

233.2 Newborn infant custody release procedures.

1. *a.* A parent of a newborn infant may voluntarily release custody of the newborn infant by relinquishing physical custody of the newborn infant, without expressing an intent to again assume physical custody, at an institutional health facility or by authorizing another person to relinquish physical custody on the parent's behalf. If physical custody of the newborn infant is not relinquished directly to an individual on duty at the institutional health facility, the parent may take other actions to be reasonably sure that an individual on duty is aware that the newborn infant has been left at the institutional health facility. The actions may include but are not limited to making telephone contact with the institutional health facility or a 911 service.

b. In lieu of the procedure described in paragraph "a", a parent of a newborn infant may make telephone contact with a 911 service and relinquish physical custody of the newborn infant, without expressing an intent to again assume physical custody, to a first responder who responds to the 911 telephone call.

c. For the purposes of [this chapter](#) and for any judicial proceedings associated with the newborn infant, a rebuttable presumption arises that the person who relinquishes physical custody at an institutional health facility or to a first responder in accordance with [this section](#) is the newborn infant's parent or has relinquished physical custody with the parent's authorization.

2. *a.* Unless the parent or other person relinquishing physical custody of a newborn infant clearly expresses an intent to return to again assume physical custody of the newborn infant, an individual on duty at the facility at which physical custody of the newborn infant was relinquished, or a first responder to whom physical custody of the newborn infant was relinquished, pursuant to [subsection 1](#) shall take physical custody of the newborn infant. The individual on duty or first responder may request the parent or other person to provide the name of the parent or parents and information on the medical history of the newborn infant and the newborn infant's parent or parents. However, the parent or other person is not required to provide the names or medical history information to comply with [this section](#). The individual on duty or first responder may perform reasonable acts necessary to protect the physical health or safety of the newborn infant. The individual on duty and the institutional health facility in which the individual was on duty and the first responder are immune from criminal or civil liability for any acts or omissions made in good faith to comply with [this section](#).

b. If the physical custody of a newborn infant is relinquished to a first responder, the first responder shall transport the newborn infant to the nearest institutional health facility. The first responder shall provide any parental identification or medical history information to the institutional health facility.

c. If the physical custody of the newborn infant is relinquished at an institutional health facility, the state shall reimburse the institutional health facility for the institutional health facility's actual expenses in providing care to the newborn infant and in performing acts necessary to protect the physical health or safety of the newborn infant. The reimbursement shall be paid from moneys appropriated for this purpose to the department of human services.

d. If the name of the parent is unknown to the institutional health facility, the individual on duty or other person designated by the institutional health facility at which physical custody of the newborn infant was relinquished shall submit the certificate of birth report as required pursuant to [section 144.14](#). If the name of the parent is disclosed to the institutional health facility, the facility shall submit the certificate of birth report as required pursuant to [section 144.13](#). The department of public health shall not file the certificate of birth with the county of birth and shall otherwise maintain the confidentiality of the birth certificate in accordance with [section 144.43](#).

3. As soon as possible after the individual on duty or first responder assumes physical custody of a newborn infant released under [subsection 1](#), the individual shall notify the department of human services and the department shall take the actions necessary to assume the care, control, and custody of the newborn infant. The department shall immediately notify the juvenile court and the county attorney of the department's action and the circumstances surrounding the action and request an ex parte order from the juvenile

court ordering, in accordance with the requirements of [section 232.78](#), the department to take custody of the newborn infant. Upon receiving the order, the department shall take custody of the newborn infant. Within twenty-four hours of taking custody of the newborn infant, the department shall notify the juvenile court and the county attorney in writing of the department's action and the circumstances surrounding the action.

4. *a.* Upon being notified in writing by the department under [subsection 3](#), the county attorney shall file a petition alleging the newborn infant to be a child in need of assistance in accordance with [section 232.87](#) and a petition for termination of parental rights with respect to the newborn infant in accordance with [section 232.111](#), [subsection 2](#), paragraph "a". A hearing on a child in need of assistance petition filed pursuant to [this subsection](#) shall be held at the earliest practicable time. A hearing on a termination of parental rights petition filed pursuant to [this subsection](#) shall be held no later than thirty days after the day the physical custody of the newborn child was relinquished in accordance with [subsection 1](#) unless the juvenile court continues the hearing beyond the thirty days for good cause shown.

b. Notice of a petition filed pursuant to [this subsection](#) shall be provided to any known parent and others in accordance with the provisions of [chapter 232](#) and shall be served upon any putative father registered with the state registrar of vital statistics pursuant to [section 144.12A](#). In addition, prior to holding a termination of parental rights hearing with respect to the newborn infant, notice by publication shall be provided as described in [section 600A.6](#), [subsection 5](#).

5. Reasonable efforts, as defined in [section 232.102](#), that are made in regard to the newborn infant shall be limited to the efforts made in a timely manner to finalize a permanency plan for the newborn infant.

6. An individual on duty at an institutional health facility or first responder who assumes custody of a newborn infant upon the release of the newborn infant under [subsection 1](#) shall be provided notice of any hearing held concerning the newborn infant at the same time notice is provided to other parties to the hearing and the individual may provide testimony at the hearing.

[2001 Acts, ch 67, §2, 13; 2005 Acts, ch 89, §34; 2018 Acts, ch 1050, §3](#)

Referred to in [§233.3, 233.4, 233.6, 726.3, 726.6](#)

Subsections 1, 2, 3, and 6 amended