

ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES

321I.1 Definitions.

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "*All-terrain vehicle*" means a motorized flotation-tire vehicle with not less than three low-pressure tires, but not more than six low-pressure tires, or a two-wheeled off-road motorcycle, that is limited in engine displacement to less than eight hundred cubic centimeters and in total dry weight to less than eight hundred fifty pounds and that has a seat or saddle designed to be straddled by the operator and handlebars for steering control.

Two-wheeled off-road motorcycles shall be considered all-terrain vehicles for the purpose of registration. Two-wheeled off-road motorcycles shall also be considered all-terrain vehicles for the purpose of titling if a title has not previously been issued pursuant to chapter 321. An operator of a two-wheeled off-road motorcycle is exempt from the safety instruction and certification program requirements of sections 321I.25 and 321I.26.

2. "*A' scale*" means the physical scale marked "A" graduated in decibels on a sound level meter which meets the requirements of the American national standards institute, incorporated, publication S1.4-1961, general purpose sound level meters.

3. "*Commission*" means the natural resource commission of the department.

4. "*Dealer*" means a person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or exchanging all-terrain vehicles required to be registered under this chapter and who has an established place of business for that purpose in this state.

5. "*Department*" means the department of natural resources.

6. "*Established place of business*" means the place actually occupied either continuously or at regular periods by a dealer or manufacturer where the books and records are kept and the dealer's or manufacturer's business is primarily transacted.

7. "*Manufacturer*" means a person engaged in the business of constructing or assembling all-terrain vehicles required to be registered under this chapter and who has an established place of business for that purpose in this state.

8. "*Nonambulatory person*" means an individual with paralysis of the lower half of the body with the involvement of both legs, usually caused by disease of or injury to the spinal cord, or caused by the loss of both legs or the loss of a part of both legs.

9. "*Nonresident*" means a person who is not a resident of this state.

10. "*Operate*" means to ride in or on, other than as a passenger, use, or control the operation of an all-terrain vehicle in any manner, whether or not the all-terrain vehicle is moving.

11. "*Operator*" means a person who operates or is in actual physical control of an all-terrain vehicle.

12. "*Owner*" means a person, other than a lienholder, having the property right in or title to an all-terrain vehicle. The term includes a person entitled to the use or possession of an all-terrain vehicle subject to an interest in another person, reserved or created by agreement and securing payment or performance of an obligation, but the term excludes a lessee under a lease not intended as security.

13. "*Person*" means an individual, partnership, firm, corporation, association, and the state, its agencies, and political subdivisions.

14. "*Public land*" means land owned by the federal government, the state, or political subdivisions of the state and land acquired or developed for public recreation pursuant to section 321I.8.

15. "*Railroad right-of-way*" means the full width of property owned, leased, or subject to easement for railroad purposes and is not limited to those areas on which tracks are located.

16. "*Resident*" means a person who meets the requirements for residency described in section 321.1A.

17. "*Roadway*" means that portion of a highway improved, designed, or ordinarily used for vehicular travel.

18. "*Safety certificate*" means an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, approved by the commission, issued to a qualified applicant who is twelve years of age or older.

19. "*Snowmobile*" means the same as defined in section 321G.1.

20. "*Special event*" means an organized race, exhibition, or demonstration of limited duration which is conducted on public land or ice under the jurisdiction of the commission according to a prearranged schedule and in which general public interest is manifested.

21. "*Street*" or "*highway*" means the entire width between property lines of every way or place of whatever nature when any part thereof is open to the use of the public, as a matter of right, for purposes of vehicular travel, except in public areas in which the boundary shall be thirty-three feet each side of the center line of the roadway.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §44

321I.2 Rules.

The commission may adopt rules for the following purposes:

1. Registration and titling of all-terrain vehicles.
2. Use of all-terrain vehicles as far as game and fish resources or habitats are affected.
3. Use of all-terrain vehicles on public lands under the jurisdiction of the commission.
4. Use of all-terrain vehicles on any waters of the state under the jurisdiction of the commission, while the waters are frozen.
5. Establishment of a program of grants, subgrants, and contracts to be administered by the department for the development and delivery of certified courses of instruction for the safe use and operation of all-terrain vehicles by political subdivisions and incorporated private organizations.
6. Issuance of safety certificates.
7. Issuance of competition registrations and the participation of all-terrain vehicles so registered in special events.
8. Issuance of annual user permits for nonresidents and establishment of administrative fees for the issuance

of the permits.

The director of transportation may adopt rules not inconsistent with this chapter regulating the use of all-terrain vehicles on streets and highways. Cities may designate streets under the jurisdiction of cities within their respective corporate limits which may be used for the sport of driving all-terrain vehicles.

In adopting the rules, consideration shall be given to the need to protect the environment and the public health, safety, and welfare; to protect private property, public parks, and other public lands; to protect wildlife and wildlife habitat; and to promote uniformity of rules relating to the use, operation, and equipment of all-terrain vehicles. The rules shall be in conformance with chapter 17A.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §45

321I.3 Registration and numbering required.

