

SPECIAL HEALTH AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COVERAGES

514C.1 Supplemental coverage for newly born.

1. Any policy of individual or group accident and sickness insurance providing coverage on an expense incurred basis, and any individual or group hospital or medical service contracts issued pursuant to chapters 509, 514, and 514A, which provide coverage for a family member of the insured or subscriber shall also provide that the health insurance benefits applicable for children shall be payable with respect to a newly born child of the insured or subscriber from the moment of birth.
2. The coverage for newly born children shall consist of coverage for injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and birth abnormalities.
3. If payment of a specific premium or subscription fee is required to provide coverage for a newly born child, the policy or contract may require that notification of birth of a newly born child and payment of the required premium or fees must be furnished to the insurer or nonprofit service or indemnity corporation within thirty-one days after the date of birth in order to have coverage continue beyond such thirty-one day period.

[C75, 77, 79, 81, § 514C.1]

514C.2 Skilled nursing care covered in hospitals.

An insurer, a hospital service corporation, or a medical service corporation, which covers the costs of skilled nursing care under an individual or group policy of accident and health insurance regulated under chapter 509 or 514A, a nonprofit hospital or medical and surgical service plan regulated under chapter 514, or a health care service contract regulated under chapter 514B, shall also cover the costs of skilled nursing care in a hospital if the level of care needed by the insured or subscriber has been reclassified from acute care to skilled nursing care and no designated skilled nursing care beds or swing beds are available in the hospital or in another hospital or health care facility within a thirty-mile radius of the hospital. The insurer or corporation shall reimburse the insured or subscriber based on the skilled nursing care rate.

84 Acts, ch 1034, § 1; 95 Acts, ch 185, §12

514C.3 Dentist's services under accident and sickness insurance policies.

A policy of accident and sickness insurance issued in this state which provides payment or reimbursement for any service which is within the lawful scope of practice of a licensed dentist shall provide benefits for the service whether the service is performed by a licensed physician or a licensed dentist. As used in this section, "*licensed physician*" includes persons licensed under chapter 148, 150, or 150A and "*policy of accident and sickness insurance*" includes individual or group policies as defined in section 509B.1, subsections 3 and 4.

88 Acts, ch 1127, § 1

514C.3A Disclosures relating to dental coverage reimbursement rates.

1. An individual or group policy of accident or health insurance or individual or group hospital or health care service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 514, or 514A, and delivered, amended, or renewed on or after July 1, 1995, that provides dental care benefits with a base payment for those benefits determined upon a usual and customary fee charged by licensed dentists, shall disclose all of the following:
 - a. The frequency of the determination of the usual and customary fee.

b. A general description of the methodology used to determine usual and customary fees, including geographic considerations.

c. The percentile that determines the maximum benefit that the insurer or nonprofit health service corporation will pay for any dental procedure, if the usual and customary fee is determined by taking a sample of fees submitted on actual claims from licensed dentists and then determining the benefit by selecting a percentile of those fees.

2. The disclosure shall be provided upon request to all group and individual policyholders and subscribers. All proposals for dental care benefits shall inform the prospective policyholder or subscriber that information regarding usual and customary fee determinations is available from the insurer or nonprofit health service corporation. All employee benefit descriptions or supplemental documents shall notify the employee that information regarding reimbursement rates is available from the employer.

95 Acts, ch 78, §1; 95 Acts, ch 209, §26

514C.4 Mandated coverage for mammography.

1. A policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical expenses shall provide minimum mammography examination coverage, including, but not limited to, the following classes of third-party payment provider contracts or policies delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state.

a. Individual or group accident and sickness insurance providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis.

b. An individual or group hospital or medical service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 514, or 514A.

c. An individual or group health maintenance organization contract regulated under chapter 514B.

d. An individual or group Medicare supplemental policy, unless coverage pursuant to such policy is preempted by federal law.

A long-term care policy or contract is specifically excluded from regulation under this section.

2. As used in this section, "*minimum mammography examination coverage*" means benefits which are better than or equal to the following minimum requirements:

a. One baseline mammogram for any woman who is thirty-five through thirty-nine years of age, or more frequent mammograms if recommended by the woman's physician.

b. A mammogram every two years for any woman who is forty through forty-nine years of age, or more frequently if recommended by the woman's physician.

c. A mammogram every year for any woman who is fifty years of age or older, or more frequently if recommended by the woman's physician.

