CHAPTER 215
INSPECTION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

215.1 Definitions.

As used in this chapter:
1. “Commercial weighing and measuring device” means a weight or measure or weighing or measuring device used to establish size, quantity, area or other quantitative measurement of a commodity sold by weight or measurement, or where the price to be paid for producing the commodity is based upon the weight or measurement of the commodity. The term includes an accessory attached to or used in connection with a commercial weighing or measuring device when the accessory is so designed or installed that its operation may affect the accuracy of the device. “Commercial weighing and measuring device” includes a public scale or a commercial scanner.
2. “Department” means the department of agriculture and land stewardship.
3. “Liquefied petroleum gas” means liquids that do not remain in a liquid state at atmospheric pressures and temperatures composed predominantly of any of the following hydrocarbons, or mixtures of hydrocarbons: propane, propylene, butanes including normal butane or isobutane, and butylenes.
4. “Packer” means a person engaged in the business of any of the following:
   a. Buying livestock in commerce for purposes of slaughter;
   b. Manufacturing or preparing meats or meat food products for sale or shipment in commerce;
   c. Marketing meats, meat food products, or livestock products in an unmanufactured form acting as a wholesale broker, dealer, or distributor in commerce.
5. “Service agency” means an individual, firm or corporation which holds itself out to the public as having servicers available to install, service or repair a weighing or measuring device for hire.
6. “Servicer” means an individual employed by a service agency who installs, services or repairs a commercial weighing or measuring device for hire, commission or salary.

[C81, §215.26]

C2020, §215.1
Referred to in §214.1, 214.2
Former §215.1 transferred to §215.1A pursuant to directive; 2019 Acts, ch 128, §8
Section transferred from §215.26 in Code 2020 pursuant to directive in 2019 Acts, ch 128, §8

215.1A Inspections.
The department shall regularly inspect all commercial weighing and measuring devices, and when a complaint is made to the department that any false or incorrect weights or measures are being made, the department shall inspect the commercial weighing and
measuring devices which caused the complaint. The department may inspect prepackaged goods to determine the accuracy of their recorded weights.

[S13, §3009-o; SS15, §3009-n; C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §3266; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.1]

C2020, §215.1A
Section transferred from §215.1 in Code 2020 pursuant to directive in 2019 Acts, ch 128, §8

215.2 Special inspection request — fees.

The fee for special tests, including but not limited to, using state inspection equipment, for the calibration, testing, certification, or repair of a commercial weighing and measuring device shall be paid by the servicer or person requesting the special test in accordance with the following schedule:

1. Class S, scales, seventy-five dollars per hour.
2. Class M, meters, fifty-two dollars and fifty cents per hour.

[SS15, §3009-n; C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §3267; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.2]

88 Acts, ch 1272, §22; 90 Acts, ch 1084, §5; 92 Acts, ch 1239, §38
Annual license fees; §214.3

215.3 Payment by party complaining.

If an inspection is made upon the complaint of a person other than the owner of the commercial weighing and measuring device, and upon examination the commercial weighing and measuring device is found by the department to be accurate for commercial weighing and measuring, the inspection fee for such inspection shall be paid by the person making the complaint.

[SS15, §3009-n; C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §3268; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.3]

90 Acts, ch 1084, §6

215.4 Tag for inaccurate or incorrect device — reinspection — fee.

A commercial weighing and measuring device found to be inaccurate or incorrect upon inspection by the department shall be rejected or tagged “condemned until repaired” and the “licensed for commercial use” inspection sticker shall be removed. If notice is received by the department that the device has been repaired and upon reinspection the device is found to be accurate or correct, the license fee shall not be charged for the reinspection. However, a second license fee shall be charged if upon reinspection the device is found to be inaccurate. The device shall be tagged “condemned” and removed from service if a third reinspection fails.

[SS15, §3009-n; C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §3269; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.4]

90 Acts, ch 1084, §7; 2012 Acts, ch 1095, §139

215.5 Confiscation of scales.

The department may seize without warrant and confiscate any incorrect scales, weights, or measures, or any weighing apparatus or part thereof which do not conform to the state standards or upon which the license fee has not been paid. If any weighing or measuring apparatus or part thereof be found out of order the same may be tagged by the department “condemned until repaired”, which tag shall not be altered or removed until said apparatus is properly repaired.

