degree to which the submitted appraisals are representative of the applicant's work product.

5.6(2) The board will treat all appraisals received as confidential pursuant to USPAP. While applicants are encouraged to submit appraisals actually performed for clients, applicants may submit demonstration appraisals if based on factual information and clearly marked as demonstration appraisals.

5.6(3) An applicant seeking original certification as a certified general real estate appraiser will submit one residential appraisal and two nonresidential appraisals for review. An applicant seeking an upgrade certification to a certified general real estate appraiser will submit two nonresidential appraisals for review.

5.6(4) The board will submit the appraisals to a peer review consultant for an opinion on the appraiser's compliance with applicable appraisal standards.

5.6(5) The work product review process is not intended as an endorsement of an applicant's work product. No applicant or appraiser will represent the results of work product review in communications with a client or in marketing to potential clients in a manner that falsely portrays the board's work product review as an endorsement of the appraiser or the appraiser's work product. Failure to comply may be grounds for discipline.

5.6(6) The board views work product review, in part, as an educational process. While the board may deny an application based on an applicant's failure to adhere to appraisal standards or otherwise demonstrate a level of competency upon which the public interest can be protected, the board will attempt to work with applicants deemed in need of assistance to arrive at a mutually agreeable remedial plan. A remedial plan may include additional education, desk review, a mentoring program, or additional precertification experience.

5.6(7) An applicant who is denied certification based on the work product review described in this rule, or on any other ground, will be entitled to a contested case hearing. Notice of denial will specify the grounds for denial, which may include any of the work performance-related grounds for discipline against a certified appraiser.

5.6(8) If probable cause exists, the board may open a disciplinary investigation based on the work product review of an applicant. A potential disciplinary action could arise, for example, if the applicant is a certified residential real estate appraiser seeking an upgrade to a certified general real estate appraiser, or where the applicant is uncertified and is working under the supervision of a certified real estate appraiser who cosigned the appraisal report.

5.6(9) After accumulating a minimum of 500 hours of appraisal experience, an applicant may voluntarily submit work product to the board to be reviewed by a peer reviewer for educational purposes only. A maximum of three reports may be submitted for review during the experience portion of the certification process. Work product submitted for educational purposes only will not result in disciplinary action on either the associate appraiser or the associate appraiser's supervisor so long as the appraisal review did not reveal negligent or egregious errors or omissions. The fee for voluntary submissions of work product for review is provided in 193F—Chapter 11.

5.6(10) The board will retain the appraisals for as long as needed as documentation of the board's actions for the Appraisal Subcommittee or as needed in a pending proceeding involving the work product of the applicant or the applicant's supervisor. When no longer needed for such purposes, the work product may be retained or destroyed at the board's discretion.

[ARC 7842C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—5.7(543D) PAREA. PAREA utilizes simulated experience training and serves as an alternative to the traditional supervisor/trainee experience model. PAREA programs have to be AQB-approved and meet all the applicable AQB criteria. An applicant who meets the prerequisites of a PAREA program prior to commencement of training and who receives a valid certificate of completion from an AQB-approved PAREA program, has met the allotted experience obligations as outlined in the AQB criteria for that specific PAREA program. PAREA program experience allotment will be awarded per the AQB criteria at the time of program completion.

Applicants claiming PAREA experience credit are not allowed partial credit for PAREA training (rules 193F—5.1(543D) through 193F—5.7(543D)).

[ARC 7842C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—5.8(543D) Upgrade from a certified residential real estate appraiser to a certified general real estate appraiser. To upgrade from a certified residential real estate appraiser to a certified general real estate appraiser, an applicant has to satisfy all obligations of this rule, which include work product review and a state and national criminal history check as provided in Iowa Code section 543D.22.

5.8(1) Education.

a. Collegiate education. Certified residential real estate appraisers have to satisfy the college-level education obligations of the AQB.

b. Core criteria. In addition to the formal education and core criteria educational obligations originally needed to obtain a certified residential credential, an applicant has to meet the current AQB obligations before taking the AQB-approved examination.

5.8(2) Examination. An applicant has to satisfy the examination obligations.

5.8(3) Supervision and experience.

a. Experience. An applicant has to satisfy all of the experience obligations while in active status and in accordance with AQB criteria.

b. Supervision. Subject to applicable exceptions, all nonresidential experience obtained and applied toward obtaining a certified general credential as part of the upgrade process will be performed under the tutelage of a certified general real property appraiser, subject to AQB-required coursework.

[ARC 7842C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 543D.5, 543D.8, 543D.9, and 543D.22.

[Filed ARC 7842C (Notice ARC 7262C, IAB 1/24/24), IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

CHAPTER 6
DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS AGAINST CERTIFIED AND
ASSOCIATE APPRAISERS

[Prior to 4/17/24, see 193F—Chapter 7]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—6.1(17A,272C,543D) Disciplinary authority. The board is empowered to regulate the real estate appraiser profession for the protection and well-being of the public trust. To perform these functions, the board is broadly vested with authority to review and investigate alleged acts or omissions of applicants and licensees and to address disciplinary concerns under Iowa law.

[ARC 7843C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—6.2(543D) Standards of practice. All registered associate appraisers and certified real estate appraisers will comply with the USPAP edition applicable to each appraisal assignment.

[ARC 7843C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—6.3(17A,272C,543D) Grounds for discipline. The board may initiate disciplinary action against a registered associate appraiser or a certified real estate appraiser based on any one or more of the following grounds:

6.3(1) Code violations. Any violation of an Iowa Code provision that authorizes imposition of licensee sanctions:

- a. False representation of a material fact, whether by word or by conduct, by false or misleading allegation, or by concealment of that which should have been disclosed;
- b. Attempting to file or filing with the board any false or forged diploma, course certificate, identification, credential, license, registration, certification, examination report, affidavit, or other record;
- c. Failing or refusing to provide complete information in response to a question on an application for initial or renewal registration or certification; or
- d. Otherwise participating in any form of fraud or misrepresentation by act or omission.

6.3(2) Professional incompetence. Professional incompetence includes, but is not limited to:

- a. A substantial lack of knowledge or ability to discharge professional obligations within the scope of practice.
- b. A substantial deviation from the standards of learning or skill ordinarily possessed and applied by other practitioners in the state of Iowa acting in the same or similar circumstances.
- c. A failure to exercise the degree of care that is ordinarily exercised by the average practitioner acting in the same or similar circumstances.
- d. Failure to conform to the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice of registered associate appraisers or certified real property appraisers in this state.
- e. A willful, repeated, or material deviation from USPAP standards, or other act or omission that demonstrates an inability to safely practice in a manner protective of the public's interest, including any violation of USPAP's competency rule.

6.3(3) Deceptive practices. Deceptive practices are grounds for discipline, whether or not actual injury is established, and include but are not limited to:

- a. Knowingly making misleading, deceptive, untrue or fraudulent representations in the practice of real property appraising.
- b. Use of untruthful or improbable statements in advertisements. Use of untruthful or improbable statements in advertisements includes, but is not limited to, an action by a registrant or certificate holder in making information or intention known to the public that is false, deceptive, misleading or promoted through fraud or misrepresentation.
- c. Falsification of business records or appraisal logs through false or deceptive representations or omissions.

d. Submission of false or misleading reports or information to the board including information supplied in an audit of continuing education, reports submitted as a condition of probation, or any reports identified in this rule.

e. Making any false or misleading statement in support of an application for registration or certification submitted by another.

f. Knowingly presenting as one's own a certificate or registration, certificate or registration number, or signature of another or of a fictitious registrant or certificate holder, or otherwise falsely impersonating a certified appraiser or registered associate appraiser.

g. Representing oneself as a registered associate appraiser or certified appraiser when one's registration or certificate has been suspended, revoked, surrendered, or placed on inactive or retired status, or has lapsed.

h. Permitting another person to use the registrant's or certificate holder's registration or certificate for any purposes.

i. Fraud in representations as to skill or ability.

j. Misrepresenting a specialized service as an appraisal assignment in violation of Iowa Code section 543D.18(3) or (5).