3. Mammogram benefits may be subject to any policy or contract provisions which apply generally to other services covered by the policy or contract.

4. The commissioner of insurance shall adopt rules under chapter 17A necessary to implement this section.

89 Acts, ch 289, § 1; 92 Acts, ch 1162, §32, 33; 2003 Acts, ch 135, §13

514C.5 Prescription drug benefit restrictions.

1. A group policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment for prescription drugs shall not require a person covered under the policy or contract to obtain prescription drugs from a mail order pharmacy as a condition of obtaining benefits for prescription drugs if the pharmacy selected by the covered person agrees to provide pharmaceutical services under the same terms and conditions as those provided by the mail order pharmacy.
2. Group third-party payor policies or contracts delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 1990, are subject to this section, including but not limited to the following classes:
 - a. A group accident and sickness insurance policy.
 - b. A group hospital or medical service contract.
 - c. A group health maintenance organization contract.
 - d. A group medicare supplemental policy.

90 Acts, ch 1130, §1

514C.6 Uniformity of treatment employee welfare benefit plans.

1. A statutory provision to mandate a health care coverage or service, or to mandate the offering of a health care coverage or service, applies to all state-regulated third- party payors and to employee welfare benefit plans described in 29 U.S.C. § 1001 et seq. However, if an employee welfare benefit plan subject to federal regulation is not subject to a substantially similar requirement, the statutory provision does not apply to a state-regulated third-party payor until the employee welfare benefit plans are subject to a substantially similar standard under federal regulations as determined by the commissioner.
2. For purposes of this section unless the context otherwise requires, a third-party payor means:
 - a. An accident and sickness insurer, subject to chapter 509 or 514A.
 - b. A nonprofit health service corporation, subject to chapter 514.
 - c. A health maintenance organization, subject to chapter 514B.
 - d. Any other entity engaged in the business of insurance, risk transfer, or risk retention, which is subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner.

91 Acts, ch 213, §20

514C.7 Prohibition on restricting coverage in certain instances involving a diagnosis of a fibrocystic condition.

Notwithstanding the uniformity of treatment requirements of section 514C.6, a third-party payor as defined in that section shall not deny or fail to renew, or include an exception to or exclusion of benefits in, a policy or contract of individual or group accident and sickness insurance solely based upon an insured being diagnosed as having a fibrocystic condition.

92 Acts, ch 1046, § 1

514C.8 Coordination of health care benefits with state medical assistance.

1. An insurer, health maintenance organization, or hospital and medical service plan providing health care coverage to individuals in this state shall not consider the availability of or eligibility for medical assistance under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act and chapter 249A, when determining eligibility of the individual for coverage or calculating payments to the individual under the health care coverage plan.
2. The state acquires the rights of an individual to payment from an insurer, health maintenance organization, or hospital or medical service plan to the extent payment for covered expenses is made pursuant to chapter 249A for health care items or services provided to the individual. Upon presentation of proof that payment was made pursuant to chapter 249A for covered expenses, the insurer, health maintenance organization, or hospital or medical service plan shall make payment to the state medical assistance program to the extent of the coverage provided in the policy or contract.
3. An insurer shall not impose requirements on the state with respect to the assignment of rights pursuant to this section that are different from the requirements applicable to an agent or assignee of a covered individual.
4. For purposes of this section, "*insurer*" means an entity which offers a health benefit plan, including a group health plan under the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

95 Acts, ch 185, §13

514C.9 Medical support insurance requirements.

1. An insurer shall not deny coverage or enrollment of a child under the health plan of the obligor upon any of the following grounds:
 - a. The child is born out of wedlock.
 - b. The child is not claimed as a dependent on the obligor's federal income tax return.
 - c. The child does not reside with the obligor or in the insurer's service area. This section shall not be construed to require a health maintenance organization regulated under chapter 514B to provide any services or benefits for treatment outside of the geographic area described in its certificate of authority which would not be provided to a member outside of that geographic area pursuant to the terms of the health maintenance organization's contract.
2. An insurer of an obligor providing health care coverage to the child for which the obligor is legally responsible to provide support shall do all of the following:
 - a. Provide information to the obligee or other legal custodian of the child as necessary for the child to obtain benefits through the coverage of the insurer.
 - b. Allow the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, or the provider with the approval of the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, to submit claims for covered services without the approval of the obligor.
 - c. Make payment on a claim submitted in paragraph "b" directly to the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, the provider, or the state medical assistance agency for claims submitted by the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, by the provider with the approval of the obligee or other legal custodian of the child, or by the state medical assistance agency.
3. If an obligor is required by a court order or administrative order to provide health coverage for a child and

