673.1 Definitions.

- 1. "Claim" means a claim, counterclaim, cross-claim, complaint, or cause of action recognized by the Iowa rules of civil procedure and brought in court on account of damage to or loss of property or on account of personal injury or death.
- 2. "Domesticated animal" means an animal commonly referred to as a bovine, swine, sheep, goat, domesticated deer, llama, poultry, rabbit, horse, pony, mule, jenny, donkey, or hinny.
 - 3. "Domesticated animal activity" means any of the following:
 - a. Riding or driving a domesticated animal.
 - b. Riding as a passenger on a vehicle powered by a domesticated animal.
- c. Teaching or training a person to ride or drive a domesticated animal or a vehicle powered by a domesticated animal.
 - d. Participating in an activity sponsored by a domesticated animal activity sponsor.
 - e. Participating or assisting a participant in a domesticated animal event.
- f. Managing or assisting in managing a domesticated animal in a domesticated animal event.
- g. Inspecting or assisting an inspection of a domesticated animal for the purpose of purchase.
 - h. Providing hoof care including, but not limited to, horseshoeing.
 - i. Providing or assisting in providing veterinary care to a domesticated animal.
- *j.* Boarding or keeping a domesticated animal, by the owner of the domesticated animal or on behalf of another person.
 - k. Loading, hauling, or transporting a domesticated animal.
 - l. Breeding domesticated animals.
 - m. Participating in racing.
 - n. Showing or displaying a domesticated animal.
- 4. "Domesticated animal activity sponsor" means a person who owns, organizes, manages, or provides facilities for a domesticated animal activity, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - a. Clubs involved in riding, hunting, competing, or performing.
 - b. Youth clubs, including 4-H clubs.
 - c. Educational institutions.
- d. Owners, operators, instructors, and promoters of a domesticated animal event or domesticated animal facility, including, but not limited to, stables, boarding facilities, clubhouses, rides, fairs, and arenas.
 - e. Breeding farms.
 - f. Training farms.
- 5. "Domesticated animal event" means an event in which a domesticated animal activity occurs, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
 - a. A fair.
 - b. A rodeo.
 - c. An exposition.
 - d. A show.
 - e. A competition.
 - f. A 4-H event.
 - g. A sporting event.
 - h. An event involving driving, pulling, or cutting.
 - i. Hunting.
- *j.* An equine event or discipline including, but not limited to, dressage, a hunter or jumper show, polo, steeplechasing, English or western performance riding, a western game, or trail riding.
- 6. "Domesticated animal pathogen" or "pathogen" means a microorganism, biological agent, or toxin causing disease, illness, or death to a human, if the microorganism, biological agent, or toxin is primarily transmitted by human contact with a domesticated animal,

manure from a domesticated animal, or other excretions or body fluids from a domesticated animal.

- 7. "Domesticated animal premises" or "premises" means a location under the management or control of a domesticated animal activity sponsor where domesticated animals are regularly kept for three or more consecutive hours.
- 8. "Domesticated animal professional" means a person who receives compensation for engaging in a domesticated animal activity by doing one of the following:
 - a. Instructing a participant.
- b. Renting the use of a domesticated animal to a participant for the purposes of riding, driving, or being a passenger on a domesticated animal or a vehicle powered by a domesticated animal.
 - c. Renting equipment or tack to a participant.
- 9. "Fair authority" means the Iowa state fair authority established in section 173.1 or a fair as defined in section 174.1.
- 10. "Fairgrounds" means real estate under the management or control of a fair authority, including land, buildings, and improvements, and which includes but is not limited to areas reserved for domesticated animal events or domesticated animal activities.
- 11. "Inherent risks of a domesticated animal activity" means a danger or condition which is an integral part of a domesticated animal activity, including, but not limited to, the following:
- a. The propensity of a domesticated animal to behave in a manner that is reasonably foreseeable to result in damages to property, or injury or death to a person.
- b. Risks generally associated with an activity which may include injuries caused by bucking, biting, stumbling, rearing, trampling, scratching, pecking, falling, kicking, or butting.
- c. The unpredictable reaction by a domesticated animal to unfamiliar conditions, including, but not limited to, a sudden movement; loud noise; an unfamiliar environment; or the introduction of unfamiliar persons, animals, or objects.
 - d. A collision by the domesticated animal with an object or animal.
- e. The failure of a participant to exercise reasonable care, take adequate precautions, or use adequate control when engaging in the activity, including failing to maintain reasonable control or failing to act in a manner consistent with the person's abilities.
- 12. "Participant" means a person who engages in a domesticated animal activity, regardless of whether the person receives compensation.
- 13. "Spectator" means a person who is in the vicinity of a domesticated animal activity, but who is not a participant.

97 Acts, ch 61, §1; 2017 Acts, ch 80, §1