1. Each all-terrain vehicle used on public land or ice of this state shall be currently registered and numbered. A person shall not operate, maintain, or give permission for the operation or maintenance of an all-terrain vehicle on public land or ice unless the all-terrain vehicle is numbered in accordance with this chapter or applicable federal laws, or unless the all-terrain vehicle displays a current annual user permit for the all-terrain vehicle. If the all-terrain vehicle is required to be registered in this state, the identifying number set forth in the registration shall be displayed as prescribed by rules of the commission.

2. A registration number shall be assigned, without payment of fee, to all-terrain vehicles owned by the state of Iowa or its political subdivisions upon application for the number, and the assigned registration number shall be displayed on the all-terrain vehicle as required under section 321I.6. A registration number and certificate shall be assigned, without payment of fee, to an all-terrain vehicle which is exempt from registration but is being titled. A decal displaying an audit number shall not be issued and the registration shall not expire while the all-terrain vehicle is exempt. The application for registration shall indicate the reason for exemption from the fee. The registration certificate shall indicate the reason for exemption.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §46

Footnotes

For applicable scheduled fines, see §805.8B, subsection 2, paragraph a

321I.4 Registration with county recorder fee.

1. The owner of each all-terrain vehicle required to be numbered shall register it annually with the county recorder of the county in which the owner resides or, if the owner is a nonresident, the owner shall register it in the county in which the all-terrain vehicle is principally used. The commission has supervisory responsibility over the registration of all-terrain vehicles and shall provide each county recorder with registration forms and certificates and shall allocate registration numbers to each county.

2. The owner of the all-terrain vehicle shall file an application for registration with the appropriate county recorder on forms provided by the commission. The application shall be completed and signed by the owner of the all-terrain vehicle and shall be accompanied by a fee of fifteen dollars and a writing fee. An all-terrain vehicle shall not be registered by the county recorder until the county recorder is presented with receipts, bills of sale, or other satisfactory evidence that the sales or use tax has been paid for the purchase of the all-terrain vehicle or that the owner is exempt from paying the tax. An all-terrain vehicle that has an expired registration certificate from another state may be registered in this state upon proper application, payment of all applicable registration and writing fees, and payment of a penalty of five dollars.

3. Upon receipt of the application in approved form accompanied by the required fees, the county recorder shall enter it upon the records and shall issue to the applicant a registration certificate. The certificate shall be executed in triplicate, one copy to be delivered to the owner, one copy to the commission, and one copy to be retained on file by the county recorder. The registration certificate shall bear the number awarded to the all-terrain vehicle and the name and address of the owner. The registration certificate shall be carried either in the all-terrain vehicle or on the person of the operator of the all-terrain vehicle when in use. The operator of an all-terrain vehicle shall exhibit the registration certificate to a peace officer upon request, to a person injured in an accident involving an all-terrain vehicle, to the owner or operator of another all-terrain vehicle or the owner of personal or real property when the all-terrain vehicle is involved in a collision or accident of any nature with another all-terrain vehicle or the property of another person, or to the property owner or tenant when the all-terrain vehicle is being operated on private property without permission from the property owner or tenant.

4. If an all-terrain vehicle is placed in storage, the owner shall return the current registration certificate to the county recorder with an affidavit stating that the all-terrain vehicle is placed in storage and the effective date of storage. The county recorder shall notify the commission of each all-terrain vehicle placed in storage. When the owner of a stored all-terrain vehicle desires to renew the registration, the owner shall make application to the county recorder and pay the registration and writing fees without penalty. A refund of the registration fee shall not be allowed for a stored all-terrain vehicle.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §47, 97

Footnotes

Writing fees, §321I.29

321I.5 Nonresident user permits.

A nonresident wishing to operate an all-terrain vehicle, other than an all-terrain vehicle owned by a resident and registered pursuant to this chapter, on public land or ice of this state shall first obtain a user permit from the department. A user permit shall be issued for the all-terrain vehicle specified at the time of application and is not transferable. A user permit shall be valid for the calendar year specified in the permit.

User permits may be issued by a county recorder or a license depository pursuant to rules adopted by the commission. The fee for a user permit shall be fifteen dollars plus an administrative fee established by the commission. A county recorder shall retain a writing fee of one dollar from the sale of each user permit issued by the county recorder's office. The writing fees retained by the county recorder shall be deposited in the general fund of the county. A license depository designated by the director pursuant to section 483A.11 shall retain a writing fee of one dollar from the sale of each permit issued by the agent.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §48

321I.6 Display of identification numbers.

The owner shall display the identification number on an all-terrain vehicle in the manner prescribed by rules of the commission.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §49

Footnotes

For applicable scheduled fines, see §805.8B, subsection 2, paragraph e

321I.7 Registration renewal transfer.