the obligor is eligible for dependent health coverage, the insurer shall do all of the following:

a. Allow the obligor to enroll under dependent coverage a child who is eligible for coverage pursuant to the applicable terms and conditions of the health benefit plan and the standard enrollment guidelines of the insurer without regard to an enrollment season restriction.

b. Enroll a child who is eligible for coverage under the applicable terms and conditions of the health benefit plan and the standard enrollment guidelines of the insurer, without regard to any time of enrollment restriction, under dependent coverage upon application by the obligee or other legal custodian of the child or by the department of human services in the event an obligor required by a court order or administrative order fails to apply for coverage for the child.

c. Maintain coverage and not cancel the child's enrollment unless the insurer obtains satisfactory written evidence of any of the following:

(1) The court order or administrative order is no longer in effect.

(2) The child is eligible for or will enroll in comparable health coverage through an insurer which shall take effect not later than the effective date of the cancellation of enrollment of the original coverage.

(3) The employer has eliminated dependent health coverage for its employees.

(4) The obligor is no longer paying the required premium because the employer no longer owes the obligor compensation, or because the obligor's employment has terminated and the obligor has not elected to continue coverage.

4. A group health plan shall establish reasonable procedures to determine whether a child is covered under a qualified medical child support order issued pursuant to chapter 252E. The procedures shall be in writing, provide for prompt notice of each person specified in the medical child support order as eligible to receive benefits under the group health plan upon receipt by the plan of the medical child support order, and allow an obligee or other legal custodian of the child under chapter 252E to designate a representative for receipt of copies of notices in regard to the medical child support order that are sent to the obligee or other legal custodian of the child and the department of human services' child support recovery unit.

5. For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

a. "*Child*" means a person, other than an obligee's spouse or former spouse, who is recognized under a qualified medical child support order as having a right to enrollment under a group health plan as the obligor's dependent.

b. "*Court order*" or "*administrative order*" means a ruling by a court or administrative agency in regard to the support an obligor shall provide to the obligor's child.

c. "*Insurer*" means an entity which offers a health benefit plan.

d. "*Obligee*" means an obligee as defined in section 252E.1.

e. "*Obligor*" means an obligor as defined in section 252E.1.

f. "*Qualified medical child support order*" means a child support order which creates or recognizes a child's right to receive health benefits for which the child is eligible under a group health benefit plan, describes or determines the type of coverage to be provided, specifies the length of time for which the order applies, and specifies the plan to which the order applies.

514C.10 Coverage for adopted child.

1. *Definitions.* For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

a. "*Child*" means, with respect to an adoption or a placement for adoption of a child, an individual who has not attained age eighteen as of the date of the issuance of a final adoption decree, or upon an interlocutory adoption decree becoming a final adoption decree, as provided in chapter 600, or as of the date of the placement for adoption.

b. "*Placement for adoption*" means the assumption and retention of a legal obligation for the total or partial support of the child in anticipation of the adoption of the child. The child's placement with a person terminates upon the termination of such legal obligation.

2. *Coverage required.* A policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical expenses shall provide coverage benefits to a dependent child adopted by, or placed for adoption with, an insured or enrollee under the same terms and conditions as apply to a biological, dependent child of the insured or enrollee. The issuer of the policy or contract shall not restrict coverage under the policy or contract for a dependent child adopted by, or placed for adoption with, the insured or enrollee solely on the basis of a preexisting condition of such dependent child at the time that the child would otherwise become eligible for coverage under the plan, if the adoption or placement occurs while the insured or enrollee is eligible for coverage under the policy or contract. This section applies to the following classes of third-party payment provider contracts or policies delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 1995:

a. Individual or group accident and sickness insurance providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis.

b. An individual or group hospital or medical service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 514, or 514A.

c. An individual or group health maintenance organization contract regulated under chapter 514B.

d. An individual or group Medicare supplemental policy, unless coverage pursuant to such policy is preempted by federal law.

e. An organized delivery system licensed by the director of public health.