6.3(4) *Unethical, harmful or detrimental conduct.* Registrants and certificate holders engaging in unethical conduct or practices harmful or detrimental to the public may be disciplined whether or not injury is established. Behaviors and conduct that are unethical, harmful or detrimental to the public may include, but are not limited to, the following actions:

a. Verbal or physical abuse, improper sexual contact, or making suggestive, lewd, lascivious, offensive or improper remarks or advances, if such behavior occurs within the practice of real property appraising or if such behavior otherwise provides a reasonable basis for the board to conclude that such behavior within the practice of real estate appraising would place the public at risk.

b. Engaging in a professional conflict of interest, or otherwise violating the public trust, as provided in USPAP's ethics rule.

c. Aiding or abetting any unlawful activity for which a civil penalty can be imposed under rule 193F—12.2(543D).

6.3(5) *Lack of proper qualifications.*

a. Continuing to practice as a registered associate appraiser or certified real property appraiser without satisfying the continuing education for registration or certificate renewal.

b. Acting as a supervisor without proper qualification, as provided in rule 193F—4.7(543D).

c. Habitual intoxication or addiction to the use of drugs, or impairment that adversely affects the registrant's or certificate holder's ability to practice in a safe and competent manner.

d. Any act, conduct, or condition, including lack of education or experience and careless or intentional acts or omissions, that demonstrates a lack of qualifications that are necessary to ensure a high standard of professional care as provided in Iowa Code section 272C.3(2) "b," or that impairs a practitioner's ability to safely and skillfully practice the profession.

e. Failure to meet the minimum qualifications for registration as an associate appraiser or certification as a certified real property appraiser.

f. Practicing outside the scope of a certification, or outside the scope of a supervisor's certification.

6.3(6) *Negligence by the registrant or certificate holder in the practice of the profession.* Negligence by the registrant or certificate holder in the practice of the profession includes but is not limited to:

a. A failure to exercise due care including negligent delegation of duties to or supervision of associate appraisers, or other employees, agents, or persons, in developing an appraisal, preparing an appraisal report, or communicating an appraisal, whether or not injury results.

b. Neglect of contractual or other duties to a client.

6.3(7) *Professional misconduct.*

a. Violation of a regulation or law of this state, another state, or the United States, which relates to the practice of real estate appraising.

b. Engaging in any conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert a board investigation.

c. Revocation, suspension, or other disciplinary action taken by a licensing authority of this state or another state, territory, or country. A stay by an appellate court will not negate this obligation; however, if such disciplinary action is overturned or reversed by a court of last resort, discipline by the board based solely on such action will be vacated.

d. A violation of Iowa Code section 543D.18.

e. A violation of Iowa Code section 543D.20 (limitations on persons assisting in the development or reporting of a certified appraisal).

f. Failure to retain records as provided in Iowa Code section 543D.19.

g. Violation of the terms of an initial agreement with the impaired practitioner review committee or violation of the terms of an impaired practitioner recovery contract with the impaired practitioner review committee.

6.3(8) *Willful or repeated violations.* The willful or repeated violation or disregard of any provision of Iowa Code chapter 272C or 543D, or any administrative rule adopted by the board in the administration or enforcement of such chapters.

6.3(9) *Failure to report.*

a. Failure by a registrant or certificate holder or an applicant for a registration or certificate to report in writing to the board any revocation, suspension, or other disciplinary action taken by a licensing authority, in Iowa or any other jurisdiction, within 30 calendar days of the final action.

b. Failure of a registrant or certificate holder or an applicant for a registration or certificate to report, within 30 calendar days of the action, any voluntary surrender of a professional license to resolve a pending disciplinary investigation or action, in Iowa or any other jurisdiction.

c. Failure to notify the board of a criminal conviction within 30 calendar days of the action, regardless of the jurisdiction where it occurred.

d. Failure to notify the board within 30 calendar days after occurrence of any adverse judgment in a professional or occupational malpractice action, or settlement of any claim involving malpractice, regardless of the jurisdiction where it occurred.

e. Failure to report another registrant or certificate holder to the board for any violation listed in these rules, pursuant to Iowa Code section 272C.9(2), promptly after the registrant or certificate holder becomes aware that a reportable violation has occurred.

f. Failure to report to the board the appraiser's principal place of business and any change in the appraiser's principal place of business within 30 calendar days of such change.

g. Failure of an associate appraiser or supervisor to timely respond to board requests for information, as provided in 193F—Chapter 4.

6.3(10) *Failure to comply with board order.* Failure to comply with the terms of a board order or the terms of a settlement agreement or consent order, or other decision of the board imposing discipline.

6.3(11) *Conviction of a crime.*

a. Conviction, in this state or any other jurisdiction, of any felony offense that directly relates to the profession, or of any crime that is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, duties or practice of a person developing or communicating real estate appraisals to others. Any crime involving deception, dishonesty or disregard for the safety of others will be deemed directly related to the practice of real property appraising. A certified copy of the final order or judgment of conviction or plea of guilty in this state or in another jurisdiction will be conclusive evidence of the conviction. "Conviction" includes any plea of guilty or nolo contendere, including Alford pleas, or finding of guilt whether or not judgment or sentence is deferred, withheld, or not entered, and whether or not the conviction is on appeal. If such conviction is overturned or reversed by a court of last resort, discipline by the board based solely on the conviction will be vacated. A conviction qualifies as a felony offense if the offense is designated as a felony in the jurisdiction in which the conviction occurred, or if the offense is committed in this state, the offense would be a felony, without regard to its designation elsewhere. An offense directly relates to the profession if either:

(1) The actions taken in furtherance of an offense are actions customarily performed within the scope of practice of the profession, or

(2) The circumstances under which an offense was committed are circumstances customary to the profession.

b. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a conviction may be grounds for revocation or suspension only if an unreasonable risk to public safety exists because the offense directly relates to the duties and responsibilities of the profession.

[ARC 7843C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 17A, 272C and 543D and 2007 Iowa Acts, Senate File 137.

[Filed ARC 7843C (Notice ARC 7263C, IAB 1/24/24), IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

CHAPTER 7
INVESTIGATIONS AND DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES

[Prior to 4/17/24, see 193F—Chapter 8]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—7.1(272C,543D) Disciplinary action. The real estate appraiser examining board has authority under applicable law to impose discipline for violations of law.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.2(17A,272C,543D) Initiation of disciplinary investigations. The board may initiate a licensee disciplinary investigation upon the board's receipt of information suggesting that a licensee may have violated the licensee's legal obligations under the Iowa Code or board rule.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.3(17A,272C,543D) Conflict of interest. If the subject of a complaint is a member of the board, or if a member of the board has a conflict of interest in any disciplinary matter before the board, that member will abstain from participation in any consideration of the complaint and from participation in any disciplinary hearing that may result from the complaint.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.4(272C,543D) Complaints. Written complaints need to be submitted to the board through the board's online system. The board may also initiate its own complaints.

7.4(1) Role of complainant. The role of the complainant in the disciplinary process is limited to providing the board with factual information relative to the complaint. A complainant is not party to any disciplinary proceeding which may be initiated by the board based in whole or in part on information provided by the complainant.

7.4(2) Role of the board. The board does not act as an arbiter of disputes between private parties, nor does the board initiate disciplinary proceedings to advance the private interest of any person or party. The role of the board in the disciplinary process is to protect the public by investigating complaints and initiating disciplinary proceedings in appropriate cases. The board possesses sole decision-making authority throughout the disciplinary process, including the authority to determine whether a case will be investigated, the manner of the investigation, whether a disciplinary proceeding will be initiated, and the appropriate licensee discipline to be imposed, if any.

