CHAPTER 509B
CONTINUATION OF GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE

Refereed to in §874, 296.7, 331.301, 364.4, 505.28, 505.29, 669.14, 670.7

509B.1 Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
1. “Accident or health insurance” means hospital, surgical, or major medical insurance, or a combination of these.
2. “Commissioner” means the state commissioner of insurance.
3. “Group policy” means a group accident or health insurance policy issued by an insurance company under chapter 509, a group accident or health contract issued by a health service corporation under chapter 514, or a plan for health care services provided by a health maintenance organization under chapter 514B, or issued or provided by any similar corporation or organization.
4. “Insurance”, “insures”, and “insured” refer to coverage under a group policy, individual policy, or converted policy on a premium-paying basis, and do not include coverage provided solely as an accrued liability or by reason of a disability extension.
5. “Insurer” means the entity issuing a group policy or an individual or converted policy.
7. “Premium” includes any premium or payment or other consideration payable for coverage under a group or individual policy.

86 Acts, ch 1124, §1; 2006 Acts, ch 1117, §36; 2012 Acts, ch 1023, §78

Refereed to in §514C.3

509B.2 Persons included in this chapter.

1. As used in this chapter, “termination of employment or membership” includes but is not limited to termination because of permanent or temporary layoff or approved leave of absence. A provision in this chapter which relates to termination of insurance under a group policy of an employee or member and the employee’s or member’s covered dependents includes termination of insurance with respect to the surviving or former spouse or children of an employee or member whose insurance would terminate because of dissolution or annulment of the marriage of the employee or member, or would terminate because of death of the employee or member.
2. A provision in this chapter which relates to an employee or member includes the surviving or former spouse or children if termination occurs because of dissolution or annulment of a marriage or death of an employee or member.

86 Acts, ch 1124, §2

509B.3 Continuation of benefits.

A group policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state which insures employees or members for accident or health insurance on an expense-incurred or service basis, other than for specific diseases or for accidental injuries only, shall provide that employees or members whose coverage under the group policy would otherwise terminate because of termination of employment or membership may continue their accident or health insurance under that group policy, for themselves and their eligible dependents, subject to all of the group policy’s terms and conditions applicable to those forms of insurance and subject to all of the following conditions:
1. Continuation shall only be available to an employee or member if the employee or member was continuously insured under the group policy, and for similar benefits under any
group policy which it replaced, during the entire three months’ period immediately preceding the termination.

2. Continuation shall not be available for a person who is or could be covered by Medicare. Continuation shall not be available for a person who is or is eligible to be covered by another group insured or uninsured arrangement which provides accident or health coverage, unless the person was covered by that other group policy immediately prior to the termination.

3. Continuation may exclude dental care, vision care, or prescription drug benefits or other benefits provided under the group policy which benefits are in addition to accident or health benefits.

4. a. An employee or member who wishes continuation of coverage must request continuation in writing to the employer or group policyholder within the ten-day period following the later of either of the following:
   (1) The date of the termination.
   (2) The date the employee is given notice of the right of continuation as provided in section 509B.5 by either the employer or the group policyholder.
   b. If proper notice is given, the employee or member is not eligible to elect continuation more than thirty-one days after the date of termination.

5. An employee or member electing continuation shall pay monthly to the employer or group policyholder, in advance, the amount of contribution required by the employer or group policyholder, but not more than the group rate otherwise due for the insurance being continued under the group policy. If proper notice is given, the election of continuation by the employee or member together with the first contribution required to establish contributions on a monthly basis in advance, shall be given to the employer or group policyholder within thirty-one days of the date the group insurance would otherwise terminate.