1. *a.* Every all-terrain vehicle registration certificate and number issued expires at midnight December 31 unless sooner terminated or discontinued in accordance with this chapter. After the first day of September each year, an unregistered all-terrain vehicle may be registered or a registration may be renewed for the subsequent year beginning January 1.

b. After the first day of September an unregistered all-terrain vehicle may be registered for the remainder of the current registration year and for the subsequent registration year in one transaction. The fee shall be five dollars for the remainder of the current year, in addition to the registration fee of fifteen dollars for the subsequent year beginning January 1, and a writing fee. Registration certificates and numbers may be renewed upon application of the owner in the same manner as provided in securing the original registration. The all-terrain vehicle registration fee is in lieu of personal property tax for each year of the registration.

2. An expired all-terrain vehicle registration may be renewed for the same fee as if the owner is securing the original registration plus a penalty of five dollars and a writing fee.

3. When a person, after registering an all-terrain vehicle, moves from the address shown on the registration certificate, the person shall, within thirty days, notify the county recorder in writing of the move and the person's new address.

4. Upon the transfer of ownership of an all-terrain vehicle, the owner shall complete the form on the back of the title, if any, and registration, if any, and deliver both to the purchaser or transferee when the all-terrain vehicle is delivered. If the all-terrain vehicle is not titled, the owner shall complete the form on the back of the current registration certificate and shall deliver the certificate to the purchaser or transferee at the time of delivering the all-terrain vehicle. If the all-terrain vehicle has not been titled and has not been registered, the owner shall deliver an affidavit for an unregistered and untitled all-terrain vehicle to the purchaser or transferee. The purchaser or transferee shall, within thirty days of transfer, file a new application form with the county recorder with a fee of one dollar and the writing fee, and a transfer of number shall be awarded in the same manner as provided in an original registration. If the purchaser or transferee does not file a new application form within thirty days of transfer, the transfer of number shall be awarded upon payment of all applicable fees plus a penalty of five dollars.

All registrations must be valid for the current registration period prior to the transfer of any registration, including assignment to a dealer.

5. Duplicate registrations may be issued upon application to the county recorder and the payment of the same fees collected for the transfer of registrations.

6. A motorcycle, as defined in section 321.1, subsection 40, paragraph "a", may be registered as an all-terrain vehicle as provided in this section. A motorcycle registered as an all-terrain vehicle may participate in all programs established for all-terrain vehicles under this chapter except for the safety instruction and certification program.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §50

321I.8 Fees remitted to commission appropriation.

Within ten days after the end of each month, a county recorder shall remit to the commission the all-terrain vehicle fees collected by the recorder during the previous month. Before January 10 of each year, a recorder shall remit to the commission unused license forms from the previous year.

The department shall remit the fees, including user fees collected pursuant to section 321I.5, to the treasurer of state, who shall place the money in a special all-terrain vehicle fund. The money is appropriated to the department for the all-terrain vehicle programs of the state. The programs shall include grants, subgrants, contracts, or cost-sharing of all-terrain vehicle programs with political subdivisions or incorporated private organizations or both in accordance with rules adopted by the commission. All-terrain vehicle fees may be used for the establishment, maintenance, and operation of all-terrain vehicle recreational riding areas through the awarding of grants administered by the department. All-terrain vehicle recreational riding areas established, maintained, or operated by the use of such grants shall not be operated for profit. All programs using cost-sharing, grants, subgrants, or contracts shall establish and implement a safety instruction program either singly or in cooperation with other all-terrain vehicle programs. All-terrain vehicle fees may be used to support all-terrain vehicle programs on a usage basis. At least fifty percent of the special fund shall be available for political subdivisions or incorporated private organizations or both. Moneys from the special fund not used by the political subdivisions or incorporated private organizations or both shall remain in the fund and may be used by the department for the administration of the all-terrain vehicle programs. Notwithstanding section 8.33, moneys in the special fund shall not revert to the general fund of the state at the end of a fiscal year. Notwithstanding section 12C.7, subsection 2, interest or earnings on moneys in the special fund shall remain in the fund.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §51

321I.9 Exempt vehicles.

Registration shall not be required for the following described all-terrain vehicles:

1. All-terrain vehicles owned and used by the United States, another state, or a political subdivision of another state.
2. All-terrain vehicles registered in a country other than the United States used within this state for not more than twenty consecutive days.
3. All-terrain vehicles covered by a valid license of another state and which have not been within this state for more than twenty consecutive days.
4. All-terrain vehicles not registered or licensed in another state or country being used in this state while engaged in a special event and not remaining in the state for a period of more than ten days.
5. All-terrain vehicles used in accordance with section 321.234A, subsection 1, paragraph "a".
6. All-terrain vehicles used exclusively as farm implements.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §52

321I.10 Operation on roadways and highways snowmobile trails.

1. A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle upon roadways or highways except as provided in section 321.234A and this section.
2. A registered all-terrain vehicle may be operated on the roadways of that portion of county highways designated by the county board of supervisors for such use during a specified period. The county board of supervisors shall evaluate the traffic conditions on all county highways and designate roadways on which all-terrain vehicles may be operated for the specified period without unduly interfering with or constituting an

undue hazard to conventional motor vehicle traffic. Signs warning of the operation of all-terrain vehicles on the roadway shall be placed and maintained on the portions of highway thus designated during the period specified for the operation.

