CHAPTER 149
PODIATRY

149.1 Persons engaged in practice — definitions.
1. Persons who publicly profess to be podiatric physicians or who publicly profess to assume the duties incident to the practice of podiatry.
   a. Persons who diagnose, prescribe, or prescribe and furnish medicine for ailments of the human foot, or treat such ailments by medical, mechanical, or surgical treatments.

149.2 Exceptions.

149.3 License.

149.4 Approved school.

149.5 Amputations — anesthesia — prescription drugs.

149.6 Title or abbreviation.

149.7 Temporary license.
§149.4, PODIATRY

1. Requires for graduation or the receipt of any podiatric degree the completion of a course of study covering a period of at least eight months in each of four calendar years.
2. A school of podiatry shall not be approved by the board which does not have as an additional entrance requirement two years study in a recognized college, university, or academy.

[C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §2545; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §149.4]
90 Acts, ch 1253, §2; 2007 Acts, ch 10, §110

149.5 Amputations — anesthesia — prescription drugs.
1. A license to practice podiatry shall not authorize the licensee to amputate the human foot.
2. A licensed podiatric physician may do all of the following:
   a. Administer local anesthesia.
   b. Administer conscious sedation in a hospital or an ambulatory surgical center.
   c. Prescribe and administer drugs for the treatment of human foot ailments as provided in section 149.1.

[C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §2546; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §149.5]

149.6 Title or abbreviation.
Every licensee shall be designated as a licensed podiatric physician and shall not use any title or abbreviation “practice limited to the foot,” nor mislead the public in any way as to the limited field or practice.

[C24, 27, 31, 35, 39, §2547; C46, 50, 54, 58, 62, 66, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, §149.6]
88 Acts, ch 1199, §5; 95 Acts, ch 108, §11

149.7 Temporary license.
1. The board may issue a temporary license authorizing the licensee to practice podiatry if, in the opinion of the board, a need exists and the person possesses the qualifications prescribed by the board for the temporary license, which shall be substantially equivalent to those required for permanent licensure under this chapter. The board shall determine in each instance the applicant's eligibility for the temporary license, whether or not an examination shall be given, and the type of examination. The requirements of the law pertaining to permanent licensure shall not be mandatory for temporary licensure except as specifically designated by the board. The granting of a temporary license does not in any way indicate that the person licensed is necessarily eligible for permanent licensure, and the board is not obligated to issue a permanent license to the person.
2. The board shall determine the duration of time a person is qualified to practice podiatry while holding a temporary license. The fee for this license shall be set by the board, and if extended beyond one year, a renewal fee per year shall be set by the board. The fees shall be based on the administrative costs of issuing and renewing the temporary licenses.

[82 Acts, ch 1040, §1]