[S13, §3009-q; C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §3270; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.5]

215.6 False weights or measures.

If any person engaged in the purchase or sale of any commodity by weight or measurement, or in the employment of labor where the price thereof is to be determined by weight or measurement of the articles upon which such labor is bestowed, has in the person’s
possess any inaccurate scales, weights, or measures, or other apparatus for determining
the quantity of any commodity, which do not conform to the standard weights and measures,
the person shall be punished as provided in chapter 189.
[SS15, §3009-p; C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §3271; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81,
§215.6]

215.7 Transactions by false weights or measures.
A person shall be deemed to have violated the provisions of this chapter and shall be
punished as provided in chapter 189, if any of the following apply:
1. The person sells, trades, delivers, charges for, or claims to have delivered to a purchaser
an amount of any commodity which is less in weight or measure than that which is asked for,
agreed upon, claimed to have been delivered, or noted on the delivery ticket.
2. The person makes a settlement for or enters a credit, based upon any false weight or
measurement, for any commodity purchased.
3. The person makes a settlement for or enters a credit, based upon any false weight or
measurement, for any labor where the price of producing or mining is determined by weight
or measure.
4. The person records a false weight or measurement upon the weight ticket or book.
[SS15, §3009-j; C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §3272; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81,
§215.7]
2012 Acts, ch 1095, §140; 2013 Acts, ch 90, §41
Referred to in §215.8

215.8 Reasonable variations.
In enforcing the provisions of section 215.7 reasonable variations shall be permitted and
exemptions as to small packages shall be established by rules of the department.
[SS15, §3009-j; C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §3273; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81,
§215.8]

215.9 Power of political subdivision limited.
A commodity weighed upon any scale bearing a sticker issued by the department shall not
be required to be reweighed as required by ordinance of any political subdivision including
but not limited to a city, nor shall a commodity’s sale, at the weights so ascertained, and
because thereof, be, by such ordinance, prohibited or restricted.
[SS15, §3009-m; C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §3274; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81,
§215.9]
2012 Acts, ch 1095, §141

215.10 Installation of new scales.
It shall be unlawful to install a scale, used for commercial purposes in this state, unless the
scale is so installed that it is easily accessible for inspection and testing by equipment of the
department and with due regard to the scale’s size and capacity. Every scale manufacturer or
dealer shall, upon selling a scale of the above types in Iowa, submit to the department upon
forms provided by the department, the make, capacity of the scale, the date of sale, and the
date and location of its installation.
[C50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.10]

215.11 Dial visible to public.
The weight indicating dial or beams on counter scales used to weigh articles sold at retail
shall be so located that the reading dial indicating the weight shall at all times be visible to
the public.
[C50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.11]

215.12 Bond of scale repairers.
Any person, firm, or corporation engaging in any scale repair work for hire in this state
shall first file with the department a bond of the form required by chapter 64 in the sum of
one thousand dollars conditioned to guarantee the quality and faithful performance of the assumed task and providing for liquidated damages for failure to perform such conditions. Such person, firm, or corporation, on depositing with the department a bond in the amount of one thousand dollars shall be furnished a certificate authorizing them to do what is known as scale repair work, or installation of new scales in the state of Iowa. This certificate shall be valid until revoked by the secretary of agriculture.

[C50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.12]

§215.13 Graduations on beam.
All new weigh beams or dials on what is known as livestock scales used for determining the weight in buying or selling livestock shall be in not over five-pound graduations.

[C50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.13]

§215.14 Approval by department.
A commercial weighing and measuring device shall not be installed in this state unless approved by the department.
1. A pit type scale or any other scale installed in a pit, regardless of capacity, that is installed on or after July 1, 1990, shall have a clearance of not less than four feet from the finished floor line of the scale to the bottom of the “I” beam of the scale bridge. Livestock shall not be weighed on any scale other than a livestock scale or pit type scale.
2. An electronic pitless scale shall be placed on concrete footings with concrete floor. The concrete floor shall allow for adequate drainage away from the scale as required by the department. There shall be a clearance of not less than eight inches between the weigh bridge and the concrete floor to facilitate inspection and cleaning.
3. Before approval by the department, the specifications for a commercial weighing and measuring device shall be furnished to the purchaser of the device by the manufacturer. The approval shall be based upon the recommendation of the United States national institute of standards and technology.

[C50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.14]

90 Acts, ch 1045, §1; 2003 Acts, 1st Ex, ch 2, §16, 209; 2012 Acts, ch 1095, §142

§215.15 Scale pit.
Scale pit shall have proper room for inspector or service person to repair or inspect scale. Scale pit shall remain dry at all times and adequate drainage shall be provided for the purpose of inspecting and cleaning.

[C50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.15]

§215.16 Weighing beyond capacity.
It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to use such a scale for weighing commodities the gross weight of which is greater than the factory rated scale capacity. The capacity of the scale shall be stamped by the manufacturer on each weigh beam or dial. The capacity of the scale shall be posted so as to be visible to the public.