3. Cities may designate streets under the jurisdiction of cities within their respective corporate limits which may be used for the sport of driving all-terrain vehicles.

4. All-terrain vehicles shall not be operated on snowmobile trails except where designated by the controlling authority and the primary snowmobile trail sponsor.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §53; 2004 Acts, ch 1175, §371

Footnotes

For applicable scheduled fines, see §805.8B, subsection 2, paragraph b

321I.11 Accident reports.

If an all-terrain vehicle is involved in an accident resulting in injury or death to anyone or property damage amounting to one thousand dollars or more, either the operator or someone acting for the operator shall immediately notify the county sheriff or another law enforcement agency in the state. If the accident occurred on public land or ice under the jurisdiction of the commission, the operator shall file with the commission a report of the accident, within seventy-two hours, containing information as the commission may require. All other accidents shall be reported as required in section 321.266.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §54

321I.12 Mufflers required inspections.

1. An all-terrain vehicle shall not be operated without suitable and effective muffling devices which limit engine noise to not more than eighty-six decibels as measured on the "A" scale at a distance of fifty feet.

2. The commission may adopt rules with respect to the inspection of all-terrain vehicles and testing of their mufflers.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §55

Footnotes

For applicable scheduled fines, see §805.8B, subsection 2, paragraph b

321I.13 Headlamp tail lamp brakes.

Every all-terrain vehicle operated during the hours of darkness shall display a lighted headlamp and tail lamp. Every all-terrain vehicle shall be equipped with brakes.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §56

Footnotes

For applicable scheduled fines, see §805.8B, subsection 2,

paragraph c

321I.14 Unlawful operation.

1. A person shall not drive or operate an all-terrain vehicle:

a. At a rate of speed greater than reasonable or proper under all existing circumstances.

b. In a careless, reckless, or negligent manner so as to endanger the person or property of another or to cause injury or damage thereto.

c. While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or habit-forming drugs.

d. Without a lighted headlight and taillight from sunset to sunrise and at such other times when conditions provide insufficient lighting to render clearly discernible persons and vehicles at a distance of five hundred feet ahead.

e. In any tree nursery or planting in a manner which damages or destroys growing stock.

f. On any public land, ice, or snow, in violation of official signs of the commission prohibiting such operation in the interest of safety for persons, property, or the environment. Any officer appointed by the commission may post an official sign in an emergency for the protection of persons, property, or the environment.

g. In or on any park or fish and game areas except on designated all-terrain vehicle trails.

h. Upon an operating railroad right-of-way. An all-terrain vehicle may be driven directly across a railroad right-of-way only at an established crossing and, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, may, if necessary, use the improved portion of the established crossing after yielding to all oncoming traffic. This paragraph does not apply to a law enforcement officer or railroad employee in the lawful discharge of the officer's or employee's duties or to an employee of a utility with authority to enter upon the railroad right-of-way in the lawful performance of the employee's duties.

2. A person shall not operate or ride an all-terrain vehicle with a firearm in the person's possession unless it is unloaded and enclosed in a carrying case. However, a nonambulatory person may carry an uncased and unloaded firearm while operating or riding an all-terrain vehicle.

3. A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle with more persons on the vehicle than it was designed to carry.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §57

Footnotes

For applicable scheduled fines, see §805.8B, subsection 2, paragraph b

321I.15 Penalty.

A person who violates this chapter or a rule of the commission or director of transportation is guilty of a simple misdemeanor.

Chapter 232 shall have no application in the prosecution of offenses which are committed in violation of this chapter, and which constitute simple misdemeanors.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §58

321I.16 Operation pending registration.

The commission shall furnish all-terrain vehicle dealers with pasteboard cards bearing the words "registration applied for" and space for the date of purchase. An unregistered all-terrain vehicle sold by a dealer shall bear one of these cards which entitles the purchaser to operate it for ten days immediately following the purchase. The purchaser of a registered all-terrain vehicle may operate it for ten days immediately following the purchase, without having completed a transfer of registration. An all-terrain vehicle dealer shall make application and pay all registration and title fees if applicable on behalf of the purchaser of an all-terrain vehicle.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §59

321I.17 Special events.

The department may authorize the holding of organized special events as defined in this chapter within this state. The department shall adopt rules relating to the conduct of special events held under department permits and designating the equipment and facilities necessary for safe operation of all-terrain vehicles or for the safety of operators, participants, and observers in the special events. A special event for all-terrain vehicles may include motorcycles upon payment of an entrance fee set by the organizer of the special event. The department may require that part of the motorcycle entrance fee be credited to pay costs of all-terrain vehicle programs authorized pursuant to section 321I.8. At least thirty days before the scheduled date of a special event in this state, an application shall be filed with the department for authorization to conduct the special event. The application shall set forth the date, time, and location of the proposed special event and any other information the department requires. The special event shall not be conducted without written authorization of the department. Copies of the rules shall be furnished by the department to any person making an application.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §60

321I.18 Violation of stop signal.