7.4(3) Initial complaint screening. Tips that are not complaints will be evaluated by the disciplinary committee but may not be assigned a case number or further investigated. Complaints that have been submitted and assigned a case number will be referred to the discipline committee. Final decisions on complaints will be made by the board.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.5(272C,543D) Case numbers. Whether based on written complaint received by the board or complaint initiated by the board, all complaint files will be tracked by a case numbering system. Once a case file number is assigned to a complaint, all persons communicating with the board regarding that complaint are encouraged to include the case file number to facilitate accurate records and prompt response.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.6(17A,272C,543D) Investigation procedures.

7.6(1) Disciplinary committee. The board chairperson will annually appoint two to three members of the board to serve on the board's disciplinary committee. The disciplinary committee is a purely advisory body that reviews complaint files referred by the board's executive officer, generally supervises the investigation of complaints, and makes recommendations to the full board on the disposition of complaints. Members of the committee will not personally investigate complaints, but they may review the investigative work product of others in formulating recommendations to the board.

7.6(2) Screening of complaints. All complaints presented to the board will be screened, evaluated and, where appropriate, investigated.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.7(17A,272C,543D) Informal discussion. If the disciplinary committee considers it advisable, or if requested by the affected licensee, the committee may grant the licensee any opportunity to appear before the committee for a voluntary informal discussion of the facts and circumstances of an alleged violation, subject to the provisions of this rule.

7.7(1) Because disciplinary investigations are confidential, only the licensee's legal representative may attend the information discussion with the board.

7.7(2) Unless disqualification is waived by the licensee, board members or staff who personally investigate a disciplinary complaint are disqualified from making decisions or assisting the decision makers at a later formal hearing. Because board members generally rely upon investigators, peer review committees, or expert consultants to conduct investigations, the issue rarely arises. An informal discussion, however, is a form of investigation because it is conducted in a question and answer format. In order to preserve the ability of all board members to participate in board decision making and to receive the advice of staff, licensees who desire to attend an informal discussion waive their right to seek disqualification of a board member or staff based solely on the board member's or staff's participation in an informal discussion. Licensees would not be waiving their right to seek disqualification on any other ground. By electing to attend an informal discussion, a licensee accordingly agrees that participating board members or staff are not disqualified from acting as a presiding officer in a later contested case proceeding or from advising the decision maker.

7.7(3) Because an informal discussion constitutes a part of the board's investigation of a pending disciplinary case, the facts discussed at the informal discussion may be considered by the board in the event the matter proceeds to a contested case hearing and those facts are independently introduced into evidence.

7.7(4) The disciplinary committee, subject to board approval, may propose a consent order at the time of the informal discussion.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.8(272C,543D) Peer review committee (PRC). A peer review committee may be appointed by the board to investigate a complaint.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.9(17A,272C,543D) Closing complaint files.

7.9(1) Grounds for closing. The board may close a complaint file, with or without prior investigation.

7.9(2) Cautionary letters. The board may issue a confidential letter of caution to a licensee when a complaint file is closed that informally cautions or educates the licensee about matters that could form the basis for disciplinary action in the future if corrective action is not taken by the licensee. Informal cautionary letters do not constitute disciplinary action, but the board may take such letters into consideration in the future if a licensee continues a practice about which the licensee has been cautioned.

7.9(3) Reopening closed complaint files. The board may reopen a closed complaint file if additional information arises after closure that provides a basis to reassess the merits of the initial complaint. Complaint files may also be reopened when a complaint has been previously closed due to the lapse of the licensee's license.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.10(17A,272C,543D) Initiation of disciplinary proceedings. Disciplinary proceedings may only be initiated by the affirmative vote of a majority of a quorum of the board at a public meeting. Board members who are disqualified will not be included in determining whether a quorum exists. If, for example, two members of the board are disqualified, three members of the board constitute a quorum of the remaining five board members for purposes of voting on the case in which the two members are disqualified. When three or more members of the board are disqualified or otherwise unavailable for any reason, the executive officer may request the special appointment of one or more substitute board members pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.11(5).

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.11(543D) Decisions. The board will make findings of fact and conclusions of law, and set forth the board's decision, order, or both in the case. The board's decision may include, without limitation, any of the following outcomes, either individually or in combination:

1. Dismissing the charges;
2. Suspending or revoking the appraiser's certification or associate's registration as authorized by law;
3. Imposing civil penalties, the amount to be set at the discretion of the board but not exceeding \$1,000 per violation. Civil penalties may be imposed for any of the disciplinary violations specified in Iowa Code section 543D.17 and chapter 272C or for any repeat offenses;
4. Imposing a period of probation, either with or without conditions;
5. Obligating the licensee to undergo reexamination;
6. Obligating the licensee to take additional professional education, reeducation, or continuing education;
7. Issuing a citation and a warning;
8. Imposing desk review of the appraiser's work product;
9. Issuing a consent order either with or without conditions;
10. Imposing consultation with one or more peer reviewers;
11. Revoking an appraiser's eligibility to supervise;
12. Compelling submission of monthly logs;
13. Placing limitations on a licensee's practice, such as removing a licensee's authority to act as an instructor; and
14. Imposing any other form of discipline authorized by a provision of law that the board, in its discretion, believes is warranted under the circumstances of the case.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.12(272C,543D) Mitigating and aggravating factors. Factors the board may consider when determining whether to impose discipline and what type of discipline to impose include but are not limited to:

- 7.12(1) History and background of respondent.**
- a. Whether the respondent was a registered associate appraiser or a certified appraiser at the time of the violation.
 - b. Prior disciplinary history or cautionary letters.
 - c. Length of certification or registration at the time of the violation.
 - d. Disciplinary history of current or prior supervisor.
 - e. Degree of cooperation with investigation.
 - f. Extent of self-initiated reform or remedial action after the date of the violation.
 - g. Whether the volume or geographic range of the respondent's practice is, or was at the time of the violation, reasonable under the circumstances.
 - h. Whether the respondent practiced with a lapsed, inactive, retired, suspended, revoked, or surrendered certificate or registration.
- 7.12(2) Nature of violations, not limited to:**
- a. Length of time since the date of the violation.
 - b. Whether the violation is isolated or recurring.
 - c. Whether there are multiple violations or appraisals involved.
 - d. Whether the violation is in the nature of an error or situational carelessness or neglect, or reflects a more fundamental lack of familiarity with applicable appraisal methodology or standards.
 - e. Indicia of bad faith, false statements, deceptive practices, or willful and intentional acts, whether within the circumstances of the violation or in the course of the board's investigation or disciplinary proceeding.
 - f. Evidence of improper advocacy or other violation of the USPAP ethics rule or of Iowa Code section 543D.18 or 543D.18A(1).
 - g. The clarity of the issue or standard involved.

h. Whether the respondent practiced outside the scope of practice authorized by respondent's certification or registration.

i. Whether the violation relates to the respondent's supervisory role, the respondent's individual appraisal practice, or both.

7.12(3) Interest of the public, not limited to:

a. Degree of financial or other harm to a client, consumer, lending institution, or others.

b. Risk of harm, whether or not the violation caused actual harm.

c. Economic or other benefit gained by respondent or by others as a result of the violation.

d. Deterrent impact of discipline.

e. Whether the respondent issued a corrected appraisal report when warranted.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.13(272C,543D) Voluntary surrender. The board may accept the voluntary surrender of a license to resolve a pending disciplinary contested case or pending disciplinary investigation. The board will not accept a voluntary surrender of a license to resolve a pending disciplinary investigation unless a statement of charges is filed along with the order accepting the voluntary surrender. Such voluntary surrender is considered disciplinary action and will be published in the same manner as is applicable to any other form of disciplinary order.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—7.14(272C,543D) Reinstatement. The following provisions apply to license reinstatement proceedings:

7.14(1) The board may grant an applicant's request to appear informally before the board prior to the issuance of a notice of hearing on an application to reinstate if the applicant requests an informal appearance in the application and agrees not to seek to disqualify, on the ground of personal investigation, board members or staff before whom the applicant appears.