[C50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.16]

§215.17 Test weights to be used.
1. A person engaged in scale repair work for hire shall use only test weights sealed by a laboratory approved by the department in determining the effectiveness of repair work and the test weights shall be sealed as to their accuracy once each year. However, a person shall not claim to be an official scale inspector and shall not use the test weights except to determine the accuracy of scale repair work done by the person and the person shall not be entitled to a fee for their use.
2. Calibration shall not be required of a tank which is not used for the purpose of measuring, or which is equipped with a meter, and vehicle tanks loaded from meters and carrying a printed ticket showing gallonage shall not be required to be calibrated.

[C50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.17]

215.18 Specifications and tolerances.
The specifications, tolerances, and other technical requirements for commercial, law enforcement, data gathering, and other weighing and measuring devices, as adopted by the national conference on weights and measures and published in the national institute of standards and technology, handbook 44, “Specifications, tolerances, and other technical requirements for weighing and measuring devices”, shall apply to weighing and measuring devices in this state, except insofar as modified or rejected by rule and shall be observed in all inspections and tests.

[C50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.18]
90 Acts, ch 1084, §8
Referred to in §215A.3

215.19 Automatic recorders on scales.
Except for scales used by packers slaughtering fewer than one hundred twenty head of livestock per day, all scales with a capacity over five hundred pounds, which are used for commercial purposes in this state, and installed after January 1, 1981, shall be equipped with a type-registering weigh beam, a dial with a mechanical ticket printer, an automatic weight recorder, or some similar device which shall be used for printing or stamping the weight values on scale tickets. A scale equipped with a malfunctioning automatic weight recorder may be used for not more than seven days if the device is unable to print or stamp the ticket so long as a repair to the automatic recorder is immediately initiated and the user dates, signs, and accurately handwrites the required information on the ticket until the device is operational.

[C66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.19]
2017 Acts, ch 159, §52
Referred to in §327D.130

215.20 Liquid petroleum gas measurement.
1. All liquefied petroleum gas, including but not limited to propane, butane, and mixtures of them, shall be kept, offered, exposed for sale, or sold by the pound, metered cubic foot of vapor, defined as one cubic foot at 60 degrees Fahrenheit, or by the gallon, defined as two hundred thirty-one cubic inches at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.
2. All metered sales exceeding one hundred gallons shall be corrected to a temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit through use of an approved meter with a sealed automatic compensation mechanism. All sale tickets for sales exceeding one hundred gallons shall show the stamped delivered gallons and shall state that the temperature correction was automatically made.
3. A reasonable tolerance within a maximum of plus or minus one percent shall be allowed on liquid petroleum gas meters licensed for commercial use in this state.

[C66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §215.20]

215.21 Individual carcass weights.
With payment for each purchase of livestock except poultry bought on a carcass weight or grade and yield basis, each packer shall provide the seller with one statement displaying the individual carcass weights of all the animals sold.

[C81, §215.21]

215.22 Packer-monorail scale.
The speed of a monorail scale operation used by a packer shall not exceed the manufacturer’s recommendation or specifications for accurate weighing under normal, in-use operating conditions. The operational speed shall be permanently marked on the indicating element. Adequate measures shall be provided whereby testing and inspections can be conducted under normal in-use conditions. Tare weights for trolleys or gambrels shall be registered with the department. The registered tare adjustment on the indicating element shall be sealed or pinned.

[C81, §215.22]
215.23 Servicer's license.
A servicer shall not install, service, or repair a commercial weighing and measuring device until the servicer has demonstrated that the servicer has available adequate testing equipment, and that the servicer possesses a working knowledge of all devices the servicer intends to install or repair and of all appropriate weights, measures, statutes, and rules, as evidenced by passing a qualifying examination to be conducted by the department and obtaining a license. The secretary of agriculture shall establish by rule pursuant to chapter 17A, requirements for and contents of the examination. In determining these qualifications, the secretary shall consider the specifications of the United States national institute of standards and technology, handbook 44, “Specifications, Tolerances, and Technical Requirements for Weighing and Measuring Devices”, or the current successor or equivalent specifications adopted by the United States national institute of standards and technology. The secretary shall require an annual license fee of not more than five dollars for each license. Each license shall expire one year from date of issuance.

215.24 Rules.
The department may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 17A as necessary to promptly and effectively enforce the provisions of this chapter.

215.25 Railroad track scales.
The department shall inspect the railroad track scales referred to in section 327D.127. The department may adopt rules establishing standards for the scales. The rules may include but are not limited to safety standards, accuracy and the style and content of forms and certificates to be used for weighing.