A person, after having received a visual or audible signal from a peace officer to come to a stop, shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle in willful or wanton disregard of the signal or interfere with or endanger the officer or any other person or vehicle, or increase speed or attempt to flee or elude the officer.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §61

321I.19 Negligence.

The owner and operator of an all-terrain vehicle are liable for any injury or damage occasioned by the negligent operation of the all-terrain vehicle. The owner of an all-terrain vehicle shall be liable for any such injury or damage only if the owner was the operator of the all-terrain vehicle at the time the injury or damage occurred or if the operator had the owner's consent to operate the all-terrain vehicle at the time the injury or damage occurred.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §62

321I.20 Rented all-terrain vehicles.

1. The owner of a rented all-terrain vehicle shall keep a record of the name and address of each person renting the all-terrain vehicle, its registration number, the departure date and time, and the expected time of

return. The records shall be preserved for six months.

2. The owner of an all-terrain vehicle operated for hire shall not permit the use or operation of a rented all-terrain vehicle unless it has been provided with all equipment required by this chapter or rules of the commission or the director of transportation, properly installed and in good working order.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §63

Footnotes

For applicable scheduled fines, see §805.8B, subsection 2, paragraph d

321I.21 Minors under twelve.

A person under twelve years of age shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands unless the person is taking a prescribed safety training course under the direct supervision of a certified all-terrain vehicle safety instructor and a parent or guardian.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §64

321I.22 Manufacturer, distributor, or dealer special registration.

1. A manufacturer, distributor, or dealer owning an all-terrain vehicle required to be registered under this chapter may operate the all-terrain vehicle for purposes of transporting, testing, demonstrating, or selling it without the all-terrain vehicle being registered, except that a special identification number issued to the owner as provided in this chapter shall be displayed on the all-terrain vehicle. The special identification number shall not be used on an all-terrain vehicle offered for hire or for any work or service performed by a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer.

2. Any manufacturer, distributor, or dealer may, upon payment of a fee of fifteen dollars, make application to the commission, upon forms prescribed by the commission, for a special registration certificate containing a general identification number and for one or more duplicate special registration certificates. The applicant shall submit reasonable proof of the applicant's status as a bona fide manufacturer, distributor, or dealer as may be required by the commission.

3. The commission, upon granting an application, shall issue to the applicant a special registration certificate containing the applicant's name and address, the general identification number assigned to the applicant, the word "manufacturer", "dealer", or "distributor", and other information the commission prescribes. The manufacturer, distributor, or dealer shall have the assigned number printed upon or attached to a removable sign or signs which may be temporarily but firmly mounted or attached to the all-terrain vehicle being used. The display shall meet the requirements of this chapter and the rules of the commission.

4. The commission shall also issue duplicate special registration certificates which shall have displayed thereon the general identification number assigned to the applicant. Each duplicate registration certificate so issued shall contain a number or symbol identifying it from every other duplicate special registration certificate bearing the same general identification number. The fee for each additional duplicate special registration certificate shall be two dollars.

5. Each special registration certificate issued hereunder shall expire on December 31 of each year, and a new special registration certificate for the ensuing twelve months may be obtained upon application to the commission and payment of the fee provided by law.

6. Every manufacturer, distributor, or dealer shall keep a written record of the all-terrain vehicles upon which special registration certificates are used, which record shall be open to inspection by any law enforcement officer or any officer or employee of the commission.
7. If a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer has an established place of business in more than one location, the manufacturer, distributor, or dealer shall secure a separate and distinct special registration certificate and general identification number for each place of business.
8. Dealers using special certificates under this chapter shall, before January 10 of each year, furnish the commission with a list of all used all-terrain vehicles held by them for sale or trade, and upon which the registration fee for the current year has not been paid, giving the previous registration number, name of previous owner at the time the all-terrain vehicle was transferred to the dealer, and other information the commission requires.
9. If the purchaser or transferee of an all-terrain vehicle is a dealer who holds the same for resale and operates the all-terrain vehicle only for purposes incidental to a resale and displays the special dealer's certificate, or does not operate the all-terrain vehicle or permit it to be operated, the transferee is not required to obtain a new registration certificate but upon transferring title or interest to another person shall sign the reverse side of the title, if any, and the registration certificate of the all-terrain vehicle indicating the name and address of the new purchaser. A dealer shall make application and pay all registration and title fees if applicable on behalf of the purchaser of an all-terrain vehicle. The recorder shall award a transfer of the registration number. If the registration has expired while in the dealer's possession, the purchaser may renew the registration for the same fee and writing fee as if the purchaser is securing the original registration.
10. When a dealer purchases or otherwise acquires an all-terrain vehicle registered in this state, the dealer shall issue a signed receipt to the previous owner, indicating the date of purchase or acquisition, the name and address of the previous owner, and the registration number of the all-terrain vehicle purchased or acquired. The original receipt shall be delivered to the previous owner and one copy shall be mailed or delivered by the dealer to the county recorder of the county in which the all-terrain vehicle is registered, and one copy shall be delivered to the commission within forty-eight hours.
11. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a dealer from obtaining a new registration and transfer of registration in the same manner as other purchasers.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §65

321I.23 Limitation of liability by public bodies and adjoining owners.