6. Continuation of insurance under the group policy for any person shall terminate when the person becomes eligible for Medicare or another group insured or uninsured accident or health arrangement, or earlier, when any of the following first occurs:
   a. Nine months after the date the employee’s or members’ insurance under the policy would otherwise have terminated because of termination of employment or membership.
   b. At the end of the period for which contributions were made if the employee or member fails to make timely payment of a required contribution and if proper notice is given as provided in section 509B.5, subsection 2.
   c. If the person covered is a former spouse, upon the former spouse’s remarriage.
   d. The date on which the group policy is terminated or, in the case of an employee, the date the employer terminates participation under the group policy. However, if this paragraph applies and the coverage which would cease because of the employer’s termination is replaced by similar coverage under a different group policy, all of the following apply:
      (1) The employee, member, spouse, or eligible dependent may become covered under the different group policy, for the balance of the period that the employee or member would have remained covered under the prior group policy had a termination of the group policy as specified in paragraph “d” not occurred.
      (2) The minimum level of benefits to be provided by the different group policy shall be the applicable level of benefits of the prior group policy, reduced by any benefits payable under the prior group policy.
      (3) The prior group policy shall continue to provide benefits to the extent of its accrued liabilities and extensions of benefits as if the prior group policy had not been replaced by the different group policy.
   7. A notification of the continuation privilege shall be included with or in each certificate of coverage and as otherwise provided in section 509B.5 and shall contain the time limits for requesting the continued coverage.
   8. The spouse of an employee or member, and any covered dependent children of the employee or member, whose coverage under the group policy would otherwise terminate because of dissolution or annulment of marriage or death of the employee or member shall have the same contribution and notice responsibilities and privileges as provided under this chapter to the employee or member upon termination of employment or membership.

86 Acts, ch 1124, §3; 87 Acts, ch 115, §62; 2012 Acts, ch 1023, §157

509B.5 Notice of termination of membership or modification of coverage.
1. Employers or group policyholders shall notify all employees or members of their continuation rights within ten days of termination of employment or membership. The notice shall be in writing and delivered in person or mailed to the person's last known address. However, continuation rights shall not be denied because of failure to provide proper notice. After receiving proper notice the employee or member may request and shall receive continuation coverage in accordance with this chapter within ten days of the request, notwithstanding any other time limitation provided by this chapter. Notification as provided in this section supersedes section 515.125 as that section relates to accident and health insurance.
2. If an employer or group policyholder terminates or substantially modifies an agreement to provide accident or health insurance for employees or members or if accident or health insurance for employees or members is terminated for failure to pay premiums or for another reason, the employer or group policyholder shall notify the employees or members, including persons being continued under the policy’s continuation provisions, of the termination or substantial modification of their coverage. The notice shall be in writing and delivered in person to the entitled persons or mailed to their last known addresses at least ten days prior to the termination or substantial modification of the accident or health insurance coverage. The employer or group policyholder is solely liable for benefits, including extended benefits, other than extended benefits for which the insurer is liable in accordance with the provisions of the group policy, which would have been payable had the accident or health insurance remained in force or not been terminated or substantially modified during the period of time following the termination or substantial modification until the person entitled to notice is given notice by the employer or group policyholder as required by this subsection.
3. The employer or group policyholder is also solely liable for benefits, including extended benefits, which would have been payable had the accident or health insurance been in force and the employees or members been covered during the period of time the employer or group policyholder failed to implement the plan for accident or health insurance which the employer or group policyholder had agreed to provide, until the employer or group policyholder gives notice of its failure or inability to provide the agreed plan. The notice shall be in writing and delivered in person to the employees or members or mailed to their last known addresses.
4. The employer or group policyholder is also solely liable for benefits, including extended benefits, which would have been payable had the accident or health insurance been in force and the employees or members been covered by the accident or health insurance during a period of time for which the employer or group policyholder has collected contributions through payroll, withholding, or otherwise, but has failed to enroll the employees or members, unless the employer or group policyholder has given actual notice that enrollment in the plan will not become effective until a later date or until the employee’s or member’s application for enrollment has been approved.

Referred to in §509B.3, 514B.17