7.14(2) An order granting an application for reinstatement may impose such terms and conditions as the board deems desirable, which may include one or more of the types of disciplinary sanctions described in rule 193F—7.14(272C,543D).

7.14(3) The board will not grant an application for reinstatement when the initial order that revoked, suspended or placed limitations on the license, denied license renewal, or accepted a voluntary surrender was based on a criminal conviction and the applicant cannot demonstrate to the board's satisfaction that:

a. All terms of the sentencing or other criminal order have been fully satisfied;

b. The applicant has been released from confinement and any applicable probation or parole; and

c. Restitution has been made or is reasonably in the process of being made to any victims of the crime.

7.14(4) A state and national criminal history check may be performed on any applicant applying to reinstate registration or credential consistent with Iowa Code section 543D.22.

[ARC 7844C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 543D.5, 543D.17, and 543D.18 and chapters 17A and 272C.

[Filed ARC 7844C (Notice ARC 7264C, IAB 1/24/24), IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

CHAPTER 8
RENEWAL, EXPIRATION AND REINSTATEMENT OF
CERTIFICATES AND REGISTRATIONS, RETIRED STATUS, AND INACTIVE STATUS
[Prior to 4/17/24, see 193F—Chapter 9]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—8.1(272C,543D) Biennial renewal.

8.1(1) Licenses have to be renewed on a biennial basis or they lapse.

8.1(2) Persons licensed before June 30, 2024, will maintain their biennial renewal timelines. For licensees initially licensed after June 30, 2024, all licenses will expire biennially on June 30.

Example: Certified general licensee obtains licensure on May 25, 2025. License will expire on June 30, 2026, with the first year being a partial year.

8.1(3) An application to renew a certificate or registration has to be submitted through the board's online system.

8.1(4) All continuing education claimed on a biennial renewal needs to have been acquired during the renewal period. In addition, all continuing education claimed on a biennial renewal has to have been taken and completed prior to submission of the renewal application.

[ARC 7845C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—8.2(272C,543D) Notices.

8.2(1) The board may send renewal notices to licensed appraisers. However, it is the licensee's responsibility to renew timely.

8.2(2) Certified and associate appraisers have to ensure that their contact information on file with the board office is current and that the board is notified within 30 days of any changes.

[ARC 7845C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—8.3(272C,543D) Renewal procedures.

8.3(1) *Date of filing.* Certified and associate appraisers have to file a complete renewal application with the board by the June 30 deadline in the biennial renewal year. An application will be deemed filed on the date of board receipt, the date of electronic submission or, if payment is mailed, the date postmarked but not the date metered.

8.3(2) *Continuing education.* An applicant for renewal has to report the applicant's compliance with the continuing education obligations provided in 193F—Chapter 10.

8.3(3) *Background disclosures.* An applicant for renewal has to disclose such background and character information as the board requests, which may include disciplinary action taken by any jurisdiction regarding a professional license of any type, the denial of an application for a professional license of any type by any jurisdiction, and the conviction of any crime.

8.3(4) *Insufficient applications.* The board will reject applications that are insufficient.

8.3(5) *Resubmission of rejected applications.* The board will promptly notify an applicant of the basis for rejecting an insufficient renewal application. Applicants may correct deficiencies and resubmit an application. Resubmitted applications are deemed received on the date of electronic submission.

8.3(6) *Administrative processing not determinative.* The administrative processing of an application to renew a certificate or registration will not prevent the board from subsequently challenging the application based on new information, such as after-acquired information of continuing education violations.

8.3(7) *Denial of timely and sufficient application to renew.* If grounds exist to deny an application to renew, the board will send notification to the applicant stating the grounds for denial.

[ARC 7845C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—8.4(272C,543D) Failure to renew.

8.4(1) The certificate or registration of a certified or associate appraiser lapses unless the appraiser submits a timely and sufficient renewal application by the expiration date.

8.4(2) Certified and associate appraisers are not authorized to practice or to hold themselves out to the public as certified or registered appraisers during the period of time that the certificate or registration is lapsed. Any violation of this subrule will be grounds for discipline.

8.4(3) Reinstatement. The board may reinstate a lapsed certificate or registration upon the applicant's submission of an application to reinstate and completion of all of the following:

- a. Paying a penalty as provided by board rule; and
- b. Paying the current renewal fee as provided by board rule; and
- c. Paying the Appraisal Subcommittee National Registry fee as provided by board rule; and
- d. Completing a state and national criminal history check as required by law; and
- e. Providing evidence of completed continuing education outlined in rule 193F—10.2(272C,543D), as modified for associate appraisers in subrule 8.4(6), if the licensee wishes to reinstate to active status; and
- f. Providing a written statement outlining the professional activities of the applicant in the state of Iowa during the period in which the applicant's license had lapsed. The statement will describe all appraisal services performed, with or without the use of the titles described in Iowa Code section 543D.15, for all appraisal assignments that federal or state law, rule, or policy mandate to be performed by a certified real estate appraiser.

8.4(4) Reinstating associate appraisers are to follow special continuing education obligations. The board seeks to ensure that associate appraisers make progress toward full completion of all qualifying education needed for eventual certification, as provided in the rules. As a result, an associate appraiser applying to reinstate a registration that has been lapsed for 12 months or longer will complete the most recent seven-hour USPAP course, and only qualifying education toward the continuing education needed for reinstatement, until all qualifying education has been completed. If the applicant has already completed all qualifying education or has to have continuing education hours beyond those needed to fully complete all qualifying education, the applicant may use any approved continuing education course in addition to the mandatory seven-hour USPAP course.

[ARC 7845C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—8.5(272C,543D) Inactive status.

8.5(1) *General purpose.* A licensee who is not engaged in Iowa in any practice licensed by the board may allow a license to lapse or register as inactive. The board will continue to maintain a database of persons registered as inactive as well as those whose license has lapsed. A person registered in inactive status is not allowed to perform services in this state regulated by the board. Continuing education is not required for licensees in inactive status.

8.5(2) *Eligibility.* A person holding an active license may apply on forms through the board's online system to register as inactive if the person is not engaged in appraisal practice in the state of Iowa for which a certificate or associate registration is needed. Inactive status is not available to an individual who has had a board-issued license revoked or suspended. A person seeking inactive status may be actively engaged in the practice of real estate appraising in another jurisdiction.

8.5(3) *Affirmation.* The application form will contain a statement in which the applicant affirms that the applicant will not engage in any conduct that would require an Iowa license without first complying with all rules governing reactivation to active status. A person in inactive status may reactivate to active status at any time pursuant to subrule 8.5(6).

8.5(4) *Renewal.* A person registered as inactive will need to renew biennially. Licensees in inactive status may continue to renew in inactive status. Active licensees may register in inactive status if, for instance, they have not completed all continuing education obligations needed for active status renewal. Any licensee in inactive status must satisfy all outstanding continuing education obligations before reinstating to active status. Continuing education obligations do not accrue during the period of inactive registration.

8.5(5) *Grounds for discipline.* Licensees are not authorized to practice or to hold themselves out to the public as board-licensed appraisers during the period of time that the licensee is in retired or inactive status. Any violation of this subrule will be grounds for discipline.