514C.11 Services provided by licensed physician assistants and licensed advanced registered nurse practitioners.

Notwithstanding section 514C.6, a policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical expenses shall include a provision for the payment of necessary medical or surgical care and treatment provided by a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 148C, or provided by an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed pursuant to chapter 152 and performed within the scope of the license of the licensed physician assistant or the licensed advanced registered nurse practitioner if the policy or contract would pay for the care and treatment if the care and treatment were provided by a person engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery under chapter 148 or 150A. The policy or contract shall provide that policyholders and subscribers under the policy or contract may reject the coverage for services which may be provided by a licensed physician assistant or licensed advanced registered nurse practitioner if the coverage is rejected for all providers of similar services. A policy or contract subject to this section shall not impose a practice or supervision restriction which is inconsistent with

or more restrictive than the restriction already imposed by law. This section applies to services provided under a policy or contract delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 1996, and to an existing policy or contract, on the policy's or contract's anniversary or renewal date, or upon the expiration of the applicable collective bargaining contract, if any, whichever is later. This section does not apply to policyholders or subscribers eligible for coverage under Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act or any similar coverage under a state or federal government plan. For the purposes of this section, third-party payment or prepayment includes an individual or group policy of accident or health insurance or individual or group hospital or health care service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 514, or 514A, an individual or group health maintenance organization contract issued and regulated under chapter 514B, an organized delivery system contract regulated under rules adopted by the director of public health, or a preferred provider organization contract regulated pursuant to chapter 514F. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to require an individual or group health maintenance organization, an organized delivery system, or a preferred provider organization or arrangement to provide payment or prepayment for services provided by a licensed physician assistant or licensed advanced registered nurse practitioner unless the physician assistant's supervising physician, the physician-physician assistant team, the advanced registered nurse practitioner, or the advanced registered nurse practitioner's collaborating physician has entered into a contract or other agreement to provide services with the individual or group health maintenance organization, the organized delivery system, or the preferred provider organization or arrangement.

96 Acts, ch 1169, §1

514C.12 Postdelivery benefits and care.

1. Notwithstanding section 514C.6, a person who provides an individual or group policy of accident or health insurance or individual or group hospital or health care service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 509A, 514, or 514A or an individual or group health maintenance organization contract issued and regulated under chapter 514B, which is delivered, amended, or renewed on or after July 1, 1996, and which provides maternity benefits, which are not limited to complications of pregnancy, or newborn care benefits, shall not terminate inpatient benefits or require discharge of a mother or the newborn from a hospital following delivery earlier than determined to be medically appropriate by the attending physician after consultation with the mother and in accordance with guidelines adopted by rule by the commissioner. The guidelines adopted by rule shall be consistent with or may adopt by reference the guidelines for perinatal care established by the American academy of pediatrics and the American college of obstetricians and gynecologists which provide that when complications are not present, the postpartum hospital stay ranges from a minimum of forty-eight hours for a vaginal delivery to a minimum of ninety-six hours for a cesarean birth, excluding the day of delivery. The guidelines adopted by rule by the commissioner shall also provide that in the event of a discharge from the hospital prior to the minimum stay established in the guidelines, a postdischarge follow-up visit shall be provided to the mother and newborn by providers competent in postpartum care and newborn assessment if determined medically appropriate as directed by the attending physician, in accordance with the guidelines.

2. When performing utilization review of inpatient hospital services related to maternity and newborn care, including but not limited to length of postdelivery stay and postdischarge follow-up care, any person who provides an individual or group policy of accident or health insurance or individual or group hospital or health care service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 509A, 514, or 514A, or an individual or group health maintenance organization contract issued and regulated under chapter 514B, shall use the guidelines adopted by rule by the commissioner, and shall not deselect, require additional documentation, require additional utilization review, terminate services to, reduce payment to, or in any manner provide a disincentive to an attending physician solely on the basis that the attending physician provided or directed the provision of services in compliance with the guidelines adopted by rule.

