### CHAPTER 7

# OFFENSIVE OR DANGEROUS WEAPONS S.F. 155

AN ACT relating to offensive or dangerous weapons by defining as an offensive weapon certain bullets or projectiles and certain mechanical devices constructed and designed so that when attached to a firearm the device silences, muffles or suppresses the sound, by exempting under certain circumstances, a law enforcement officer from another state from the prohibition of section 724.4, by amending the length of time certain permits to carry weapons are valid, and by requiring the commissioner of public safety to maintain a permanent record of all valid permits to carry weapons and of current permit revocations, and providing penalties.

## Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa

Section 1. Section 724.1, Code 1983, is amended by adding the following new subsections after subsection 5 and renumbering the remaining subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 6. Any bullet or projectile containing any explosive mixture or chemical compound capable of exploding or detonating prior to or upon impact.

NEW SUBSECTION. 7. Any mechanical device specifically constructed and designed so that when attached to a firearm silences, muffles or suppresses the sound when fired.

Sec. 2. Section 724.4, Code 1983, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. ,9. A law enforcement officer from another state when the officer's duties require the officer to carry the weapon and the officer is in this state for any of the following reasons:

- a. The extradition or other lawful removal of a prisoner from this state.
- b. Pursuit of a suspect in compliance with chapter 806.
- c. Activities in the capacity of a law enforcement officer with the knowledge and consent of the chief of police of the city or the sheriff of the county in which the activities occur or of the commissioner of public safety.
  - Sec. 3. Section 724.6, Code 1983, is amended to read as follows:

724.6 PROFESSIONAL PERMIT TO CARRY WEAPONS. A person may be issued a permit to carry weapons when the person's employment as a peace officer, correctional officer, security guard, private detective licensed under chapter 80A, bank messenger or other person transporting property of a value requiring security, or in police work, reasonably justifies that person going armed. Such permits The permit shall be on a form prescribed and published by the commissioner of public safety, shall identify the holder thereof, and shall state the nature of the employment requiring his or her going the holder to go armed. A permit so issued, other than to a peace officer, shall authorize the person to whom it is issued to go armed anywhere in the state, only while engaged in such the employment, and while going to and from the place of such the employment. A permit issued to a certified peace officer shall authorize that peace officer to go armed anywhere in the state at all times. Any such permit Permits shall expire twelve months after the date when issued except that permits issued to peace officers and correctional officers are valid through the officer's period of employment unless otherwise canceled. When such the employment is terminated, the holder of such the permit shall surrender his or her permit it to the issuing officer for cancellation.

Sec. 4. Section 724.23, Code 1983, is amended to read as follows:

724.23 RECORDS KEPT BY COMMISSIONER. The commissioner of public safety shall maintain a permanent record of all <u>valid</u> permits to carry weapons and of <u>current</u> permit revocations.

Approved March 14, 1983

### CHAPTER 8

MIDWEST INTERSTATE LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE COMPACT S.F. 195

AN ACT to enact the midwest interstate low-level radioactive waste compact.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE COMPACT. The midwest interstate low-level radioactive waste compact is entered into and enacted into law with all jurisdictions legally joining therein, in the form substantially as follows:

### ARTICLE I-POLICY AND PURPOSE

There is created the "Midwest Interstate Low-Level Radioactive Waste Compact".

The states party to this compact recognize that the congress of the United States, by enacting the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 2021), has provided for and encouraged the development of low-level radioactive waste compacts as a tool for managing such waste. The party states acknowledge that congress declared that each state is responsible for providing for the availability of capacity either within or outside the state for the disposal of low-level radioactive waste generated within its borders, except for waste generated as a result of certain defense activities of the federal government or federal research and development activities. The party states also recognize that the management of low-level radioactive waste is handled most efficiently on a regional basis; and that the safe and efficient management of low-level radioactive waste generated within the region requires that sufficient capacity to manage such waste be properly provided.

- a. It is the policy of the party states to enter into a regional low-level radioactive waste management compact for the purpose of:
  - 1. Providing the instrument and framework for a cooperative effort;
- 2. Providing sufficient facilities for the proper management of low-level radioactive waste generated in the region;
  - 3. Protecting the health and safety of the citizens of the region;
- 4. Limiting the number of facilities required to effectively and efficiently manage low-level radioactive waste generated in the region;
- 5. Encouraging the reduction of the amounts of low-level radioactive waste generated in the region;
  - 6. Distributing the costs, benefits, and obligations of successful low-level radioactive waste