The state, its political subdivisions, and the owners or tenants of property adjoining public lands or the right-of-way of a public highway and their agents and employees owe no duty of care to keep the public lands, ditches, or land contiguous to a highway or roadway under the control of the state or a political subdivision safe for entry or use by persons operating an all-terrain vehicle, or to give any warning of a dangerous condition, use, structure, or activity on the premises to persons entering for such purposes, except in the case of willful or malicious failure to guard or warn against a dangerous condition, use, structure, or activity. The state, its political subdivisions, and the owners or tenants of property adjoining public lands or the right-of-way of a public highway and their agents and employees are not liable for actions taken to allow or facilitate the use of public lands, ditches, or land contiguous to a highway or roadway except in the case of a willful or malicious failure to guard or warn against a dangerous condition, use, structure, or activity.

This section does not create a duty of care or ground of liability on behalf of the state, its political subdivisions, or the owners or tenants of property adjoining public lands or the right-of-way of a public highway and their agents and employees for injury to persons or property in the operation of all-terrain vehicles in a ditch or on land contiguous to a highway or roadway under the control of the state or a political

subdivision. The state, its political subdivisions, and the owners or tenants of property adjoining public lands or the right-of-way of a public highway and their agents and employees are not liable for the operation of an all-terrain vehicle in violation of this chapter.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §66

321I.24 Recreational riding area limitation of liability of prior landowners.

Prior owners of land on which an all-terrain vehicle recreational riding area is established, maintained, or operated owe no duty of care to keep the land safe for entry or use by persons operating an all-terrain vehicle or to give any warning of a dangerous condition, use, structure, or activity on such premises that would make the land unsafe for all-terrain vehicle usage.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §67

321I.25 Course of instruction.

1. The commission shall provide, by rules adopted pursuant to section 321I.2, for the establishment of certified courses of instruction to be conducted throughout the state for the safe use and operation of all-terrain vehicles. The curriculum shall include instruction in the lawful and safe use, operation, and equipping of all-terrain vehicles consistent with this chapter and rules adopted by the commission and the director of transportation and other matters the commission deems pertinent for a qualified all-terrain vehicle operator.

2. The commission may certify any experienced, qualified operator to be an instructor of a class established under subsection 1. Each instructor shall be at least eighteen years of age.

3. Upon completion of the course of instruction, the commission shall provide for the administration of a written test to any student who wishes to qualify for a safety certificate.

4. The commission shall provide safety material relating to the operation of all-terrain vehicles for the use of nonpublic or public elementary and secondary schools in this state.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §68

321I.26 Safety certificate fee.

1. A person under eighteen years of age shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle on public land or ice or land purchased with all-terrain vehicle registration funds in this state without obtaining a valid safety certificate issued by the department and having the certificate in the person's possession.

2. Upon application and payment of a fee of five dollars, a qualified applicant shall be issued a safety certificate which is valid until the certificate is suspended or revoked for a violation of a provision of this chapter or a rule of the commission or the director of transportation. The application shall be made on forms issued by the commission and shall contain information as the commission may reasonably require.

3. Any person who is required to have a safety certificate under this chapter and who has completed a course of instruction established under section 321I.2, subsection 5, including the successful passage of an examination which includes a written test relating to such course of instruction, shall be considered qualified to apply for a safety certificate. The commission may waive the requirement of completing such course of instruction if such person successfully passes a written test based on such course of instruction.

4. The permit fees collected under this section shall be credited to the special all-terrain vehicle fund and

shall be used for safety and educational programs.

5. A valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate or license issued to a nonresident by a governmental authority of another state shall be considered a valid certificate or license in this state if the permit or license requirements of the governmental authority, excluding fees, are substantially the same as the requirements of this chapter as determined by the commission.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §69

321I.27 Stopping and inspecting warnings.

A peace officer may stop and inspect an all-terrain vehicle operated, parked, or stored on public streets, highways, public lands, or frozen waters of the state to determine if the all-terrain vehicle is registered, numbered, or equipped as required by this chapter and commission rules. The officer shall not inspect an area that is not essential to determine compliance with the requirements. If the officer determines that the all-terrain vehicle is not in compliance, the officer may issue a warning memorandum to the operator and forward a copy to the commission. The warning memorandum shall indicate the items found not in compliance and shall direct the owner or operator of the all-terrain vehicle to have the all-terrain vehicle in compliance and return a copy of the warning memorandum with the proof of compliance to the commission within fourteen days. If the proof of compliance is not provided within fourteen days, the owner or operator is in violation of this chapter.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §70

321I.28 Termination of use.