3. Preauthorization or precertification for a hospital stay or for a postdischarge follow-up visit in accordance with the guidelines adopted by rule by the commissioner shall not be required.

514C.13 Group managed care health plans requirements attached to limited provider network plan offers.

1. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

a. *"Carrier"* means an entity that provides health benefit plans in this state. *"Carrier"* includes an insurance company, group hospital or medical service corporation, health maintenance organization, multiple employer welfare arrangement, and any other person providing health benefit plans in this state subject to regulation by the commissioner of insurance.

b. *"Health benefit plan"* means a policy, certificate, or contract providing hospital or medical coverage, benefits, or services rendered by a health care provider. *"Health benefit plan"* does not include a group conversion plan, accident-only, specific-disease, short-term hospital or medical hospital confinement indemnity, credit, dental, vision, Medicare supplement, long-term care, or disability income insurance, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar insurance, or automobile medical payment insurance.

c. *"Health care provider"* means a hospital licensed pursuant to chapter 135B, a person licensed under chapter 148, 148C, 149, 150, 150A, 151, or 154, or a person licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner under chapter 152.

d. *"Indemnity plan"* means a hospital or medical expense- incurred policy, certificate, or contract, major medical expense insurance, or hospital or medical service plan contract.

e. *"Large employer"* means a person actively engaged in business who, during at least fifty percent of the employer's working days during the preceding calendar year, employed more than fifty full-time equivalent employees.

f. *"Limited provider network plan"* means a managed care health plan which limits access to or coverage for services to selected health care providers who are under contract with the managed care health plan.

g. *"Managed care health plan"* means a health benefit plan that selects and contracts with health care providers; manages and coordinates health care delivery; monitors necessity, appropriateness, and quality of health care delivered by health care providers; and performs utilization review and cost control.

h. *"Organized delivery system"* means an organized delivery system as defined in section 513C.3.

i. *"Point of service plan option"* means a provision in a managed care health plan that permits insureds, enrollees, or subscribers access to health care from health care providers who have not contracted with the managed care health plan.

j. *"Small employer"* means a person actively engaged in business who, during at least fifty percent of the employer's working days during the preceding calendar year, employed not less than two and not more than fifty full-time equivalent employees.

2. A carrier or organized delivery system which offers to a small employer a limited provider network plan to provide health care services or benefits to the small employer's employees shall also offer to the small employer a point of service option to the limited provider network plan.

3. A carrier or organized delivery system which offers to a large employer a limited provider network plan to provide health care services or benefits to the large employer's employees shall also offer to the large

employer one or more of the following:

a. A point of service plan option to the limited provider network plan. The price of the point of service plan option shall be actuarially determined.

b. A managed care health plan that is not a limited provider network plan.

c. An indemnity plan.

4. A large employer that offers a limited provider network plan to its employees shall also offer to its employees one or more of the following:

a. A point of service plan option to the limited provider network plan.

b. A managed care health plan that is not a limited provider network plan.

c. An indemnity plan.

97 Acts, ch 88, §1

514C.14 Continuity of care pregnancy.

1. Except as provided under subsection 2 or 3, a carrier, as defined in section 513B.2, an organized delivery system authorized under 1993 Iowa Acts, chapter 158, or a plan established pursuant to chapter 509A for public employees, which terminates its contract with a participating health care provider, shall continue to provide coverage under the contract to a covered person in the second or third trimester of pregnancy for continued care from such health care provider. Such persons may continue to receive such treatment or care through postpartum care related to the child birth and delivery. Payment for covered benefits and benefit levels shall be according to the terms and conditions of the contract.

2. A covered person who makes an involuntary change in health plans may request that the new health plan cover the services of the covered person's physician specialist who is not a participating health care provider under the new health plan, if the covered person is in the second or third trimester of pregnancy. Continuation of such coverage shall continue through postpartum care related to the child birth and delivery. Payment for covered benefits and benefit levels shall be according to the terms and conditions of the new health plan contract.

3. A carrier, organized delivery system, or plan established under chapter 509A, which terminates the contract of a participating health care provider for cause shall not be liable to pay for health care services provided by the health care provider to a covered person following the date of termination.

99 Acts, ch 41, §1

514C.15 Treatment options.