8.5(6) *Reactivation.* A person registered as inactive will apply to reactivate to active status prior to engaging in any practice in Iowa that necessitates active licensure by the board. An application to reactivate

to active status will be through the board's online system. Prior to reactivation to active status, the applicant has to complete all education that would have been needed had the applicant been on active status, including the required courses set by the AQB criteria. All such continuing education has to be verified whether or not the applicant has been in active practice in another jurisdiction. Such an applicant will be given credit for the most recent renewal fees previously paid if the applicant applies to reactivate in the same biennium at other than the applicant's regular renewal date. An associate licensee changing from active to inactive status during a biennial renewal period will not, however, be entitled to a refund of any of the fees previously paid to attain active status.

[ARC 7845C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—8.6(272C,543D) Retired status. A certified licensee may place the licensee's license in retired status. For purposes of this rule, the term "retired" means the person has retired from working as a certified appraiser and has requested to be placed in retired status through the board's online system. A licensee in retired status may request that the license be placed back into active status so long as the licensee is still within the biennial period of the last active status. The board will not provide a refund of biennial registration and certification fees when an application for retired status is granted in a biennium in which the applicant has previously paid the biennial fees for either active or inactive status. Licensees in retired status are exempt from the renewal obligation. While in retired status, appraisers cannot hold themselves out to the public as being certified appraisers during the period of time that the license is in retired status.

[ARC 7845C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—8.7(272C,543D) Property of the board. Every license issued by the board will, while it remains in the possession of the holder, be preserved by the holder but will, nevertheless, always remain the property of the board.

[ARC 7845C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 543D.5.

[Filed ARC 7845C (Notice ARC 7265C, IAB 1/24/24), IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

CHAPTER 9
RECIPROCITY

[Prior to 4/17/24, see 193F—Chapter 10]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—9.1(543D) Nonresident certification by reciprocity.

9.1(1) A nonresident of Iowa seeking certification in this state can apply for reciprocity through the board's online system and pay the board-established fee.

9.1(2) The board may issue a reciprocal certificate to a nonresident individual who is certified and demonstrates good standing in another state. An appraiser who is listed in good standing on the National Registry of the Appraisal Subcommittee satisfies the good standing obligation without additional documentation. An appraiser who is not listed in good standing on the National Registry of the Appraisal Subcommittee will need to supply an official letter of good standing issued by the licensing board of the appraiser's resident state and bearing its seal.

9.1(3) A reciprocal certified appraiser will comply with all provisions of Iowa law and rules.

9.1(4) Reciprocal certified appraisers are obligated to pay the federal registry fee as set forth in the board's rules.

[ARC 7846C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—9.2(543D) Temporary practice permit.

9.2(1) The board will recognize, on a temporary basis, the license of a certified appraiser issued by another state for a period of six months, unless the applicant requests, and is approved for, a one-time extension. An extension request has to be received prior to the expiration date of the issuance of the temporary practice permit. An extension may be granted for up to six months past the original expiration date so long as the applicant is still eligible for a temporary practice permit.

9.2(2) The appraiser has to apply through the board's online system. The appraiser seeking a temporary practice permit must meet the other qualifying factors associated with reciprocity, including good standing and payment of the appropriate fee. The temporary practice permit will authorize the licensee to perform appraisal on the properties listed on the permit.

9.2(3) An appraiser holding an inactive, retired, or lapsed certificate as a real estate appraiser in Iowa may apply for a temporary practice permit if the appraiser holds an active, unexpired certificate as a real estate appraiser in good standing in another jurisdiction and is otherwise eligible for a temporary practice permit.

9.2(4) An appraiser who was previously a registered associate or certified appraiser in Iowa whose Iowa license has been revoked or surrendered in connection with a disciplinary investigation or proceeding is ineligible to apply for a temporary practice permit in Iowa.

9.2(5) The board may deny an application for a temporary practice permit based on prior discipline in this jurisdiction or other jurisdictions.

9.2(6) An appraiser holding an inactive, retired, or lapsed Iowa certificate who applies to reinstate to active status in Iowa will not be given credit for any fees paid during the biennial period for one or more temporary practice permits.

9.2(7) An appraiser holding a license to practice as a real estate appraiser in another jurisdiction may practice in Iowa without applying for a temporary practice permit or paying any fees as long as the appraiser does not perform appraisal services in Iowa that require licensure in this state.

9.2(8) The board will receive and approve an application for a temporary practice permit before the applicant is eligible to practice in Iowa under a temporary practice permit. Applicants will apply using the board's online system. The board will grant or deny all applications for temporary practice permits within the requirements set by the ASC. Applicants disclosing discipline or criminal convictions will need to attach supporting documentation so that the board can assess whether grounds exist to deny the application. Falsification of information or failure to disclose material information will be grounds to deny the application, deny subsequent applications, or to reinstate a lapsed or inactive Iowa license.

[ARC 7846C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 543D.10 and 543D.11.

[Filed ARC 7846C (Notice ARC 7266C, IAB 1/24/24), IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

CHAPTER 10
CONTINUING EDUCATION

[Prior to 4/17/24, see 193F—Chapter 11]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—10.1(272C,543D) Definitions. For the purpose of these rules, the following definitions shall apply:

“*Approved program*” means a continuing education program, course, or activity that satisfies the standards set forth in these rules and has received advance board approval pursuant to these rules.

“*Approved provider*” means a person or an organization that has been approved by the board to conduct continuing education programs pursuant to these rules.

“*Asynchronous*” means that the instructor and student interact in an educational offering in which the student progresses at the student’s own pace through structured course content and scheduled quizzes and examinations.

“*Board*” means the same as defined in Iowa Code section 543D.2(7).

“*Continuing education*” means education that is obtained by a person certified to practice real estate appraising in order to maintain, improve, or expand skills and knowledge obtained prior to initial certification or registration, or to develop new and relevant skills and knowledge, all as a condition of renewal.

“*Credit hour*” means the value assigned by the board, or the AQB, to a continuing or qualifying education program.

“*Distance education*” means any education process based on the geographical separation of student and instructor. “Distance education” includes asynchronous, synchronous, and hybrid educational offerings.

“*Guest speaker*” means an individual who teaches an appraisal education program on a one-time-only or very limited basis and who possesses a unique depth of knowledge and experience in the subject matter.

“*Hybrid*,” also known as a blended course, means a learning environment that allows for both in-person and online (synchronous or asynchronous) interaction.

“*Live instruction*” means an educational program delivered in a classroom setting where both the student and the instructor are present in the same room.

“*Qualifying education*” means education that is obtained by a person seeking certification as a real property appraiser prior to initial certification or registration.

“*Synchronous*” means that in an educational offering the instructor and student interact online simultaneously, as in a phone call, video chat or live webinar, or web-based meeting.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.2(272C,543D) Continuing education obligations.

10.2(1) Board-licensed appraisers have to demonstrate compliance with the continuing education set by the AQB criteria.

10.2(2) All continuing education credit hours may be acquired in approved education programs.

10.2(3) Instructors claiming continuing education credit may be requested to provide supporting documentation to ascertain course content and related details.

10.2(4) An applicant seeking to renew an initial license issued less than 185 days prior to renewal is not obligated to report any continuing education. An applicant seeking to renew an initial certificate or registration issued for 185 days to 365 days prior to renewal has to demonstrate completion of at least 14 credit hours, including the National USPAP continuing education course or its AQB equivalent. An applicant seeking to renew an initial certificate or registration issued 365 days prior to renewal or more has to demonstrate completion of at least 28 credit hours, including seven credit hours of the most recent National USPAP continuing education.

10.2(5) Prior to reinstatement or reactivation of a certified general or residential registration, a licensee in inactive, retired, or lapsed status has to complete all continuing education hours that would have been needed if the licensee was in active status. The hours will also include the most recent edition of a National USPAP Update course.

10.2(6) During each two-year renewal period, a continuing education program may be taken for credit only once.

