

555B.9 Disposal — proceeds.

1. Pursuant to an order for disposal under [section 555B.8, subsection 3](#), the real property owner shall dispose of the mobile home and personal property by public or private sale in a commercially reasonable manner. If the personal property owner, lienholder, or other claimant has asserted a claim to the mobile home or personal property within the judicial proceedings, that person shall be notified of the sale by restricted certified mail not less than five days before the sale. The notice is deemed given upon the mailing. The real property owner may buy at any public sale, and if the mobile home or personal property is of a type customarily sold in a recognized market or is the subject of widely distributed standard price quotations, the real property owner may buy at a private sale.

2. A sale pursuant to [subsection 1](#) transfers to the purchaser for value, all of the mobile home owner's rights in the mobile home and personal property, and discharges the real property owner's interest in the mobile home and personal property, any tax lien, and any other lien. The purchaser takes free of all rights and interests even though the real property owner fails to comply with the requirements of [this chapter](#) or of any judicial proceedings, if the purchaser acts in good faith.

3. The proceeds of the sale of mobile home and personal property shall be distributed as follows:

a. First, to satisfy the real property owner's judgment obtained under [section 555B.8](#).

b. Second, to satisfy any tax lien for which a claim was asserted pursuant to [section 555B.4, subsection 3](#).

c. Third, to satisfy any other lien for which a claim was asserted pursuant to [section 555B.4, subsection 4](#).

d. Any surplus remaining after the proceeds are distributed shall be held by the real property owner for six months. If the mobile home owner fails to claim the surplus in that time, the surplus may be retained by the real property owner. If a deficiency remains after distribution of the proceeds, the mobile home owner is liable for the amount of the deficiency.

4. Notwithstanding [subsections 1 through 3](#), the real property owner may propose to retain the mobile home and personal property in satisfaction of the judgment obtained pursuant to [section 555B.8](#). Written notice of the proposal shall be sent to the mobile home owner, lienholder, or other claimant, if that person has asserted a claim to the mobile home or personal property in the judicial proceedings. If the real property owner receives objection in writing from the mobile home owner, lienholder, or other claimant within twenty-one days after the notice was sent, the real property owner shall dispose of the mobile home and personal property pursuant to [subsection 1](#). If no written objection is received by the real property owner within twenty-one days after the notice was sent, the mobile home and personal property may be retained. Retention of the mobile home and personal property discharges the judgment of the real property owner, any tax lien, and any other lien.

5. If the real property owner has made a good faith attempt to sell the mobile home and personal property pursuant to [subsection 1](#) but is unsuccessful and elects not to retain the mobile home and personal property pursuant to [subsection 4](#), the real property owner may dispose of the mobile home and personal property to a demolisher or junkyard. Proceeds from the disposition shall be distributed pursuant to [subsection 3](#). If the personal property is a motor vehicle to which [section 321.90](#) applies, the real property owner shall present the order for disposal obtained pursuant to [section 555B.8, subsection 3](#), to the police authority to obtain a certificate of authority to dispose of the motor vehicle pursuant to [section 321.90, subsection 2](#).

88 Acts, ch 1138, §9

C89, §562C.9

C93, §555B.9

2022 Acts, ch 1070, §23, 24

Referred to in §321.90, 555B.2, 555B.8, 648.22A