A carrier, as defined in section 513B.2; an organized delivery system authorized under 1993 Iowa Acts, chapter 158, and licensed by the director of public health; or a plan established pursuant to chapter 509A for public employees, shall not prohibit a participating provider from, or penalize a participating provider for, doing either of the following:

1. Discussing treatment options with a covered individual, notwithstanding the carrier's, organized delivery system's, or plan's position on such treatment option.

2. Advocating on behalf of a covered individual within a review or grievance process established by the carrier, organized delivery system, or chapter 509A plan, or established by a person contracting with the carrier, organized delivery system, or chapter 509A plan.

99 Acts, ch 41, §2

514C.16 Emergency room services.

1. A carrier, as defined in section 513B.2; an organized delivery system authorized under 1993 Iowa Acts, chapter 158, and licensed by the director of public health; or a plan established pursuant to chapter 509A for public employees, which provides coverage for emergency services, is responsible for charges for emergency services provided to a covered individual, including services furnished outside any contractual provider network or preferred provider network. Coverage for emergency services is subject to the terms and conditions of the health benefit plan or contract.

2. Prior authorization for emergency services shall not be required. All services necessary to evaluate and stabilize an emergency medical condition shall be considered covered emergency services.

3. For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

a. "Emergency medical condition" means a medical condition that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity, including but not limited to severe pain, that an ordinarily prudent person, possessing average knowledge of medicine and health, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in one of the following:

(1) Placing the health of the individual, or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child, in serious jeopardy.

(2) Serious impairment to bodily function.

(3) Serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part.

b. "Emergency services" means covered inpatient and outpatient health care services that are furnished by a health care provider who is qualified to provide the services that are needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

99 Acts, ch 41, §3

514C.17 Continuity of care terminal illness.

1. Except as provided under subsection 2 or 3, if a carrier, as defined in section 513B.2, an organized delivery system authorized under 1993 Iowa Acts, chapter 158, or a plan established pursuant to chapter 509A for public employees, terminates its contract with a participating health care provider, a covered individual who is undergoing a specified course of treatment for a terminal illness or a related condition, with the recommendation of the covered individual's treating physician licensed under chapter 148, 150, or 150A, may continue to receive coverage for treatment received from the covered individual's physician for the terminal illness or a related condition, for a period of up to ninety days. Payment for covered benefits and benefit levels shall be according to the terms and conditions of the contract.

2. A covered person who makes a change in health plans involuntarily may request that the new health plan cover services of the covered person's treating physician licensed under chapter 148, 150, or 150A, who is not a participating health care provider under the new health plan, if the covered person is undergoing a specified course of treatment for a terminal illness or a related condition. Continuation of such coverage shall

continue for up to ninety days. Payment for covered benefits and benefit levels shall be according to the terms and conditions of the contract.

3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2, a carrier, organized delivery system, or plan established under chapter 509A which terminates the contract of a participating health care provider for cause shall not be required to cover health care services provided by the health care provider to a covered person following the date of termination.

99 Acts, ch 41, §4

514C.18 Diabetes coverage.

1. Notwithstanding the uniformity of treatment requirements of section 514C.6, a policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical expenses shall provide coverage benefits for the cost associated with equipment, supplies, and self-management training and education for the treatment of all types of diabetes mellitus when prescribed by a physician licensed under chapter 148, 150, or 150A. Coverage benefits shall include coverage for the cost associated with all of the following:

a. Blood glucose meter and glucose strips for home monitoring.

b. Payment for diabetes self-management training and education only under all of the following conditions:

(1) The physician managing the individual's diabetic condition certifies that such services are needed under a comprehensive plan of care related to the individual's diabetic condition to ensure therapy compliance or to provide the individual with necessary skills and knowledge to participate in the management of the individual's condition.

(2) The diabetic self-management training and education program is certified by the Iowa department of public health. The department shall consult with the American diabetes association, Iowa affiliate, in developing the standards for certification of diabetes education programs as follows:

(a) Initial training shall cover up to ten hours of initial outpatient diabetes self-management training within a continuous twelve-month period for each individual that meets any of the following conditions:

(i) A new onset of diabetes.

(ii) Poor glycemic control as evidenced by a glycosylated hemoglobin of nine and five-tenths or more in the ninety days before attending the training.