A person who receives a warning memorandum for an all-terrain vehicle shall stop using the all-terrain vehicle as soon as possible and shall not operate it on public streets, highways, public lands, or frozen waters of the state until the all-terrain vehicle is in compliance.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §71

321I.29 Writing fees.

The county recorder shall collect a writing fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents for an all-terrain vehicle registration.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §72

321I.30 Consistent local laws special local rules.

1. This chapter and other applicable laws of this state shall govern the operation, equipment, numbering, and all other matters relating to an all-terrain vehicle when the all-terrain vehicle is operated or maintained in this state. However, this chapter does not prevent the adoption of an ordinance or local law relating to the operation or equipment of all-terrain vehicles. The ordinances or local laws are operative only so long as they are not inconsistent with this chapter or the rules adopted by the commission.

2. A subdivision of this state, after public notice by publication in a newspaper having a general circulation in the subdivision, may make formal application to the commission for special rules concerning the operation of all-terrain vehicles within the territorial limits of the subdivision and shall provide the commission with the reasons the special rules are necessary.

3. The commission, upon application by local authorities and in conformity with this chapter, may make

special rules concerning the operation of all-terrain vehicles within the territorial limits of a subdivision of this state.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §73

321I.31 Owner's certificate of title in general.

1. The owner of an all-terrain vehicle acquired on or after January 1, 2000, other than an all-terrain vehicle used exclusively as a farm implement or a motorcycle previously issued a title pursuant to chapter 321, shall apply to the county recorder of the county in which the owner resides for a certificate of title for the all-terrain vehicle. The owner of an all-terrain vehicle used exclusively as a farm implement may obtain a certificate of title. A person who owns an all-terrain vehicle that is not required to have a certificate of title may apply for and receive a certificate of title for the all-terrain vehicle and, subsequently, the all-terrain vehicle shall be subject to the requirements of this chapter as if the all-terrain vehicle were required to be titled. All all-terrain vehicles that are titled shall be registered.
2. A certificate of title shall contain the information and shall be issued on a form the department prescribes.
3. An owner of an all-terrain vehicle shall apply to the county recorder for issuance of a certificate of title within thirty days after acquisition. The application shall be on forms the department prescribes and accompanied by the required fee. The application shall be signed and sworn to before a notary public or other person who administers oaths, or shall include a certification signed in writing containing substantially the representation that statements made are true and correct to the best of the applicant's knowledge, information, and belief, under penalty of perjury. The application shall contain the date of sale and gross price of the all-terrain vehicle or the fair market value if no sale immediately preceded the transfer and any additional information the department requires. If the application is made for an all-terrain vehicle last previously registered or titled in another state or foreign country, the application shall contain this information and any other information the department requires.
4. If a dealer buys or acquires an all-terrain vehicle for resale, the dealer shall report the acquisition to the county recorder on forms provided by the department and may apply for and obtain a certificate of title as provided in this chapter. If a dealer buys or acquires a used all-terrain vehicle, the dealer may apply for a certificate of title in the dealer's name within thirty days. If a dealer buys or acquires a new all-terrain vehicle for resale, the dealer may apply for a certificate of title in the dealer's name.
5. A manufacturer or dealer shall not transfer ownership of a new all-terrain vehicle without supplying the transferee with the manufacturer's or importer's certificate of origin signed by the manufacturer's or importer's authorized agent. The certificate shall contain information the department requires. The department may adopt rules providing for the issuance of a certificate of origin for an all-terrain vehicle by the department upon good cause shown by the owner.
6. A dealer transferring ownership of an all-terrain vehicle under this chapter shall assign the title to the new owner, or in the case of a new all-terrain vehicle, assign the certificate of origin. Within fifteen days the dealer shall forward all moneys and applications to the county recorder.
7. The county recorder shall maintain a record of any certificate of title which the county recorder issues and shall keep each certificate of title on record until the certificate of title has been inactive for five years. When issuing a title for a new all-terrain vehicle, the county recorder shall obtain and keep on file the certificate of origin. When issuing a title and registration for a used all-terrain vehicle for which there is no title or registration, the county recorder shall obtain and keep on file the affidavit for the unregistered and untitled all-terrain vehicle.
8. Once titled, a person shall not sell or transfer ownership of an all-terrain vehicle without delivering to the

purchaser or transferee a certificate of title with an assignment on it showing title in the purchaser or transferee. A person shall not purchase or otherwise acquire an all-terrain vehicle without obtaining a certificate of title for it in that person's name.