10.2(7) At least 50 minutes of every class hour have to be attended by the student to count as an hour of continuing education.

10.2(8) An applicant may claim continuing education credits that have been approved by another jurisdiction that has a continuing education obligation for license renewal in that jurisdiction if the applicable program was approved by the other jurisdiction's appraisal regulatory body or the AQB for continuing education purposes at the time the applicant completed the course. The burden of proof in this regard is on the applicant. All other programs have to be approved upon application to the board pursuant to this chapter.

10.2(9) A person certified or registered to practice real estate appraising in Iowa will be deemed to have complied with Iowa's continuing education obligation for periods in which the person is a resident of another state or district having continuing education obligations for real estate appraising and meets all obligations of that state or district.

10.2(10) A person certified or registered to practice real estate appraising in Iowa who completes an education course approved by both the board and another appraiser regulatory body, for which the approved hours vary, will only be allowed to claim the hours approved by the board to meet the obligations of renewal of the person's associate registration or certified credential in Iowa. A person certified or registered to practice real estate appraising in Iowa who completes an educational course not approved in Iowa, but approved by either the AQB or by another appraiser regulatory body, may claim the hours awarded by either the AQB or the appraiser regulatory body of the other jurisdiction.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.3(272C,543D) Minimum program qualifications.

10.3(1) The board will only approve continuing education programs that provide a formal program of learning that contributes to the growth in the professional knowledge and professional competence of real estate appraisers.

10.3(2) Continuing education programs as listed in the AQB criteria are accepted by the board, as well as the following appraisal topics, which the board has determined are integrally related to appraisal topics in the state:

- a. Agriculture production and economics;
- b. Agronomy/soil; and
- c. Real estate appraisal technology (e.g., drones).

10.3(3) The following programs will not be acceptable:

- a. Sales promotion meetings held in conjunction with the appraiser's general business;
- b. Time devoted to breakfast, lunch, or dinner;
- c. A program certified by the use of a challenge examination. The number of hours will be completed to receive credit hours; and
- d. Programs that do not provide at least two credit hours.

10.3(4) Continuing education credit will be granted only for whole hours, with a minimum of 50 minutes constituting one hour.

10.3(5) Continuing education credit may be approved for university or college courses, when an official transcript is provided, in qualifying topics according to the following formula: Each semester hour of credit will equal 15 credit hours and each quarter hour of credit will equal 10 credit hours.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.4(272C,543D) Standards for provider and program approval. Providers and programs will satisfy the following minimum standards in order to be preapproved in accordance with the procedures established in this chapter and in order to maintain approved status:

10.4(1) The program will be taught or developed by individuals who have the education, training and experience to be considered experts in the subject matter of the program and competent in the use of teaching methods appropriate to the program.

10.4(2) Programs will be taught by instructors who have successfully completed an instructor development workshop within 24 months preceding board approval of the program. Certified USPAP instructors and instructors approved via a course delivery mechanism approval per the AQB criteria will be considered to have met this obligation.

10.4(3) In determining whether an instructor is qualified to teach a particular program, the board will consider whether the instructor has an ability to teach and an in-depth knowledge of the subject matter.

10.4(4) An instructor may demonstrate the ability to teach by meeting one or more of the following criteria:

- a.* Hold a bachelor's degree or higher in education from an accredited college;
- b.* Hold a current teaching credential or certificate in any real estate or real estate-related fields;
- c.* Hold a certificate of completion in the area of instruction from an instructor institute, workshop or school that is sponsored by a member of the Appraisal Foundation;
- d.* Hold a full-time current appointment to the faculty of an accredited college; and
- e.* Other, as the board may determine.

10.4(5) An instructor may demonstrate in-depth knowledge of the program's subject matter by meeting one or more of the following criteria:

- a.* Hold a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited college with a major in a field of study directly related to the subject matter of the course the instructor proposes to teach, such as business, economics, accounting, real estate or finance;
- b.* Hold a bachelor's degree or higher from an accredited college and have five years of appraisal experience related to the subject matter of the course the instructor proposes to teach;
- c.* Hold a generally recognized professional real property appraisal designation or be a sponsor member of the Appraisal Foundation; and
- d.* Other, as the board may determine.

10.4(6) Only AQB-certified USPAP instructors, listed on the website of the Appraisal Foundation may teach the National USPAP courses, or the AQB-approved equivalent.

10.4(7) Course content and materials will be accurate, consistent with currently accepted standards relating to the program's subject matter and updated no later than 30 days after the effective date of a change in standards, laws, or rules.

10.4(8) Programs will have an appropriate means of written evaluation by participants. Evaluations will include the relevance of the materials, effectiveness of presentation, content, facilities, and such additional features as are appropriate to the nature of the program.

10.4(9) No part of any course will be used to solicit memberships in organizations, recruit appraisers for affiliation with any organization or advertise the merits of any organization or sell any product, or service.

10.4(10) Providers will clearly inform prospective participants of the number of credit hours preapproved by the board for each program and all applicable policies concerning registration, payment, refunds, attendance obligations, and examination grading.

10.4(11) Procedures will be in place to monitor whether the person receiving credit hours is the person who attended or completed the program.

10.4(12) Providers will be accessible to students during normal business hours to answer questions and provide assistance as necessary.

10.4(13) Providers will comply with or demonstrate exemption from the provisions of Iowa Code sections 714.14 to 714.25.

10.4(14) Providers will designate a coordinator in charge of each program who will act as the board's contact on all compliance issues.

10.4(15) Programs will not offer more than eight credit hours in a single day.

10.4(16) Providers will not provide any information to the board, the public, or prospective students that is misleading in nature. For example, providers will not refer to themselves as a "college" or "university" unless qualified as such under Iowa law.

10.4(17) Providers will establish and maintain for a period of five years complete and detailed records on the programs successfully attended by each Iowa participant.

10.4(18) Providers will issue an individual certificate of attendance to each participant upon successful completion of the program.

10.4(19) Program providers and instructors are solely responsible for the accuracy of all program materials, instruction, and examinations. Board approval of a provider or program is not an assurance or warranty of accuracy and will not be explicitly or implicitly marketed or advertised as such.

10.4(20) Providers will apply for approval using the board's online system.

10.4(21) Providers will notify the board within 30 days of a change in the provider's primary contact, name, business address, or any other change that may affect the provider's tax identification number or bond obligations with the Iowa college aid commission.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.5(272C,543D) Acceptable distance education courses. Distance education involves geographical separation of student and instructor. A distance education course is acceptable to meet class hour obligations if it complies with the generic education criteria in the current AQB criteria.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.6(272C,543D) Applications for approval of programs. Applications for approval of programs will be submitted through the board's online system. All non-AQB courses are approved for 24 months, including the month of approval. Programs approved for distance education or by the AQB may be approved by the board. Board approval of a program will only be valid for the shortest period of time such a program is approved by either organization.

10.6(1) Approval will be obtained for each program separately. With the exception of hybrid courses, courses that are offered via more than one delivery method will require separate program approvals.

10.6(2) A nonrefundable fee of \$50 will be submitted for each program except for programs that are submitted for approval by the primary provider and that have been approved by the AQB through the AQB Course Approval Program (CAP).

10.6(3) All online applications and attachments will be submitted for approval at least 30 days prior to the first offering of each program or, if renewing, within 30 days of the course expiration date. The board will approve or deny each program, in whole or part, within 15 days of the date the board receives a fully completed application. Upon approval of an application for course offering, the board will specify the number of credit hours allowed. Payments for course program applications will be made within 30 calendar days of board approval or the application approval may be reversed.

