

508C.9 Assessments.

1. For the purpose of providing the funds necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the association, the board of directors shall assess the member insurers, separately for each account established pursuant to section 508C.6, at the time and for the amounts the board finds necessary. An assessment is due not less than thirty days after prior written notice has been sent to the member insurers and accrues interest at ten percent per annum commencing on the due date.

2. There are two classes of assessments as follows:

a. Class A assessments shall be made for the purpose of meeting administrative costs and other general expenses and examinations conducted under section 508C.12, subsection 5, not related to a particular impaired or insolvent insurer.

b. Class B assessments shall be made to the extent necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the association under section 508C.8 with regard to an impaired domestic insurer or an insolvent domestic, foreign, or alien insurer.

3. *a.* The amount of a class A assessment shall be determined by the board and to the extent that class A assessments do not exceed one hundred dollars per company in any one calendar year may be made on a per capita basis. The amount of a class B assessment shall be allocated for assessment purposes among the accounts as the liabilities and expenses of the association, either experienced or reasonably expected, are attributable to those accounts, all as determined by the association and on as equitable a basis as is reasonably practical.

b. Class A assessments in excess of one hundred dollars per company per calendar year and class B assessments against member insurers for each account shall be in the proportion that the average of the aggregate premiums received on business in this state by each assessed member insurer on policies or contracts related to that account for the three most recent calendar years for which information is available, preceding the year in which the insurer became impaired or insolvent, is to the average of the aggregate premiums received on business in this state by all assessed member insurers on policies related to that account for the three most recent calendar years for which information is available preceding the assessment.

c. Assessments for funds to meet the requirements of the association with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer shall not be made until necessary to implement the purposes of this chapter. Classification of assessments under this subsection shall be made with a reasonable degree of accuracy, recognizing that exact determinations may not always be possible.

4. The association may abate or defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of a member insurer if, in the opinion of the board, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations. If an assessment against a member insurer is abated or deferred, in whole or in part, the amount by which the assessment is abated or deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in this section.

5. *a.* The total of all assessments upon a member insurer for each account shall not in any one calendar year exceed two percent of the average of the insurer's premiums received in this state during the three most recent calendar years for which information is available, preceding the year in which the insurer becomes impaired or insolvent, on the policies related to that account. However, if two or more assessments are authorized in one calendar year with respect to insurers that become impaired or insolvent in different calendar years, the average annual premiums for purposes of the aggregate assessment percentage limitation of this paragraph shall be equal, and limited, to the higher of the three-year average annual premiums for the applicable account as calculated pursuant to this section. If the maximum assessment for an account, together with the other assets of the association in the account, does not provide in any one year in the account an amount

sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, the necessary additional funds shall be assessed for the account in succeeding years as soon as permitted by this chapter.

b. If the maximum assessment under paragraph "a" for any account, other than the health insurance account, does not provide an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association in any succeeding year, the board, pursuant to subsection 3, paragraph "a", shall assess the necessary additional amount and allocate the amount for assessment among the accounts, other than the health insurance account, in the following sequence: from the life insurance account, to the annuity account, to the unallocated annuity contract account; from the annuity account, to the unallocated annuity contract account, to the life insurance account; from the unallocated annuity contract account, to the annuity account, to the life insurance account; provided that no amount shall be allocated to an account for assessment until the maximum amount has been allocated to the preceding account.

6. By an equitable method as established in the plan of operation, the board may refund to member insurers, in proportion to the contribution of each insurer to that account, the amount by which the assets of the account, including assets accruing from net realized gains and income from investments, exceed the amount the board finds is necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of the association with regard to that account. A reasonable amount may be retained in any account to provide funds for the continuing expenses of the association and for future losses if refunds are impractical.

7. In determining its premium rates and policyowner dividends as to any kind of insurance within the scope of this chapter, it is proper for a member insurer to consider the amount reasonably necessary to meet its assessment obligations under this chapter.

8. The association shall issue to each insurer paying a class B assessment under this chapter, a certificate of contribution in a form prescribed by the commissioner for the amount of the assessment so paid. All outstanding certificates shall be of equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates of issue. A certificate of contribution may be shown by the insurer in its financial statement as an asset in the form, for the amount and for a period of time as the commissioner may approve.

87 Acts, ch 223, § 9; 88 Acts, ch 1135, § 10; 90 Acts, ch 1234, § 2325; 92 Acts, ch 1162, § 9, 10; 2000 Acts, ch 1023, §14