9. If the county recorder is not satisfied as to the ownership of the all-terrain vehicle or that there are no undisclosed security interests in the all-terrain vehicle, the county recorder may issue a certificate of title for the all-terrain vehicle but, as a condition of such issuance, may require the applicant to file with the department a bond in the form prescribed by the department and executed by the applicant, and also executed by a person authorized to conduct a surety business in this state. The form and amount of the bond shall be established by rule of the department. The bond shall be conditioned to indemnify any prior owner and secured party and any subsequent purchaser of the all-terrain vehicle or person acquiring any security interest in the all-terrain vehicle, and their respective successors in interest, against any expense, loss, or damage, including reasonable attorney fees, by reason of the issuance of the certificate of title of the all-terrain vehicle or on account of any defect in or undisclosed security interest upon the right, title, and interest of the applicant in and to the all-terrain vehicle. Any such interested person has a right of action to recover on the bond for any breach of its conditions, but the aggregate liability of the surety to all persons shall not exceed the amount of the bond. The bond shall be returned at the end of three years or prior thereto if the all-terrain vehicle is no longer registered in this state and the certificate of title is surrendered to the department, unless the department has been notified of the pendency of an action to recover on the bond.

10. The county recorder shall transmit a copy of the certificate of title to the department, which shall be the central repository of title information for all-terrain vehicles.

11. A motorcycle that has been issued a certificate of title pursuant to this section may be issued a title pursuant to chapter 321 upon proper application and surrender of the existing title. Upon issuance of a title pursuant to chapter 321, the certificate of title previously issued pursuant to this section shall be returned to the issuing county recorder.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §74

321I.32 Fees duplicates.

1. The county recorder shall charge a ten dollar fee to issue a certificate of title, a transfer of title, a duplicate, or a corrected certificate of title.

2. If a certificate of title is lost, stolen, mutilated, destroyed, or becomes illegible, the first lienholder or, if there is none, the owner named in the certificate, as shown by the county recorder's records, shall within thirty days obtain a duplicate by applying to the county recorder. The applicant shall furnish information the department requires concerning the original certificate and the circumstances of its loss, mutilation, or destruction. Mutilated or illegible certificates shall be returned to the department with the application for a duplicate.

3. The duplicate certificate of title shall be marked plainly "duplicate" across its face and mailed or delivered to the applicant.

4. If a lost or stolen original certificate of title for which a duplicate has been issued is recovered, the original shall be surrendered promptly to the department for cancellation.

5. Five dollars of the certificate of title fees collected under this section shall be remitted by the county recorder to the treasurer of state for deposit in the special all-terrain vehicle fund created under section 321I.8. The remaining five dollars shall be retained by the county and deposited into the general fund of the county.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §75

321I.33 Transfer or repossession by operation of law.

1. If ownership of an all-terrain vehicle is transferred by operation of law, such as by inheritance, order in bankruptcy, insolvency, replevin, or execution sale, the transferee, within thirty days after acquiring the right to possession of the all-terrain vehicle, shall mail or deliver to the county recorder satisfactory proof of ownership as the county recorder requires, together with an application for a new certificate of title, and the required fee.
2. If a lienholder repossesses an all-terrain vehicle by operation of law and holds it for resale, the lienholder shall secure a new certificate of title and shall pay the required fee.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §76

321I.34 Security interest perfection and titles fee.

1. A security interest created in this state in an all-terrain vehicle is not perfected until the security interest is noted on the certificate of title.
 - a.* To perfect the security interest, an application for security interest must be presented along with the original title. The county recorder shall note the security interest on the face of the title and on the copy in the recorder's office.
 - b.* The application fee for a security interest is ten dollars. Five dollars of the fee shall be credited to the special all-terrain vehicle fund created under section 321I.8. The remaining five dollars shall be retained by the county and deposited into the general fund of the county.
2. The certificate of title shall be presented to the county recorder when the application for security interest or for assignment of the security interest is presented and a new or endorsed certificate of title shall be issued to the secured party with the name and address of the secured party upon it.
3. The secured party shall present the certificate of title to the county recorder when a release statement is filed and a new or endorsed certificate shall be issued to the owner.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §77

321I.35 Vehicle identification number.

1. The department may assign a distinguishing number to an all-terrain vehicle when the serial number on the all-terrain vehicle is destroyed or obliterated and issue to the owner a special plate bearing the distinguishing number which shall be affixed to the all-terrain vehicle in a position to be determined by the department. The all-terrain vehicle shall be registered and titled under the distinguishing number in lieu of the former serial number. Every all-terrain vehicle shall have a vehicle identification number assigned and affixed as required by the department.
2. The commission shall adopt, by rule, the procedures for application and for issuance of a vehicle identification number for homebuilt all-terrain vehicles.
3. A person shall not destroy, remove, alter, cover, or deface the manufacturer's vehicle identification number, the plate bearing it, or any vehicle identification number the department assigns to an all-terrain vehicle without the department's permission.

4. A person other than a manufacturer who constructs or rebuilds an all-terrain vehicle for which there is no legible vehicle identification number shall submit to the department an affidavit which describes the all-terrain vehicle. In cooperation with the county recorder, the department shall assign a vehicle identification number to the all-terrain vehicle. The applicant shall permanently affix the vehicle identification number to the all-terrain vehicle in a manner that such alteration, removal, or replacement of the vehicle identification number would be obvious.

2004 Acts, ch 1132, §78