10.6(4) Applications for non-AQB CAP courses will request information including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Program description;
- b. Program purpose;
- c. Learning objectives that specify the level of knowledge or competency the student should demonstrate upon completing the program;
- d. Description of the instructional methods utilized to accomplish the learning objective;
- e. Identifying information for all guest speakers or instructors and such documentation as is necessary to verify compliance with the instructor qualifications described in this chapter;
- f. Copies of all instructor and student program materials or, in the case of a one-time course offering, a statement that attests all instructor and student materials will be submitted to the board within ten calendar days of the course offering;
- g. Copies of all examinations and a description of all grading procedures;
- h. A description of the diagnostic assessment method(s) used when examinations are not given;
- i. Such information as needed to verify compliance with board rules;
- j. The name, address, telephone number, and email address for the program's coordinator; and
- k. Such other information as the board deems reasonably needed for informed decision making.

10.6(5) Application forms for courses that are AQB CAP-approved will include information as deemed necessary for accurate documentation but may be more limited than information set forth in this chapter.

10.6(6) The board will assign each provider and program a number. This number will be placed on all correspondence with the board, all subsequent applications by the same provider, and all certificates of attendance issued to participants.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.7(272C,543D) Waiver of application fees. Application fees may be waived for approved programs sponsored by a governmental entity when the program is offered at no cost or at a nominal cost to participants. A request for waiver of application fees should be made by the provider or certificate holder at the time the application is filed with the board.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.8(272C,543D) Authority to approve education. The executive officer has the authority to approve or deny education applications subject to the applicant's right to a hearing as provided for in this chapter.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.9(272C,543D) Appraiser request for preapproval of continuing education programs. An appraiser seeking credit for attendance and participation in a program that is to be conducted by a provider not accredited or otherwise approved by the board will apply for approval to the board at least 15 days in advance of the commencement of the activity. The board will approve or deny the application in writing. The online application for prior approval of a continuing education activity will include the following fee and information:

1. Application fee of \$25;
2. School, firm, organization or person conducting the program;
3. Location of the program;
4. Title and hour-by-hour outline of the program, course or activity;
5. Credit hours requested for approval;
6. Date of program; and
7. Principal instructor(s).

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.10(272C,543D) Appraiser request for postapproval of continuing education program. An appraiser seeking credit for attendance and participation in a program that was not conducted by an approved provider or approved by the licensing authority in another state or otherwise approved by the board may submit a request for credit for the program. Within 15 days after receipt of the request, the board will advise the requester in writing whether the program is approved and the number of hours allowed. Appraisers not complying with the obligation of this rule may be denied credit for the program. Application for postapproval of a continuing education program will include the following fee and information:

1. Application fee of \$25;
2. School, firm, organization or person conducting the program;
3. Location of the program;
4. Title of program and description of program;
5. Credit hours requested for approval;
6. Date(s) of program;
7. Student and instructor materials;
8. Principal instructor(s); and
9. Verification of attendance.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.11(272C,543D) Review of provider or program. The board on its own motion or upon receipt of a complaint or negative evaluation may monitor or review any approved program or provider and may withdraw approval of the provider or program and disallow all or any part of the approved hours granted to the provider based on evidence that the obligations of this chapter have not been met. The provider, as a condition of approval, agrees to allow the board or its authorized representatives to monitor ongoing

compliance with board rules through means including, but not limited to, unannounced attendance at programs.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—10.12(272C,543D) Hearings. Any person aggrieved by board action related to this chapter may request a contested case hearing before the board.

[ARC 7847C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code sections 543D.5, 543D.9 and 543D.16 and chapter 272C.

[Filed ARC 7847C (Notice ARC 7267C, IAB 1/24/24), IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

CHAPTER 11
FEES

[Prior to 4/17/24, see 193F—Chapter 12]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—11.1(543D) Fees.

Initial examination application fee	\$150
Biennial registration fee for active status (initial, reciprocal, renewal):	
Associate/Certified real property appraiser > one year	\$200
Associate/Certified real property appraiser < one year	\$100
Biennial registration fee for inactive status (initial, reciprocal, renewal):	
Certified real property appraiser	\$100
Associate real property appraiser	\$50
Temporary practice permit fee (each request)	\$100
Reinstatement of a lapsed or retired license (lapsed or retired to active status)	\$150 (plus the registration fee)
Reactivation of an inactive or retired license (inactive or retired to active status)	\$50 (plus the registration fee)
Formal wall certificate	\$25
Work product review fees:	
Original submission, certified residential	\$300
Original submission, certified general	\$650
Additional residential reports as requested by the board	\$150 per report
Additional nonresidential reports as requested by the board	\$250 per report
Voluntary submission of residential reports for review	\$150 per report
Voluntary submission of nonresidential reports for review	\$250 per report
Course application fee (non-AQB-approved courses and secondary providers)	\$50
Pre-/post-course application fee	\$25
Background check	\$51
Add supervisory appraiser	\$25
Add course instructor	\$10
Waiver to administrative rules	\$25
Late renewal of associate or certified	\$50
ASC National Registry fee > one year, separate from registration fee (collected by the board for FFIEC)	\$80
ASC National Registry fee < one year, separate from registration fee (collected by the board for FFIEC)	\$40
Examination fee (and reexamination fee) (to be paid to the examination provider)	Current provider rate

[ARC 7848C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—11.2(543D) Prorating of registration fees. An applicant applying for initial or reciprocal registration or certification within 12 months from the applicant's renewal date, pursuant to rule 193F—8.1(543D), will pay half the fee. An applicant applying for initial or reciprocal registration or certification more than 12 months from the applicant's renewal date will pay the full registration fee. An applicant applying to reinstate or reactivate a lapsed registration or certification within 12 months from the applicant's renewal date, pursuant to rule 193F—8.1(543D), will pay half the renewal fee plus the applicable reactivation or reinstatement fee. An applicant applying to reinstate or reactivate a lapsed registration or certification more than 12 months from the applicant's renewal date will pay the full renewal fee plus the applicable reactivation or reinstatement fee.

[ARC 7848C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code section 543D.6.

[Filed ARC 7848C (Notice ARC 7268C, IAB 1/24/24), IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

CHAPTER 12
ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS AGAINST NONLICENSEES

[Prior to 4/17/24, see 193F—Chapter 16]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—12.1(543D) Civil penalties against nonlicensees. The board may impose civil penalties by order against a person who is not licensed by the board based on the unlawful practices specified in Iowa Code section 543D.21.

[ARC 7855C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—12.2(543D) Grounds for imposing civil penalties. Grounds for issuing an order requiring compliance with Iowa Code chapter 543D or imposing civil penalties up to \$1,000 for each violation include:

12.2(1) Violating Iowa Code section 543D.15(1) “a.”

12.2(2) Failing to obtain a temporary practice permit under Iowa Code section 543D.11(2).

12.2(3) Falsely impersonating a licensee by using the certification or registration title, number or signature of a licensee, or by using the nonexistent certification or registration title, number or signature of a fictitious holder of a board-issued license.

12.2(4) Violating Iowa Code section 543D.21(4) “e.”

12.2(5) Violating Iowa Code section 543D.20(1) “a,” “b,” “c,” or “d.”

12.2(6) Violating Iowa Code section 543D.18A.

[ARC 7855C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—12.3(543D) Notice of intent to impose civil penalties.

12.3(1) The notice of the board’s intent to issue an order to compel compliance with Iowa Code section 543D.21 and to impose a civil penalty will be served upon the nonlicensee by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service in accordance with Iowa Rule of Civil Procedure 1.305. Alternatively, the nonlicensee may accept service personally or through authorized counsel.

12.3(2) The notice will include the following:

a. A statement of the legal authority and jurisdiction under which the proposed civil penalty would be imposed.

b. Reference to the particular sections of the statutes and rules involved.

c. A short, plain statement of the alleged unlawful practices.

d. The dollar amount of the proposed civil penalty and the nature of the intended order to compel compliance with Iowa Code section 543D.21.

e. Notice of the nonlicensee’s right to a hearing and the time frame in which hearing has to be requested.

f. The address to which a written request for hearing has to be made.