(iii) A change in treatment regimen from no diabetes medications to any diabetes medication, or from oral diabetes medication to insulin.

(iv) High risk for complications based on poor glycemic control; documented acute episodes of severe hypoglycemia or acute severe hyperglycemia occurring in the past year during which the individual needed third-party assistance for either emergency room visits or hospitalization.

(v) High risk based on documented complications of a lack of feeling in the foot or other foot complications such as foot ulcer or amputation, pre-proliferative or proliferative retinopathy or prior laser treatment of the eye, or kidney complications related to diabetes, such as macroalbuminuria or elevated creatinine.

(b) An individual who receives the initial training shall be eligible for a single follow-up training session of up to one hour each year.

2. *a.* This section applies to the following classes of third-party payment provider contracts or policies delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 1999:

- (1) Individual or group accident and sickness insurance providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis.
- (2) An individual or group hospital or medical service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 514, or 514A.
- (3) An individual or group health maintenance organization contract regulated under chapter 514B.
- (4) Any other entity engaged in the business of insurance, risk transfer, or risk retention, which is subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner.
- (5) A plan established pursuant to chapter 509A for public employees.
- (6) An organized delivery system licensed by the director of public health.

b. This section shall not apply to accident only, specified disease, short-term hospital or medical, hospital confinement indemnity, credit, dental, vision, Medicare supplement, long-term care, basic hospital and medical-surgical expense coverage as defined by the commissioner, disability income insurance coverage, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar insurance, or automobile medical payment insurance.

99 Acts, ch 75, §1; 99 Acts, ch 208, §58

514C.19 Prescription contraceptive coverage.

1. Notwithstanding the uniformity of treatment requirements of section 514C.6, a group policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical expenses shall not do either of the following:

- a.* Exclude or restrict benefits for prescription contraceptive drugs or prescription contraceptive devices which prevent conception and which are approved by the United States food and drug administration, or generic equivalents approved as substitutable by the United States food and drug administration, if such policy or contract provides benefits for other outpatient prescription drugs or devices.
- b.* Exclude or restrict benefits for outpatient contraceptive services which are provided for the purpose of preventing conception if such policy or contract provides benefits for other outpatient services provided by a health care professional.

2. A person who provides a group policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical expenses which is subject to subsection 1 shall not do any of the following:

- a.* Deny to an individual eligibility, or continued eligibility, to enroll in or to renew coverage under the terms of the policy or contract because of the individual's use or potential use of such prescription contraceptive drugs or devices, or use or potential use of outpatient contraceptive services.
- b.* Provide a monetary payment or rebate to a covered individual to encourage such individual to accept less than the minimum benefits provided for under subsection 1.
- c.* Penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reimbursement of a health care professional because such professional prescribes contraceptive drugs or devices, or provides contraceptive services.
- d.* Provide incentives, monetary or otherwise, to a health care professional to induce such professional to

withhold from a covered individual contraceptive drugs or devices, or contraceptive services.

3. This section shall not be construed to prevent a third-party payor from including deductibles, coinsurance, or copayments under the policy or contract, as follows:

a. A deductible, coinsurance, or copayment for benefits for prescription contraceptive drugs shall not be greater than such deductible, coinsurance, or copayment for any outpatient prescription drug for which coverage under the policy or contract is provided.

b. A deductible, coinsurance, or copayment for benefits for prescription contraceptive devices shall not be greater than such deductible, coinsurance, or copayment for any outpatient prescription device for which coverage under the policy or contract is provided.

c. A deductible, coinsurance, or copayment for benefits for outpatient contraceptive services shall not be greater than such deductible, coinsurance, or copayment for any outpatient health care services for which coverage under the policy or contract is provided.

4. This section shall not be construed to require a third-party payor under a policy or contract to provide benefits for experimental or investigational contraceptive drugs or devices, or experimental or investigational contraceptive services, except to the extent that such policy or contract provides coverage for other experimental or investigational outpatient prescription drugs or devices, or experimental or investigational outpatient health care services.

5. This section shall not be construed to limit or otherwise discourage the use of generic equivalent drugs approved by the United States food and drug administration, whenever available and appropriate. This section, when a brand name drug is requested by a covered individual and a suitable generic equivalent is available and appropriate, shall not be construed to prohibit a third-party payor from requiring the covered individual to pay a deductible, coinsurance, or copayment consistent with subsection 3, in addition to the difference of the cost of the brand name drug less the maximum covered amount for a generic equivalent.

