

IOWA EARLY INTERVENTION BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM

Footnotes

Future repeal of chapter; see § 256D.9

256D.1 Iowa early intervention block grant program established goals.

1. An Iowa early intervention block grant program is established within the department of education. The program's goals for kindergarten through grade three are to provide the resources needed to reduce class sizes in basic skills instruction to the state goal of seventeen students for every one teacher; provide direction and resources for early intervention efforts by school districts to achieve a higher level of student success in the basic skills, especially reading skills; and increase communication and accountability regarding student performance. The Iowa early intervention block grant program shall consist of the following:

a. Class size management. School districts shall develop a class size management strategy to work toward, or to maintain, class sizes in basic skills instruction for kindergarten through grade three that are at the state goal of seventeen students for every one teacher.

b. Improving instruction in the basics. The department of education shall identify diagnostic assessment tools that can be used to assist teachers in measuring reading accuracy and fluency skills, including but not limited to phonemic awareness, oral reading ability, and comprehension skills, to improve student achievement in kindergarten through grade three. The department, in collaboration with the area education agencies, school districts, and institutions with approved practitioner preparation programs, shall identify and serve as a clearinghouse on intensive, research-based strategies and programs for training teachers in both diagnosis and appropriate instruction interventions.

(1) A school district shall at a minimum biannually inform parents of their individual child's performance on the diagnostic assessments in kindergarten through grade three. If intervention is appropriate, the school district shall inform the parents of the actions the school district intends to take to improve the child's reading skills and provide the parents with strategies to enable the parents to improve their child's skills. The board of directors of each school district shall adopt a policy indicating the methods the school district will use to inform parents of their individual child's performance.

(2) The department shall also identify for school districts programs and materials by which parents may support classroom reading instruction.

2. A school district shall integrate its specific early intervention block grant program goals and activities into the comprehensive school improvement plan required under section 256.7, subsection 21, paragraph "a".

3. For purposes of this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, "*parent*" means a biological or adoptive parent, a stepparent, or a legal guardian or custodian of a student.

99 Acts, ch 18, §1; 2002 Acts, ch 1119, §148

256D.2 Program expenditures.

A school district shall expend funds received pursuant to section 256D.4 at the kindergarten through grade three levels to reduce class sizes to the state goal of seventeen students for every one teacher and to achieve a higher level of student success in the basic skills, especially reading. In order to support these efforts, school districts may expend funds received pursuant to section 256D.4 at the kindergarten through grade three level on programs, instructional support, and materials that include, but are not limited to, the following: additional licensed instructional staff; additional support for students, such as before and after school programs,

tutoring, and intensive summer programs; the acquisition and administration of diagnostic reading assessments; the implementation of research-based instructional intervention programs for students needing additional support; the implementation of all-day, everyday kindergarten programs; and the provision of classroom teachers with intensive training programs to improve reading instruction and professional development in best practices, including but not limited to training programs related to instruction to increase students' phonemic awareness, reading abilities, and comprehension skills.

99 Acts, ch 18, §2

256D.3 Annual reports.

1. A school district shall report annually to its school community the proportion of fourth grade students who are proficient in reading in accordance with section 256.7, subsection 21, paragraph "c". School districts are encouraged to submit to their communities composite information concerning the reading proficiency of their kindergarten through grade three enrollments, by grade level.
2. The annual report submitted to the department of education in accordance with section 256.7, subsection 21, paragraph "c", shall include the district's current class sizes for kindergarten through grade three.
3. Beginning January 15, 2001, the department shall submit an annual report to the chairpersons and ranking members of the senate and house education committees that includes the statewide average school district class size in basic skills instruction in kindergarten through grade three, by grade level and by district size, and describes school district progress toward achieving early intervention block grant program goals and the ways in which school districts are using moneys received pursuant to section 256D.4.

99 Acts, ch 18, §3

256D.4 Program allocation.

1. For each fiscal year in the fiscal period beginning July 1, 1999, and ending June 30, 2001, moneys appropriated pursuant to section 256D.5, subsections 1 or 2, shall be allocated to school districts in accordance with the following formula:
 - a. Fifty percent of the allocation shall be based upon the proportion that the kindergarten through grade three enrollment of a district bears to the sum of the kindergarten through grade three enrollments of all school districts in the state as reported for the base year.
 - b. Fifty percent of the allocation shall be based upon the proportion that the number of children who are eligible for free or reduced price meals under the federal National School Lunch Act and the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. § 1751-1785, in grades one through three of a school district bears to the sum of the number of children who are eligible for free or reduced price meals under the federal National School Lunch Act and the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. § 1751-1785, in grades one through three in all school districts in the state for the base year.
2. Moneys appropriated pursuant to section 256D.5, subsection 4, shall be allocated to school districts as follows:
 - a. Allocation of the sum of nineteen million five hundred thousand dollars shall be based upon the proportion that the kindergarten through grade three enrollment of a district bears to the sum of the kindergarten through grade three enrollments of all school districts in the state as reported for the base year.
 - b. Allocation of the sum of nine million seven hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be based upon the proportion that the number of children who are eligible for free or reduced price meals under the federal

National School Lunch Act and the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. § 1751-1785, in grades one through three of a school district bears to the sum of the number of children who are eligible for free or reduced price meals under the federal National School Lunch Act and the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. § 1751-1785, in grades one through three in all school districts in the state for the base year.

3. For each year in which an appropriation is made to the Iowa early intervention block grant program, the department of education shall notify the department of administrative services of the amount of the allocation to be paid to each school district as provided in subsections 1 and 2. The allocation to each school district shall be made in one payment on or about October 15 of the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made, taking into consideration the relative budget and cash position of the state resources. Moneys received under this section shall not be commingled with state aid payments made under section 257.16 to a school district and shall be accounted for by the local school district separately from state aid payments. Payments made to school districts under this section are miscellaneous income for purposes of chapter 257. A school district shall maintain a separate listing within its budget for payments received and expenditures made pursuant to this section. A school district shall certify to the department of education that moneys received under this section were used to supplement, not supplant, moneys otherwise received and used by the school district.

4. For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires, "*kindergarten through grade three enrollment*" means the enrollment as reported in the basic educational data survey for the base year.

99 Acts, ch 18, §4; 2003 Acts, ch 145, §286; 2003 Acts, ch 179, §33; 2004 Acts, ch 1175, §231

256D.5 Appropriations.

There is appropriated from the general fund of the state to the department of education, the following amounts, for the following fiscal years, for the Iowa early intervention block grant program:

1. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1999, and ending June 30, 2000, the sum of ten million dollars.
2. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2000, and ending June 30, 2001, the sum of twenty million dollars.
3. For each fiscal year of the fiscal period beginning July 1, 2001, and ending June 30, 2004, the sum of thirty million dollars.
4. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2004, and ending June 30, 2005, the sum of twenty-nine million two hundred fifty thousand dollars.

99 Acts, ch 18, §5; 2002 Acts, ch 1171, §182; 2003 Acts, ch 179, §34; 2004 Acts, ch 1175, §232

256D.6 through 256D.8 Repealed by 2002 Acts, ch 1171, § 183.

256D.9 Future repeal.

This chapter is repealed effective July 1, 2005.

99 Acts, ch 18, §9; 2003 Acts, ch 180, §9, 71; 2004 Acts, ch 1175, §233