

**135C.30 Operation of facility under receivership.**

When so authorized by [section 135C.11, subsection 2](#), or [section 135C.12, subsection 1](#), the director may file a verified application in the district court of the county where a health care facility licensed under [this chapter](#) is located, requesting that an individual nominated by the director be appointed as receiver for the facility with responsibility to bring the operation and condition of the facility into conformity with [this chapter](#) and the rules or minimum standards promulgated under [this chapter](#).

1. The court shall expeditiously hold a hearing on the application, at which the director shall present evidence in support of the application. The licensee against whose facility the petition is filed may also present evidence, and both parties may subpoena witnesses. The court may appoint a receiver for the health care facility in advance of the hearing if the director's verified application states that an emergency exists which presents an imminent danger of resultant death or physical harm to the residents of the facility. If the licensee against whose facility the receivership petition is filed informs the court at or before the time set for the hearing that the licensee does not object to the application, the court shall waive the hearing and at once appoint a receiver for the facility.

2. The court, on the basis of the verified application and evidence presented at the hearing, may order the facility placed under receivership, and if so ordered, the court shall direct either that the receiver assume the duties of administrator of the health care facility or that the receiver supervise the facility's administrator in conducting the day-to-day business of the facility. The receiver shall be empowered to control the facility's financial resources and to apply its revenues as the receiver deems necessary to the operation of the facility in compliance with [this chapter](#) and the rules or minimum standards promulgated under [this chapter](#), but shall be accountable to the court for management of the facility's financial resources.

3. A receivership established under [this section](#) may be terminated by the district court which established it, after a hearing upon an application for termination. The application may be filed:

a. Jointly by the receiver and the current licensee of the health care facility which is in receivership, stating that the deficiencies in the operation, maintenance or other circumstances which were the grounds for establishment of the receivership have been corrected and that there are reasonable grounds to believe that the facility will be operated in compliance with [this chapter](#) and the rules or minimum standards promulgated under [this chapter](#).

b. By the current licensee of the facility, alleging that termination of the receivership is merited for the reasons set forth in paragraph "a" of [this subsection](#), but that the receiver has declined to join in the petition for termination of the receivership.

c. By the receiver, stating that all residents of the facility have been relocated elsewhere and that there are reasonable grounds to believe it will not be feasible to again operate the facility on a sound financial basis and in compliance with [this chapter](#) and the rules or minimum standards promulgated under [this chapter](#), and asking that the court approve surrender of the facility's license to the department and subsequent return of control of the facility's premises to the owners of the premises.

4. a. Payment of the expenses of a receivership established under [this section](#) is the responsibility of the facility for which the receiver is appointed, unless the court directs otherwise. The expenses include but are not limited to:

(1) Salary of the receiver.  
(2) Expenses incurred by the facility for the continuing care of the residents of the facility.  
(3) Expenses incurred by the facility for the maintenance of buildings and grounds of the facility.

(4) Expenses incurred by the facility in the ordinary course of business, such as employees' salaries and accounts payable.

b. The receiver is not personally liable for the expenses of the facility during the receivership. The receiver is an employee of the state as defined in [section 669.2, subsection 4](#), only for the purpose of defending a claim filed against the receiver. [Chapter 669](#) applies to all suits filed against the receiver.

5. [This section](#) does not:

a. Preclude the sale or lease of a health care facility, and the transfer or assignment of the facility's license in the manner prescribed by [section 135C.8](#), while the facility is in receivership, provided these actions are not taken without approval of the receiver.

b. Affect the civil or criminal liability of the licensee of the facility placed in receivership, for any acts or omissions of the licensee which occurred before the receiver was appointed.

[C81, §135C.30]

[84 Acts, ch 1136, §1](#); [91 Acts, ch 107, §3](#); [2009 Acts, ch 41, §263](#)

Referred to in [§135C.11](#), [§135C.12](#)