6. A person who provides an individual policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical expenses shall make available a coverage provision that satisfies the requirements in subsections 1 through 5 in the same manner as such requirements are applicable to a group policy or contract under those subsections. The policy or contract shall provide that the individual policyholder may reject the coverage provision at the option of the policyholder.

7. *a.* This section applies to the following classes of third-party payment provider contracts or policies delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 2000:

- (1) Individual or group accident and sickness insurance providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis.
- (2) An individual or group hospital or medical service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 514, or 514A.
- (3) An individual or group health maintenance organization contract regulated under chapter 514B.
- (4) Any other entity engaged in the business of insurance, risk transfer, or risk retention, which is subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner.
- (5) A plan established pursuant to chapter 509A for public employees.
- (6) An organized delivery system licensed by the director of public health.

b. This section shall not apply to accident only, specified disease, short-term hospital or medical, hospital

confinement indemnity, credit, dental, vision, Medicare supplement, long-term care, basic hospital and medical-surgical expense coverage as defined by the commissioner, disability income insurance coverage, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar insurance, or automobile medical payment insurance.

2000 Acts, ch 1120, §1

514C.20 Mandated coverage for dental care anesthesia and certain hospital charges.

1. Notwithstanding section 514C.6, and subject to the terms and conditions of the policy or contract, a policy or contract providing for third-party payment or prepayment of health or medical expenses shall provide coverage for the administration of general anesthesia and hospital or ambulatory surgical center charges related to the provision of dental care services provided to any of the following covered individuals:

a. A child under five years of age upon a determination by a licensed dentist and the child's treating physician licensed pursuant to chapter 148, 150, or 150A, that such child requires necessary dental treatment in a hospital or ambulatory surgical center due to a dental condition or a developmental disability for which patient management in the dental office has proved to be ineffective.

b. Any individual upon a determination by a licensed dentist and the individual's treating physician licensed pursuant to chapter 148, 150, or 150A, that such individual has one or more medical conditions that would create significant or undue medical risk for the individual in the course of delivery of any necessary dental treatment or surgery if not rendered in a hospital or ambulatory surgical center.

2. Prior authorization of hospitalization or ambulatory surgical center for dental care procedures may be required in the same manner that prior authorization is required for hospitalization for other coverages under the contract or policy.

3. This section applies to the following classes of third-party payment provider contracts or policies delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after July 1, 2000:

a. Individual or group accident and sickness insurance providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis.

b. An individual or group hospital or medical service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 514, or 514A.

c. An individual or group health maintenance organization contract regulated under chapter 514B.

d. Any other entity engaged in the business of insurance, risk transfer, or risk retention, which is subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner.

e. A plan established pursuant to chapter 509A for public employees.

f. An organized delivery system licensed by the director of public health.

4. This section shall not apply to accident only, specified disease, short-term hospital or medical, hospital confinement indemnity, credit, dental, vision, Medicare supplement, long-term care, basic hospital and medical-surgical expense coverage as defined by the commissioner, disability income insurance coverage, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar insurance, or automobile medical payment insurance.

2000 Acts, ch 1193, §1

514C.21 Coverage for immunizations mercury.

1. Third-party payment provider contracts or policies delivered, issued for delivery, continued, or renewed in this state on or after January 1, 2006, that provide reimbursement for immunizations shall provide reimbursement for immunizations containing no more than trace amounts of mercury at the acquisition cost rate for immunizations containing no more than trace amounts of mercury. For the purposes of this section, "trace amounts" means trace amounts as defined by the United States food and drug administration.

2. For the purposes of this section, "third-party payment provider contracts or policies" includes:

- a. Individual or group accident and sickness insurance providing coverage on an expense-incurred basis.
- b. An individual or group hospital or medical service contract issued pursuant to chapter 509, 514, or 514A.
- c. An individual or group health maintenance organization contract regulated under chapter 514B.
- d. An organized delivery system licensed by the director of public health.

2004 Acts, ch 1159, §2

Footnotes

Organized delivery systems authorized; see 93 Acts, ch 158, §3