473.1 Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Alternative and renewable energy" means energy sources including but not limited to solar, wind turbine, waste management, resource recovery, recovered energy generation, refuse-derived fuel, hydroelectric, agricultural crops or residues, hydrogen produced using renewable fuel sources, and woodburning, or relating to renewable fuel development and distribution.
 - 2. "Authority" means the economic development authority created in section 15.105.
- 3. "Commission" means the environmental protection commission of the department of natural resources.
 - 4. "Director" means the director of the authority or a designee.
- 5. "Energy" or "energy sources" means gasoline, fuel oil, natural gas, propane, coal, special fuels, and electricity.
 - 6. "Renewable fuel" means a fuel that is all of the following:
 - a. A motor vehicle fuel that is any of the following:
- (1) Produced from grain; starch; oilseed; vegetable, animal, or fish materials, including but not limited to fats, greases, and oil; sugar components, grasses, or potatoes; or other biomass.
- (2) Natural gas produced from a biogas source including but not limited to a landfill, sewage waste treatment plant, animal feeding operation, or other place where decaying organic material is found.
- b. Used to replace or reduce the quantity of fossil fuel present in a motor fuel mixture used to operate a motor vehicle.
- 7. "Supplier" means any person engaged in the business of selling, importing, storing, or generating energy sources, alternative and renewable energy, or renewable fuel in Iowa.

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[C75, 77, 79, 81, $93.1]
86 Acts, ch 1245, $1817 – 1819
C93, $473.1
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2008 Acts, ch 1126, §18, 19, 33; 2009 Acts, ch 108, §26, 41; 2011 Acts, ch 118, §45 – 47, 89; 2012 Acts, ch 1021, §88