[ARC 7855C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—12.4(543D) Request for hearing.

12.4(1) Nonlicensees have to request a hearing within 30 days of the date the notice is received or service is accepted. A request for hearing has to be in writing and is deemed made on the date of the non-metered United States Postal Service postmark or the date of personal delivery to the board office.

12.4(2) If a request for hearing is not timely made, as described in the notice, the board chairperson or the chairperson’s designee may issue an order imposing a civil penalty and requiring compliance with Iowa Code chapter 543D. The order may be mailed by regular first-class mail or served in the same manner as the notice of intent to impose a civil penalty.

12.4(3) If a request for hearing is timely made, the board will issue a notice of hearing and conduct a hearing in the same manner as applicable to disciplinary cases against licensees. Hearings involving nonlicensees are open to the public.

12.4(4) A nonlicensee may waive the right to hearing and all attendant rights and enter into a consent order imposing a civil penalty and requiring compliance with Iowa Code chapter 543D at any stage of the proceeding upon mutual consent of the board.

12.4(5) The notice of intent to issue an order and the order are public records available for inspection and copying in accordance with Iowa Code chapter 22.

[ARC 7855C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 17A and 543D.

[Filed ARC 7855C (Notice ARC 7272C, IAB 1/24/24), IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

CHAPTER 13
LICENSURE OF PERSONS LICENSED IN OTHER JURISDICTIONS

[Prior to 4/17/24, see 193F—Chapter 26]

Chapter rescission date pursuant to Iowa Code section 17A.7: 5/22/29

193F—13.1(272C) Definitions.

“Issuing jurisdiction” means the duly constituted authority in another state that has issued a professional license, certificate, or registration to a person.

“License” or *“licensure”* means any license that may be granted by the board.

[ARC 7865C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

193F—13.2(272C) Licensure of persons licensed in other jurisdictions.

13.2(1) An individual who establishes residency in this state or who is married to an active duty member of the military forces of the United States and who is accompanying the member on an official permanent change of station to a military installation located in this state may apply for licensure under this rule on forms provided by the board. A certification or registration will be issued if all of the following conditions are met:

a. The person is currently licensed, certified, or registered by at least one other issuing jurisdiction in the profession or occupation applied for with a substantially similar scope of practice and is in good standing in all issuing jurisdictions in which the person holds a license, certificate, or registration. A license, certificate, or registration issued by another jurisdiction that is classified as a licensed residential real property credential or with a scope of practice of a licensed residential real property appraiser, as defined by the AQB criteria, other applicable federal law, rule, or policy, will not be considered a profession or occupation with a substantially similar scope of practice as it relates to a certification or registration as an associate real property appraiser, certified residential real property appraiser, or a certified general real property appraiser.

b. The person has been licensed, certified, or registered by the other issuing jurisdiction forming the basis of the application.

c. When the person was licensed by the other issuing jurisdiction forming the basis of the application, the issuing jurisdiction imposed minimum educational and experience obligations, and the issuing jurisdiction verifies that the person met those obligations in order to be licensed in that issuing jurisdiction. Generally, given federal mandates, the minimum educational and experience obligations to become certified as a real estate appraiser are substantially the same nationwide within the applicable classification and scope of practice.

d. The person previously passed an AQB-approved examination by the other issuing jurisdiction for licensure, certification, or registration.

e. The person has not had a license, certificate, or registration revoked and has not voluntarily surrendered a license, certificate, or registration in any other issuing jurisdiction or country while under investigation for unprofessional conduct.

f. The person has not had discipline imposed by any other regulating entity in this state or another issuing jurisdiction or country. If another jurisdiction has taken disciplinary action against the person, the appropriate licensing board shall determine if the cause for the action was corrected and the matter resolved. If the licensing board determines that the matter has not been resolved by the jurisdiction imposing discipline, the licensing board will not issue or deny a license, certificate, or registration to the person until the matter is resolved.

g. The person does not have a complaint, allegation, or investigation pending before any regulating entity in another issuing jurisdiction or country that relates to unprofessional conduct. If the person has any complaints, allegations, or investigations pending, the appropriate licensing board shall not issue or deny a license, certificate, or registration to the person until the complaint, allegation, or investigation is resolved.

h. The person pays all applicable fees. The fees for applying for licensure under this rule will be the same as the fees for reciprocal licensure.

i. The person does not have a criminal history that would prevent the person from holding the license applied for in this state.

13.2(2) An individual applying for licensure under this rule will provide, as applicable, proof of current residency in the state of Iowa or proof of the military member's official permanent change of station to the state of Iowa.

a. Proof of residency may include, by way of example:

- (1) Residential mortgage, lease, or rental agreement;
- (2) Utility bill;
- (3) Bank statement;
- (4) Paycheck or pay stub;
- (5) Property tax statement;
- (6) A federal or state government document; or
- (7) Any other document that reliably confirms Iowa residency.

b. Proof of permanent change of station to the state of Iowa includes documentation issued by the appropriate branch of the military requiring a permanent change of station or otherwise indicating or demonstrating a permanent change of station has occurred.

13.2(3) In order to be considered a sufficient application, an application for licensure under this rule must include all appropriate information as required by this rule and, if applicable, the submission of fingerprints and an appropriate authorization of release as may be necessary to facilitate the board's completion of a criminal history check and any corresponding fee.

13.2(4) A person issued a license under this rule is subject to the jurisdiction of the board.

13.2(5) An applicant who is aggrieved by the board's decision to deny an application for a license under this rule may request a contested case hearing. A request for such a contested case hearing will be granted only if the board receives the request within 30 days of issuance of the board's decision.

[ARC 7865C, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapters 543D and 272C and 2019 Iowa Acts, House File 288.

[Filed ARC 7865C (Notice ARC 7275C, IAB 1/24/24), IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24]

CHAPTER 14
CERTIFIED GENERAL APPRAISER
EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS
Rescinded IAB 5/20/09, effective 6/24/09

CHAPTER 15
SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES
Rescinded **ARC 7850C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 16
ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS AGAINST NONLICENSEES
Rescinded **ARC 7855C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 17
SUPERINTENDENT SUPERVISION STANDARDS AND PROCEDURES
Rescinded **ARC 7856C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 18
WAIVERS
Rescinded **ARC 7857C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 19
INVESTIGATORY SUBPOENAS
Rescinded **ARC 7858C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 20
CONTESTED CASES
Rescinded **ARC 7859C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 21
DENIAL OF ISSUANCE OR RENEWAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION OF LICENSE FOR
NONPAYMENT OF CHILD SUPPORT OR STATE DEBT
Rescinded **ARC 7860C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 22
PETITION FOR RULE MAKING
Rescinded **ARC 7861C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 23
DECLARATORY ORDERS
Rescinded **ARC 7862C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 24
SALES AND LEASES OF GOODS AND SERVICES
Rescinded **ARC 7863C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 25
PUBLIC RECORDS AND FAIR INFORMATION PRACTICES
Rescinded **ARC 7864C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 26
MILITARY SERVICE, VETERAN RECIPROCITY, AND LICENSURE OF PERSONS LICENSED
IN OTHER JURISDICTIONS

Rescinded **ARC 7865C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 27
IMPAIRED LICENSEE REVIEW COMMITTEE
AND IMPAIRED LICENSEE RECOVERY PROGRAM

Rescinded **ARC 7866C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 28
SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS AND PROOF OF LEGAL PRESENCE

Rescinded **ARC 7867C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24

CHAPTER 29
VENDOR APPEALS

Rescinded **ARC 7868C**, IAB 4/17/24, effective 5/22/24